

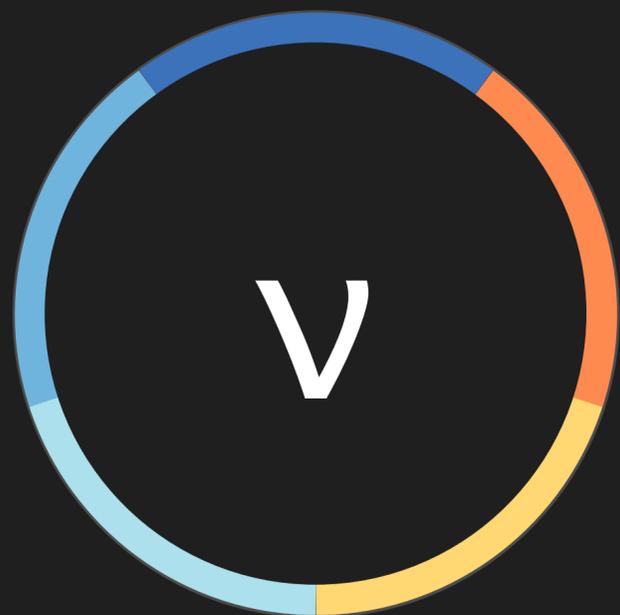


NEUTRINO ASTRONOMY

Claudio Kopper, University of Alberta

ICRC 2015





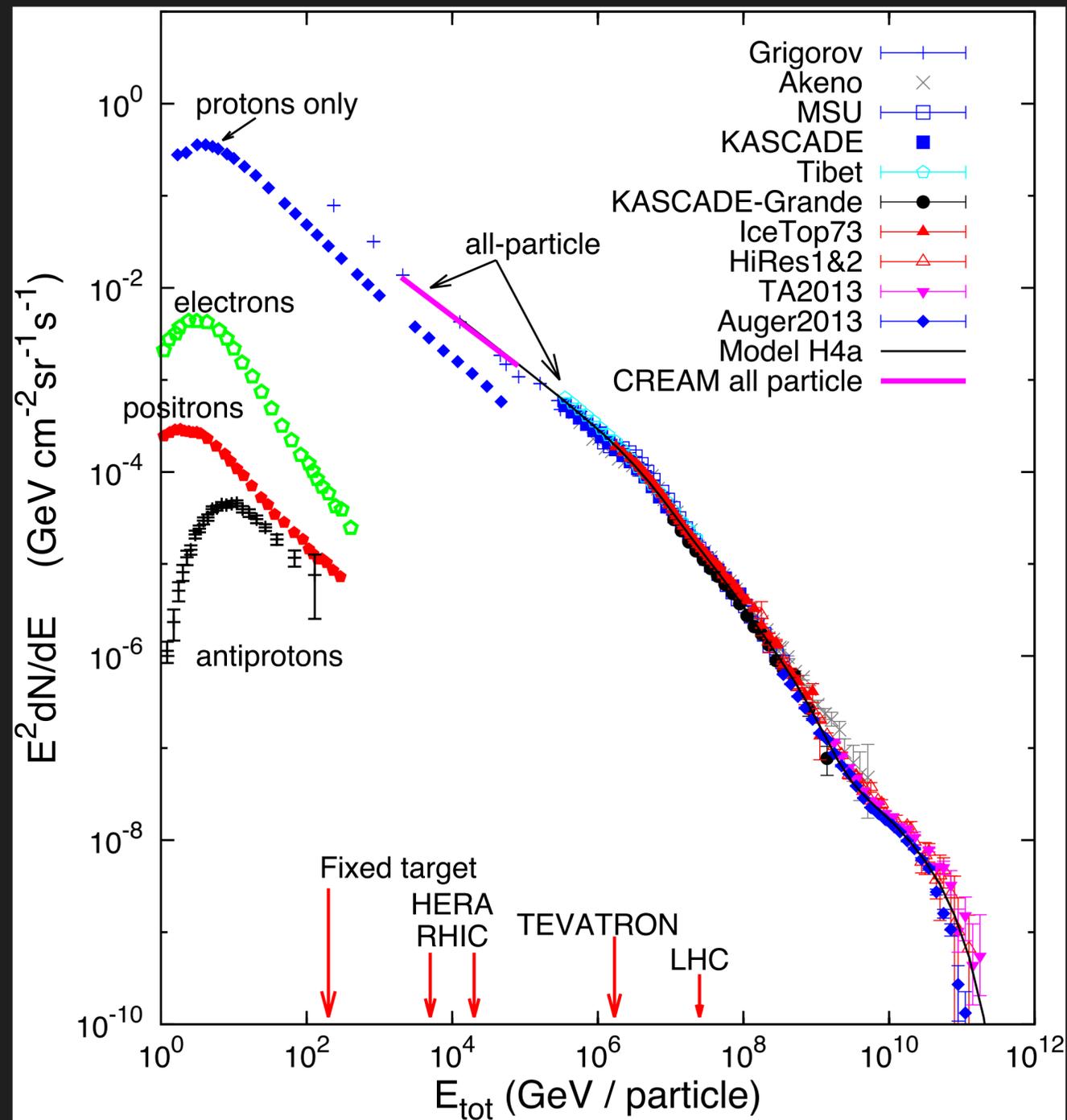
COSMIC RAYS AND NEUTRINOS

Search for the sources of Cosmic Rays



COSMIC RAYS

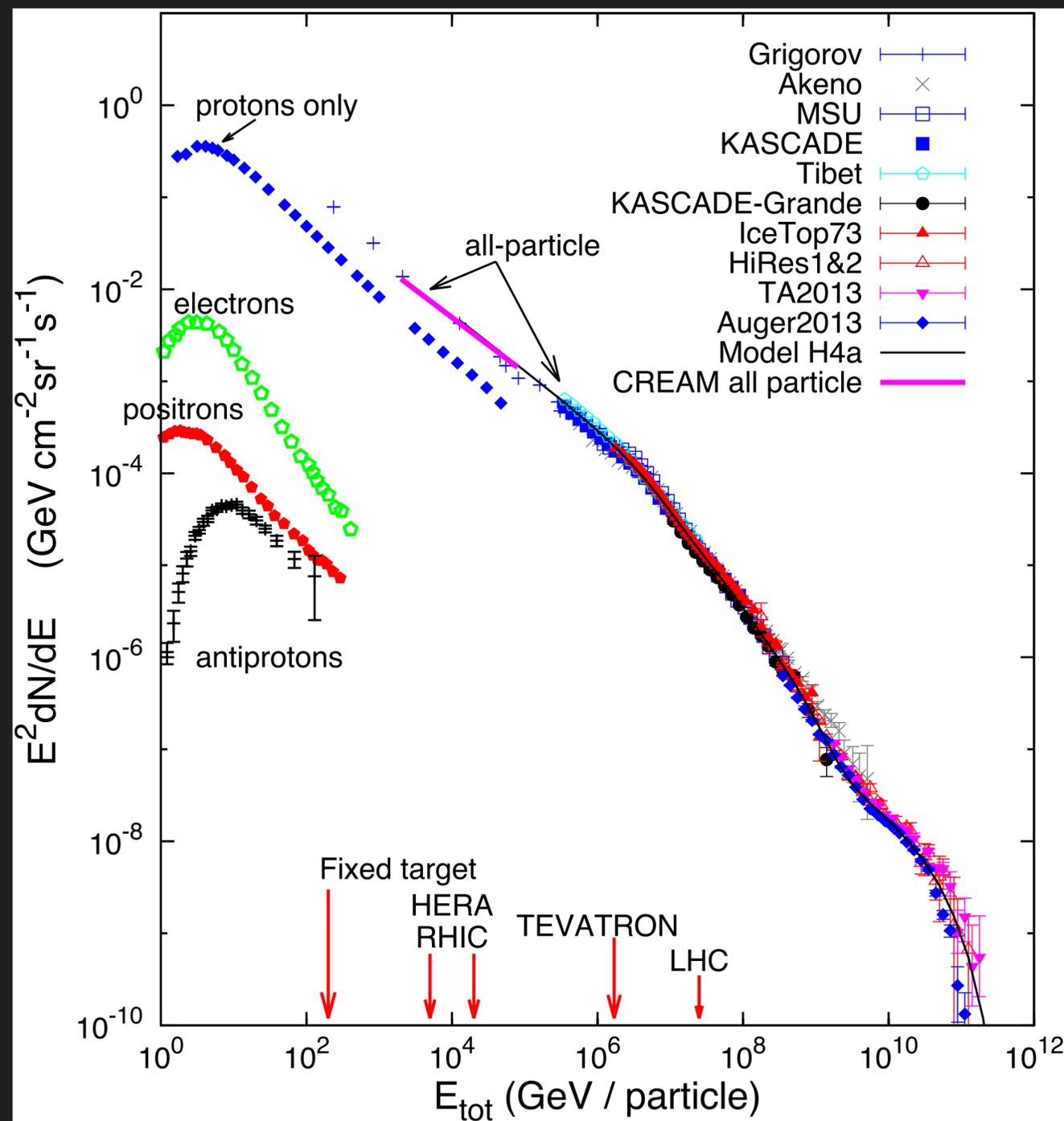
where





COSMIC RAYS

where

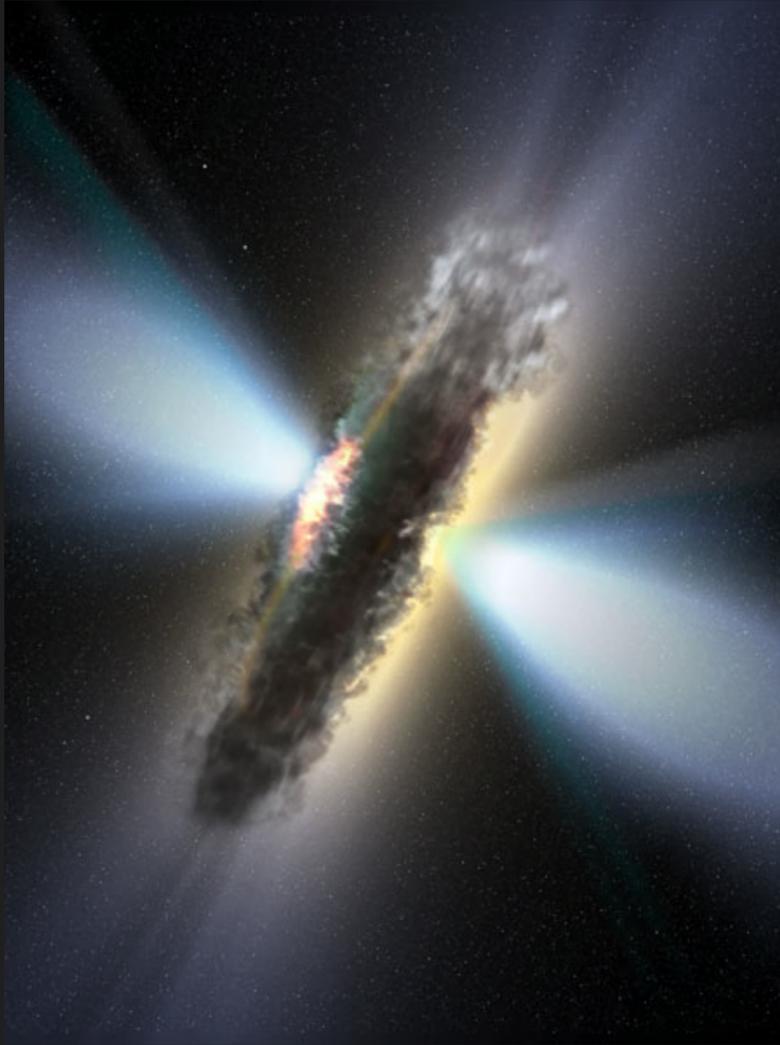


We know their energy spectrum over 11 orders of magnitude

Their sources (especially at the highest energies) are still mostly unknown



MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS

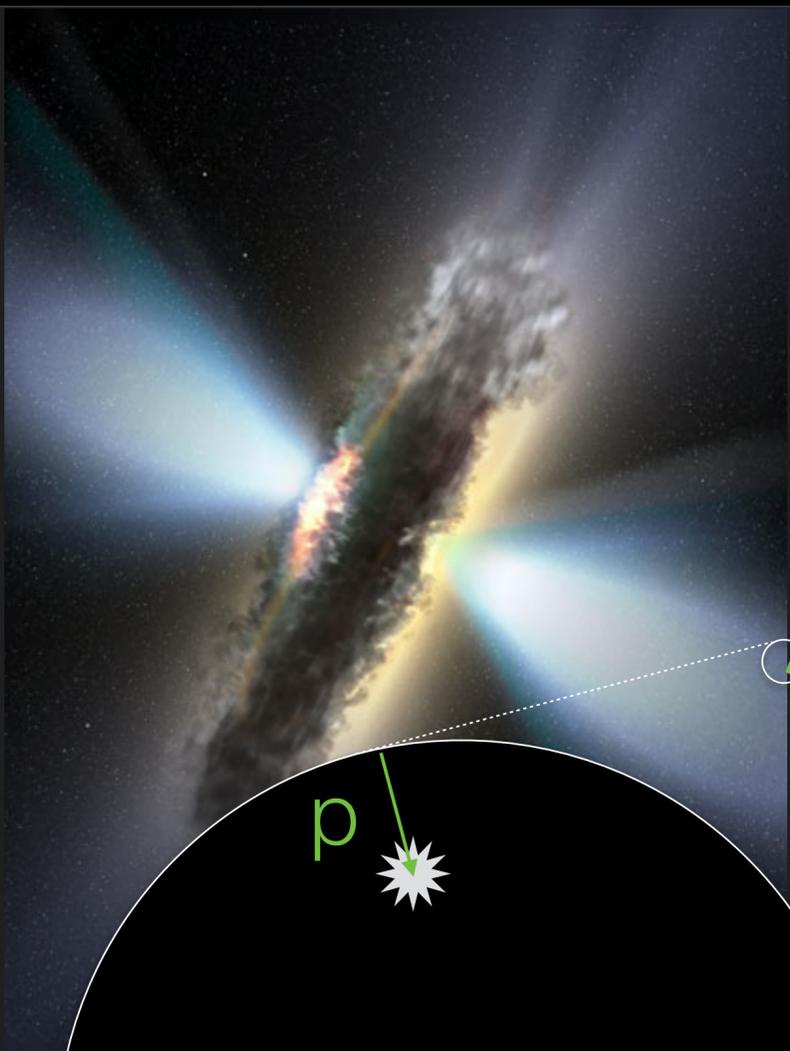


▶ **Nuclei** can be deflected by magnetic fields

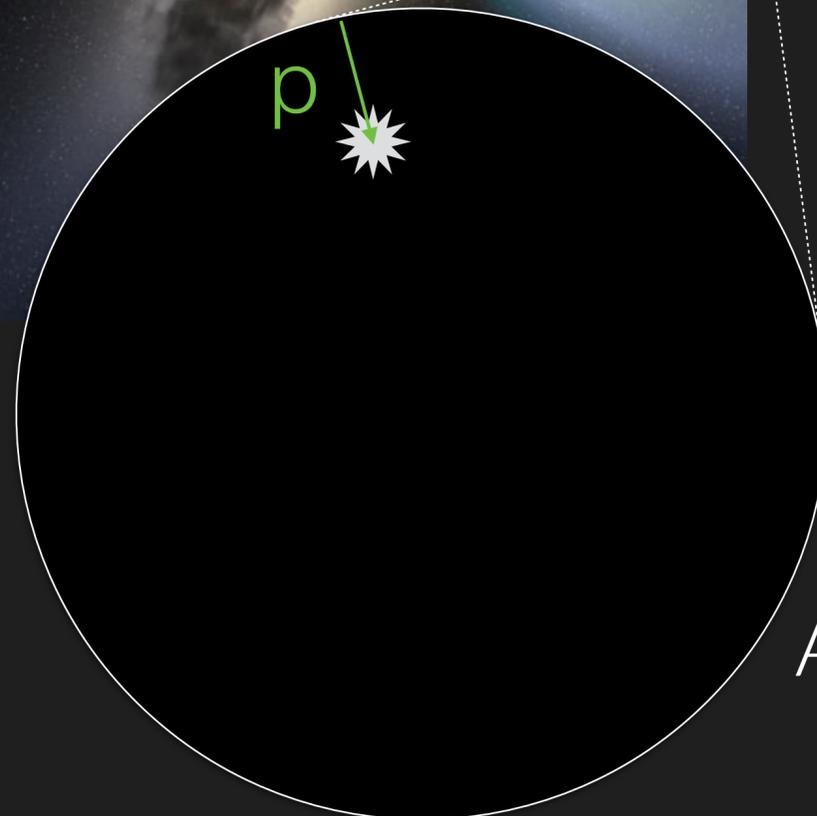




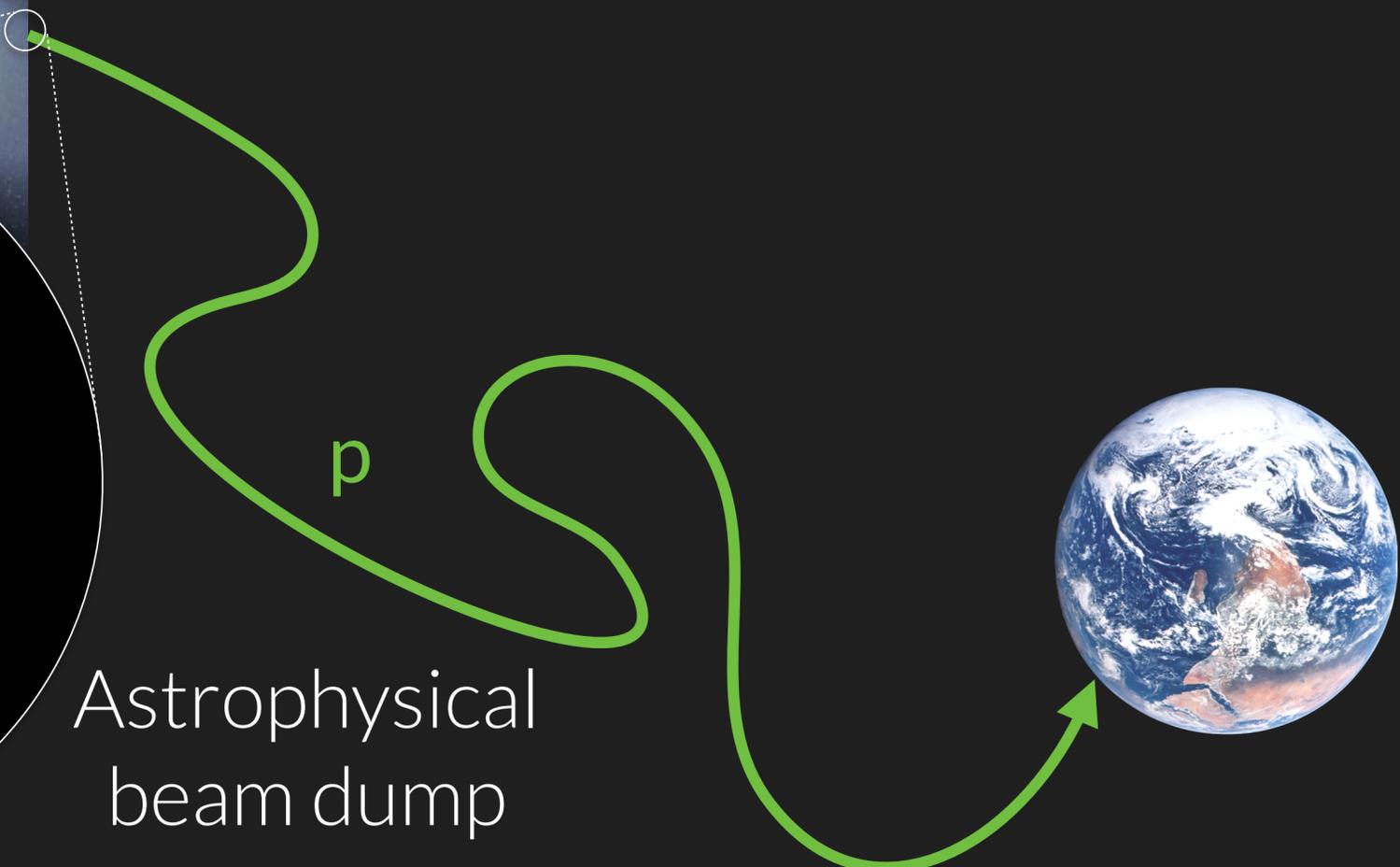
MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS



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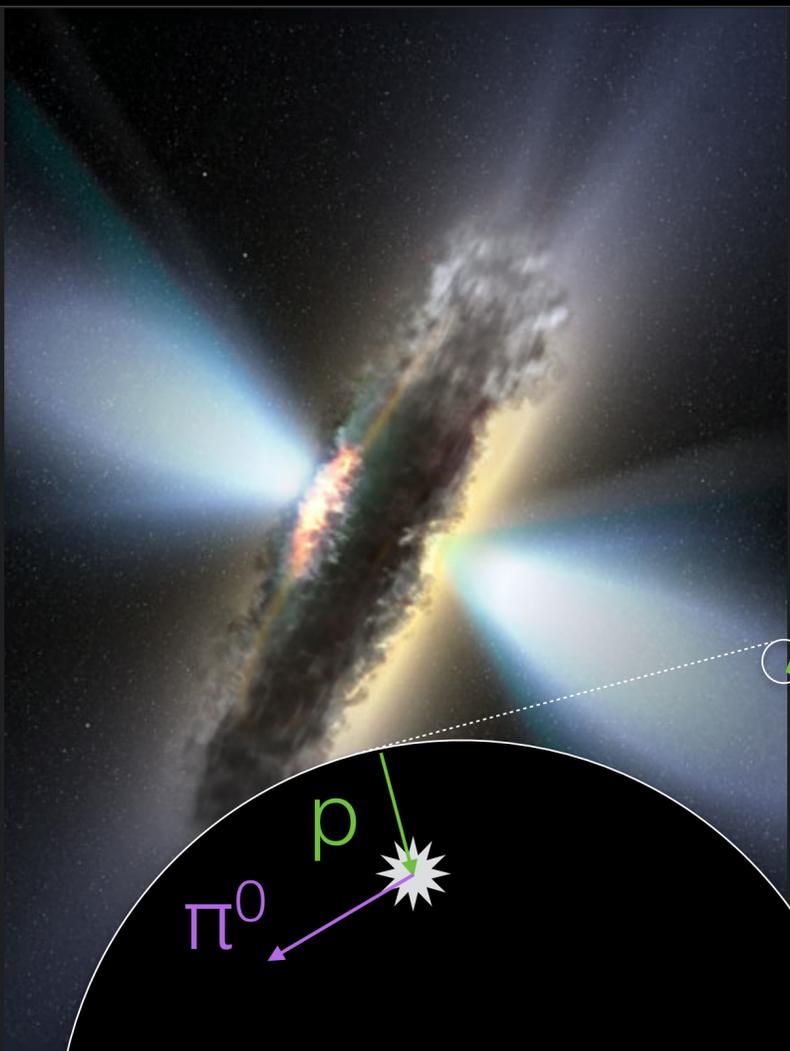


Astrophysical beam dump

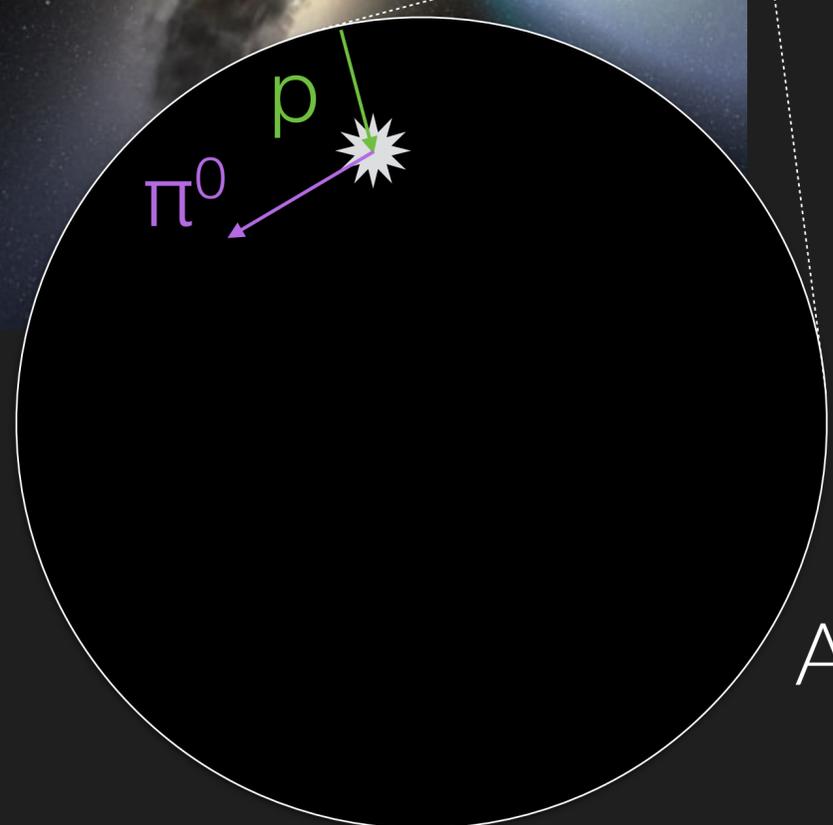




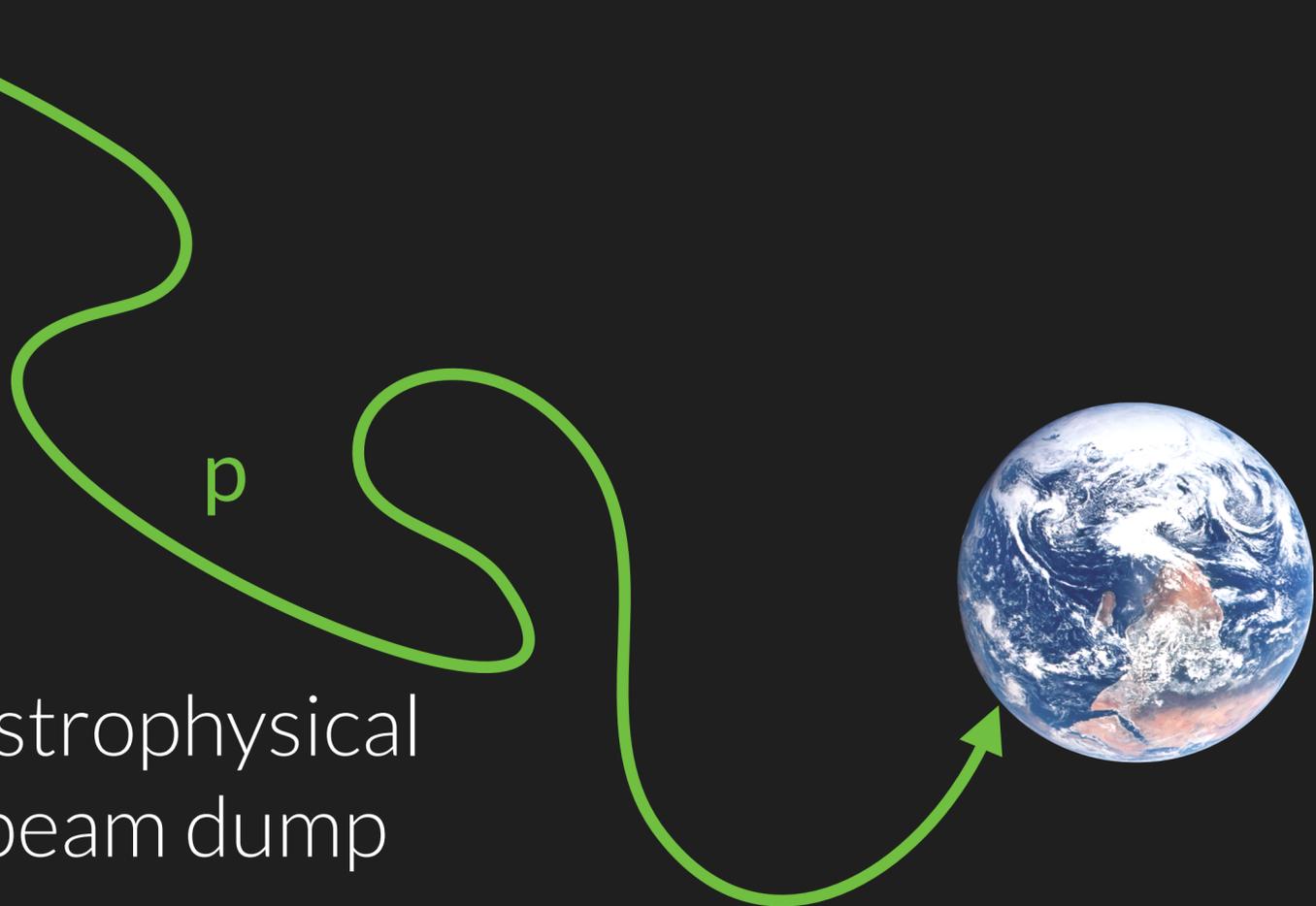
MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS



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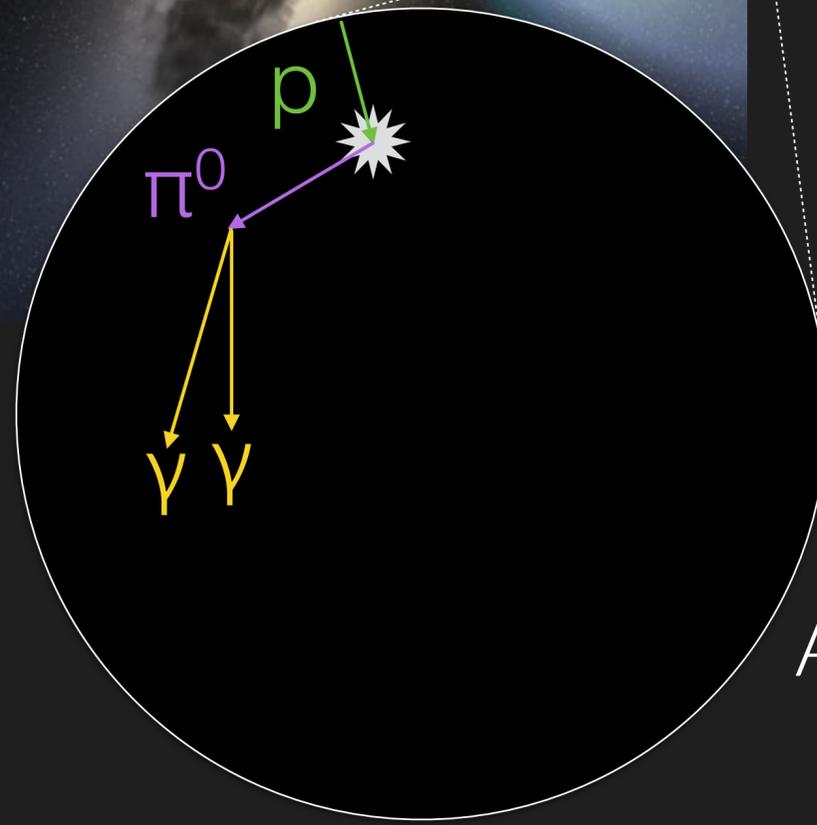
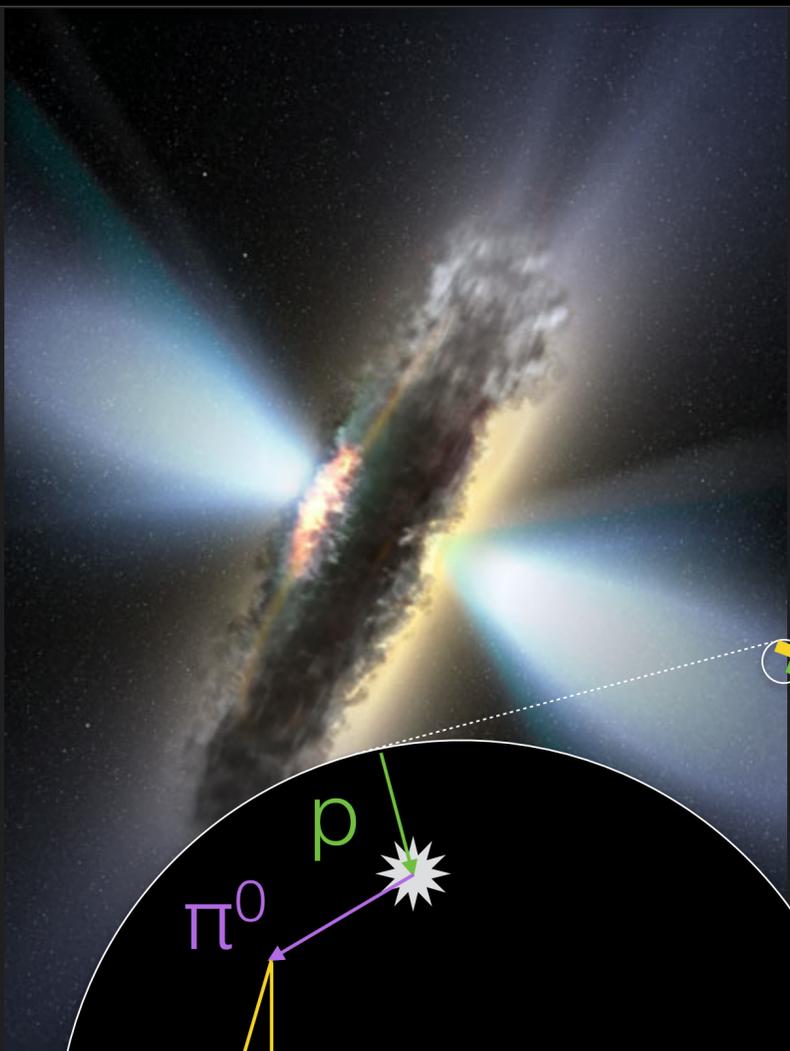


Astrophysical beam dump

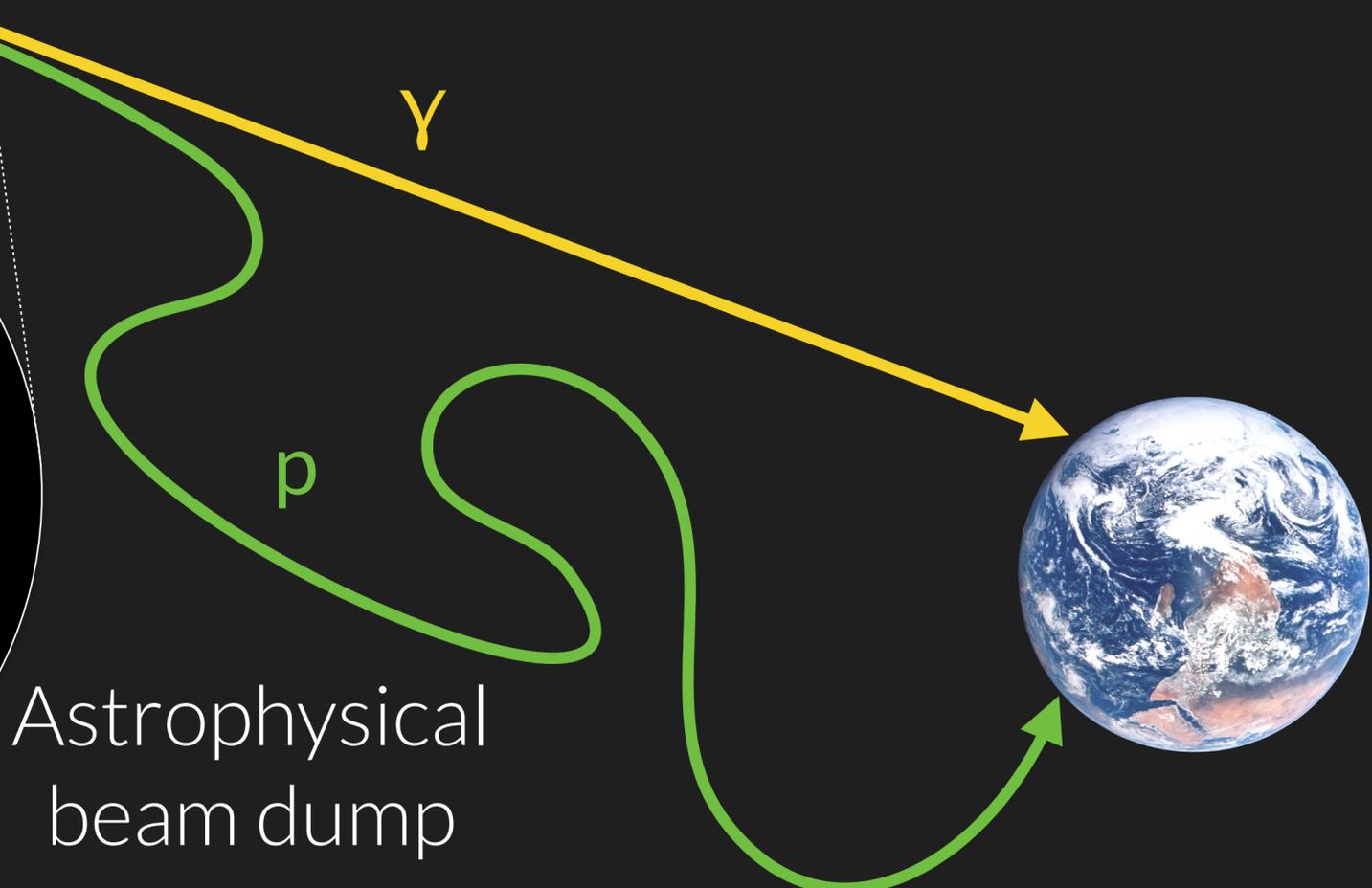




MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS

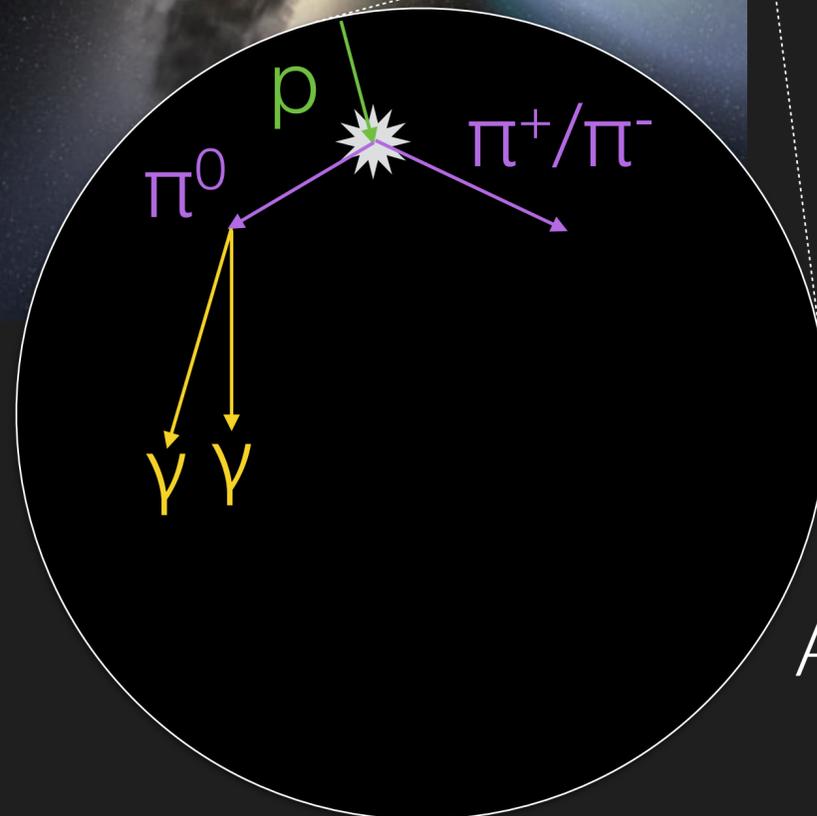
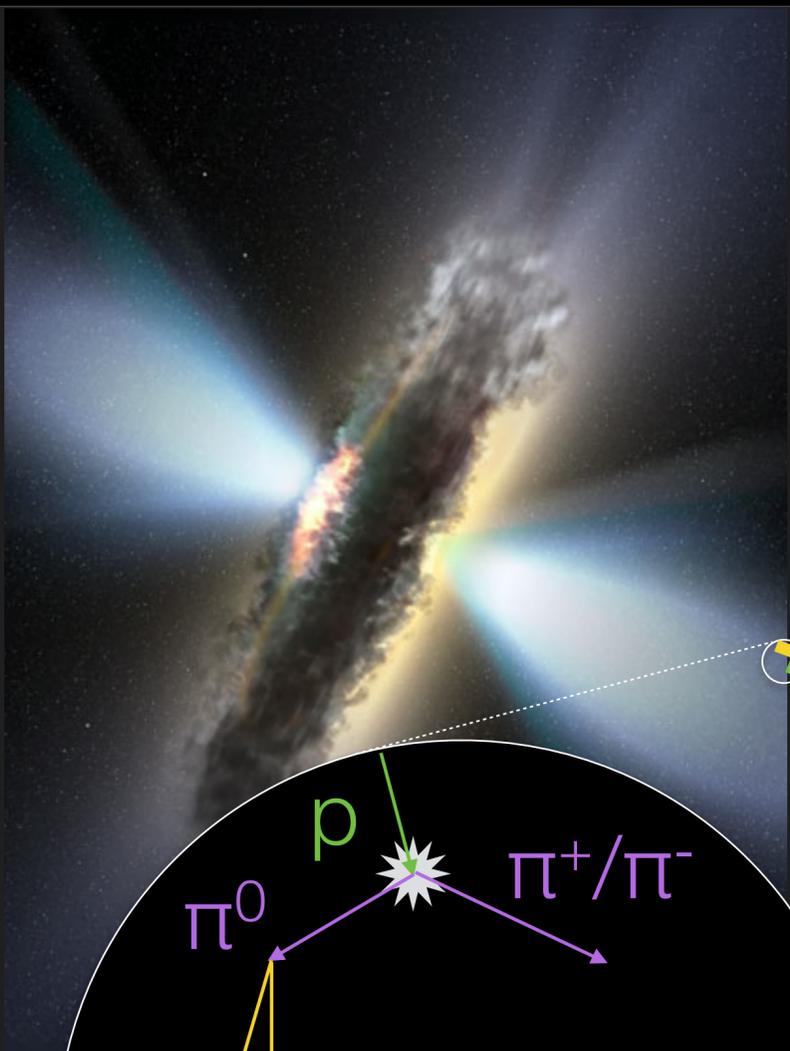


- ▶ **Nuclei** can be deflected by magnetic fields
- ▶ **Gamma rays** can be absorbed

