

# Two-particle correlations using THERMINATOR model for BES program

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**Faculty of Physics**

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Crete, Greece

# Outline

- 1) Introduction to THERMINATOR generator
- 2) BES program
- 3) THERMINATOR for BES
- 3) Single particle distributions
- 4) Two-particle correlations
- 5) Summary and conclusions

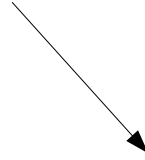


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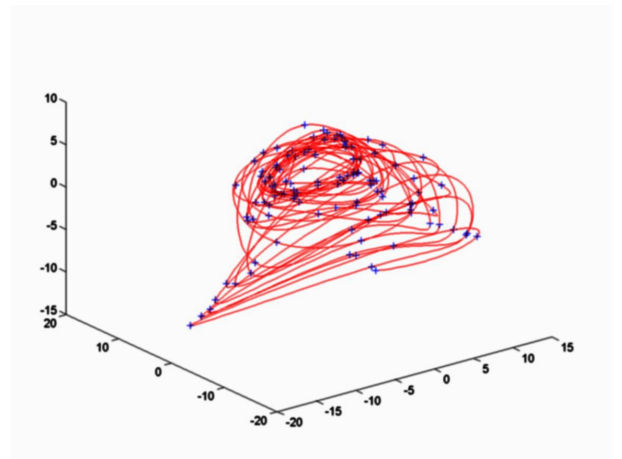


# Phenomenological models



macroscopic

- No consideration of the dynamics of individual objects in detail
- Statistical description of multiparticulate system



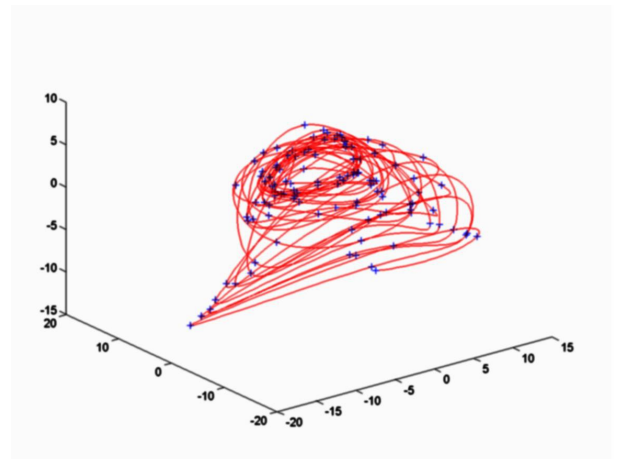
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- Dynamic simulation of the collision process inspired by QCD
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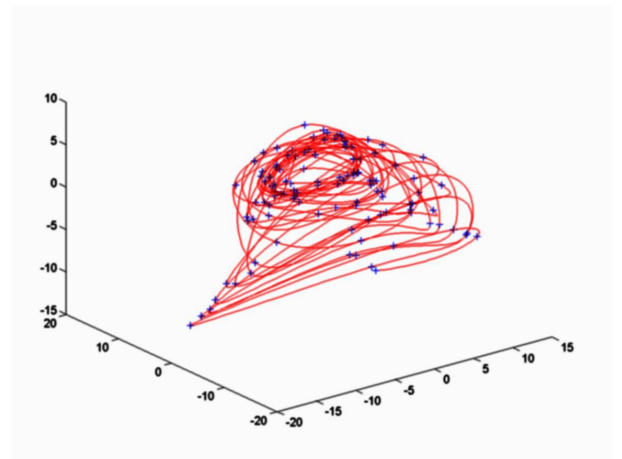
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**What about generators?**

# THERMINATOR generator

- Generates collisions of relativistic ions
- Uses Monte Carlo methods
- Implements thermal models of particle production with single freeze-out



THERMINATOR: THERMal heavy-IoN generATOR  
A. Kisiel, T. Tałuć, W. Broniowski, W. Florkowski.  
Comput.Phys.Commun. 174 (2006) 669-687

```
pszymanski@alix2:/data/users/pszymanski/THERMINATOR/Therminator
#* accessible at: http://www.arxiv.org/nucl-th/0504047
#*
#* Homepage: http://hirg.if.pw.edu.pl/en/therminator/
#*
#* This code can be freely used and redistributed. However if you decide to
#* make modifications to the code, please contact the authors, especially
#* if you plan to publish the results obtained with such modified code.
#* Any publication of results obtained using this code must include the
#* reference to nucl-th/0504047 and the published version of it, when
#* available.
#*
#*****
### This is the Therminator input file ###
# Therminator behaviour is controlled through this file
# Please fill in all the neccessary values

# Number of events to generate
NumberOfEvents = 500

# Start each event with a new random seed taken from current time
Randomize = 1

# The type of input tables
# Now available:
# SHARE - input files from SHARE
TableType = SHARE

# Specify in which directory the SHARE input files are
InputDirSHARE = ./share

# Name of the file to store the events in
EventOutputFile = event.out

# The model of freeze-out to use
# Now available:
# SingleFreezeOut
# BlastWaveVT
FreezeOutModel = BlastWaveVLinear

# Values of parameters of the BlastWave model
# used only when this FreezeOutModel is selected
# Flow velocity
BWVt = 1.23
BWA = -0.5

# Parameters common to both models
# proper time at freeze-out [fm]
Tau = 8.55
# maximum transverse radius [fm]
RhoMax = 5.7555
# Temperature [GeV]
Temperature = 0.161

# Chemical potentials for Isospin, Strangeness, Barion [GeV]
MiuI = -0.0009
MiuS = 0.0069
MiuB = 0.304

# Ranges of integration for z-variables
AlphaRange = 8.0
RapidityRange = 4.0

# Number of samples used in multiplicity and max. integrand determination
NumberOFIntegrateSamples = 1000000
```

```

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#*
#* Homepage: http://hirg.if.pw.edu.pl/en/therminator/
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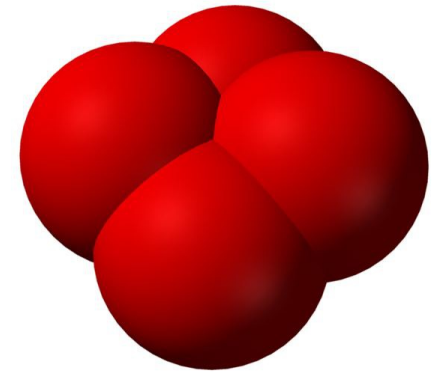
```

## Input file takes following information:

- The number of events
- Parameters:
  - Temperature [GeV]
  - $\mu_B, \mu_S, \mu_I$  [GeV]
  - $BW V_t$
  - $\tau, \rho_{max}$

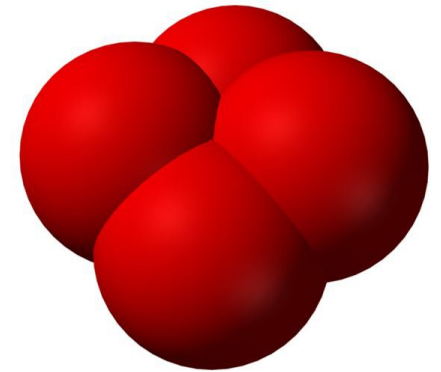
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- Temperature ( $T$ ) and chemical potentials:  
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BWVt, Tau and RhoMax affect the produced particles

The relation between RhoMax and Tau is:

