

4th International Conference on New Frontiers in Physics
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Recent Results from the ATLAS Experiment

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



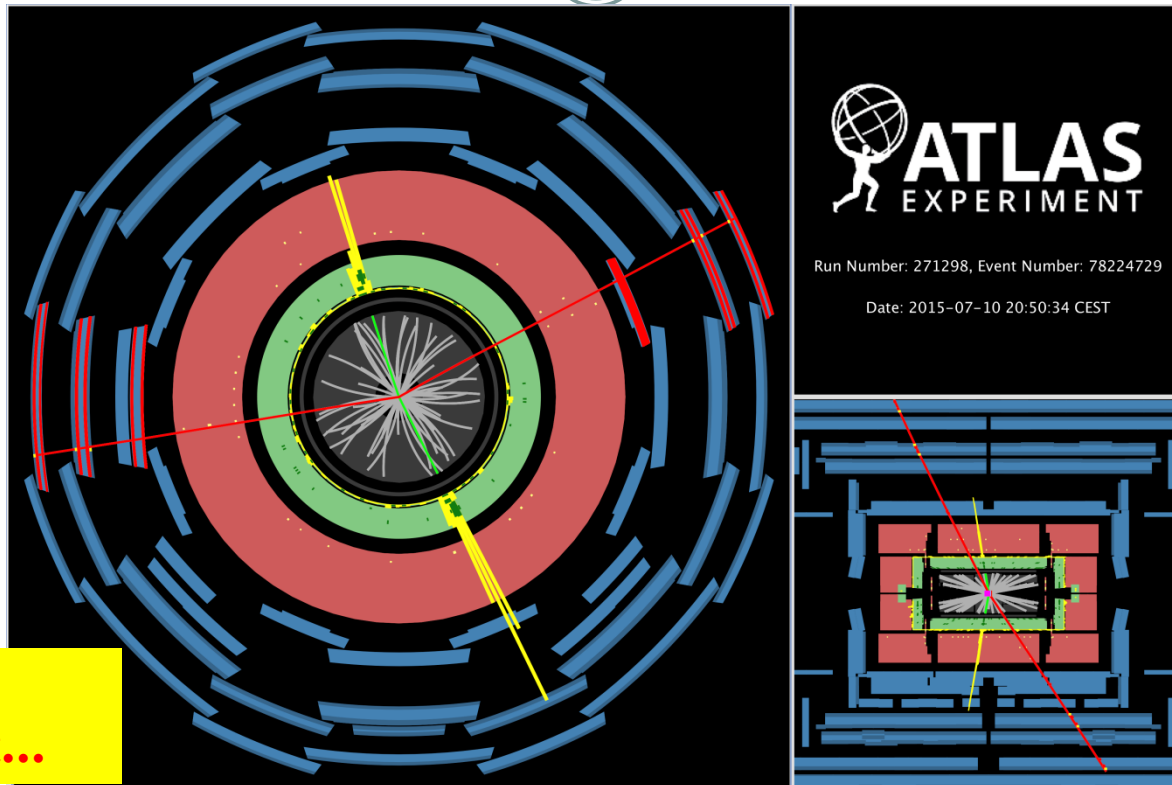
Outlook

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- 0) ATLAS and Run 1 Data
- I) Higgs Boson Physics
- II) Top physics
- III) Search for Supersymmetry
- IV) Electroweak measurements
- V) QCD measurement
- VI) 2015: Early preliminary results

0) ATLAS and Run 1 Data

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**But this is a
Run 2 event...**

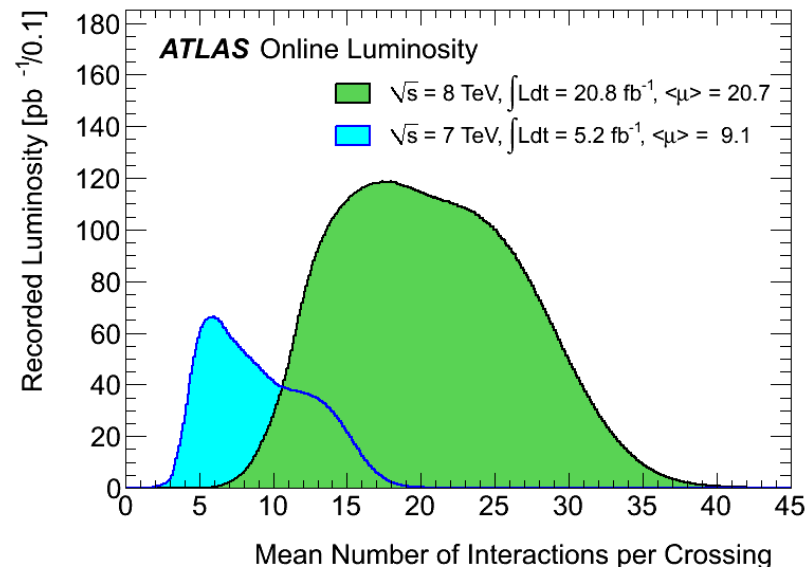
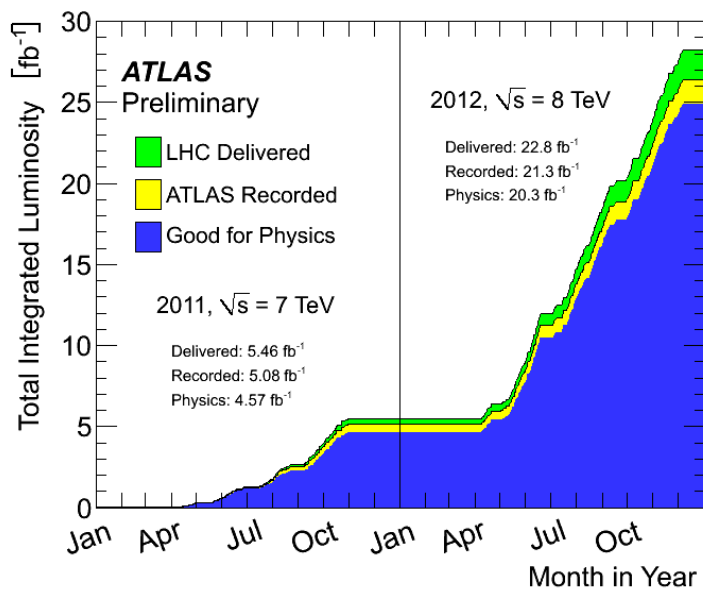
The ATLAS Detector in Run 1

- ATLAS experiment designed as a multipurpose detector, able to precisely reconstruct all kind of “objects” and measure their kinematics.
- These “objects” are electrons, muons, taus, photons, hadronic jets, heavy flavour, isolated hadrons and missing transverse energy.
- ATLAS trigger system uses a large variety of objects with thresholds as low as possible and a DAQ system able to record events up to a rate of 1 kHz.

- During Run 1, ATLAS could optimally exploit the wonderful potential offered by the LHC.
- The Higgs-Englert-Brout boson discovered.
- More than 450 publications on a large variety of particle physics measurements and searches.

- **This talk: recent results of Run 1 and early preliminary results from Run 2.**
- **It will be of course a selection. Sorry if your favourite channel or analysis is not shown.**

Data Taken in Run 1



- A total of 24.9 fb^{-1} recorded in good conditions at p-p center of mass energies of 7 and 8 TeV.
- With an overall efficiency of 93.5 %.

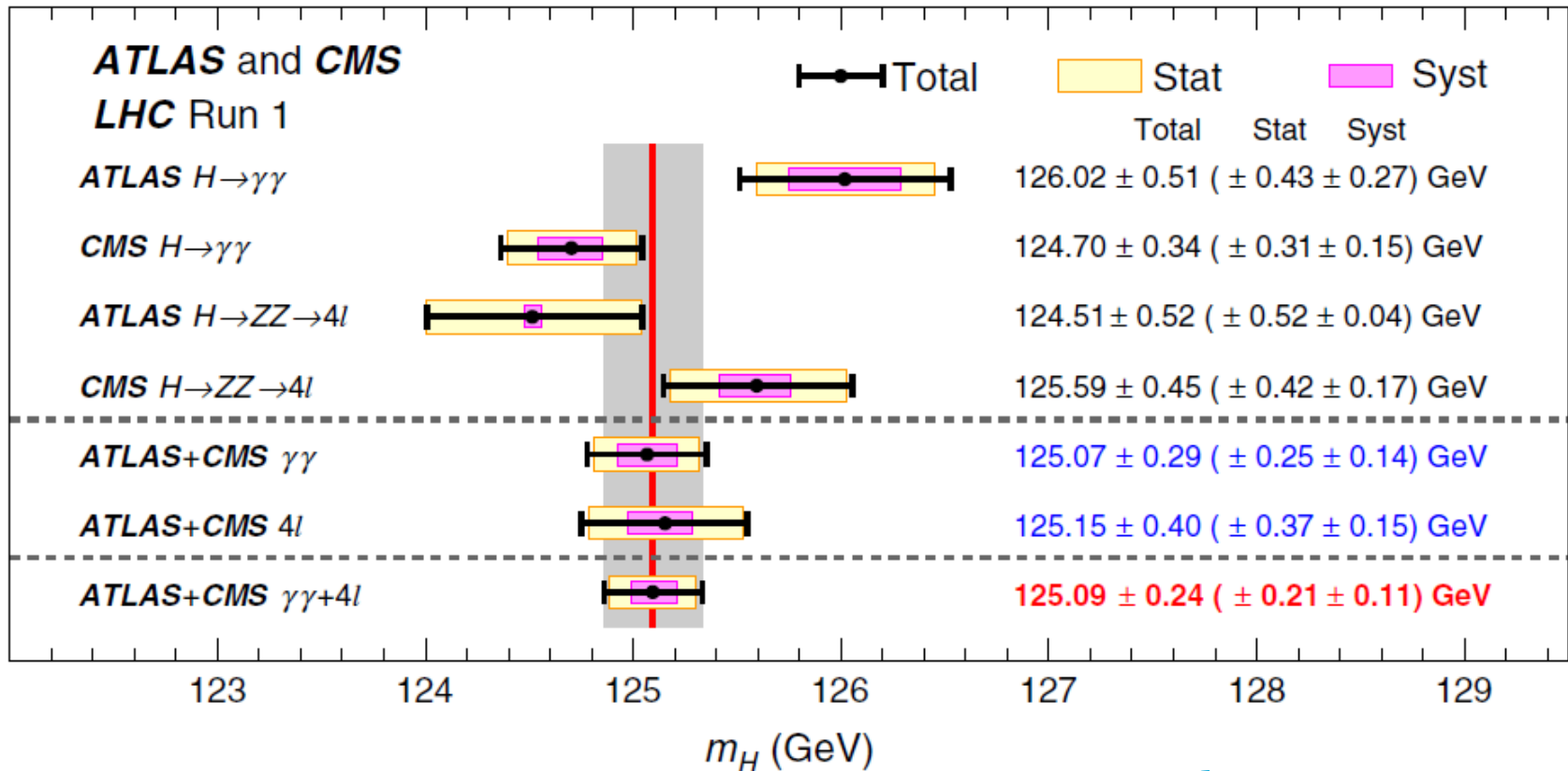
I) Higgs Boson Physics

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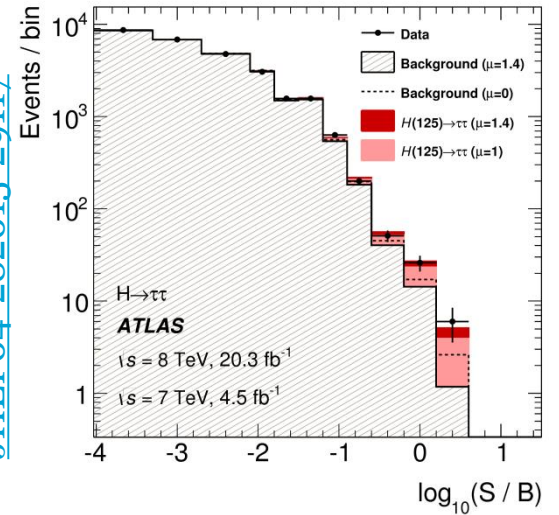
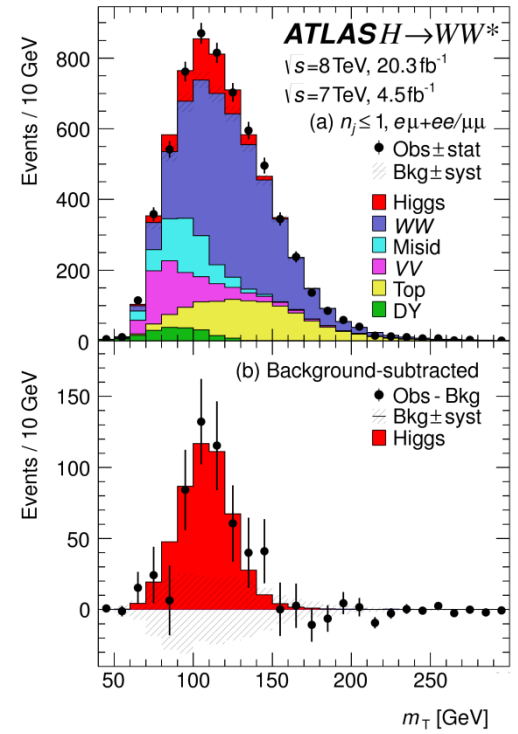
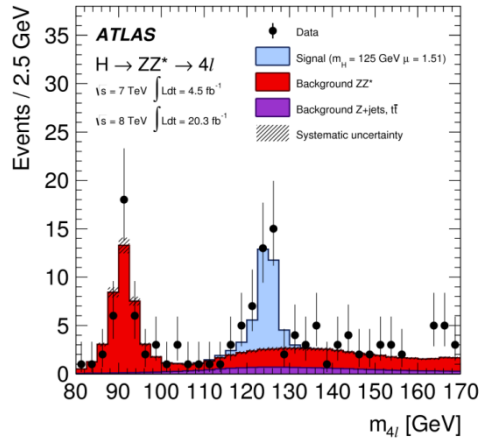
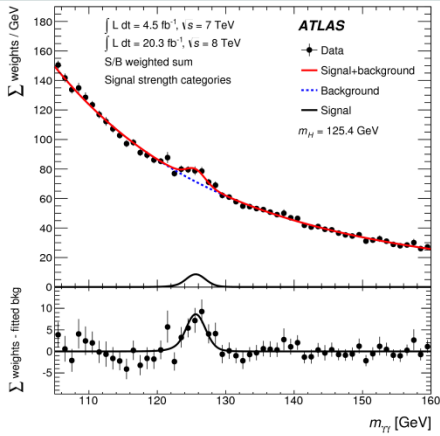
- Since the Higgs boson discovery, efforts are put to test the Higgs hypothesis of the new particle.
 - This means measurement of its spin, couplings, and width.
 - Looking for not yet observed decays.
 - Looking for rare production and decay modes.
 - Lot of efforts put to improve the precision of the Higgs mass.

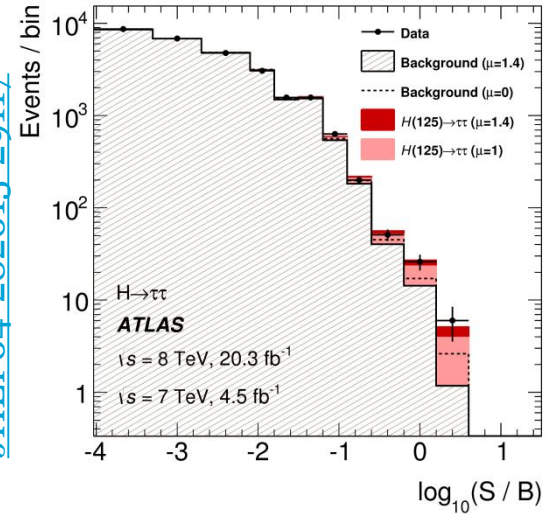
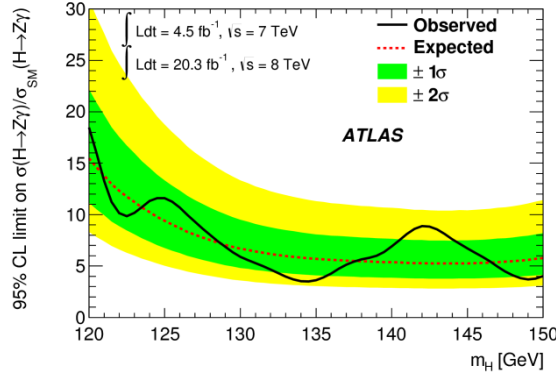
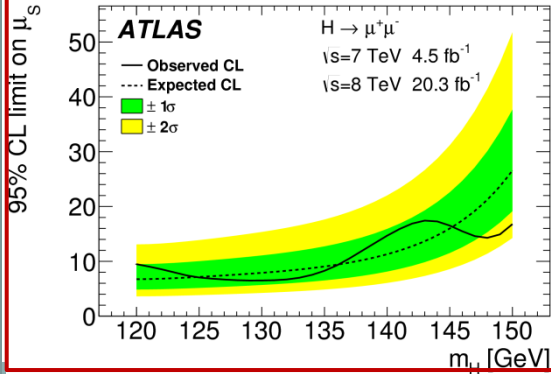
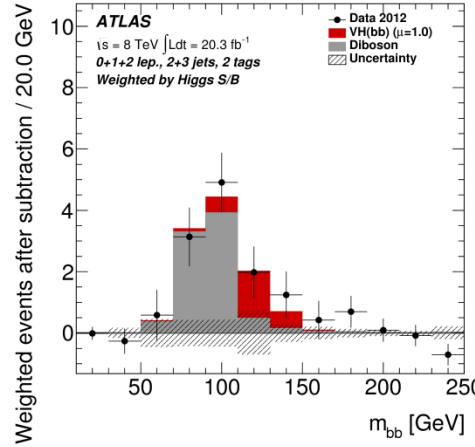
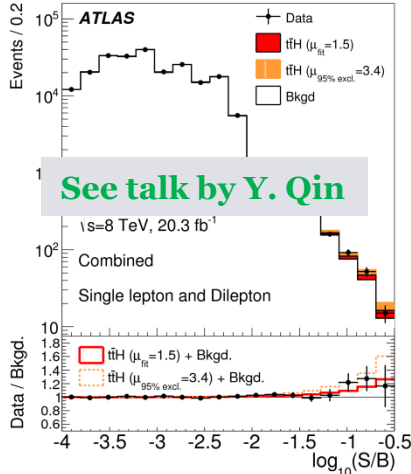
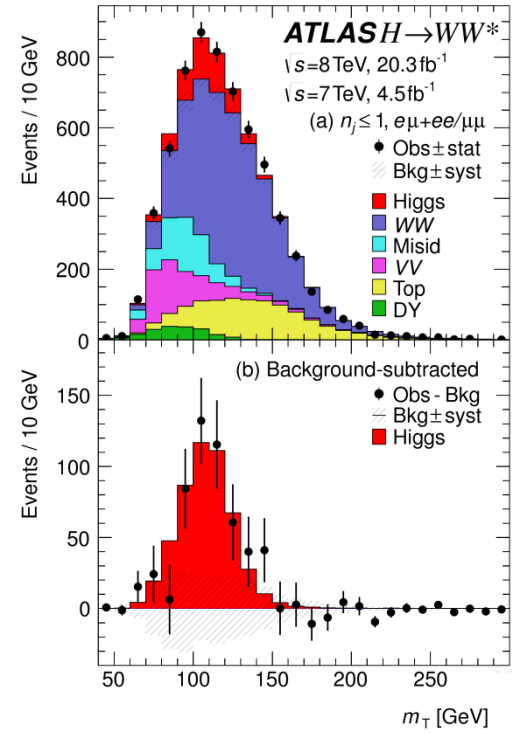
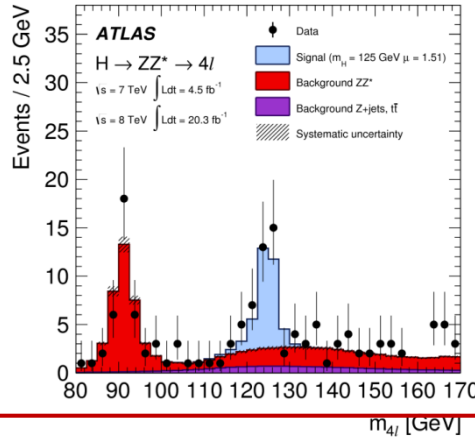
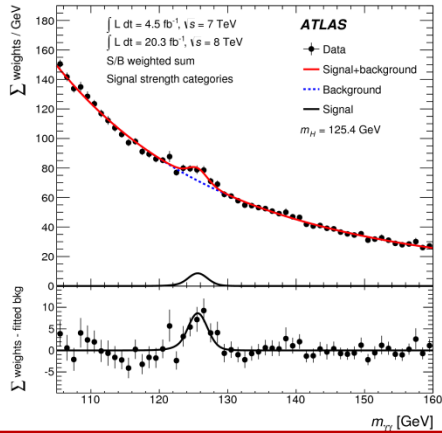
See plenary talk by X. Chen