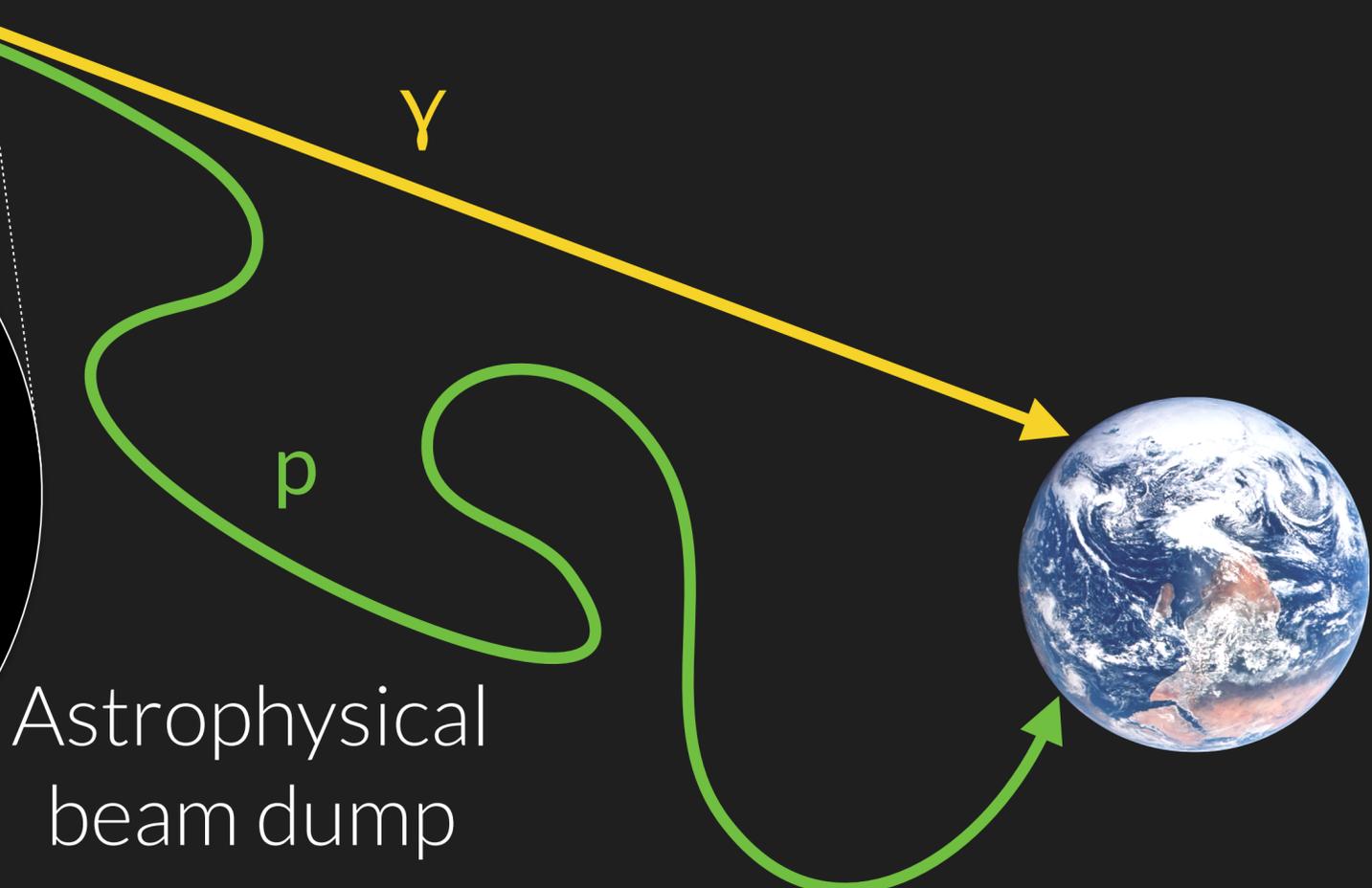




MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS



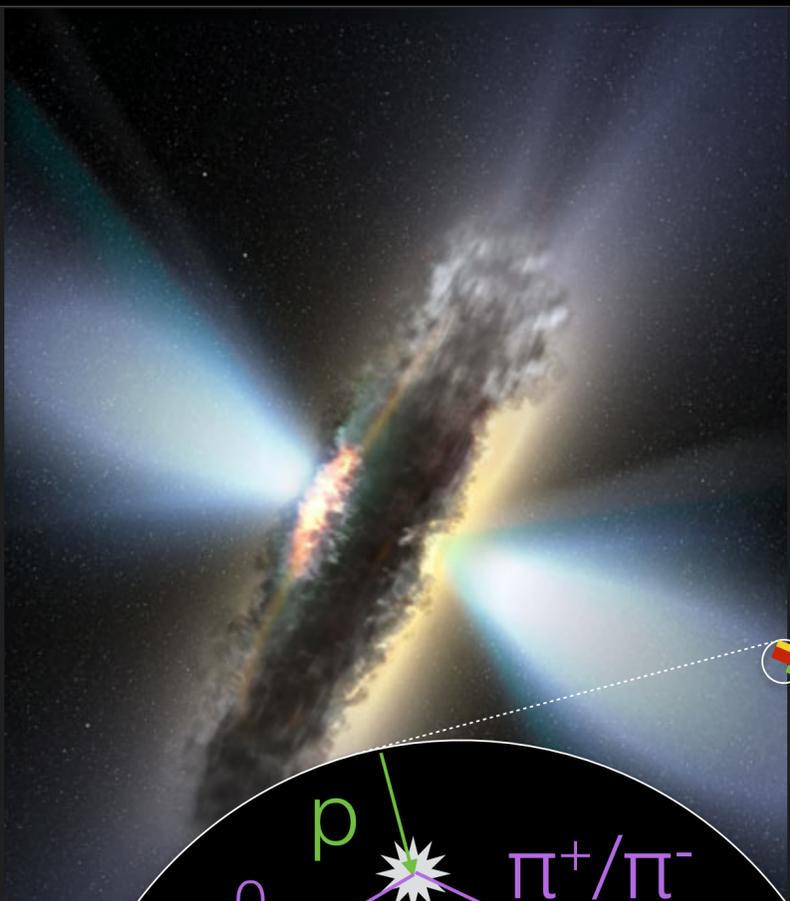
- ▶ **Nuclei** can be deflected by magnetic fields
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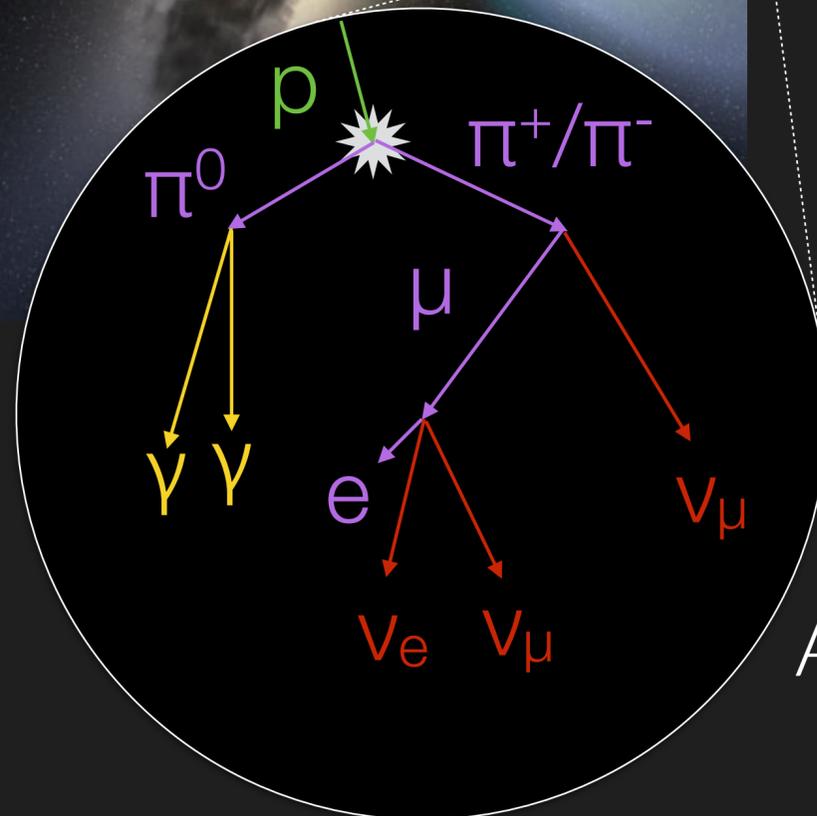
Astrophysical beam dump



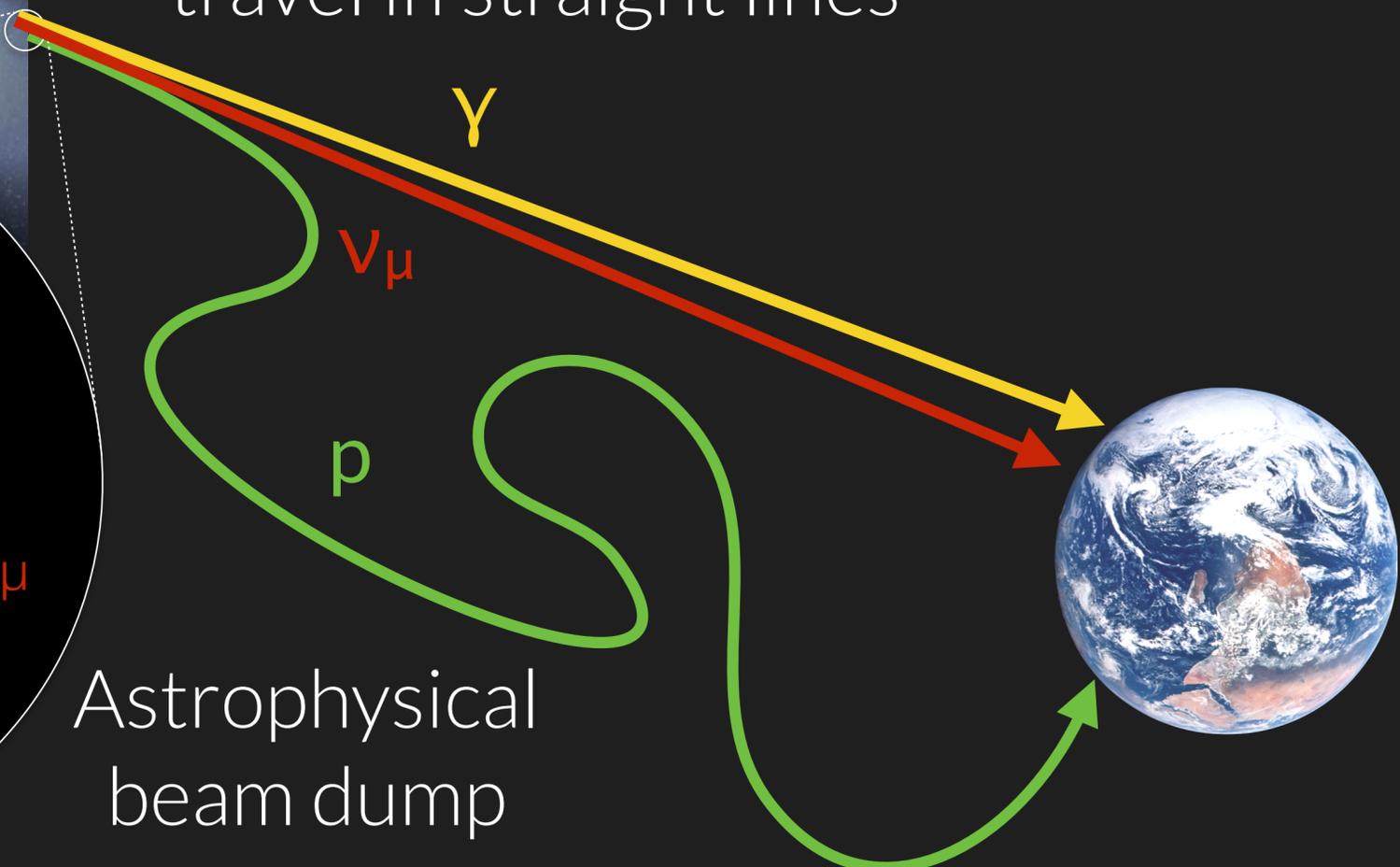
MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS WITH NEUTRINOS



- ▶ **Nuclei** can be deflected by magnetic fields
- ▶ **Gamma rays** can be absorbed
- ▶ **Neutrinos** are difficult to stop and travel in straight lines



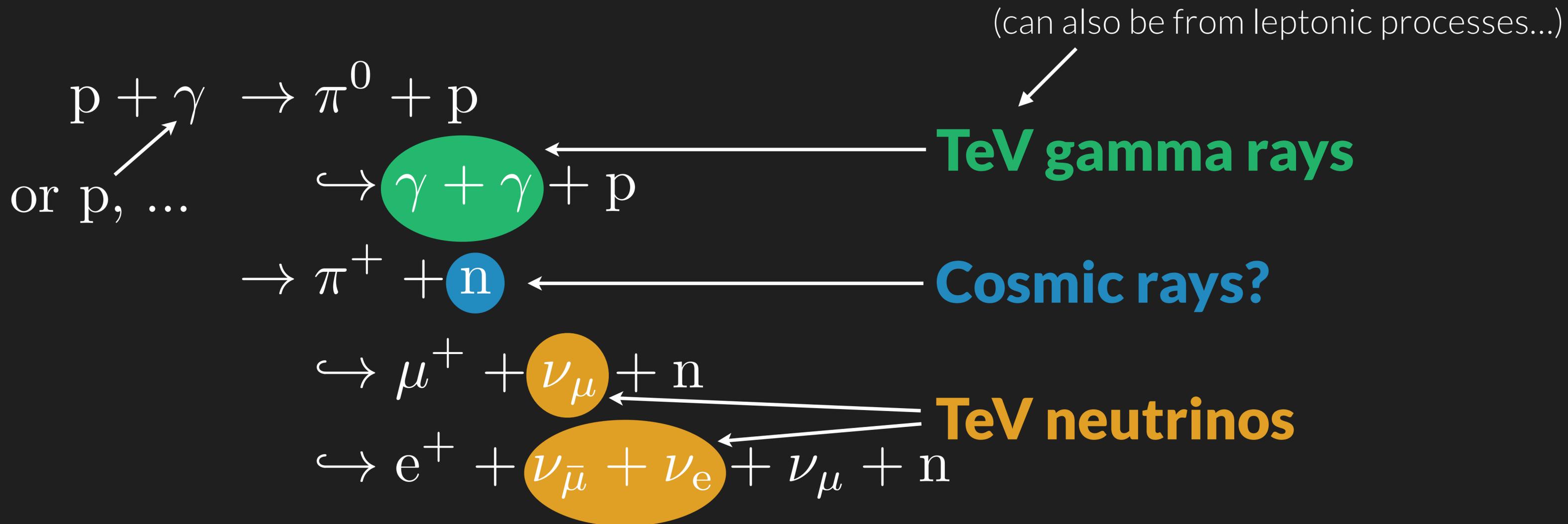
Astrophysical beam dump





TeV NEUTRINOS

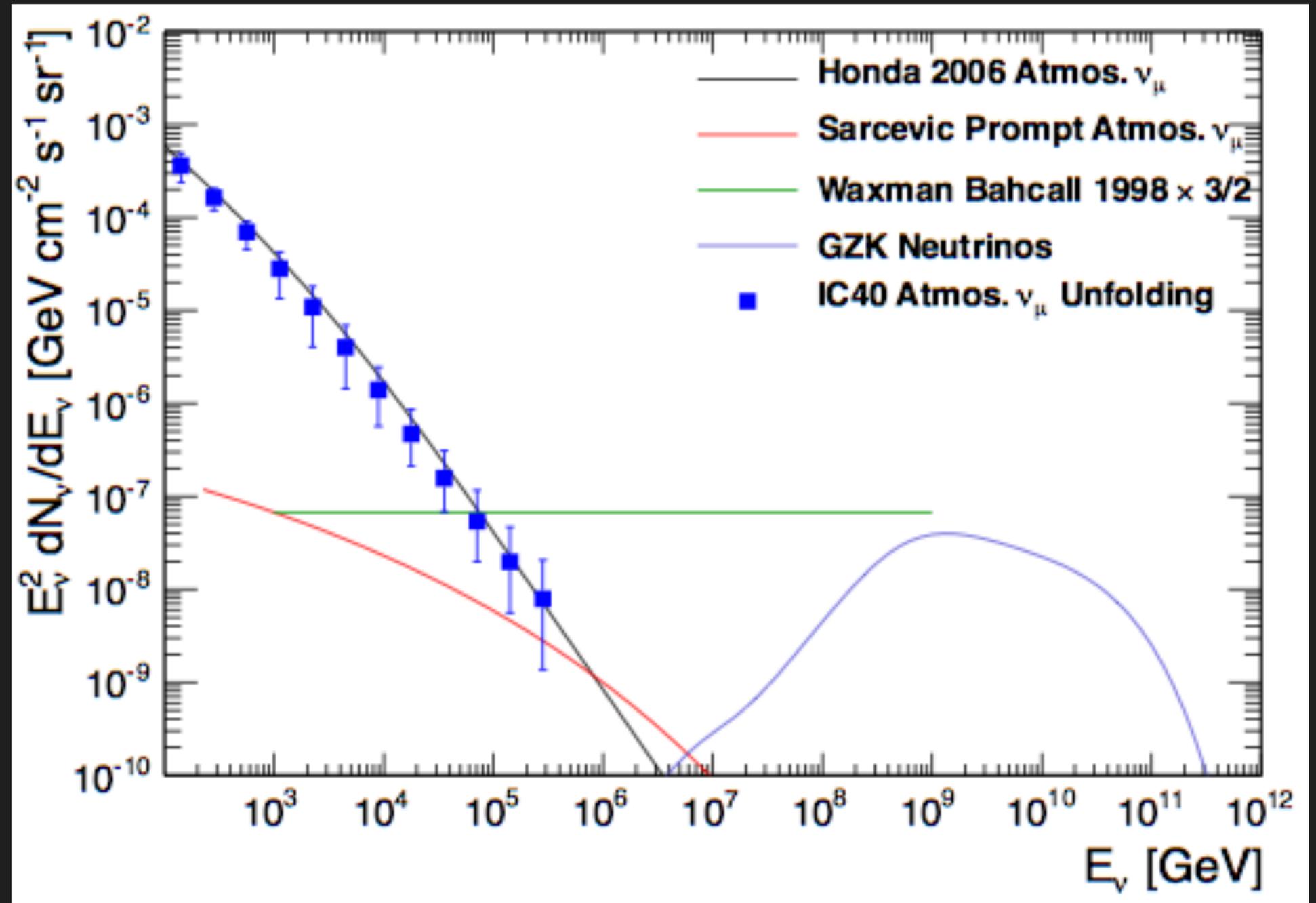
Observing astrophysical neutrinos allows conclusions about the acceleration mechanism of Cosmic Rays





NEUTRINOS ABOVE 1 TEV

sketch of the different expected neutrino flux components





NEUTRINOS ABOVE 1 TEV

sketch of the different expected neutrino flux components

ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS (π/K)

dominant < 100 TeV

ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS (CHARM)

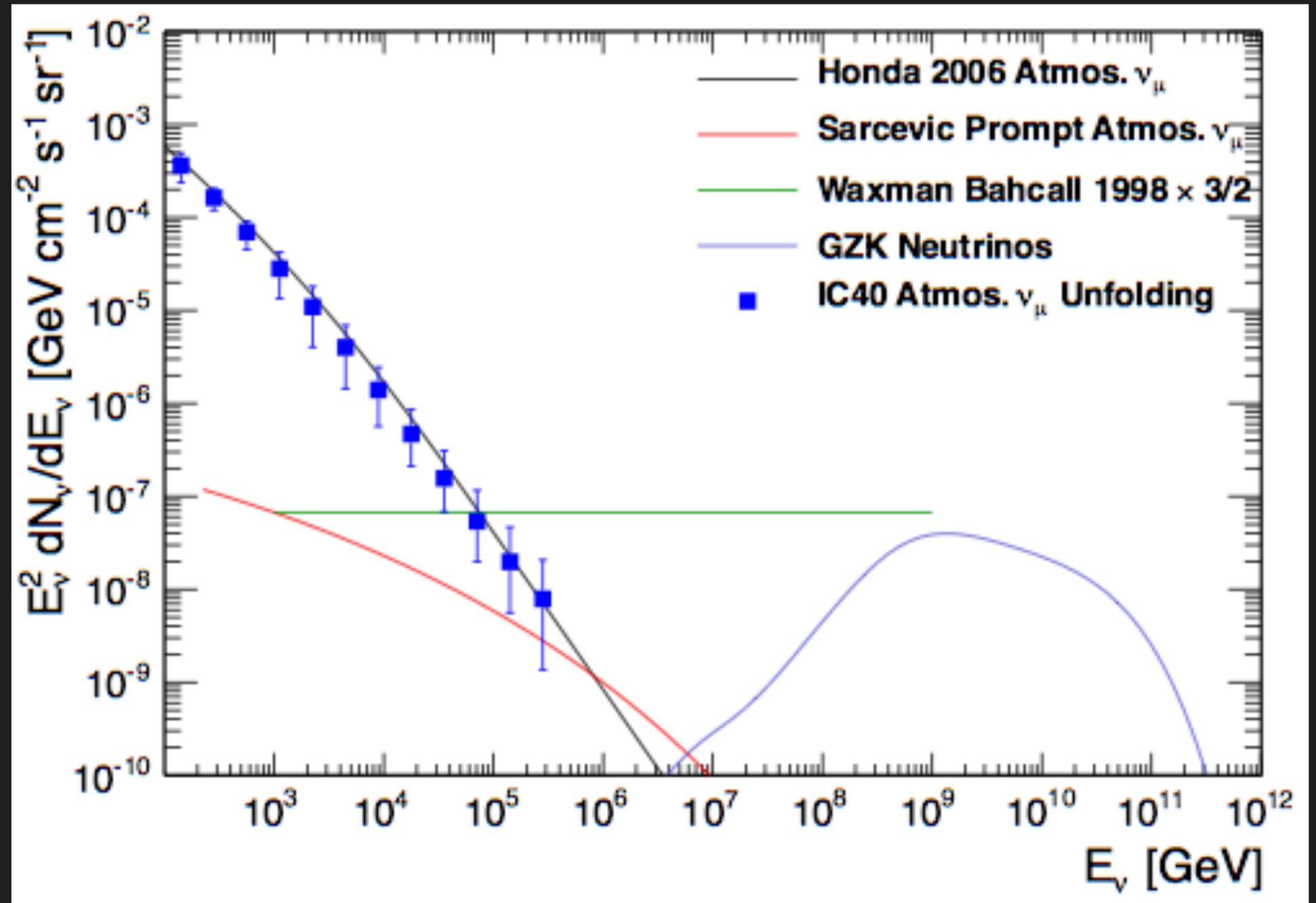
“prompt” ~ 100 TeV

ASTROPHYSICAL NEUTRINOS

maybe dominant > 100 TeV

COSMOGENIC NEUTRINOS

> 10^6 TeV





NEUTRINOS ABOVE 1 TEV

sketch of the different expected neutrino flux components

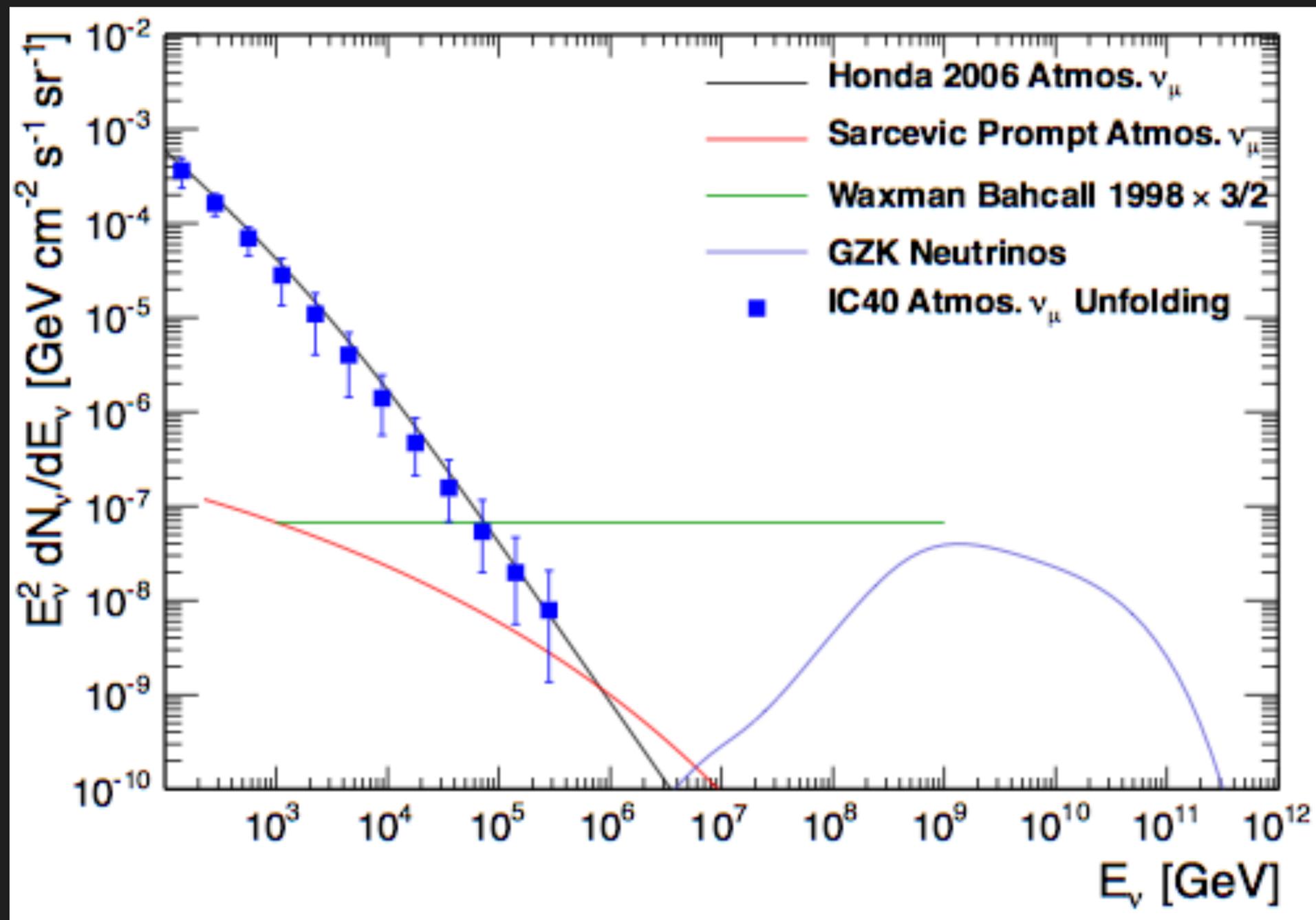
ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS (π/K)

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ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS (CHARM)

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Paolo Desiati - “Recent Observations of Atmospheric Neutrinos with the IceCube Observatory” - August 5, 17:00 (**highlight**)





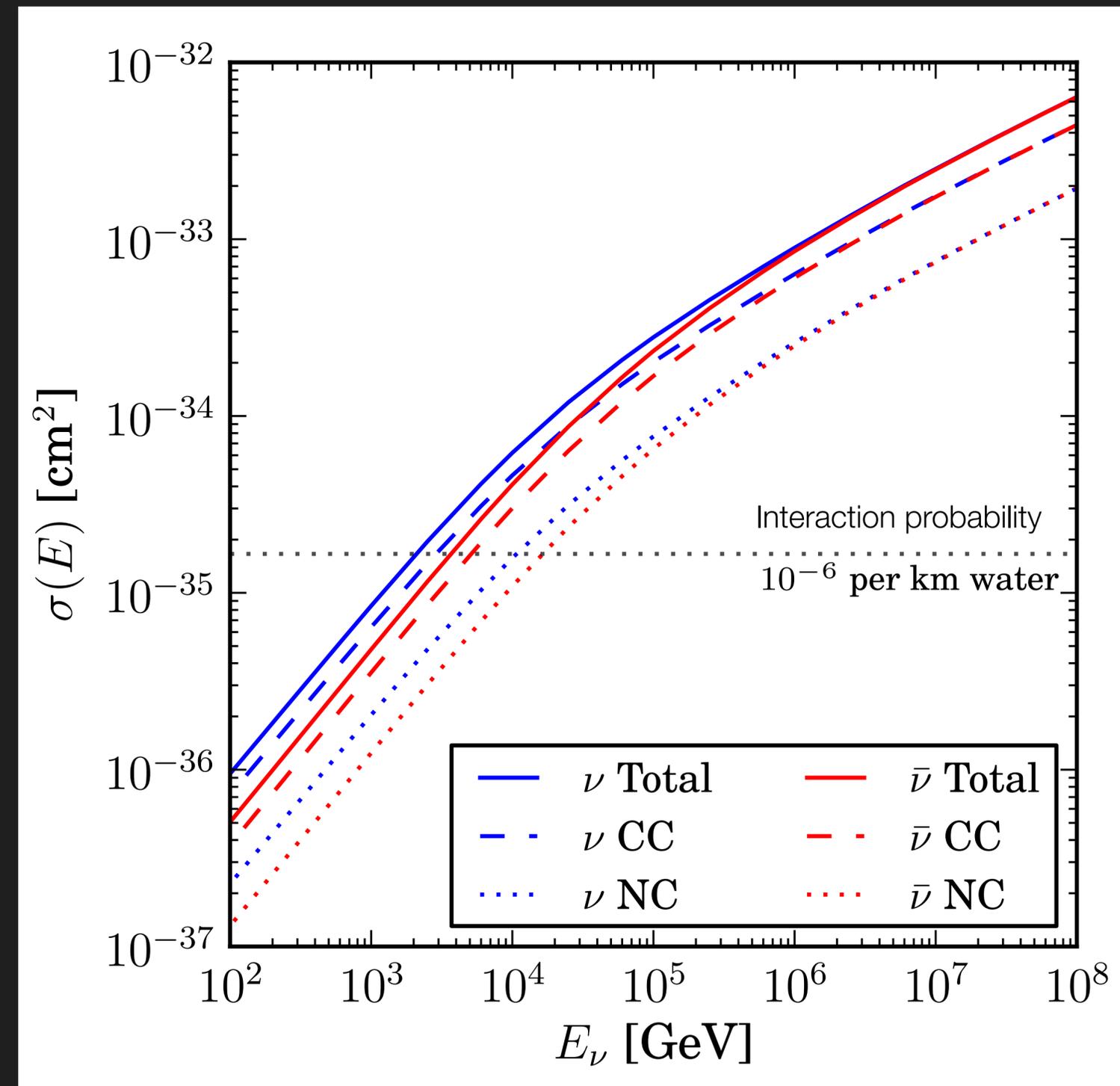
DETECTING TEV NEUTRINOS

Interaction cross-sections are very small

Benchmark astrophysical flux:
 $O(10^5)$ per km^2 per year above
100 TeV

Need **km^3 -scale** detectors!

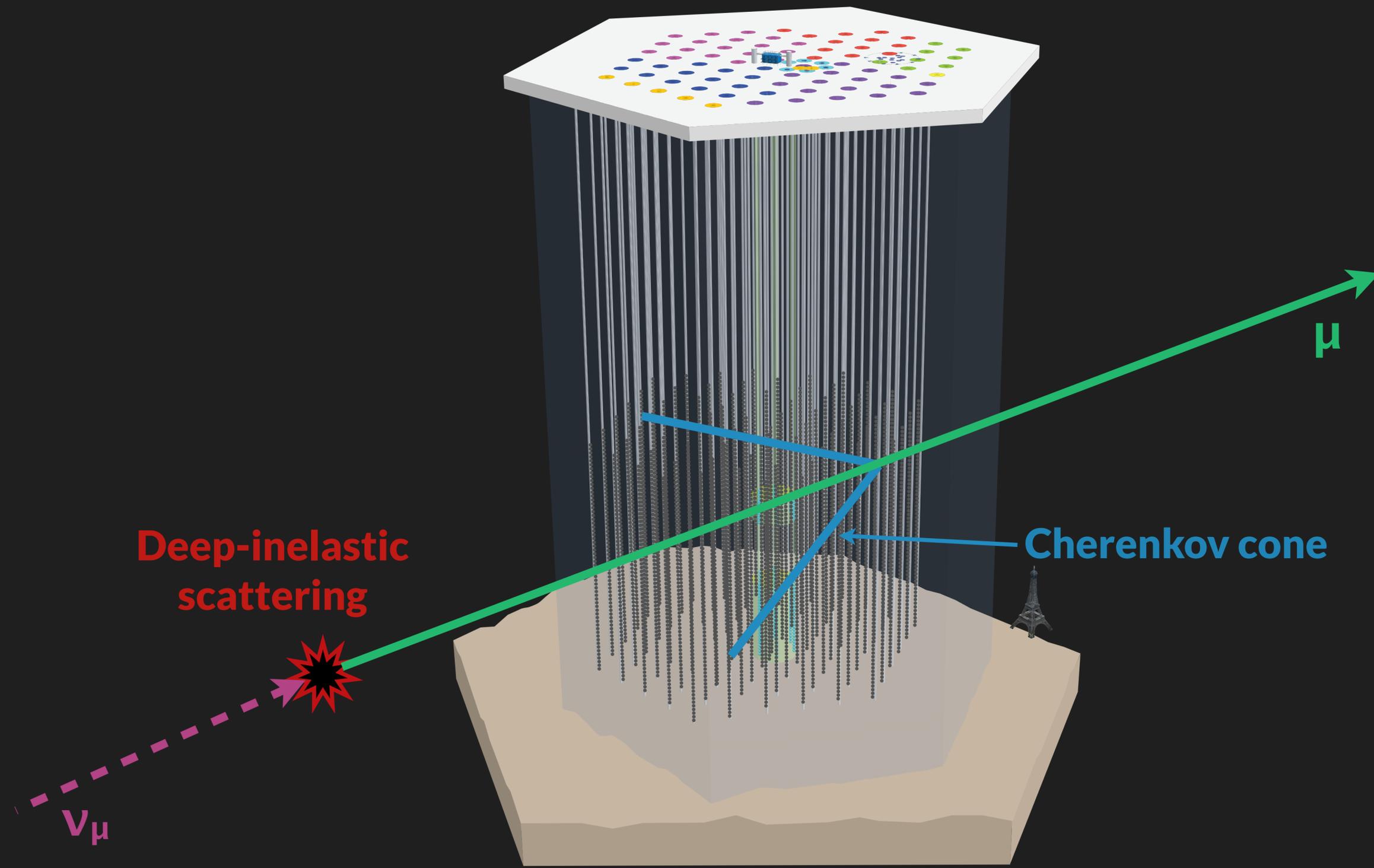
Large volumes, use natural water
or ice





DETECTING NEUTRINOS

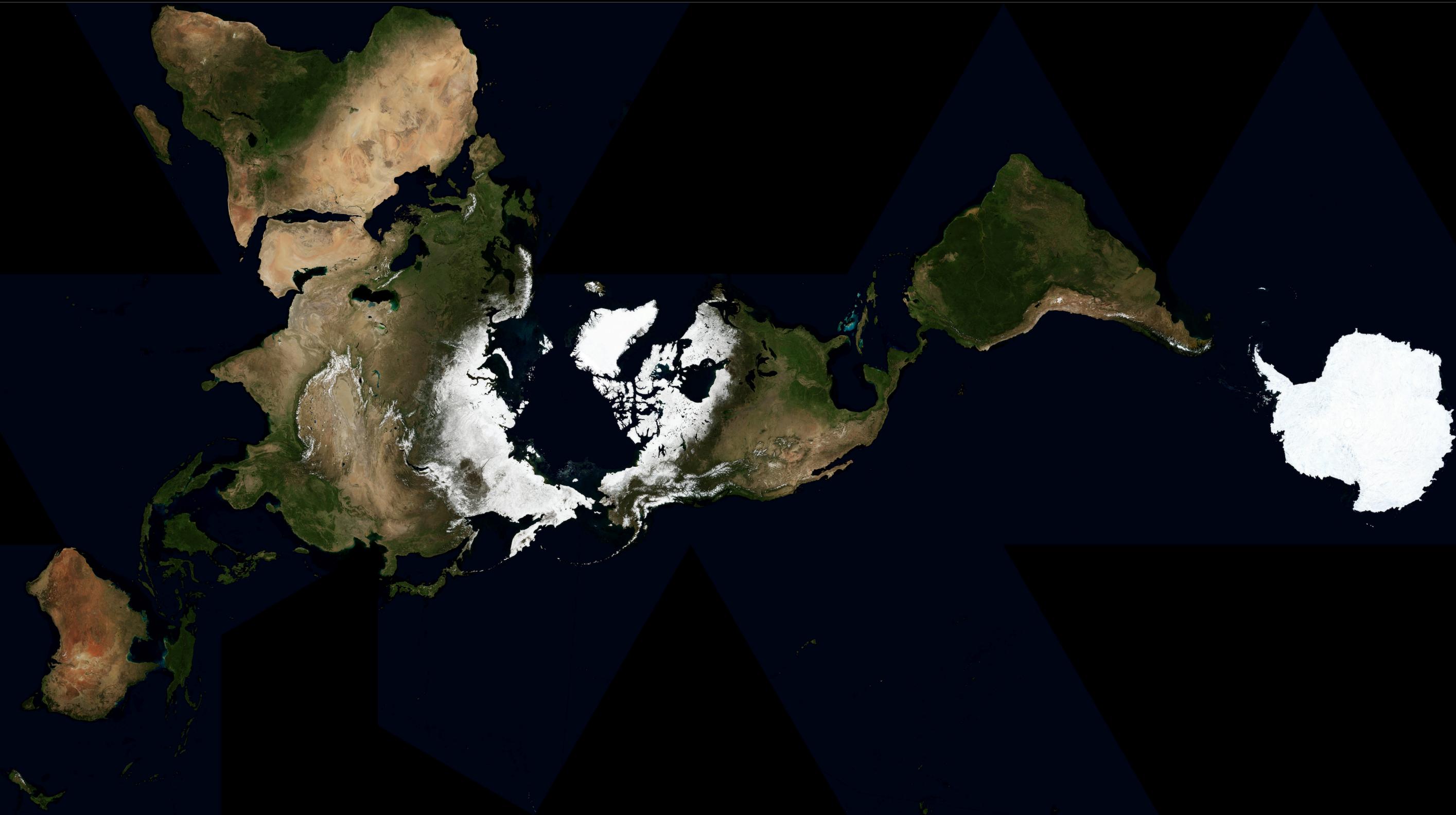
Neutrinos are detected by looking for





NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

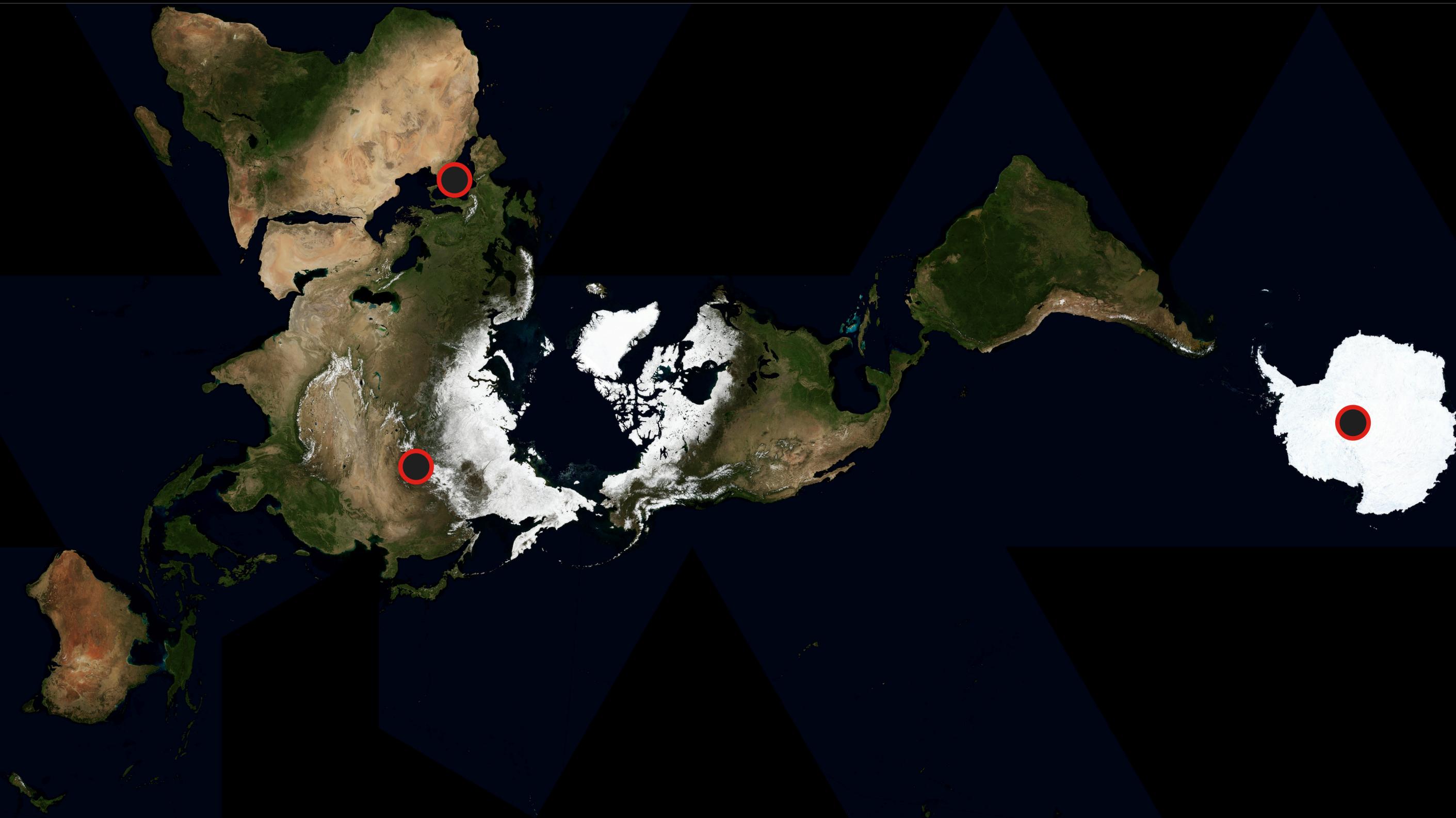
deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)





NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)





NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)



ANTARES



NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)





NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)





NEUTRINO TELESCOPE SITES

deep natural sites with water/ice (deep sea, lakes, glaciers)



ANTARES



KM3NET



**BAIKAL
GVD**



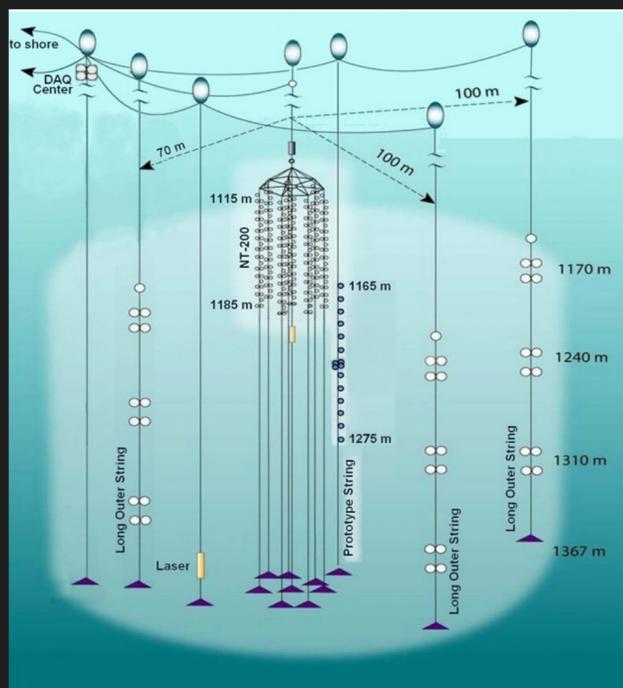
ICECUBE



THE WORLD'S NEUTRINO TELESCOPES

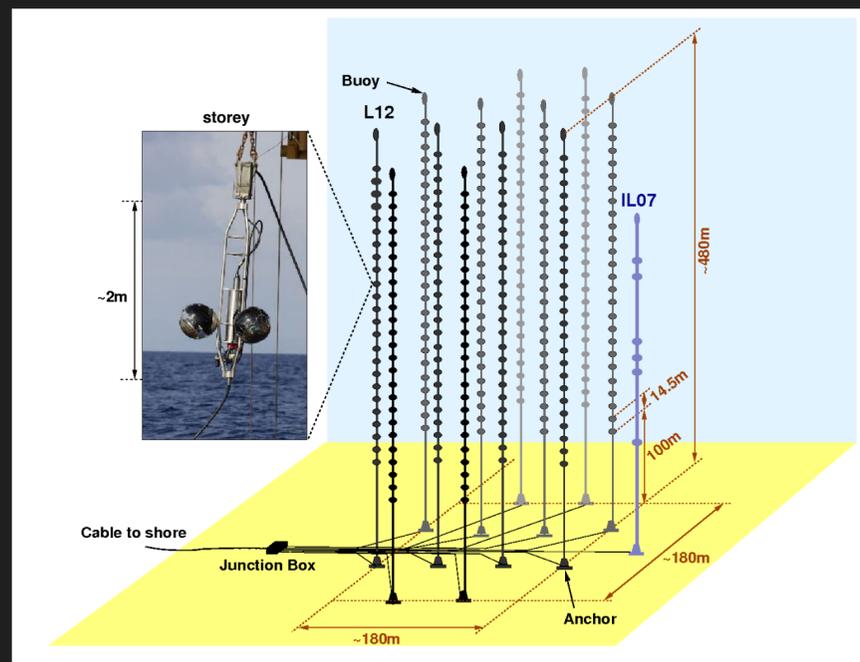
lakes, sea, glaciers

NT-200+



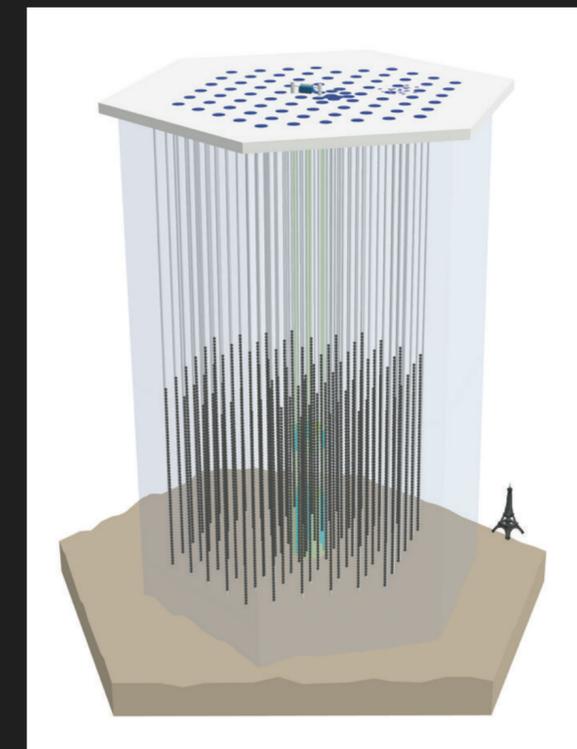
Lake Baikal
1/2000 km³
228 PMTs

Antares



Mediterranean Sea
1/100 km³
885 PMTs

IceCube



South Pole glacier
1 km³
5160 PMTs

—————>
Larger, sparser → higher energies

Lake Baikal



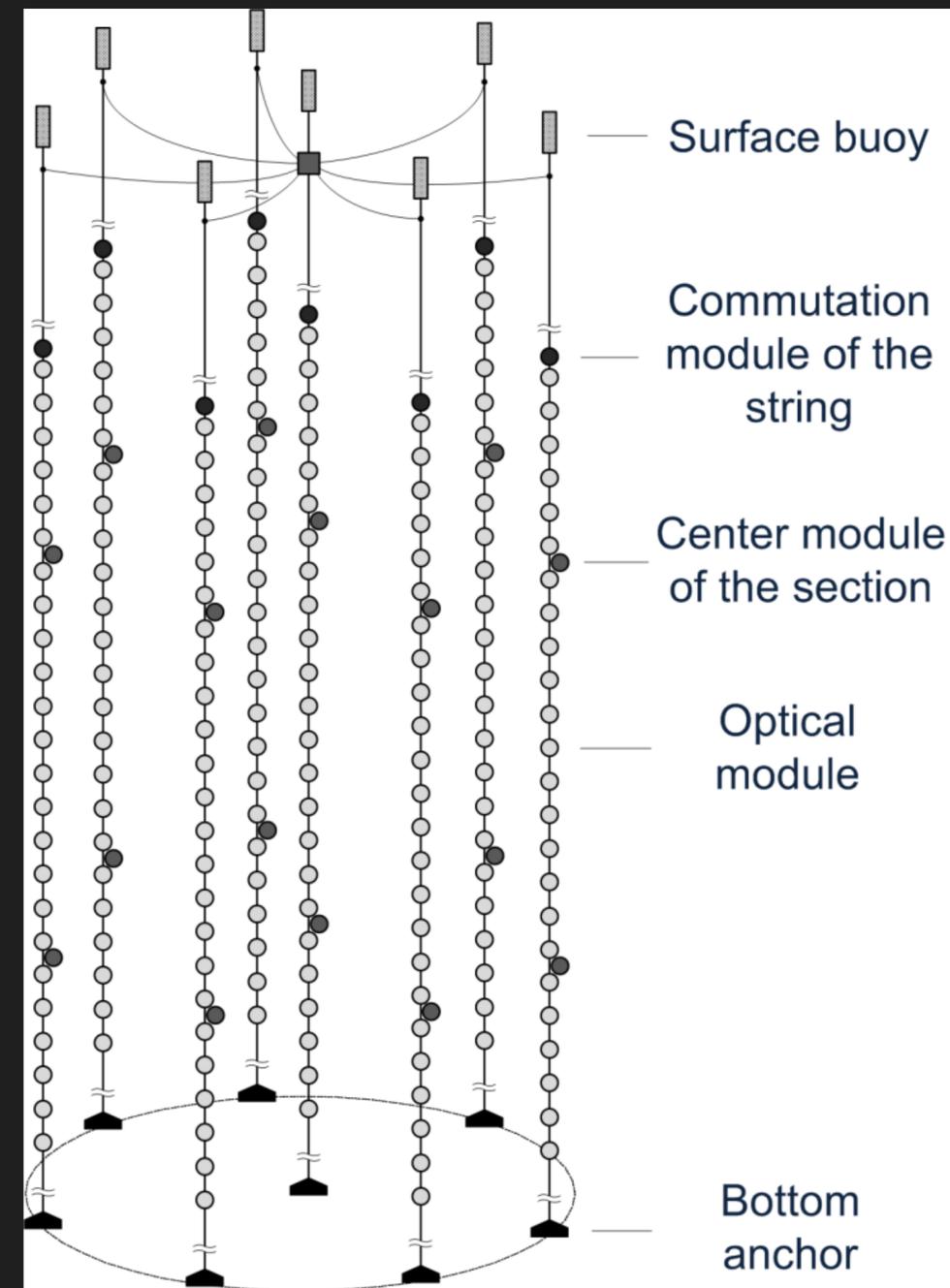
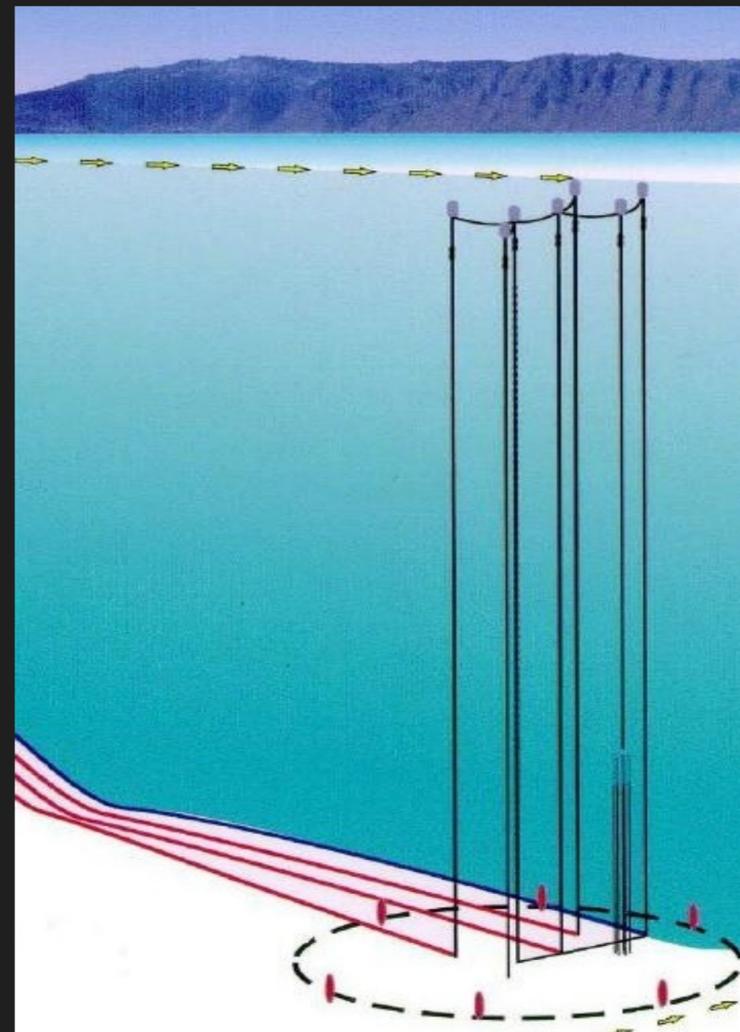