$$\rho_{max} \cdot \tau = V$$

$V$  is the volume of the source

# Therminator generator – output file

```
Therminator text output
all_particles_p_x
Therminator
1      5255      0.000      0.000
0  5218      -1.659721e+00      -8.599909e-02      -8.989090e+00      9.414261e+00      2.250000e+00      -1.674057e+01      -8.735474e+00      -1.038539e+02      1.092653e+02
1  8901      -1.365788e+00      -1.308702e+00      -9.974298e+00      1.035207e+01      2.025000e+00      -1.416694e+01      -2.056895e+01      -1.480015e+02      1.511954e+02
2  119      4.258143e-01      1.658937e+00      -8.952060e+00      9.334289e+00      2.014000e+00      6.166333e+00      2.925372e+01      -1.211237e+02      1.244207e+02
3  119      5.052830e-01      7.597097e-01      6.615291e-01      2.307875e+00      2.014000e+00      -9.244704e+00      1.526590e+00      1.099618e+01      4.024736e+01
4  20225      8.952667e-01      9.118563e-01      5.929226e-01      2.455333e+00      2.011000e+00      2.588561e+01      1.480875e+01      3.867890e+00      2.875127e+01
5  2118      -2.037936e+00      1.593500e-02      -4.241002e+00      5.093332e+00      1.950000e+00      -2.939204e+01      1.186835e+01      -5.618252e+01      6.257472e+01
6  -67000      7.313909e-01      -1.093284e+00      3.687565e-01      2.380900e+00      1.950000e+00      1.890986e+01      -1.665551e+01      8.482258e+00      3.194812e+01
7  -23114      -1.024778e+00      1.095195e+00      -4.763472e+00      5.357601e+00      1.940000e+00      -1.937354e+01      -1.537002e+00      -8.306537e+01      8.963512e+01
8  -23214      -9.544941e-01      1.144178e+00      6.372825e+00      6.826178e+00      1.940000e+00      -2.333213e+01      1.075778e+01      4.539638e+01      5.472127e+01
9  11116      1.047349e+00      -5.057926e-01      4.519443e+00      5.050052e+00      1.930000e+00      3.645622e+00      -1.312381e+01      9.131405e+01      9.837241e+01
