

#### The 3° Catalog of AGN detected by the Fermi-LAT

**Dario Gasparrini ASDC/INFN** Perugia gasparrini@asdc.asi.it with E. Cavazzuti, S. Ciprini, S. Cutini, B. Lott on behalf of the Fermi-LAT collaboration





4 years of data > 1 GeV

- 4 years, P7REP\_SOURCE\_V15, improved PSF
- Front/Back handled separately
- Energy range 100 MeV 300 GeV
- ~3000 sources, 2200 at |b|>10°







Two associations methods:

- Bayesian method
  - new addition: WISE Counterpart catalogs
- Likelihood ratio (LR) method
  - new addition: AT20G catalog
- Association probability > 0.8 in one of the 2 methods:
  - 71% in common
  - 379 only Bayesian
  - 62 only LR
- False-positive rate < 2%









Two classification schemes:

• Optically-based (strength of broad lines): FSRQs, BL Lacs, BCUs (aka Blazar Candidate of Unknown type)

•SED-based: Low-, Intermediate-, High-Synchrotron-Peaked sources (LSPs, ISPs, HSPs resp.)

2LAC: automatic SED fit 3LAC: manually-controlled SED fit by 20 « sedders » over 3 continents

SA-1) cm^-2 -12 • full (n) (erg ( Log Treation date: 15-Apr-2014 11:28:36(UT) -16 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 Log frequency v (Hz) 120 **FSRQs BL Lacs** 100 Number of sources **BCUs** 80 LSPs **ISPs HSPs** 60 40 20 9<sub>12</sub> 15 16 log(v<sup>s</sup><sub>peak</sub> [H**z]**≱rio Gasparrini 13 14 17

sed-2005m2310 Ra=301.48542 deg Dec=-23.17417 deg (NH=7.6E20 cm^-2)



## 2LAC vs. 3LAC Census

2LAC

3LAC

5

14

5

6

 $\mathbf{5}$ 

13

3

2

0

2

0

1

AGN type	Entire 2LAC	2LAC Clean Sample <sup>a</sup>	Low-lat sample	e AGN type	Entire 3LAC	3LAC Clean Sample <sup>a</sup> Low-latit	ude sample
All	1017	886	104	All	1591	1444 +64%	0 182
FSRQ	360	310	19	FSRQ	467	(414)+34%	0 24
LSP	246	221	7	LSP	412	300	24
ISP	4	3	2	18P	47	42	0
HSP	2	0	0	HSP	3	2	0
no classification	108	86	10	no SED classification	5	4	0
				BL Lac	632	<sup>604</sup> +52%	30
BL Lac	423	395	16	LSP	162	150	8
LSP	65	61	3	ISP	178	173	6
ISP	82	81	3	HSP	272	265	12
HSP	174	160	5	no SED classification	20	16	4
no classification	102	93	5	Blazar of Unknown type	460	( <sub>402</sub> )+164	% 125
Disease of Using the second	204	157	07	BCU I	57	49	11
LSD	204	10	10	LSP BCU I	26	24	8
LSP	24	19	10	ISP BCU I	11	9	1
ISP	13	11	3	HSP BCU I	13	13	2
HSP	65	53	13	BCU I w/o SED classification	7	3	0
no classification	102	74	41	BCU II	346	308	85
				LSP BCU II	156	129	39
Other AGN	30	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	ISP BCU II	78	70	13
				HSP BCU II	107	105	31
				BCU II w/o SED classification	5	4	2
New varieties:				BCU III	57	45	29
			-	LSP BCU III	16	11	9
• Six high-reds	shift (z>	1) HSP-BL	Lacs	ISP BCU III	0	0	0
		.,==		HSP BCU III	0	0	0
• Two HSP FSF	RQs			BCU III w/o SED classification	41	34	20
				Non-blazar AGN	32	24	3
				CSS	2	1	0

