# **CMS** Detector Performance

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on behalf on the CMS Collaboration

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#### p-p collisions

- ▶ 2010 (7TeV,  $\mathcal{L} = 36 \text{pb}^{-1}$ )
- ▶ 2011 (7TeV, L = 5fb<sup>-1</sup>)
- ▶ 2012 (8 TeV, *L* = 20fb<sup>-1</sup>)
- $\mathbf{N} = \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$









### Results possible thanks to:

- Very well calibrated detectors
- Established reconstruction algorithms and corrections for final state particles











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August 26, 2015 4 / 17







Done/on going activities

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#### Done/on going activities

Re-commission all sub-detectors (after two years OFF)



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- Re-align and re-calibrate sub-detectors (detector opened)



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- Re-commission all sub-detectors (after two years OFF)
- Re-align and re-calibrate sub-detectors (detector opened)
- New/improved PU robust algorithms for final state particle reconstruction













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CMS global performance depends also on subsystems that are not properly sub-detectors:

- Magnet
- DAQ
- Trigger



# Beam Radiation Instrumentation and Luminosity

- Several detectors (all commissioned)
  - Estimation of uncorrelated systematic uncertainty



#### Pixel Luminosity Telescope (online): New for Run II, rate measurement based on occupancy

#### CMS Pixel Detector (offline)

Reference Luminometer, based on Pixel Cluster Counting, 2.6% precision achieved for 2012 Data Shervin Nourbakhsh (University of Minnesota) CMS Detector Performance August 26

## Luminosity Measurement





CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2015,  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ 

 In 2012, ultimate precision achieved after elaborate effort: 2.6% uncertainty

# Trigger



Two stage trigger system: (CMS (40 MHz)) L1 (100 kHz) HLT (1 kHz)

- Improved algorithms –25% time needed to process 1 event
- Particle Flow algorithm now also at HLT

 $\rightarrow$ higher PU w.r.t. Run I need dedicated PU mitigated algorithm

- Some detector conditions were unknown at startup: need data to align and calibrate the detector again (e.g. 400pb<sup>-1</sup> for ECAL)
  - Trigger selection optimized on MC simulation at 13 TeV
  - Very loose selection criteria





## Tracker

- ► Now operating at  $-15^{\circ}C$ → calibration needed
- Removed completely and re-installed
  - $\rightarrow$  alignment needed
- Full alignment and calibration performed using cosmic data and first collisions
- Improved tracking algorithm
  - ► Reduced time in tracking, same efficiency → crucial for tracking in trigger when at high luminosity



# ECAL



- Fully operational (recovered 1% not working channels)
- Recovery of response during LS1: laser monitoring system
  - Need more data for precise alignment and energy calibration



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## Muon



- New module installed during LS1
- Alignment performed using cosmics data and first collisions
- Improved muon reconstruction  $\rightarrow$  1-2% especially at high PU



# Magnet



- Magnet at full field (3.8 T) on 19th of March for first time after two years
- Cosmic rays data collected for detector alignment at 3.8 T
- Cryogenic system encountered several problems during operation
  - Still under investigation  $\rightarrow$  long work expected
  - CMS now continously running with full field for limited periods (~ 1 week)





- Broad experience from the past Run I
- Once more at the energy frontier (13 TeV) with unprecedented conditions
- Still at the beginning of new era
- Very preliminary alignment and calibration

   already good quality data

The CMS Detector is performing well and we expect to be able to exploit its full potential collecting and analyzing the new data.

# Thanks to all people involved in online operations (LHC and CMS)...



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# ... that made Run I a success and make Run II a reality



# Thanks

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August 26, 2015 17 / 17

# Backup

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# Preliminary Tracker Material Measurements





Nuclear Interaction for Run2015B data at 13 TeV. (x, y) plane, zoomed in the beam pipe region, for the barrel part (|z| < 20cm). Beam Pipe is shifted from the central value of the detector. Grey circle with radius around 3.7 cm corresponds to the Pixel Shield. Structure with radius around 4.2-4.7 cm corresponds to the 1st layer of the Pixel. White circle with radius 1.8 cm corresponds to the reconstruction cut for the nuclear interaction.