10 -11216      3.572342e-01      1.010360e+00      -2.074199e+00      3.029133e+00      1.930000e+00      1.053371e+01      2.620443e+01      -2.753442e+01      4.019270e+01
11 -12126      9.490886e-01      -7.437465e-01      -1.335749e+00      2.638760e+00      1.930000e+00      3.013673e+01      -9.927932e+00      -1.051130e+01      2.947410e+01
12 -12126      1.290726e+00      1.557681e+00      -7.139890e+00      7.667808e+00      1.930000e+00      6.156516e+00      9.234727e+00      -1.031000e+02      1.098288e+02
13 22114      5.732440e-01      -7.823673e-01      -4.885746e-01      2.205859e+00      1.920000e+00      1.448873e+01      -5.920079e+00      -2.681964e+01      4.455212e+01
14 22114      -3.901486e-01      -3.418125e-01      -2.949353e+00      3.557265e+00      1.920000e+00      -9.927925e+00      -1.163103e+01      -1.136871e+02      1.191771e+02
15 13216      -1.223497e+00      8.021664e-01      3.098639e+00      3.925456e+00      1.915000e+00      -2.190540e+01      -4.760386e+00      6.497287e+01      7.251098e+01
16 13226      -1.500176e+00      1.976538e+00      -1.267330e+00      3.380914e+00      1.915000e+00      -9.623184e+00      1.635853e+01      -2.144432e+01      4.012288e+01
17 13226      4.513521e-01      -6.309102e-01      1.310972e+00      2.446965e+00      1.915000e+00      2.093106e+01      -1.106341e+01      2.353163e+01      3.936993e+01
18 -13216      -6.016757e-01      1.139397e+00      -3.089999e+00      3.856884e+00      1.915000e+00      -2.473792e+01      3.177983e+00      -3.719694e+01      4.837667e+01
19 22122      2.982088e-01      1.026156e+00      5.530477e+00      5.947790e+00      1.910000e+00      1.945088e+01      1.710184e+01      8.171901e+01      8.720815e+01
20 1116      5.711217e-02      1.482624e-01      4.927869e-01      1.974109e+00      1.905000e+00      3.171281e+00      2.077467e+00      -1.133869e+01      4.302635e+01