Higgs Boson Mass



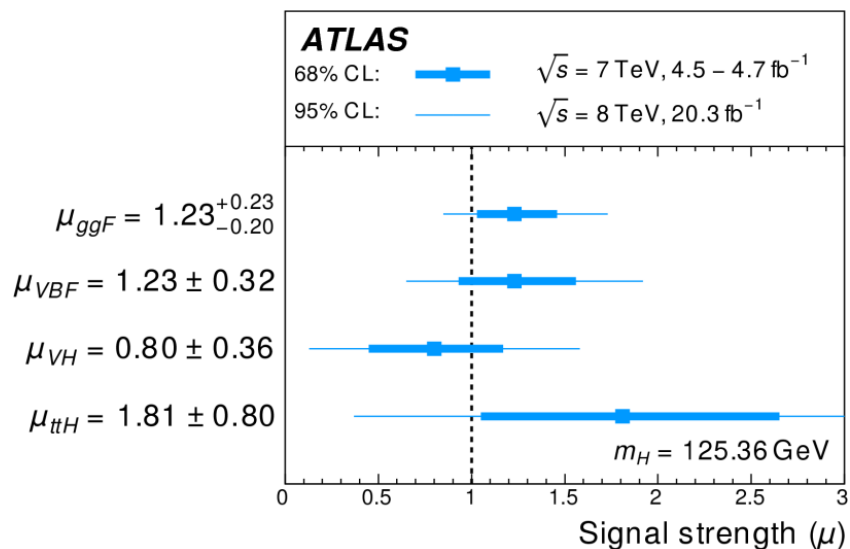
[PhysRevLett.114.191803](https://arxiv.org/abs/1312.5344)





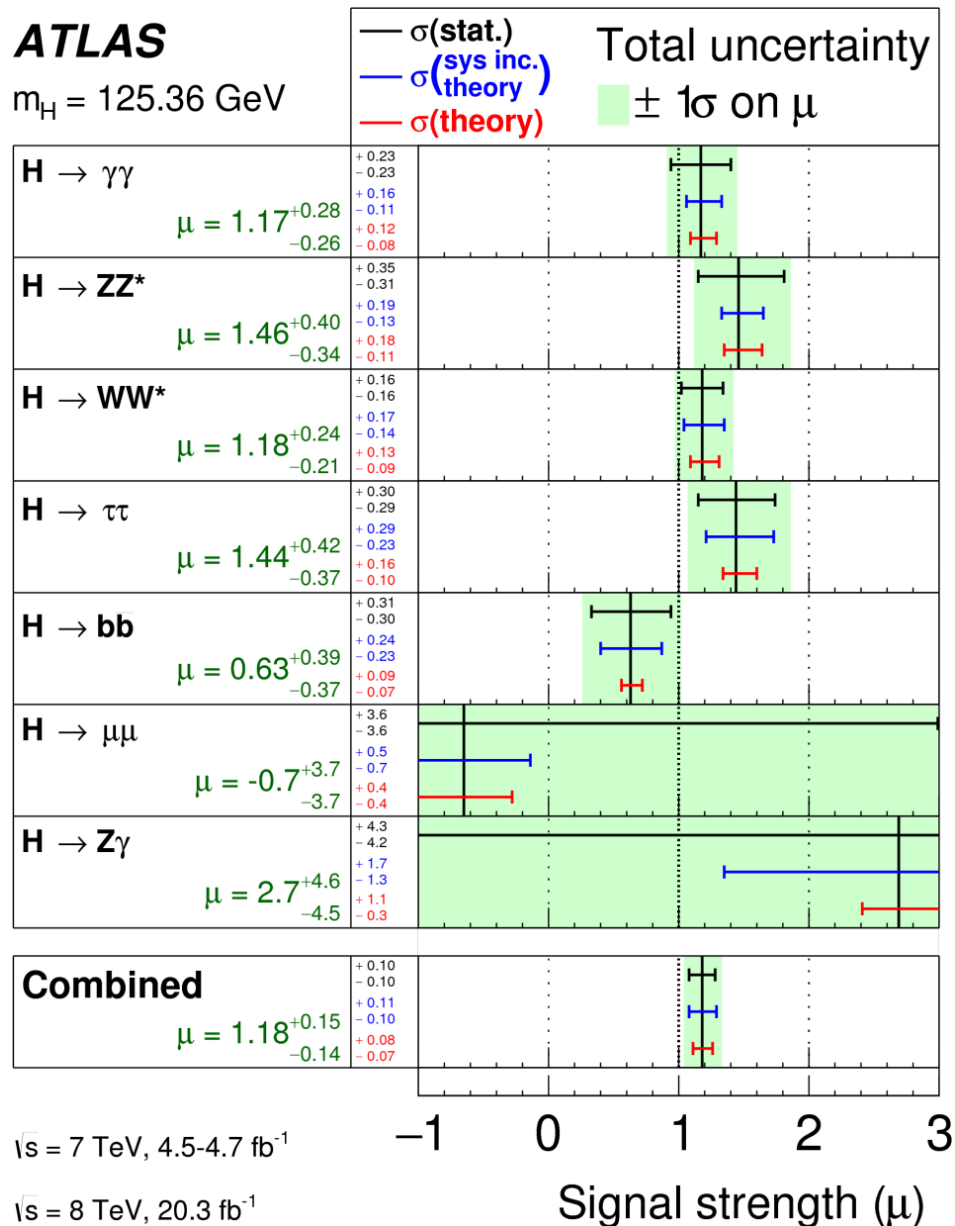
Signal Strength for Production and Decay Modes

[arXiv.1507.04548](https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.04548)



ATLAS

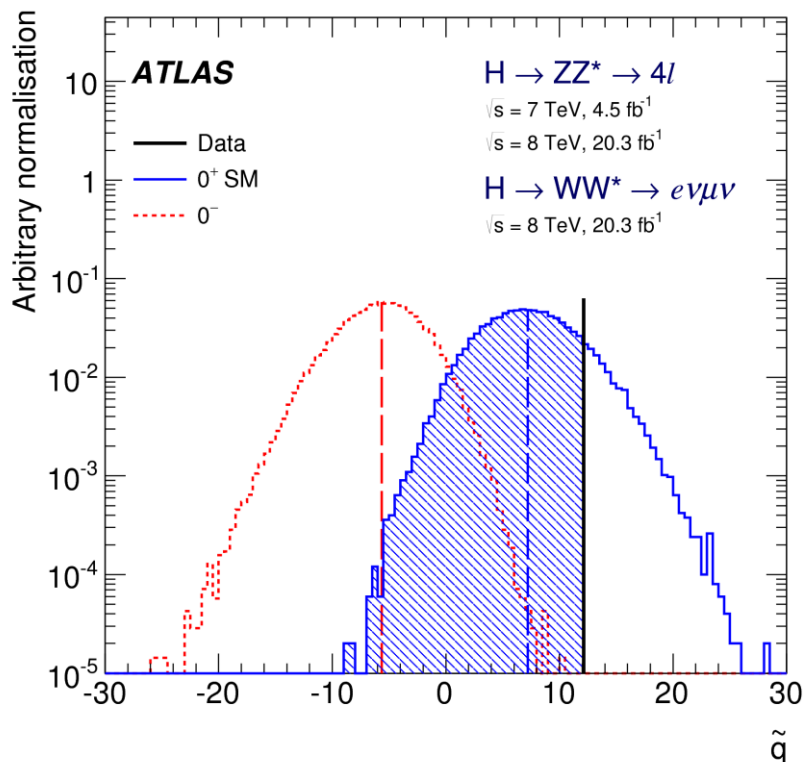
$m_H = 125.36 \text{ GeV}$



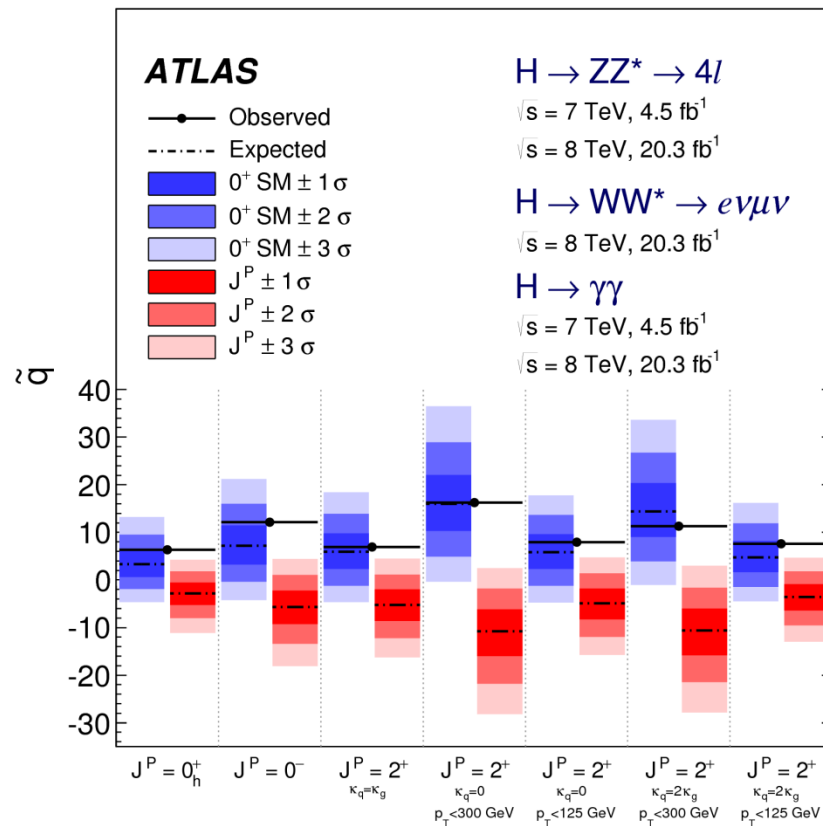
Spin and Parity Tests

See talk by M. Queitsch-Maitland

- All studies support the 0^+ hypothesis.
- Other hypothesis ruled out at 99.9 % CL



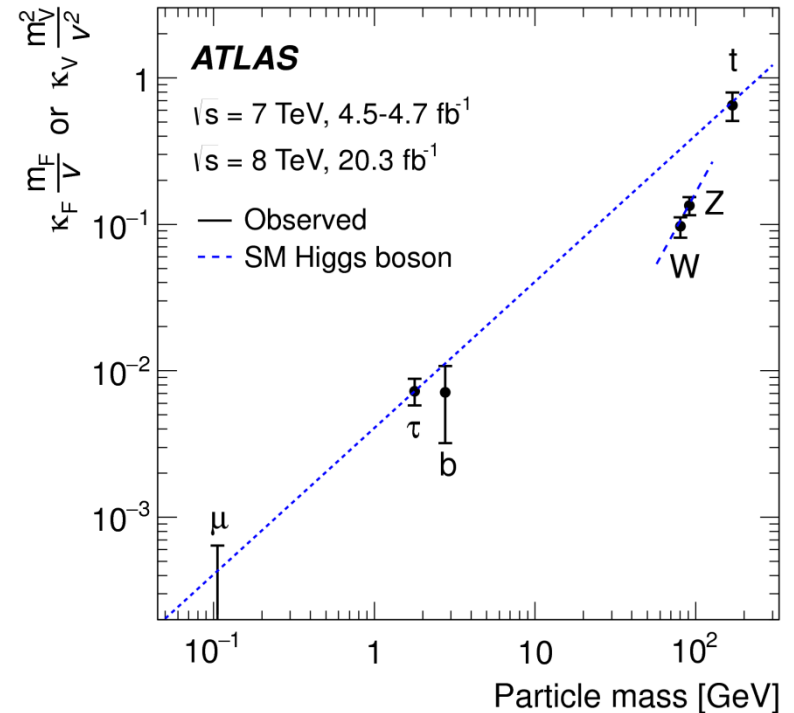
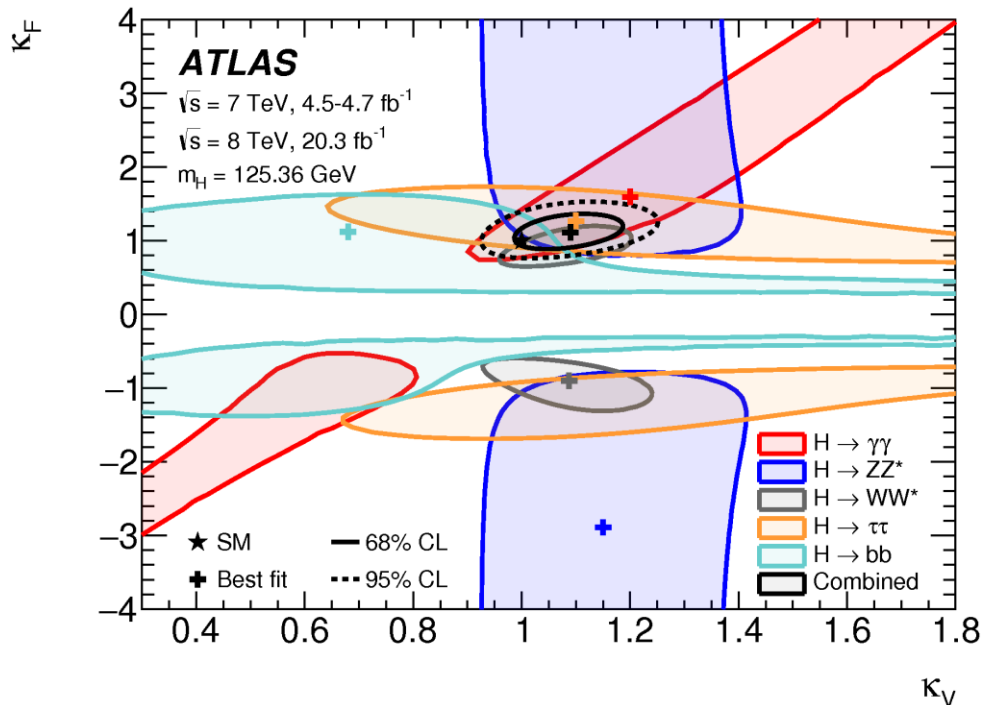
[arXiv.1506.05669](https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.05669)



Measurements of Higgs Couplings

See talk by N. Lu

- Fits in the so called κ framework.
- Shown here: Global coupling fits assuming universal couplings for fermions (κ_F) and bosons (κ_V).
- No BSM signal so far (under a few assumptions). [arXiv.1507.04548](https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.04548)

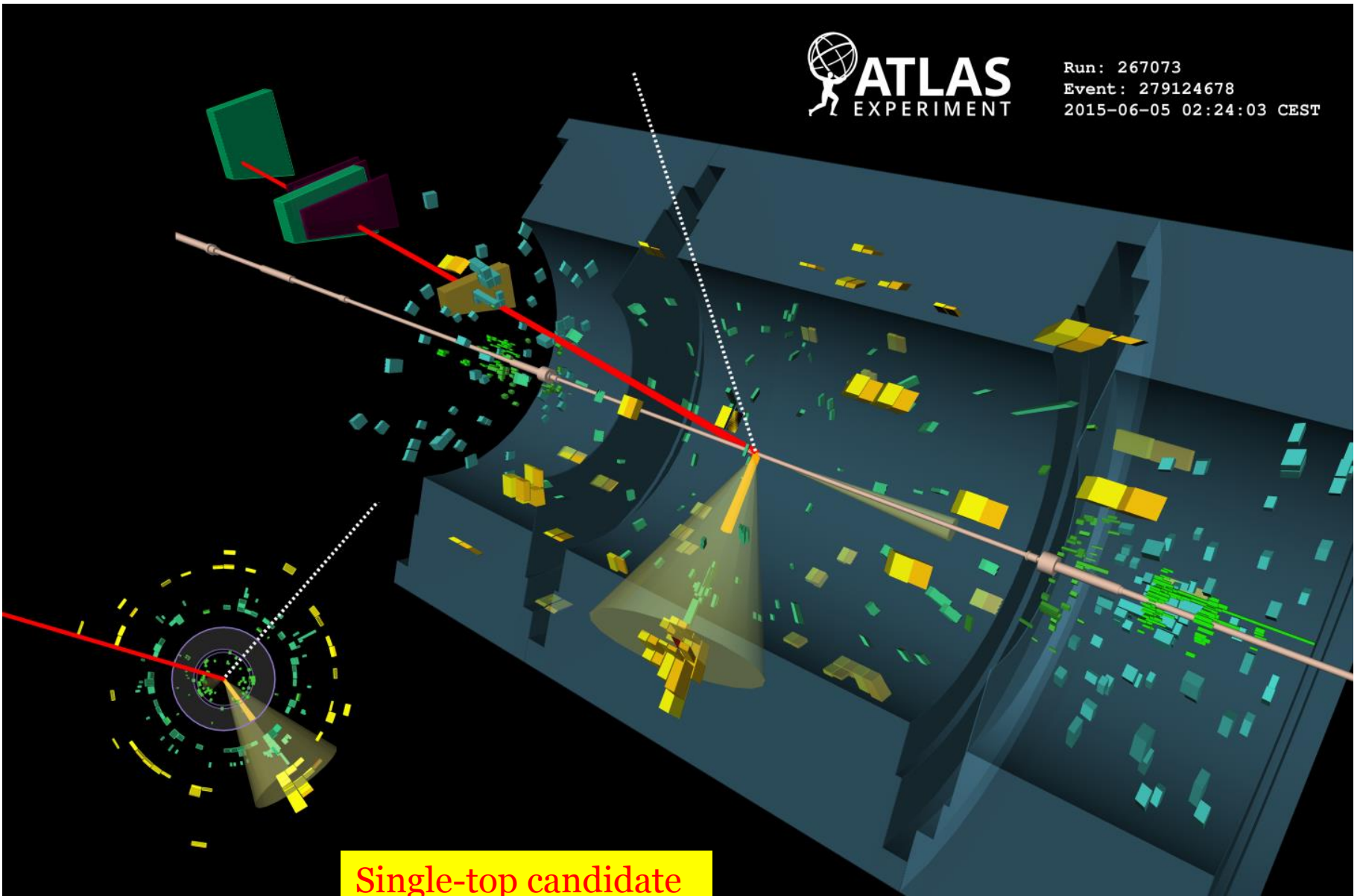


II) Top Physics

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- Heaviest known particle: Specific role in electroweak symmetry breaking ?
- Top quark decays before hadronization: Top properties measurement.
- LHC: a copious source of top quarks: More than 5 M $t\bar{t}$ pairs produced during Run 1.