BAIKAL / BAIKAL-GVD

Neutrino telescope deployed in Lake Baikal

First cluster of the gigaton detector deployed in April 2015

Plan: 8-12 such arrays



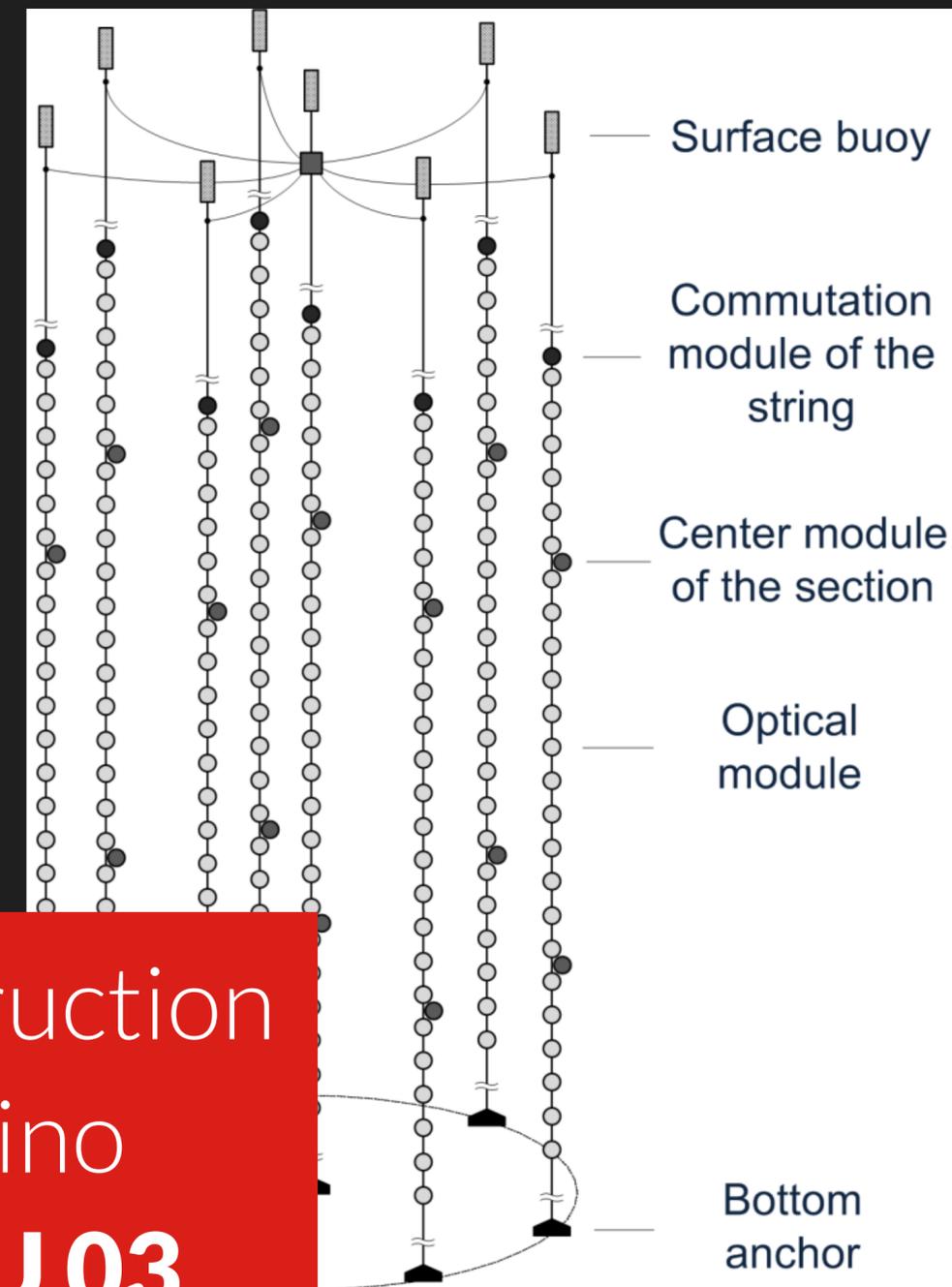
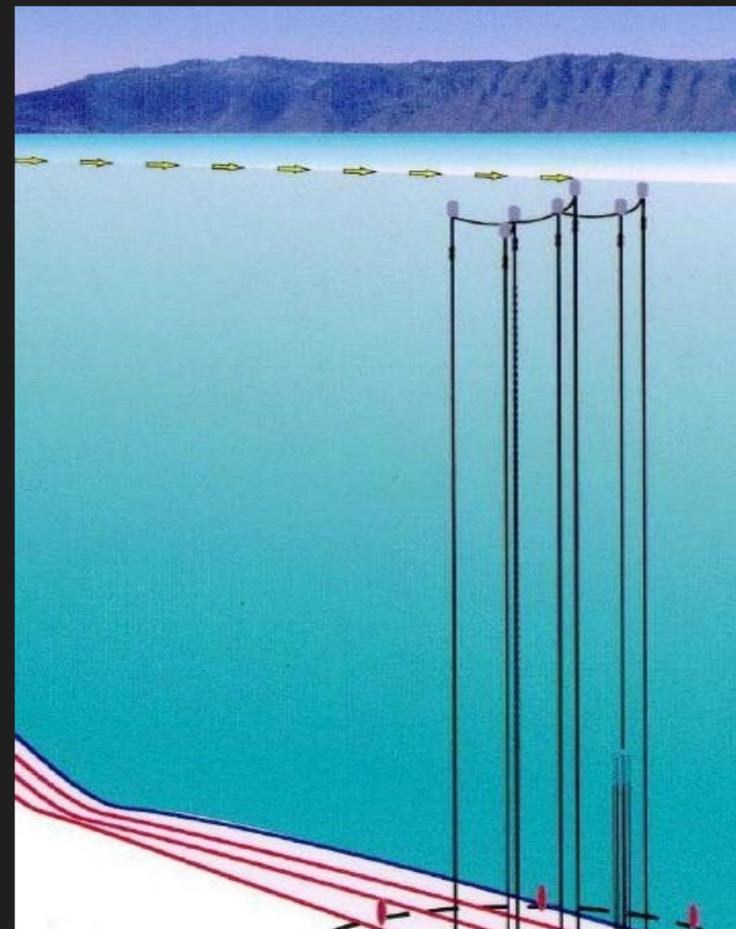


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Bair Shaybovov - “The first construction phase of the Baikal-GVD neutrino telescope” - August 1, 14:15 - **NU 03**

Mediterranean Sea





THE ANTARES NEUTRINO TELESCOPE

In the

📖 NIM A 656 (2011) 11-38

Timing res
~ 0.5 ns

Position
< 10 cm

- 25 storeys / line
- 3 PMTs / storey
- 885 PMTs



350 m

14.5 m

Deployed
in 2001

40 km

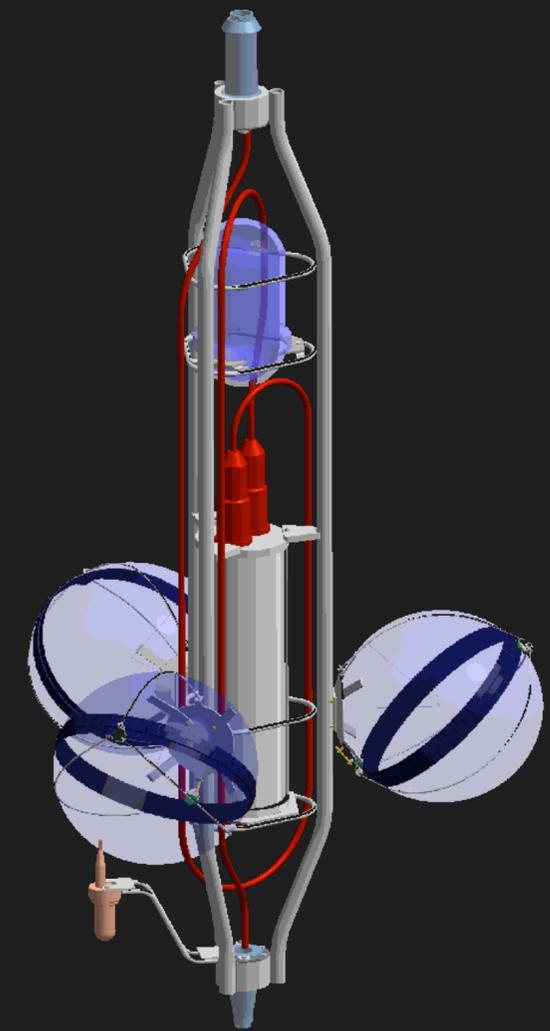
100 m

~70 m

Junction
box
(since 2002)

Anchor/line socket

Interlink cables



**“storey” with
3 OMs**



THE ANTARES NEUTRINO TELESCOPE

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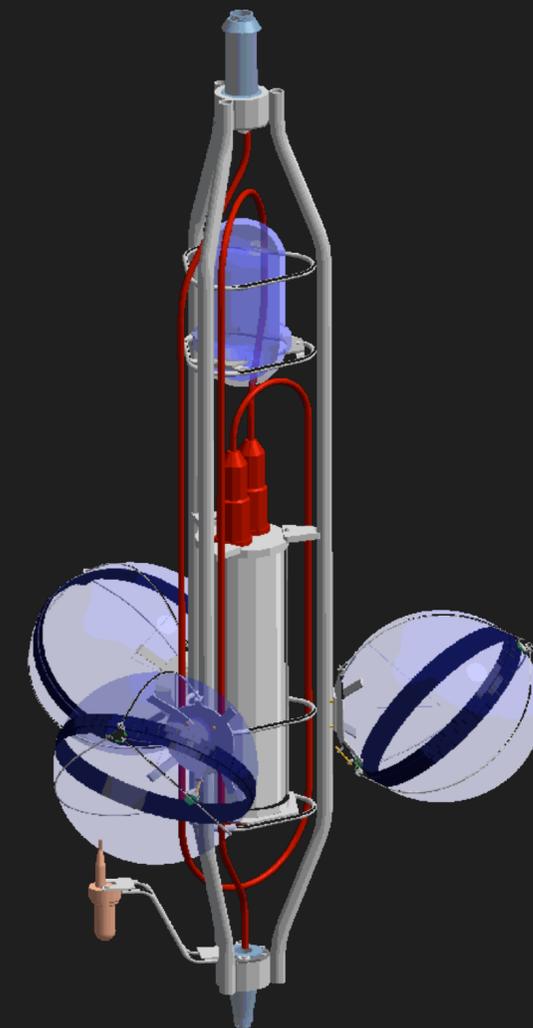
14.5 m

Deployed
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100 m

~70 m

Clancy James - "Highlights from ANTARES, and prospects for KM3NeT" - August 4, 17:30 (**highlight**)



"storey" with 3 OMs

Anchor/line socket

Interlink cables

South Pole Glacier

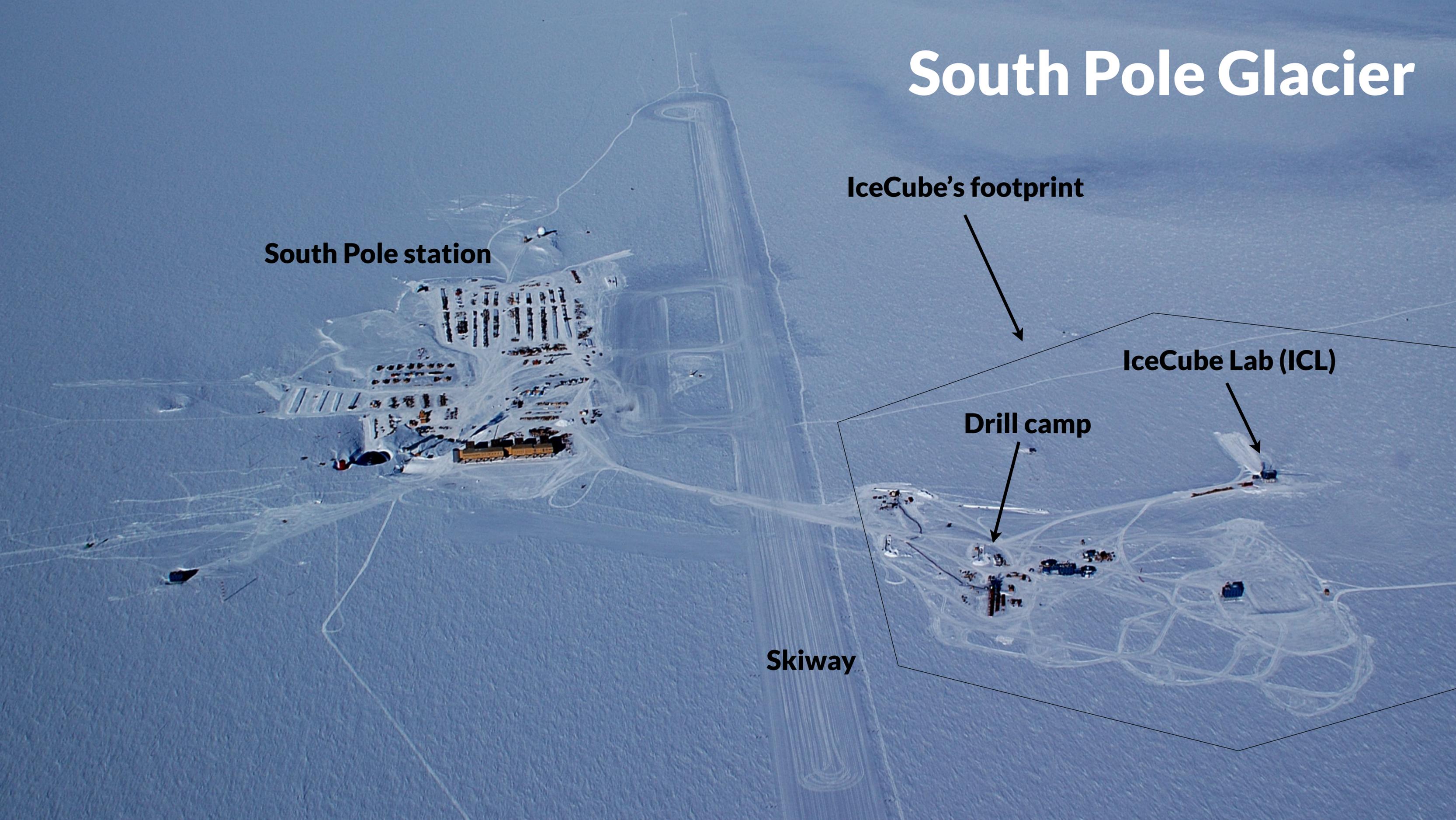
South Pole station

IceCube's footprint

IceCube Lab (ICL)

Drill camp

Skiway





THE ICECUBE NEUTRINO OBSERVATORY

Deployed in the deep glacial ice at the South Pole

5160 PMTs

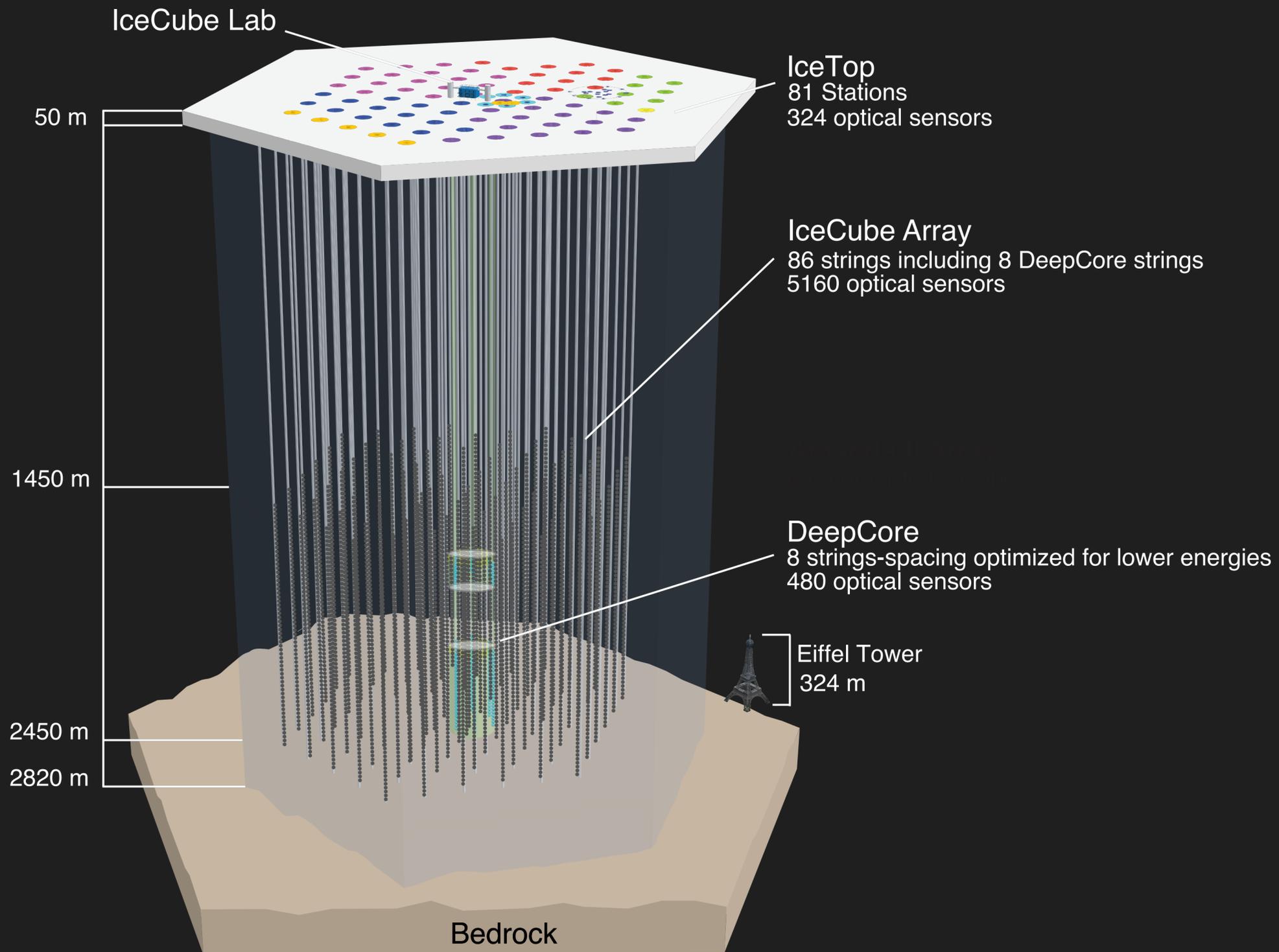
1 km³ volume

86 strings

17 m vertical spacing

125 m string spacing

Completed **2010**

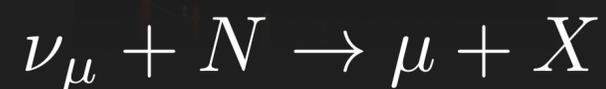
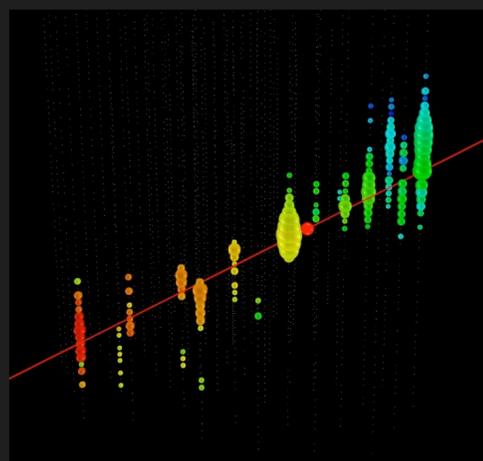




NEUTRINO EVENT SIGNATURES

Signatures of signal events

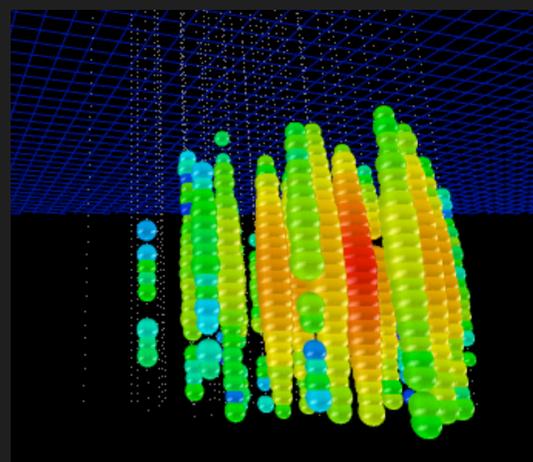
CC Muon Neutrino



track (data)

factor of ≈ 2 energy resolution
< 1° angular resolution at high energies

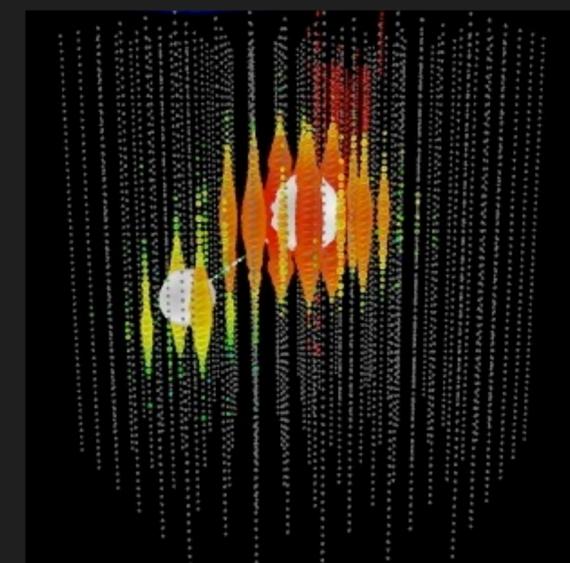
Neutral Current / Electron Neutrino



cascade (data)

$\approx \pm 15\%$ deposited energy resolution
 $\approx 10^{\circ}$ angular resolution (in IceCube)
(at energies $\gtrsim 100$ TeV)

CC Tau Neutrino



“double-bang” ($\gtrsim 10$ PeV) and other signatures (simulation)

(not observed yet: τ decay length is 50 m/PeV)

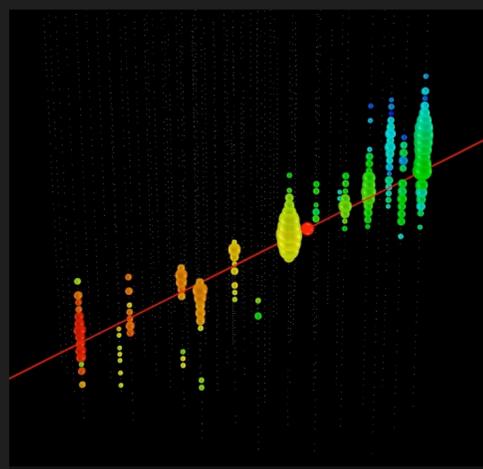


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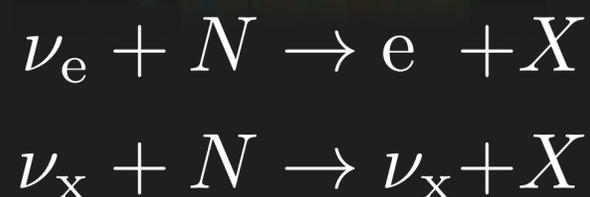
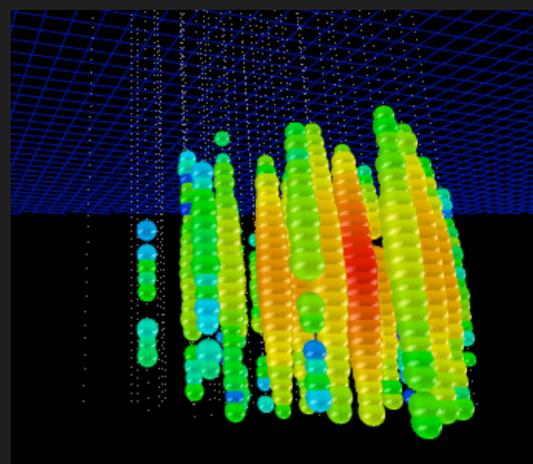
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CC Tau Neutrino

Dawn Williams - "A Search for Astrophysical Tau Neutrinos in Three Years of IceCube Data" - August 3, 15:15 - **NU 04**

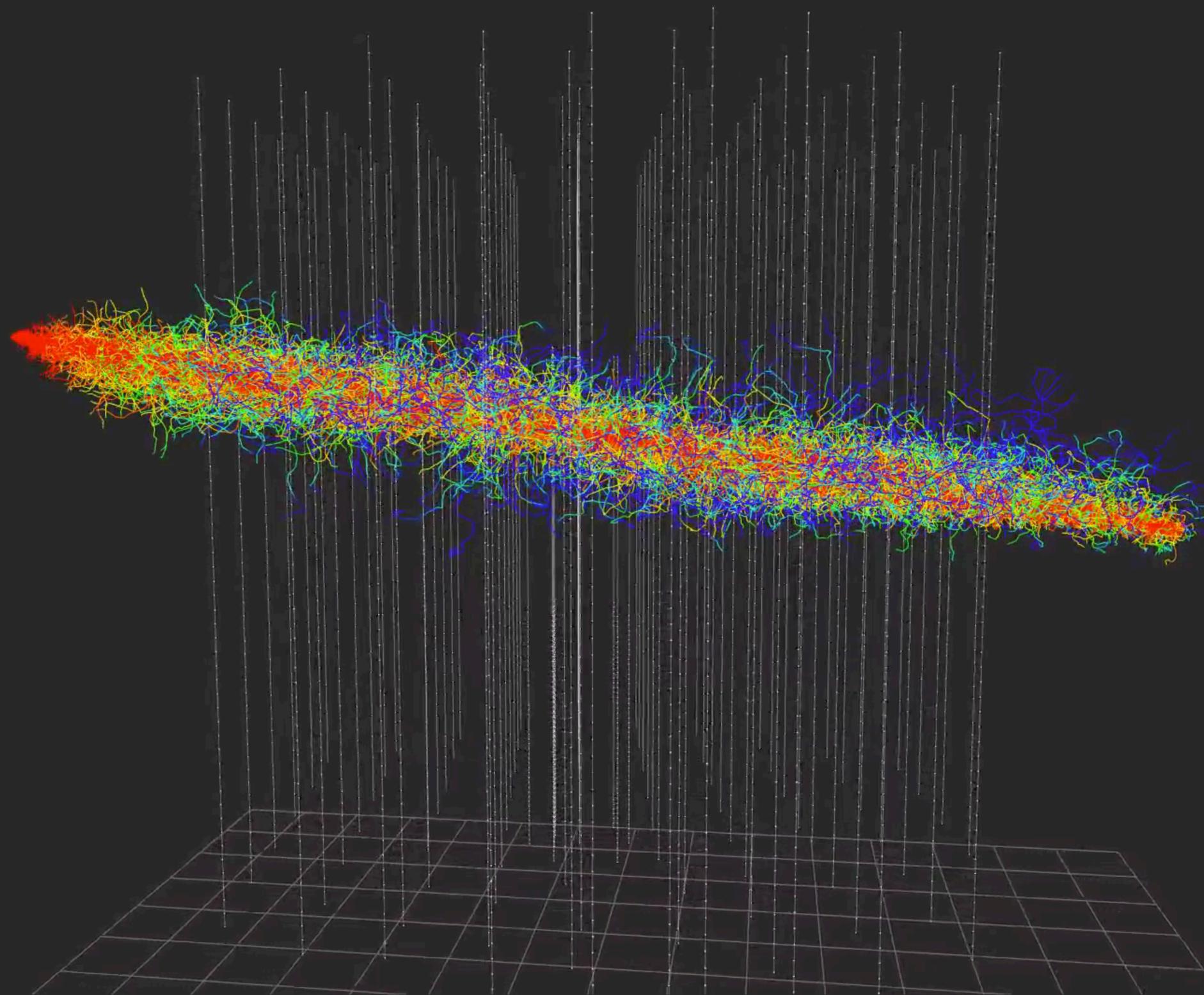
signatures (simulation)

(not observed yet: τ decay length is 50 m/PeV)



DETECTION PRINCIPLE (MUON IN ICE)

Neutrinos are detected by looking for Cherenkov radiation from secondary particles

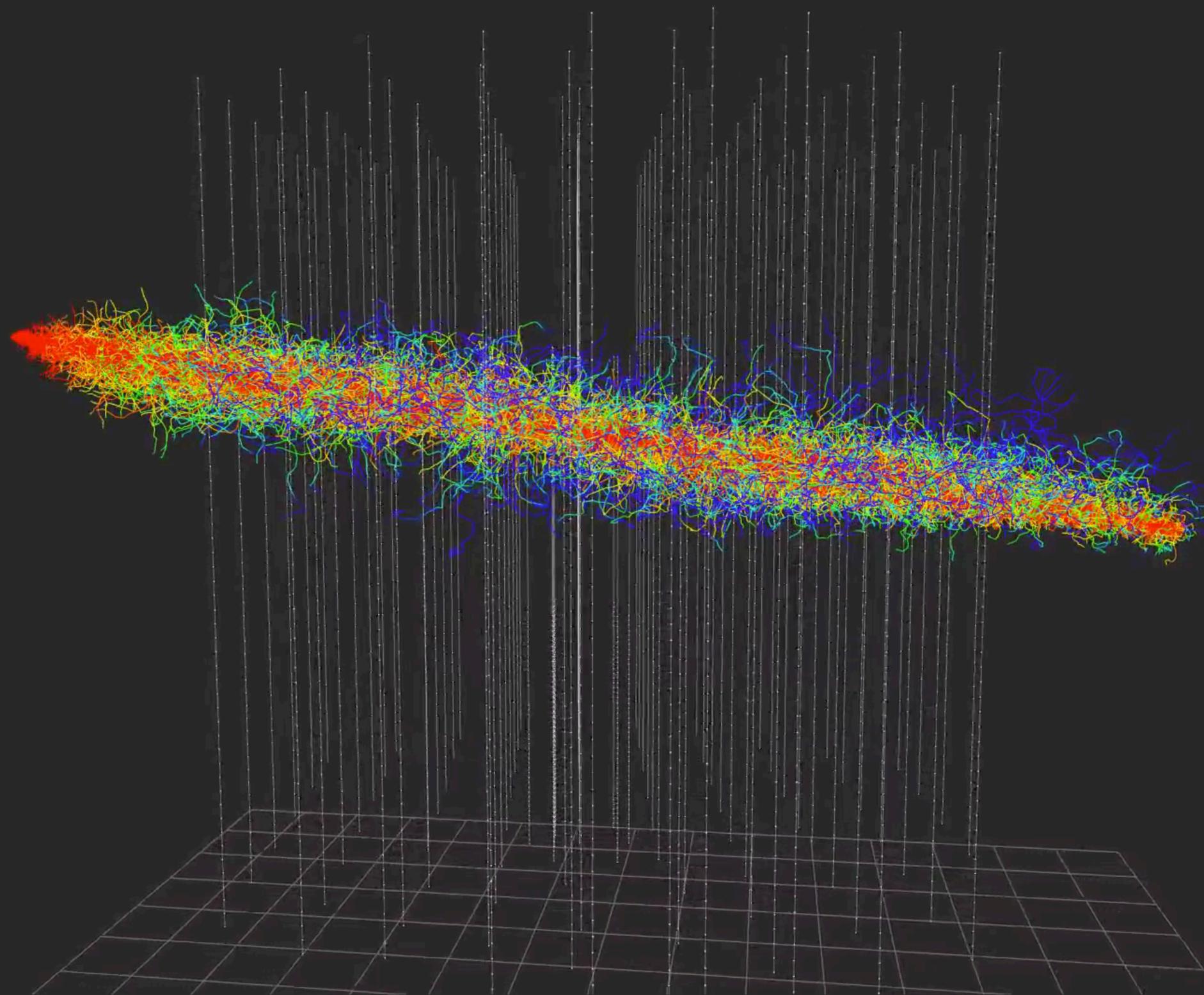


time delay
vs. direct light
"on time" → delayed



DETECTION PRINCIPLE (MUON IN ICE)

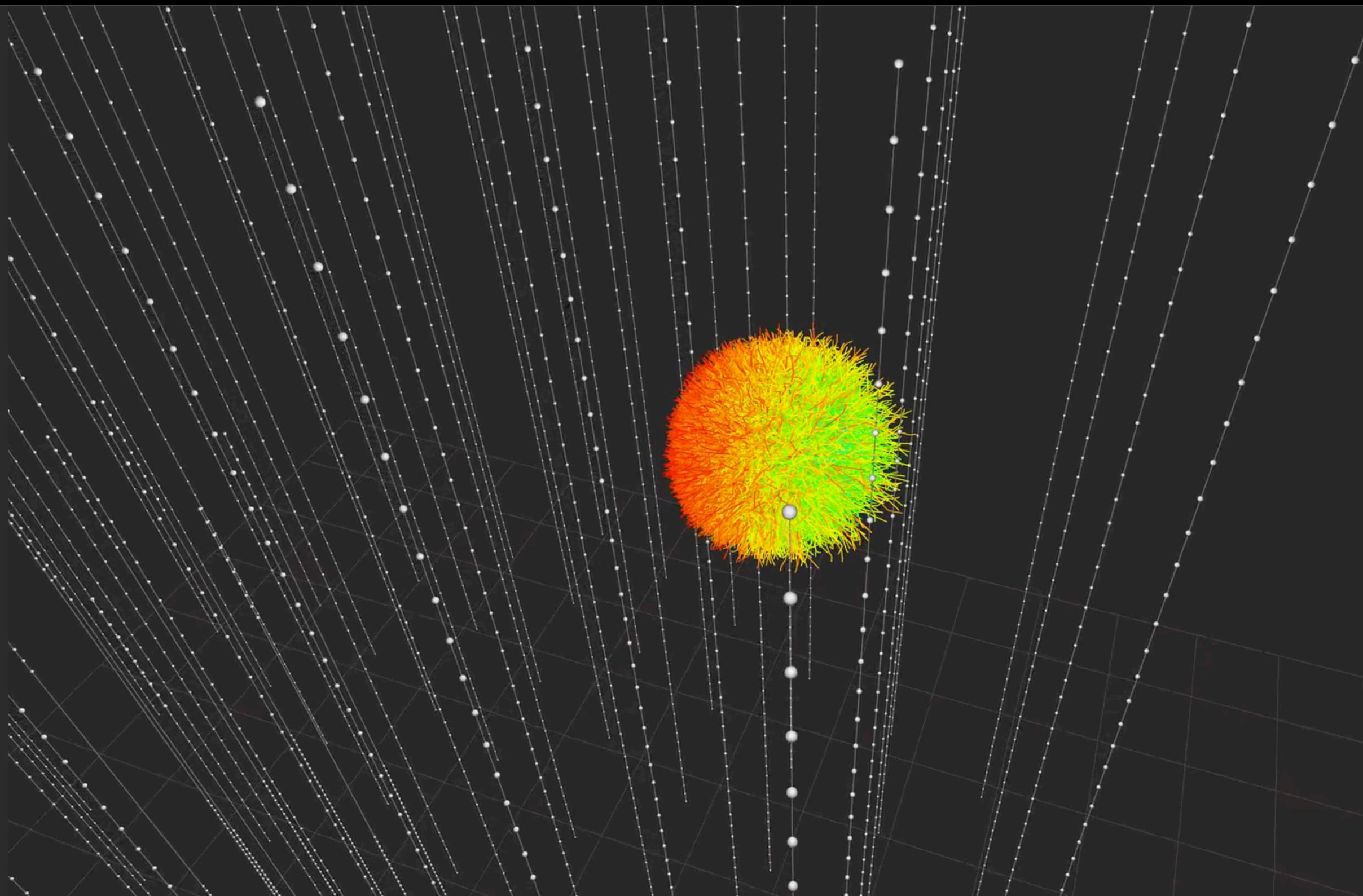
Neutrinos are detected by looking for Cherenkov radiation from secondary particles





DETECTION PRINCIPLE (CASCADE IN ICE)

Neutrinos are detected by looking for Cherenkov radiation from secondary particles

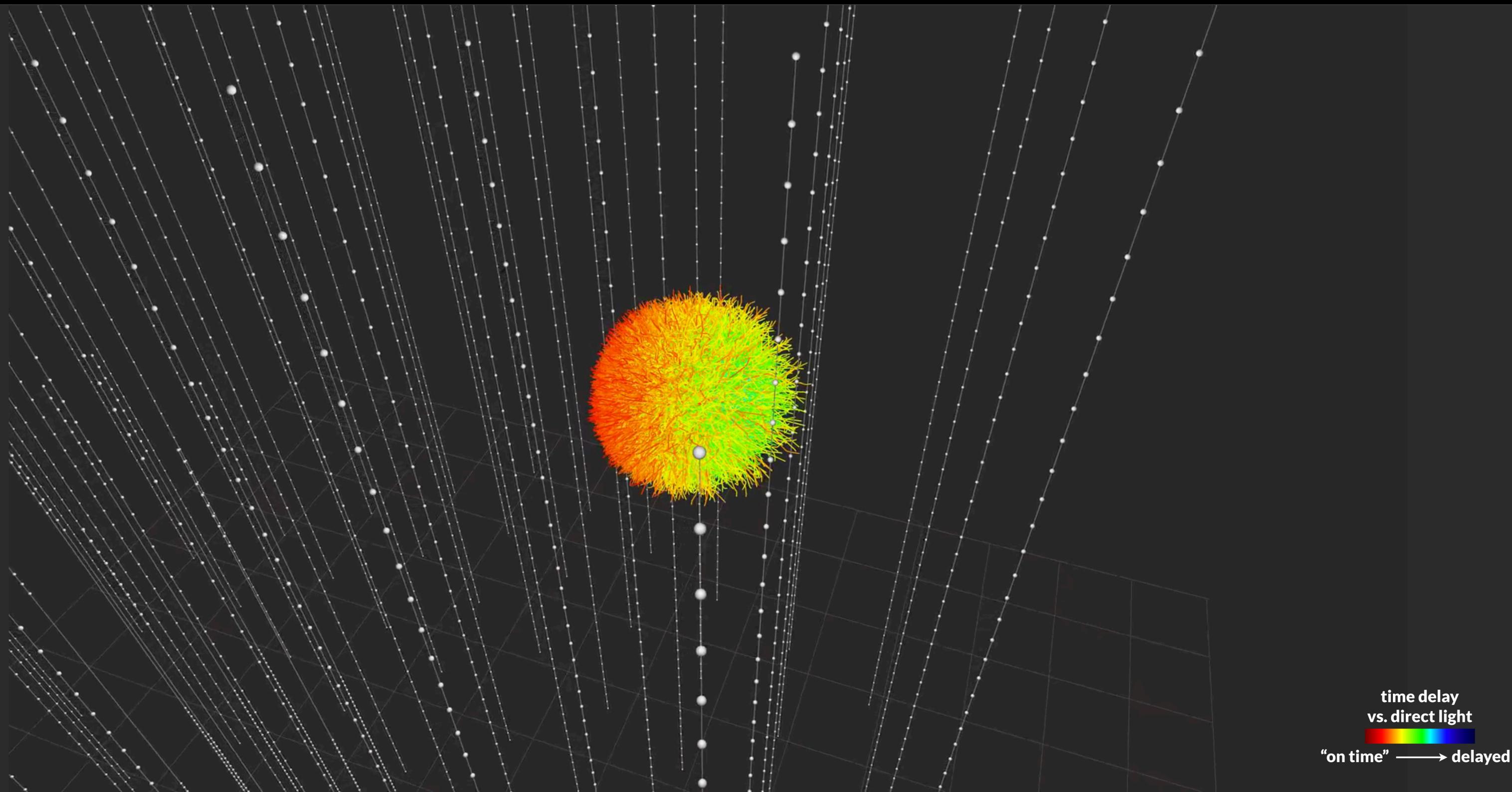


time delay
vs. direct light
"on time" → delayed



DETECTION PRINCIPLE (CASCADE IN ICE)

Neutrinos are detected by looking for Cherenkov radiation from secondary particles



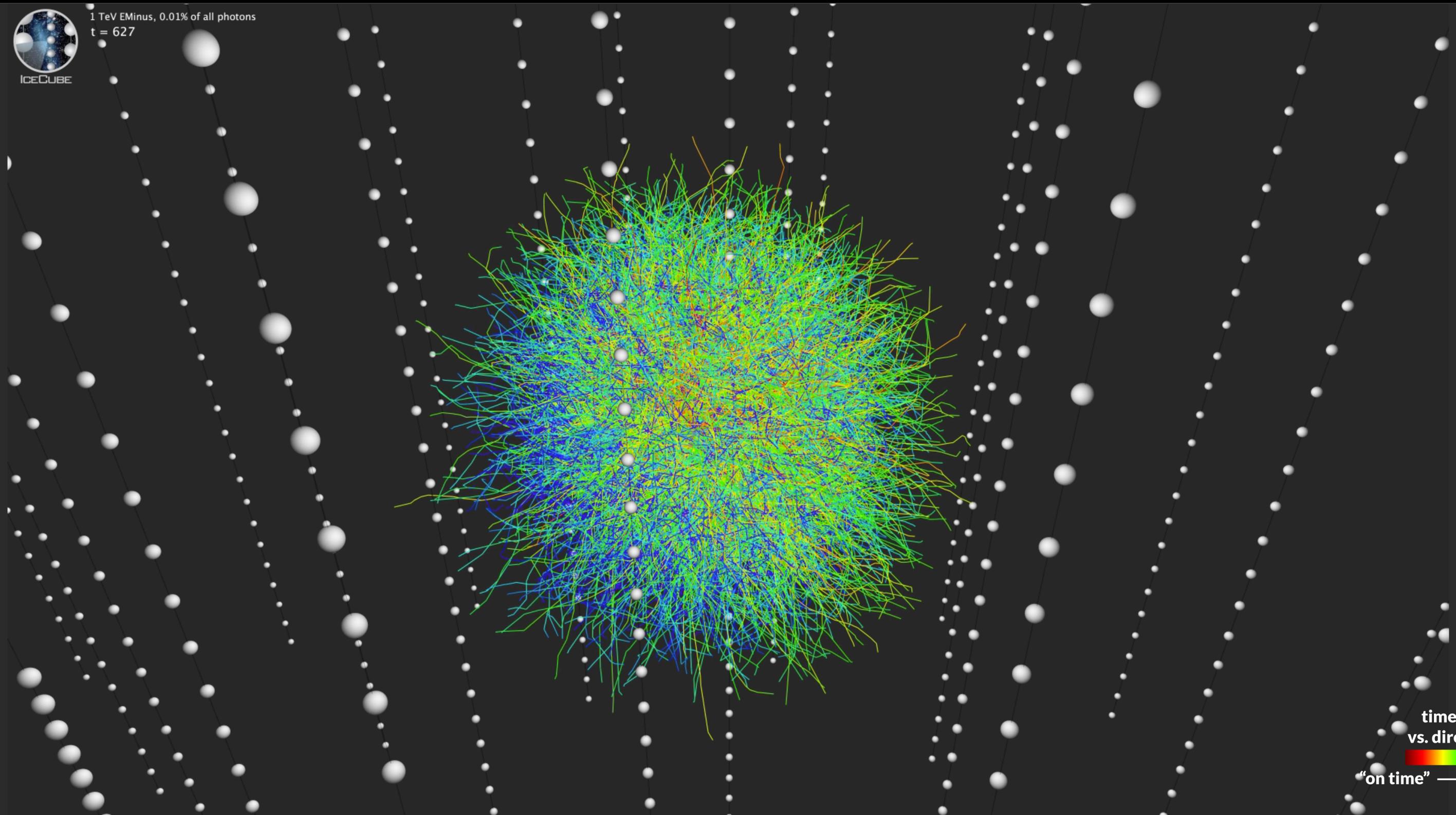


DETECTION PRINCIPLE (CASCADE IN ICE)