21 -1216      1.643320e-01      7.938368e-01      -1.232339e+00      2.409329e+00      1.905000e+00      -1.097657e+01      -1.204289e+00      -4.062362e+01      5.554419e+01
22 23124      1.215571e-01      -7.914168e-02      -4.813670e+00      5.173447e+00      1.890000e+00      9.981600e+00      -2.262151e+01      -7.223383e+01      7.861991e+01
23 23124      6.365846e-01      8.738308e-01      -6.834744e-01      2.282117e+00      1.890000e+00      2.176244e+01      2.129114e+01      -1.961878e+01      3.433536e+01
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## Output information:

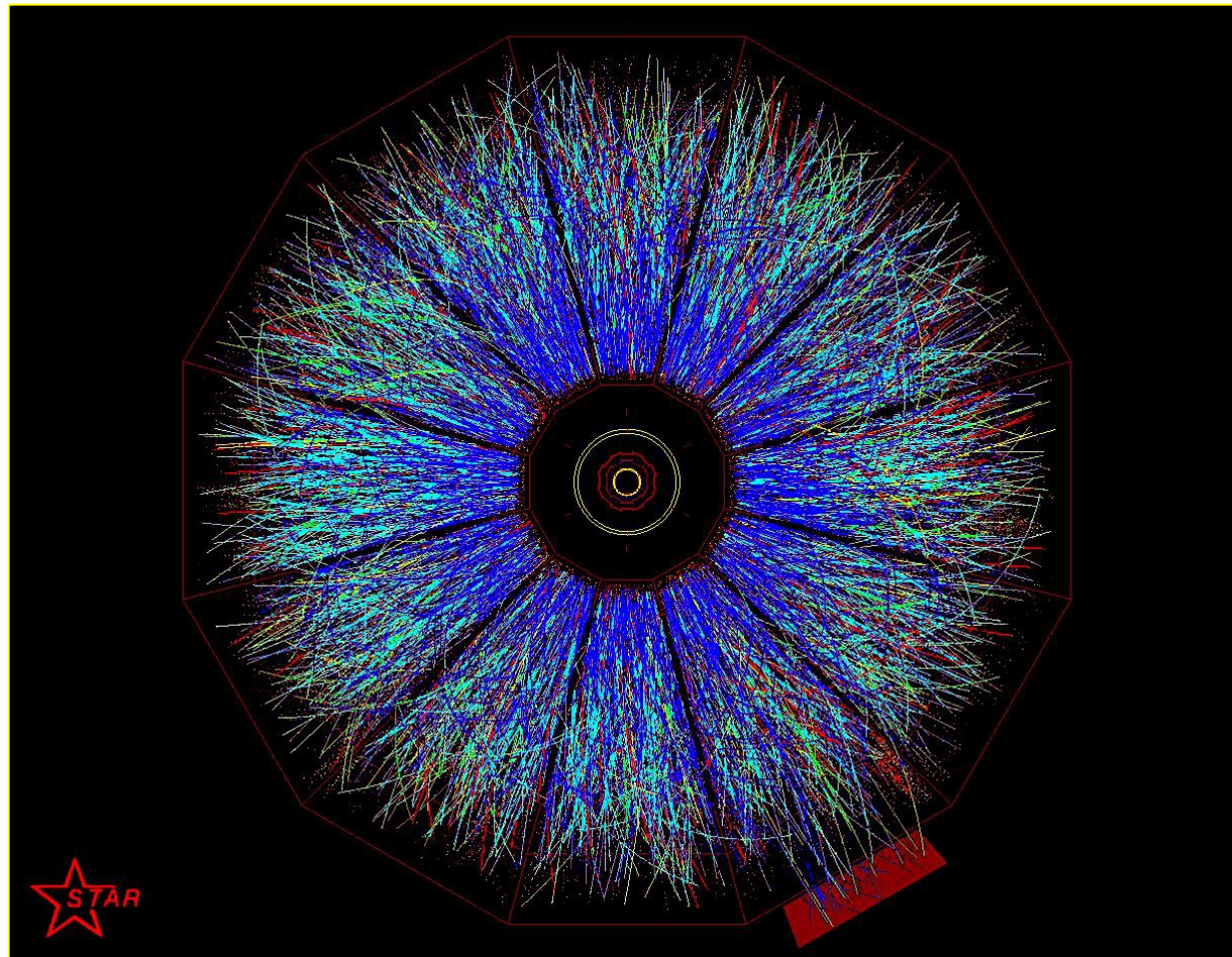
- Type of particle (PDG number)
- Components of the momentum ( $p_x, p_y, p_z$ ) [GeV/c]
- Energy  $E$  [GeV]
- Mass  $m$  [GeV/c<sup>2</sup>]
- Space-time coordinates of creation ( $x, y, z$ ) [fm],  $t$  [fm/c]

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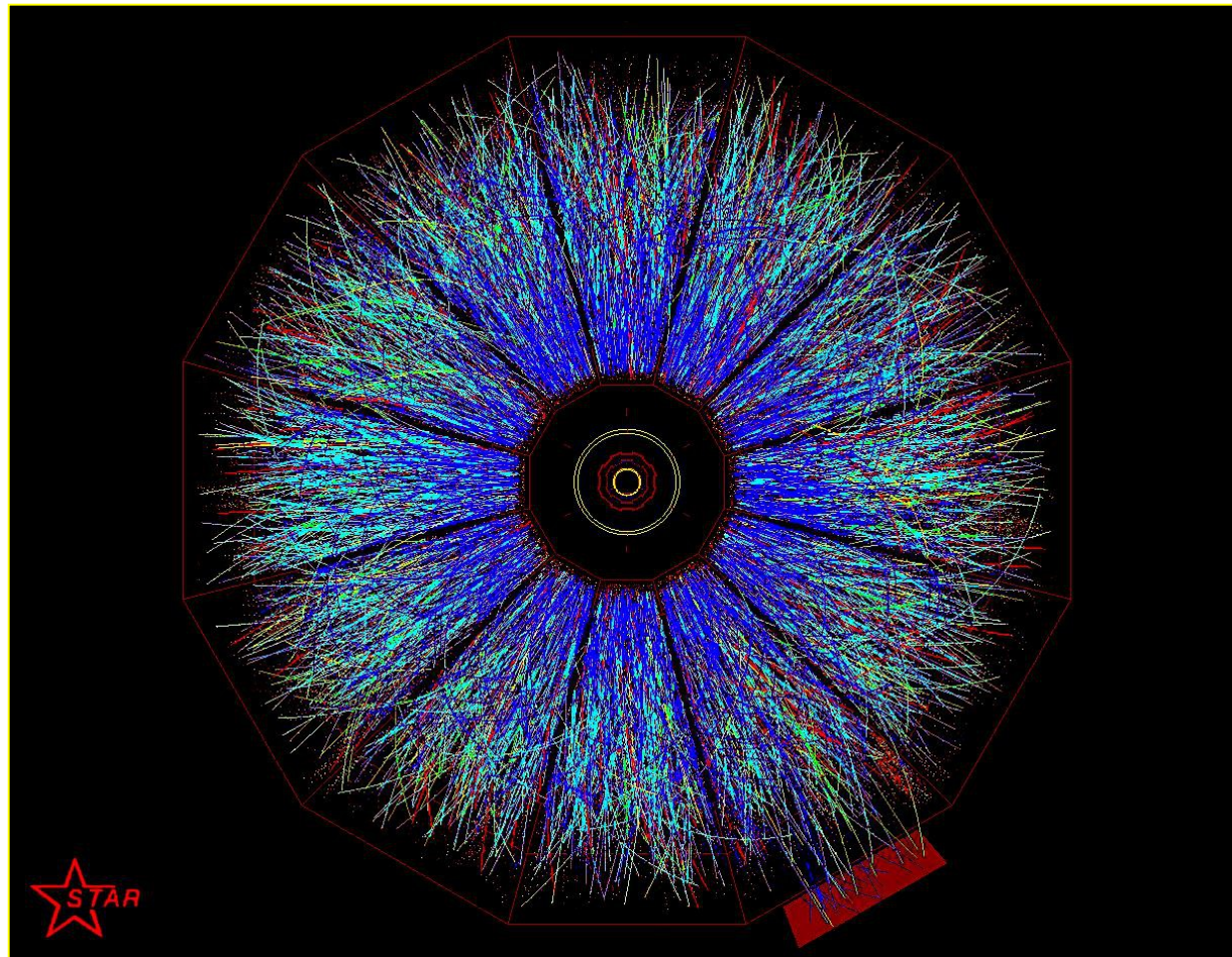
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## Goal of the RHIC Heavy Ion Program:

- search the QGP and measure its properties
- scan the QCD phase diagram



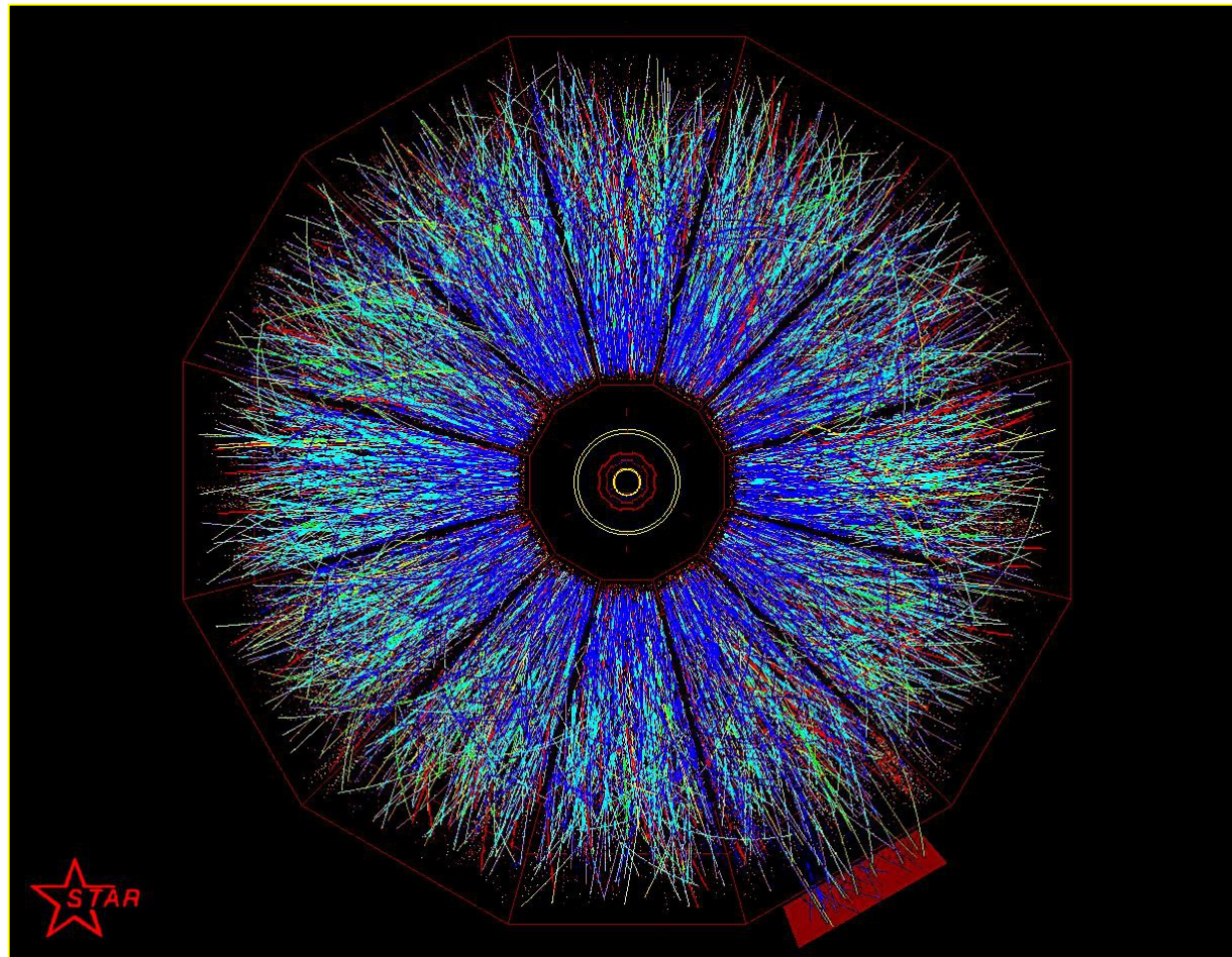
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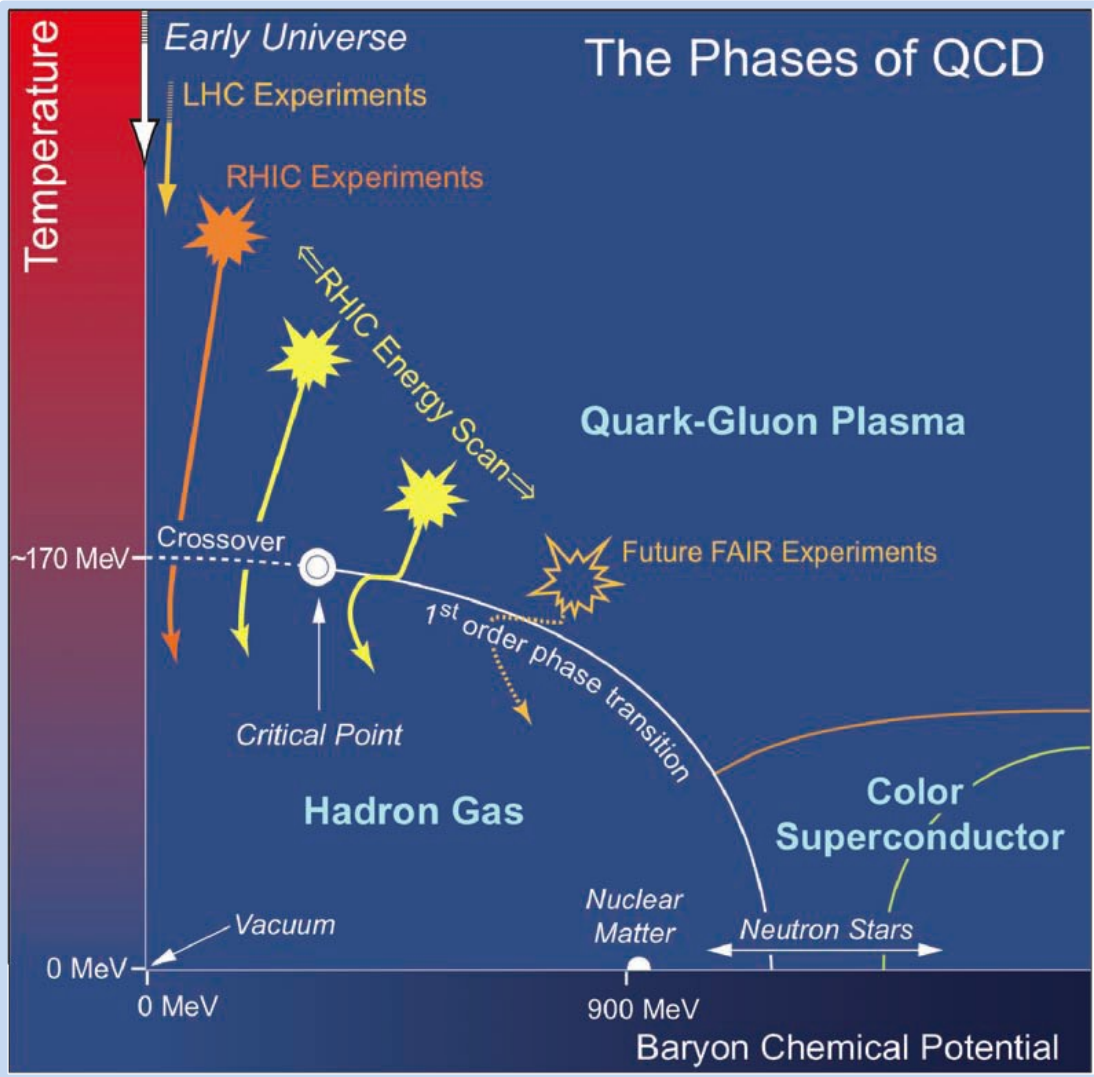
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## We learned about..

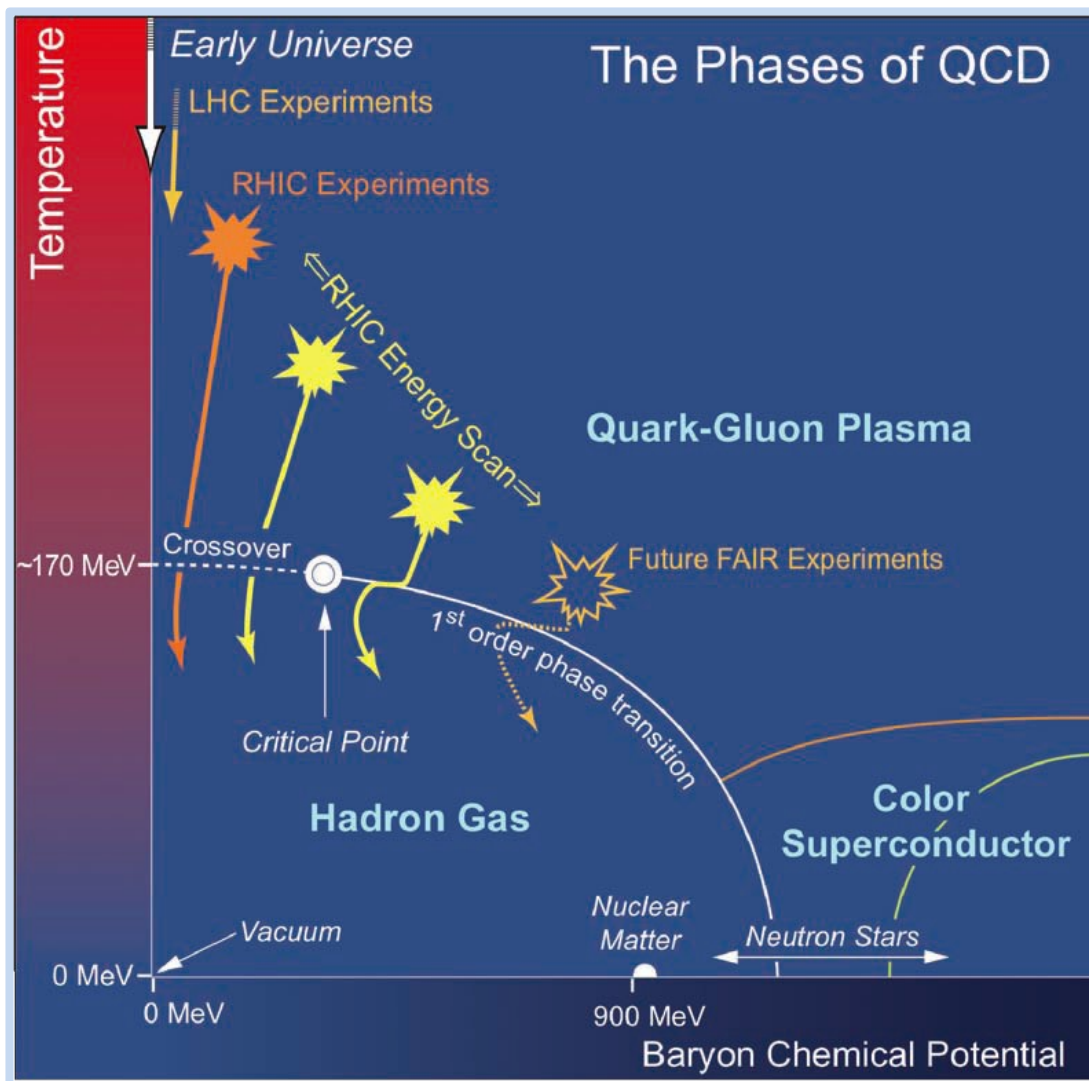
.. strongly interacting, hot, dense matter with partonic collectivity



# Beam Energy Scan at RHIC



# Beam Energy Scan at RHIC

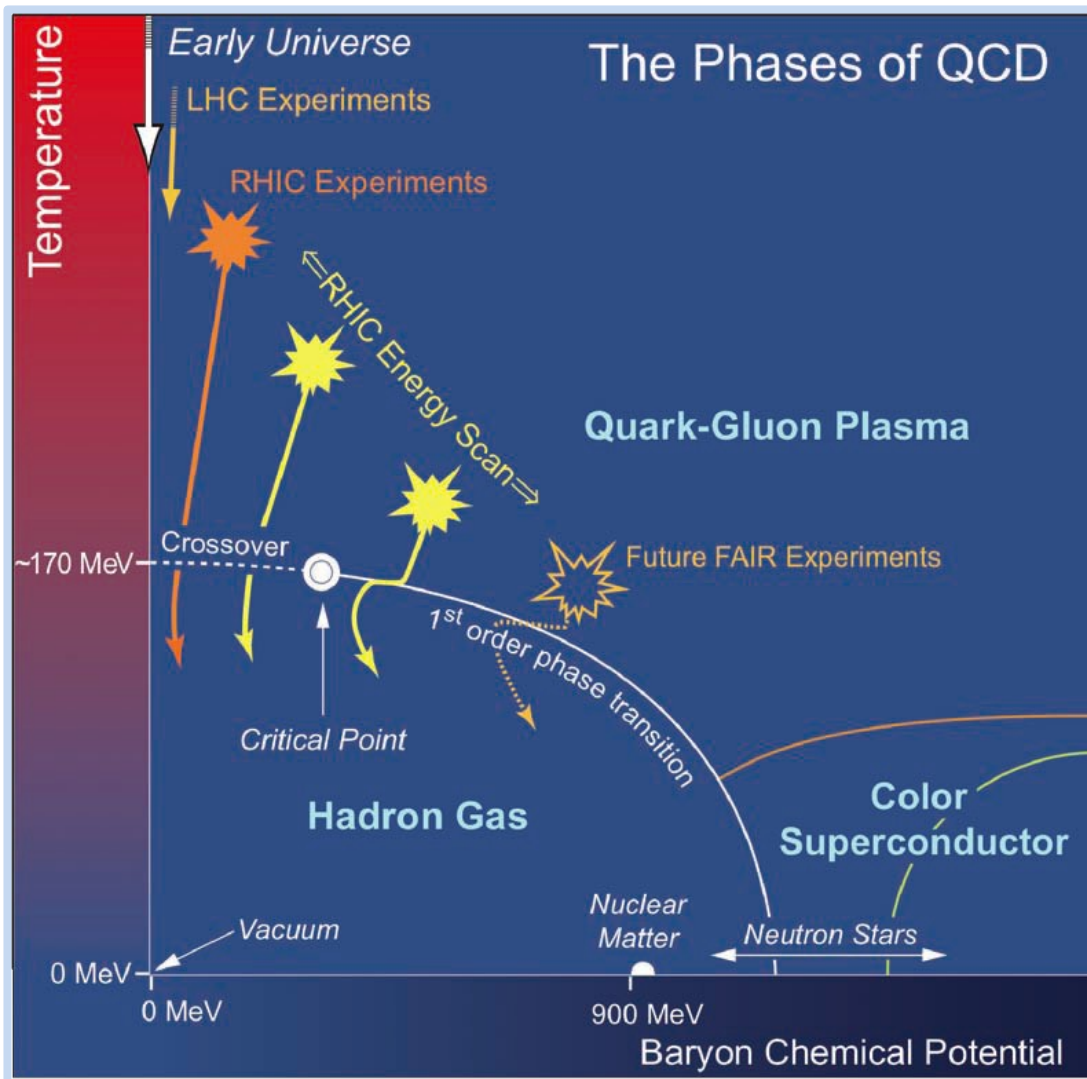


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QGP is new and complicated phase of matter

QGP exhibits unique and unexpected properties

# Beam Energy Scan at RHIC



RHIC was built to find QGP.

QGP is new and complicated phase of matter

QGP exhibits unique and unexpected properties