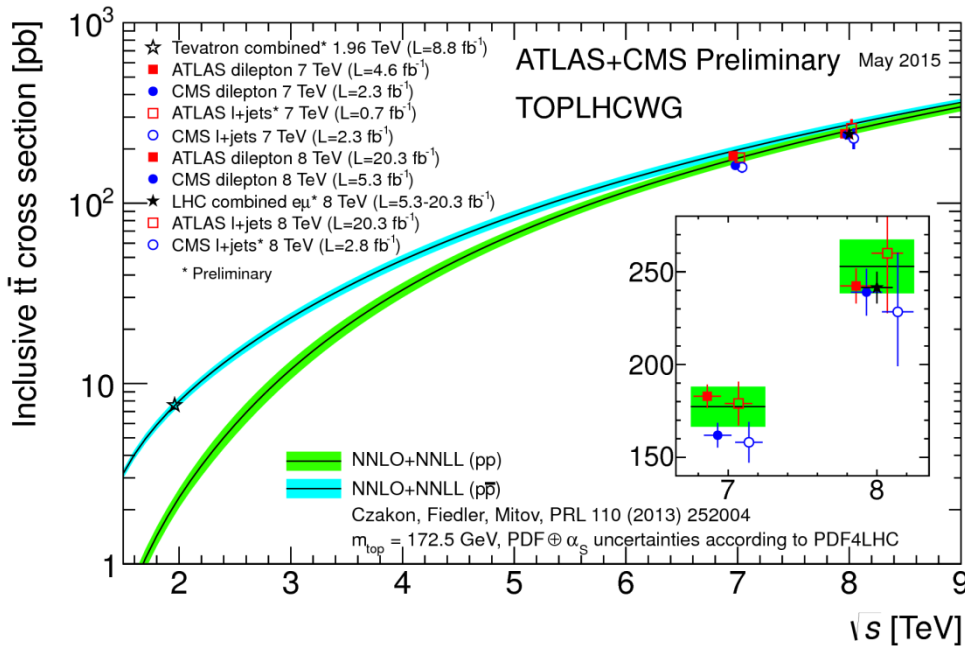
See plenary talk by A. Onofre



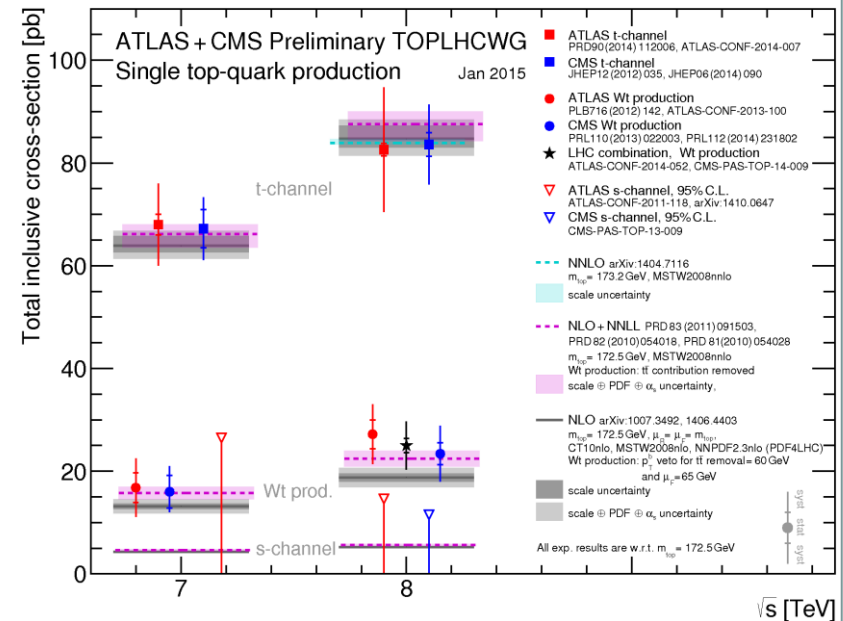
Single-top candidate
from 2015

Cross Section Measurement

See talk by C. Bertsche



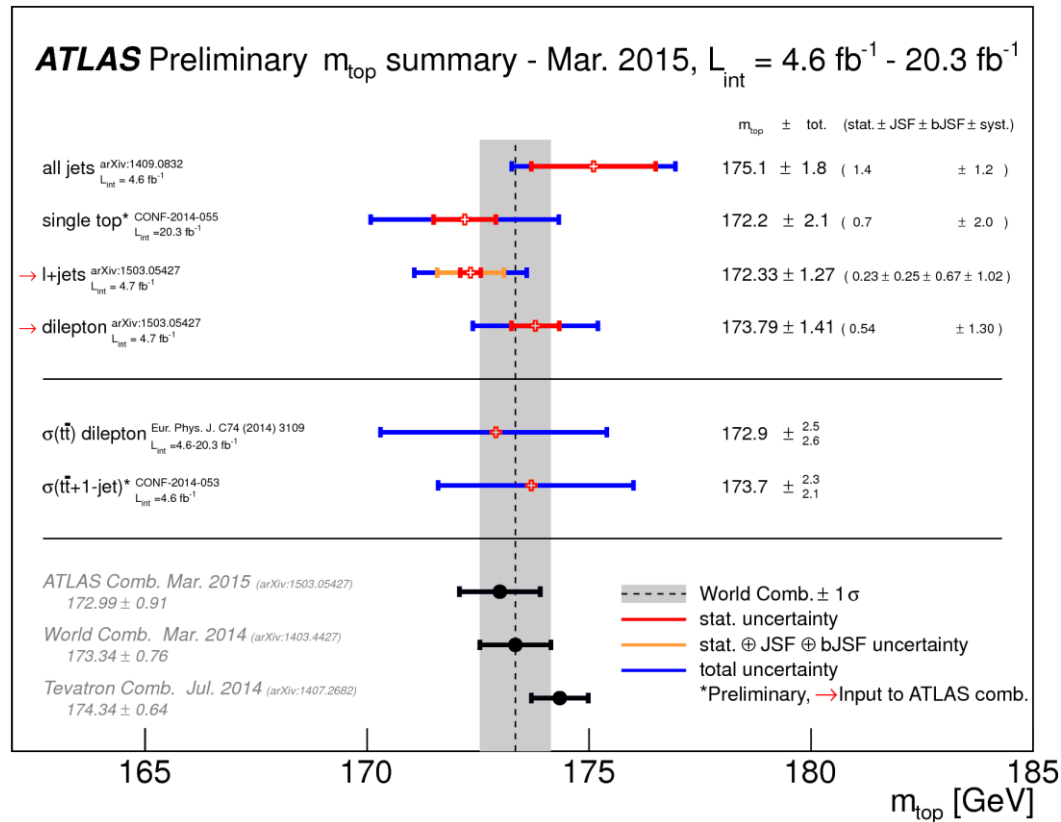
See talk by A. Chegwidden



Measured cross section of $t\bar{t}$ pairs and single-top production at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV

Measurement of Top Mass

See talk by G. Barone

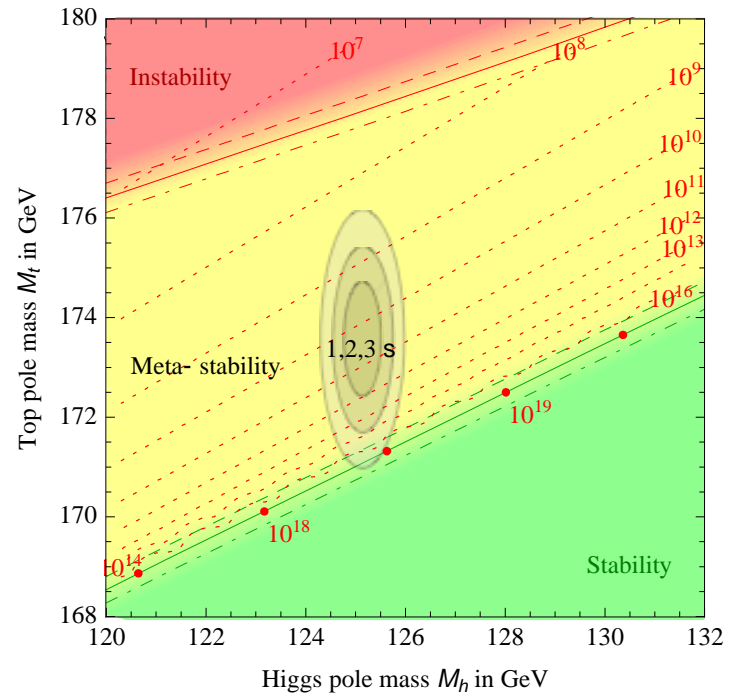
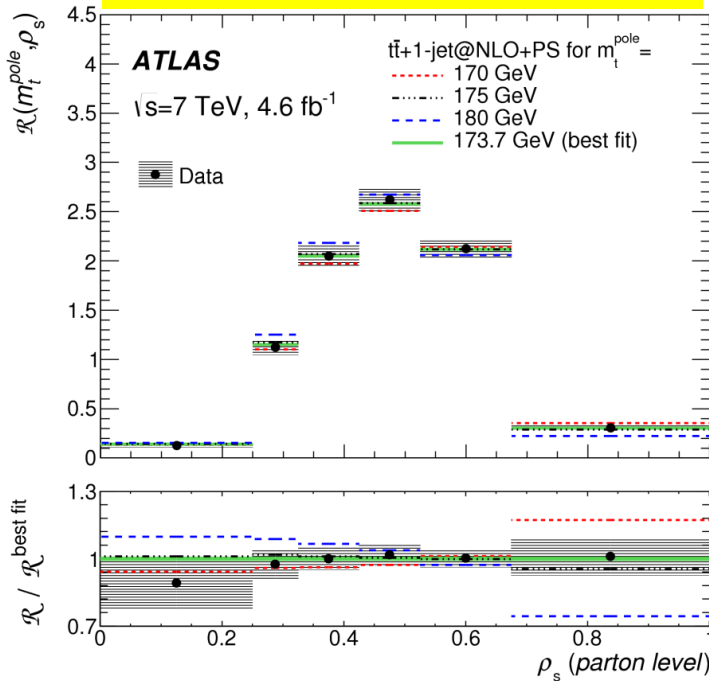


- Top quark mass: Already the best known quark mass.
- ATLAS measurements from different channels are consistent.
- And consistent with world and Tevatron combinations.

More on Top Mass

arXiv:1507.01769

$$M_{top}^{pole} = 173.7 \pm_{2.3}^{2.1} \text{ GeV}$$

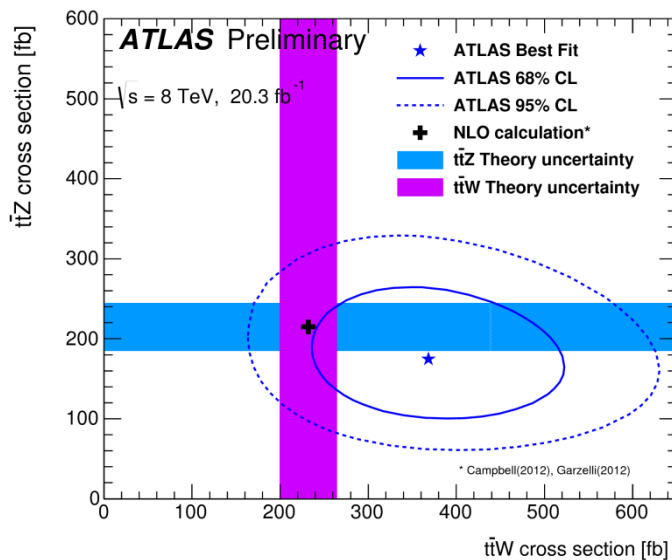


[arXiv:1307.3536](https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.3536)

- Mass measurement techniques are calibrated to the mass in MC, which is not clearly related to a theoretically well defined mass.
- Exploit the dependence of gluon radiation on the top mass to extract the “pole” top mass from $t\bar{t} + 1$ jet events.
- The measured top mass does not favor the stability of the vacuum up to the Planck scale.
- A new Symmetry needed around $10^{10} - 10^{12} \text{ GeV}$?

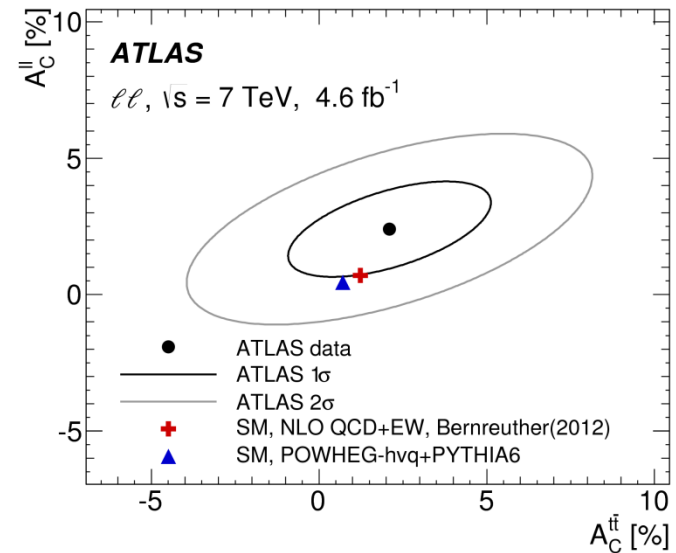
Top Physics: A Tool to assess SM and look for signals BSM

ATLAS-CONF-2015-032



- A significance of 5 and 4.2 σ over the background only hypothesis for ttW and ttZ respectively.
- Tests of top couplings.
- Well within NLO QCD predictions.

JHEP05(2015)061



- Charge asymmetry: Induced from NLO corrections to $q\bar{q}$ and qg initiated production.
- Measurement based on $t\bar{t}$ pair production and leptonic decays of the W.
- Results in agreement with SM prediction: top quark is preferentially emitted in the direction of the quark.

See talk by F. Fassi for searches for BSM signals

III) Search for SuperSymmetry

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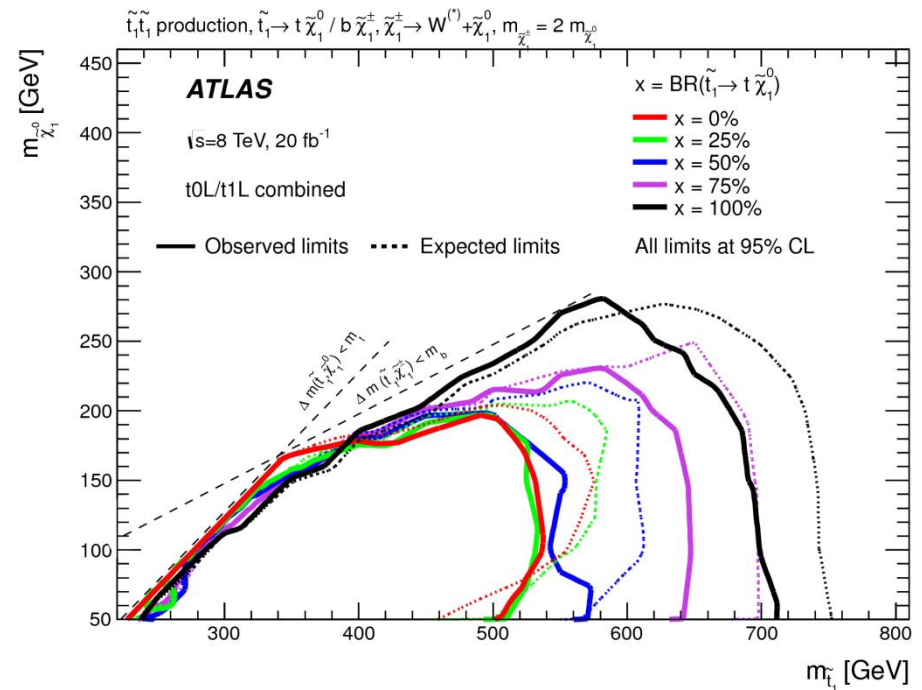
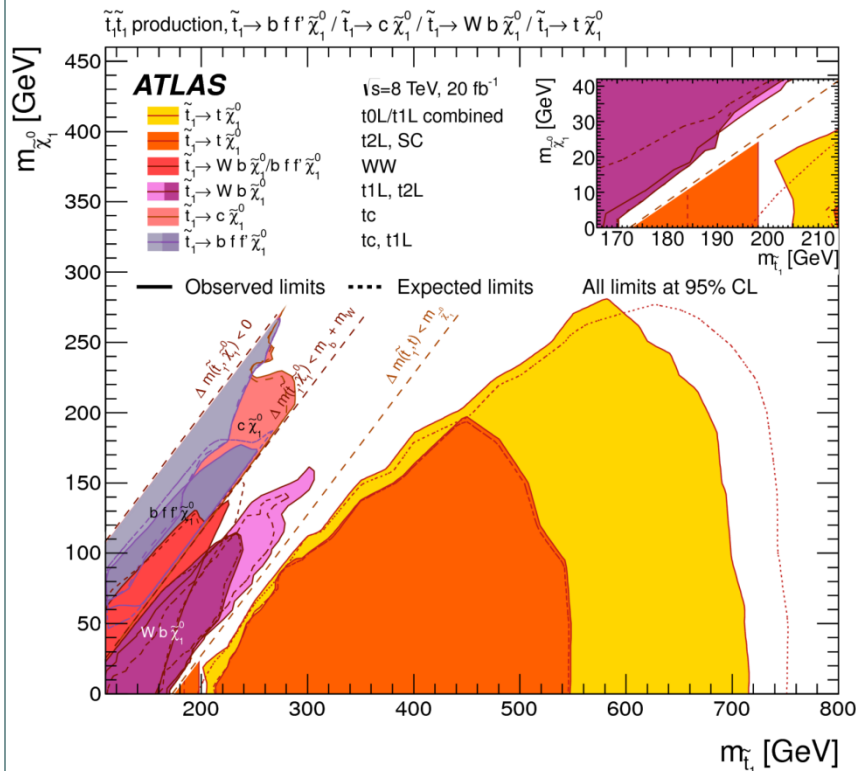
- Most popular BSM theory.
- Large number of searches, using all the variety of objects reconstructed by ATLAS.
- Large number of parameters: Searches interpreted within specific SUSY versions: pMSSM, mSUGRA, GMSB...

See plenary talk by E. S. Kuwertz

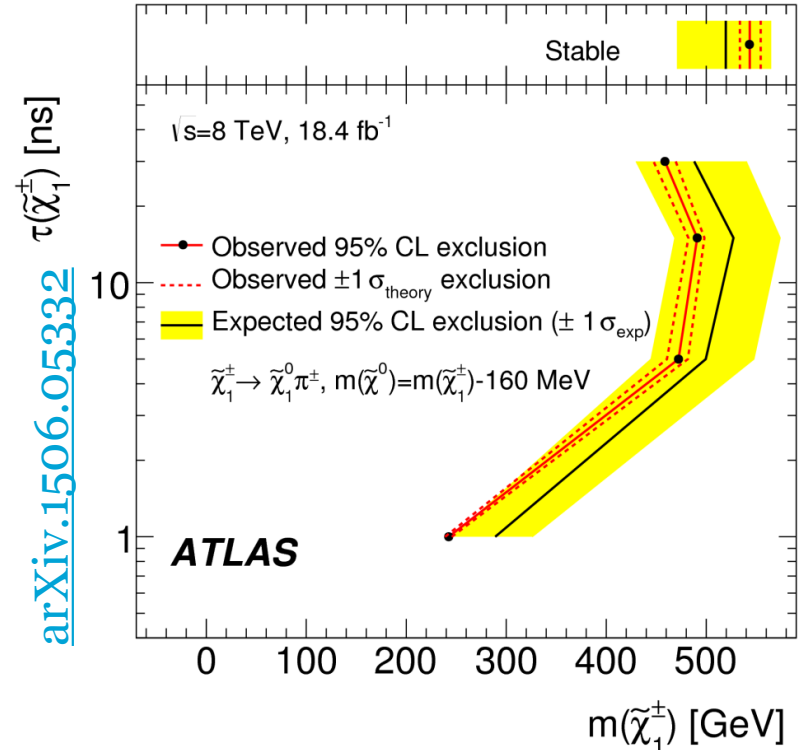
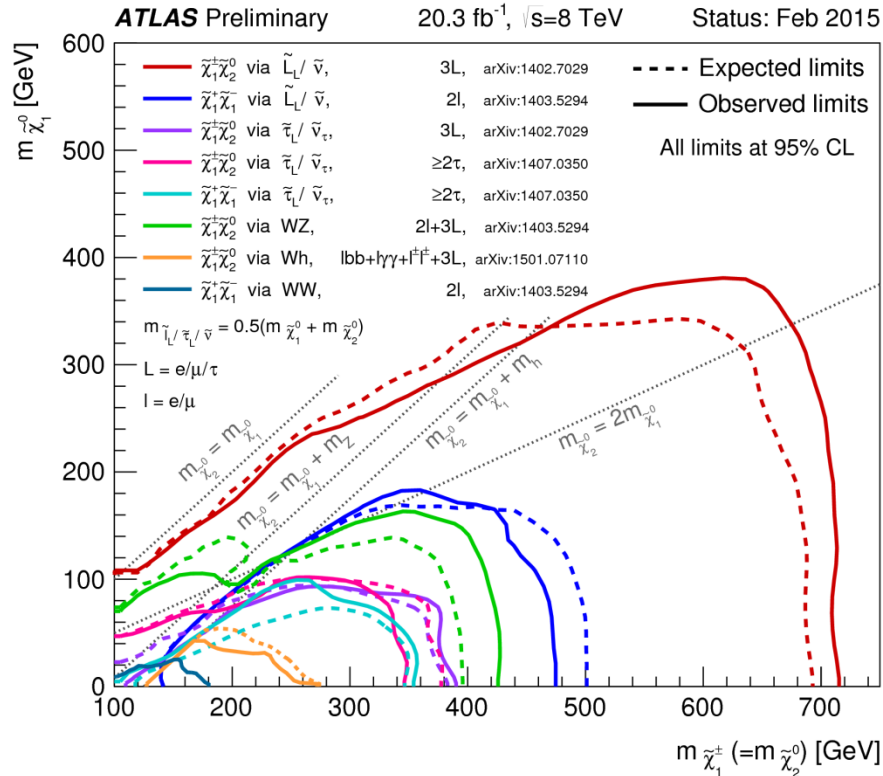
Third Generation Squarks in Run 1

- Third generation squarks required to be light (~ 1 TeV) to protect the Higgs mass.
- Several scenarii have been investigated.
- Below: Summary of ATLAS Run 1 searches for stop pairs if only LSP is involved in stop decay (left) and if only LSP and the first chargino are involved (right), assuming that the chargino mass is two times the LSP one.