... NLSy1

....SSRQ

... Other AGN

....RG



ICRC 2015 5/8/15

**Dario Gasparrini** 



## **Misaligned AGNs**



Name	3FGL	2FGL	1FGL	Type	Photon index	Notes		
NGC 1218	J0308.6+0408*		J0308.3+0403*	FRI	$2.07 \pm 0.11$			
IC 310	J0316.6+4119*	J0316.6+4119		FRI/BLL	$1.90 \pm 0.14$	Neronov et al. (2010)		
NGC 1275	J0319.8+4130*	J0319.8+4130*	J0319.7+4130*	FRI	$2.07 \pm 0.01$	Abdo et al. (2009c); Kataoka et al. (2010)		
1H 0323+342	J0325.2+3410*	J0324.8+3408*	J0325.0+3403*	NLSy1	$2.44 \pm 0.12$			
4C + 39.12	J0334.2+3915*			FRI/BLL?	$2.11 \pm 0.17$	Giovannini et al. (2001)		
TXS 0348+013	J0351.1+0128*			SSRQ	$2.43 \pm 0.18$			
3C 111	J0418.5 + 3813		J0419.0 + 3811	FRII	$2.79 \pm 0.08$	Abdo et al. (2010e); Kataoka et al. (2011); Grandi et al. (2012)		
Pictor A	J0519.2-4542*			FRII	$2.49 {\pm} 0.18$	Brown & Adams (2012); Kataoka et al. (2011)		
PKS 0625-35	J0627.0-3529*	$J0627.1 - 3528^*$	J0627.3-3530*	FRI/BLL	$1.87 \pm 0.06$			
4C + 52.17	J0733.5 + 5153			AGN	$1.74 \pm 0.16$	Part of a duplicate association. Most probable counterpart is a BCU III.		
NGC 2484	J0758.7+3747*			FRI	$2.16 {\pm} 0.16$	quasar SDSS J075825.87+374628.7 is 0.8'	away	
4C +39.23B	J0824.9 + 3916			CSS	$2.44 \pm 0.10$			
3C 207	J0840.8+1315*	J0840.7+1310	J0840.8+1310	SSRQ	$2.47 \pm 0.09$			
SBS 0846+513	J0849.9 + 5108*			NLSy1	$2.28 \pm 0.04$			
3C 221	J0934.1 + 3933			SSRQ	$2.28 \pm 0.12$			
PMN J0948+0022	J0948.8+0021*	J0948.8+0020*	J0949.0+0021*	NLSy1	$2.32 \pm 0.05$			
PMN J1118-0413	J1118.2-0411*			AGN	$2.56 \pm 0.08$			
B2 1126+37	J1129.0+3705			AGN	$2.08 \pm 0.13$	Part of a duplicate association. Most probable counterpart is a BLL.		
3C 264	J1145.1+1935*			FRI	$1.98 \pm 0.20$			
PKS 1203+04	J1205.4 + 0412			SSRQ	$2.64 \pm 0.16$	Part of a duplicate association. The other counterpart is a FSRQ.		
M 87	J1230.9+1224*	J1230.8+1224*	J1230.8+1223*	FRI	$2.04 \pm 0.07$	Abdo et al. (2009d)		
3C 275.1	J1244.1+1615			SSRQ	$2.43 \pm 0.17$			
GB 1310+487	J1312.7+4828*	J1312.8 + 4828*	$J1312.4 + 4827^*$	AGN	$2.04 \pm 0.03$			
Cen A Core	J1325.4-4301*	J1325.6 - 4300	J1325.6 - 4300	FRI	$2.70\pm0.03$	radio core		
Cen A Lobes	J1324.0 - 4330e	J1324.0 - 4330e	J1322.0 - 4515	FRI	$2.53 \pm 0.05$	giant lobes detected (Abdo et al. 2010b)	ΙΖΓΚΙ	
3C 286	J1330.5+3023*			SSRQ/CSS	$2.60\pm0.16$			
Cen B	J1346.6 - 6027	J1346.6 - 6027		FRI	$2.32\pm0.01$	Katsuta et al. (2013)	JENI	
Circinus	J1413.2 - 6518			Seyfert	$2.43\pm0.10$	Hayashida et al. (2013)	9 CCDO or CCC	
3C 303	$J1442.6+5156^*$			FRII	$1.92 \pm 0.18$		0 33KQ 01 C33	
PKS 1502+036	J1505.1+0326*	J1505.1+0324*	J1505.0+0328*	NLSy1	$2.61 \pm 0.05$			
TXS 1613-251	J1617.3 - 2519	J1617.6-2526c		AGN	$2.59\pm0.10$	Part of a duplicate association. Most probable counterpart is a BCU II.		
PKS 1617-235	J1621.1-2331*	J1620.5-2320c		AGN	$2.50\pm0.23$			
NGC 6251	J1630.6+8232*	J1629.4 + 8236	J1635.4+8228*	FRI	$2.22 \pm 0.08$			
3C 380	J1829.6+4844*	J1829.7+4846*	J1829.8+4845*	SSRQ/CSS	$2.37 \pm 0.04$			
PKS 2004-447	J2007.8-4429*	J2007.9-4430*	J2007.9-4430*	NLSy1	$2.47 \pm 0.09$			