Big progress in understanding its nature:

- high collision energy – cross over transition
- low collision energy – 1<sup>st</sup> order transition and the Critical Point

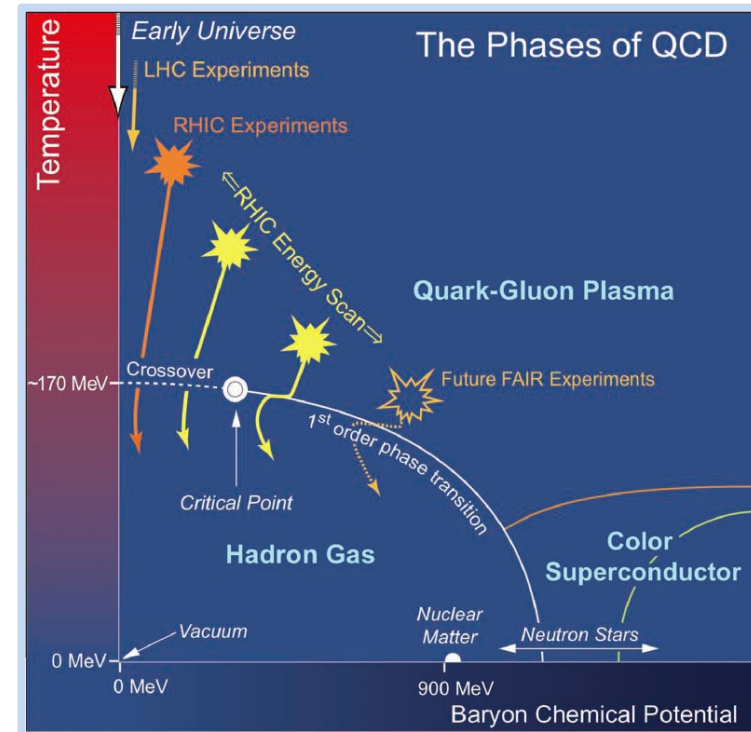
$$\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 7.7 - 200 \text{ GeV}$$

$$20 \text{ MeV} < \mu_B < 420 \text{ MeV}$$

# BES goals

1. Search for turn-off of sQGP signatures
2. Search for the QCD critical point
3. Search for the signals of phase transition/phase boundary

Where are we on the QCD Phase Diagram ?



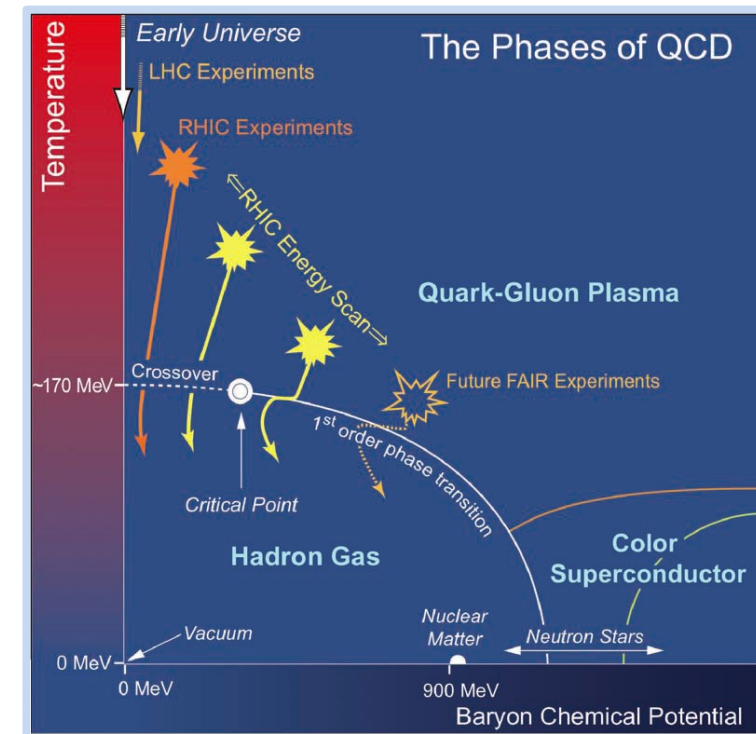
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STAR: <http://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/starnotes/public/sn0493>, [arXiv:1007.2613](https://arxiv.org/abs/1007.2613)

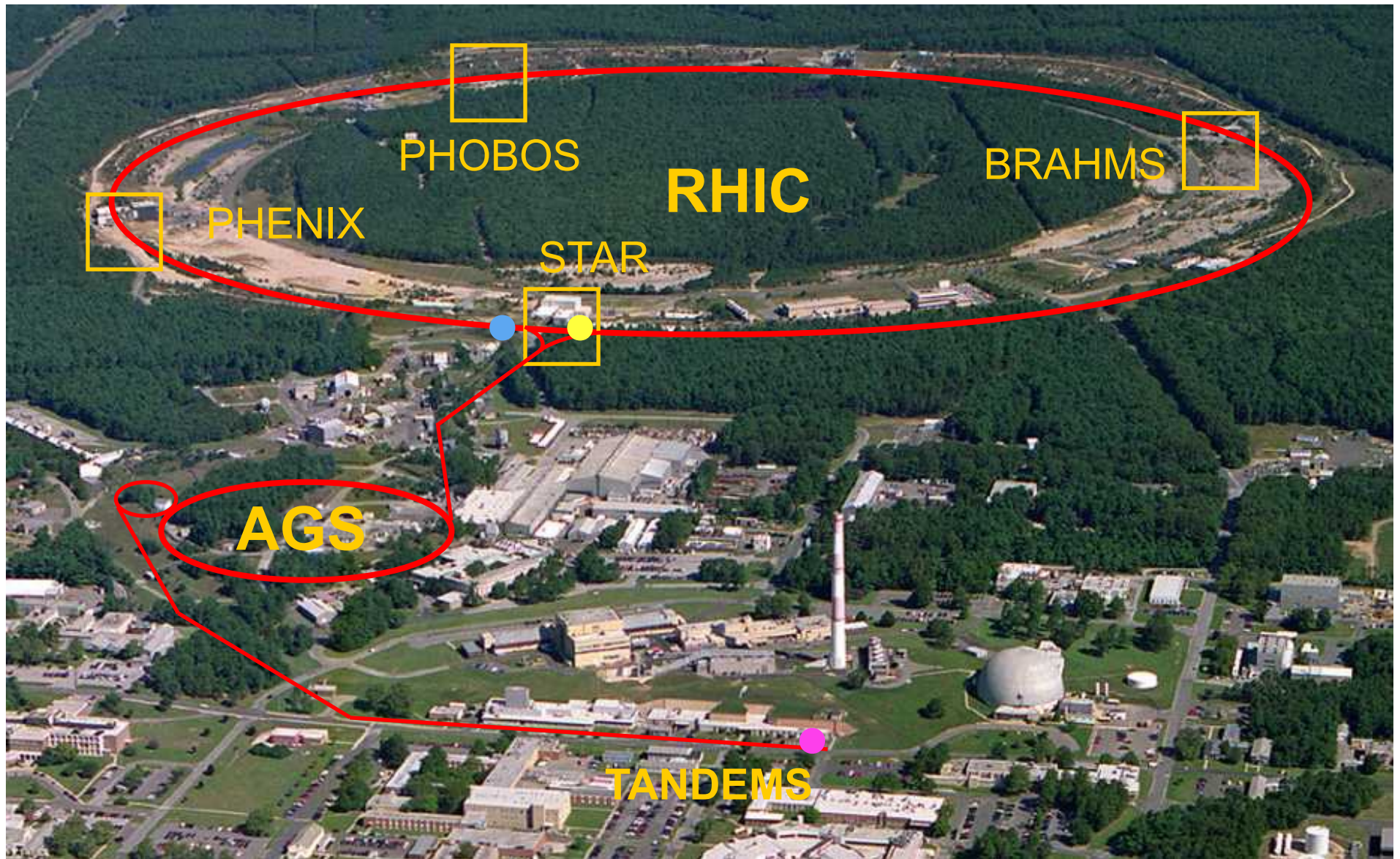
Year	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	$\mu_B$ (MeV)	Events ( $10^6$ )
2010	200	20	350
2010	62.4	70	67
2010	39	115	130
2011	27	155	70
2011	19.6	205	36
2014	14.5	260	20
2010	11.5	315	12
2010	7.7	420	4

Where are we on the QCD Phase Diagram ?



# Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC)

Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL), New York



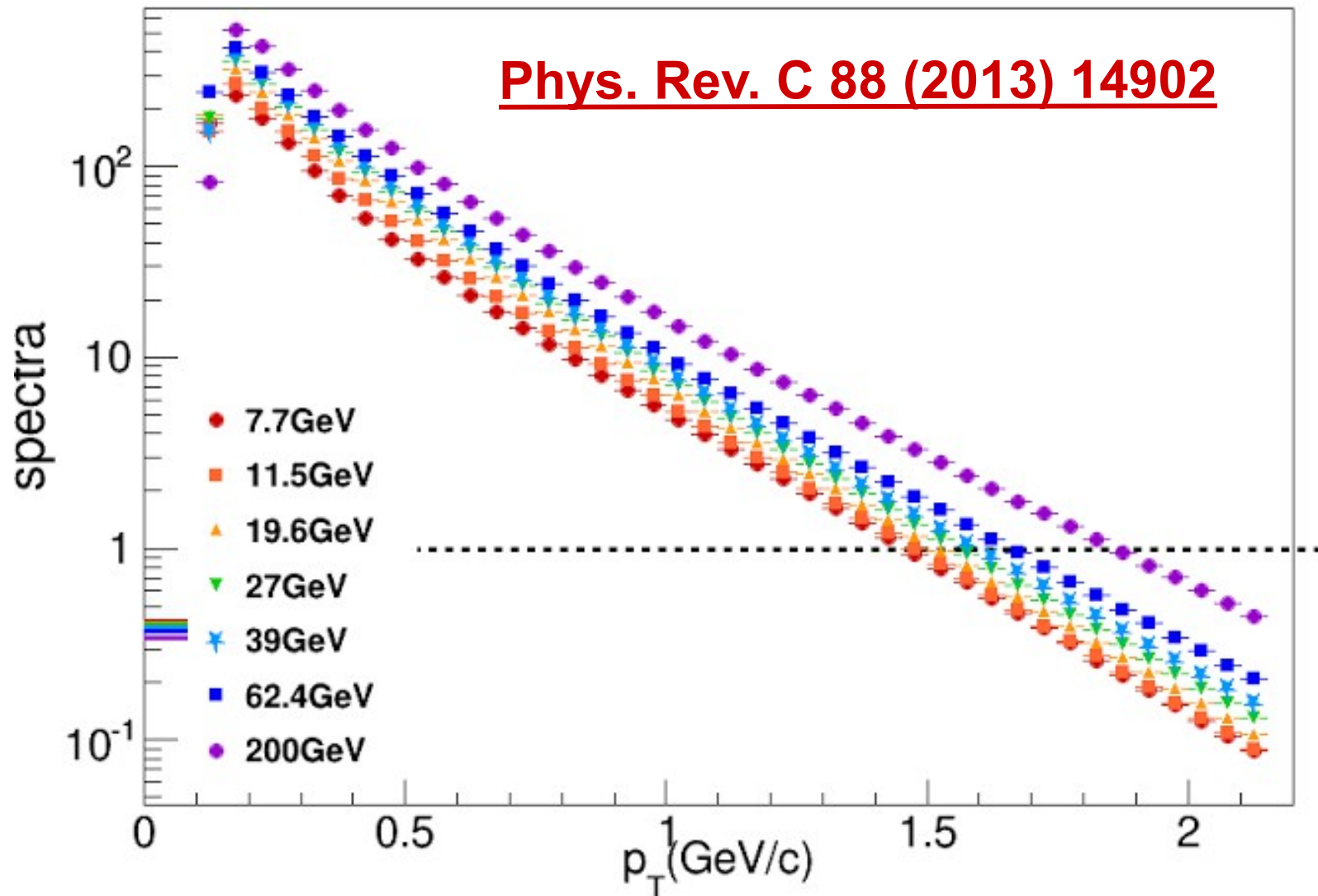
- 2 concentric rings of 1740 superconducting magnets
- 3.8 km circumference

# Outline

- 1) Introduction to THERMINATOR generator
- 2) BES program
- 3) **THERMINATOR for BES**
- 3) Single particle distributions
- 4) Two-particle correlations
- 5) Summary and conclusions



# Therminator model

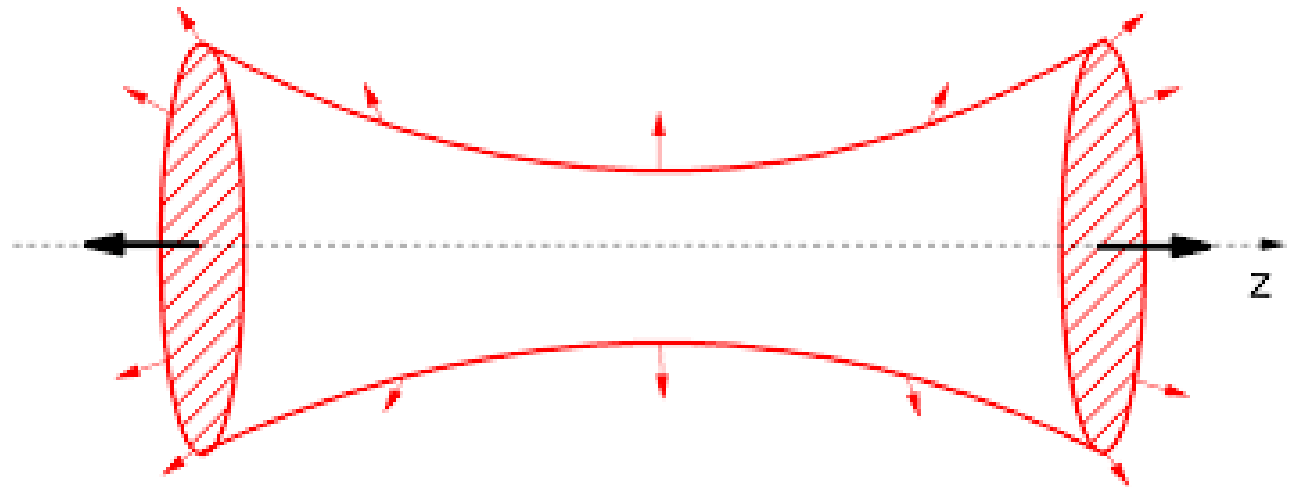


All charged hadrons

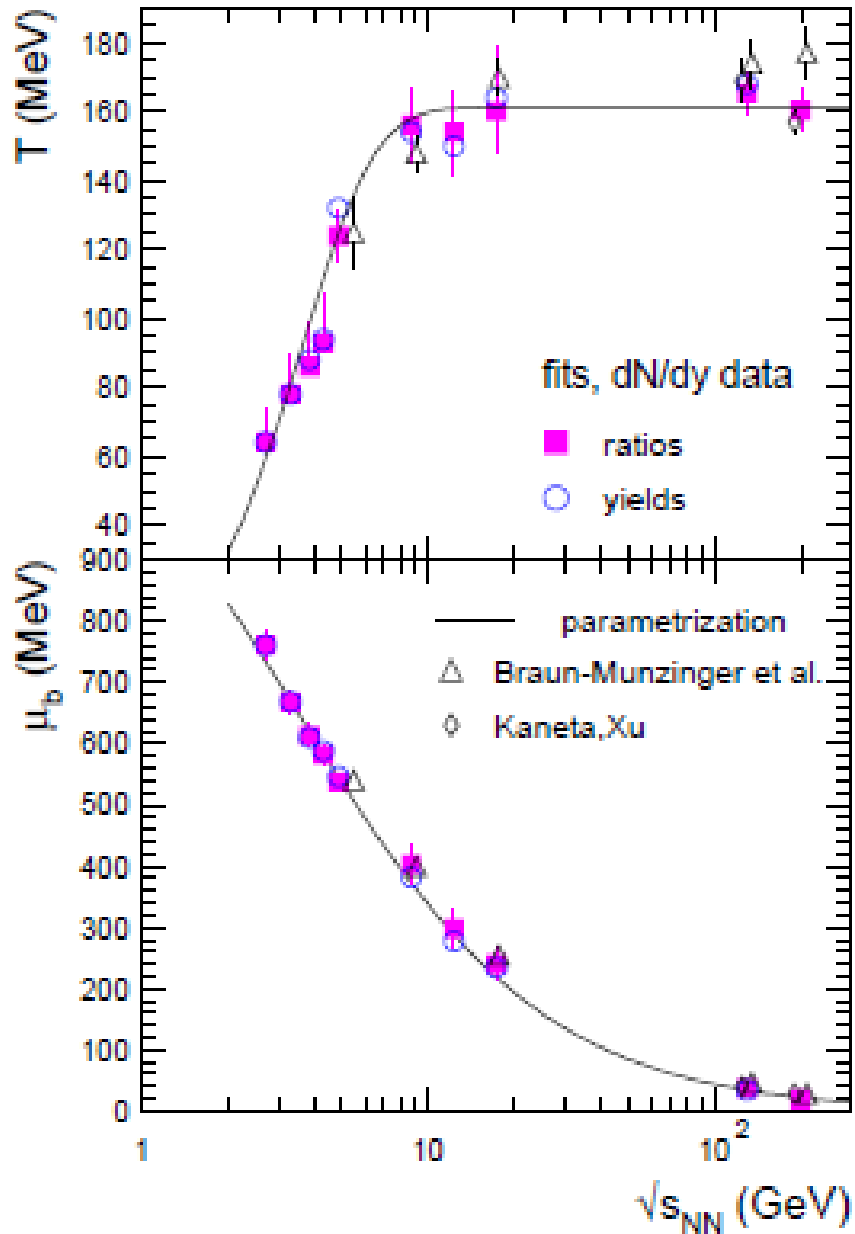
# Therminator model

The parameters for collision energy  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV:

- $T = 161$  [MeV]
- $\mu_B = 28.5$  [MeV]
- $BWVt = 0.311$
- $\text{Tau} = 8.55$  [fm]