See talk by J. Kenneth Anders



[arXiv.1506.08616](https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.08616)



arXiv:1506.05332

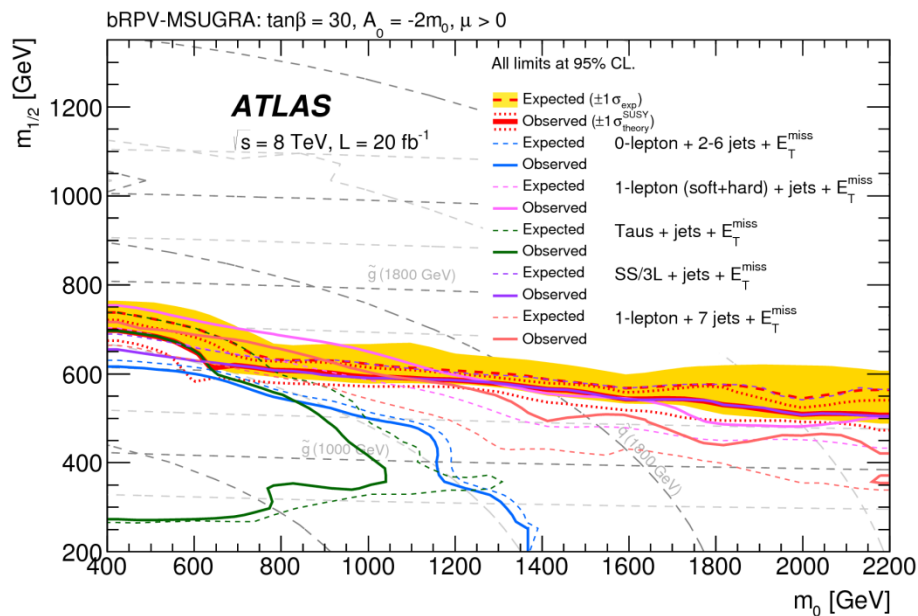
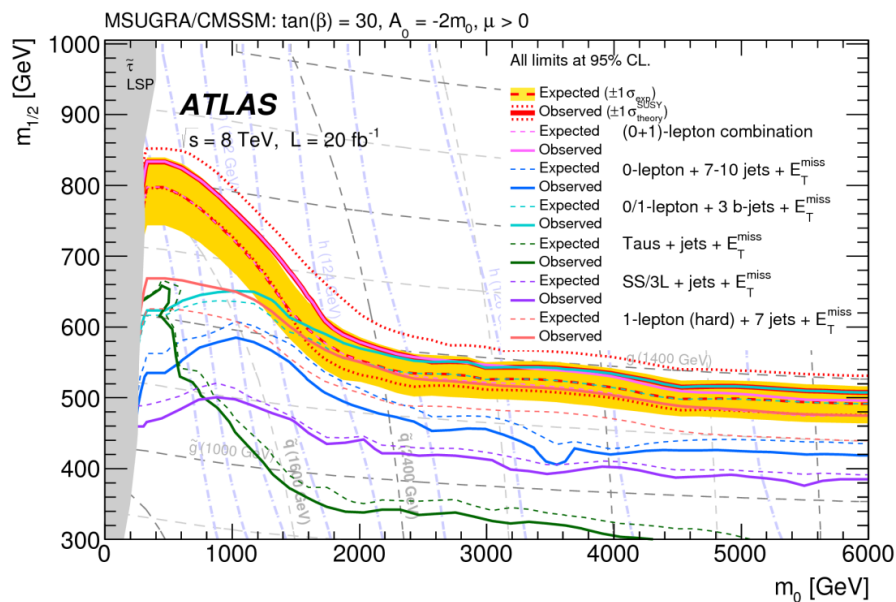
Summary of ATLAS Searches of EWK production of charginos and neutralinos, using several decay modes (100 % branching ratio is assumed for each mode).

Excluded range of lifetime as a function of chargino mass for charginos, using the ionisation rate measured by the Pixel Detector: Ionisation rate of a heavy (non relativistic) charged particle is high and depends on its mass.

Interpretation of Search Limits

arXiv.1507.05525

- Combining statistically independent channels (both in signal and control regions) to constrain SUSY models.
- Several SUSY models have been studied.
- Shown below: mSUGRA with conserved (left) and violated (right) R-parity, with fixed $\tan \beta = 30$, $A_0 = -2 m_0$, and $\mu > 0$.



ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} d\Omega [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	Reference		
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 $e, \mu/1-2 \tau$	2-10 jets/3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.8 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$	1507.05525	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	850 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$	1405.7875	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	100-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{q})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 10 \text{ GeV}$	1507.05525	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\ell(\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	780 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1503.03290	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.33 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1405.7875	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqW^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	2-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g}	1.26 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$	1507.05525	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g}	1.32 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1501.03555	
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ + 0-1 ℓ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.6 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$	1407.0603	
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.29 TeV	$c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}$	1507.05493	
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 900 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu < 0$	1507.05493	
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 850 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu > 0$	1507.05493		
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP}) > 430 \text{ GeV}$	1503.03290		
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	$F^{1/2}$ scale	865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G}) > 1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV}, m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{q})=1.5 \text{ TeV}$	1502.01518		
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$	1308.1841	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600	
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1	100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 90 \text{ GeV}$	1308.2631	
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1	275-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$	1404.2500	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7/20.3	\tilde{t}_1	110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$	1209.2102, 1407.0583	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-2 e, μ	0-2 jets/1-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-191 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$	1506.08616	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-240 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 85 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0608	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 150 \text{ GeV}$	1403.5222	
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2	290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$	1403.5222	
EW direct	$\tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0\tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	90-325 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1403.5294	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell\nu(\ell\nu)$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	140-465 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1403.5294	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}\nu(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	100-350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1407.0350	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}\tilde{\nu}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}\tilde{\nu}$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	700 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1402.7029	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	420 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$	1403.5294, 1402.7029	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0, h \rightarrow b\tilde{b}/W\tilde{W}/\tau\tau/\gamma\gamma$	e, μ, γ	0-2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	250 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$	1501.07110	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	4 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_3^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1405.5086	
	GGM ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{W}	124-361 GeV	$c\tau < 1 \text{ mm}$	1507.05493	
	Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0.2 \text{ ns}$	1310.3675
		Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	dE/dx trk	-	Yes	18.4	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	482 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 15 \text{ ns}$	1506.05332
Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron		0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g}	832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < c\tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$	1310.6584	
Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron		trk	-	-	19.1	\tilde{g}	1.27 TeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$	1411.6795	
GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$		1-2 μ	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	537 GeV	$2 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 3 \text{ ns}, \text{SPS8 model}$	1411.6795	
GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	435 GeV	$7 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 740 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.3 \text{ TeV}$	1409.5542	
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu/\mu\nu/\mu\nu$		displ. $ee/\mu/\mu$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$6 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 480 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.1 \text{ TeV}$	1504.05162	
GGM $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}$	displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV		1504.05162		
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_e + X, \tilde{\nu}_e \rightarrow e\mu/\tau\mu$	$e\mu, \tau\mu$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_e$	1.7 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.11, \lambda_{132}/\lambda_{133}/\lambda_{233}=0.07$	1503.04430	
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.35 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{\text{LSP}} < 1 \text{ mm}$	1404.2500	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu_\mu, e\mu\nu_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	750 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), \lambda_{121} \neq 0$	1405.5086	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\nu_e, e\tau\nu_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), \lambda_{133} \neq 0$	1405.5086	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	917 GeV	$\text{BR}(t)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$	1502.05686	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	870 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=600 \text{ GeV}$	1502.05686	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV		1404.2500	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	0	2 jets + 2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	100-308 GeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bc/\mu) > 20\%$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-026	
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{t}$	2 e, μ	2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	0.4-1.0 TeV		ATLAS-CONF-2015-015		
Other	Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c}	490 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$	1501.01325	

Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} d\Omega [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 $e, \mu/1-2 \tau$	2-10 jets/3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.8 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$	1507.05525
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	850 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$	1405.7875
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	100-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{q})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 10 \text{ GeV}$	1507.05525
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\ell(\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	780 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1503.03290
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.33 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1405.7875
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqW^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	2-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g}	1.26 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$	1507.05525
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\ell(\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g}	1.32 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$	1501.03555
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ + 0-1 ℓ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.6 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$	1407.0603
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.29 TeV	$c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}$	1507.05493
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 900 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu < 0$	1507.05493
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 850 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu > 0$	1507.05493	
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP}) > 430 \text{ GeV}$	1503.03290	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	$F^{1/2}$ scale	865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G}) > 1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV}, m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{q})=1.5 \text{ TeV}$	1502.01518	
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$	1308.1841
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0600
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1	100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 90 \text{ GeV}$	1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1	275-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$	1404.2500
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7/20.3	\tilde{t}_1	110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$	1209.2102, 1407.0583
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-2 e, μ	0-2 jets/1-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-191 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$	1506.08616
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-240 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 85 \text{ GeV}$	1407.0608
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	-	GeV	1403.5222
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2	-	GeV	1403.5222	
EW direct	$\tilde{L}_R\tilde{L}_R, \tilde{L} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{L}_R	700 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \ell\nu(\ell\nu)$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	420 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}\nu(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	250 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1407.0350
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{L}_L\tilde{\nu}_L(\tilde{\nu}\nu), \tilde{\nu}\tilde{\nu}_L(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	700 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	420 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0, h \rightarrow b\tilde{b}/WW/\tau\tau/\gamma\gamma$	e, μ, γ	0-2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	250 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1501.07110
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_R\ell$	4 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	620 GeV	$m(\tilde{L}_R)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^-))$	1405.5086
	GGM (wino NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{W}	124-361 GeV	$c\tau < 1 \text{ mm}$	1507.05493
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.2 \text{ ns}$	1310.3675
	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	dE/dx trk	-	Yes	18.4	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	482 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) < 15 \text{ ns}$	1506.05332
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g}	832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < c\tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$	1310.6584
	Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron	trk	-	-	19.1	\tilde{g}	1.27 TeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$	1411.6795
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	537 GeV	$2 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 3 \text{ ns}, \text{SPS8 model}$	1411.6795
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	435 GeV	$7 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 740 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.3 \text{ TeV}$	1409.5542
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu/\mu\nu/\mu\nu$	displ. $ee/\mu/\mu$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$6 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 480 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.1 \text{ TeV}$	1504.05162
GGM $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}$	displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	-	1504.05162	
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_e + X, \tilde{\nu}_e \rightarrow e\mu/\tau\mu$	$e\mu, \tau\mu$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_e$	1.7 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.11, \lambda_{132}/\lambda_{133}/\lambda_{233}=0.07$	1503.04430
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.35 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{\text{LSP}} < 1 \text{ mm}$	1404.2500
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow ee\nu_\mu, e\mu\nu_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	750 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), \lambda_{121} \neq 0$	1405.5086
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \tau\tau\nu_e, e\tau\nu_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), \lambda_{133} \neq 0$	1405.5086
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	917 GeV	$\text{BR}(t)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$	1502.05686
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	870 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=600 \text{ GeV}$	1502.05686
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	-	1404.2500
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	0	2 jets + 2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	100-308 GeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bc/\mu) > 20\%$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-026
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{t}$	2 e, μ	2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	0.4-1.0 TeV	-	ATLAS-CONF-2015-015	
Other	Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c}	490 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$	1501.01325

No evidence so far...

10^{-1} 1 Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

IV) Electroweak Measurements

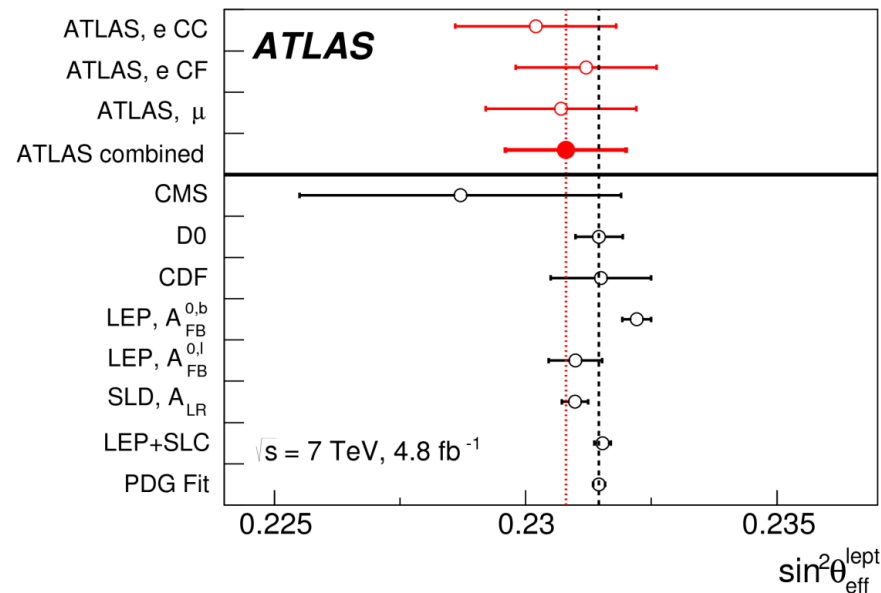
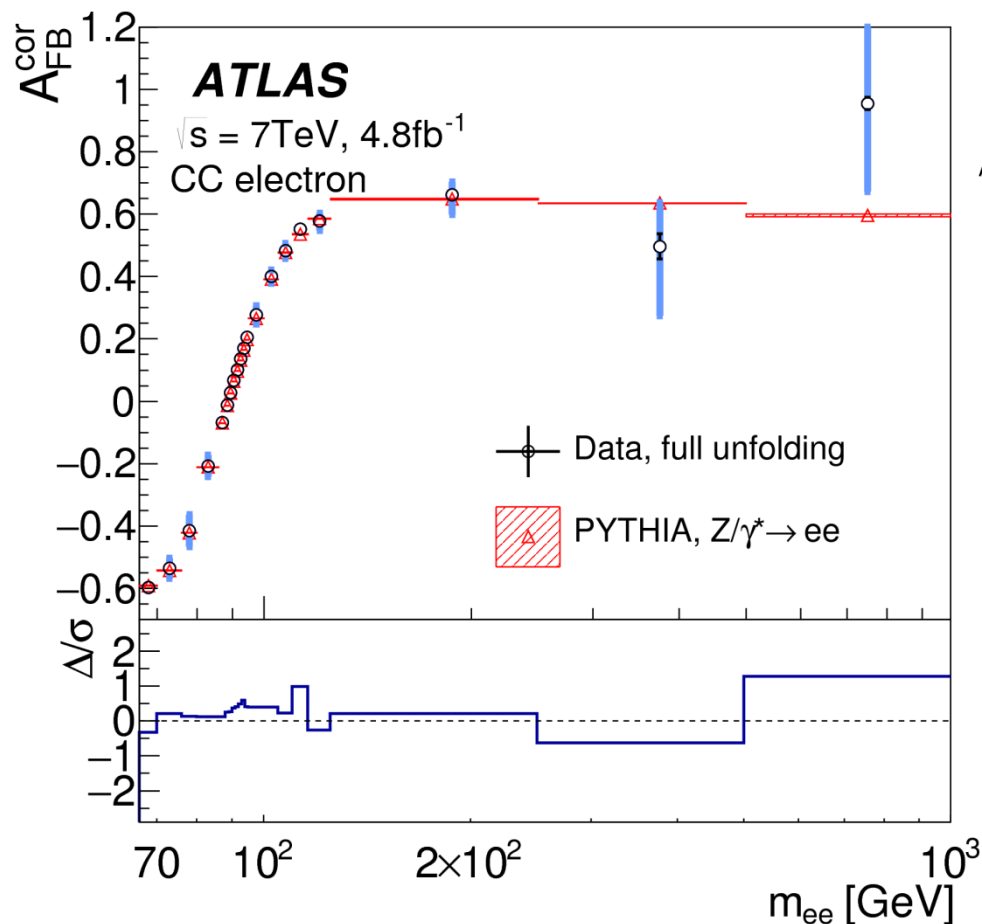
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- LHC is a copious source of electroweak gauge bosons and their interactions (VBF, VBS).
- EW measurements are one of the tools to look beyond SM.
- Some EW process are background to searches (VV).

See plenary talk by W. Buttinger

Lepton Forward-Backward Asymmetry

See talk by N. Calace



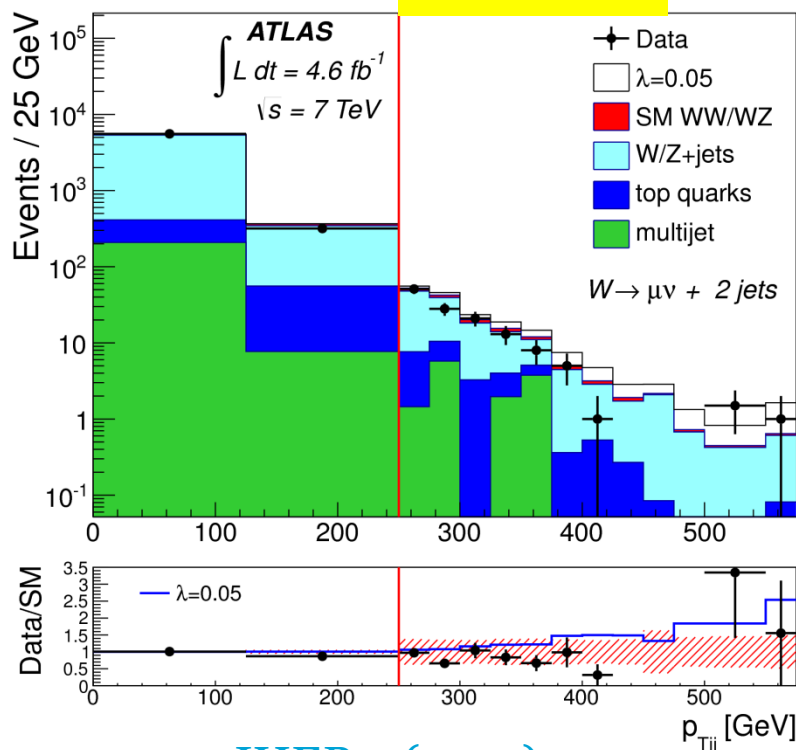
Measurement “à la LEP”
 and extraction of an
 effective Weinberg angle.

[arXiv.1503.03709](https://arxiv.org/abs/1503.03709)

Multi Bosons Production

- Multi boson production: Sensitive to new physics through TGC and QGC.
- Measurements interpreted as limits on anomalous (BSM) couplings.
- No BSM signal seen.