Another Shower



1 TeV EMinus, 0.01% of all photons
t = 627



time delay
vs. direct light
"on time" → delayed

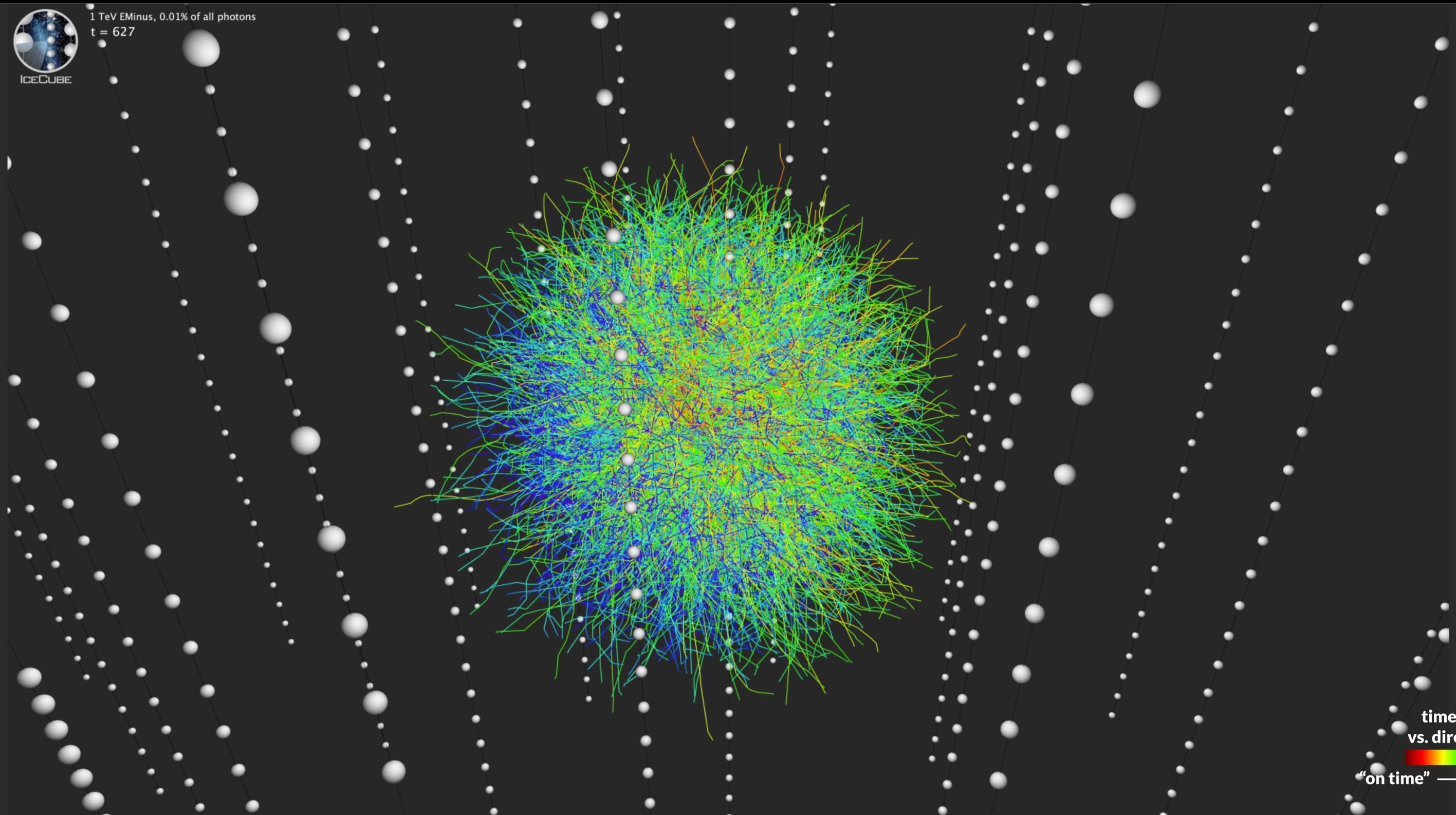


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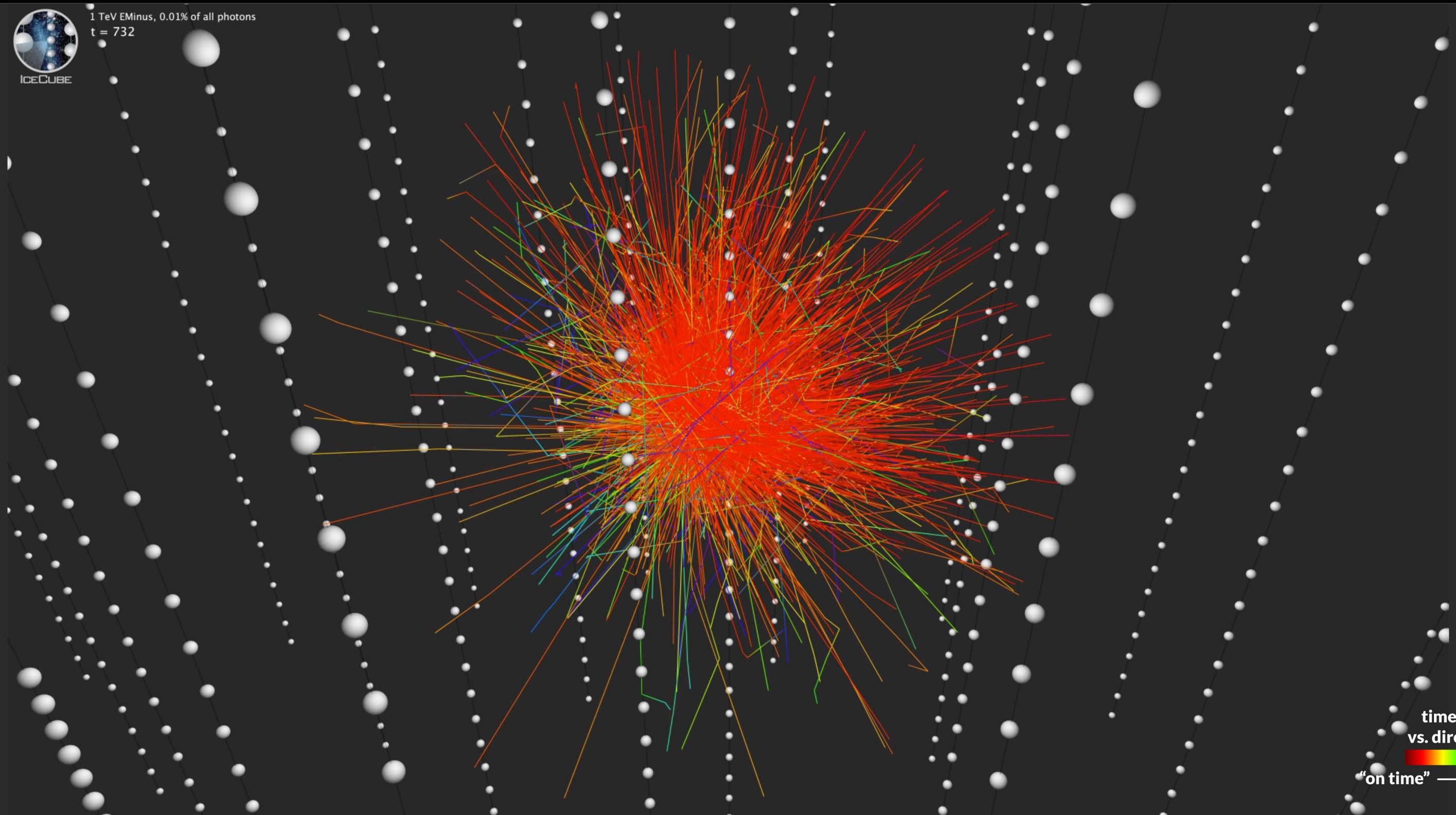


DETECTION PRINCIPLE (CASCADE IN WATER)

This is how it would look in sea water (KM3NeT/ANTARES)



1 TeV EMinus, 0.01% of all photons
t = 732



time delay
vs. direct light
"on time" → delayed

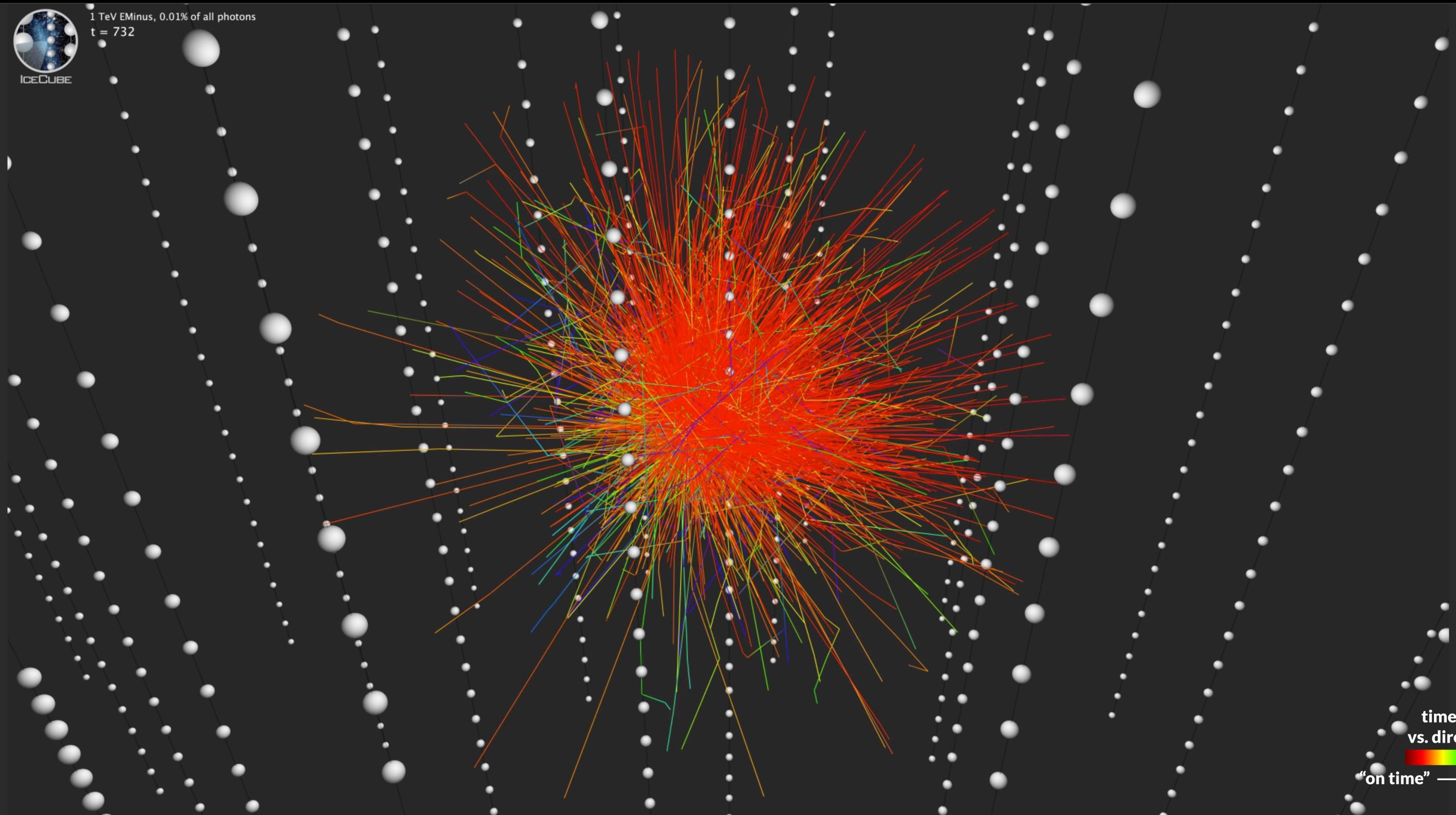


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time delay
vs. direct light
"on time" → delayed



ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

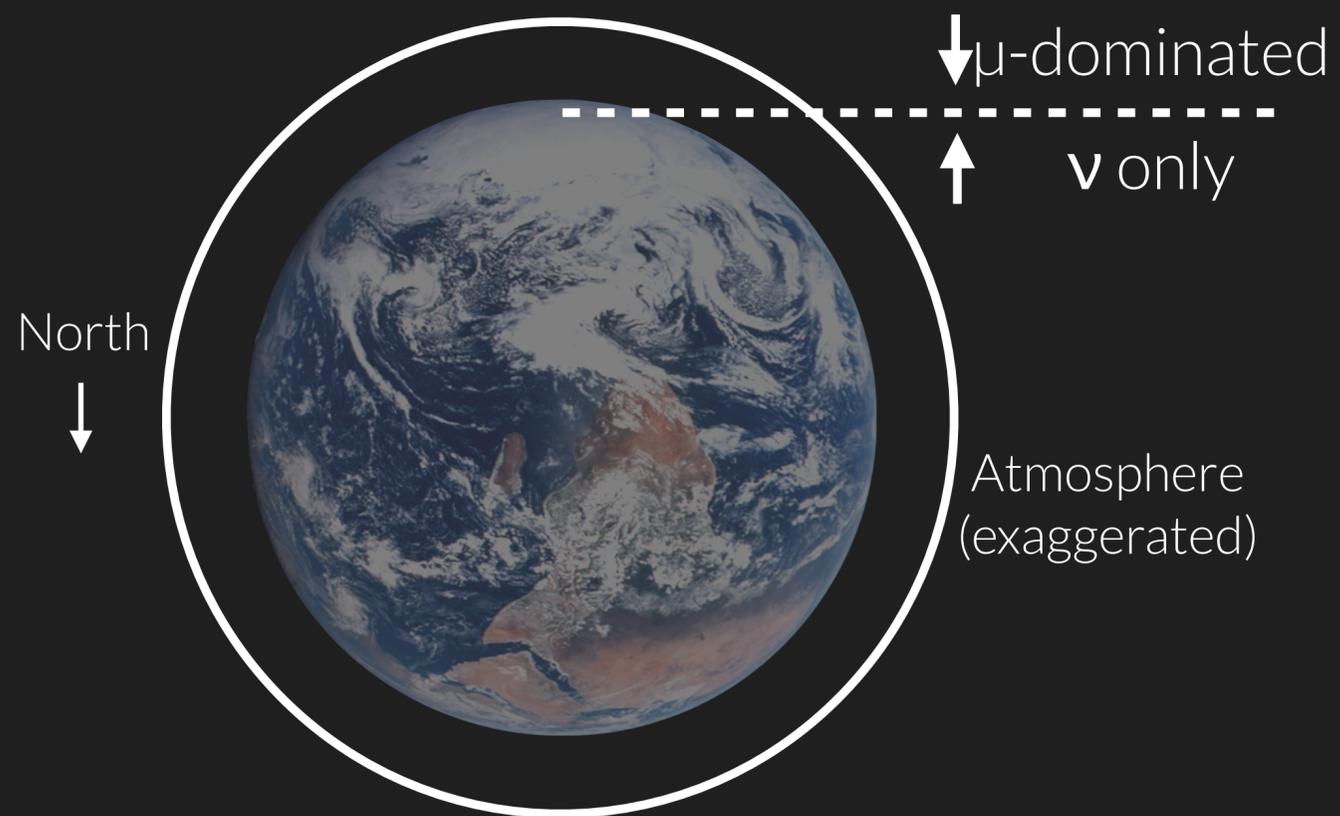
two strategies



ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

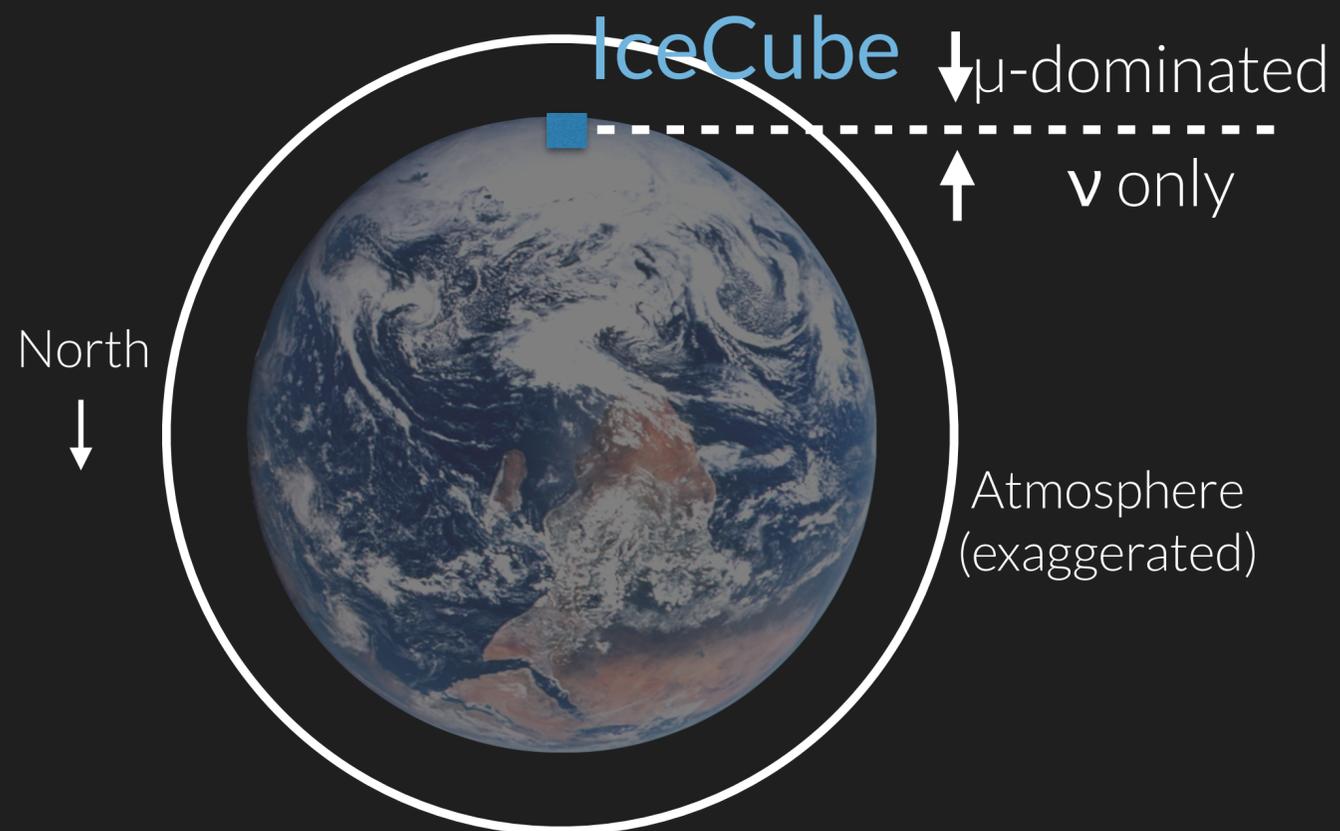




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

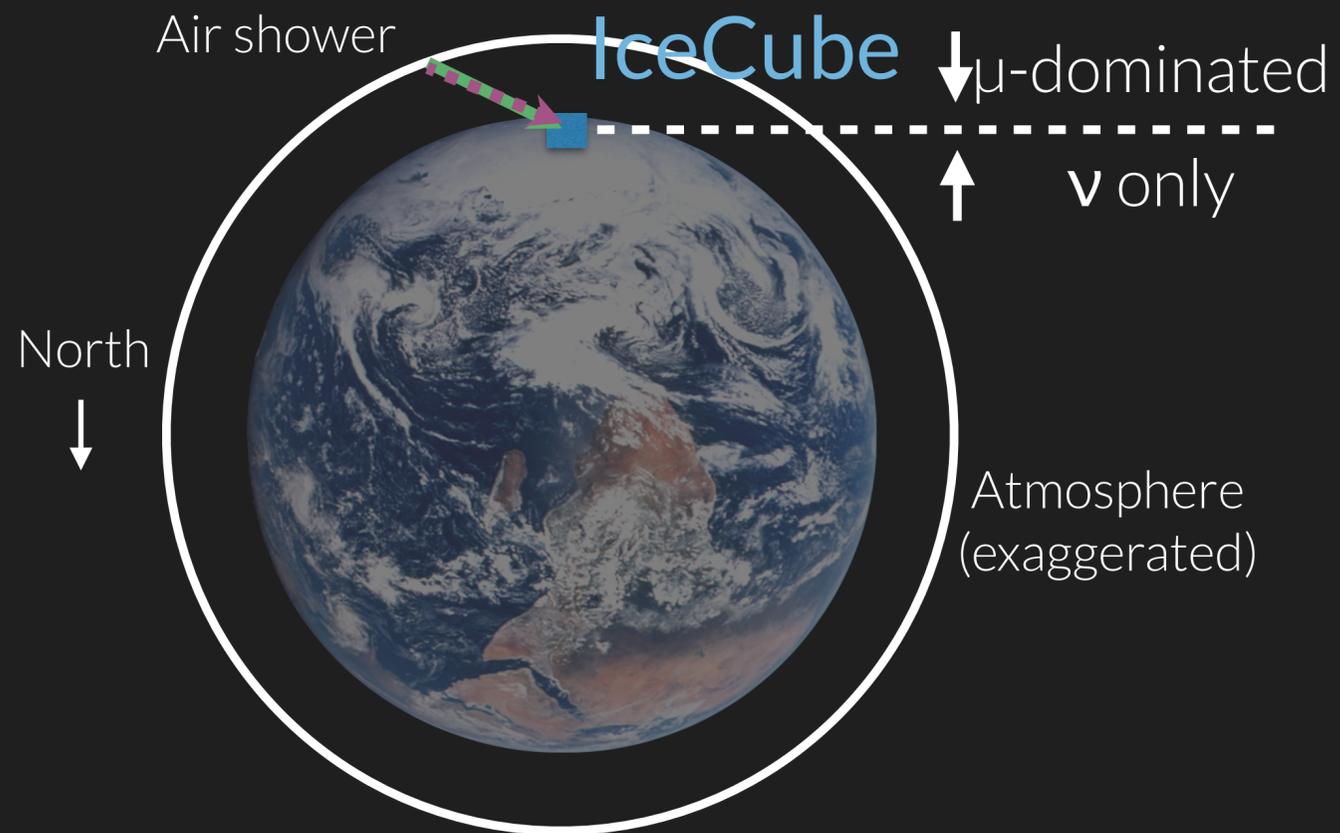




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

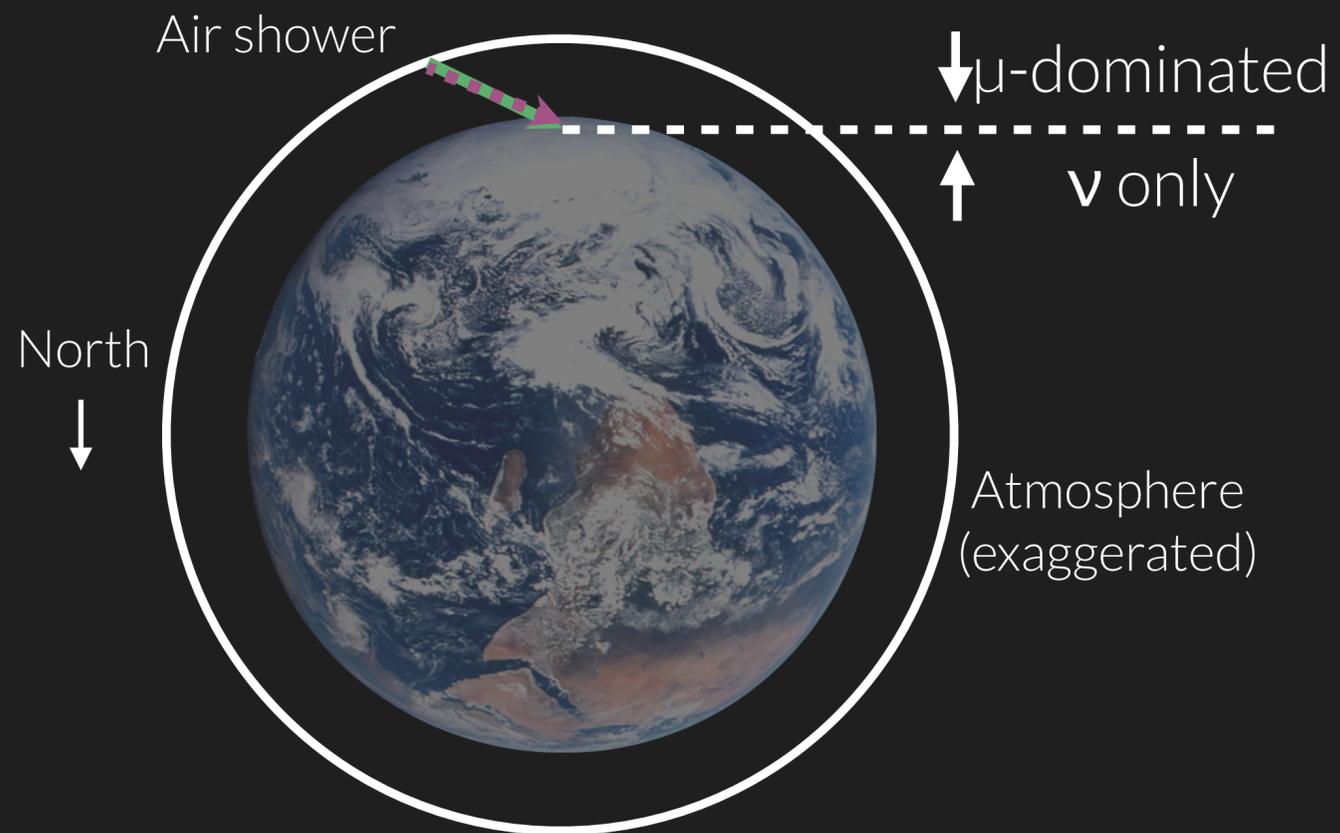




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

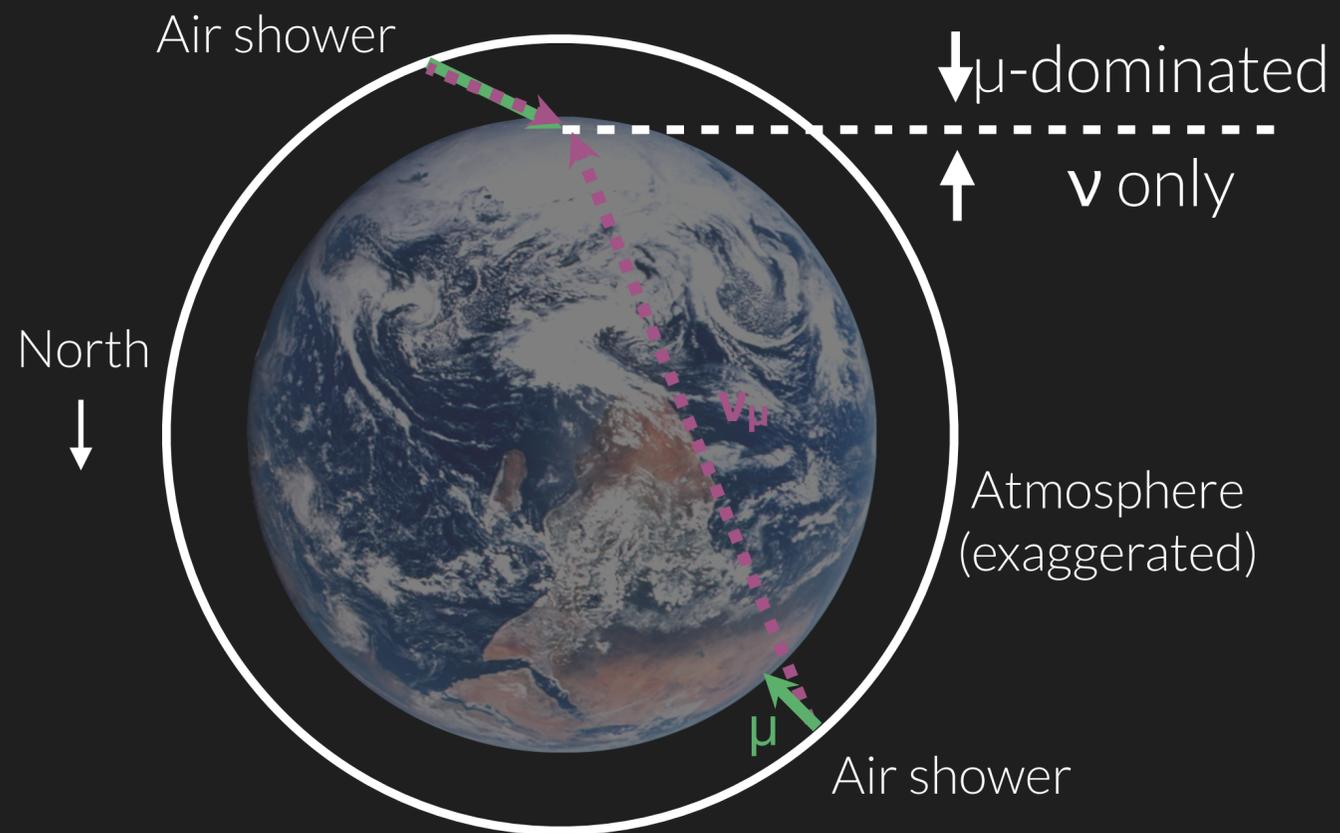




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

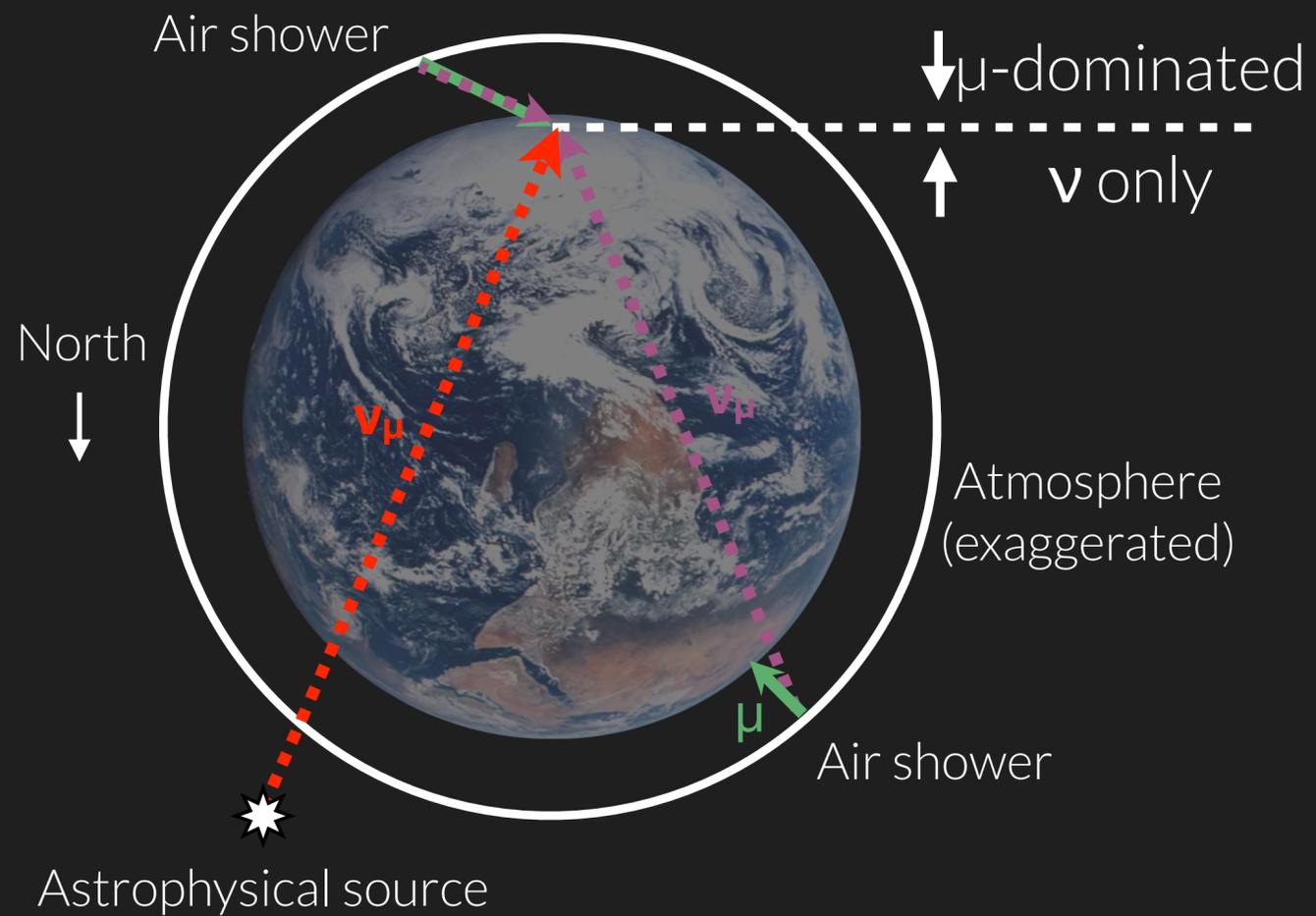




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

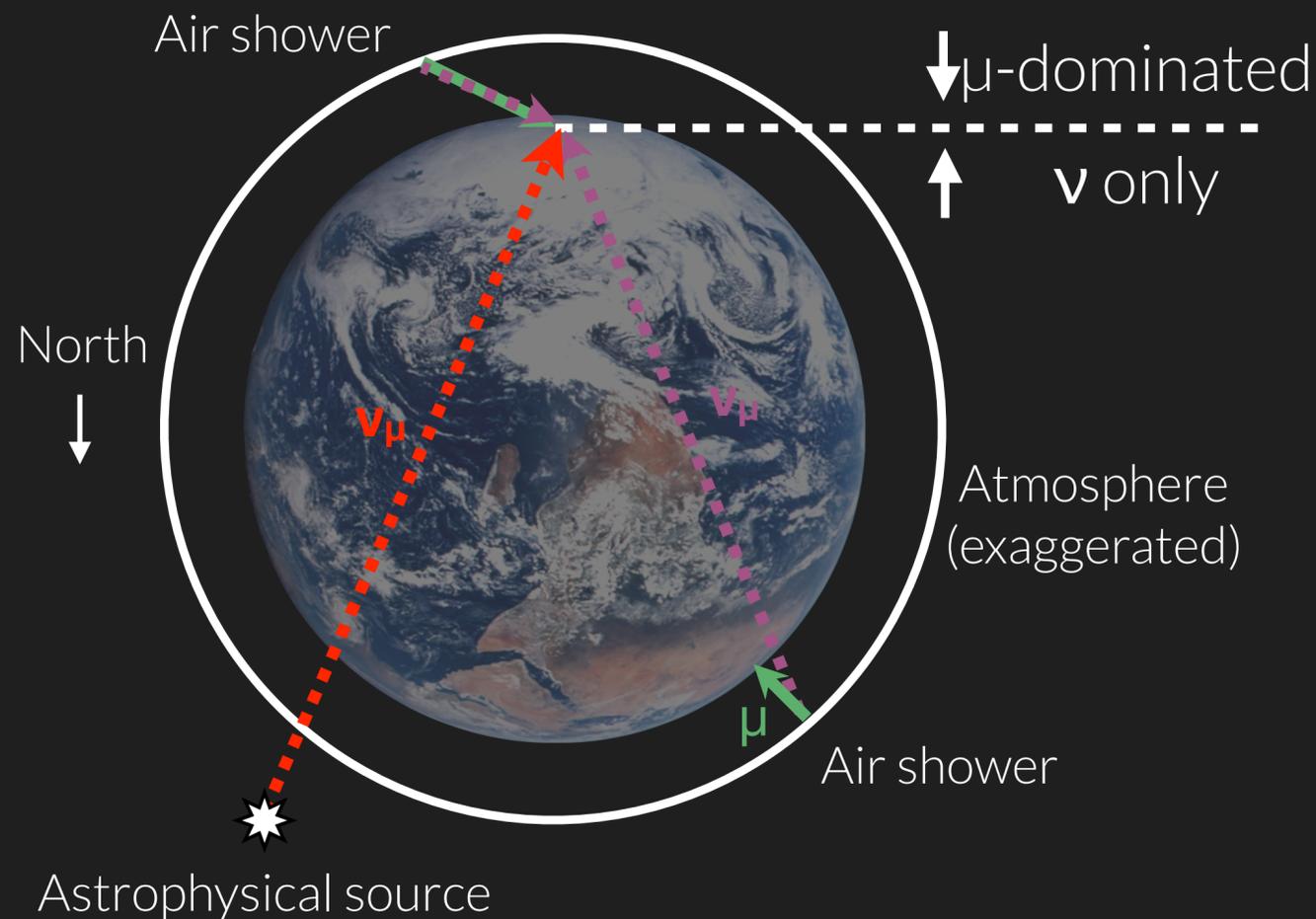




ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks



- Earth stops penetrating muons
- Effective volume larger than detector
- Sensitive to ν_{μ} only
- Sensitive to "half" the sky

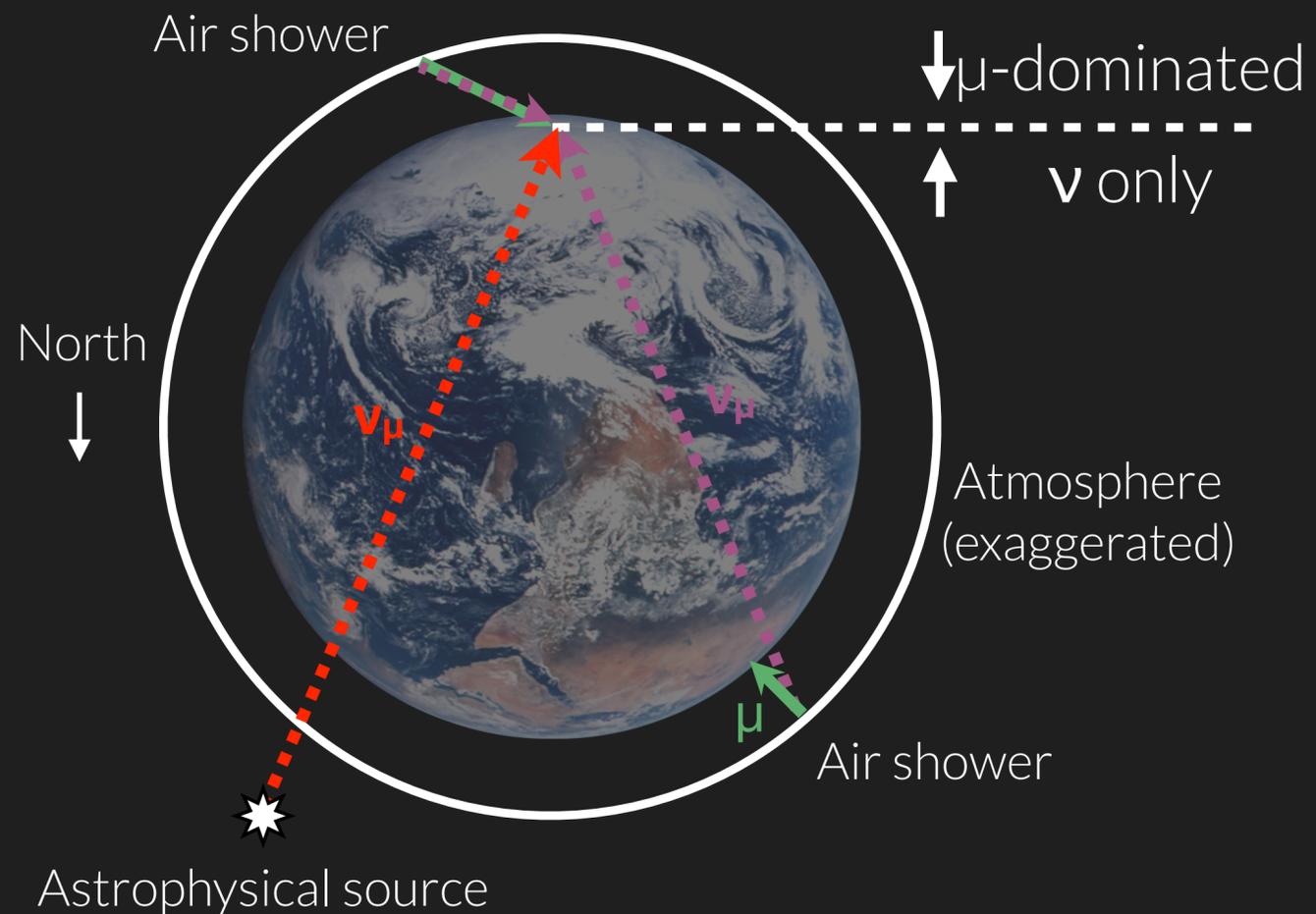


ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks

Active veto



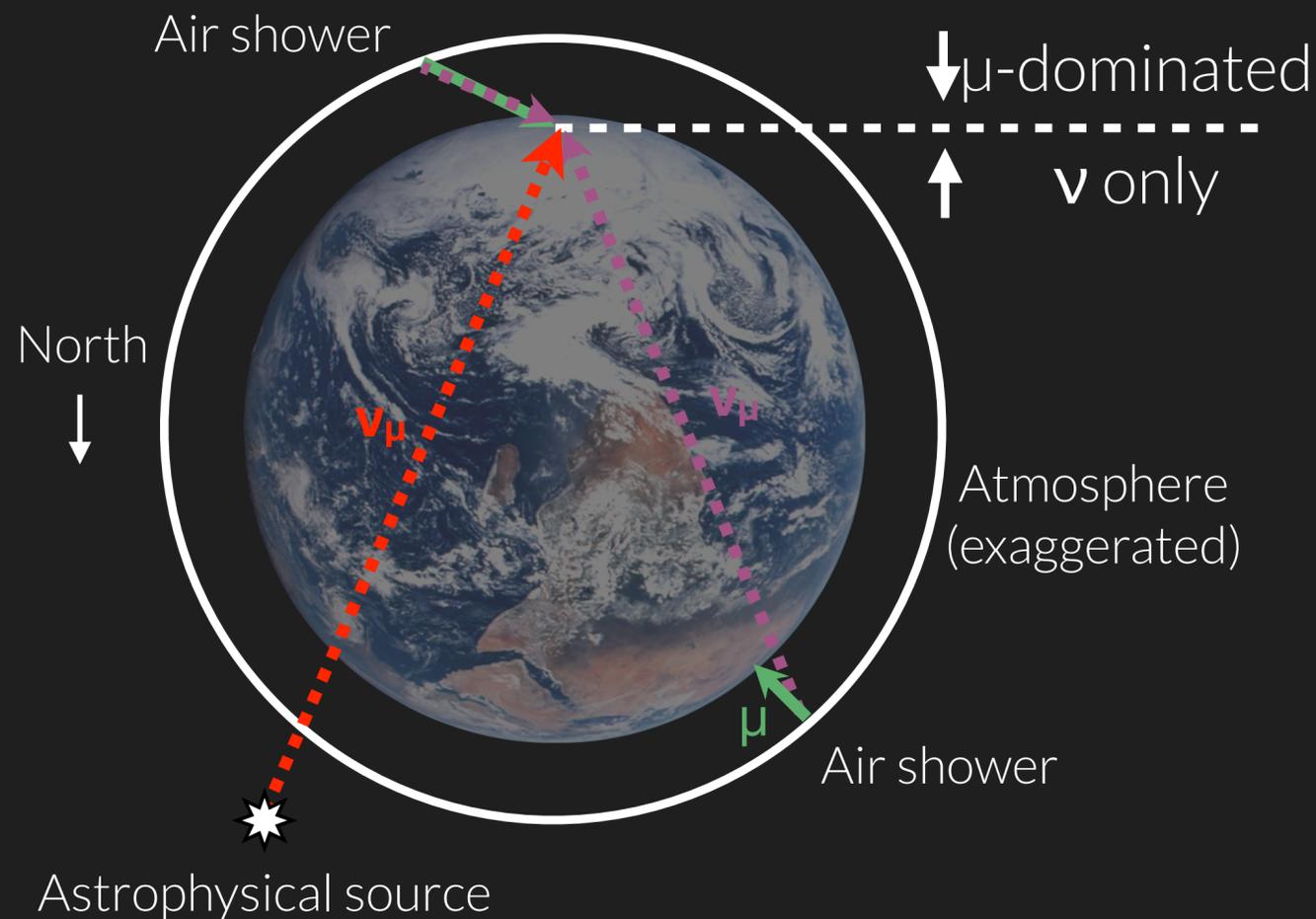
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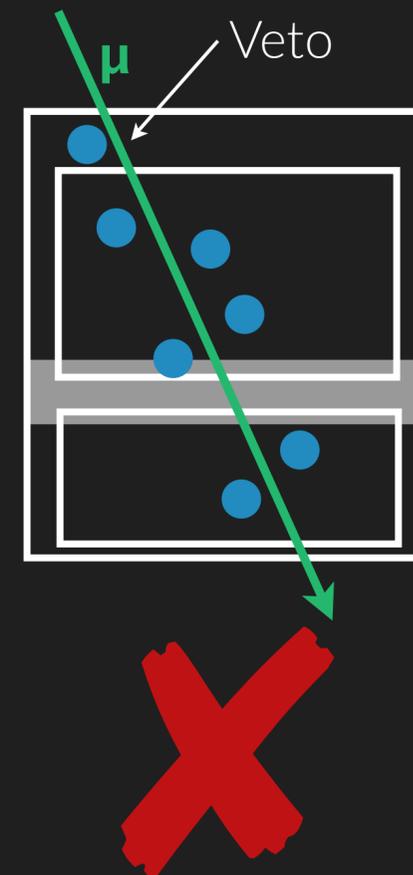
ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks



Active veto



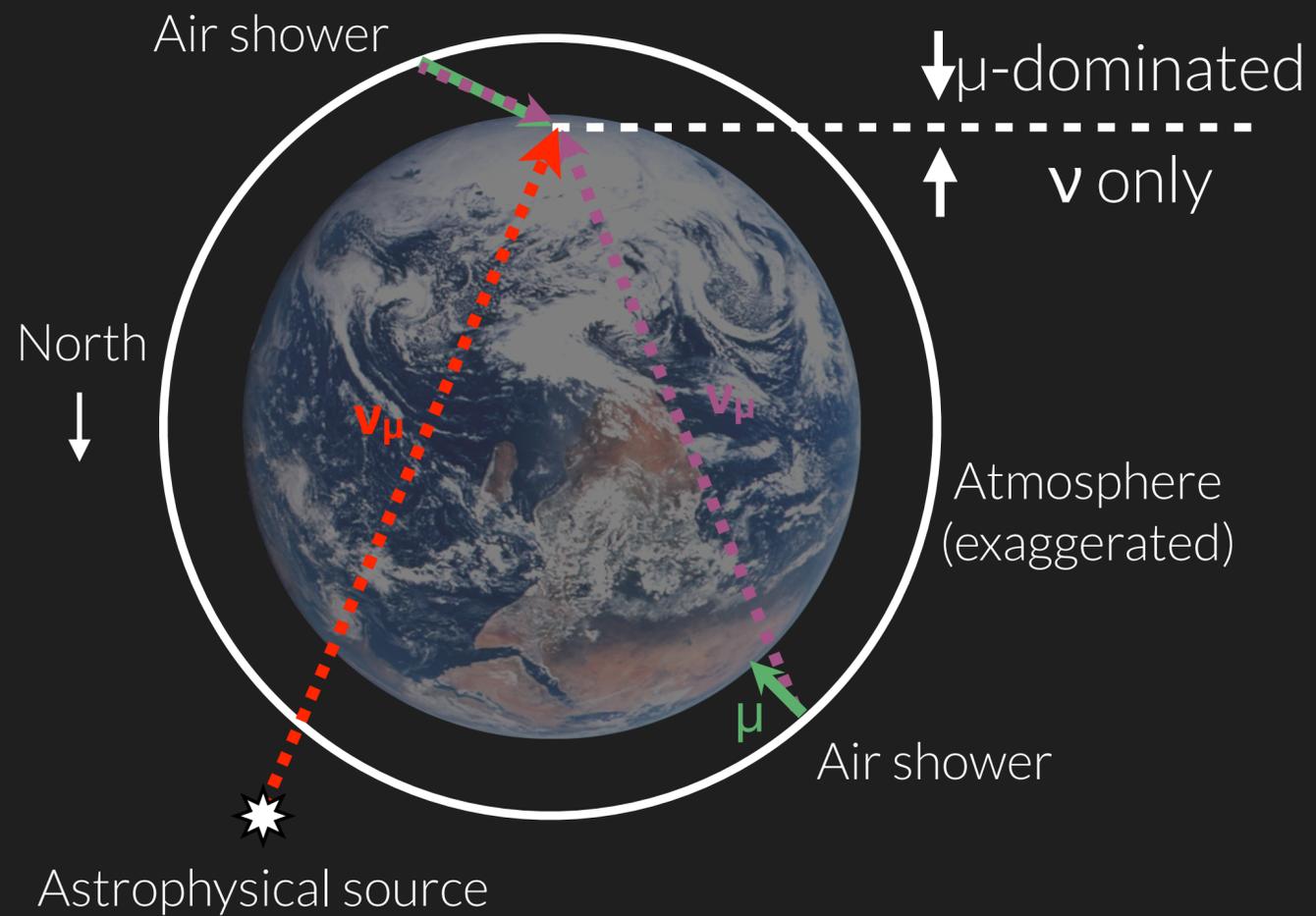
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- Sensitive to "half" the sky



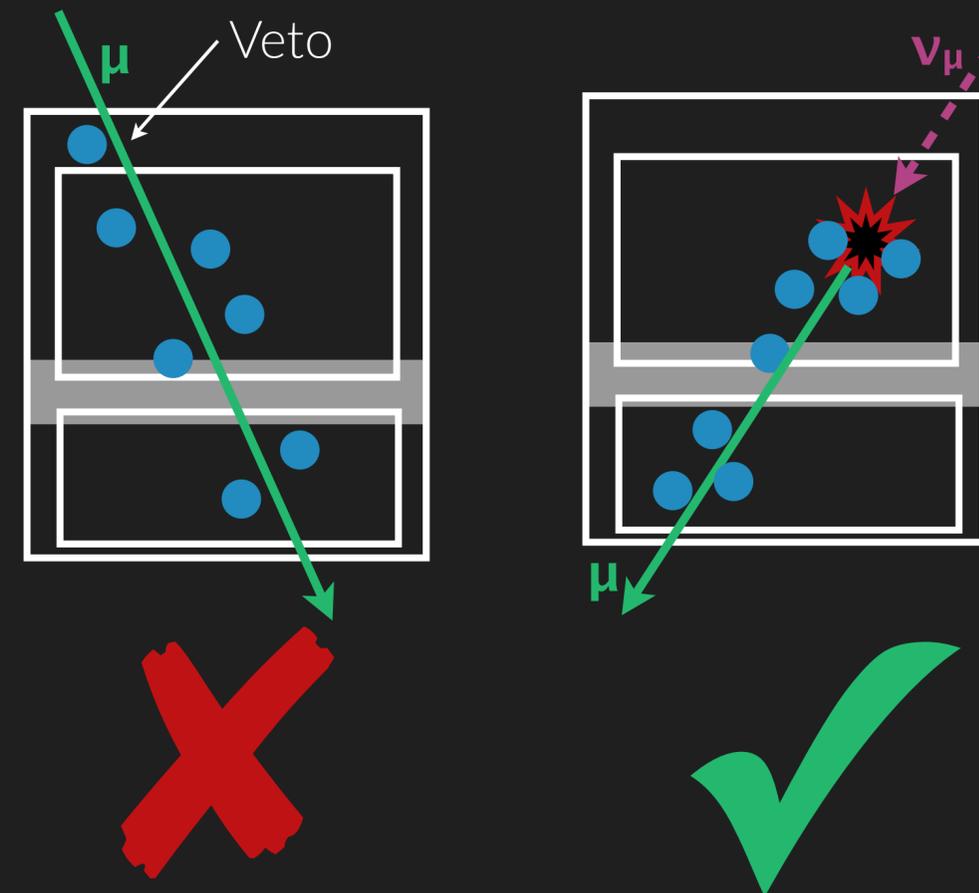
ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

two strategies

Up-going tracks



Active veto



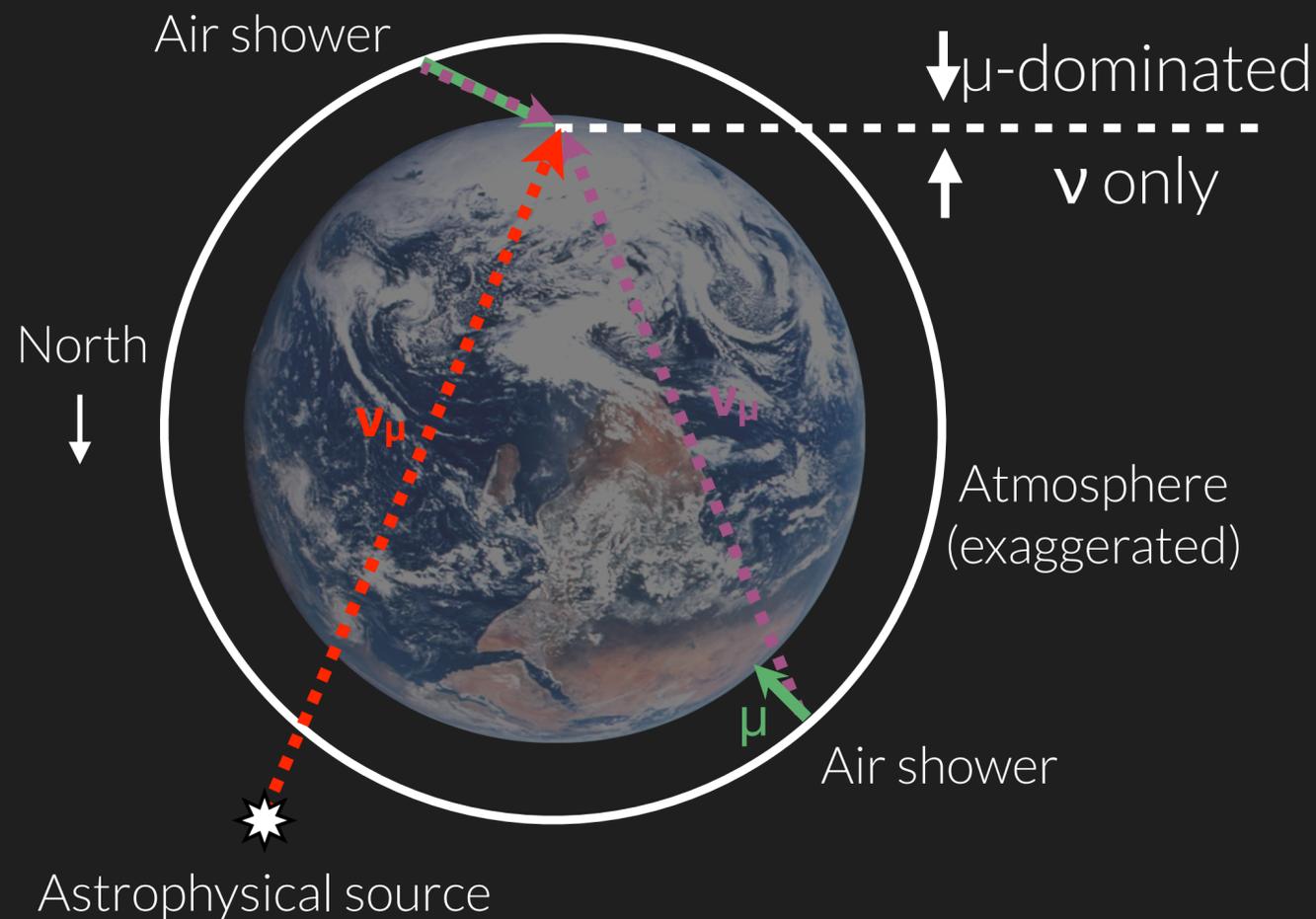
- Earth stops penetrating muons
- Effective volume larger than detector
- Sensitive to ν_{μ} only
- Sensitive to "half" the sky



ISOLATING NEUTRINO EVENTS

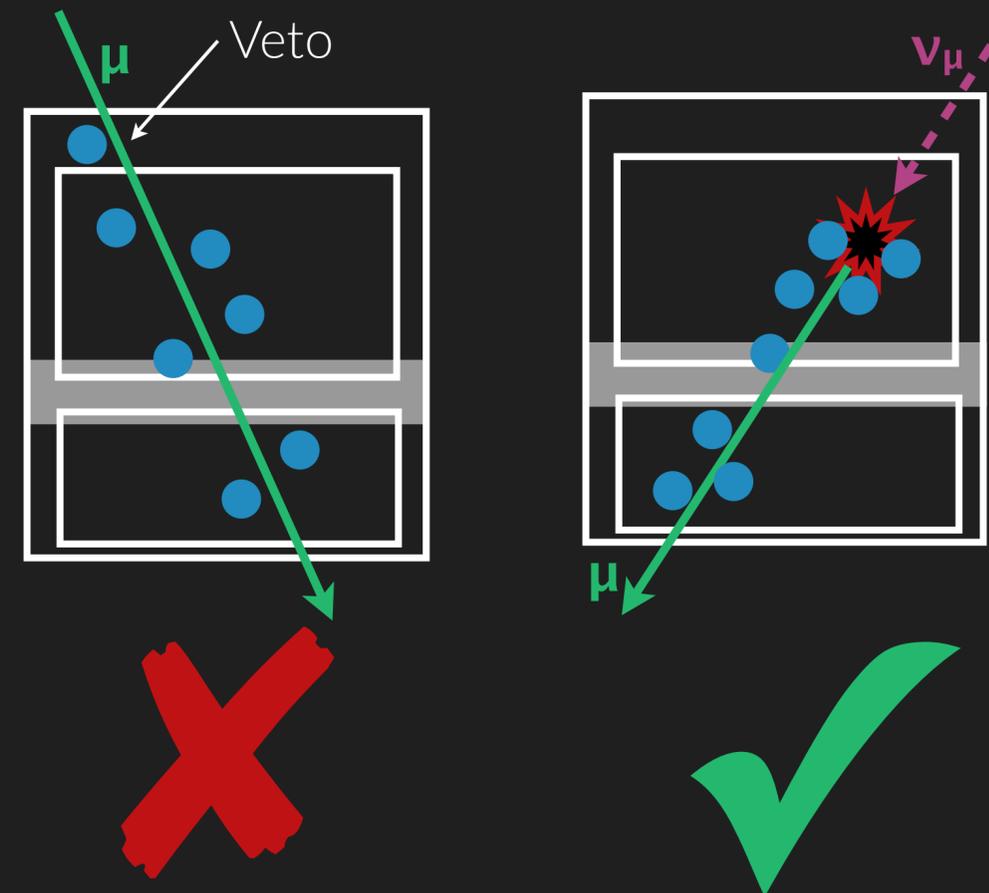
two strategies

Up-going tracks



- Earth stops penetrating muons
- Effective volume larger than detector
- Sensitive to ν_{μ} only
- Sensitive to "half" the sky

Active veto



- Veto detects penetrating muons
- Effective volume smaller than detector
- Sensitive to all flavors
- Sensitive to the entire sky



CALIBRATION

Various calibration devices/methods to control detector systematics

LED flashers on each DOM

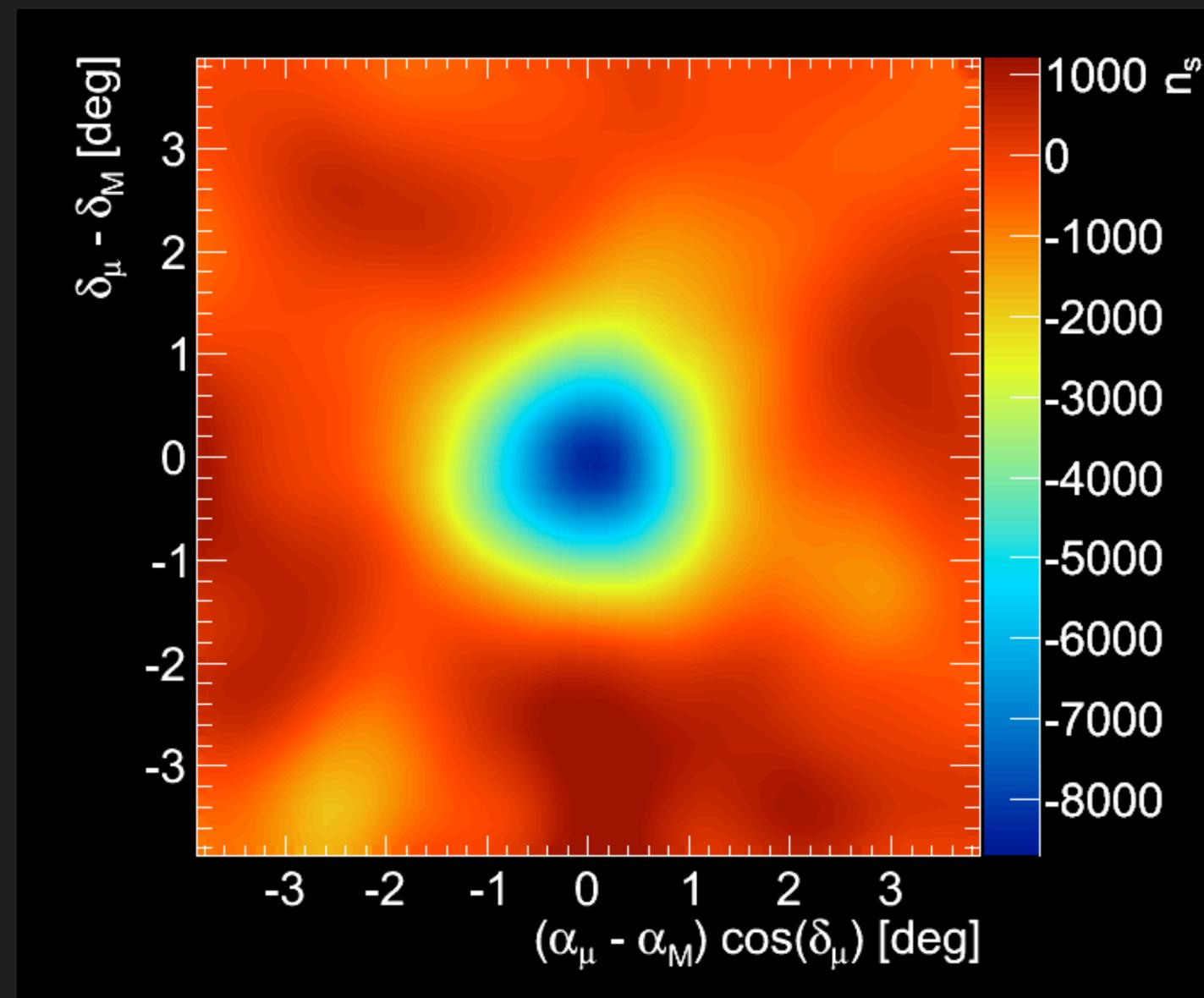
In-ice calibration **laser**

Cosmic ray **energy spectrum**

Moon shadow

Atmospheric neutrino energy spectrum

Minimum-ionizing muons



Moon Shadow in Cosmic Rays
Muons in IceCube (59 strings)



STUDYING NEUTRINOS

Many different analyses

High-energy:

- Point-source searches looking for clustering in the sky
- Diffuse fluxes above the atmospheric neutrino background
- Gamma-ray bursts/transient searches (GRB models excluded by IceCube: Nature 484 (2012))
- Ultra-high energy “GZK” neutrinos from proton interactions on the CMB

Low energy:

- Neutrino oscillations + more with PINGU/ORCA upgrades

Others:

- Dark Matter / WIMPs
- ...



THE (VERY) HIGH-ENERGY TAIL

Update of the high-energy astrophysical flux discovery analysis



Signal

Dominated by showers (~80% per volume) from oscillations

High energy (benchmark spectrum is typically E^{-2})

Mostly in the Southern Sky due to absorption of high-energy neutrinos in the Earth

Background

Track-like events from Cosmic Ray muons and atmospheric ν_{μ}

Soft spectrum ($E^{-3.7} - E^{-2.7}$)

Muons in the Southern Sky, neutrinos from the North



“STARTING EVENT” ANALYSIS

Specifically designed to find contained events.

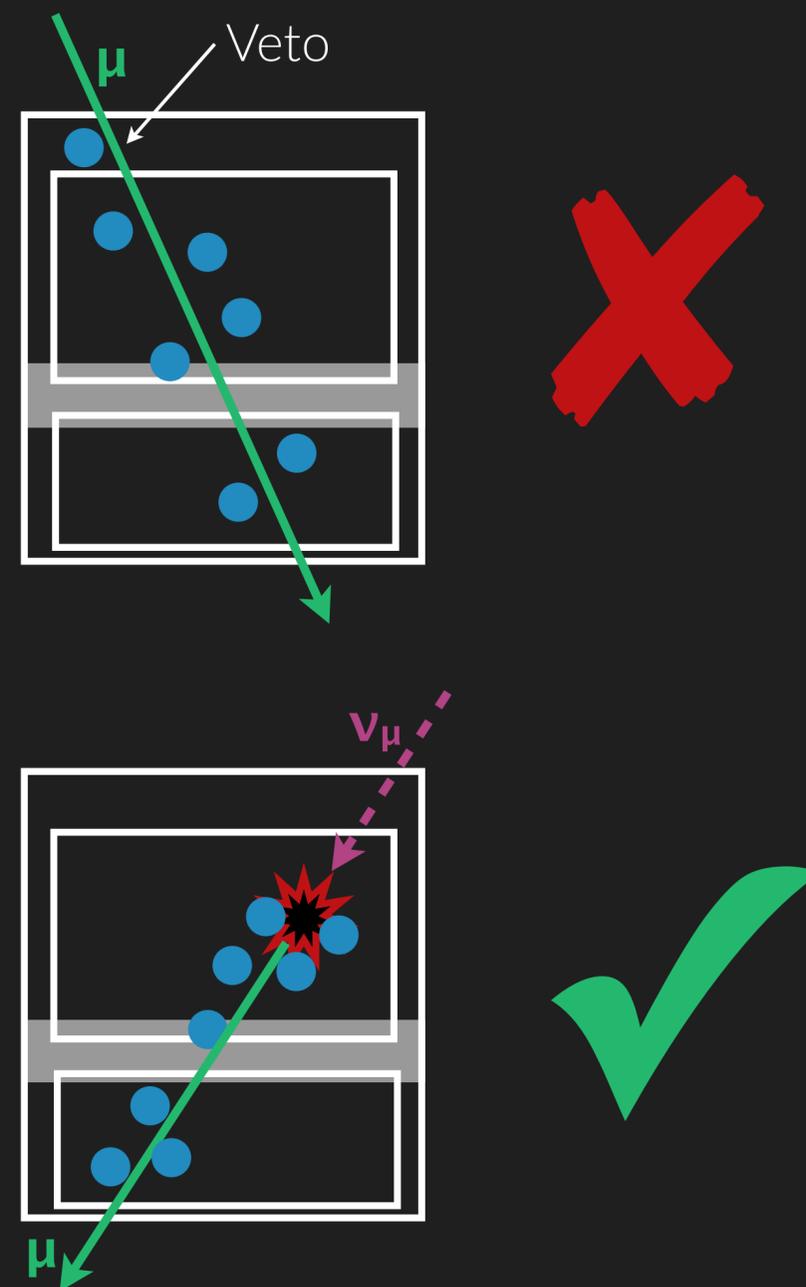
Explicit contained search at high energies (cut: $Q_{\text{tot}} > 6000$ p.e.)

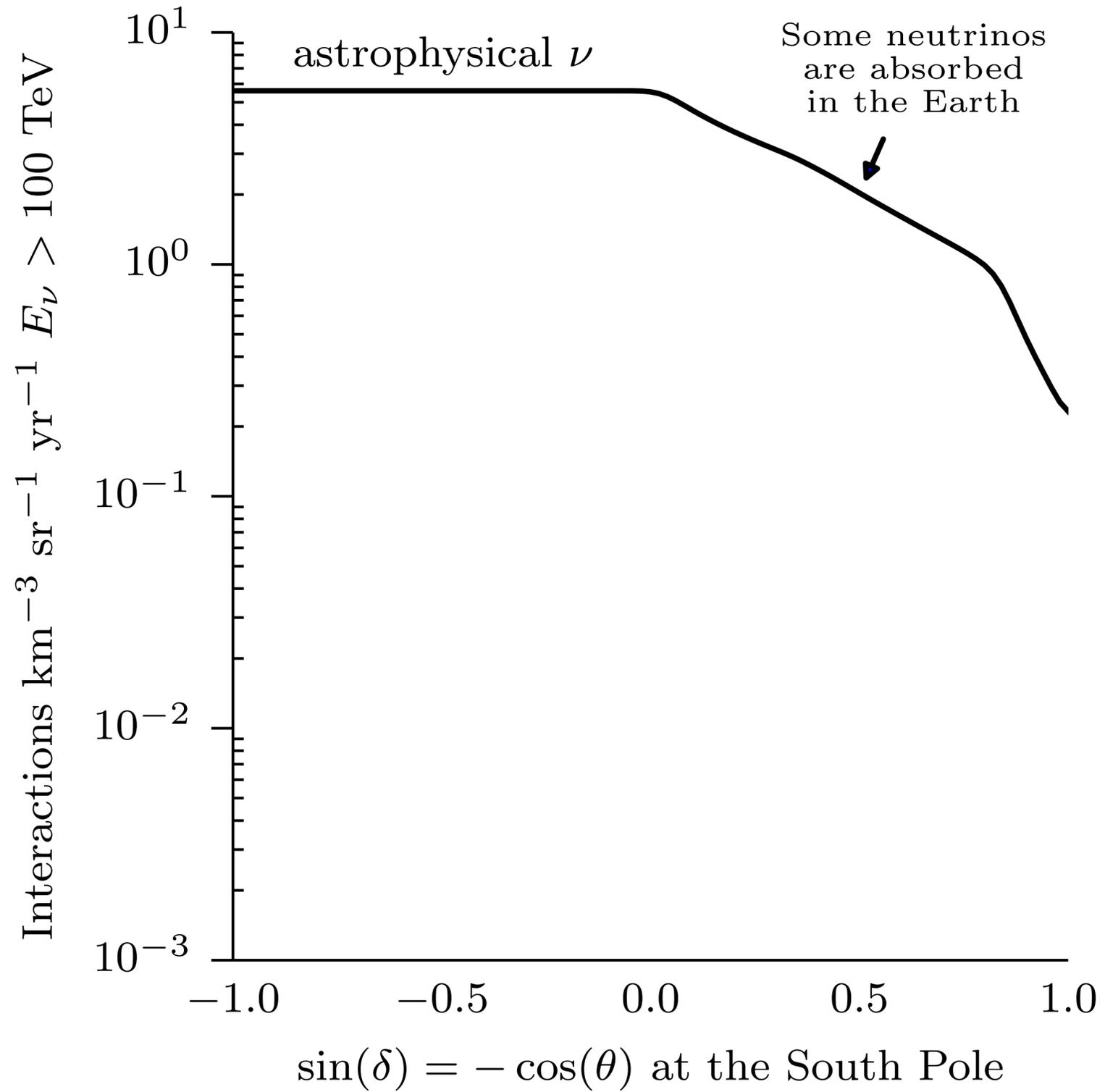
400 Mton effective fiducial mass

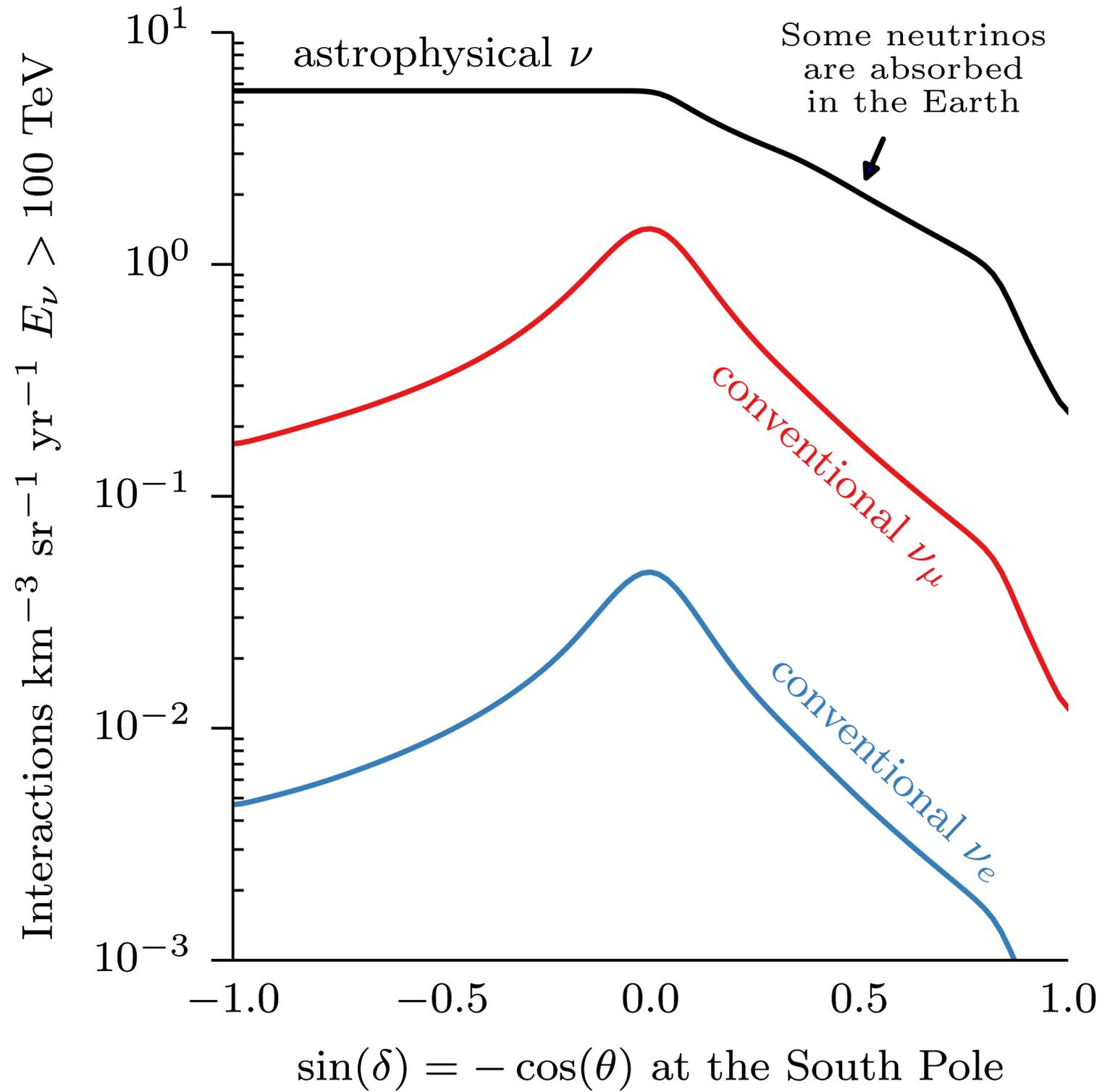
Use atmospheric muon veto

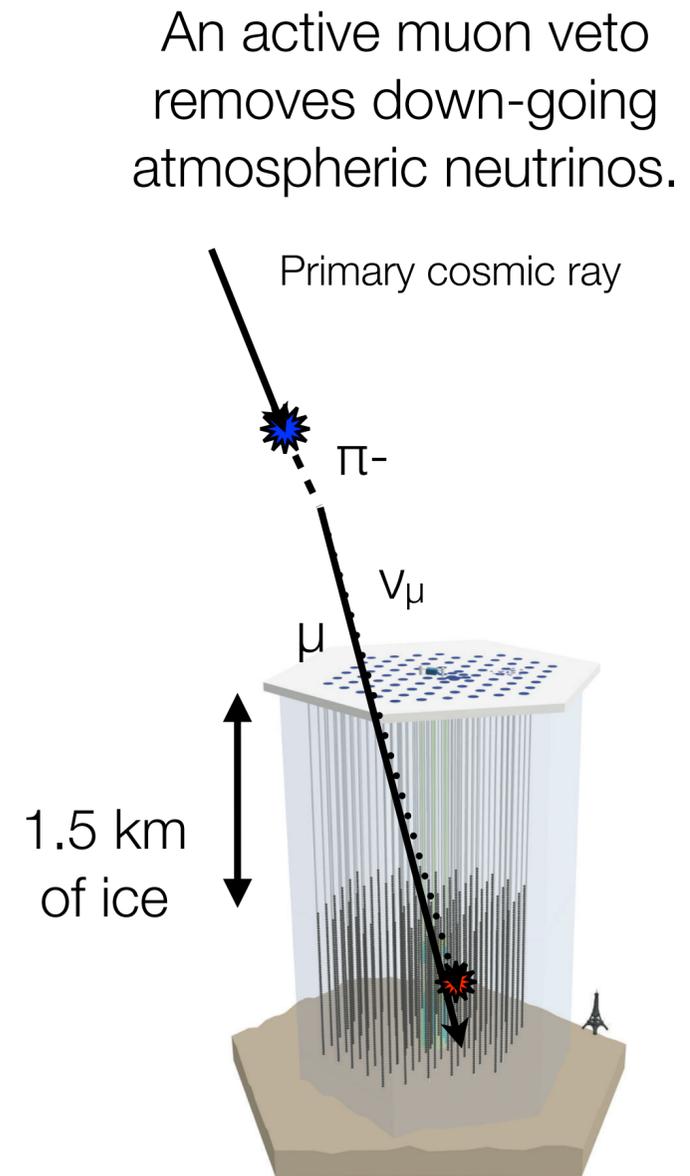
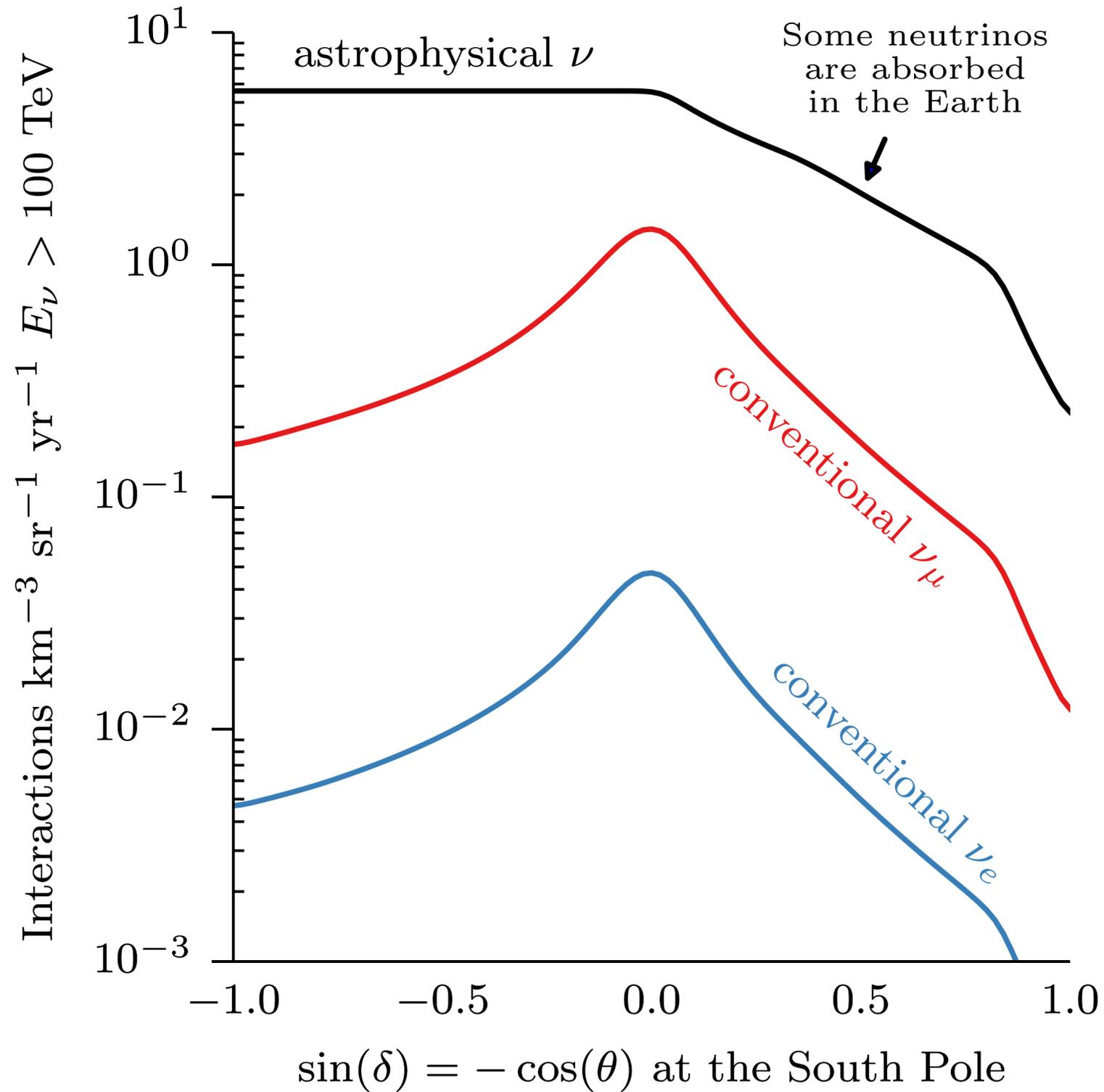
Sensitive to all flavors in region above 60TeV deposited energy

Estimate background from data



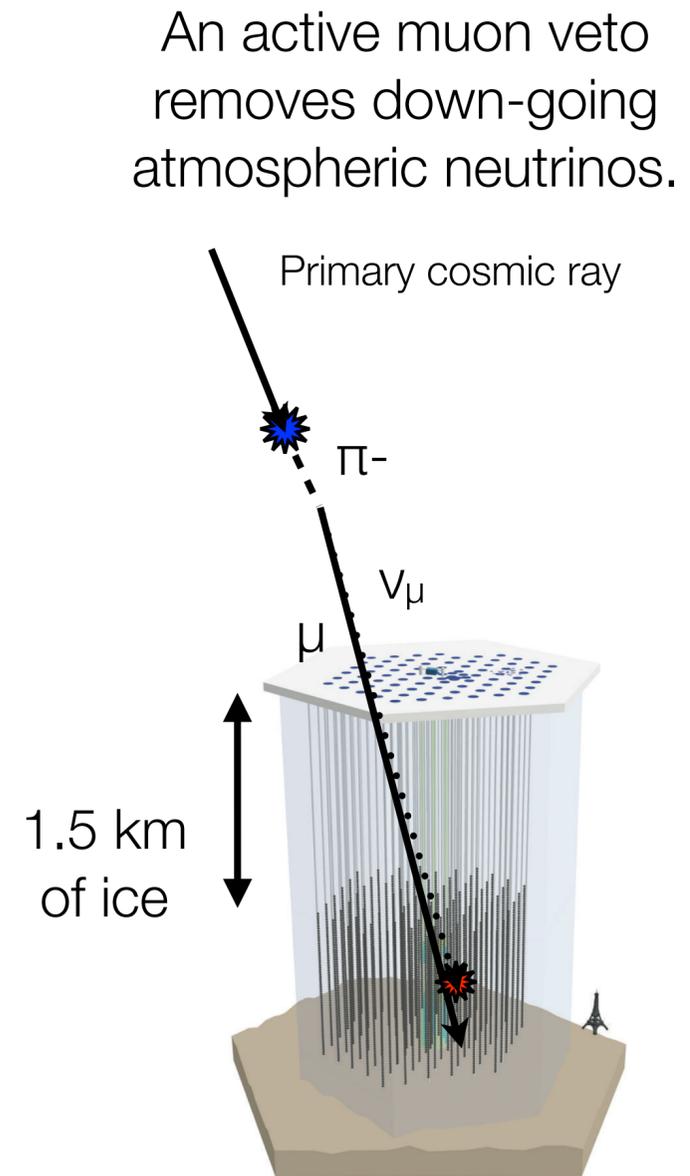
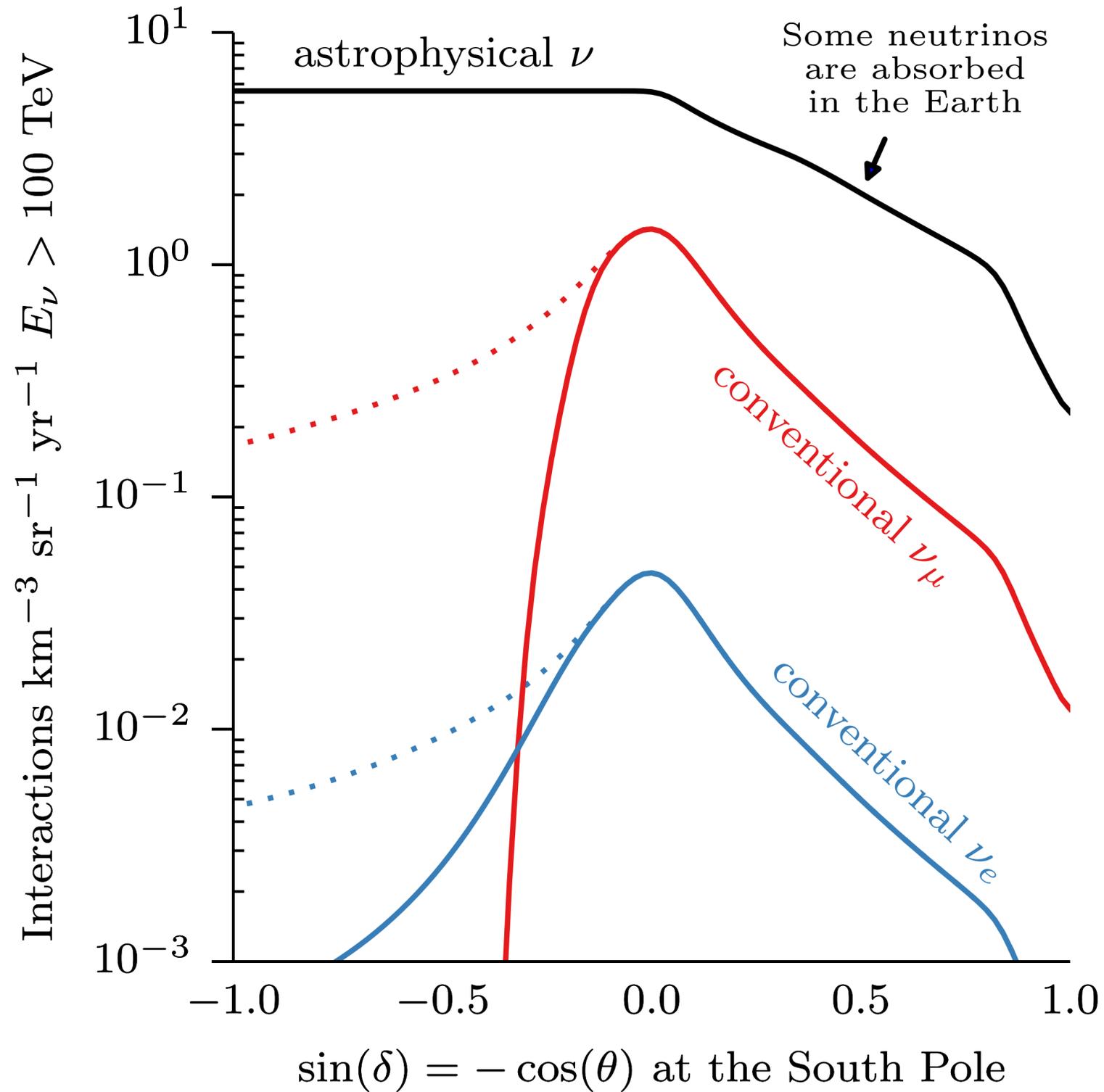






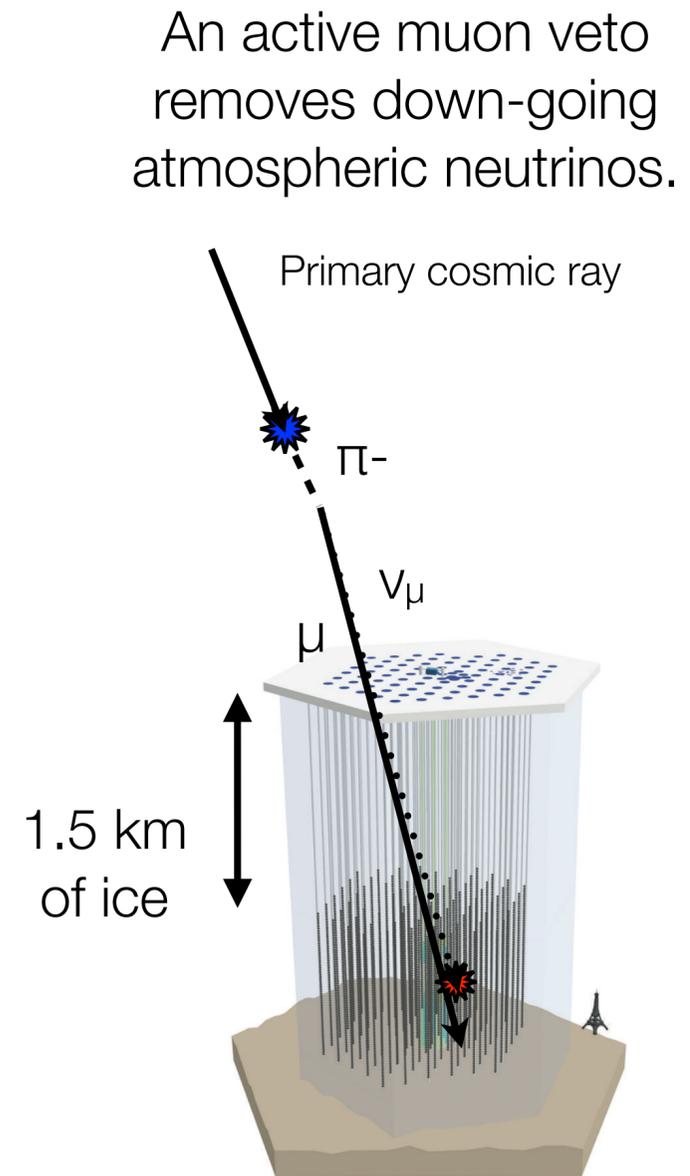
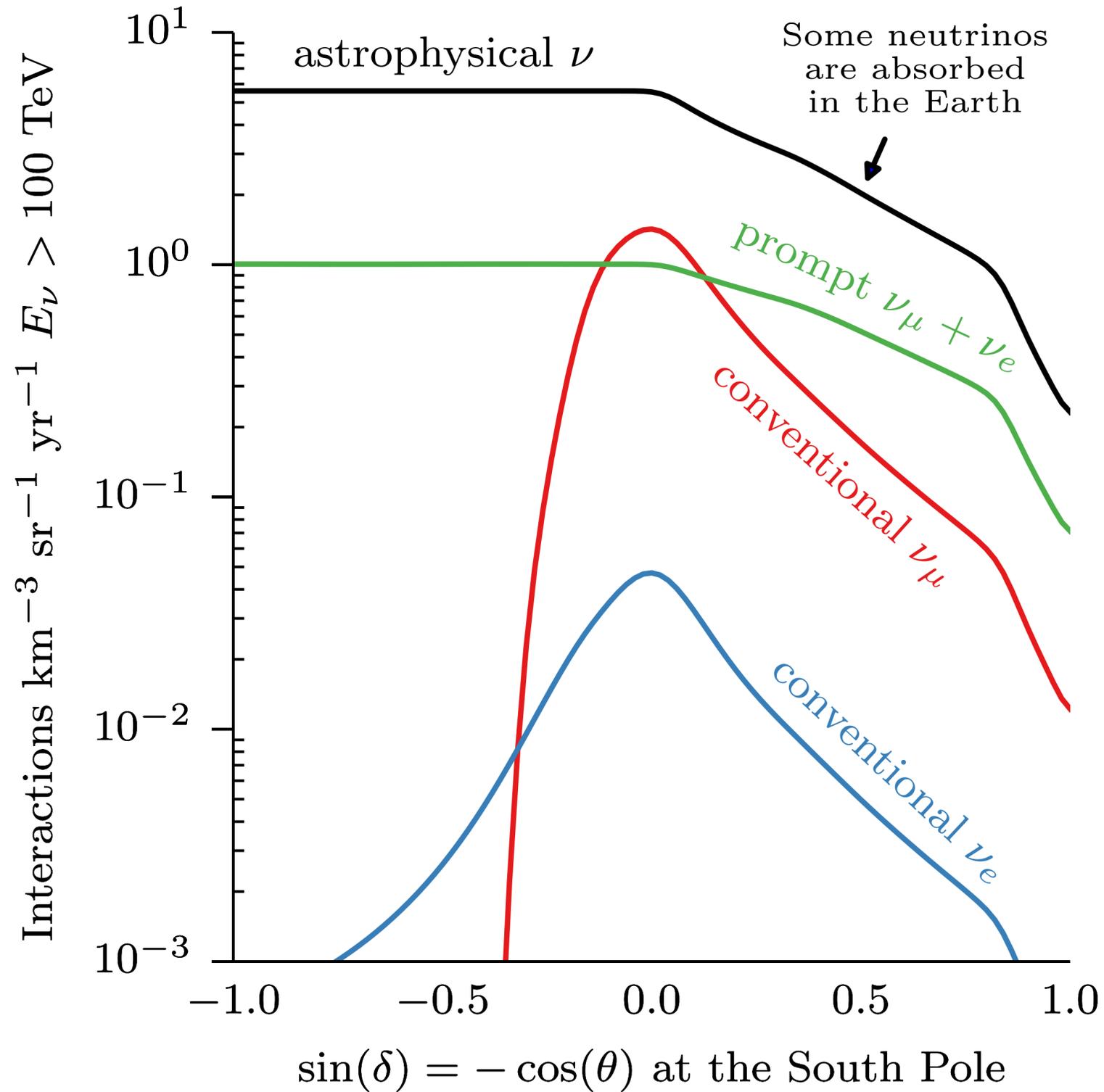
Schönert, Resconi, Schulz, Phys. Rev. D, 79:043009 (2009)

