

DIS 2015 - XXIII. International Workshop on Deep-Inelastic Scattering and Related Subjects

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Measurement of Collins Asymmetry at BESIII

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There has been increasing interest in understanding the spin phenomena in the nucleon, such as the transverse spin structure (the so-called transversity). The semi-inclusive observables in SIDIS experiments are only connected to the product of quark transversity distribution and the Collins fragmentation function (FF). An independent measurement of the Collins FFs in $e+e-$ annihilation makes it possible to extract the transversity from single transverse spin asymmetries in SIDIS.

The Collins FF connects transverse quark spin with a measurable azimuthal asymmetry (the so-called Collins effect) in the yields of hadronic fragments along the initial quark's momentum. Collins effect has been studied in the Belle and BABAR experiments and non-zero Collins asymmetries have been observed. However, Belle and BABAR run at high Q (~ 10 GeV) region, and existing SIDIS experiments mostly run at low Q region. Hence, energy evolution from high Q to low Q is not trivial and its theoretical treatment needs to be guaranteed. Direct measurement of Collins function in low Q region will provide important test.

In the BESIII experiment, we explore Double Collins Asymmetries (DCA) by looking at the two back-to-back charged pions. BEIII experiment is an electron-positron collider running at $2 < Q < 4.6$ GeV energy region, which has similar energy coverage with the SIDIS experiments. This analysis is carried out based on $\sim 65/\text{pb}$ data at $Q=3.65$ GeV and will provide the first measurement of Collins asymmetry at low Q . This analysis results will be reported in the DIS2015 conference.

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