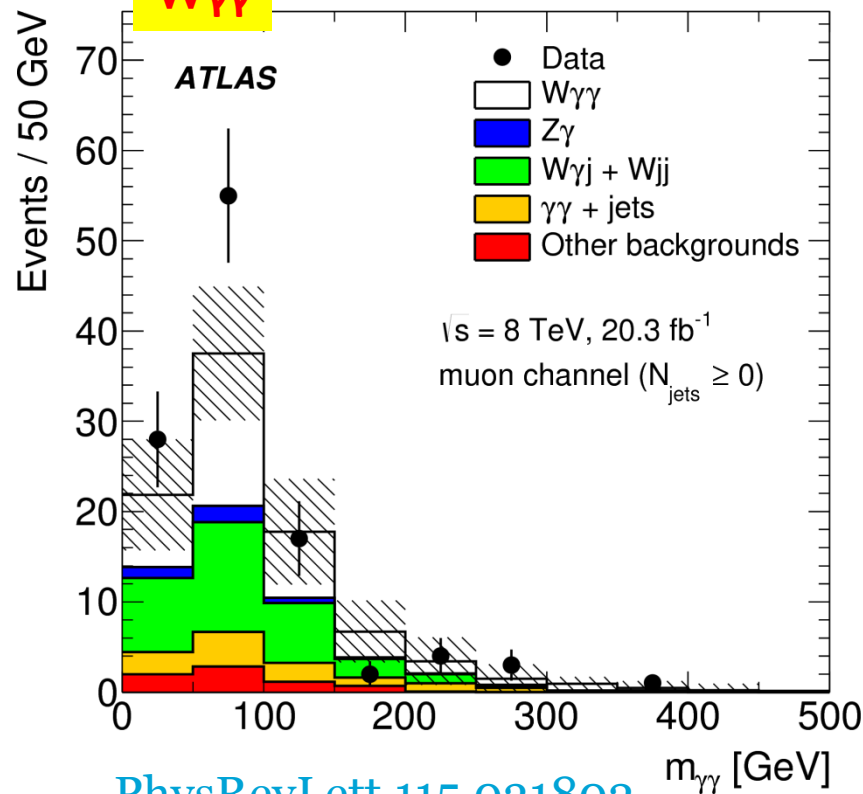
WW+WZ



[JHEP01\(2015\)049](#)

See talk by M. Becker

W $\gamma\gamma$



[PhysRevLett.115.031802](#)

V) QCD Measurements

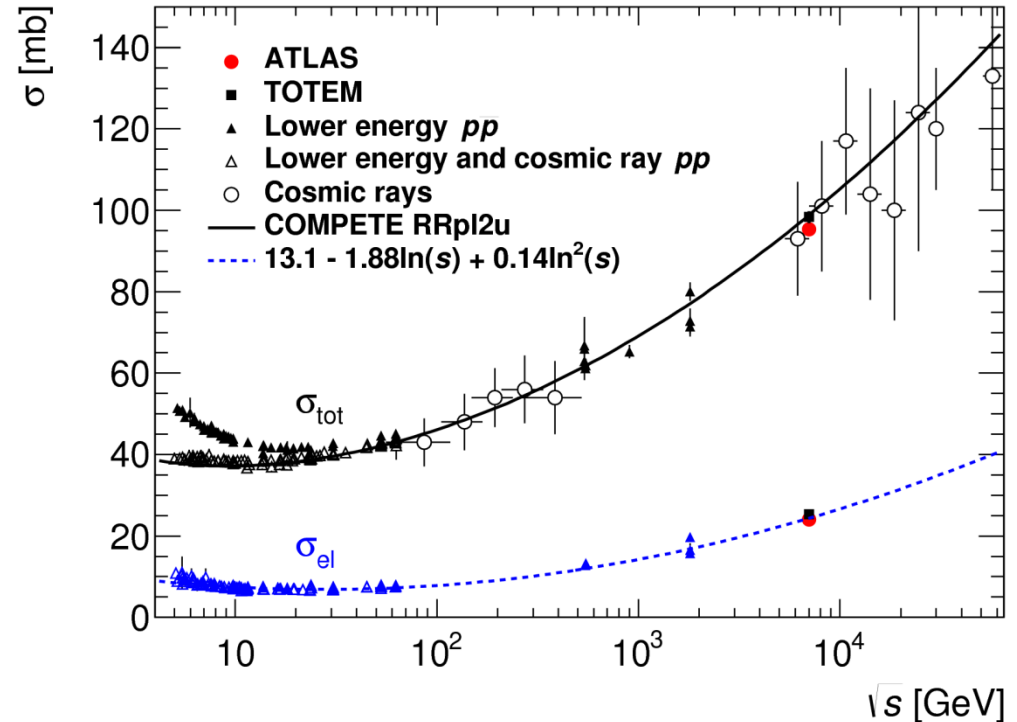
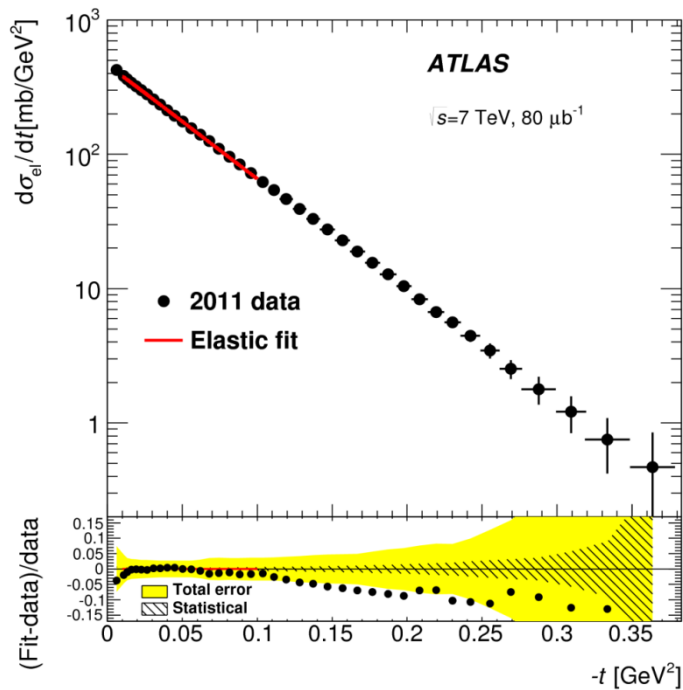
28

- QCD tested more and more in its perturbative calculations: Many measurements became sensitive to effects beyond NLO QCD.
- QCD understanding important for other measurements: PDF, underlying events.

See plenary talk by W. Buttinger

Determination of σ_{tot} with ALFA

- Proton-proton elastic differential cross section measured with ALFA stations (roman pots) is fitted and the ρ parameter is determined.
- Total cross section is computed from it using the optical theorem.

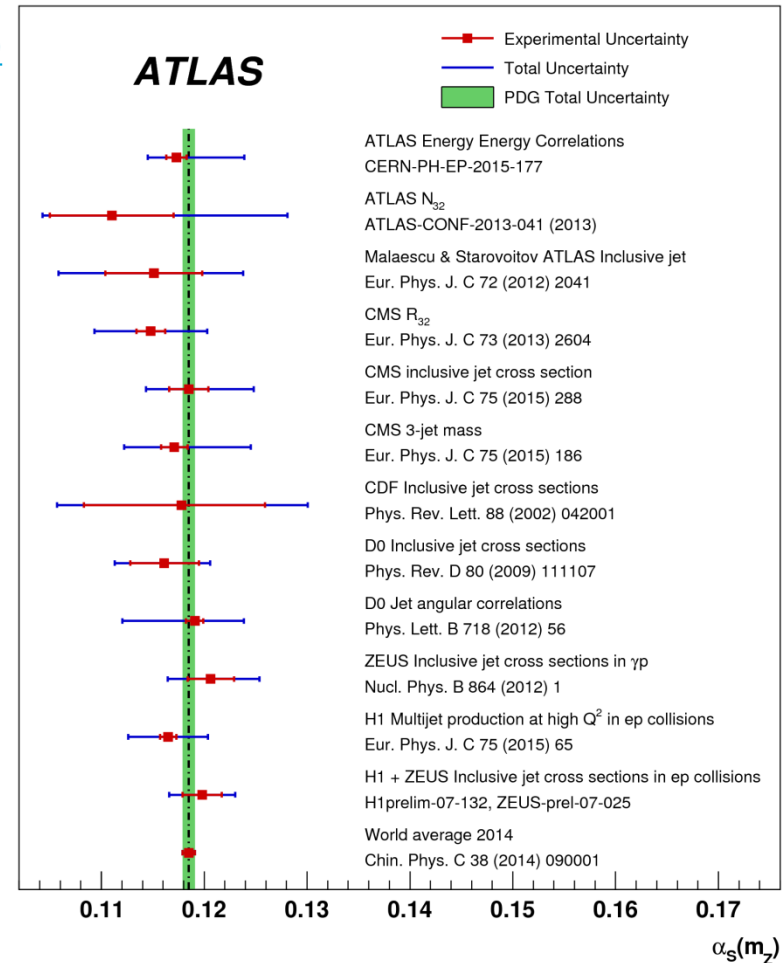
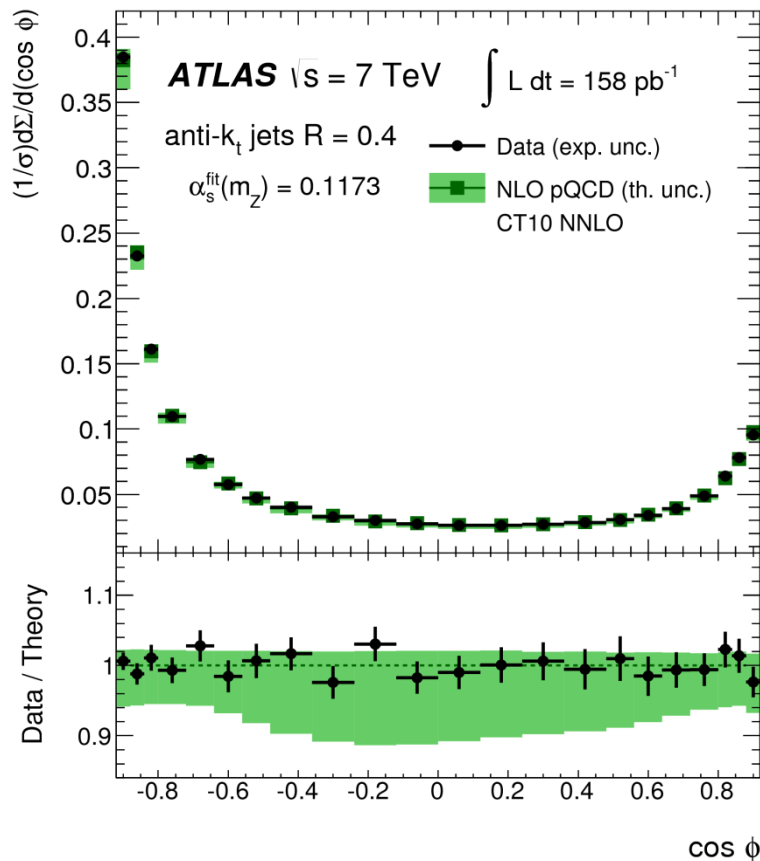


[S0550321314003253](#)

Transverse Energy-Energy Correlation

- Transverse energy-energy correlation for jets (left) and its fit with NLO QCD.
- Measured value of α_s compared to other measurements at hadron colliders.

[arXiv.1508.01579](https://arxiv.org/abs/1508.01579)

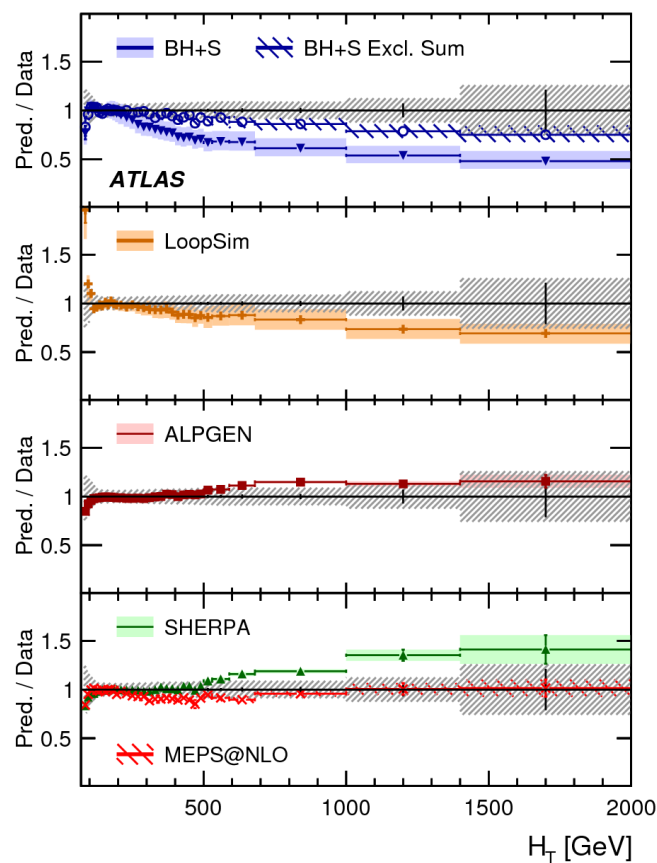
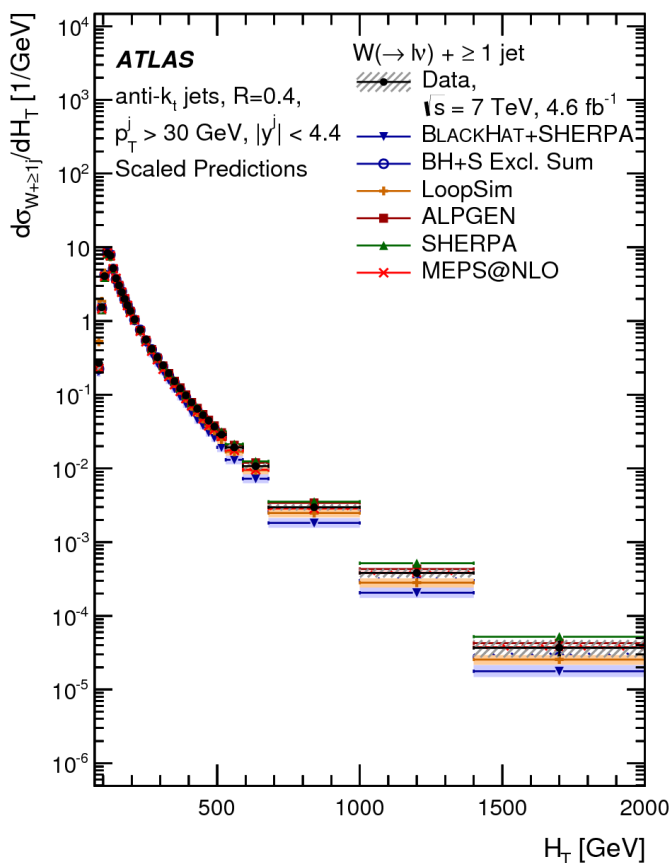


Jets Measurements

See talk by N. Calace

- Jets and V+jets cross sections: Test QCD beyond leading order.
- No theoretical prediction able to describe all differential cross sections.
Example given here: scalar sum of lepton + jets $P_t + E_T^{miss}$ in W+jets production:

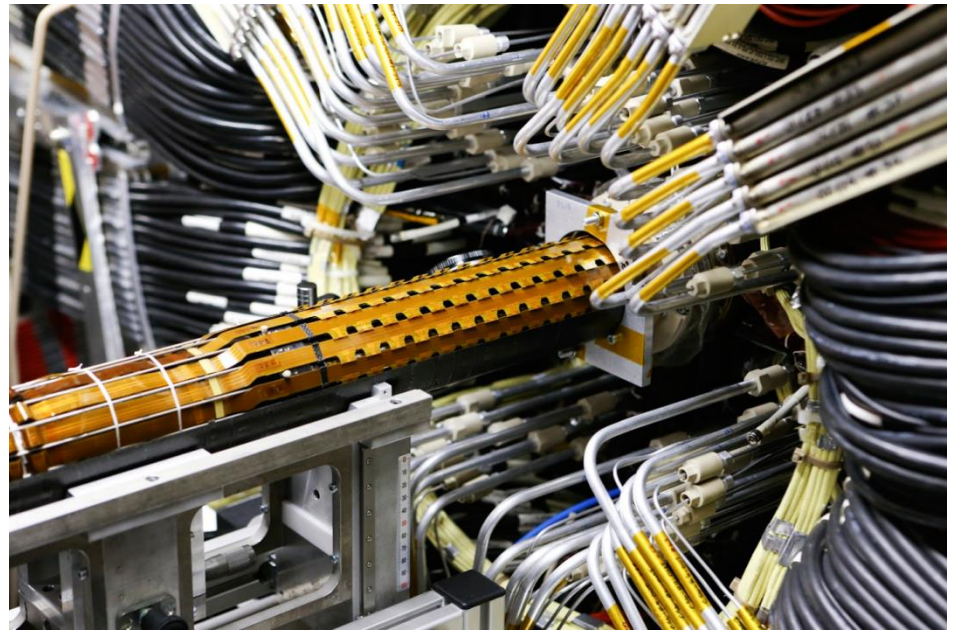
EPJC/s10052-015-3262-7



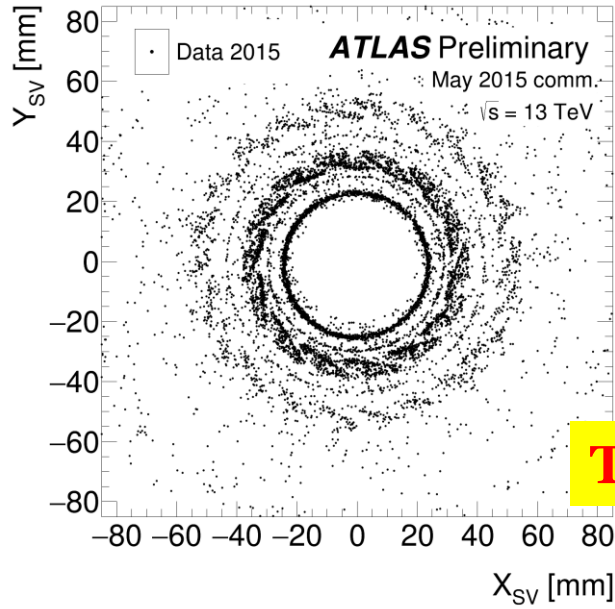
VI) 2015: Early Preliminary Results

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- LHC is delivering p-p collisions at 13 TeV.
- Main improvement in ATLAS: A fourth pixel layer, at 3.3 cm from the beam axis (the closest layer was at 5.5 cm): The IBL.
- Many more improvements: Additional muon chambers, repairs, new analysis model, trigger upgrade...
- Next: early ATLAS results from Run 2

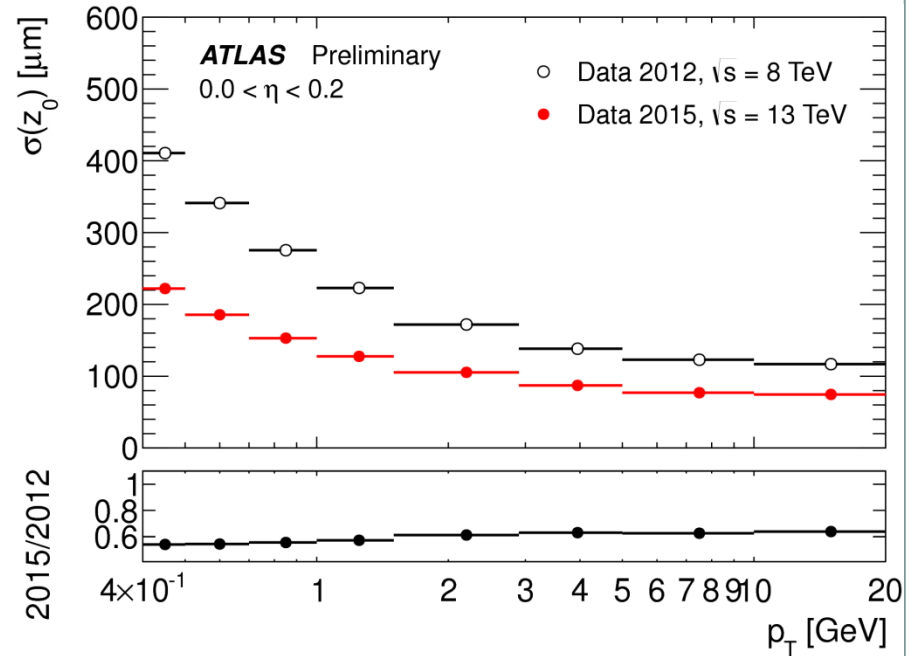
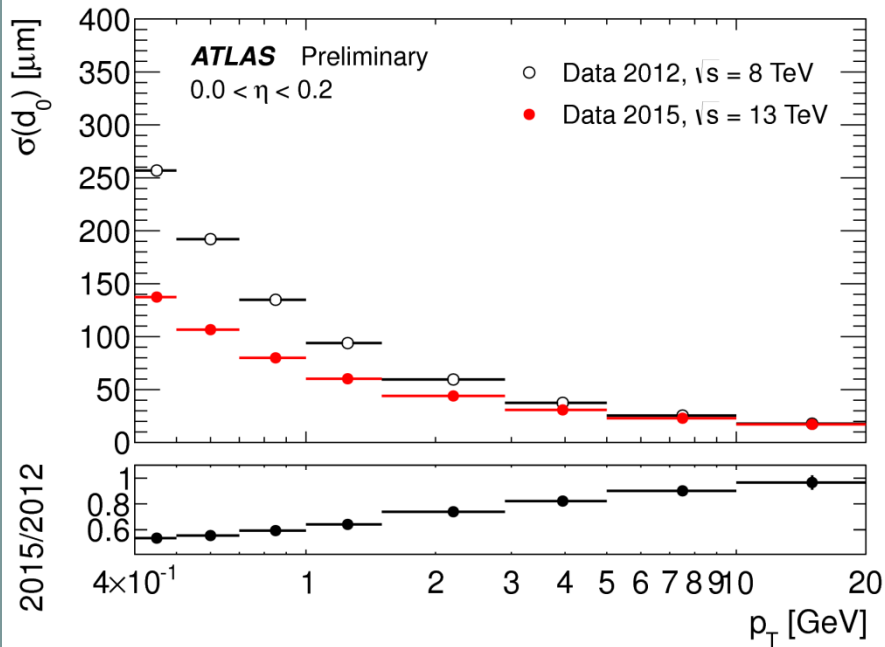
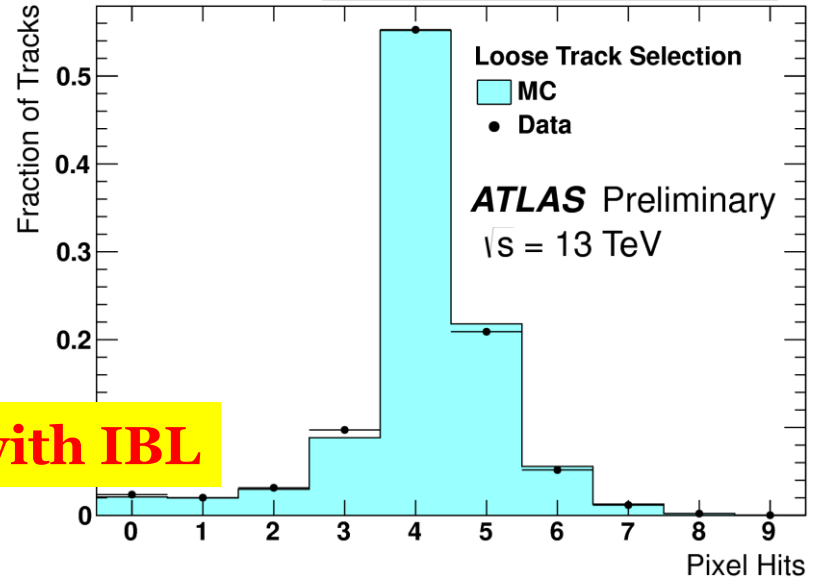