Gaisser, Jero, Karle, van Santen, Phys. Rev. D, 90:023009 (2014)



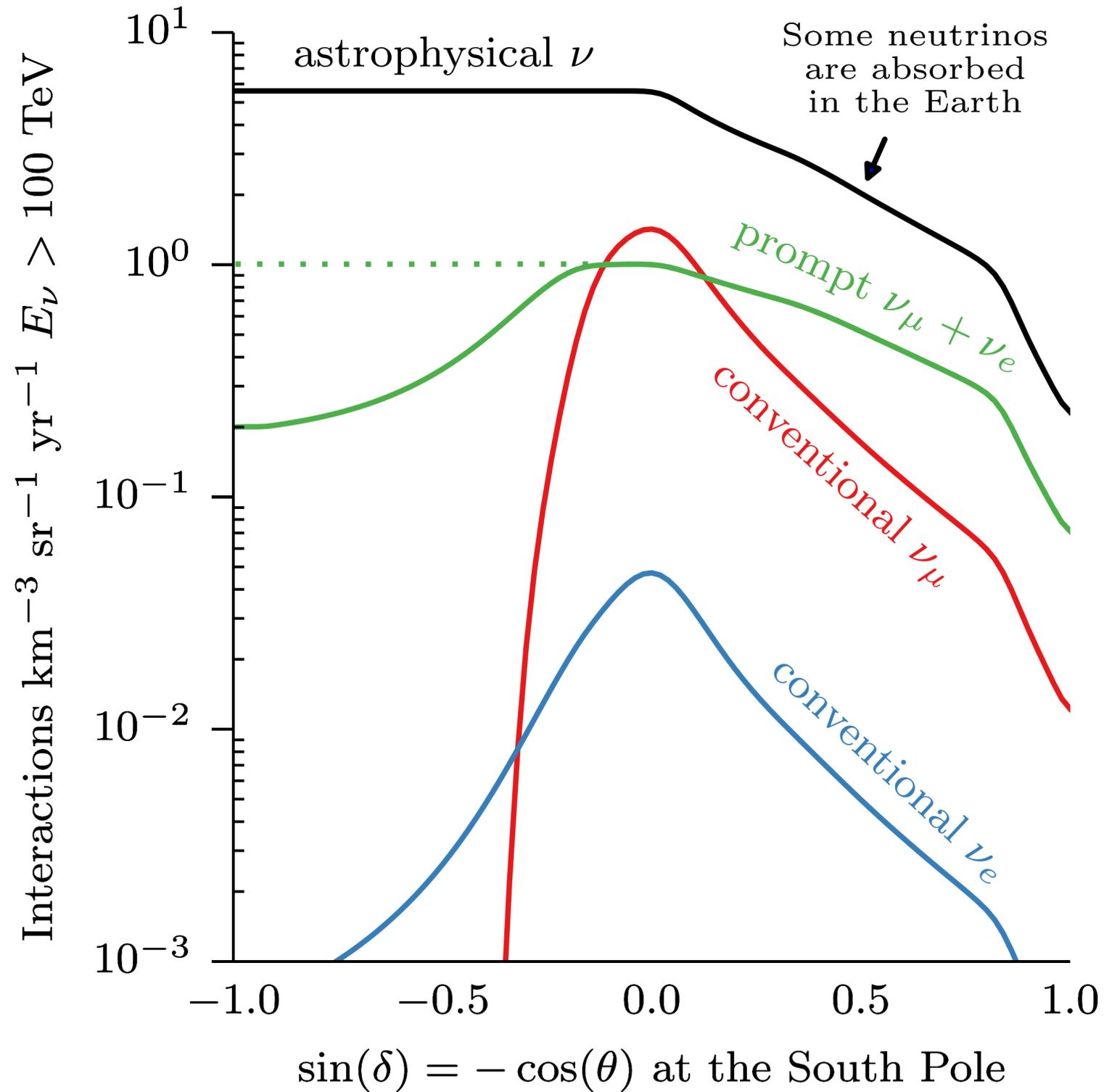
Schönert, Resconi, Schulz, Phys. Rev. D, 79:043009 (2009)

Gaisser, Jero, Karle, van Santen, Phys. Rev. D, 90:023009 (2014)

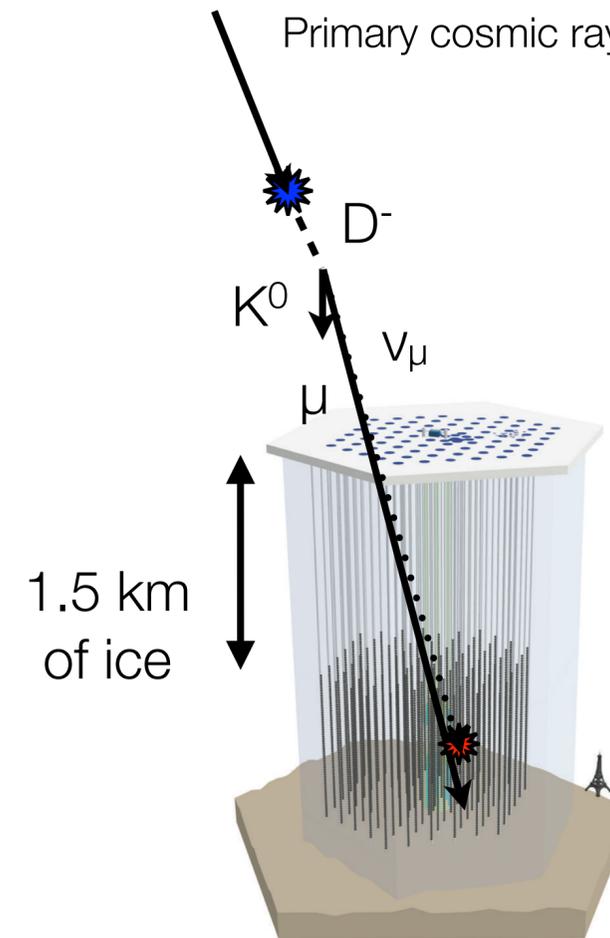


Schönert, Resconi, Schulz, Phys. Rev. D, 79:043009 (2009)

Gaisser, Jero, Karle, van Santen, Phys. Rev. D, 90:023009 (2014)

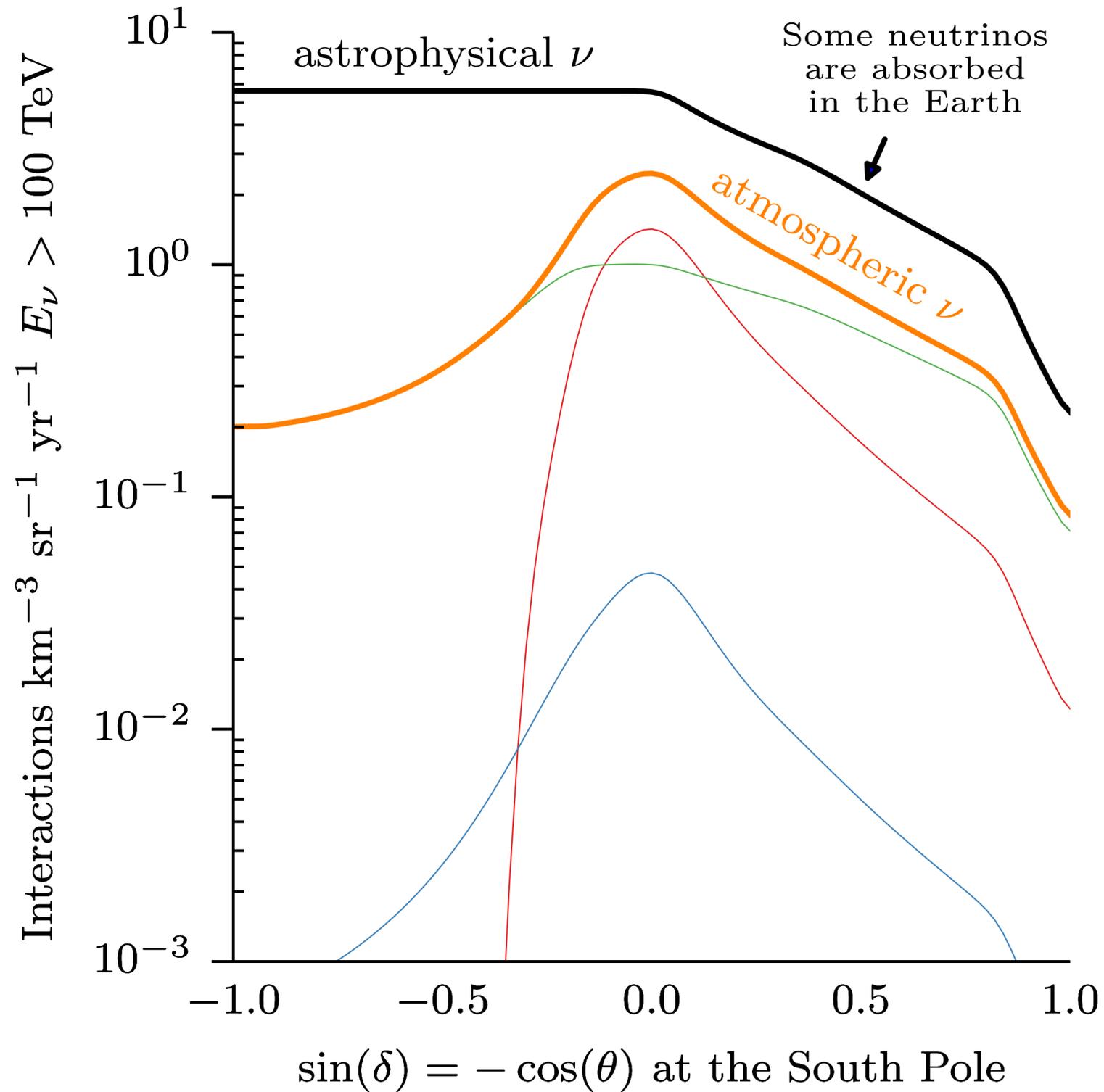


Prompt atmospheric neutrinos are vetoed, too.



Schönert, Resconi, Schulz, Phys. Rev. D, 79:043009 (2009)

Gaisser, Jero, Karle, van Santen, Phys. Rev. D, 90:023009 (2014)



The zenith distributions of high-energy astrophysical and atmospheric neutrinos are fundamentally different.

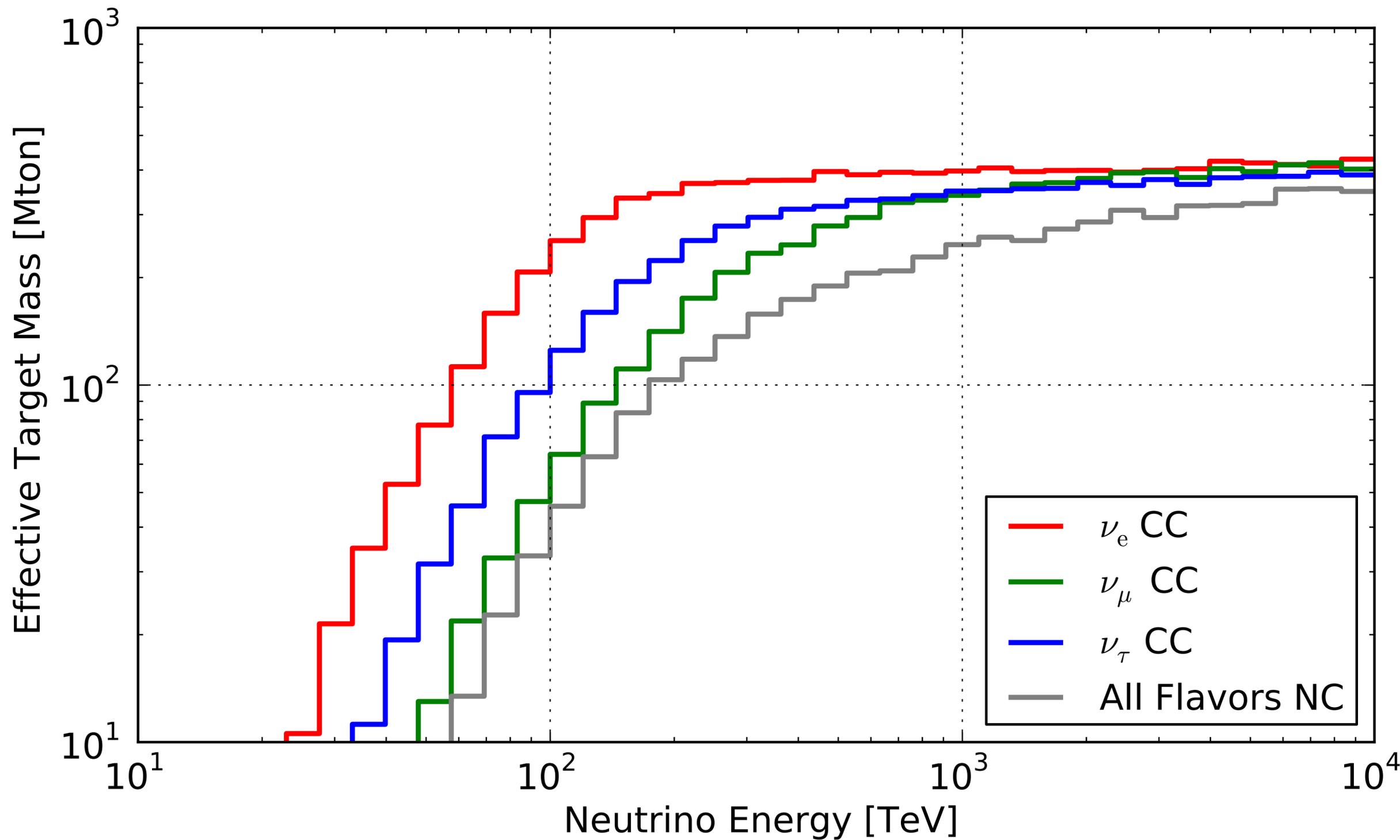
Schönert, Resconi, Schulz, Phys. Rev. D, 79:043009 (2009)

Gaisser, Jero, Karle, van Santen, Phys. Rev. D, 90:023009 (2014)



EFFECTIVE VOLUME / TARGET MASS

Fully efficient above 100 TeV for CC electron neutrinos





WHAT DID ICECUBE FIND? (3 YEARS)

37 events!

36(+1) events observed!

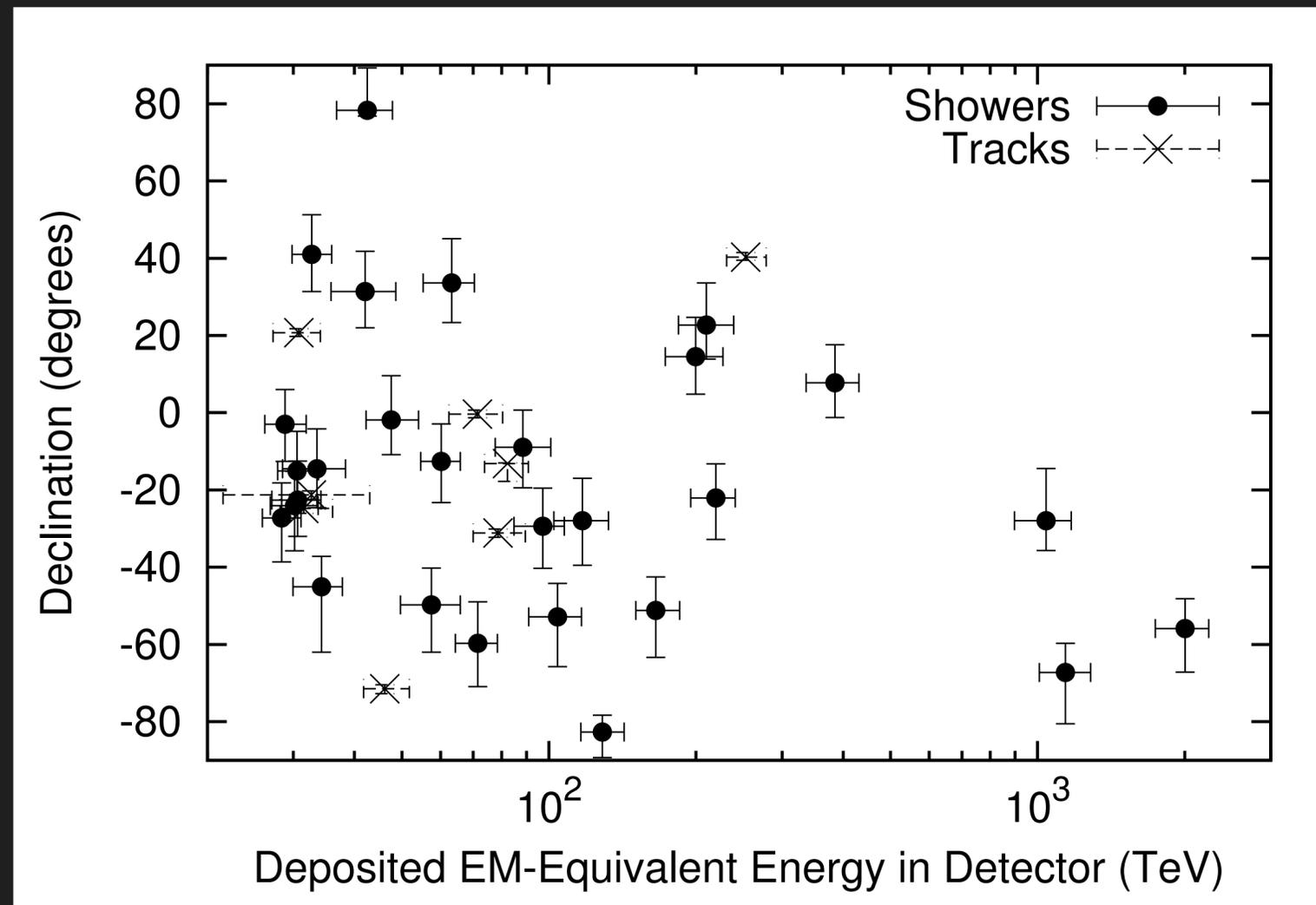
Estimated background:

$6.6^{+5.9}_{-1.6}$ atm. neutrinos

8.4 ± 4.2 atm. muons

One of them is an obvious (but expected) background

coincident muons from two CR air showers



full likelihood fit of all components:
 5.7σ for 36(+1) events

PRL 113, 101101



WHAT DID ICECUBE FIND? (4 YEARS)

54 events!

53(+1) events observed!

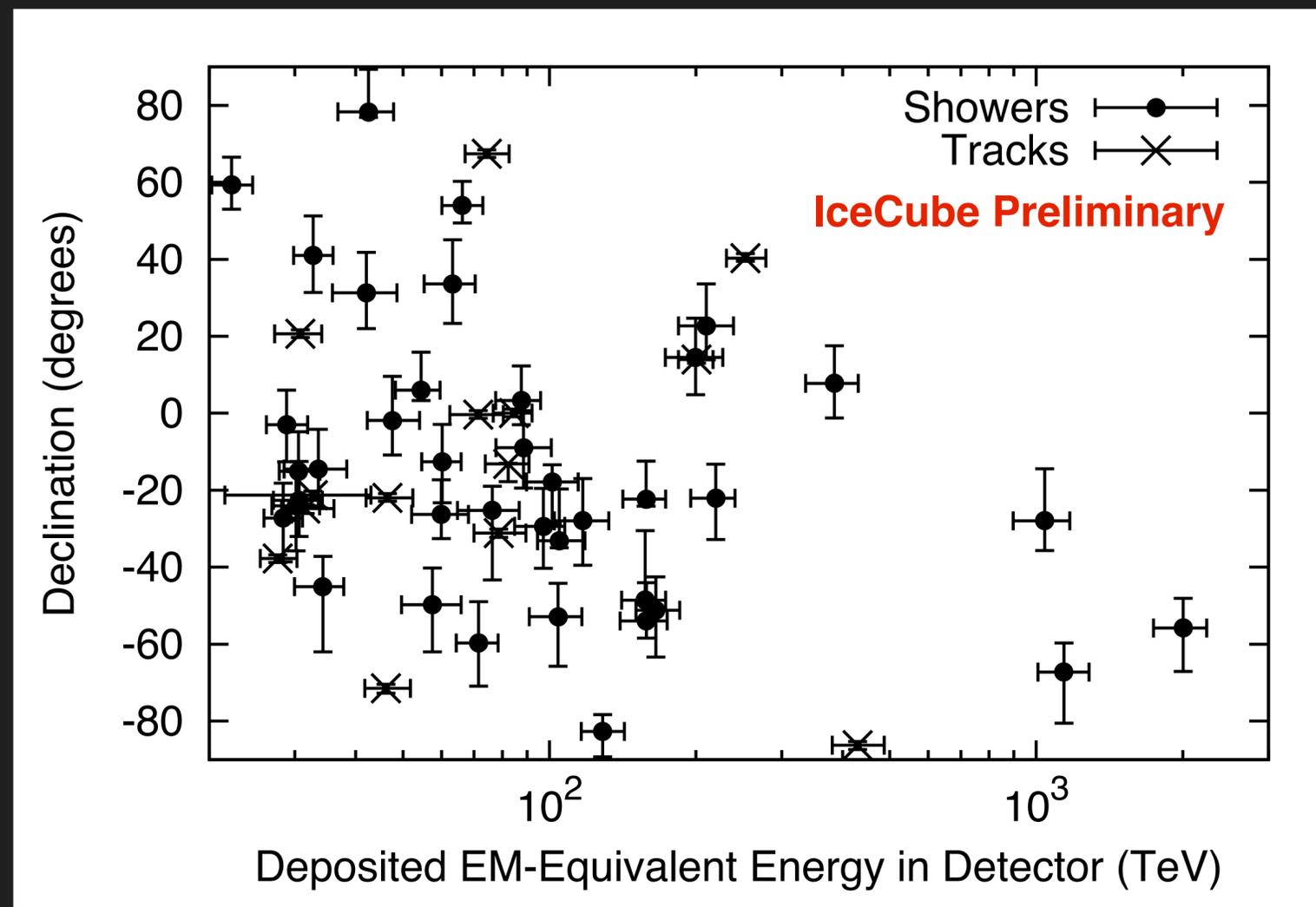
Estimated background:

$9.0^{+8.0}_{-2.2}$ atm. neutrinos

12.6 ± 5.1 atm. muons

One of them is an obvious (but expected) background

coincident muons from two CR air showers



**full likelihood fit of all components:
6.5 σ for 53(+1) events**



WHAT DID ICECUBE FIND? (4 YEARS)

54 events!

53(+1) events observed!

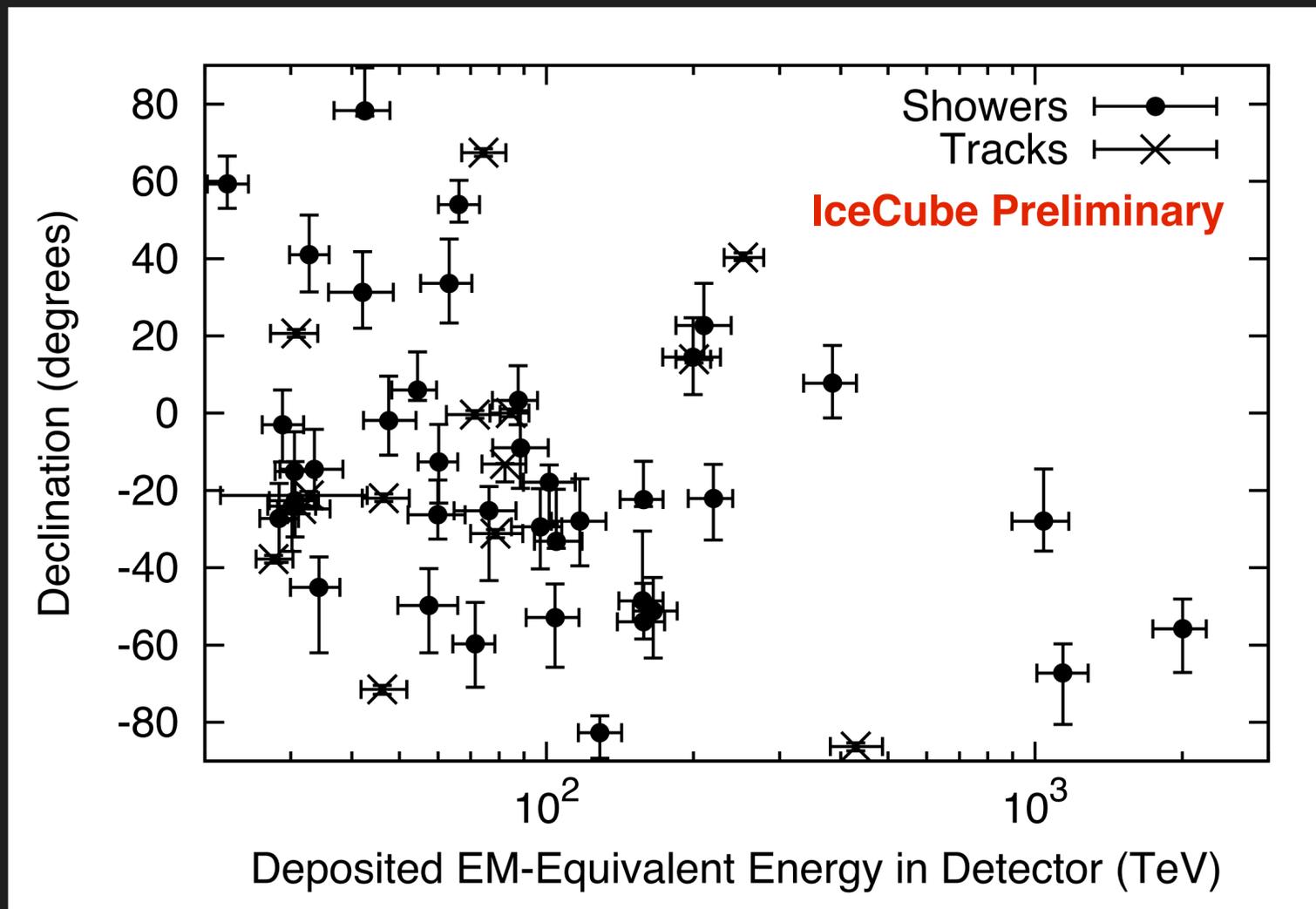
Estimated background:

$9.0^{+8.0}_{-2.2}$ atm. neutrinos

12.6 ± 5.1 atm. muons

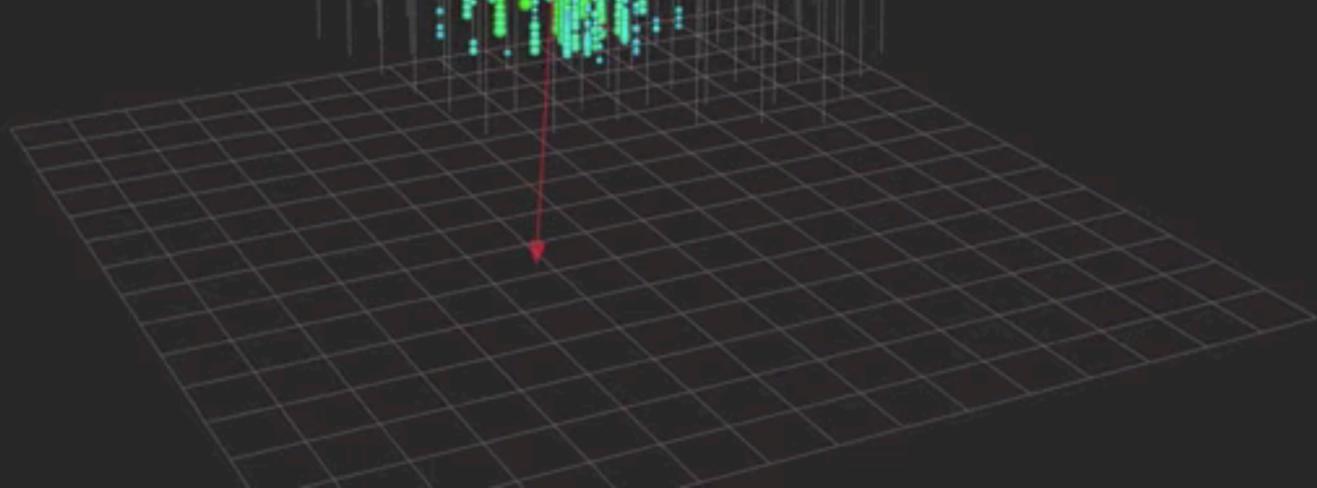
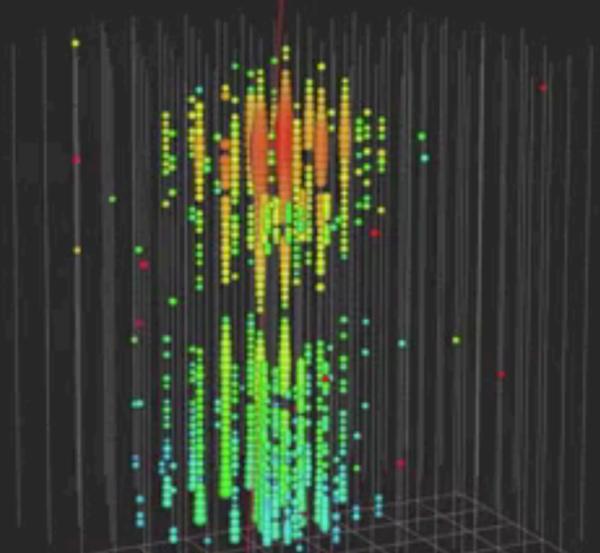
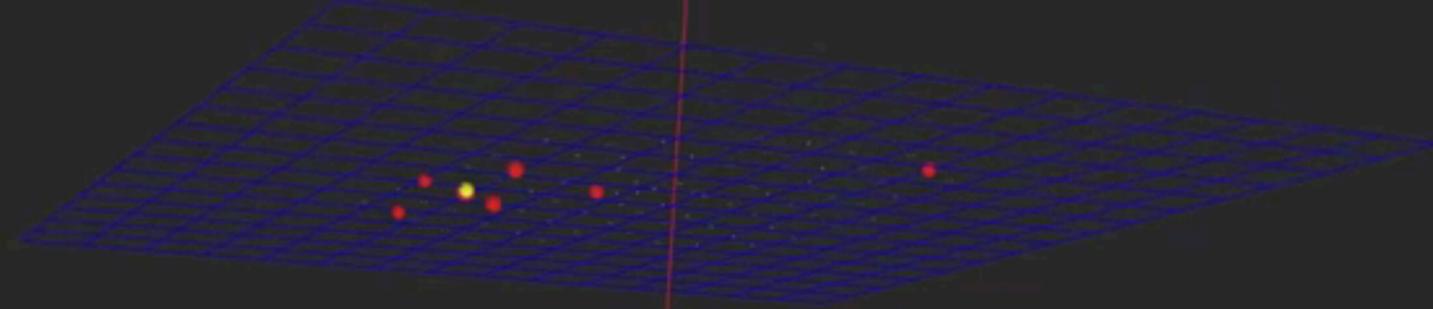
One of them is an obvious (but expected) background

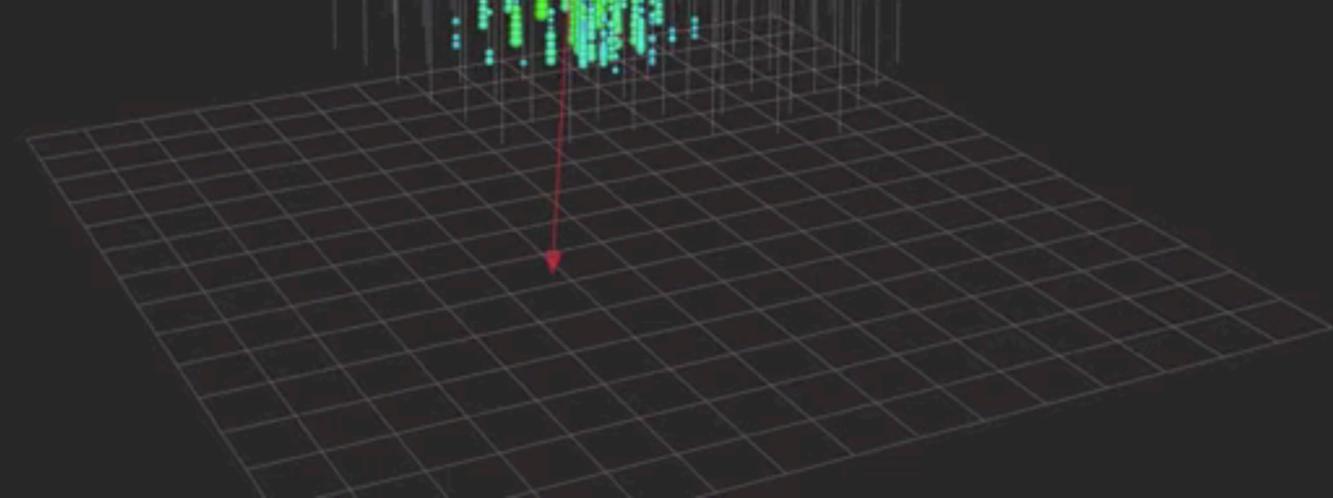
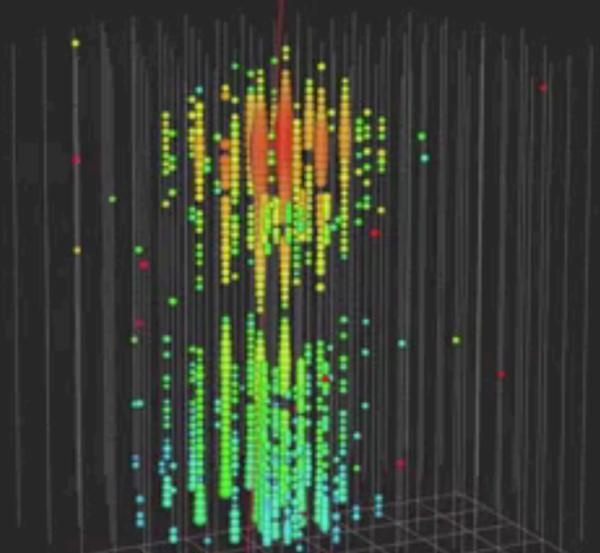
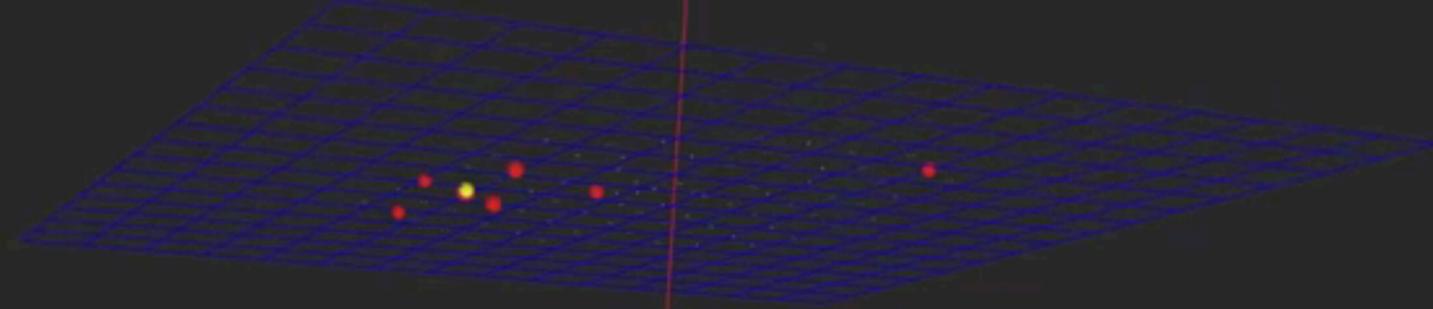
coincident muons from two CR air showers



**full likelihood fit of all components:
6.5σ for 53(+1) events**

Poster 278 (Poster 3 DM and NU)

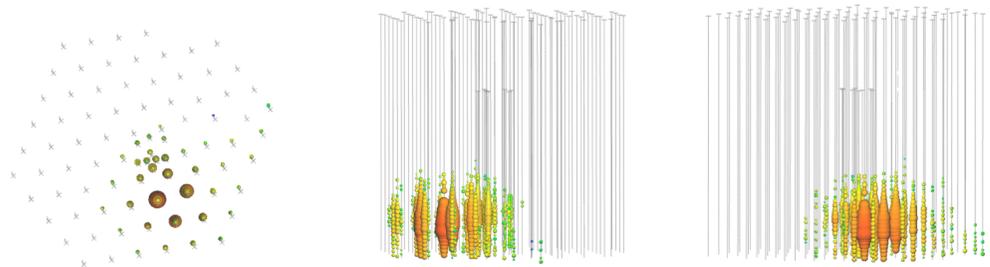




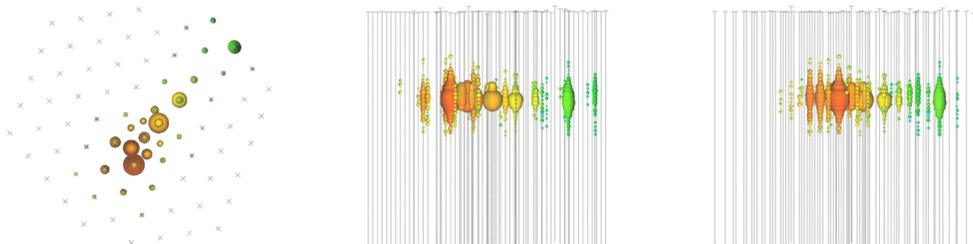
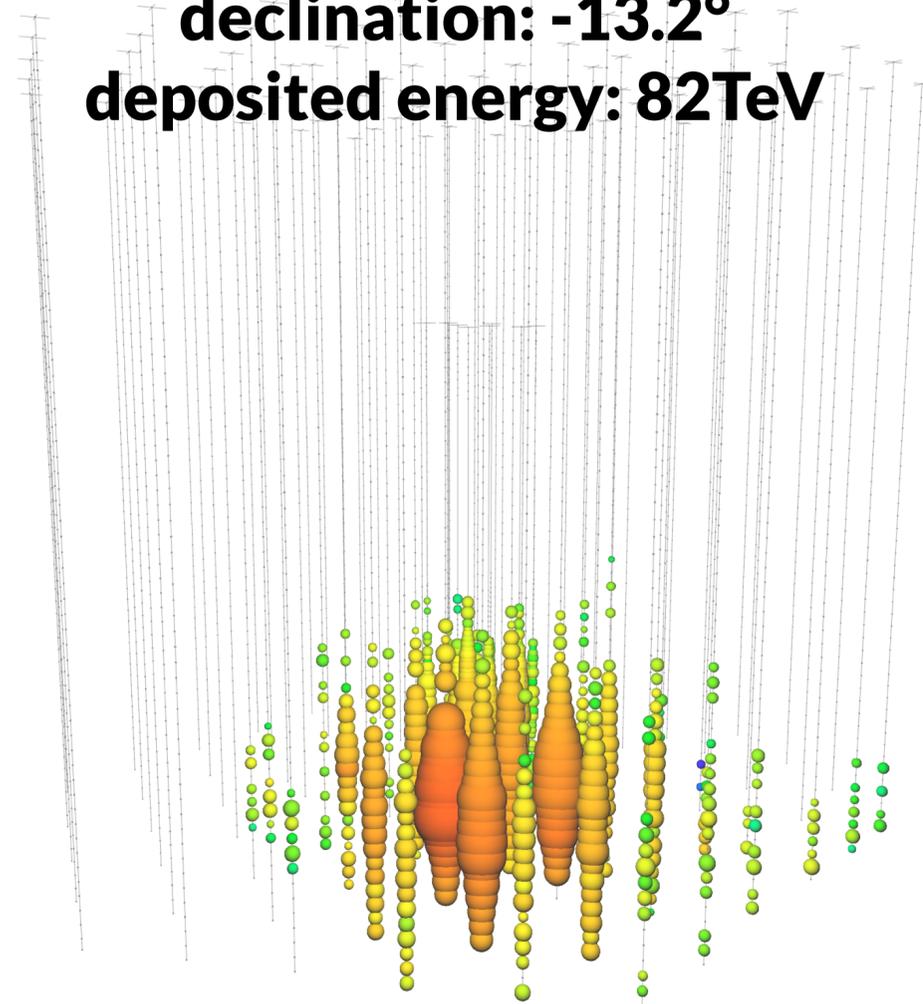


WHAT DID ICECUBE FIND?