- $\text{RhoMax} = 8.92$  [fm]



# Therminator model

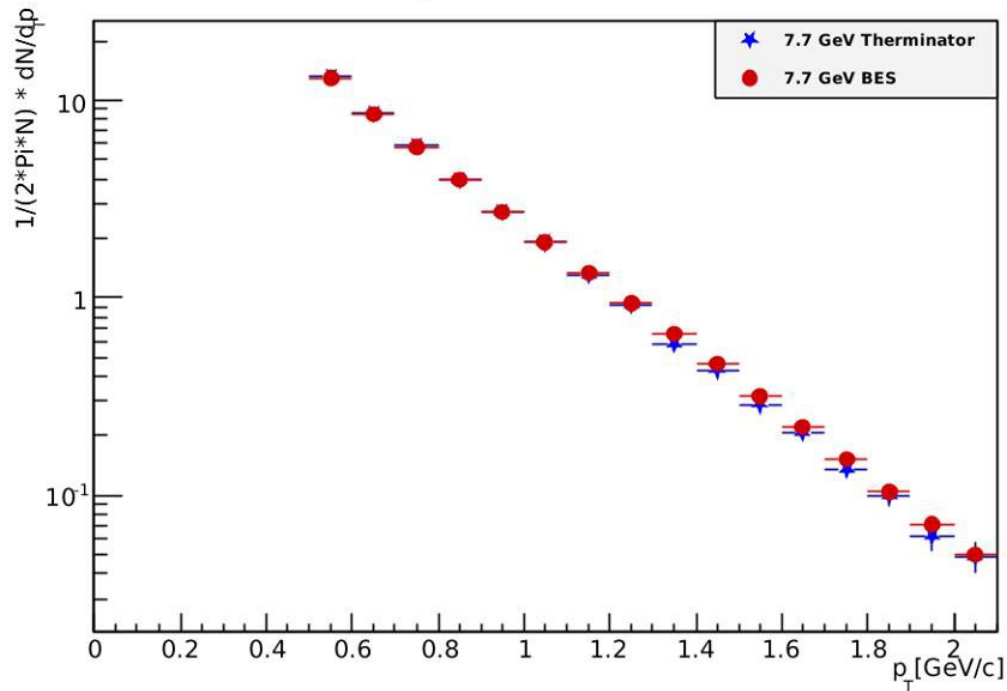


$$T = T_{\text{lim}} \cdot \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{0.7 + \frac{e^{\sqrt{s_{NN}} - 2.9}}{1.5}} \right]$$

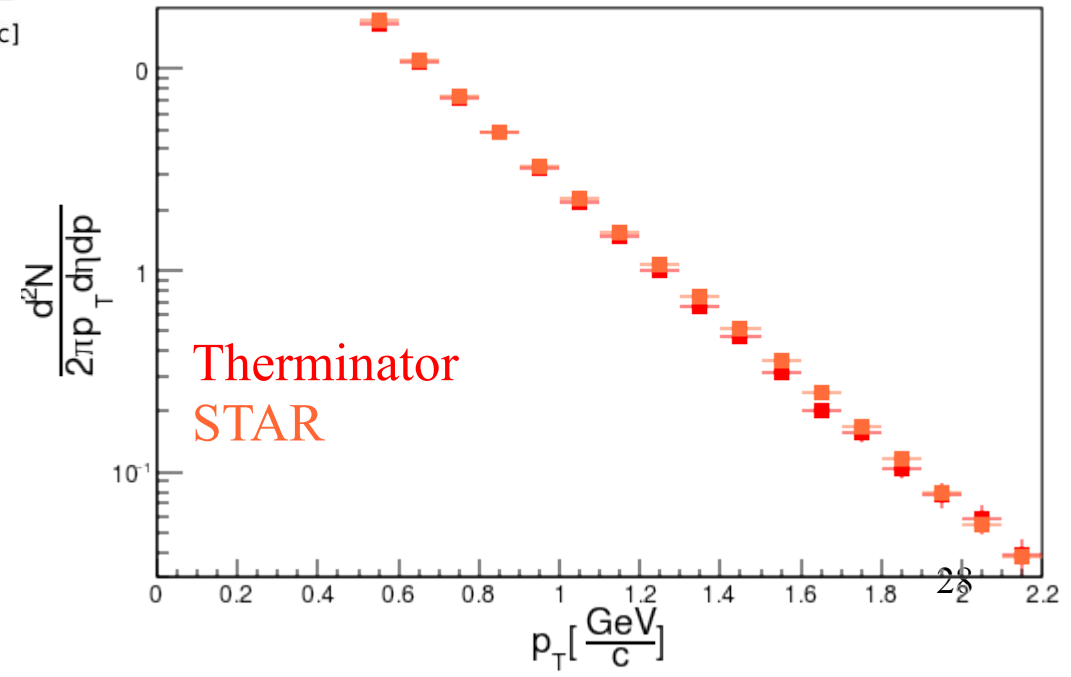
$$\mu_B = \frac{a}{1 + b \sqrt{s_{NN}}}$$

# Therminator model

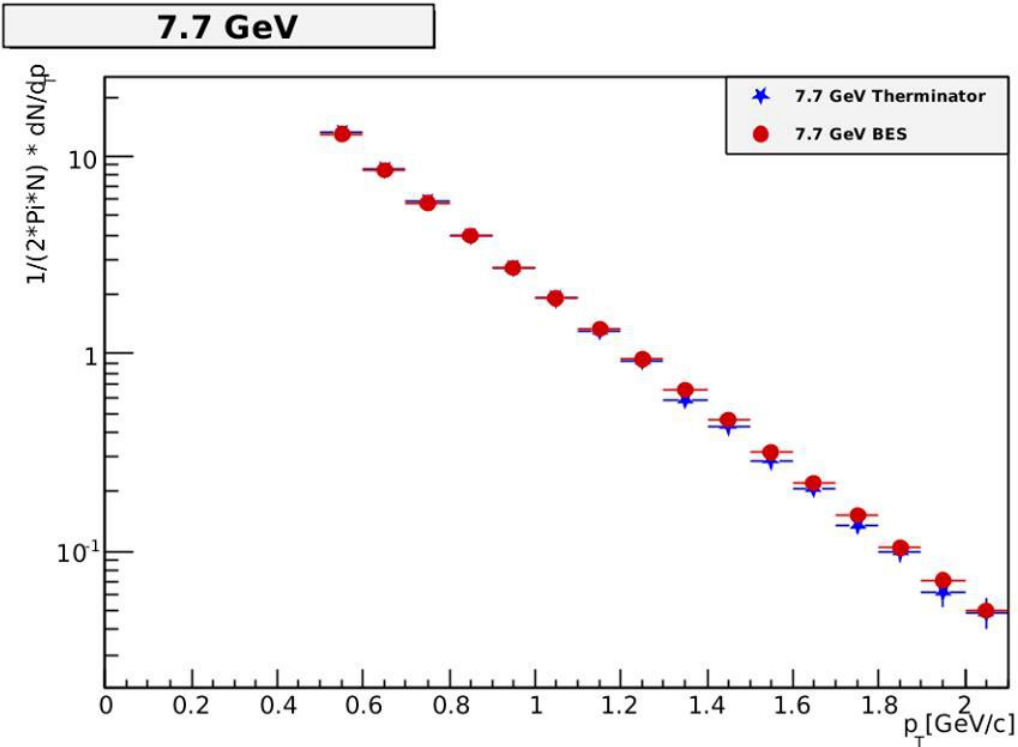
7.7 GeV



Spektra 11.5 GeV - Therminator

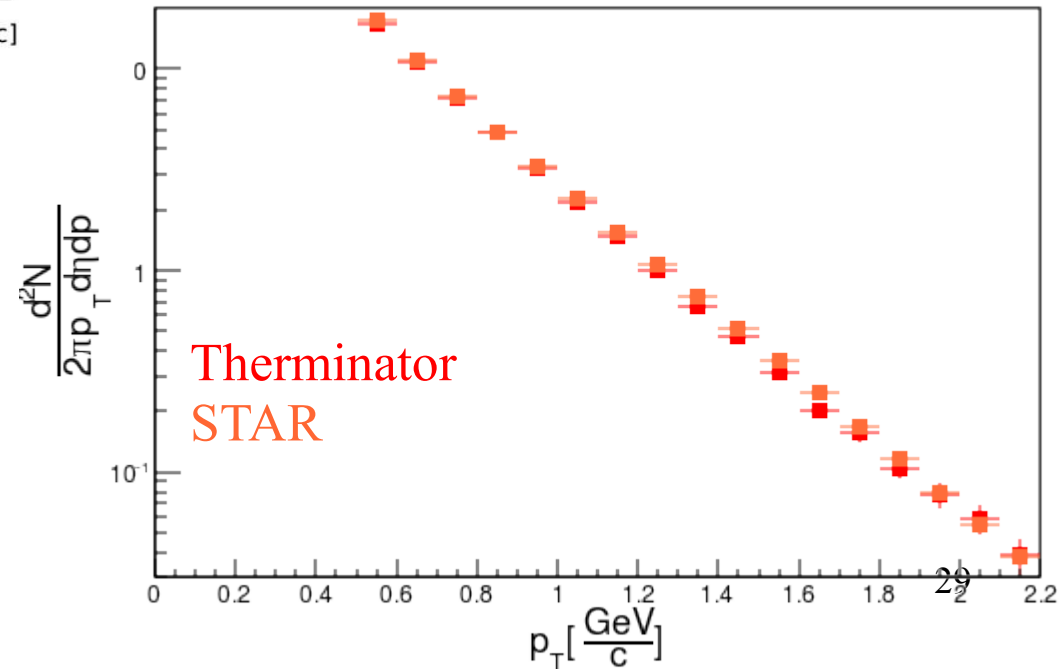


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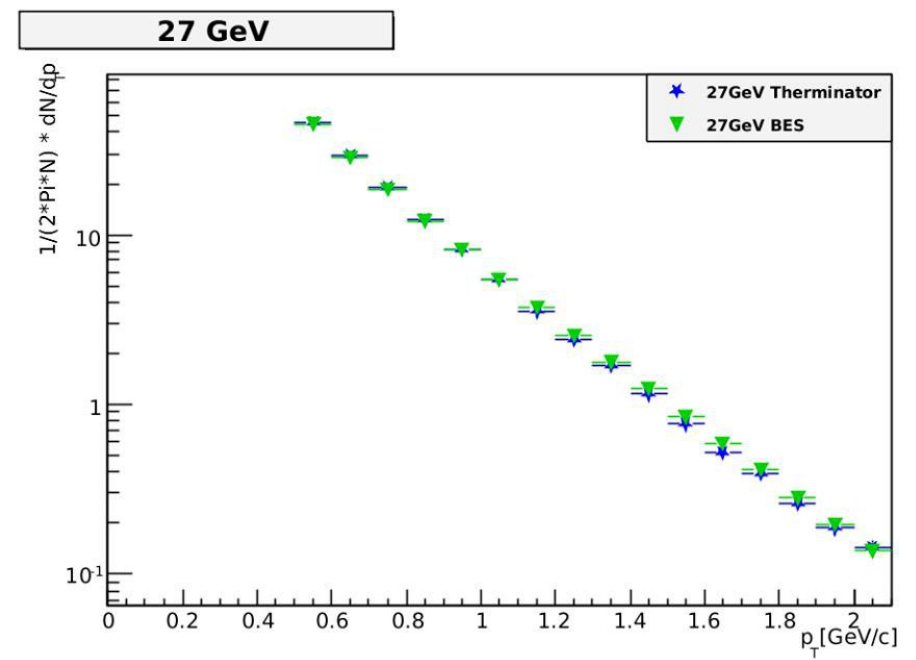
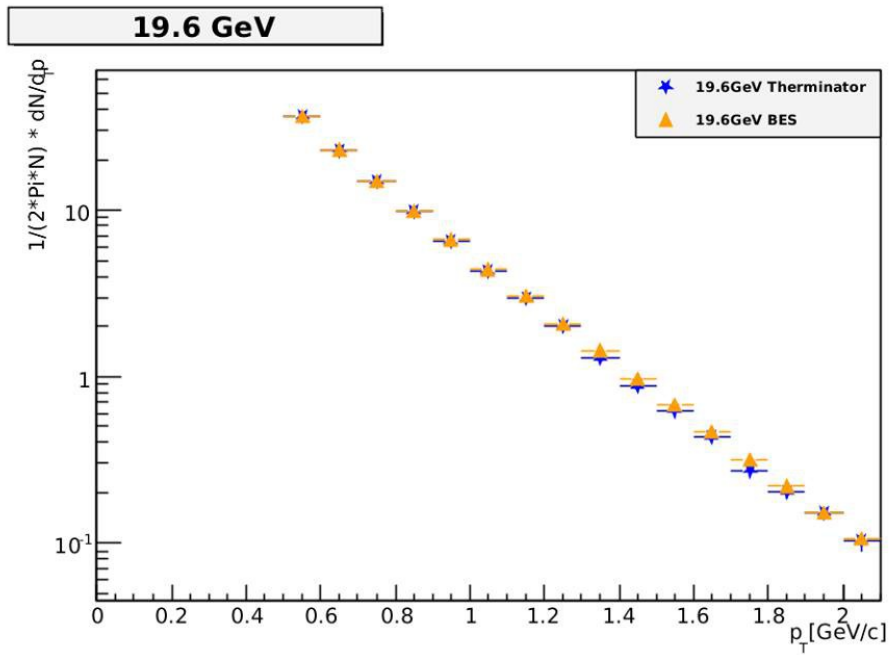


Good agreement between STAR data  
THERMINATOR input  
 $\chi^2 / \text{NDF} \approx 1$

Spektra 11.5 GeV - Therminator

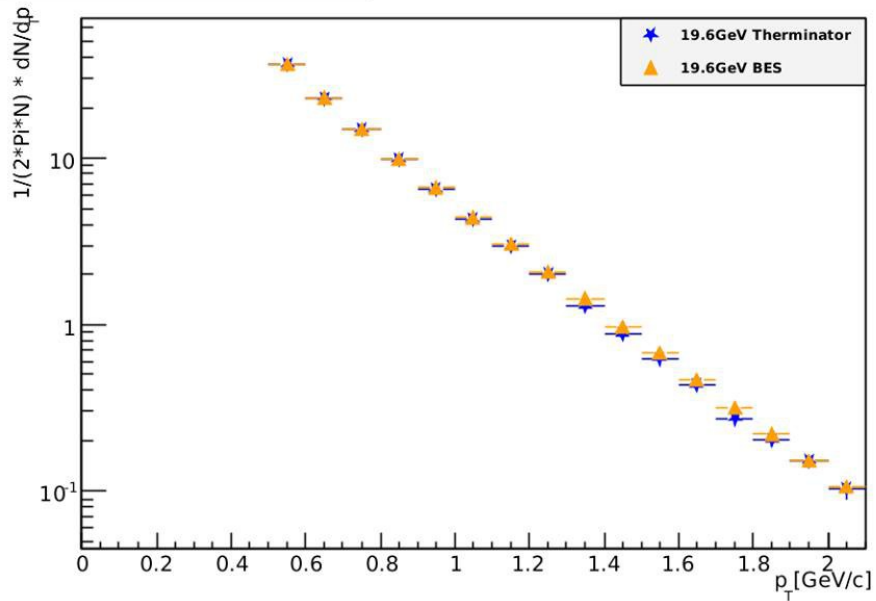


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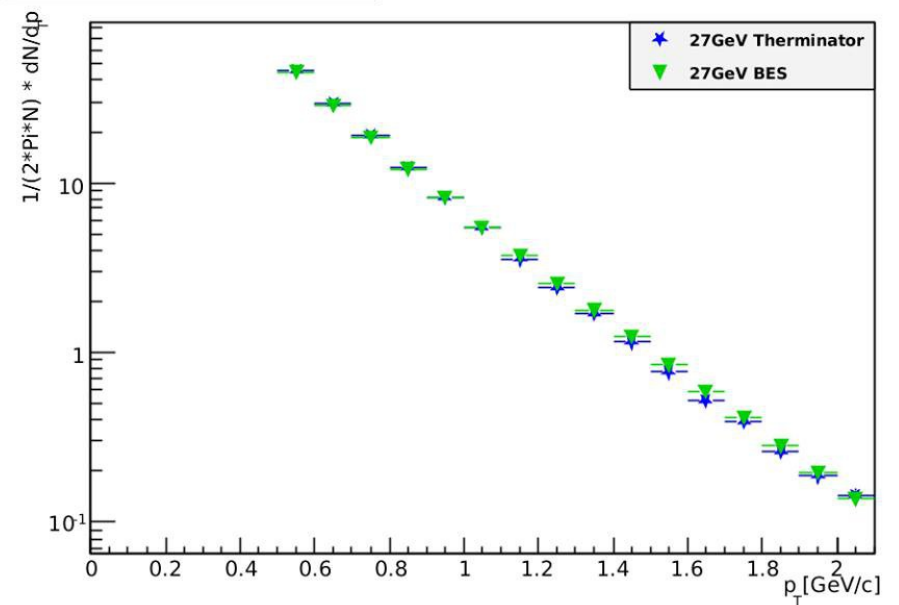


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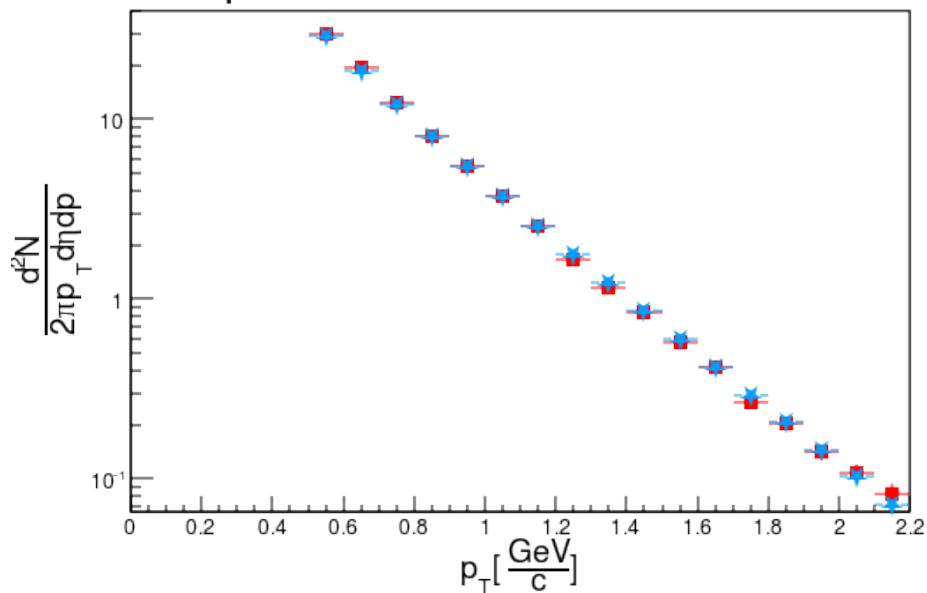
19.6 GeV



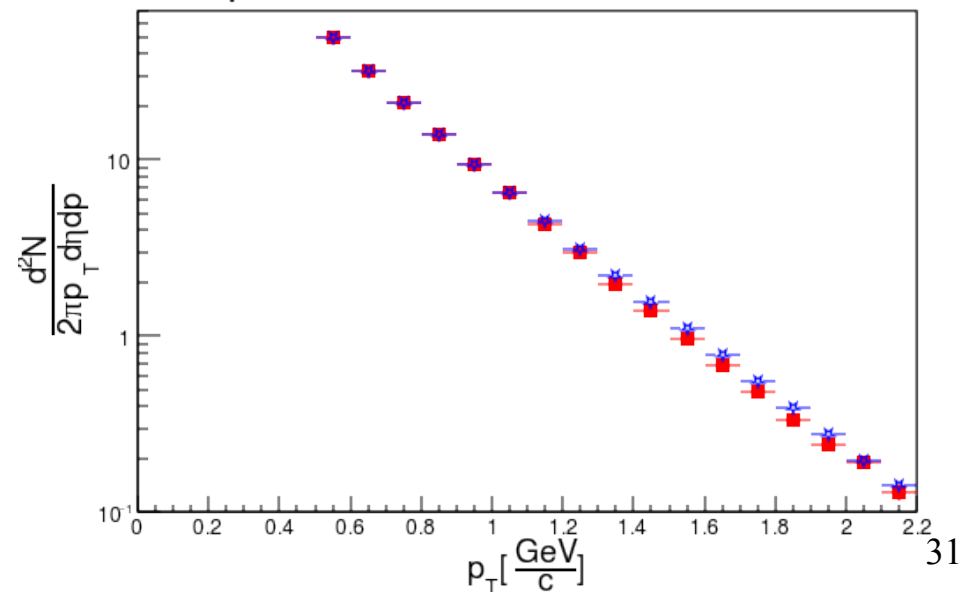
27 GeV



Spektra 39 GeV - Therminator



Spektra 62.4 GeV - Therminator



# Therminator model

Tab. 1: Parametry Therminatora dla energii BES

Energia [GeV]	T [MeV]	$\mu_B$ [MeV]	$\tau$ [fm]	$\rho_{max}$ [fm]	$V_T$
7.7	160.9	406.9	8.55	2.1	1.59
11.5	161	304	8.55	2.75	1.575
19.6	161	197.3	8.55	4.6	1.547
27	161	149.44	8.55	5.42	1.51
39	161	107	8.55	5.485	1.27
62.4	161	69.1	8.55	5.76	1.23

# Therminator model

Nucl.Phys.A772:167-199,2006

$$T[MeV] = T_{lim} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{0.7 + (e^{\sqrt{s_{NN}}[GeV]} - 2.9)/1.5} \right)$$
$$\mu_B[MeV] = \frac{a}{1 + b\sqrt{s_{NN}}[GeV]}$$

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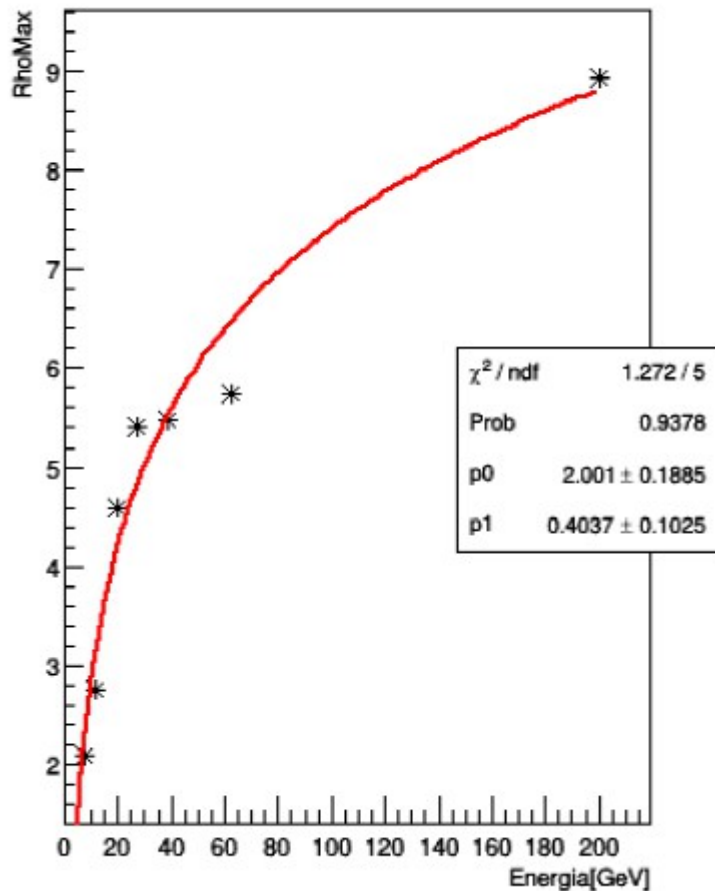
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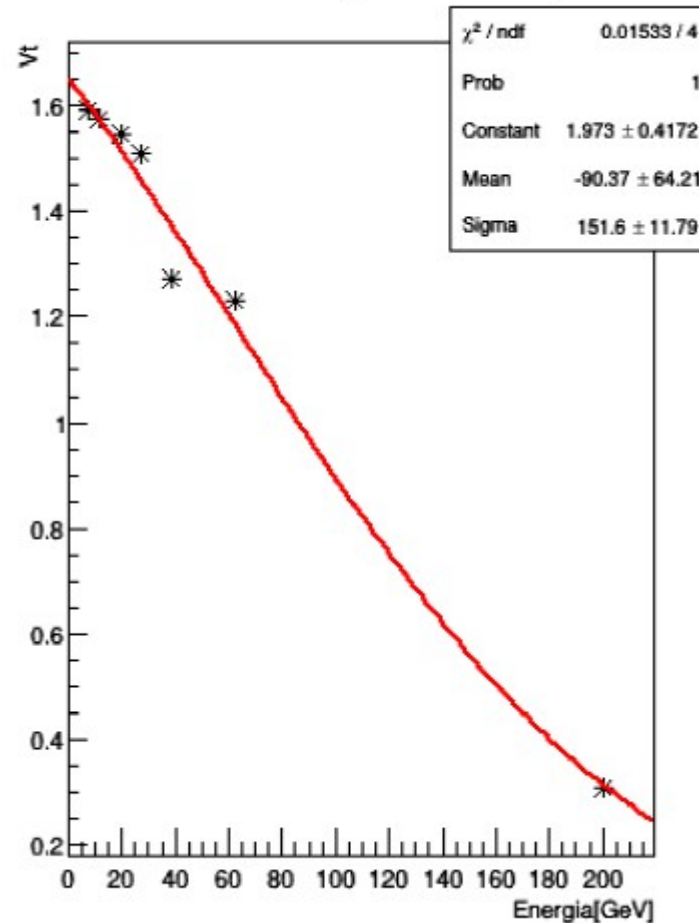
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Parametr RhoMax (dla Tau=8.55)