Insertion of the IBL into the center of ATLAS

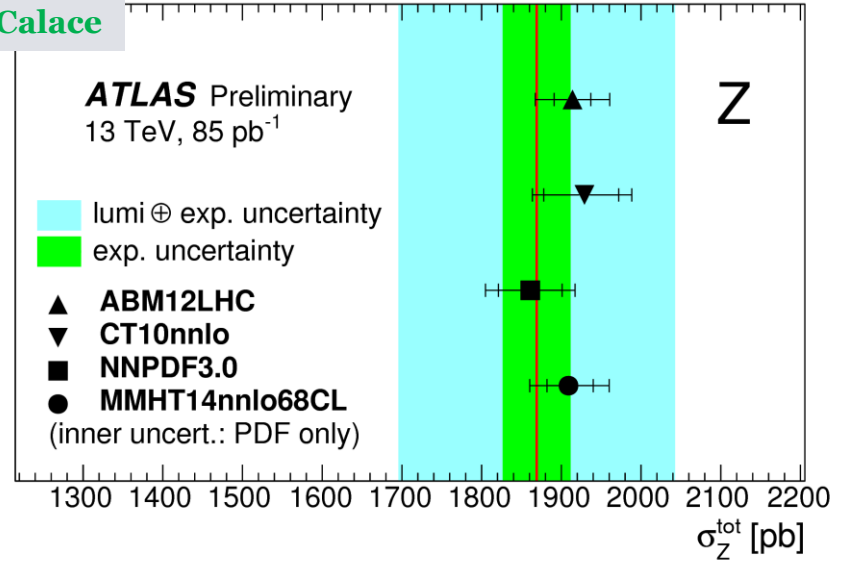
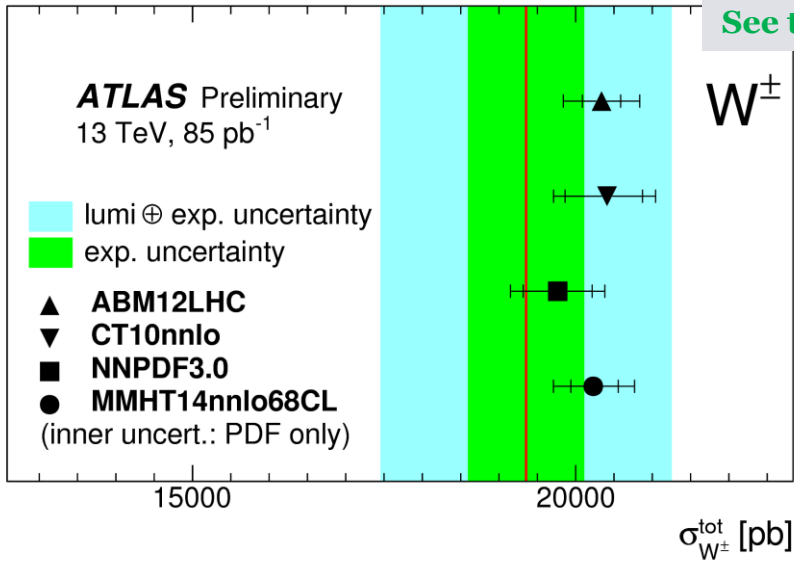


ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-018

Tracking with IBL

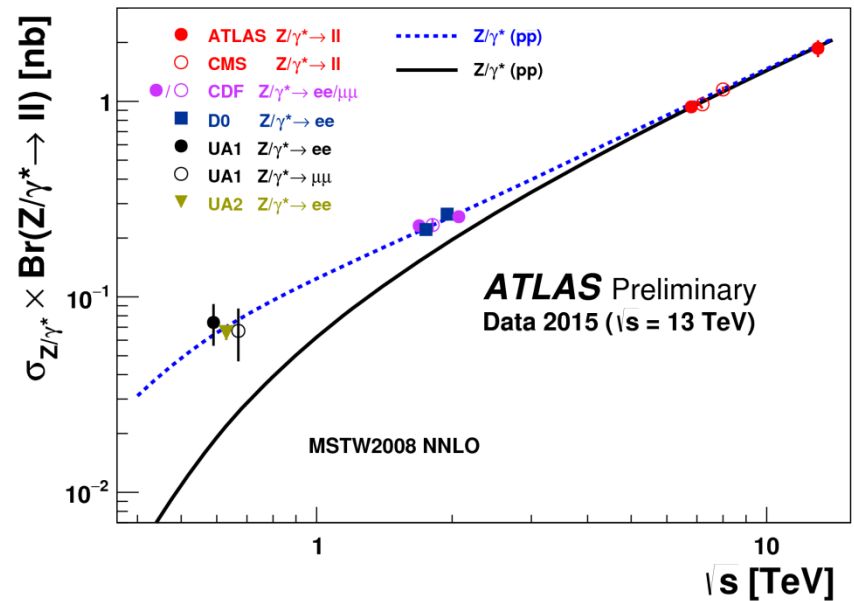
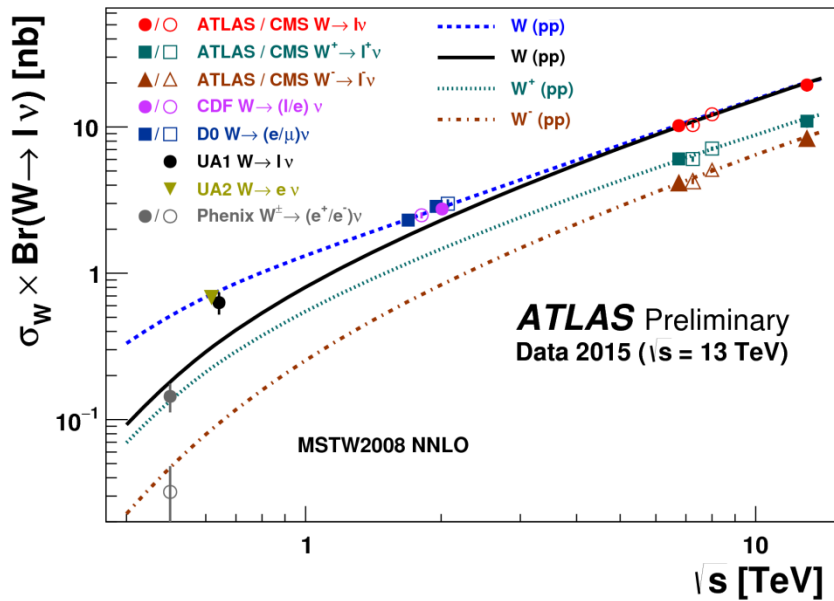


See talk by N. Calace

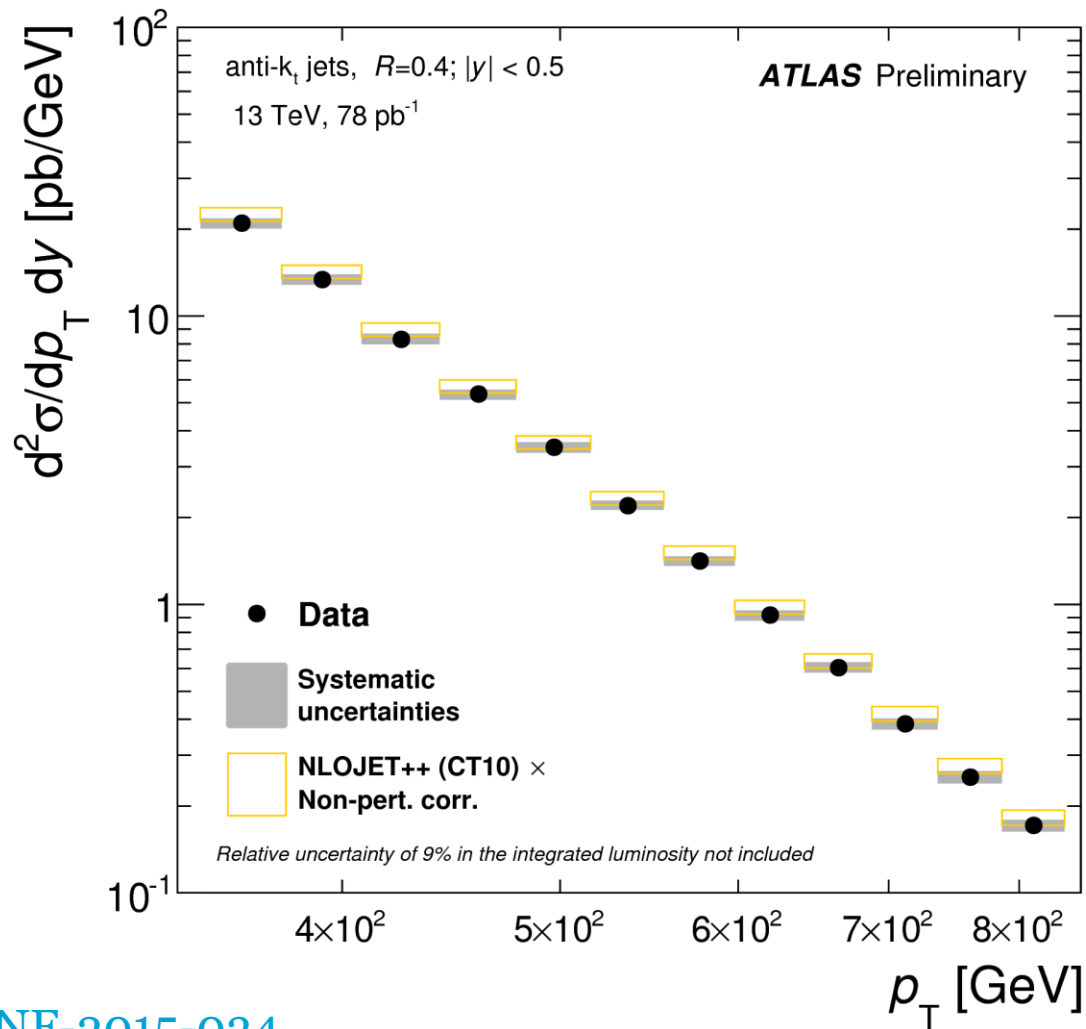


ATLAS-CONF-2015-039

Bosons Cross Sections at 13 TeV

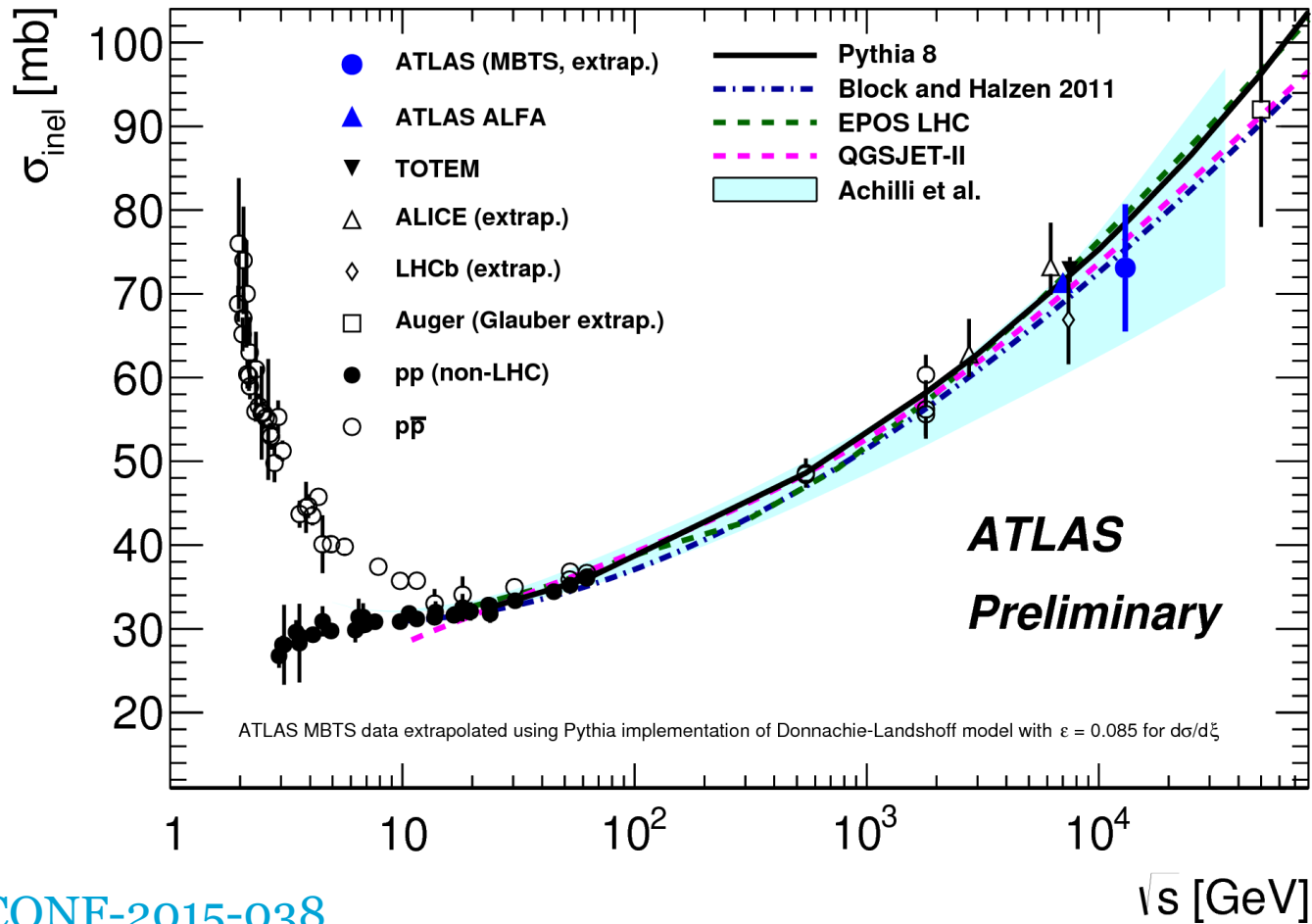


Jet Cross Section at 13 TeV



[ATLAS-CONF-2015-034](#)

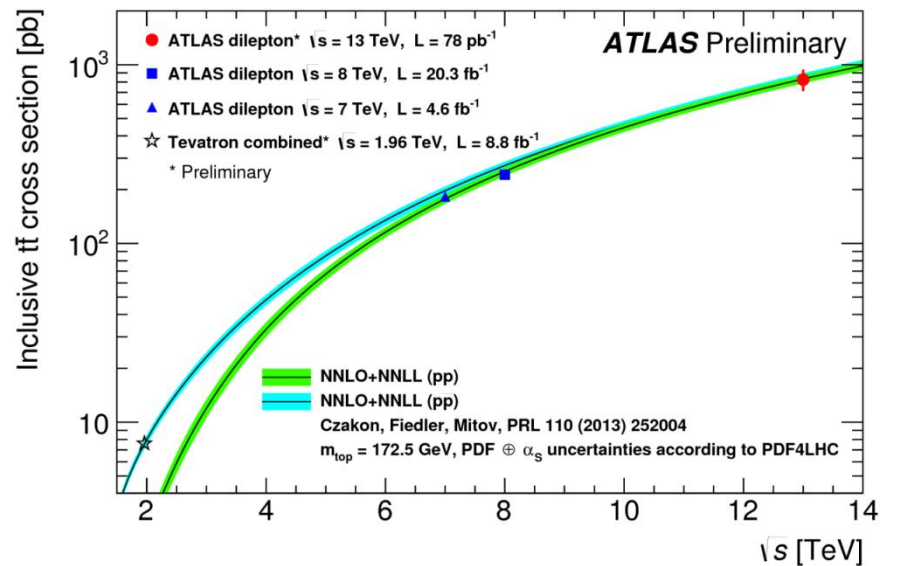
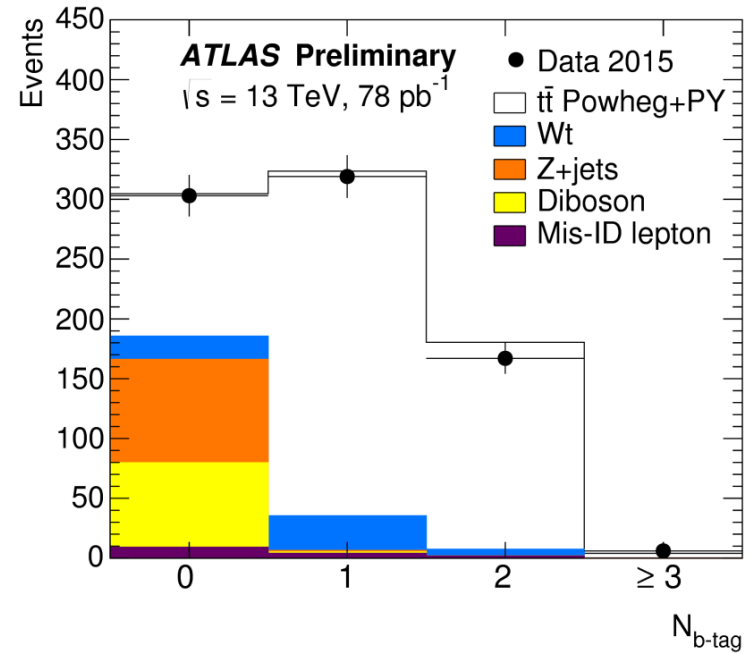
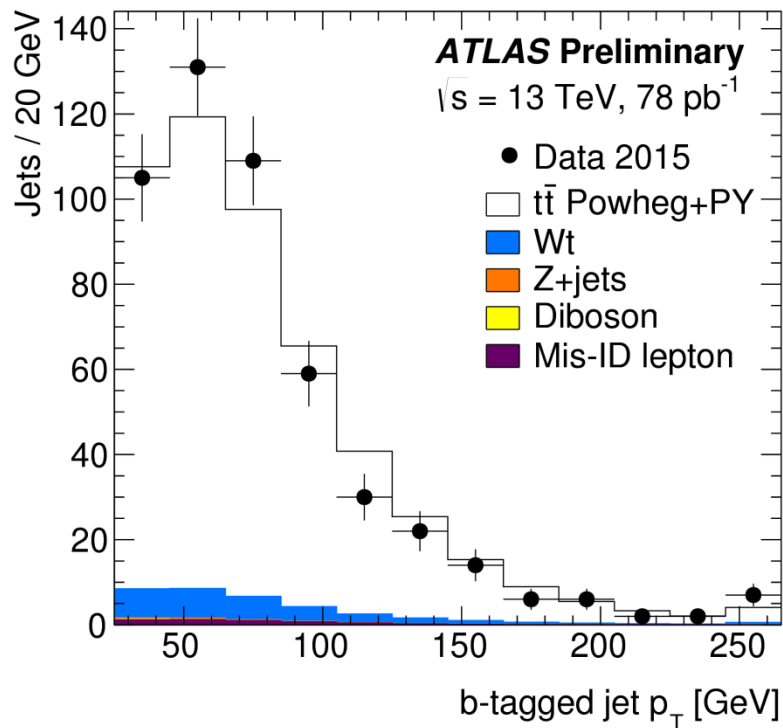
Inelastic p-p Cross Section at 13 TeV