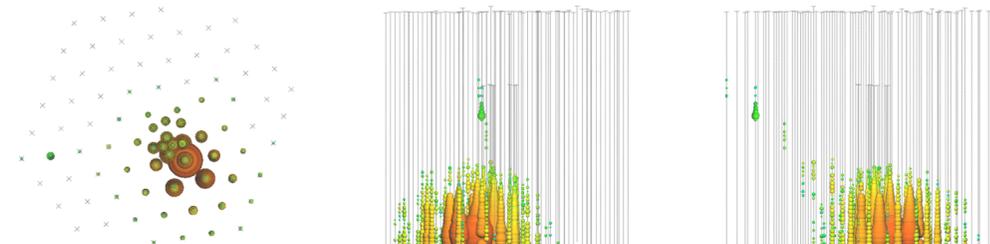
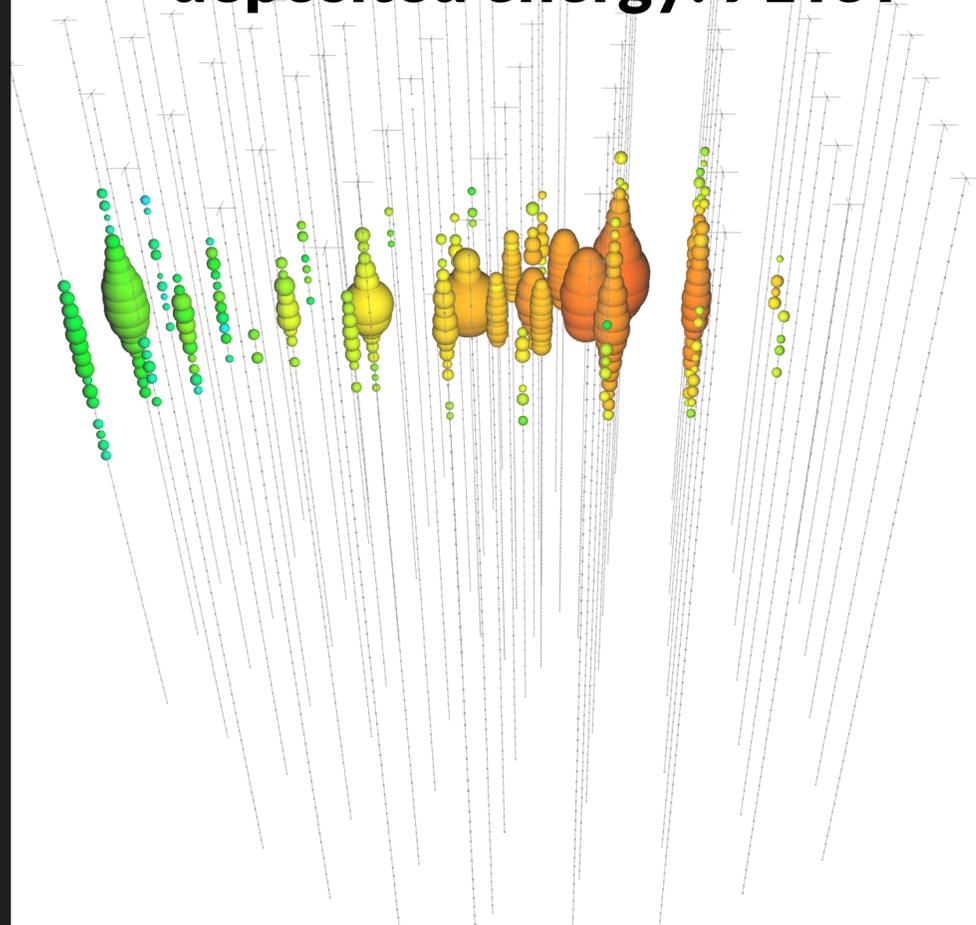
some examples



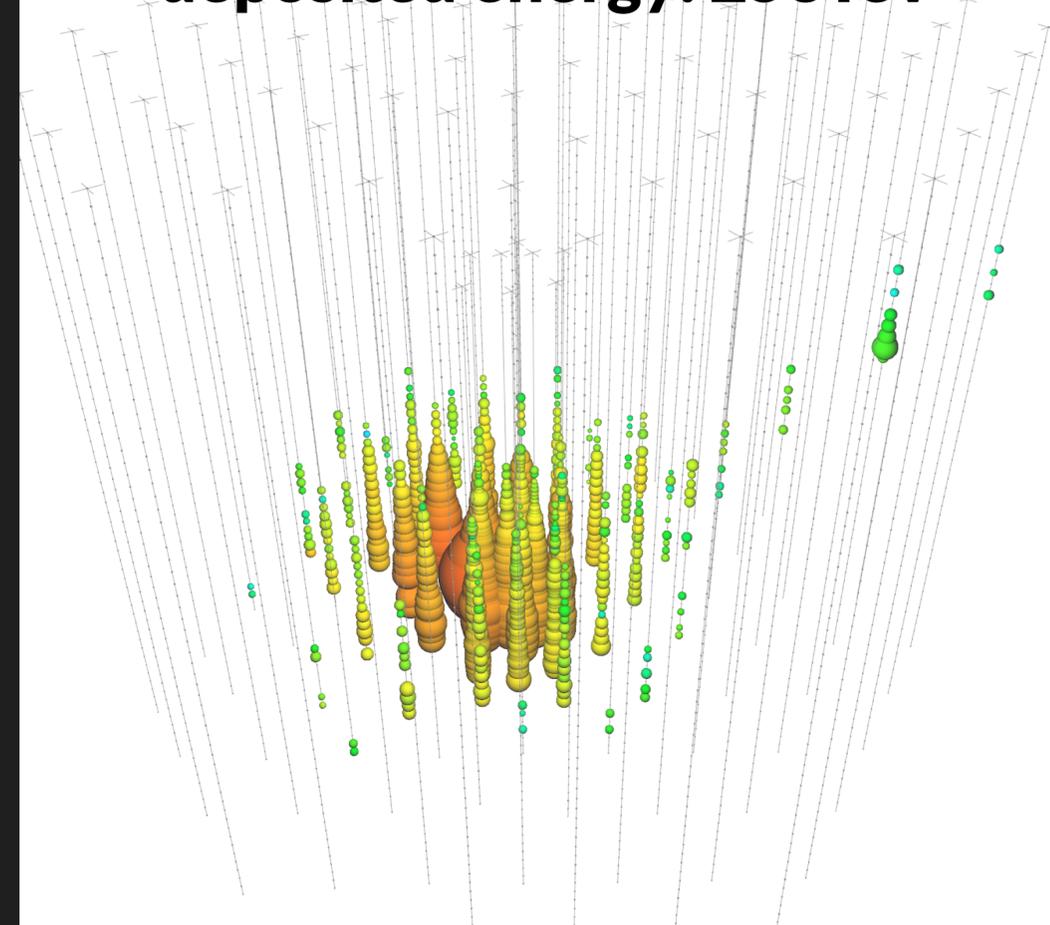
**declination: -13.2°
deposited energy: 82TeV**



**declination: -0.4°
deposited energy: 71TeV**



**declination: 40.3°
deposited energy: 253TeV**

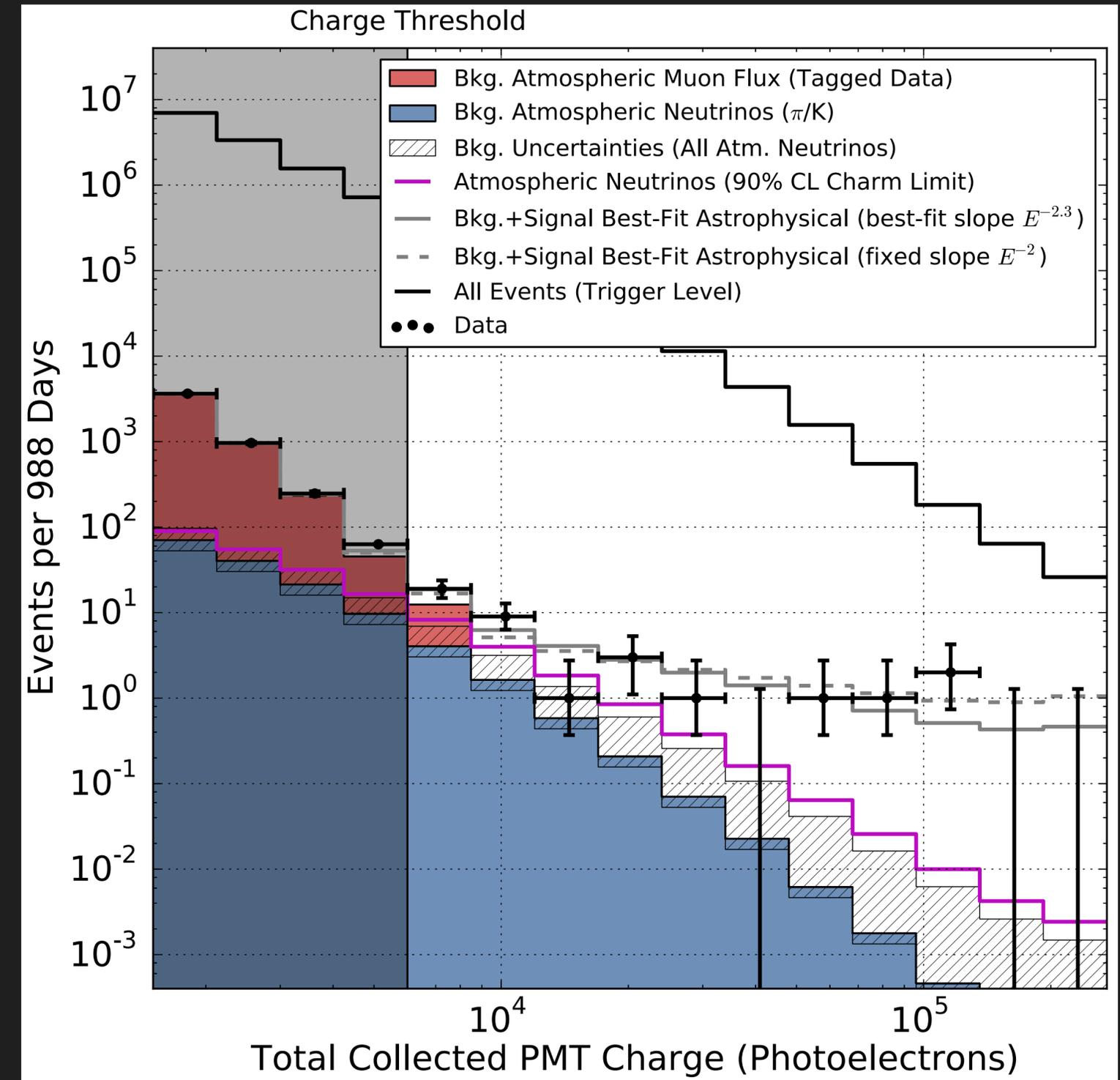




CHARGE DISTRIBUTION

Fits well to tagged background estimate from atmospheric muon data (red) below charge threshold ($Q_{\text{tot}} > 6000$)

Hatched region includes uncertainties from conventional and charm atmospheric neutrino flux (blue)

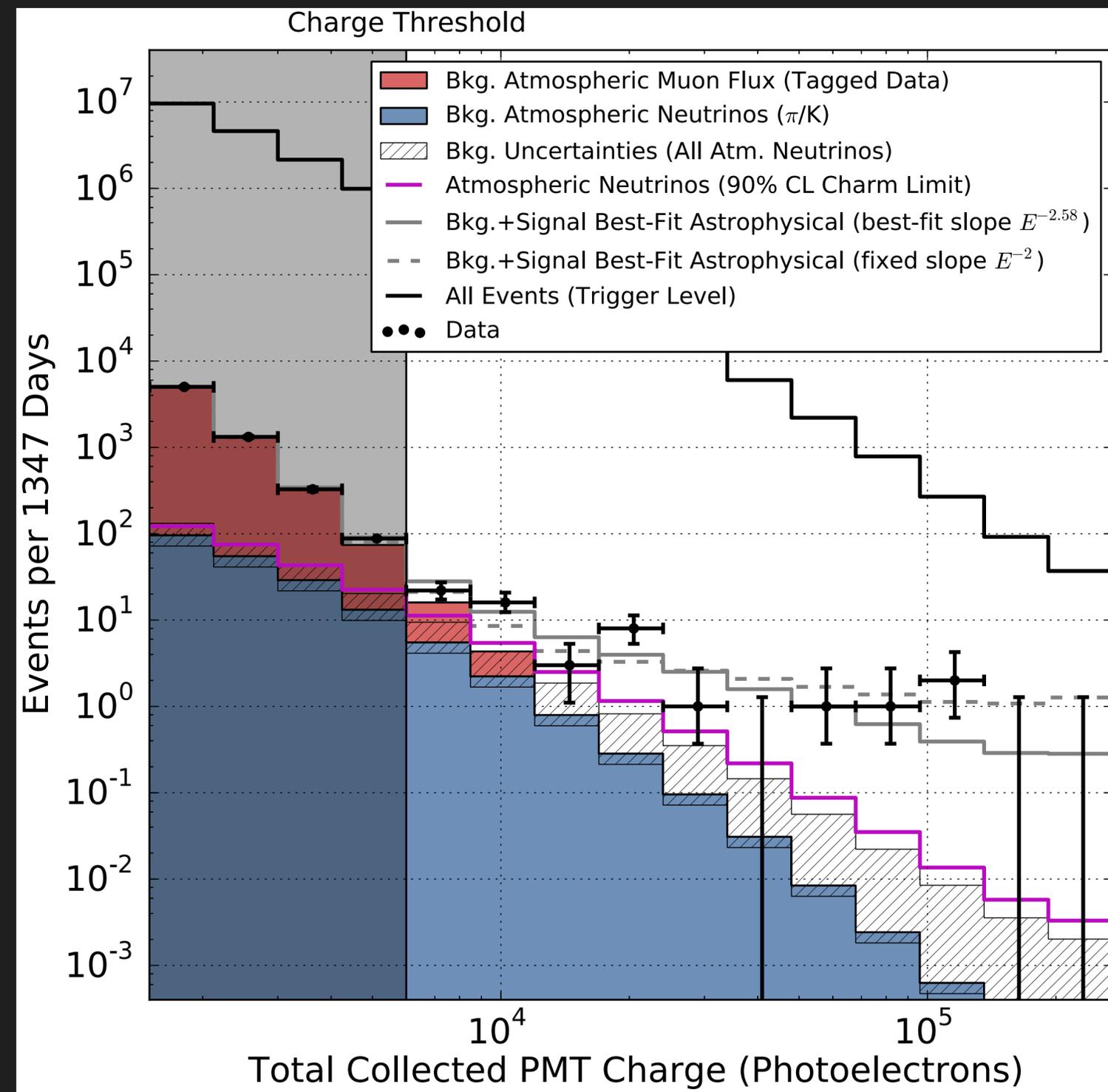




CHARGE DISTRIBUTION

Fits well to tagged background estimate from atmospheric muon data (red) below charge threshold ($Q_{\text{tot}} > 6000$)

Hatched region includes uncertainties from conventional and charm atmospheric neutrino flux (blue)





ENERGY SPECTRUM (3 YEARS)

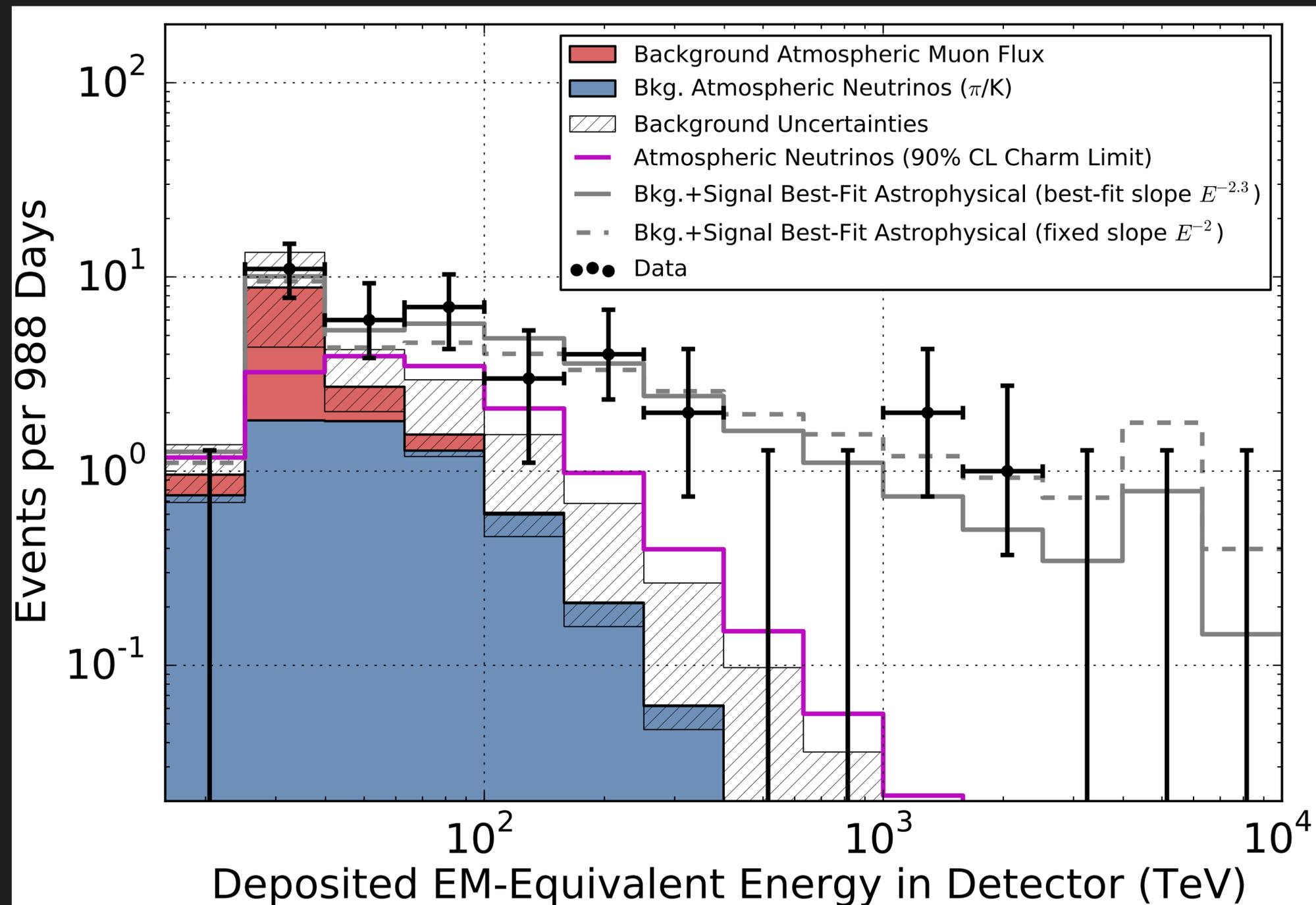
energy deposited in the detector (lower limit on neutrino energy)

Harder than any expected atmospheric background

Merges well into background at low energies

Potential cutoff at about 2-5 PeV (or softer spectrum)

Best fit spectral index: $E^{-2.3}$





ENERGY SPECTRUM (4 YEARS)

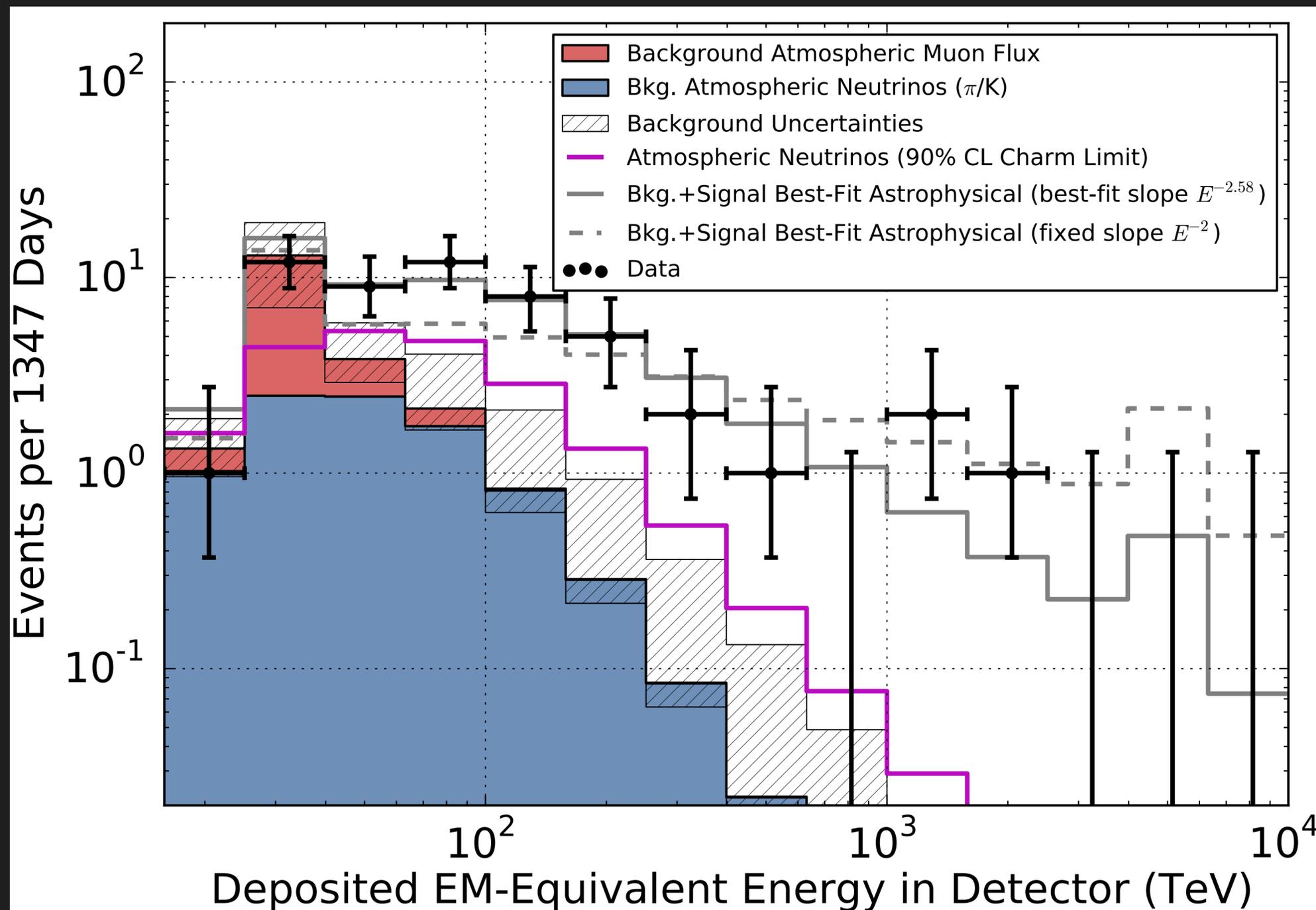
energy deposited in the detector (lower limit on neutrino energy)

Somewhat compatible with benchmark E^{-2} astrophysical model or single power-law model, but looks like things are more complicated

Best fit assuming E^{-2} (not a very good fit anymore):

$$0.84 \pm 0.3 \cdot 10^{-8} E^{-2} \text{ GeV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$$

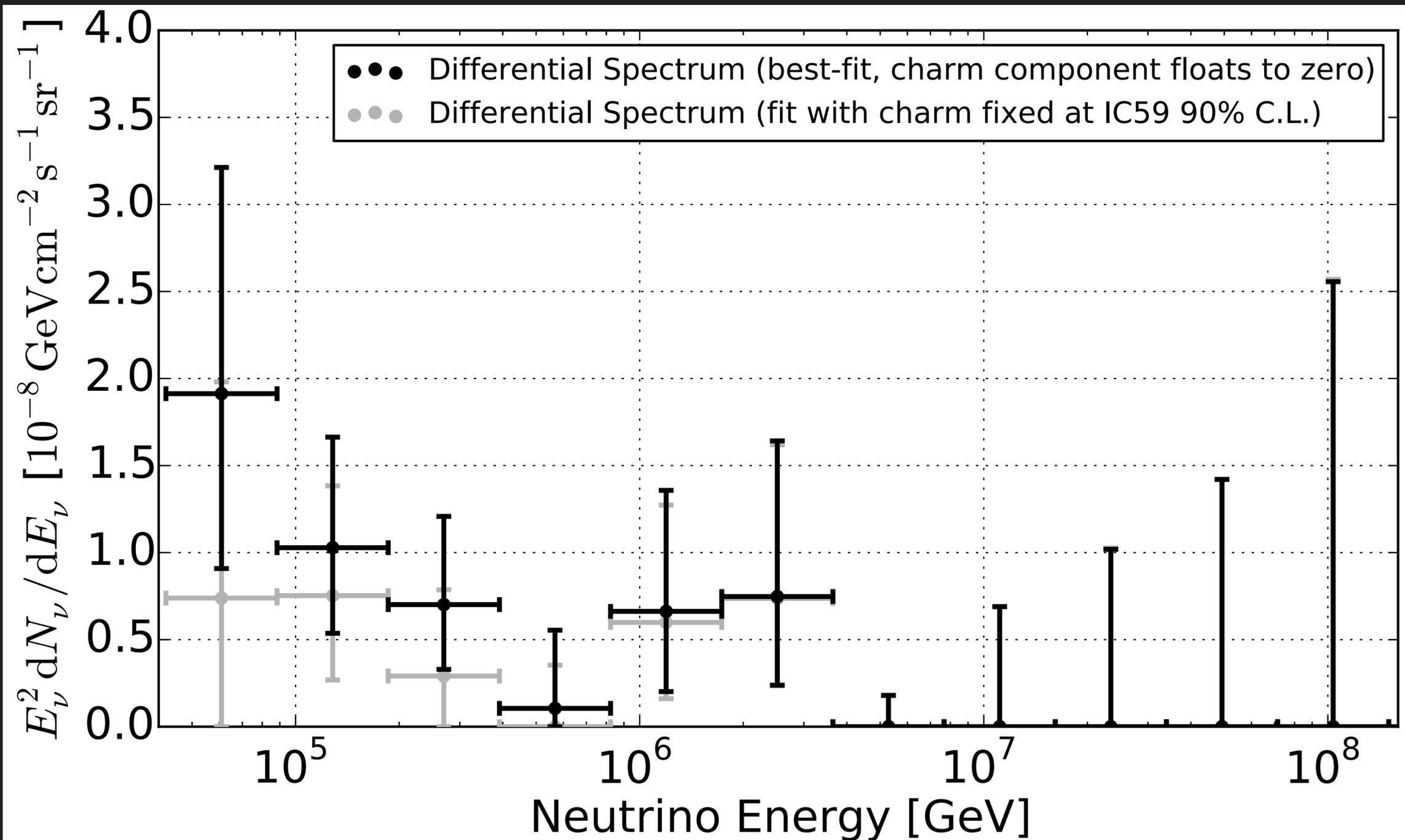
Best fit spectral index: $E^{-2.58}$





UNFOLDING TO NEUTRINO ENERGY

updated from PRL

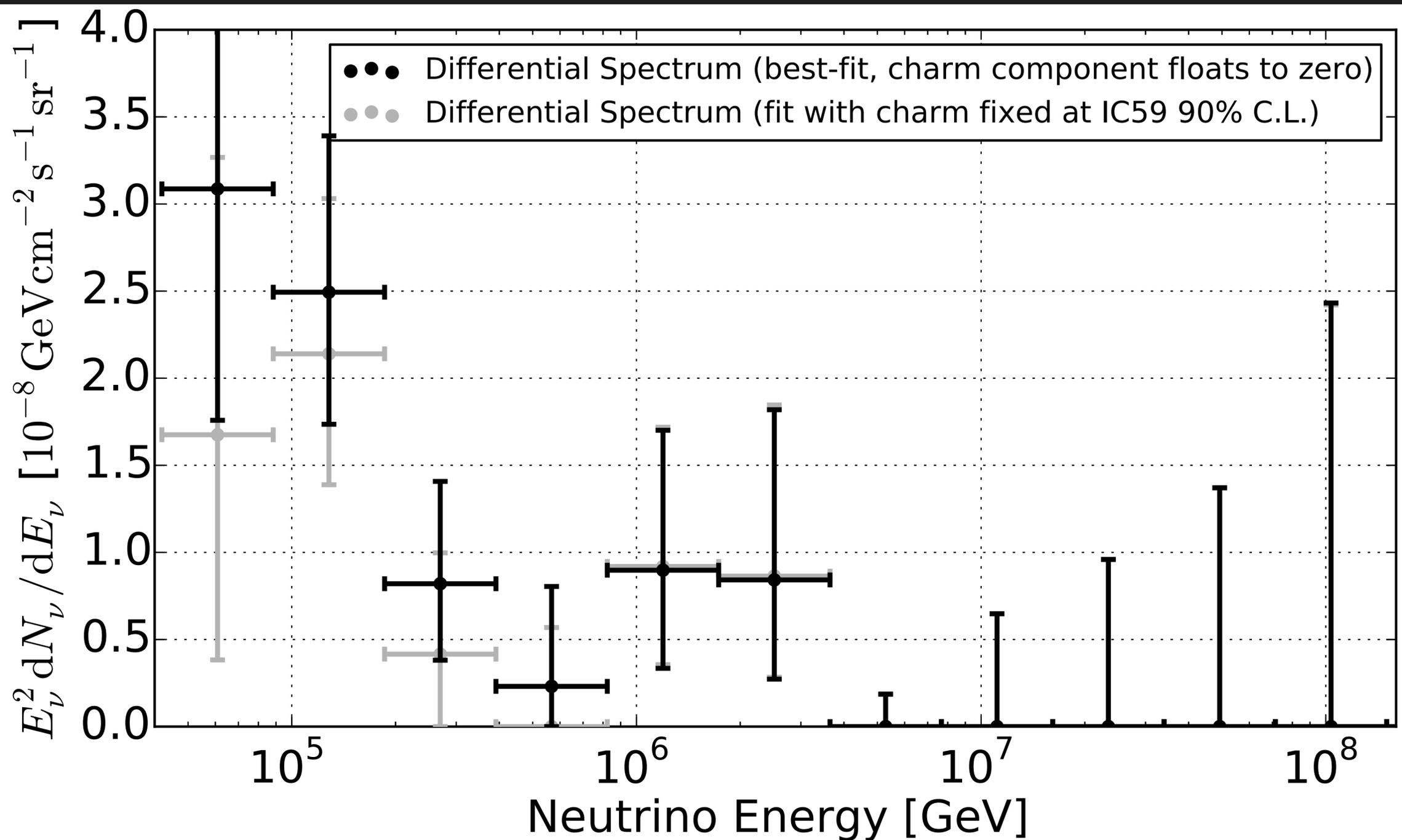


assumption: 1:1:1 flavor ratio, 1:1 neutrino:anti-neutrino



UNFOLDING TO NEUTRINO ENERGY

updated from PRL plot version with priors for backgrounds - 4

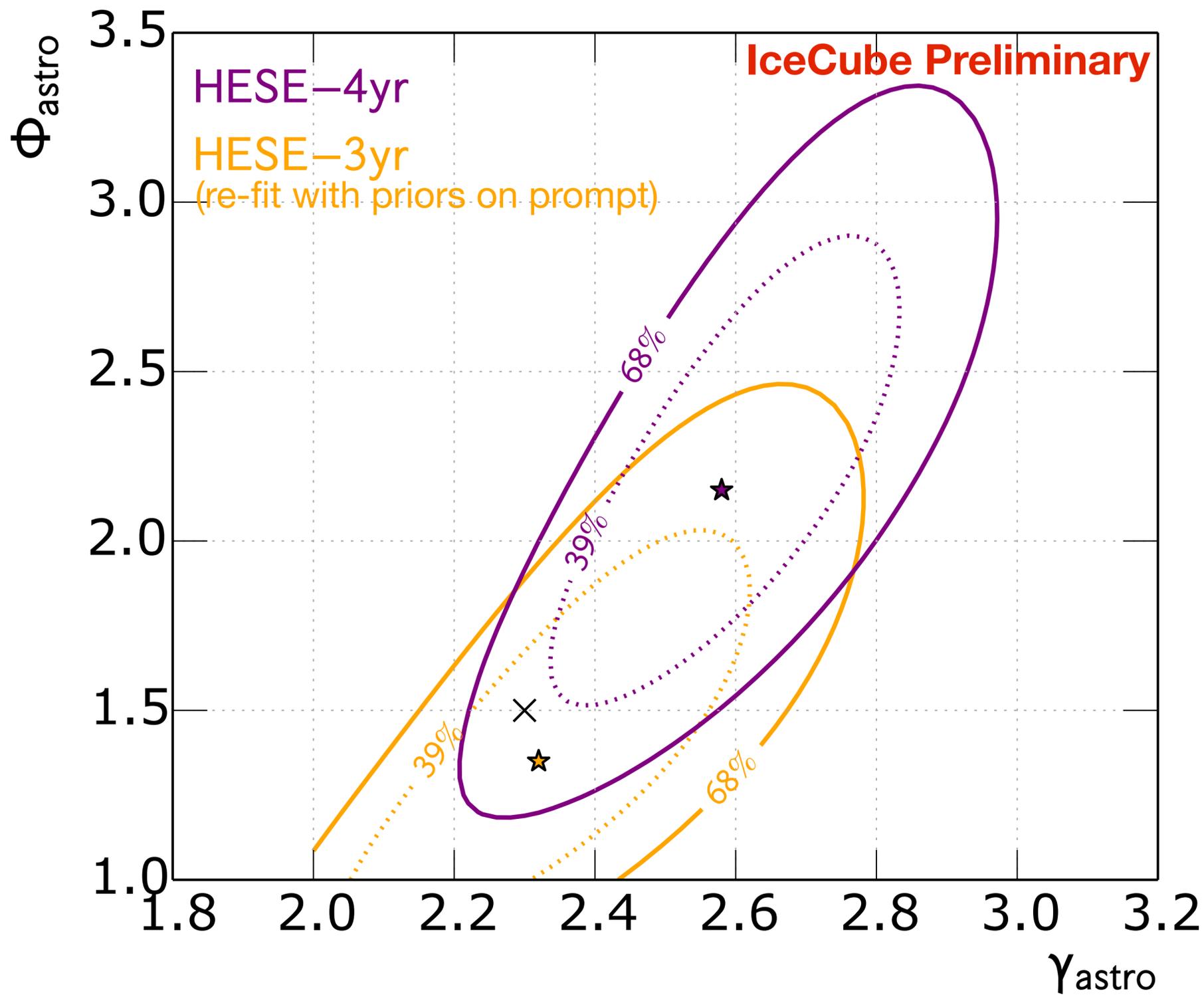


assumption: 1:1:1 flavor ratio, 1:1 neutrino:anti-neutrino



SPECTRAL FIT

Normalization vs. spectral index contour plot

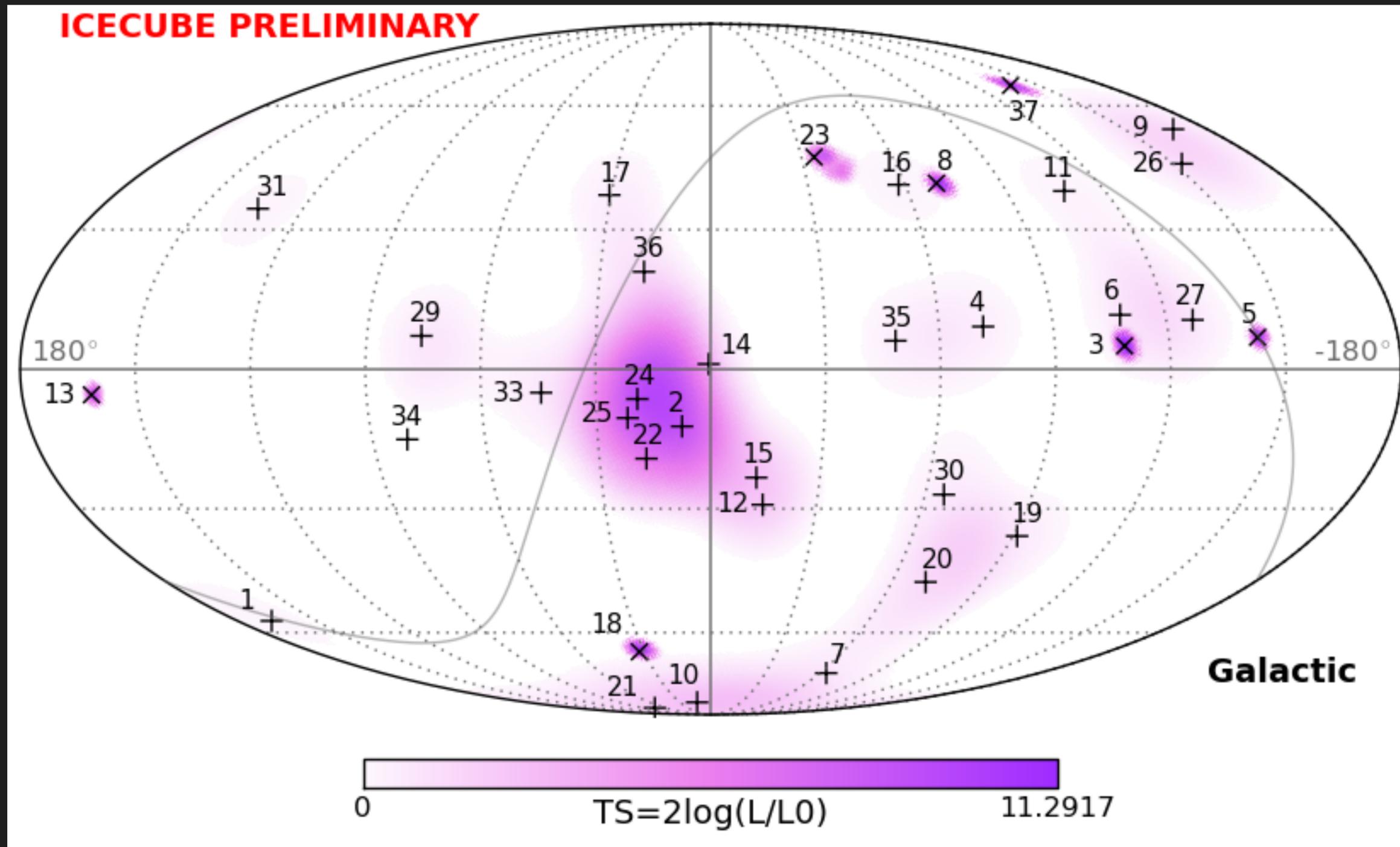


Note: 3-year data re-fit since PRL with priors for backgrounds



SKYMAP / CLUSTERING

No significant clustering observed (three years)

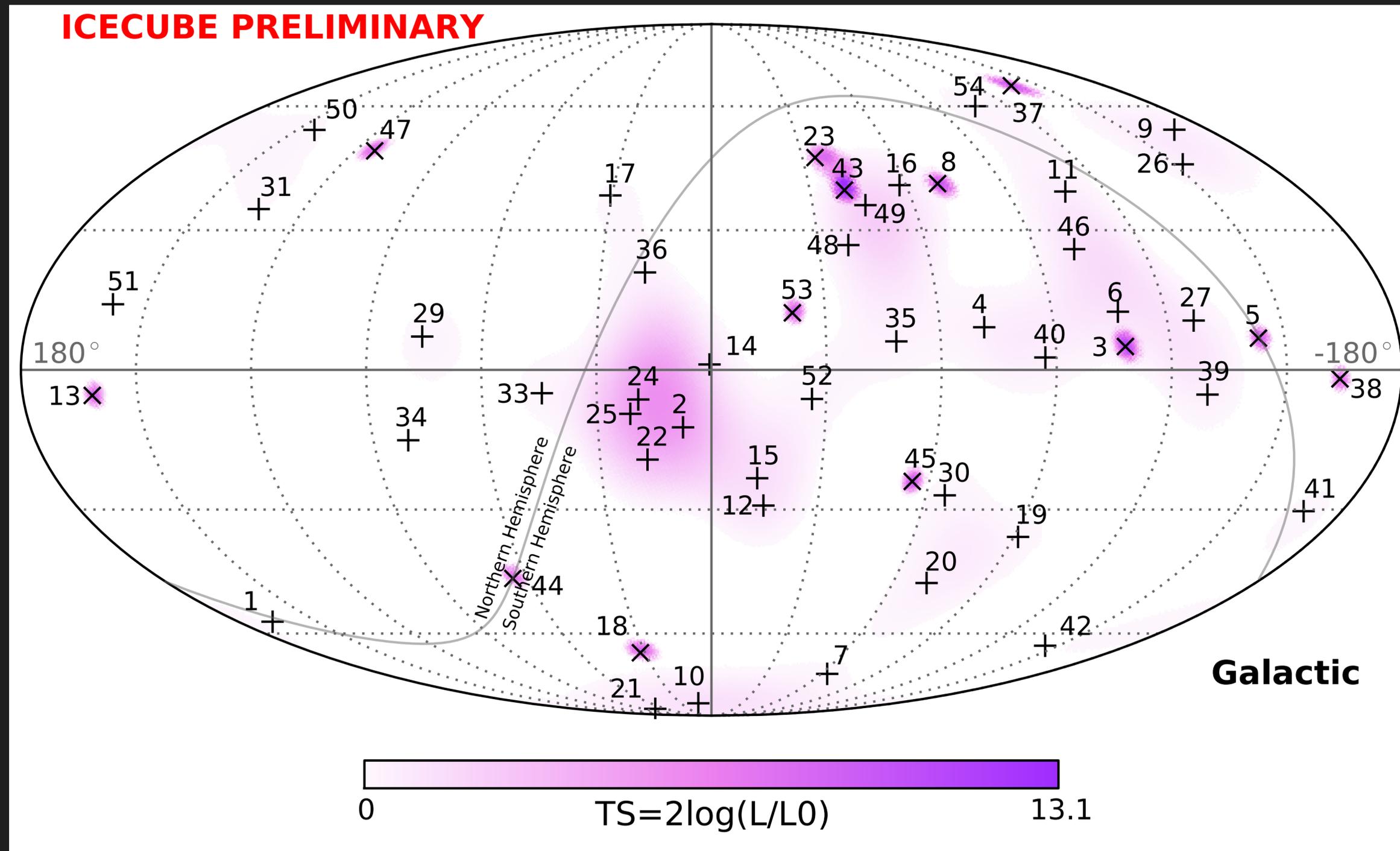


(all p-values are post-trial)



SKYMAP / CLUSTERING

No significant clustering observed (three years)



(all p-values are post-trial)



SKYMAP / CLUSTERING

No significant clustering observed (three years)

Analyzed with a variant of the standard PS method (w/o energy) (i.e. scrambling in RA)

Most significant excess close to (but not at!) the Galactic Center

Significance: **44%** (not significant)

Other searches (multi-cluster, galactic plane, time clustering, GRB correlations) not significant either



WHAT CAN ANTARES SAY?

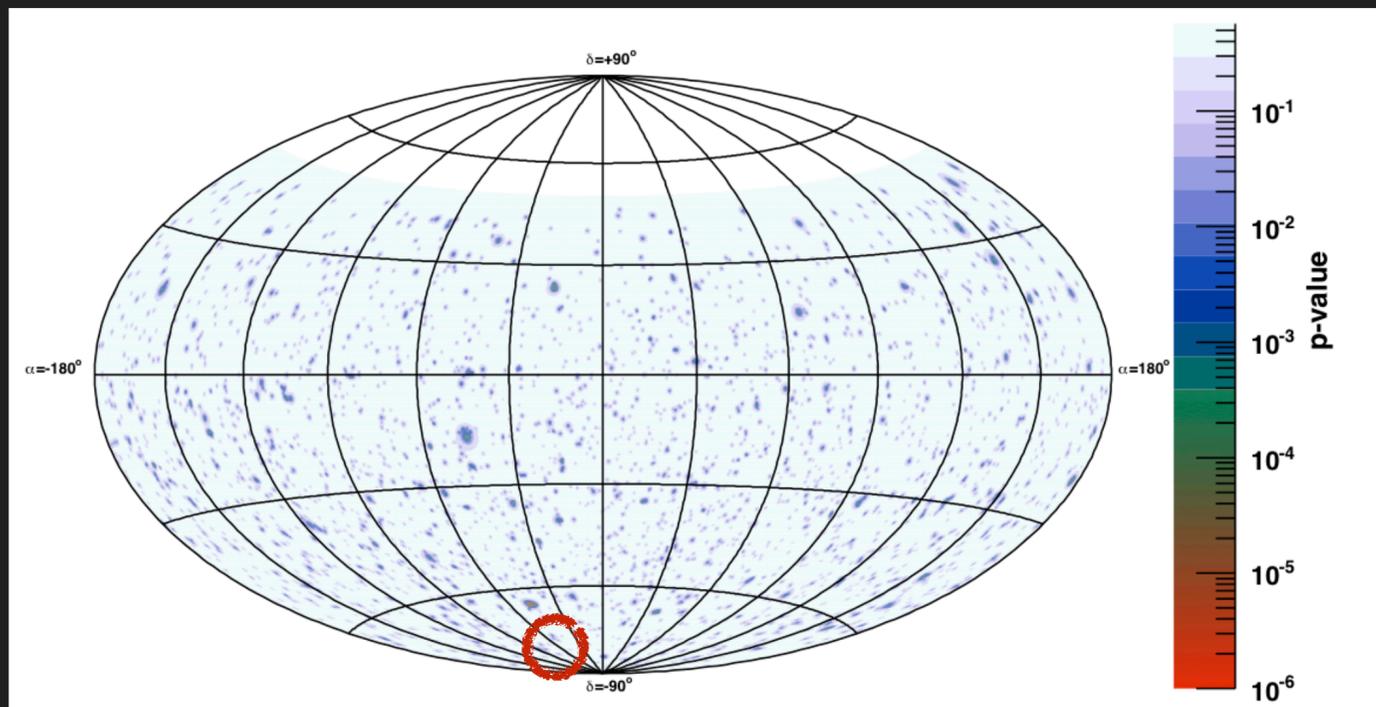
Analysis of the galactic center “excess” (only limit)

No hint of neutrino point source as of now, flux confirmation needs bigger detector (KM3NeT!)



WHERE ARE THE SOURCES?

There is still no evidence for point sources of high-energy neutrinos.

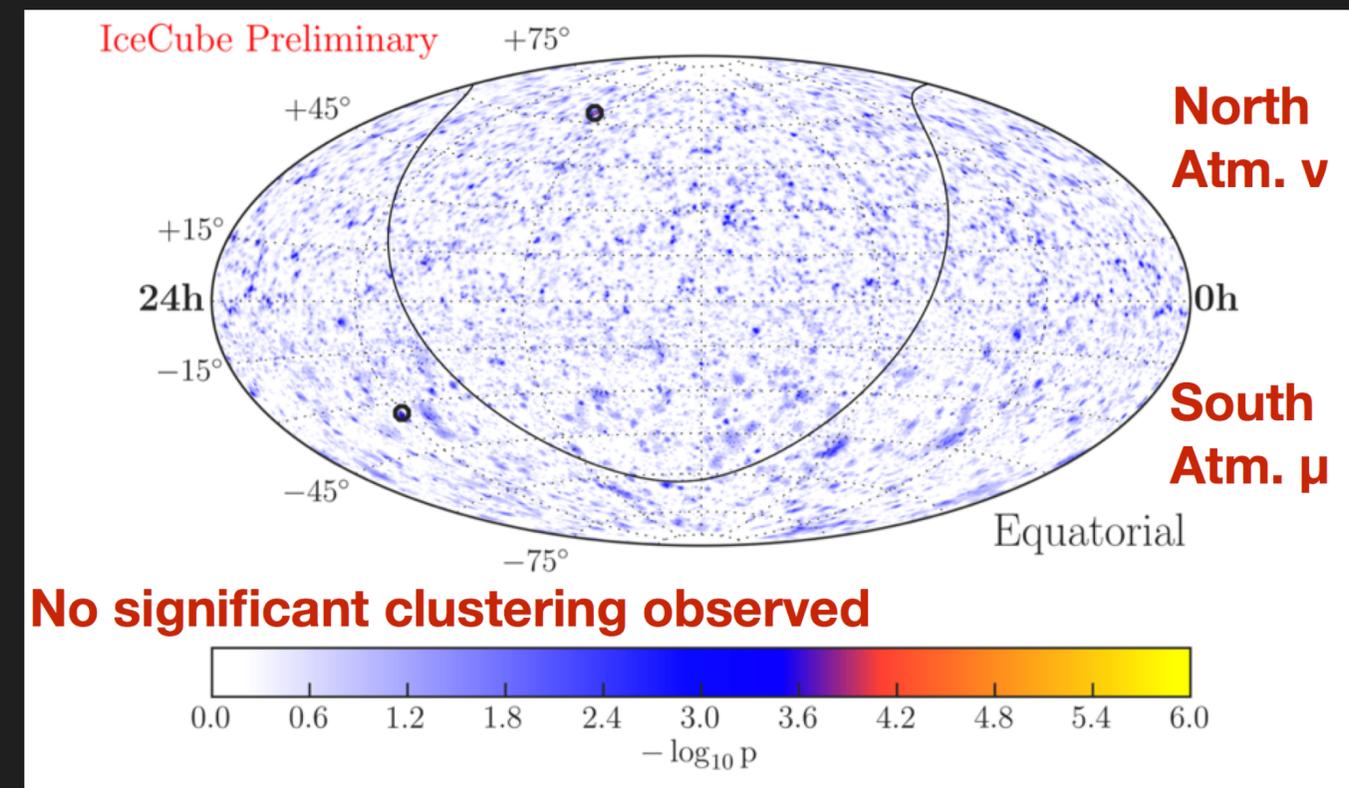


ApJ 760:53 (2012)

ANTARES 4-year up-going muon point source search: **2.6%** chance probability

IceCube 6-year through-going muon point source search

Northern-sky muons: **35%** chance probability
> PeV southern-sky muons: **87%**





WHERE ARE THE SOURCES?

There is still no evidence for point sources of high-energy neutrinos.