Parametr Vt (dla Tau=8.55)



# Therminator model

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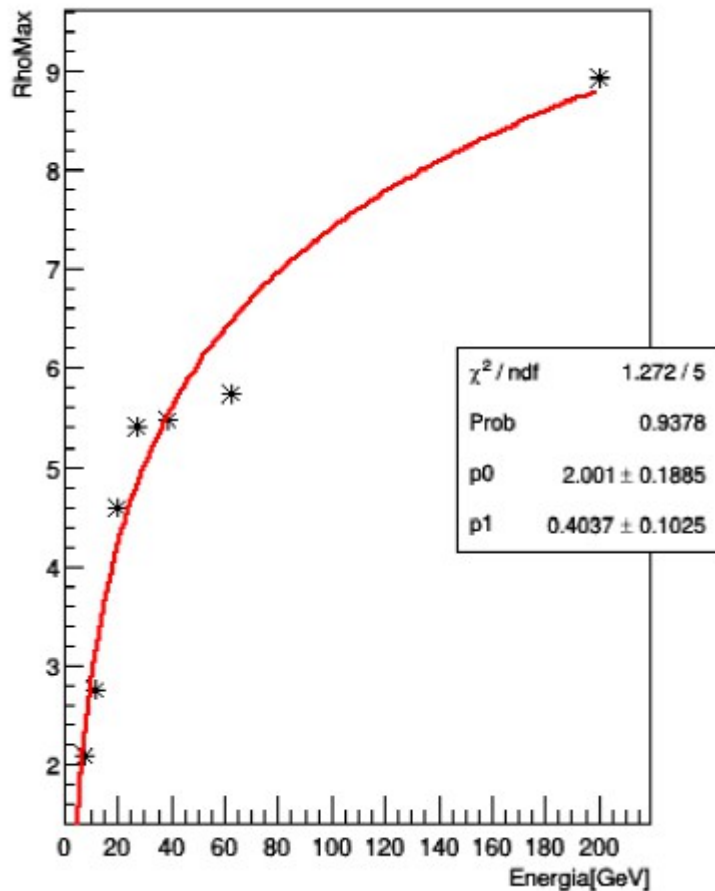
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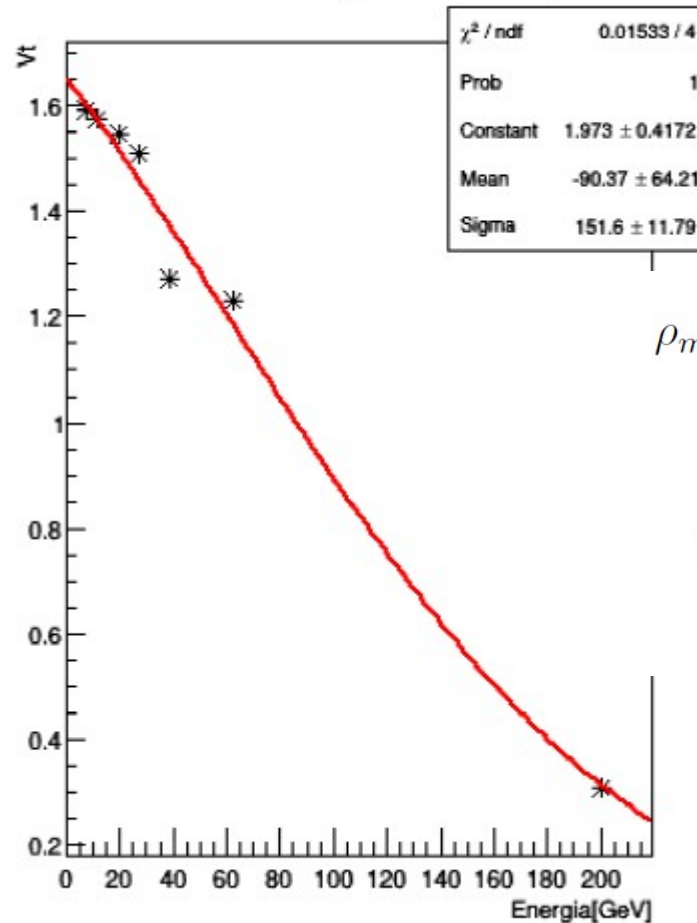
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Parametr RhoMax (dla Tau=8.55)



Parametr Vt (dla Tau=8.55)



$$\rho_{max} = 2.001 \cdot \ln(0.4037\sqrt{s_{NN}})$$

$$V_t = \frac{1}{151.6\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-(\sqrt{s_{NN}}+90.37)^2}{45965,12}}$$

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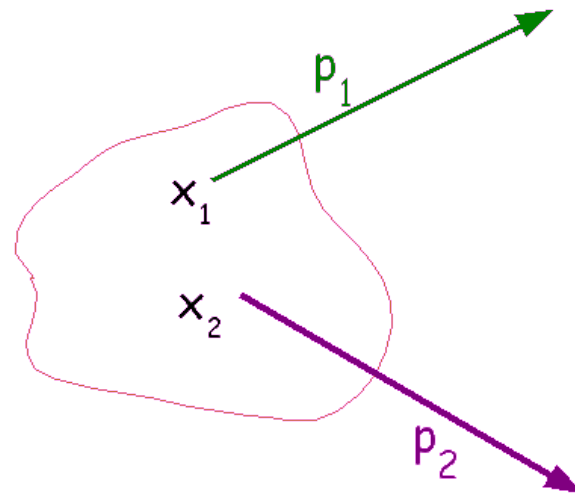
# Femtoscscopy

## Single- and two- particle distributions

$$P_1(p) = E \frac{dN}{d^3p} = \int d^4x S(x, p)$$

**S(x,p)** – emission function: the distribution of source density probability of finding particle with x and p

$$P_2(p_1, p_2) = E_1 E_2 \frac{dN}{d^3p_1 d^3p_2} = \int d^4x_1 S(x_1, p_1) d^4x_2 S(x_2, p_2) \Phi(x_2, p_2 | x_1, p_1)$$



# Femtoscscopy

## Single- and two- particle distributions

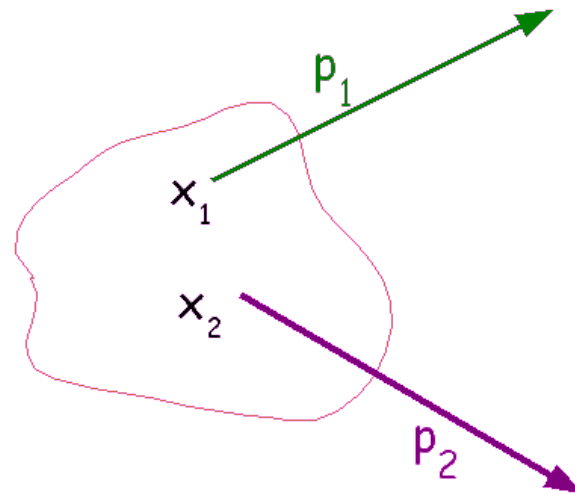
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## The correlation function

$$C(p_1, p_2) = \frac{P_2(p_1, p_2)}{P_1(p_1)P_1(p_2)}$$



# Two – pion correlations

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Number of analysed minimum bias Therminator events:

7 GeV (220 000 mln events)

11,5 GeV (200 000 mln events)

19,6 GeV (50 000 mln events)

27 GeV (5 000 mln events)

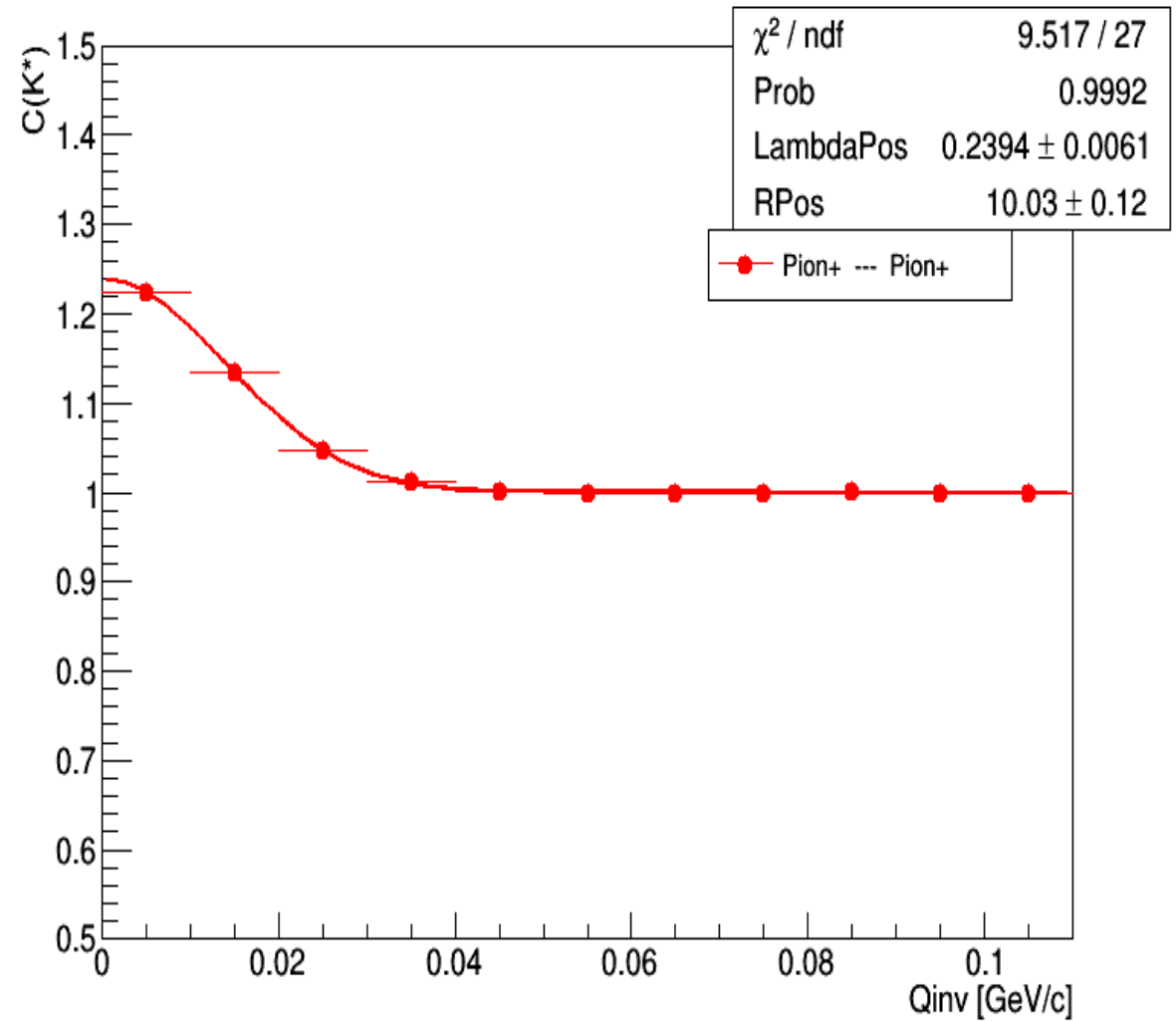
39 GeV (25 000 mln events)

62,4 GeV (5 000 mln events)



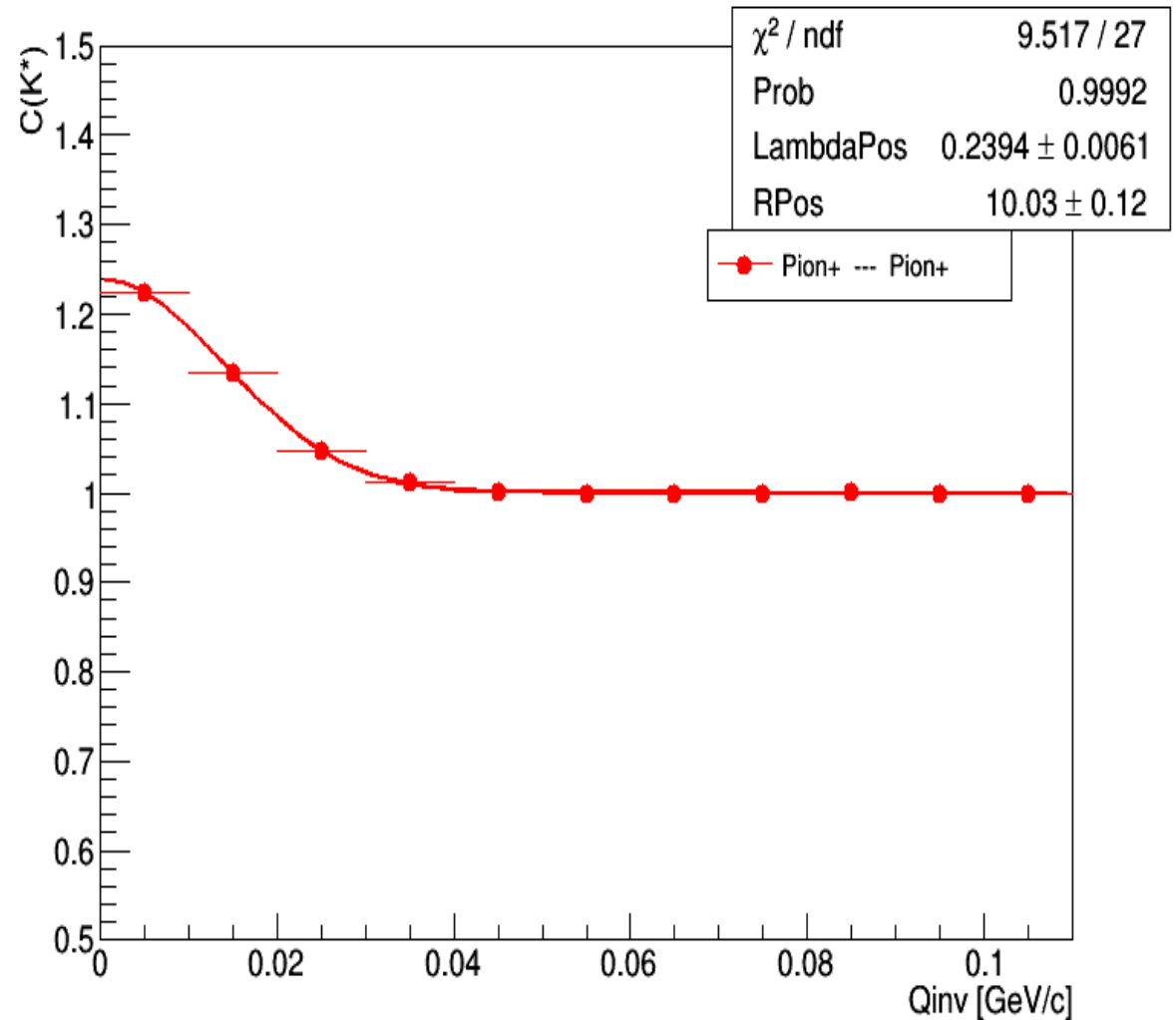
# Two – pion correlations

$$CF(q) = 1 + \lambda \exp(-q^2 R^2)$$

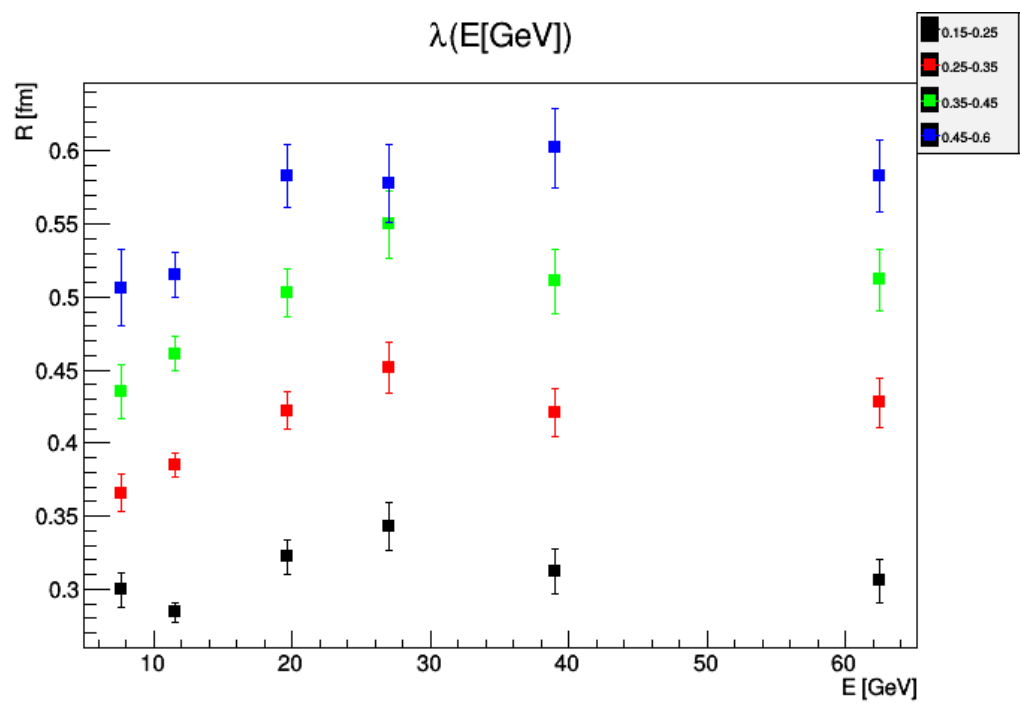


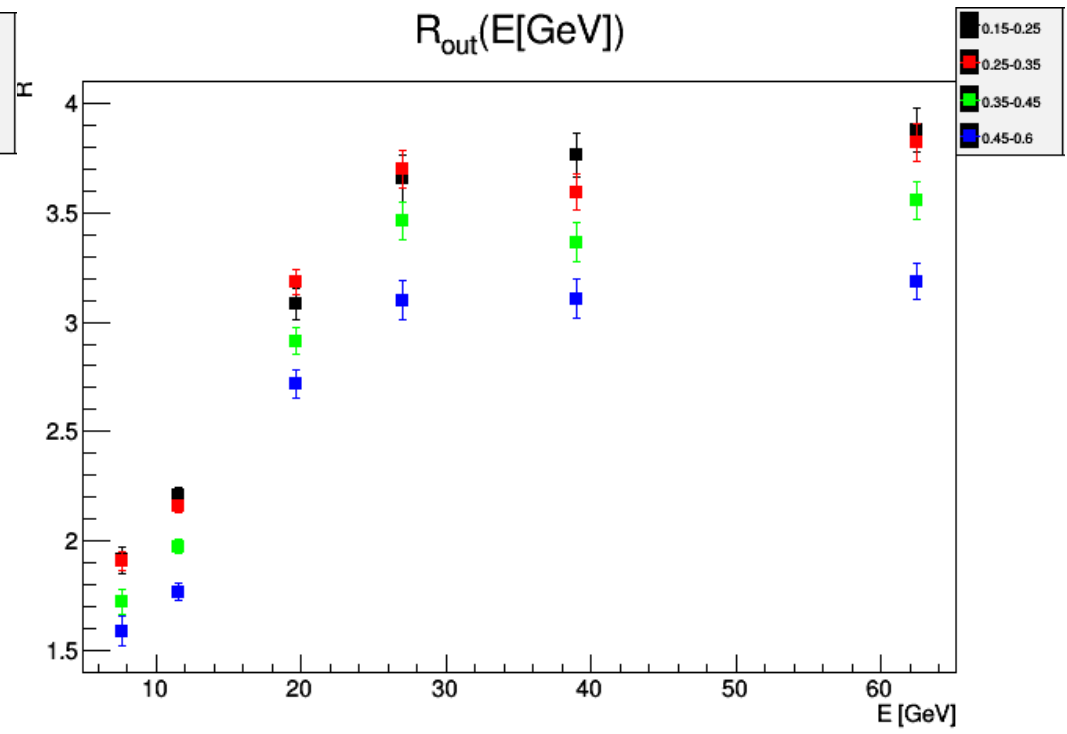
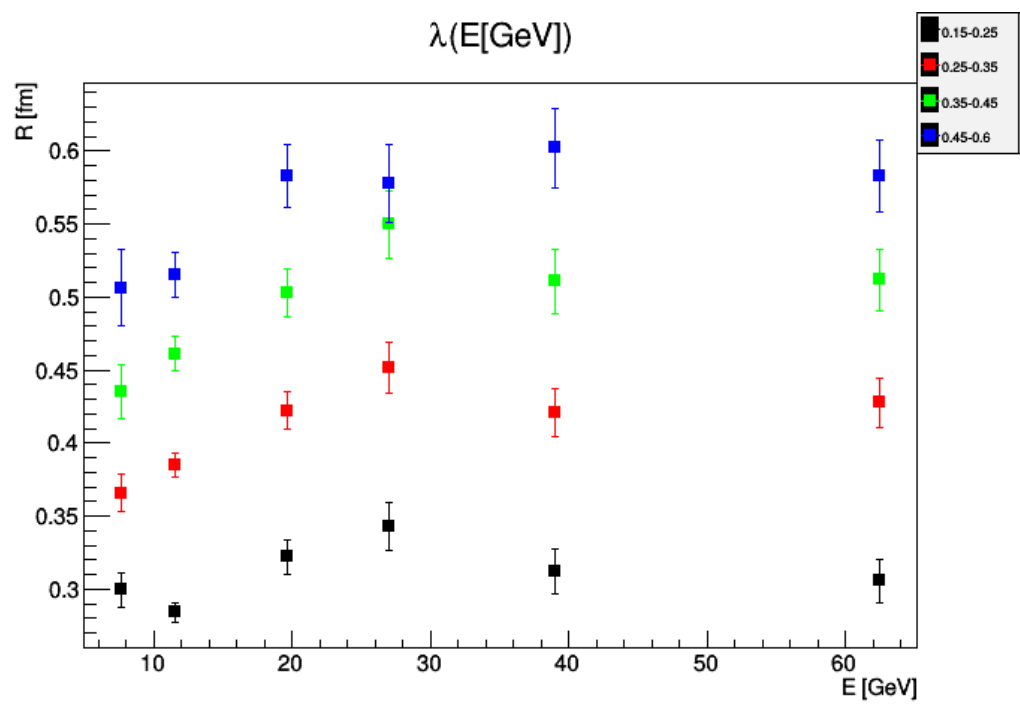
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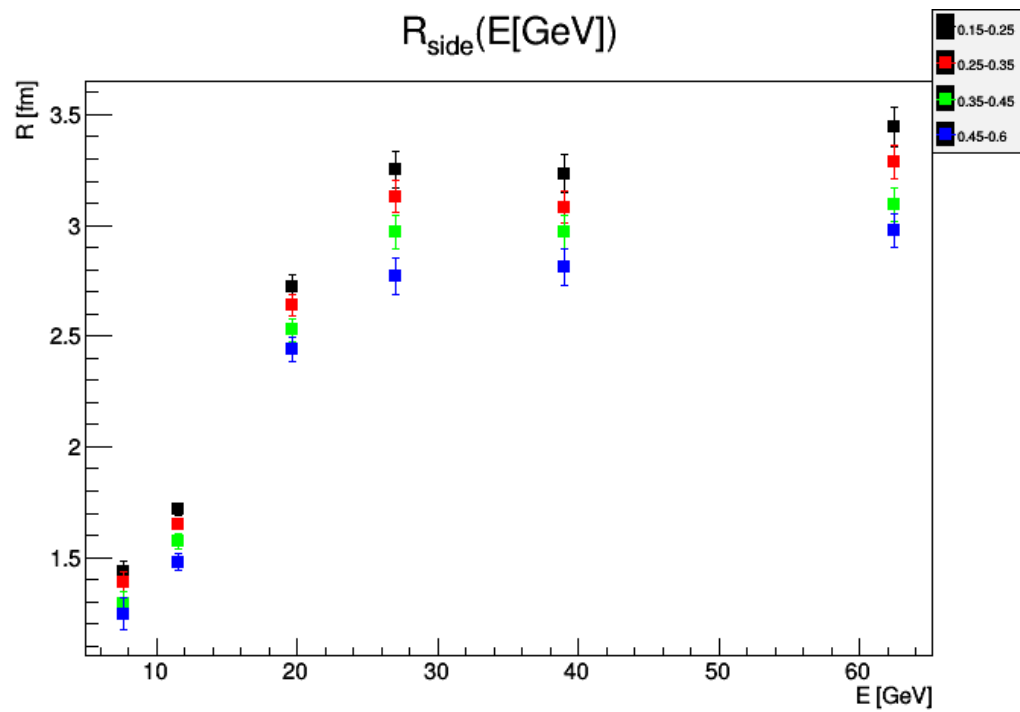