ICRC 2015 5/8/15



# **Spectral photon index**

- Little overlap between FSRQs and BL Lacs
- New FSRQs slightly softer than 2LAC ones: (<Γ>=2.53 vs. 2.41)
- Not so for BL Lacs
- BCUs index distribution straddling the two classes' and extending beyond 2.5





ICRC 2015 5/8/15







- Slightly higher z for new FSRQs relative to 2LAC ones
   <z>=1.33 vs. 1.17
- Maximum redshift still z=3.1
- 295/604 BL Lacs have no measured redshifts (55%, 61%, 40%) for (LSPs, ISPs and HSPs)
- Narrower z distribution for BL Lacs than 2LAC
- 134 constraints from Shaw et al.
  (2013)
- Redshift limits for BLLacs not compatible with measured redshifts: measured redshifts are biased low.









Variability index distributed as

a  $\chi^2$  with 47 d.o.f. for non-variable sources.

Fractions of sources showing significant variability FSRQS: 69% BL Lacs 23 % (39%, 23%, 15%) for (LSP, ISP, HSP)

Monthly light curves to be extended beyond 48 months, continuously updated and posted on the ASDC site



#### Lγ / Compton dominance

Sermi

Gamma-ray Space Telescope





Contribution to diffuse gamma-ray background compatible with previous estimates



- 85 3LAC sources in the Swift BAT 70-month survey
- Only 9 BAT FSRQs and 7 BL Lacs missing in 3LAC
- 96 3LAC AGNs in the V38 INTEGRAL Cat.
- 55 out of 56 TeV AGNs in 3LAC
  - HESS J1943+213 was missing but Peter et al. reported a detection
  - 39 are HSP-BLL <  $\Gamma$  >=1.78 vs. 1.88 (3LAC HSP)
  - 28 found to be variable



LAT-detected fraction: 24% (409/1707) for FSRQs, 44% (543/1221) for BL Lacs and 27% (59/221) for BCUs



ICRC 2015 5/8/15

Sermi

Gamma-ray Space Telescope

**Dario Gasparrini** 





The 3LAC represents a significant improvement over the 2LAC also in term of analysis method and data quality.

An increase of 71% in the number of blazars mainly due to the increased exposure and the use of improved counterpart catalogs

Significant increase of non blazar AGN population (3 new FRI, 2 new FRII, 4 new SSRQ)

Main properties reported in 1LAC and 2LAC are confirmed.

The 4LAC will use >5 years of data and will make use of improved IRFs (Pass8). It will constitute another notable step forward. See Poster 84





# Thank you!