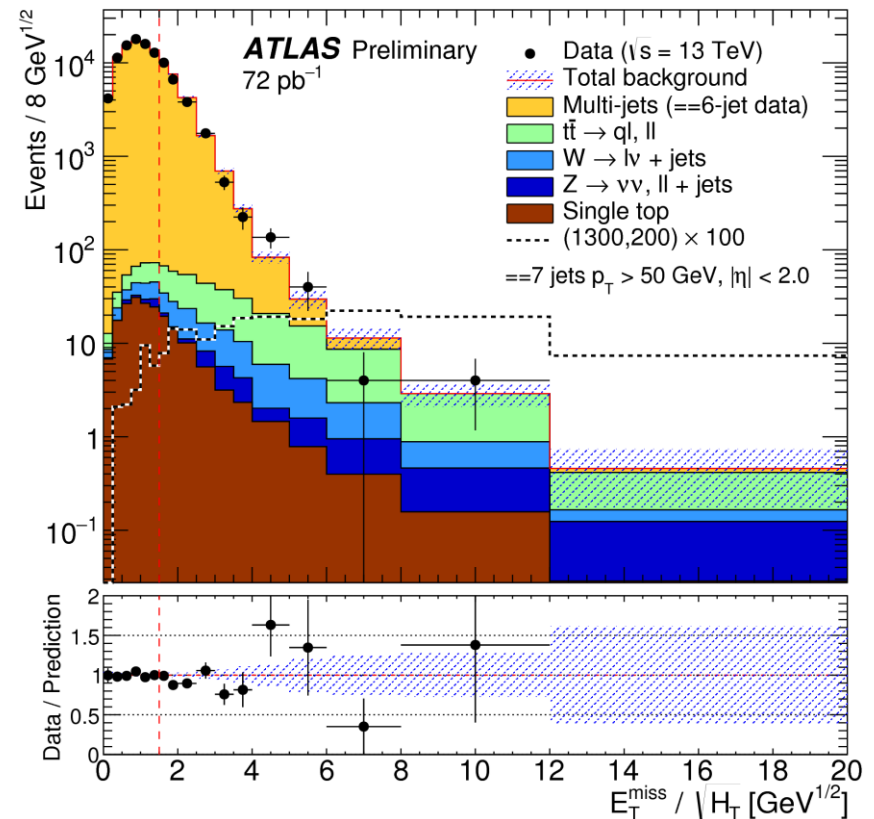
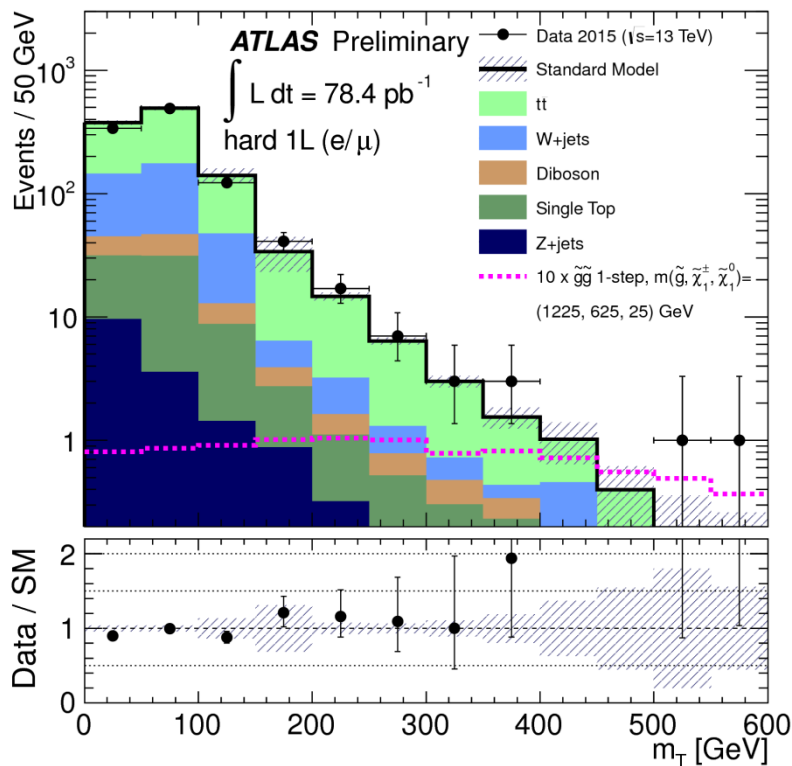
[ATLAS-CONF-2015-038](#)

Cross section of $t\bar{t}$ pairs production at 13 TeV

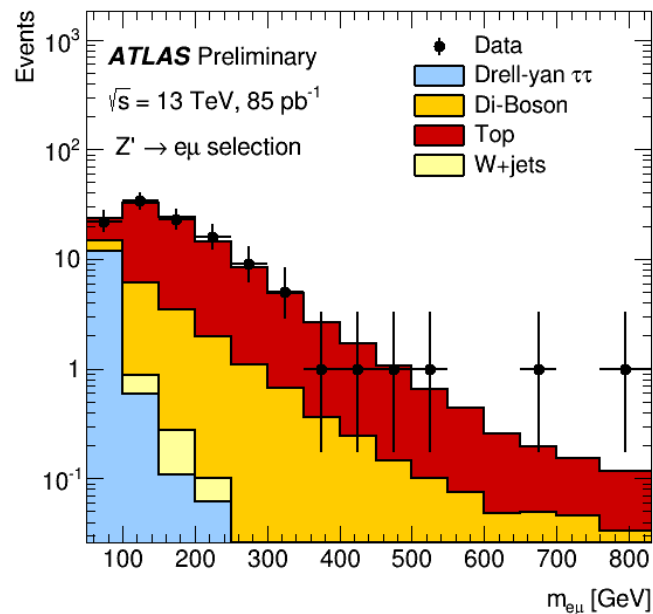
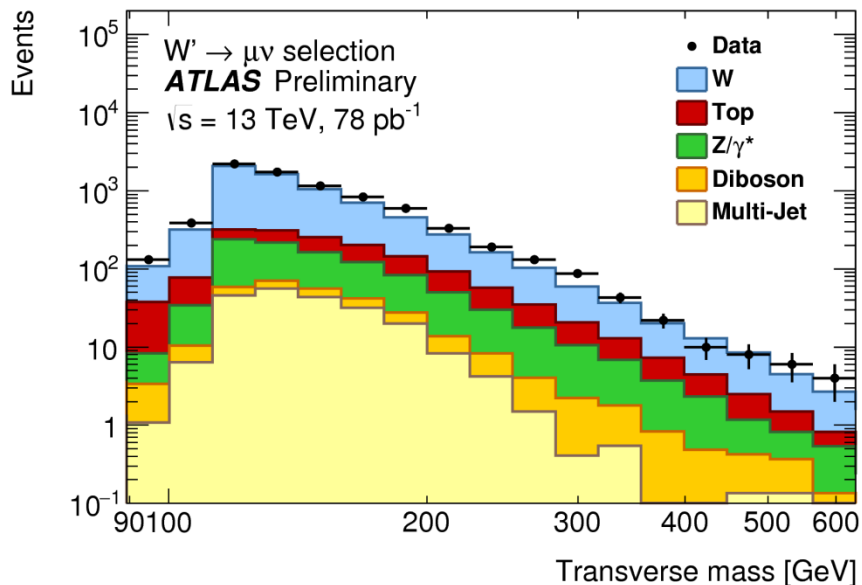
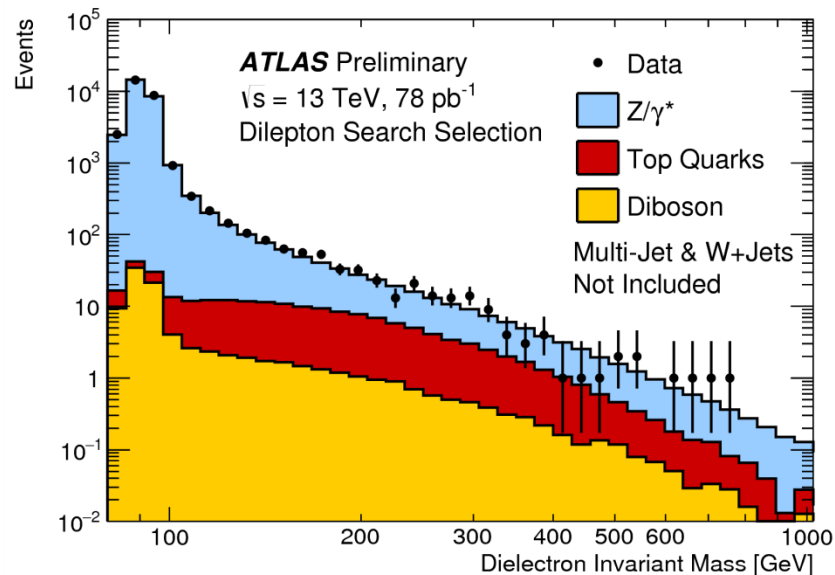
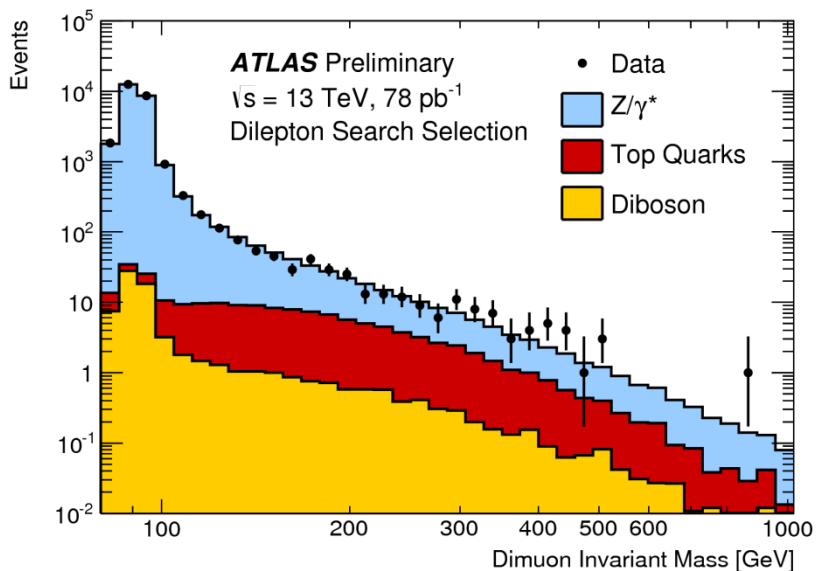
ATLAS-CONF-2015-033



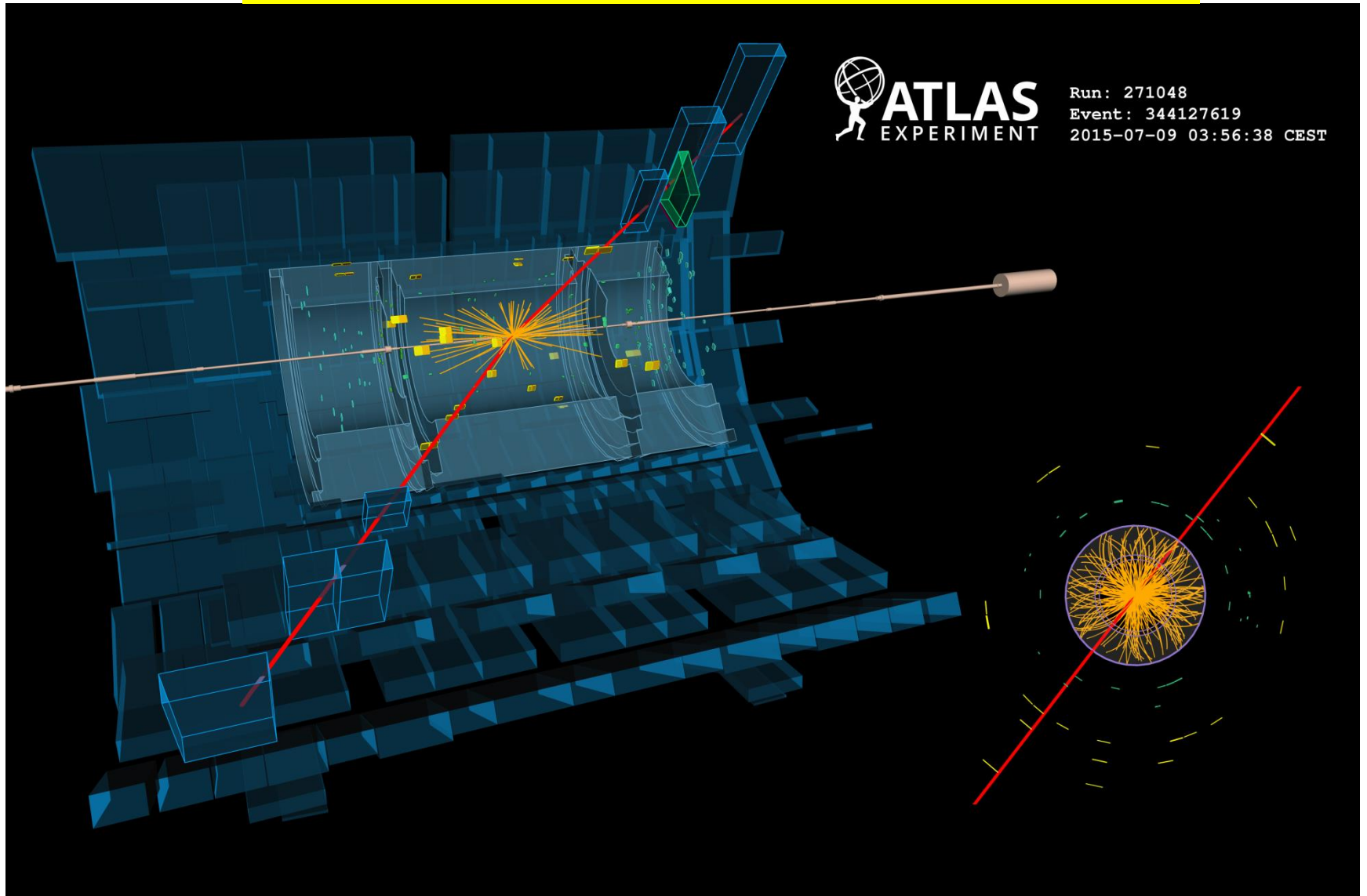
- Examples of “Loose Signal Regions” in SUSY searches at 13 TeV.
- Signals are magnified by factors of 10 and 100.
- Nice agreement between data and expected background.



Start of search for extra bosons at 13 TeV



Dimuon pair with an invariant mass of 881 GeV

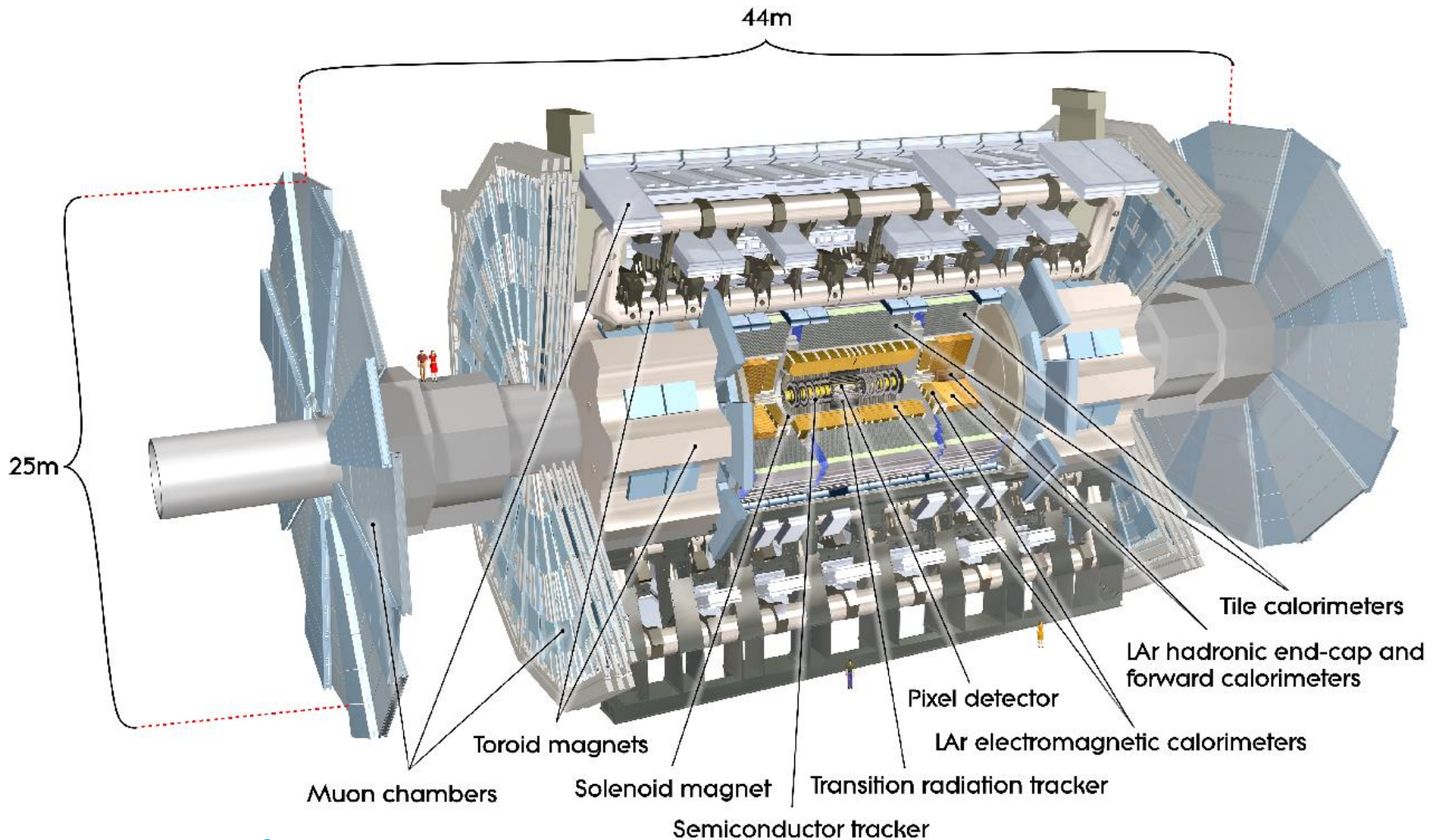


Conclusions

- During Run 1, ATLAS has produced a large variety of results covering some of the more fundamental questions in particle physics.
- This includes searches, measurements and interpretations within alternative theories.
- The 2012 discovered particle looks really more and more like the SM Higgs boson.
- No signal spotted yet beyond the Standard Model.
- Run 2 has started successfully and ATLAS is willing to continue its effort.
- We all hope for some nice surprises from Nature...