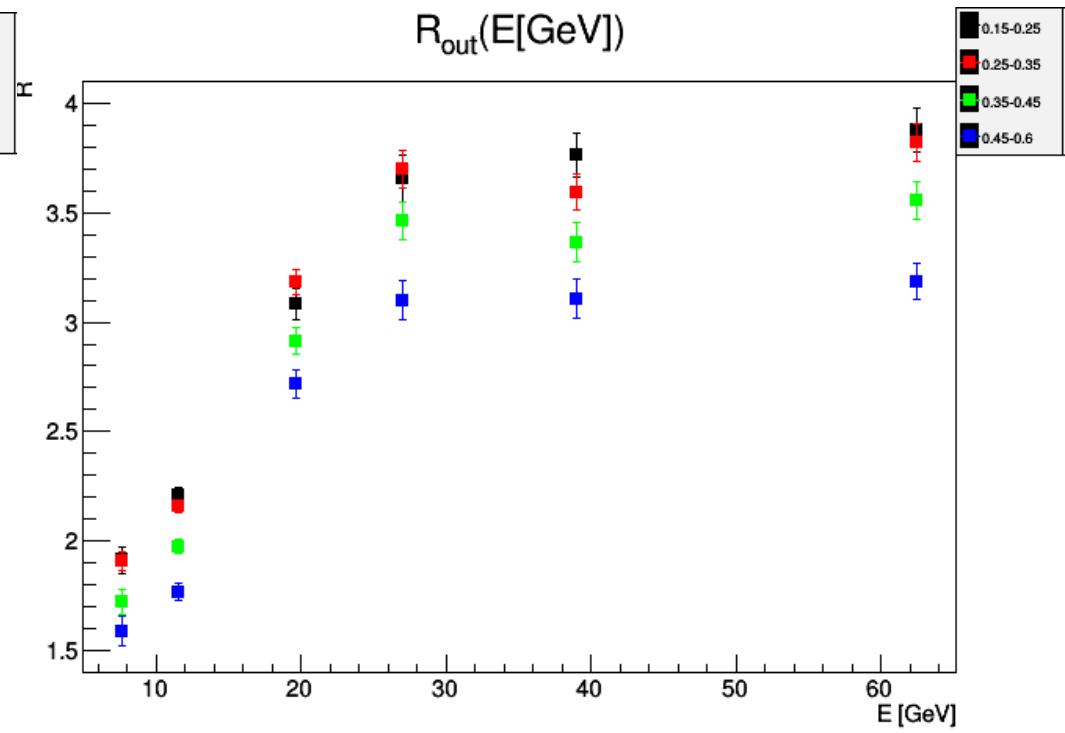
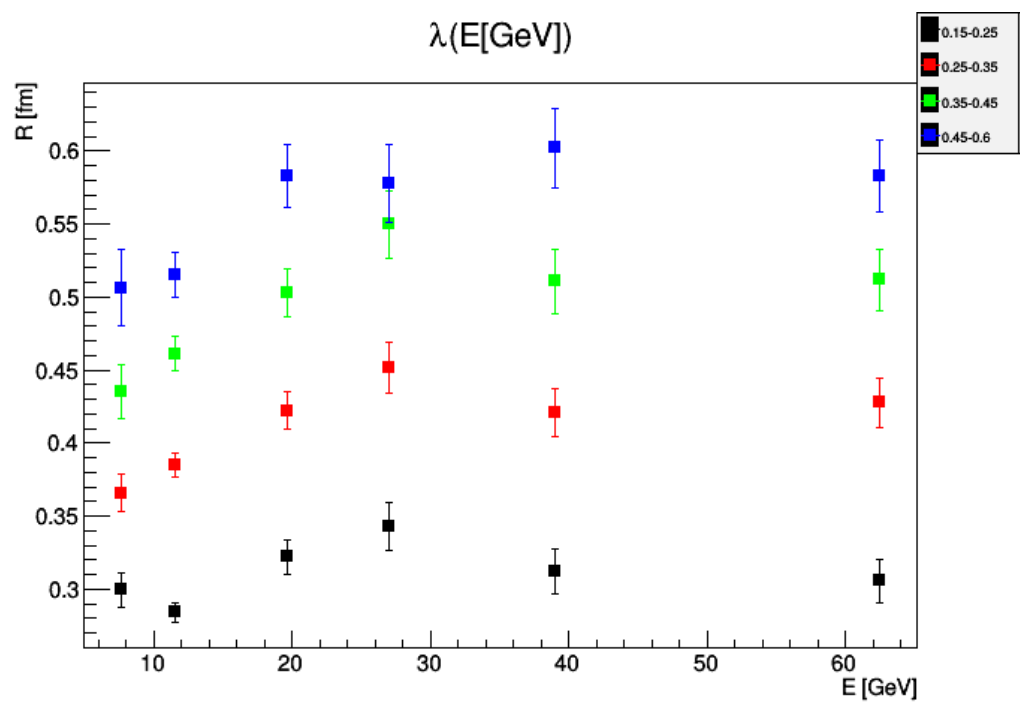
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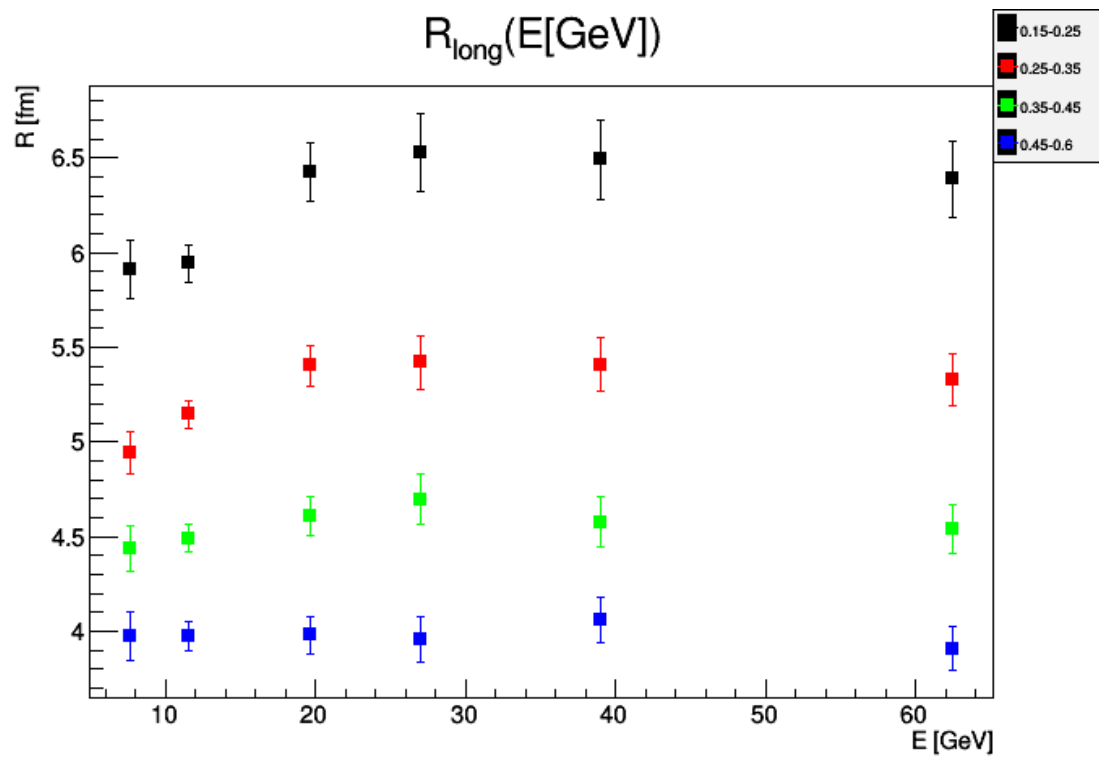
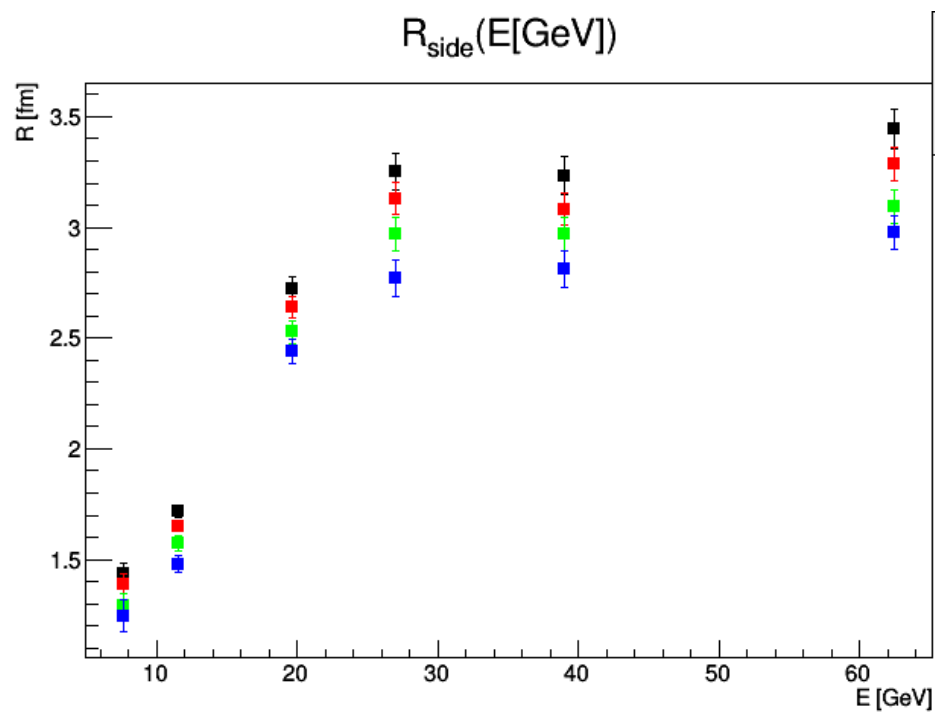
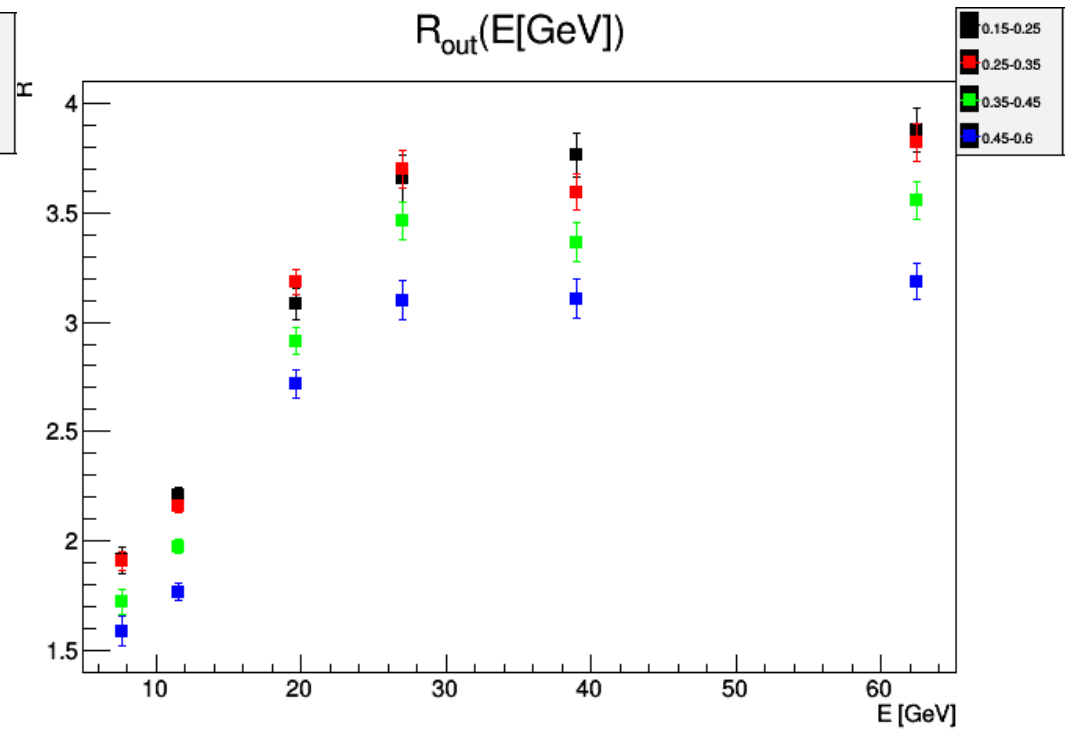
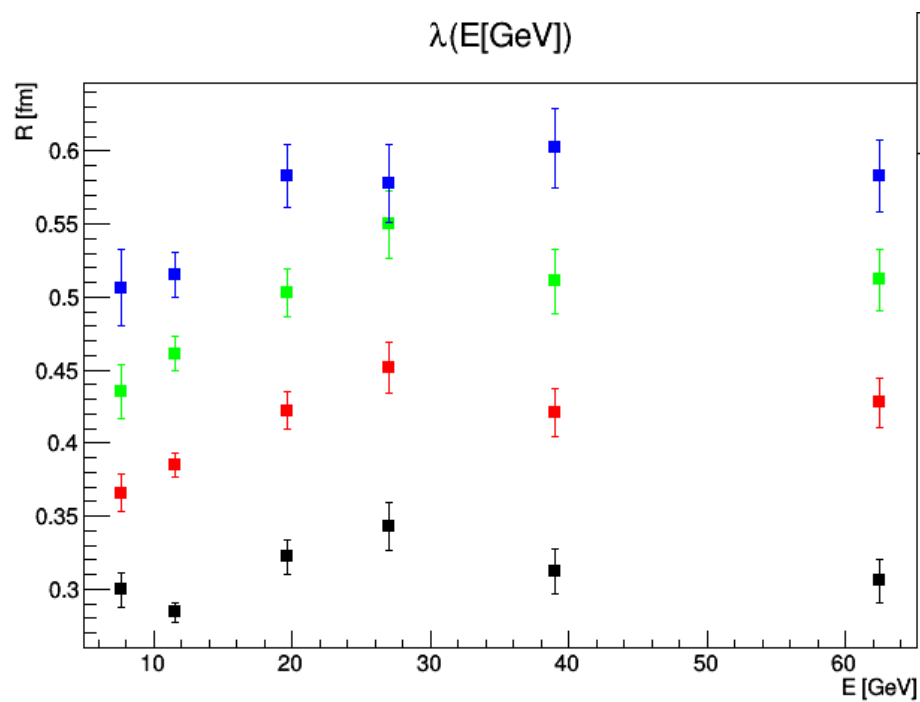


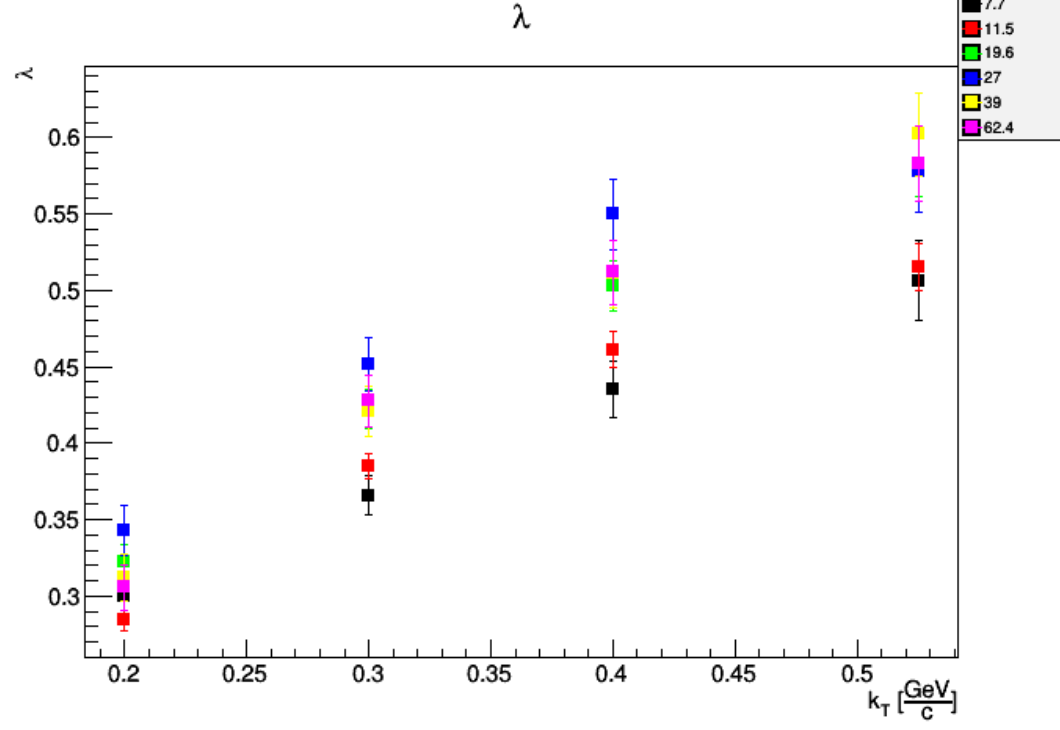
$$CF(q_o, q_s, q_l) = 1 + \lambda \exp(-q_o^2 R_o^2 - q_s^2 R_s^2 - q_l^2 R_l^2)$$

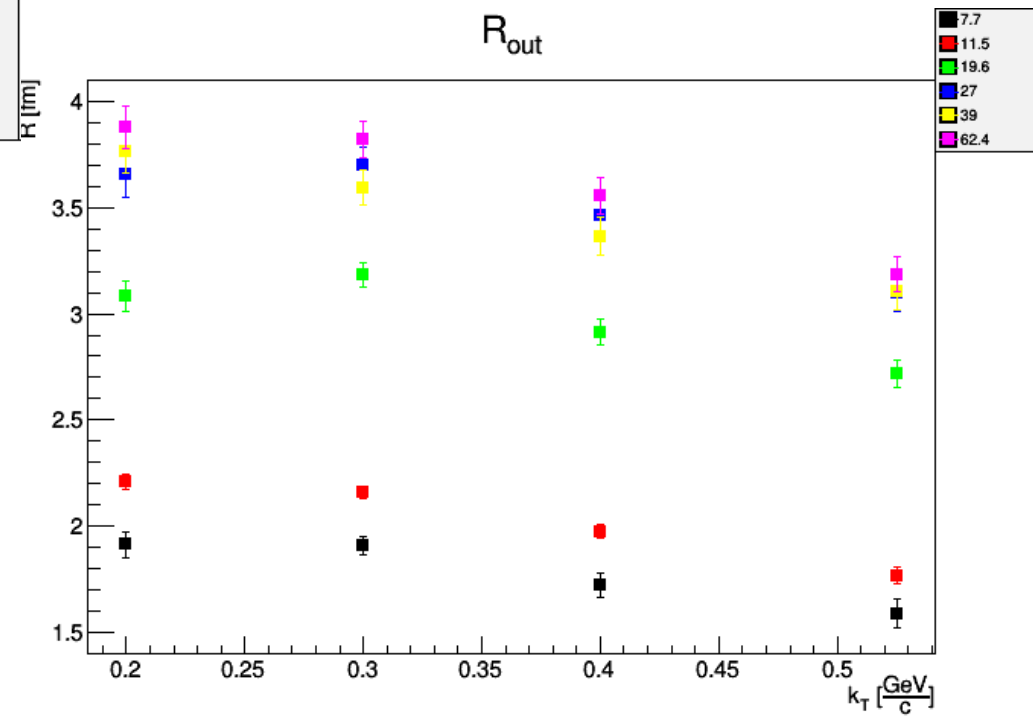
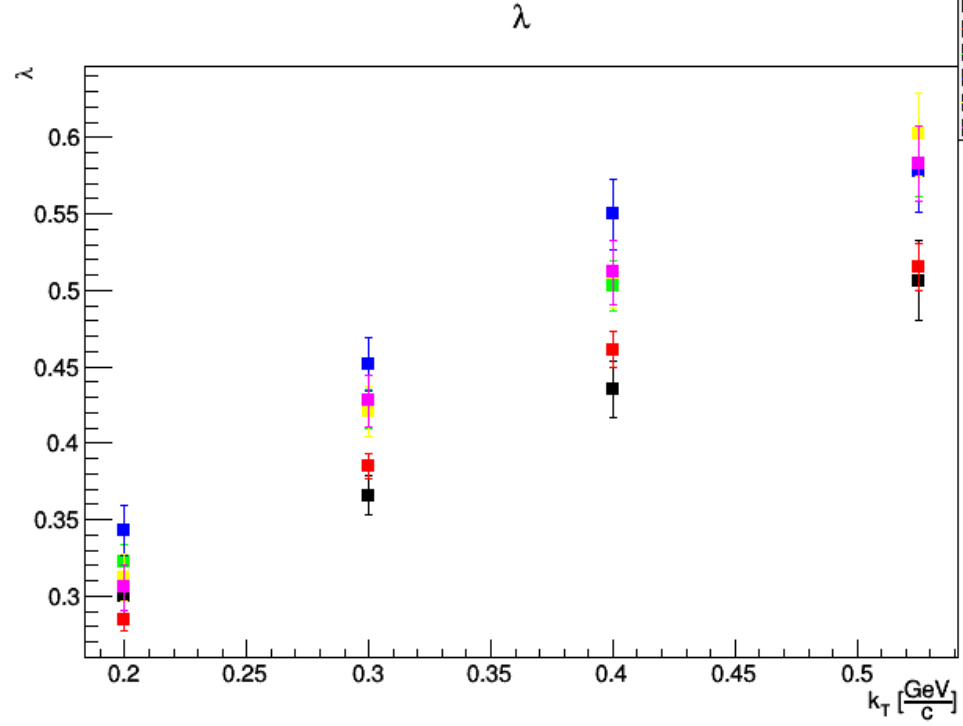


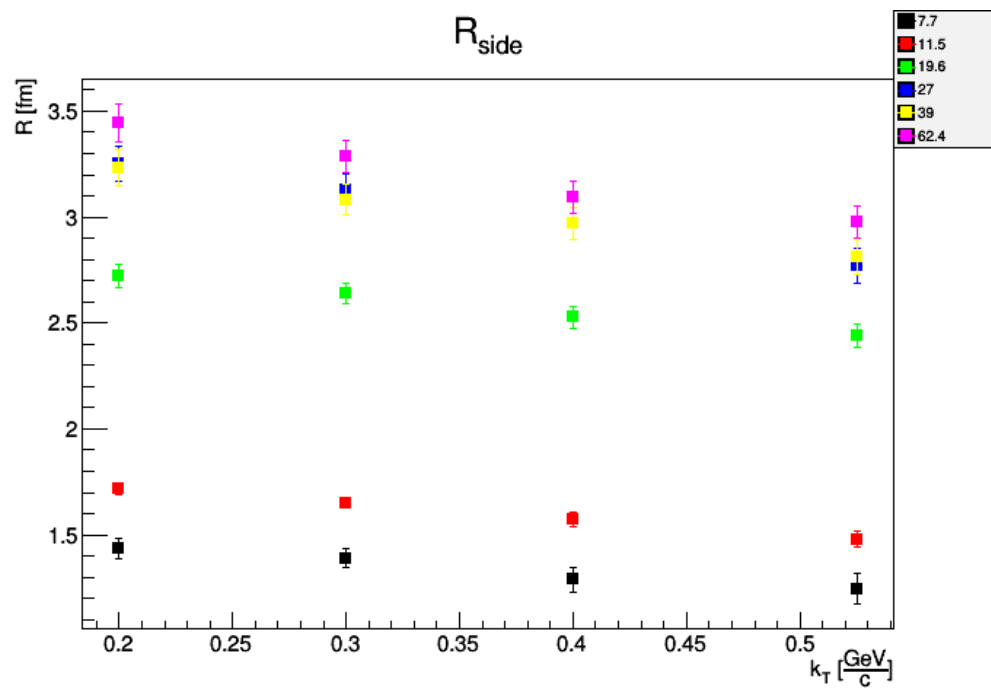
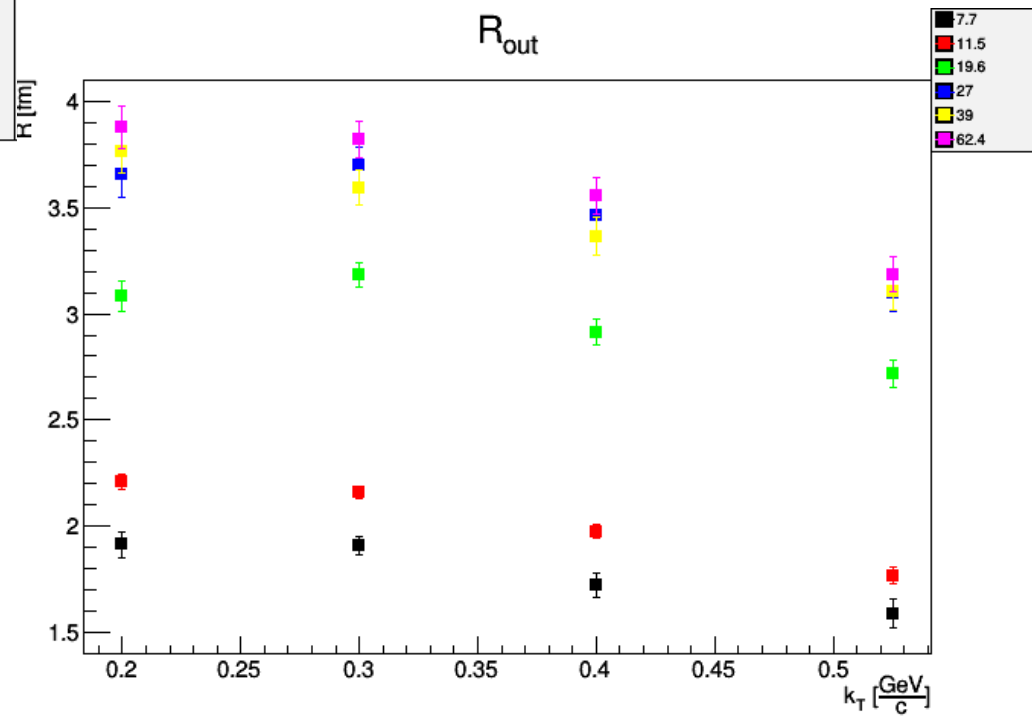
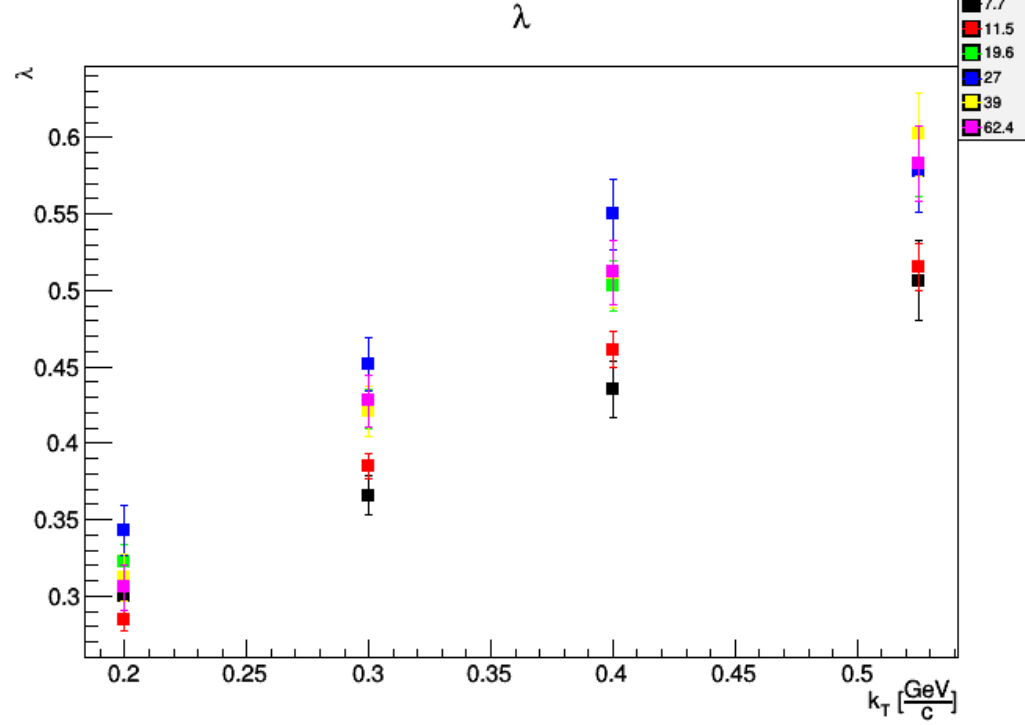


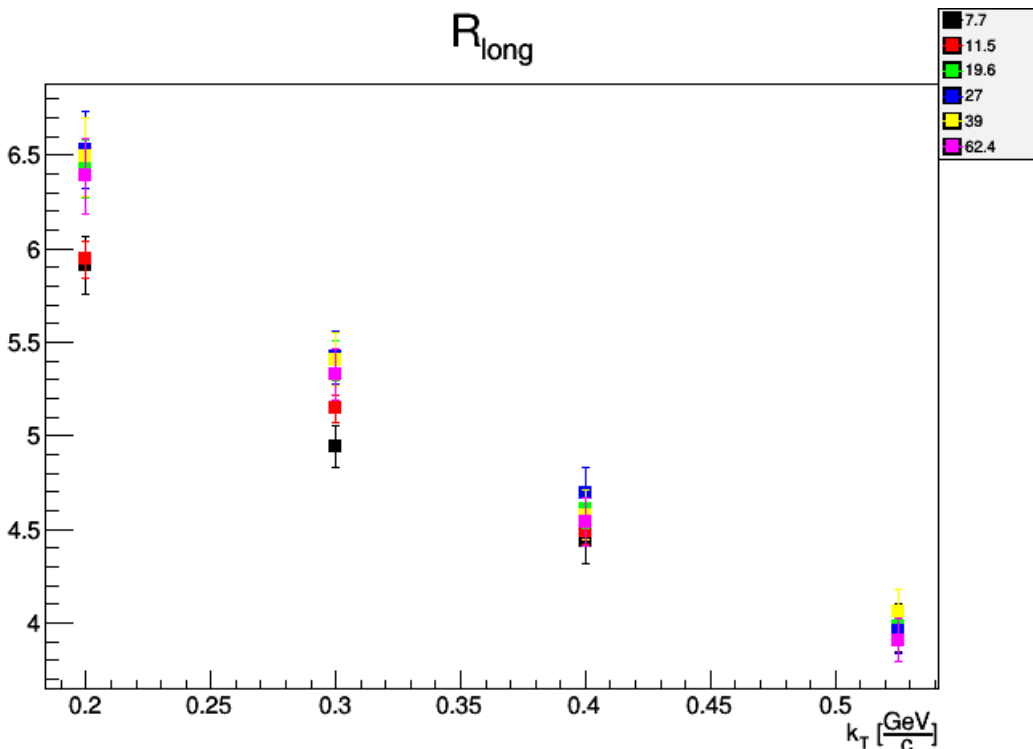
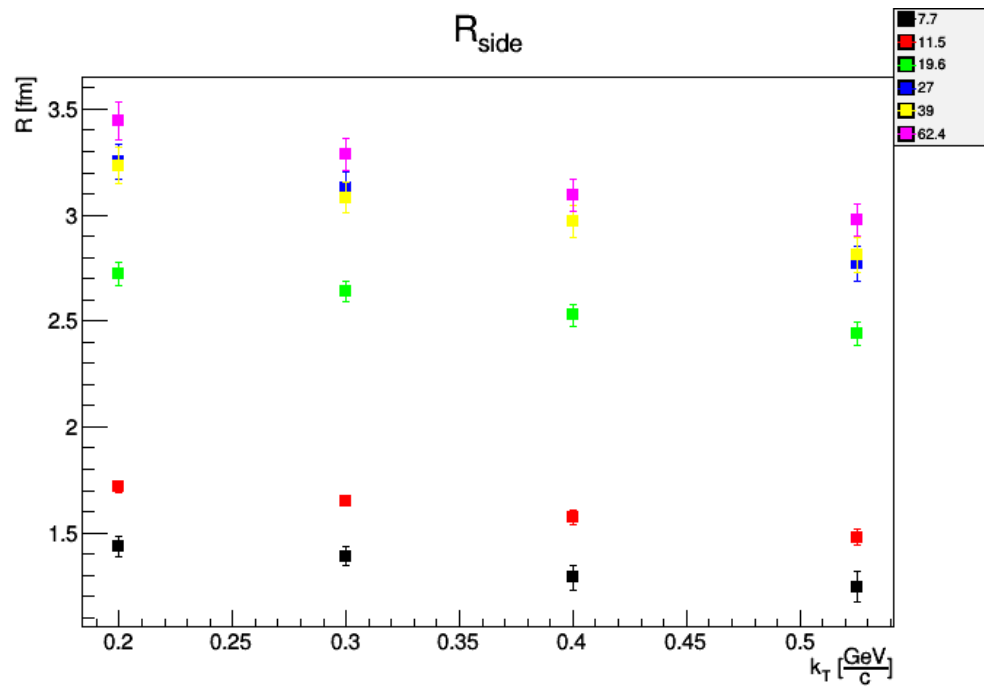
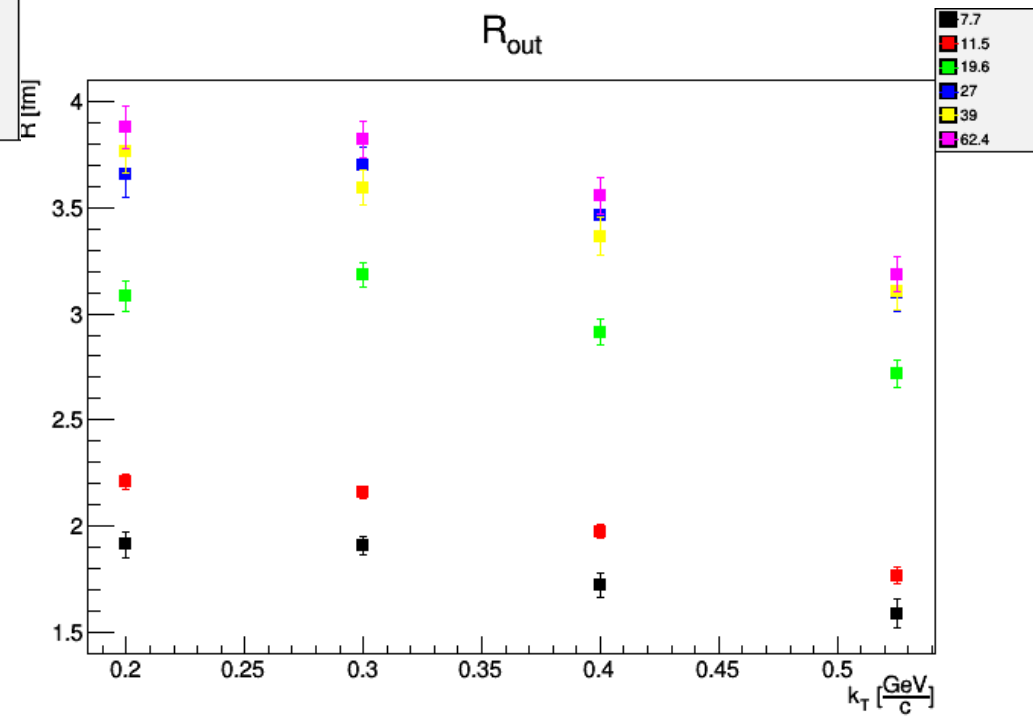
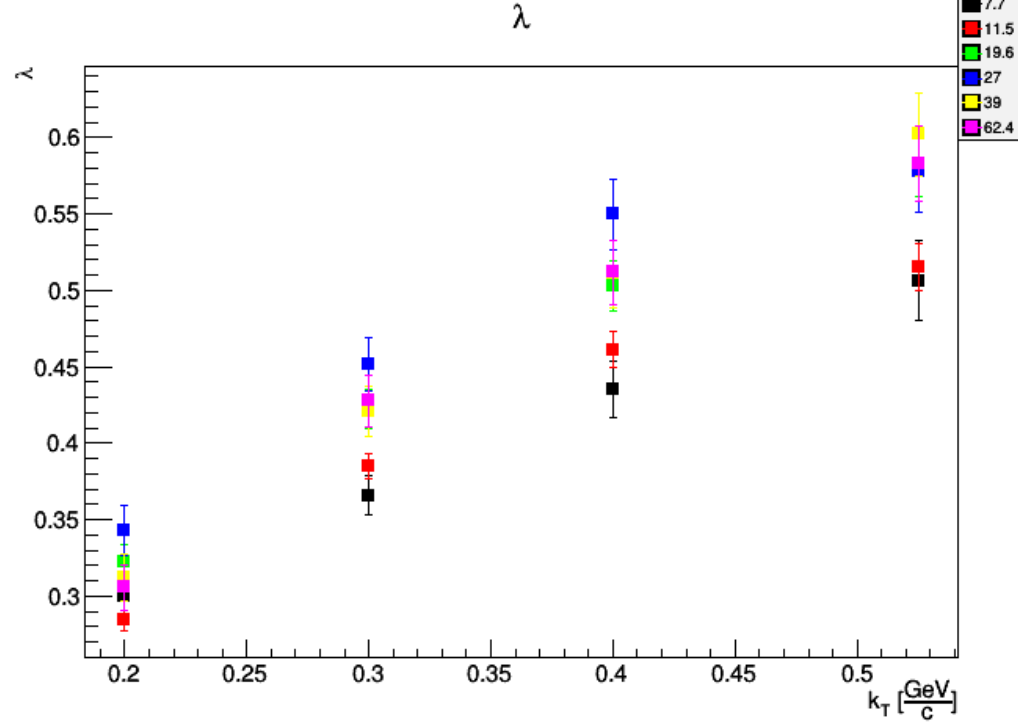


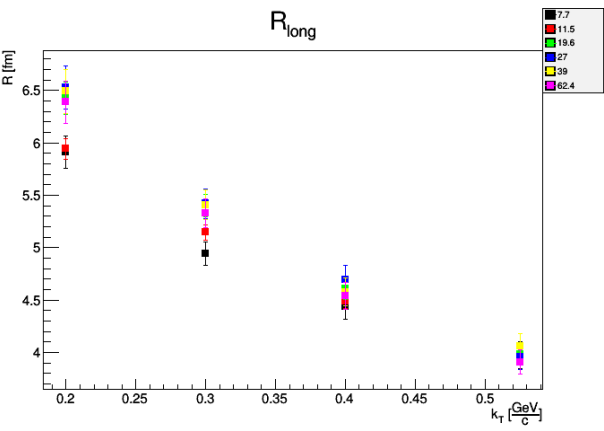
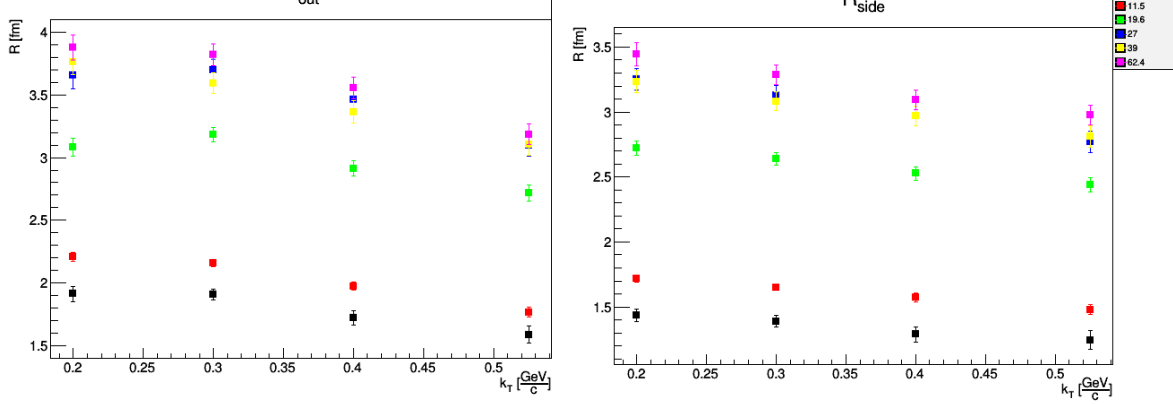


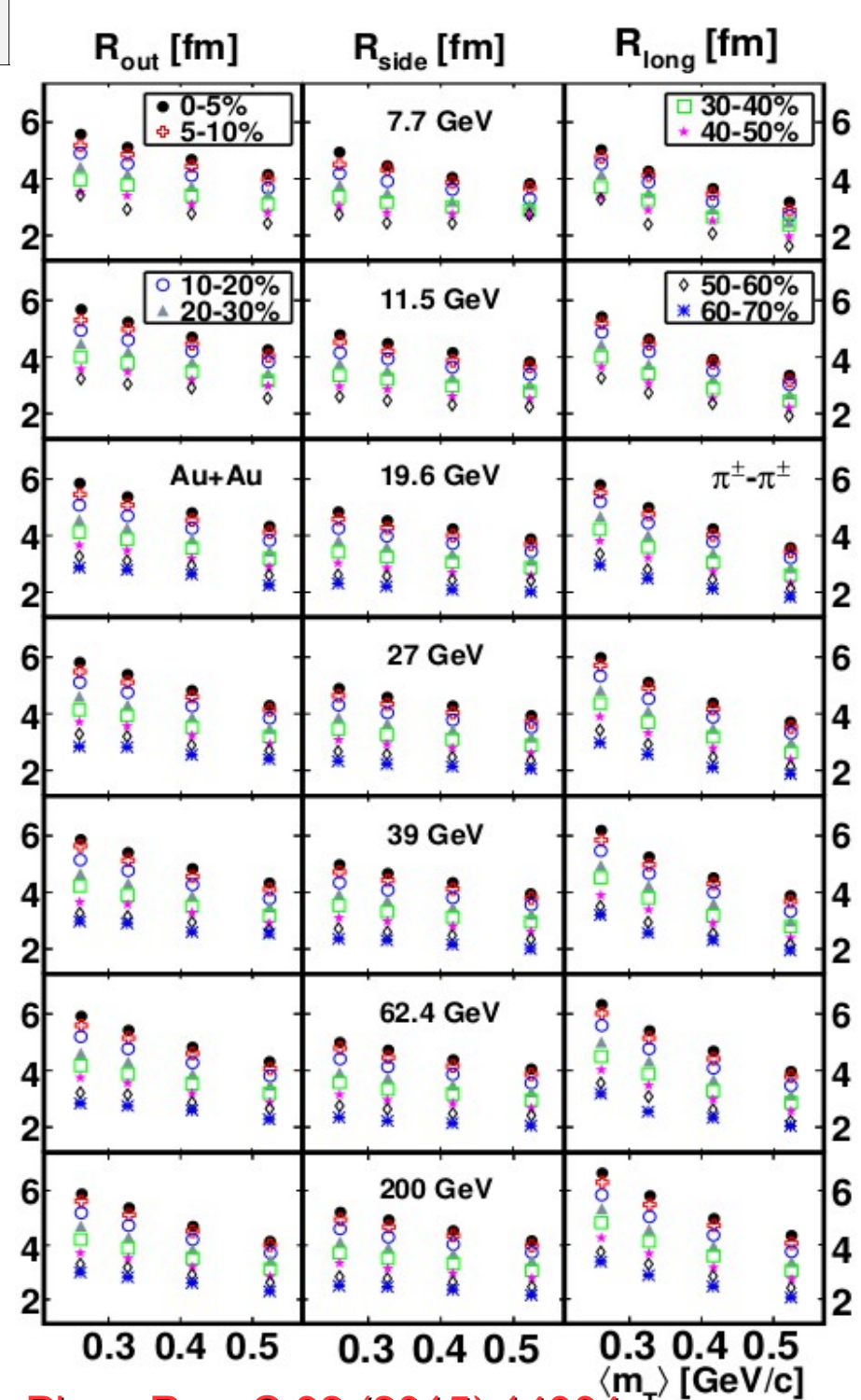
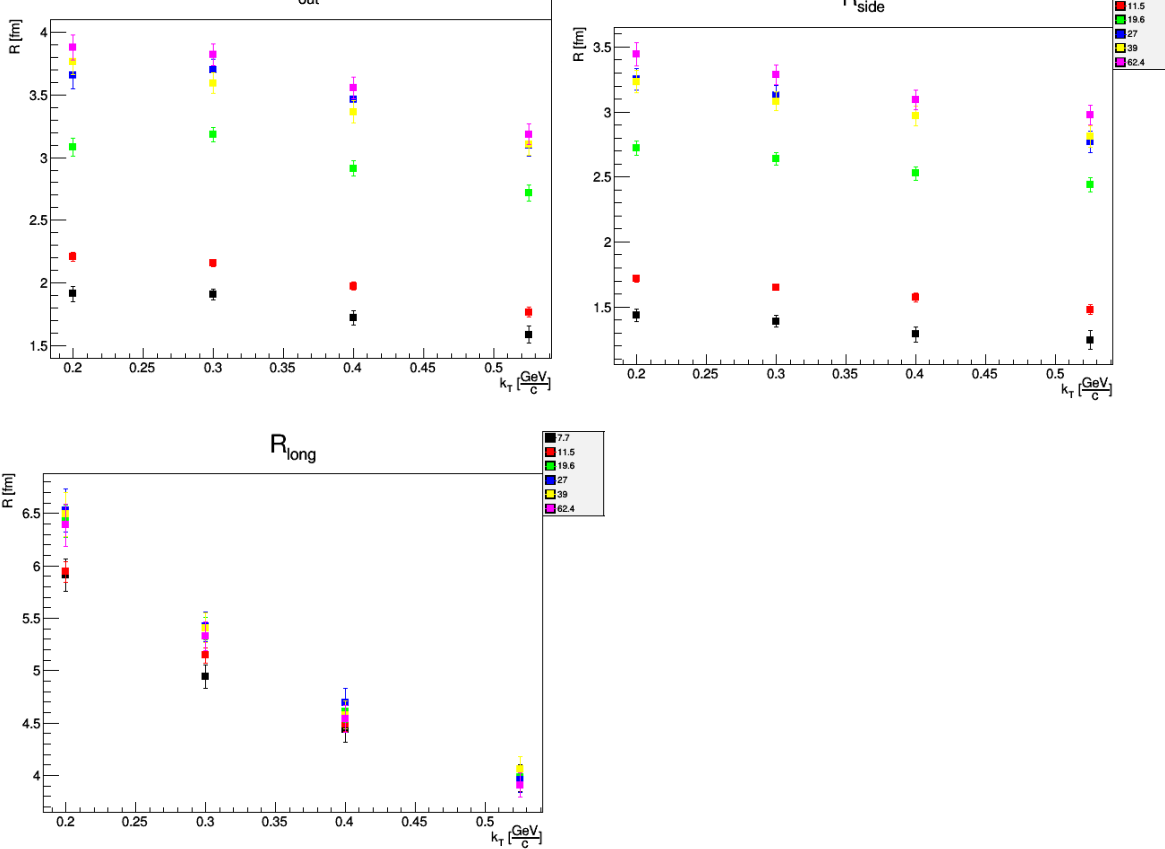












Results from THERMINATOR:

$R_{out}, R_{side} : 1.5 - 3.5$  fm

$R_{long} : 5,0 - 6,5$  fm

Bigger dependencies on energy than in STAR

$R_{long}$  bigger than others

$R_{out}, R_{side}$  - smaller than STAR

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# Summary

- THERMINATOR generator considered
- taken energies:  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 7.7, 11.5, 19.6, 27, 39, 62.4 \text{ GeV}$
- pion – pion femtoscopic correlations checked

# Summary

- THERMINATOR generator considered
- taken energies:  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7, 11.5, 19.6, 27, 39, 62.4$  GeV
- pion – pion femtoscopic correlations checked

## Conclusions:

- Generator parameters estimated
- Bigger energetic dependencies in  
THERMINATOR than in STAR
- $R_0, R_s$  underestimated in  
THERMINATOR at least  $\sim 30\%$



**Thank you for your attention!**

mean  $\lambda(E)$