Back up

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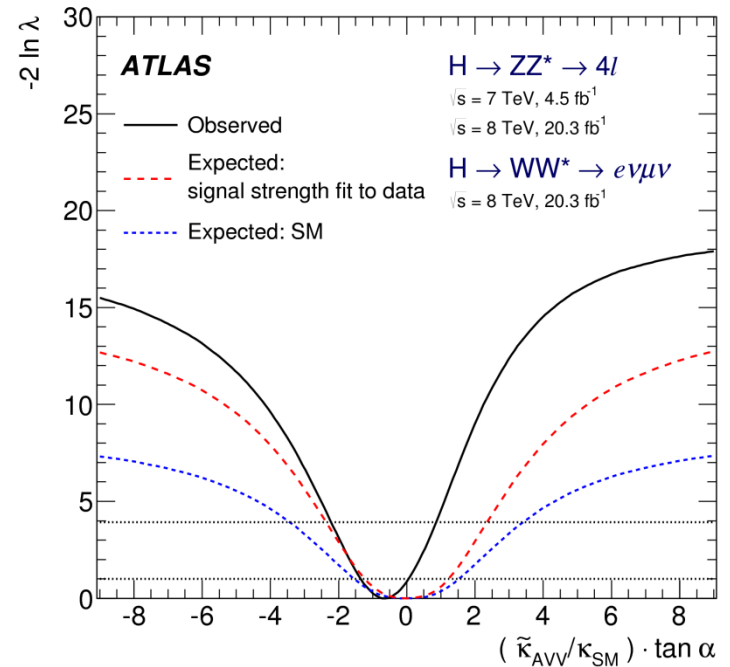
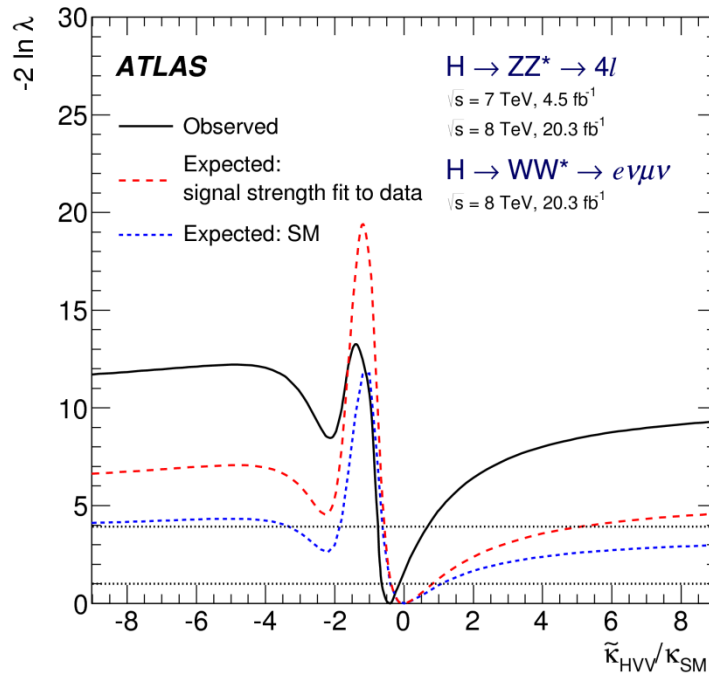


- **Main assets of ATLAS :**

- A precise tracker, able to distinguish primary vertices of a single collision as well as tracks in dense core hadronic jets.
- A hermetic calorimeter, with angular measurement capabilities.
- A precise, independent and high redundancy muon system.

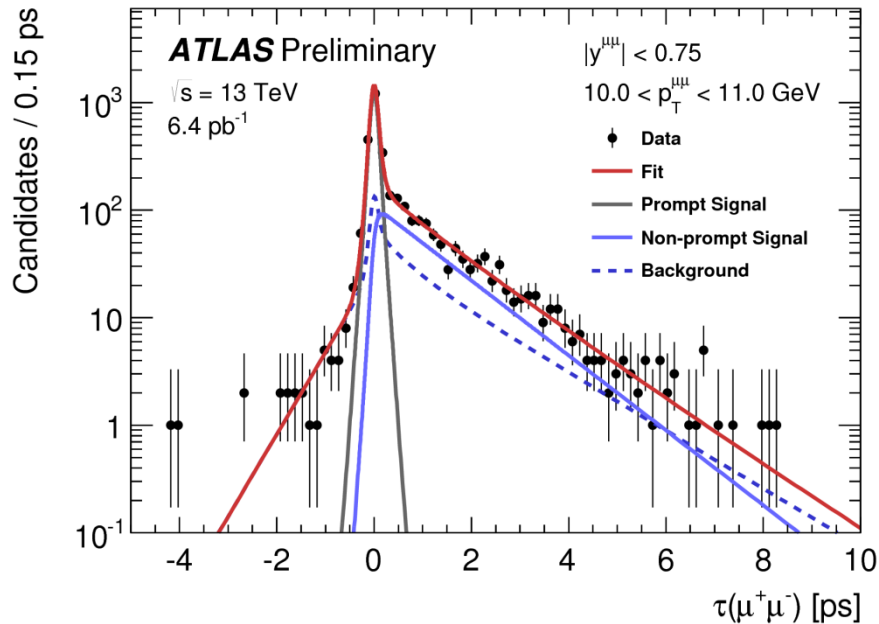
CP-Mixing Terms in HVV ?

- Fits exclude maximal scenarii for such terms :

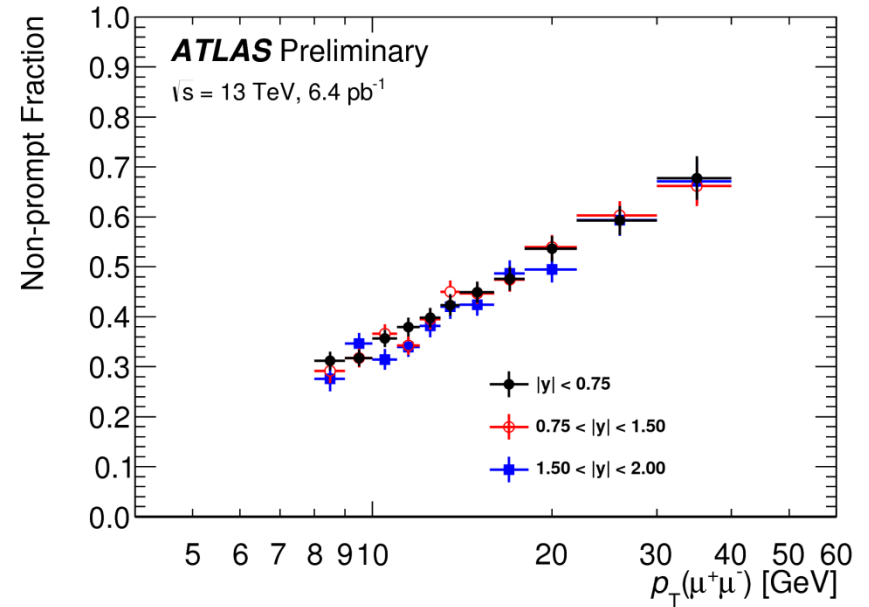


[arXiv.1506.05669](https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.05669)

J/ψ production at 13 TeV



Proper time of J/ψ: Prompt and heavy-flavor components

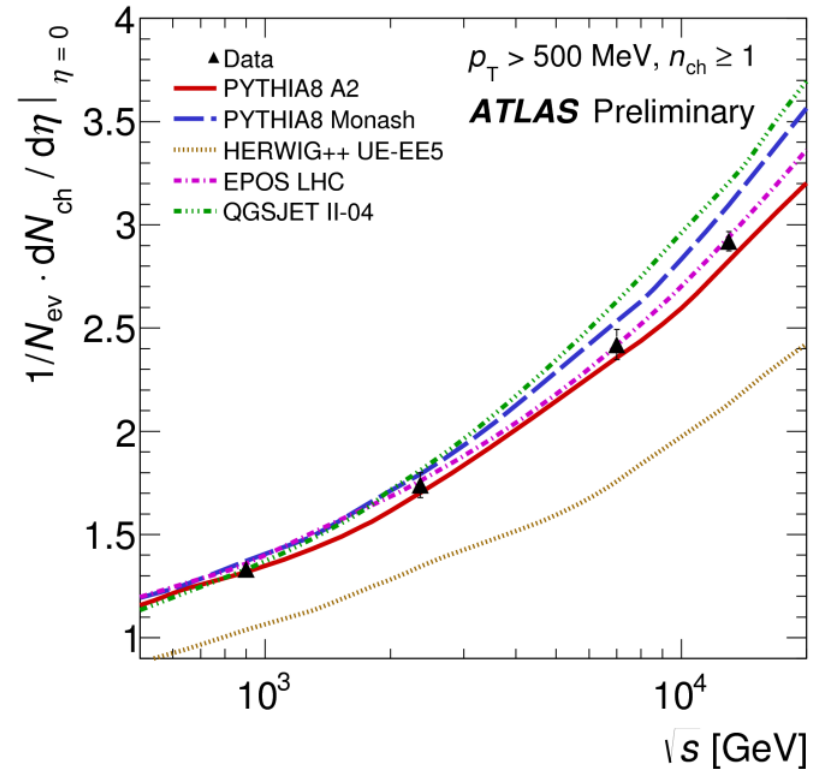
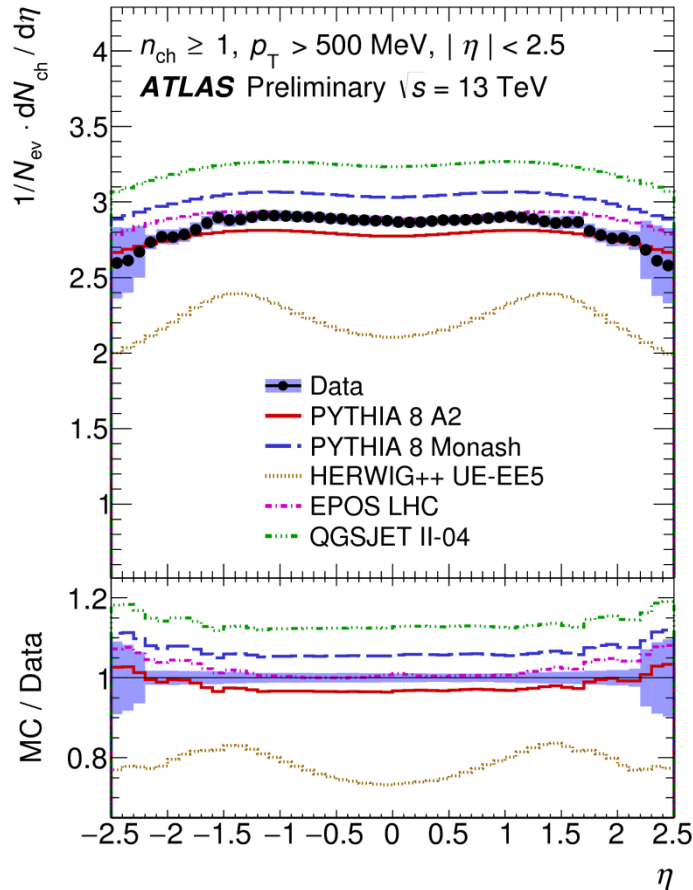


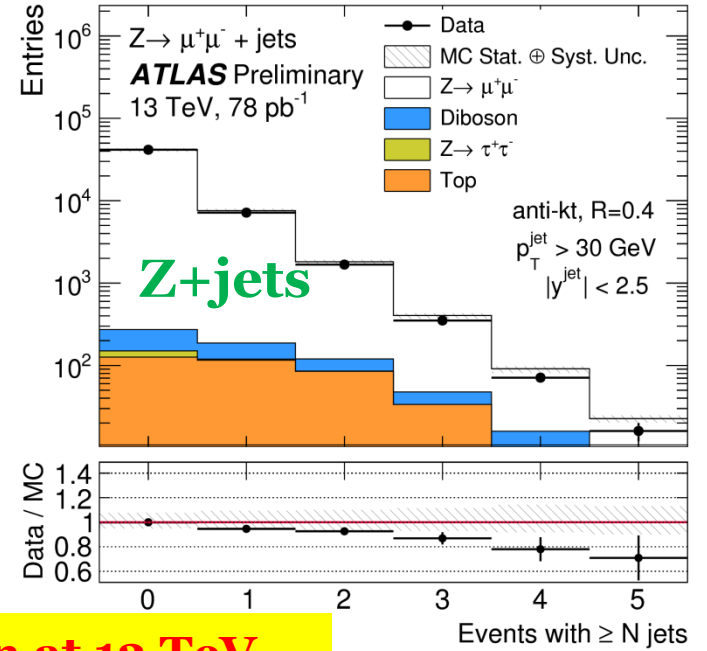
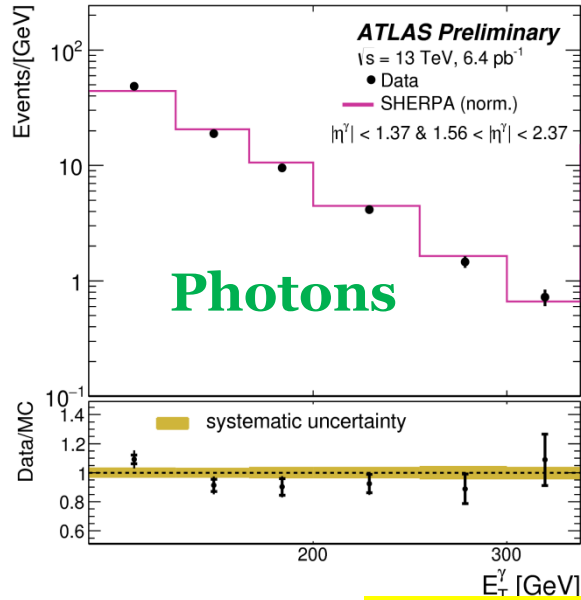
Non-prompt fraction of the J/ψ as a function of its Pt.

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-030](#)

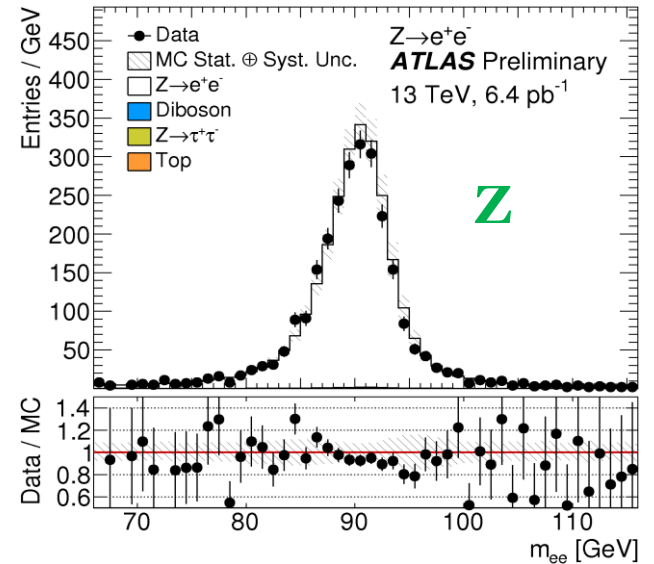
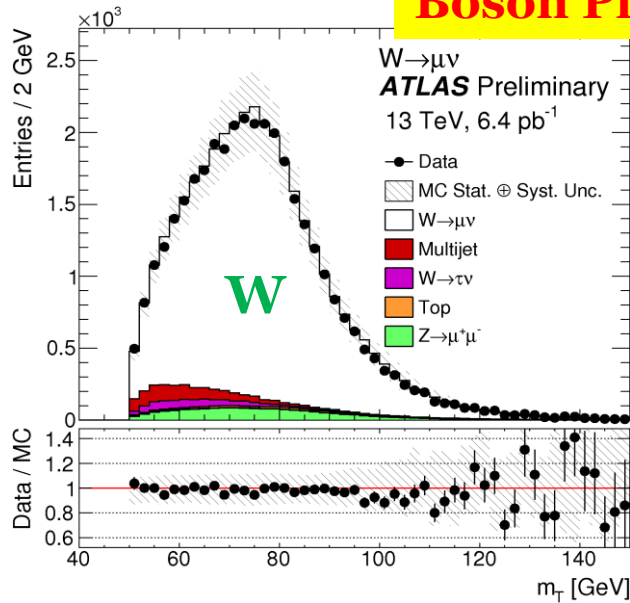
Properties of inelastic events at 13 TeV

ATLAS-CONF-2015-028

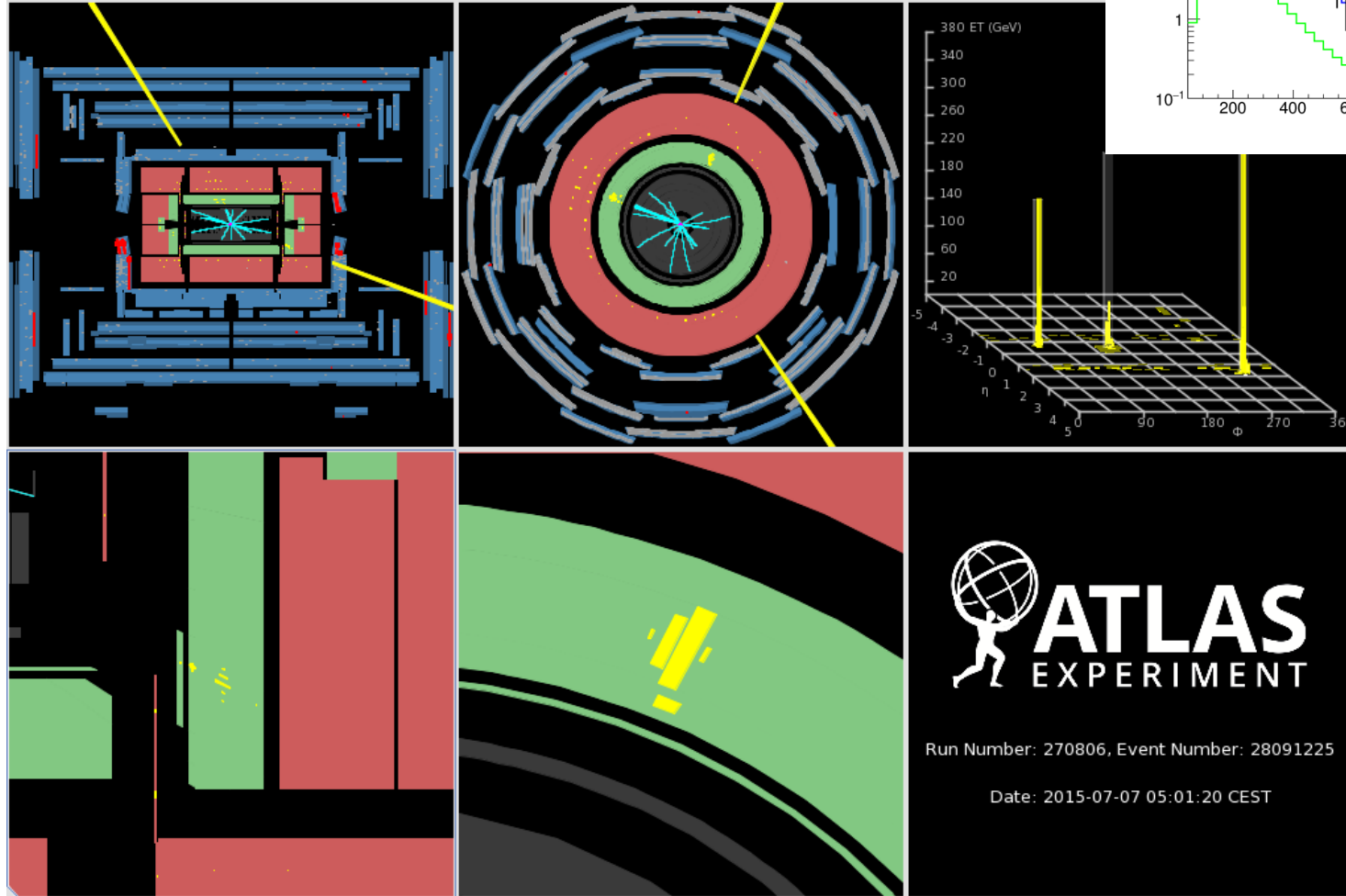
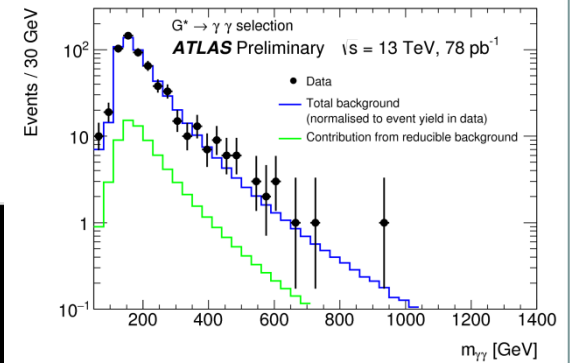




Boson Production at 13 TeV



Search in diphoton spectrum at 13 TeV



Diphoton pair with an invariant mass of 940 GeV