Stefan Coenders - “Results of neutrino point source searches with 2008-2014 IceCube data above 10 TeV” - August 3, 15:00 - **NU 04**

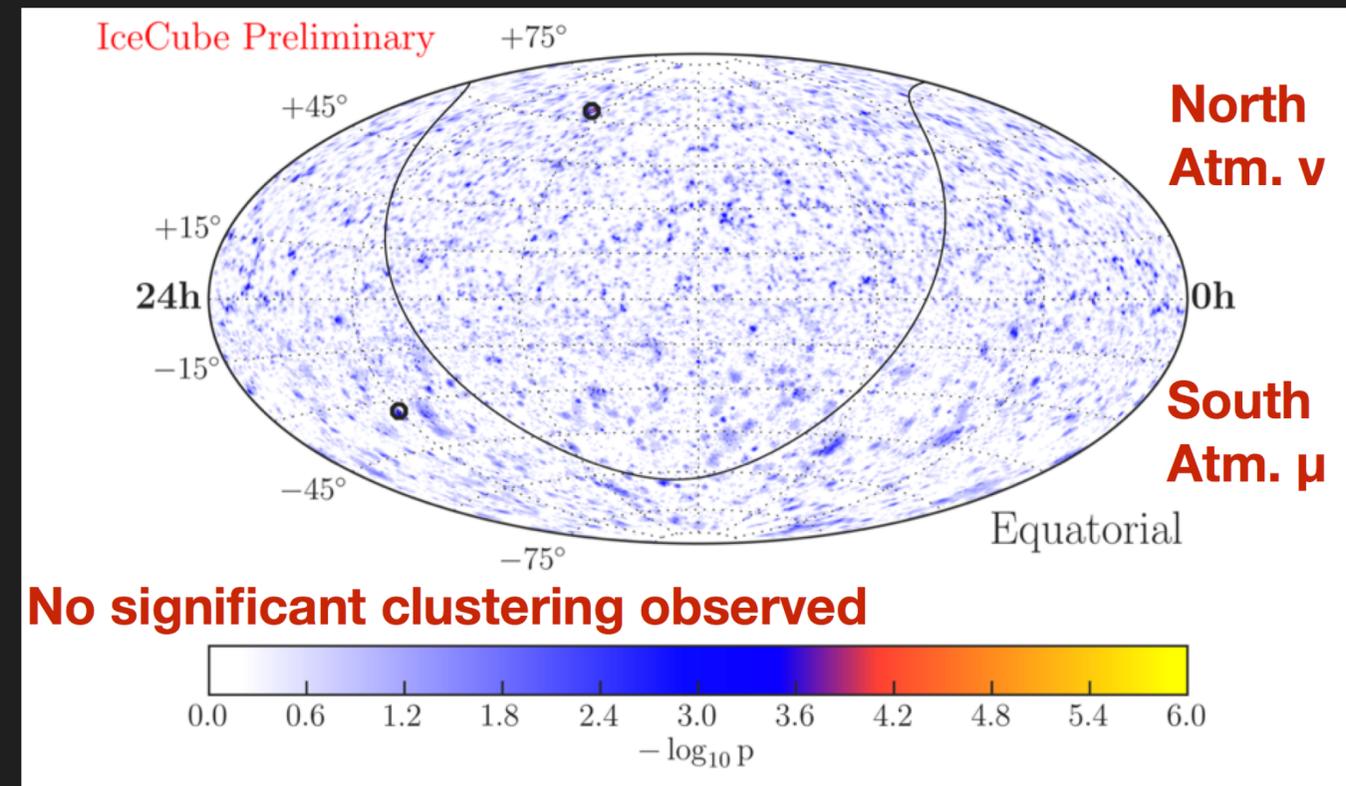
on point
probability

ApJ 760:53 (2012)

IceCube 6-year though-going muon point source search

Northern-sky muons: **35%** chance probability

> PeV southern-sky muons: **87%**



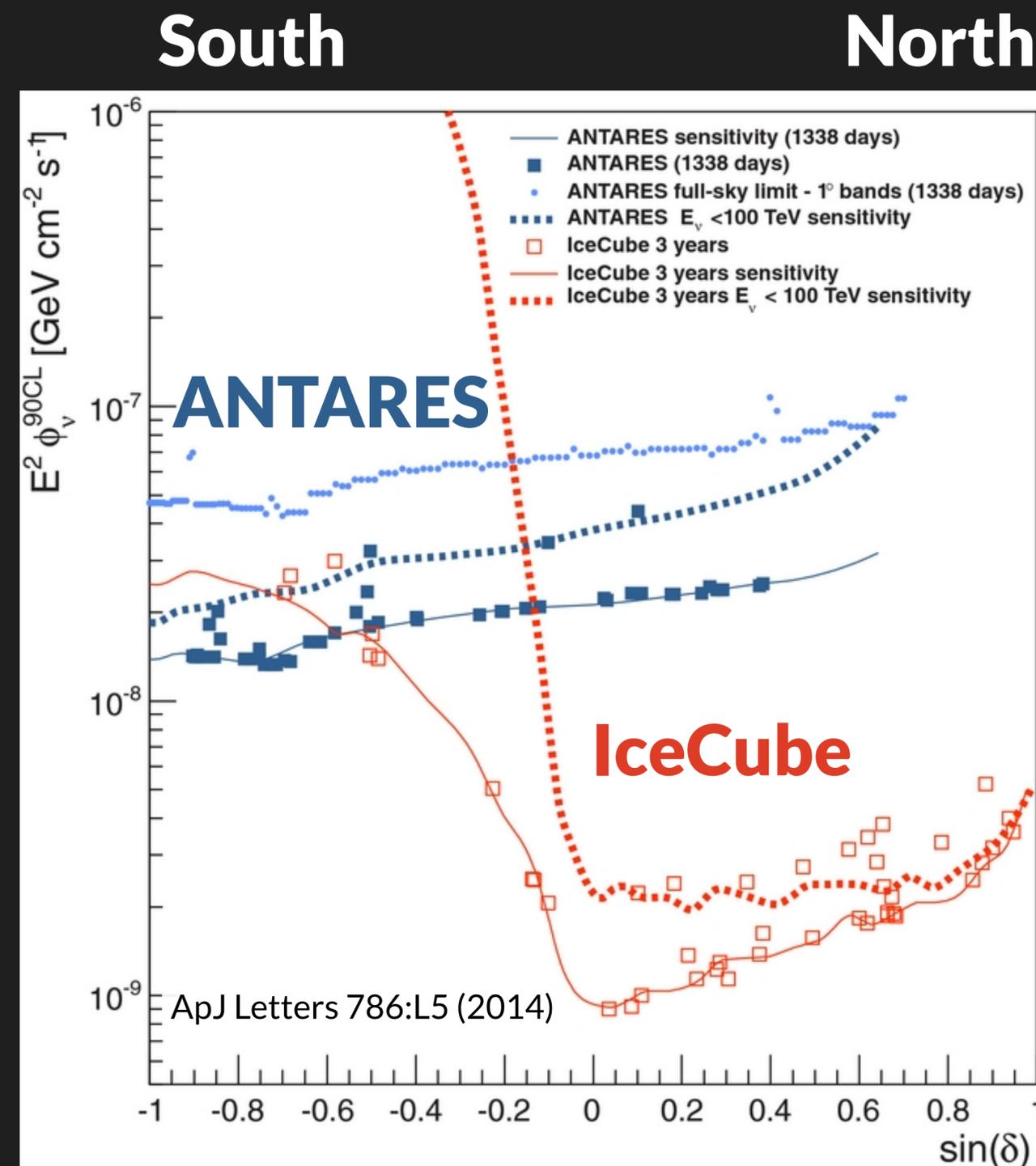


CONSTRAINTS ON POINT SOURCES

ANTARES can observe the southern sky through the Earth
→ lower threshold, better limits in the south

IceCube has a larger effective area
→ more events, better limits in the north

New: combined IceCube/ANTARES search





CONSTRAINTS ON POINT SOURCES

ANTARES can observe the southern sky through the Earth

→ lower threshold, better limits in the south

south

IceCube

→ more north

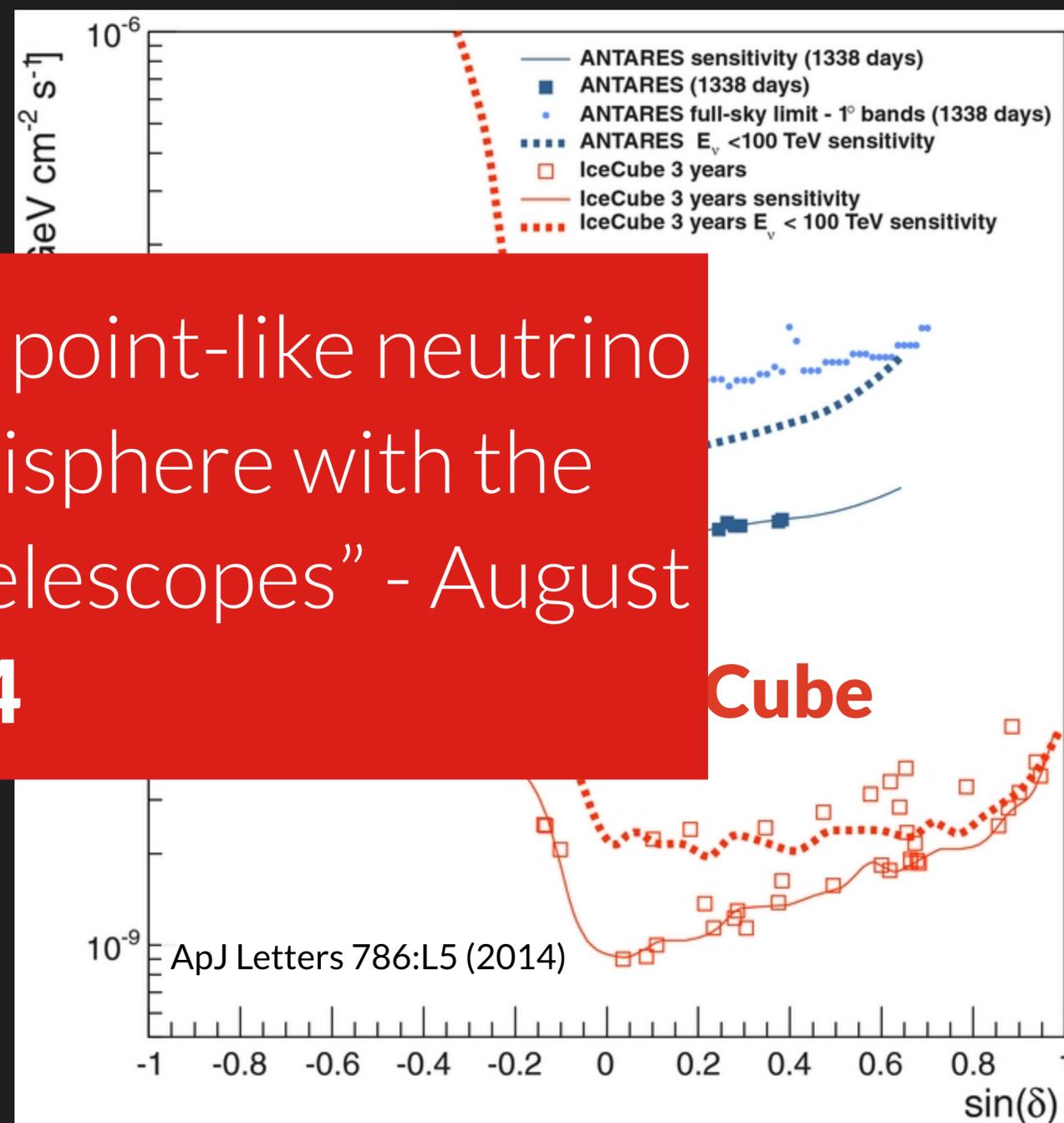
north

New: combined IceCube/ANTARES search

Javier Barrios Martí - "Search for point-like neutrino sources over the Southern Hemisphere with the ANTARES and IceCube neutrino telescopes" - August 3, 14:00 - **NU 04**

South

North





PRD 91, 022001

What happens to the astrophysical flux below 60 TeV?

How large is the neutrino flux from atmospheric charm?

→ Need to observe lower-energy neutrinos, especially from the southern sky.



IMPROVED VETO TECHNIQUES

What happens to the astrophysical flux below 60 TeV?

PRD 91, 022001

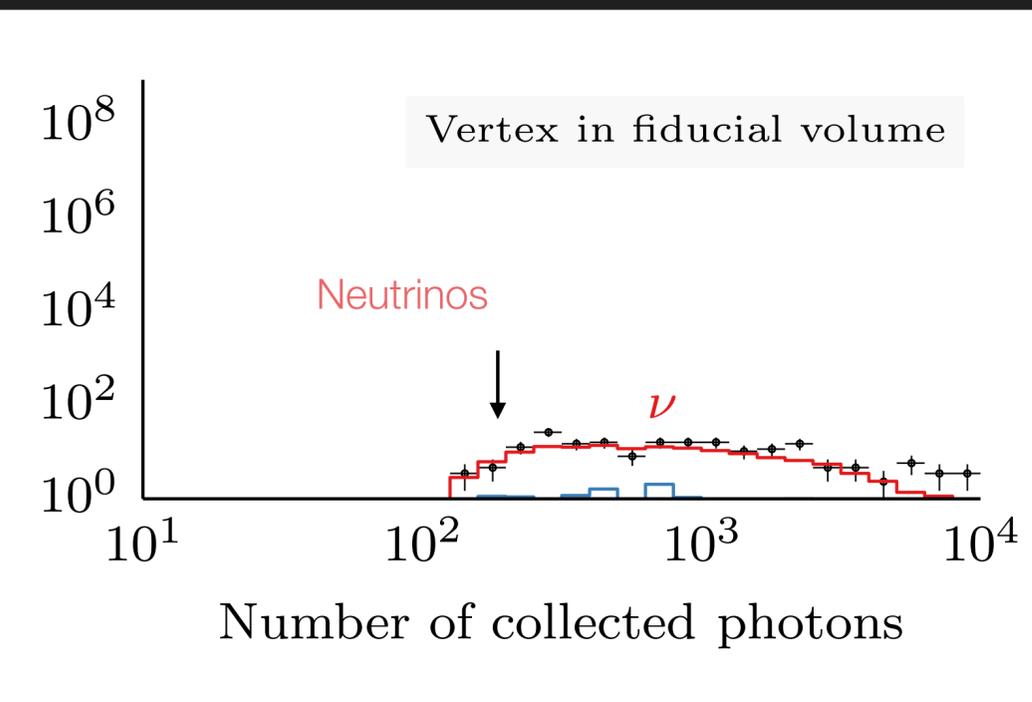
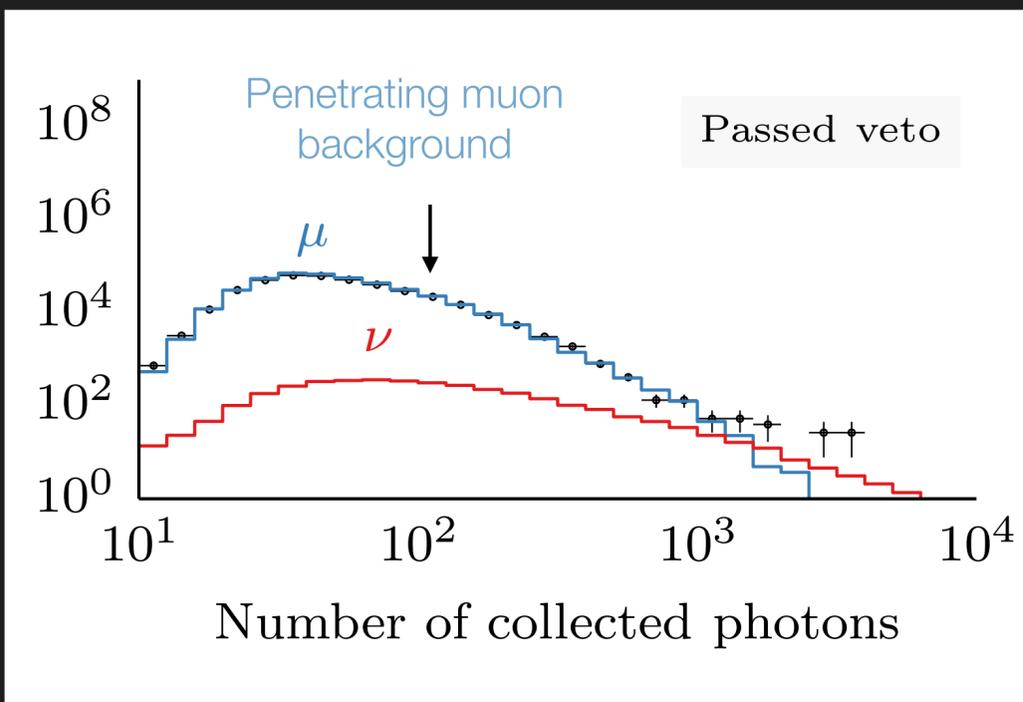
Outer-layer veto



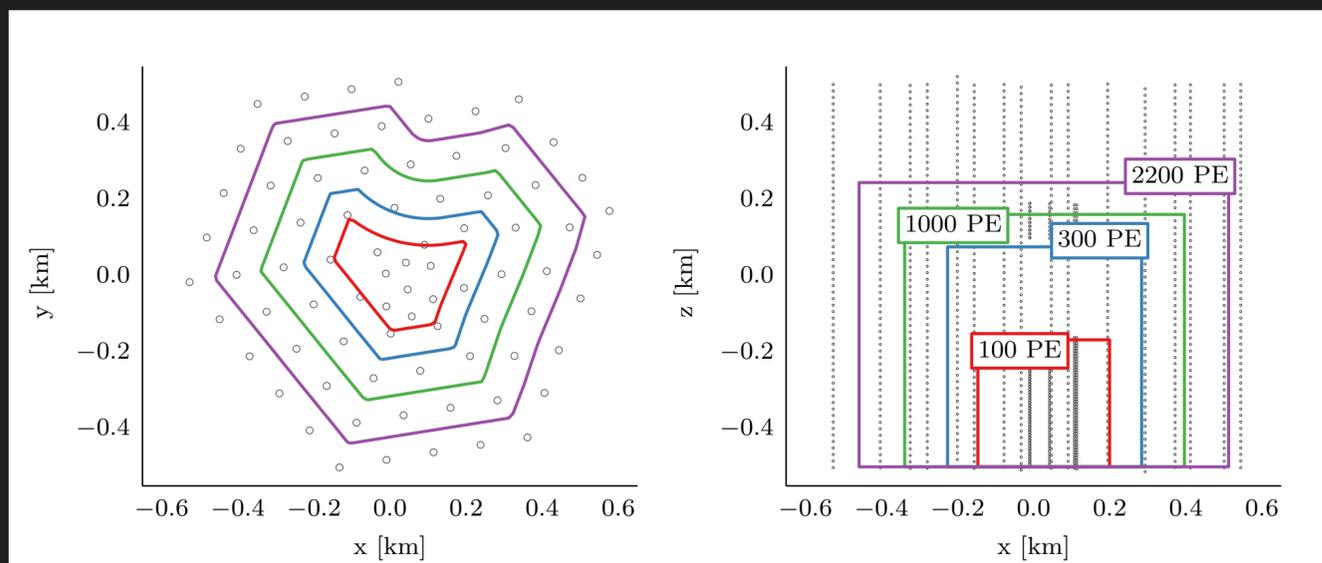
Energy-dependent veto

Neutrino-dominated for $E_{\text{dep}} > 60 \text{ TeV}$

Neutrino-dominated for $E_{\text{dep}} > 1 \text{ TeV}$



Thicker veto at low energies suppresses penetrating muons without sacrificing high-energy neutrino acceptance





IMPROVED VETO TECHNIQUES

What happens to the astrophysical flux below 60 TeV?

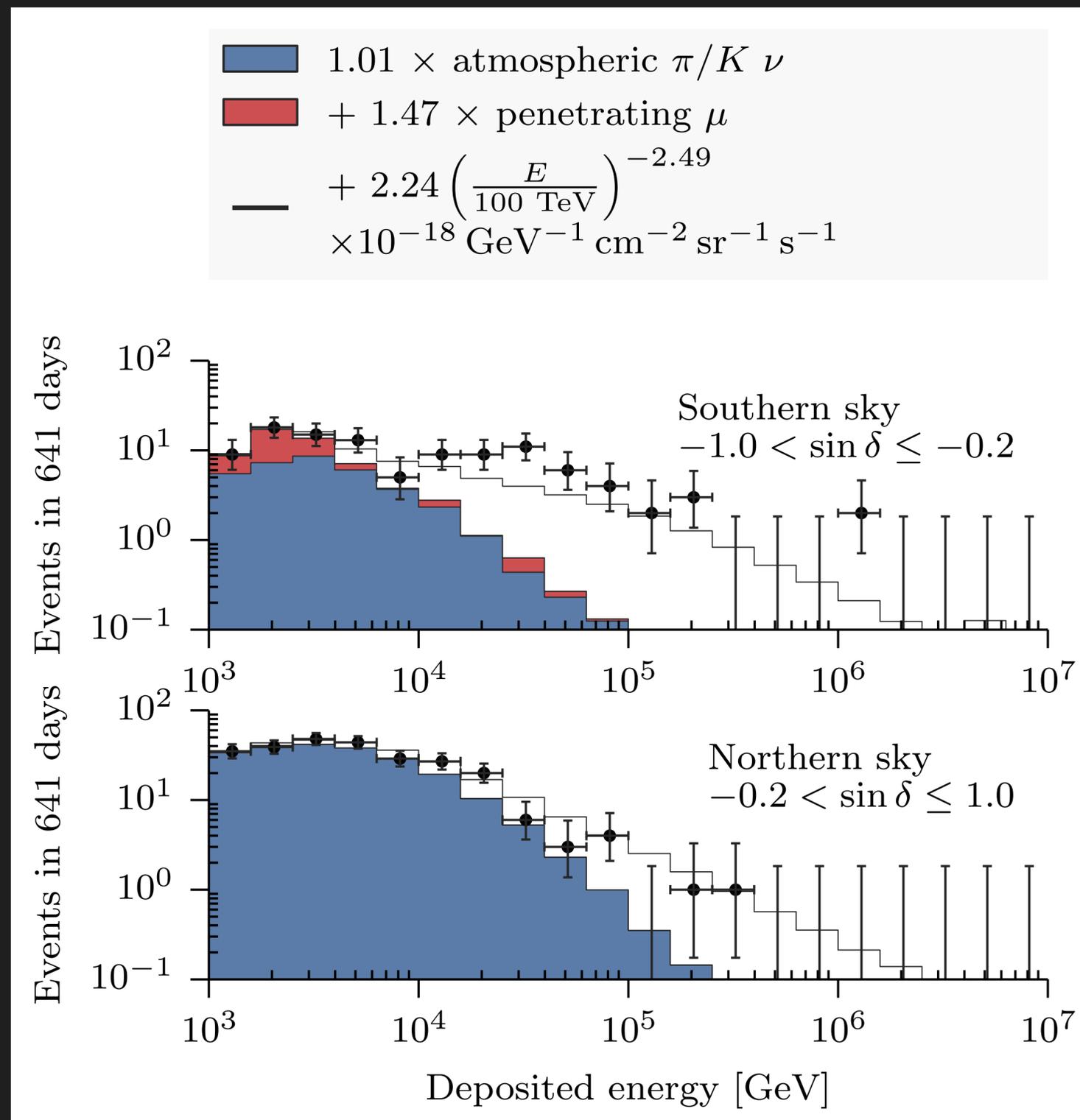
106 > 10 TeV, 9 > 100 TeV (7 of those already in high-energy starting event sample)

Conventional atmospheric neutrino flux observed at expected level with starting events

Astrophysical excess continues down to 10 TeV in the southern sky

Deviation from model at 30 TeV (statistical fluctuation)

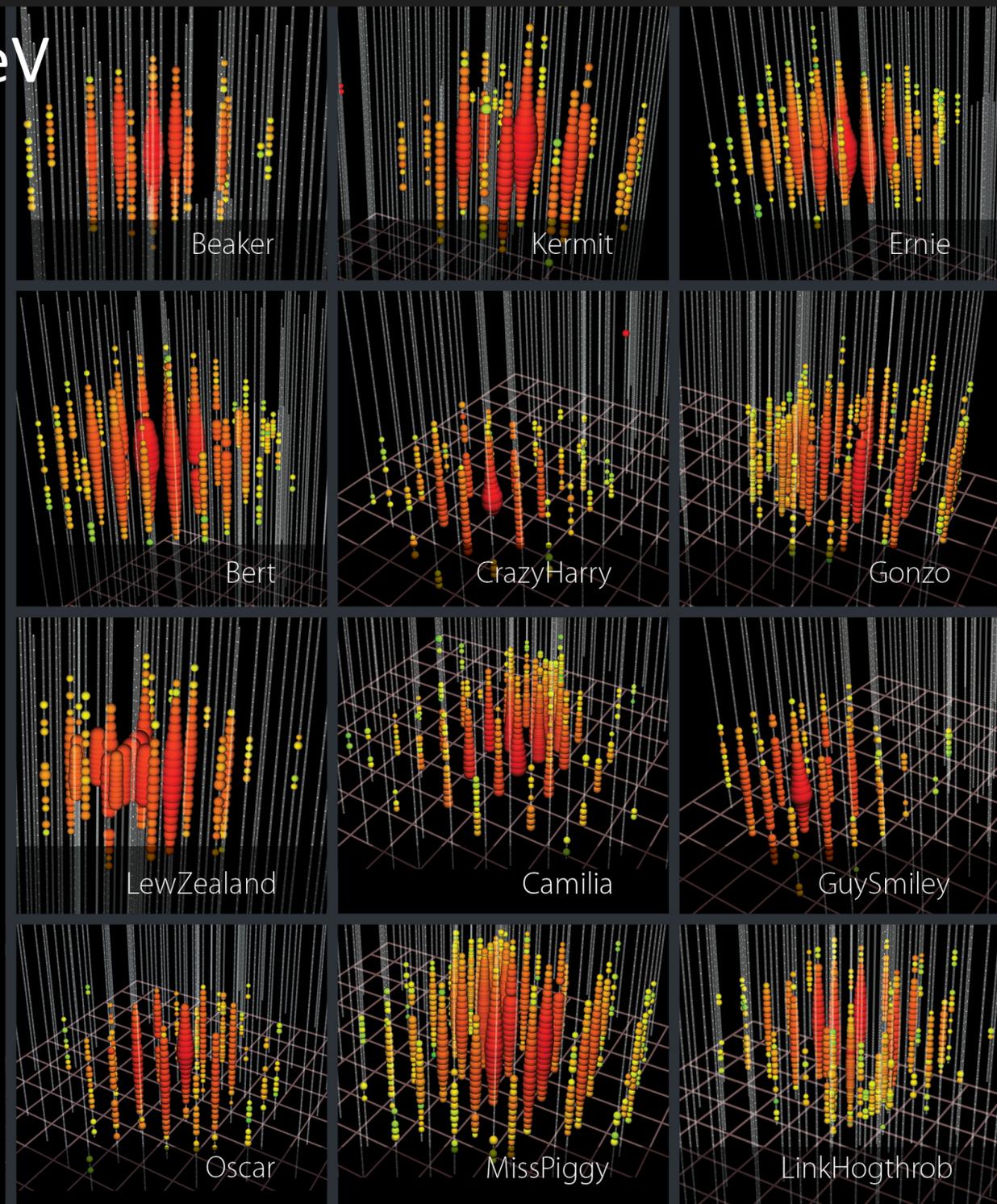
Model-dependent upper limit on flux from charmed meson decay: 1.4 x ERS prediction





OTHER CHANNELS

Highest energy: 2 PeV
28 High Energy Events



High-Energy Starting Event Search ("HESE")

Most of the "starting" sample consists of showers, with a high acceptance in the southern sky

Deposited (i.e. measured) energies closely related to neutrino energies

Great for discovering a signal

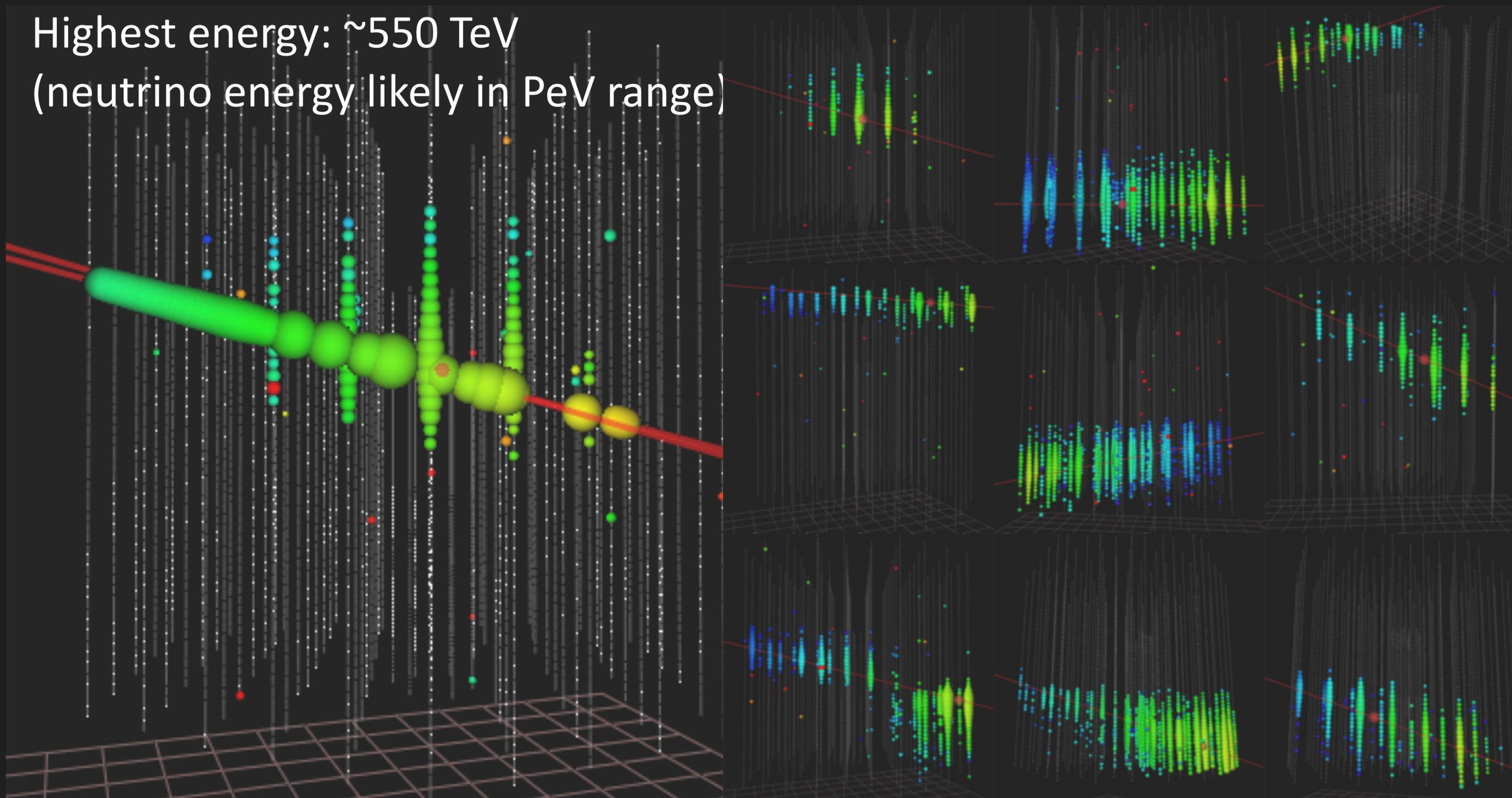


OTHER CHANNELS

Two years of data

IceCube has now seen a similar flux in the muon channel - at 3.7σ

Highest energy: ~ 550 TeV
(neutrino energy likely in PeV range)



accepted by PRL,
arXiv:1507.04005

Throughgoing Muons



UPGOING MUONS - SPECTRAL COMPONENTS

Two years of data

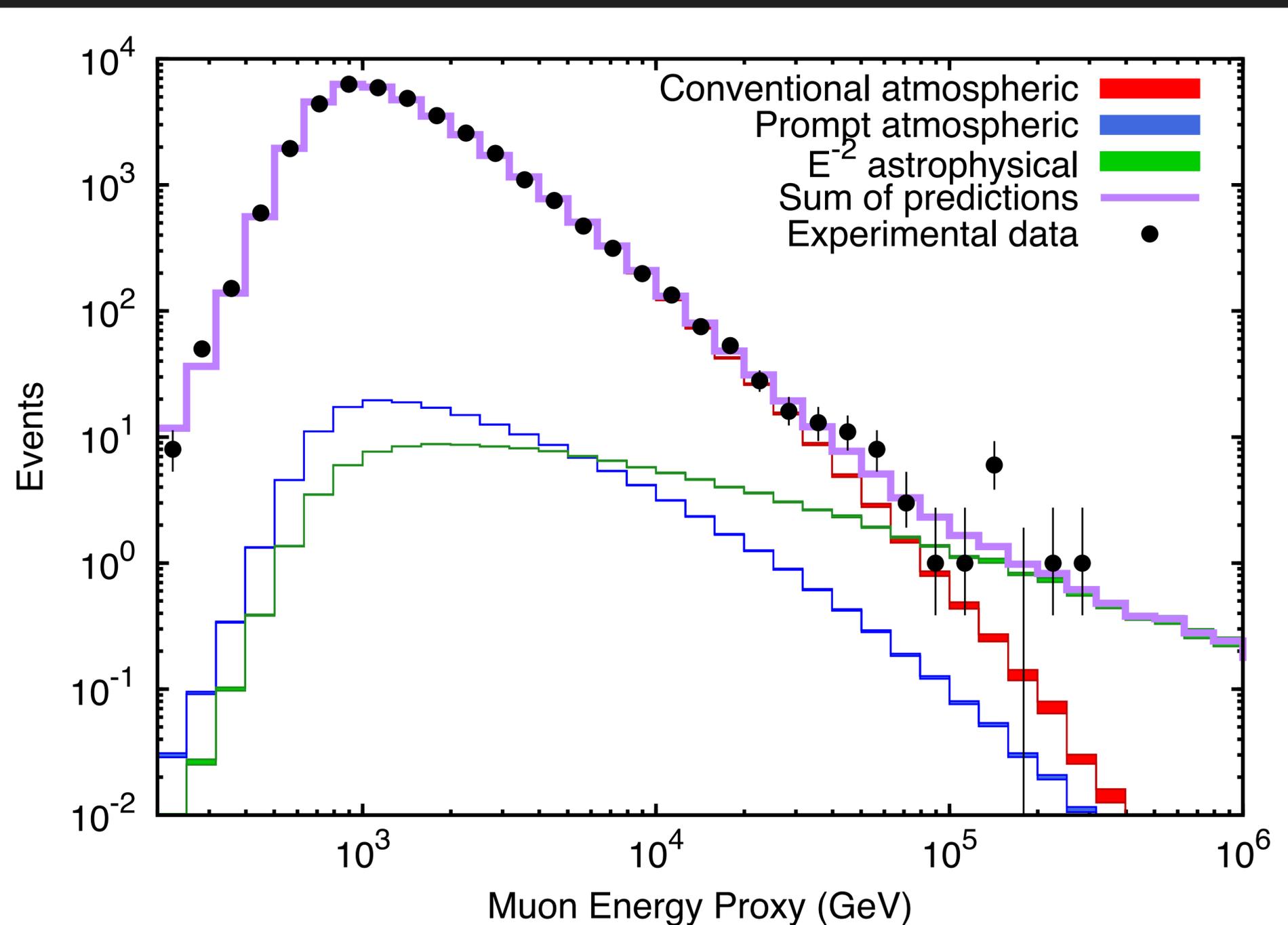
first significant ν_μ -based and northern sky-dominated measurement of the astrophysical neutrino flux

for E^{-2} spectral assumption - (best fit is $E^{-2.2}$)

Normalization for E^{-2} :

$$0.99^{+0.4}_{-0.3} 10^{-8} E^{-2} \text{ GeV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$$

accepted by PRL,
arXiv:1507.04005

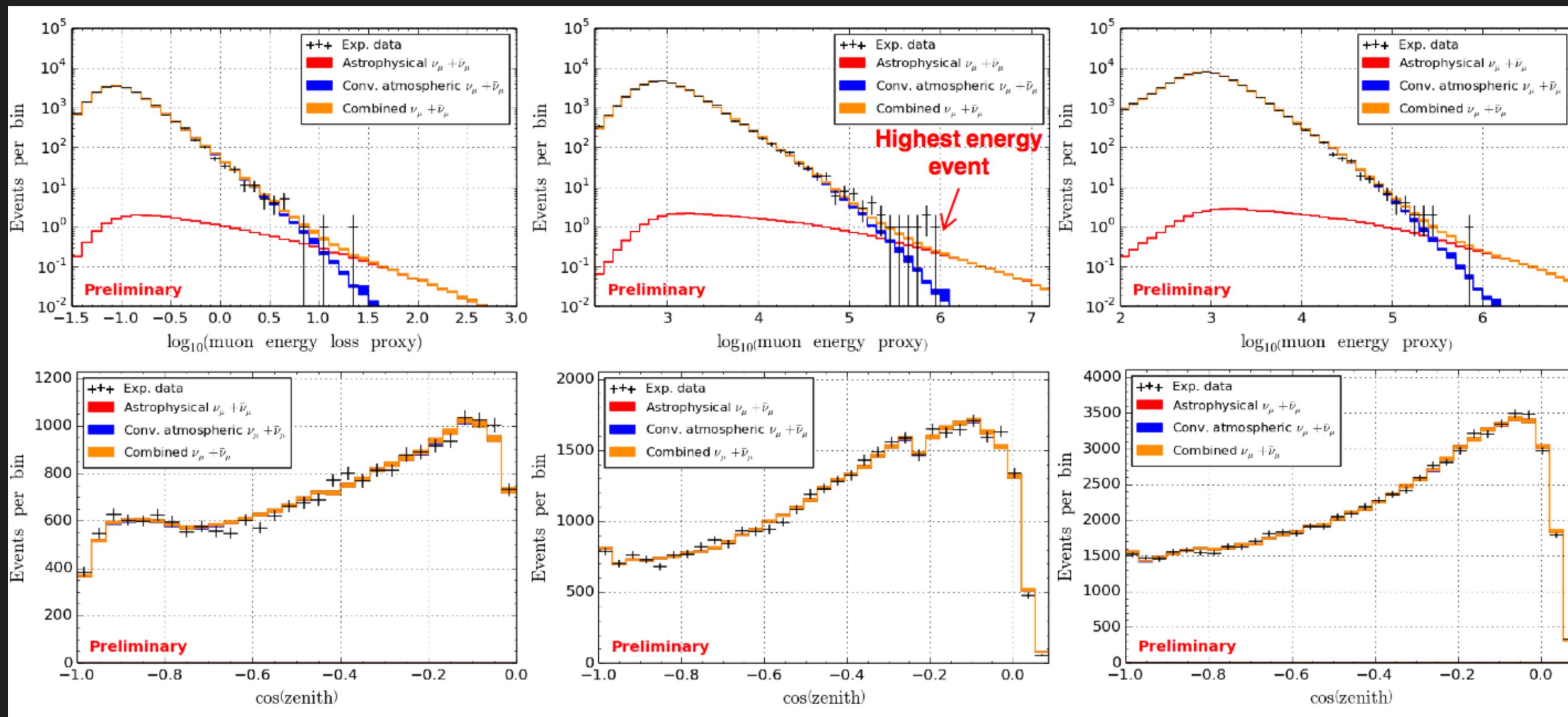




UPGOING MUONS - SPECTRAL COMPONENTS

Three years of data

New @ ICRC - now looking at up to 6 years of muon data (work in progress) - re-analyzed 3 years (presented here) and working on details of the 6 year result



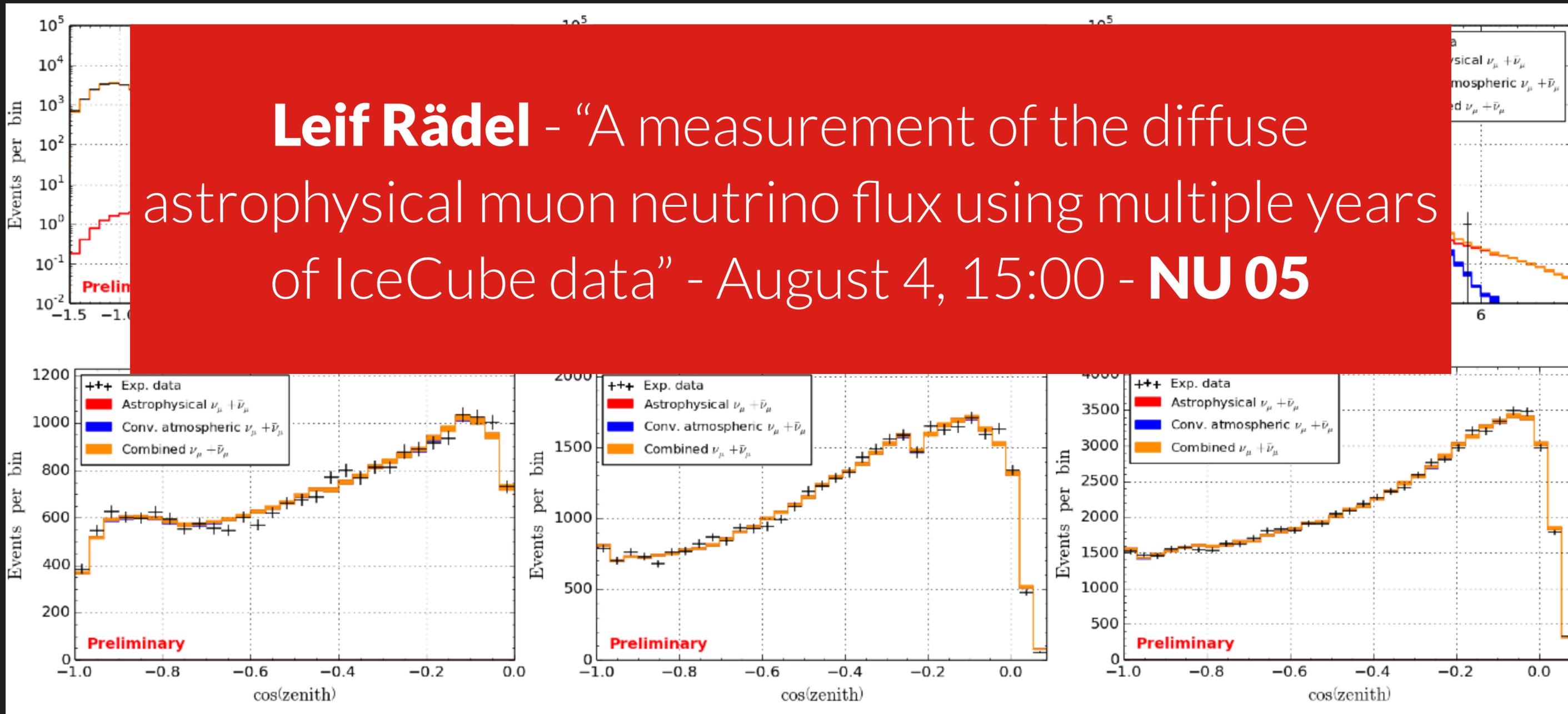


UPGOING MUONS - SPECTRAL COMPONENTS

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Leif Rädel - "A measurement of the diffuse astrophysical muon neutrino flux using multiple years of IceCube data" - August 4, 15:00 - **NU 05**





UPGOING MUONS

an interesting event in the six-year sample!

up-going
(i.e. not a CR muon)

deposited energy:

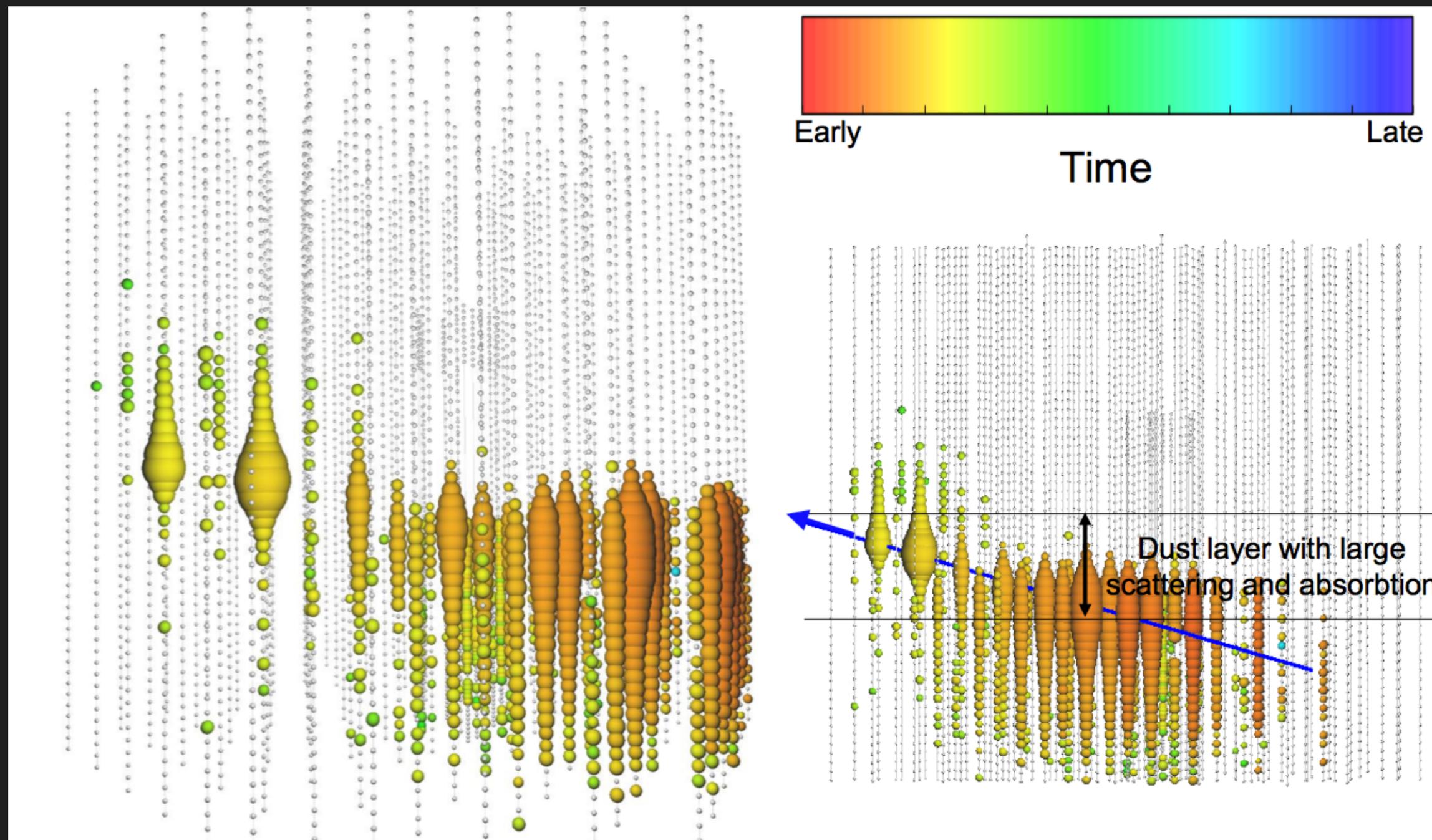
2.6 ± 0.3 PeV

(lower limit on neutrino energy)

date: June 11, 2014

direction:

11.48° dec / 110.34° RA





UPGOING MUONS

an interesting event in the six-year sample!

up-going
(i.e. not a CR)

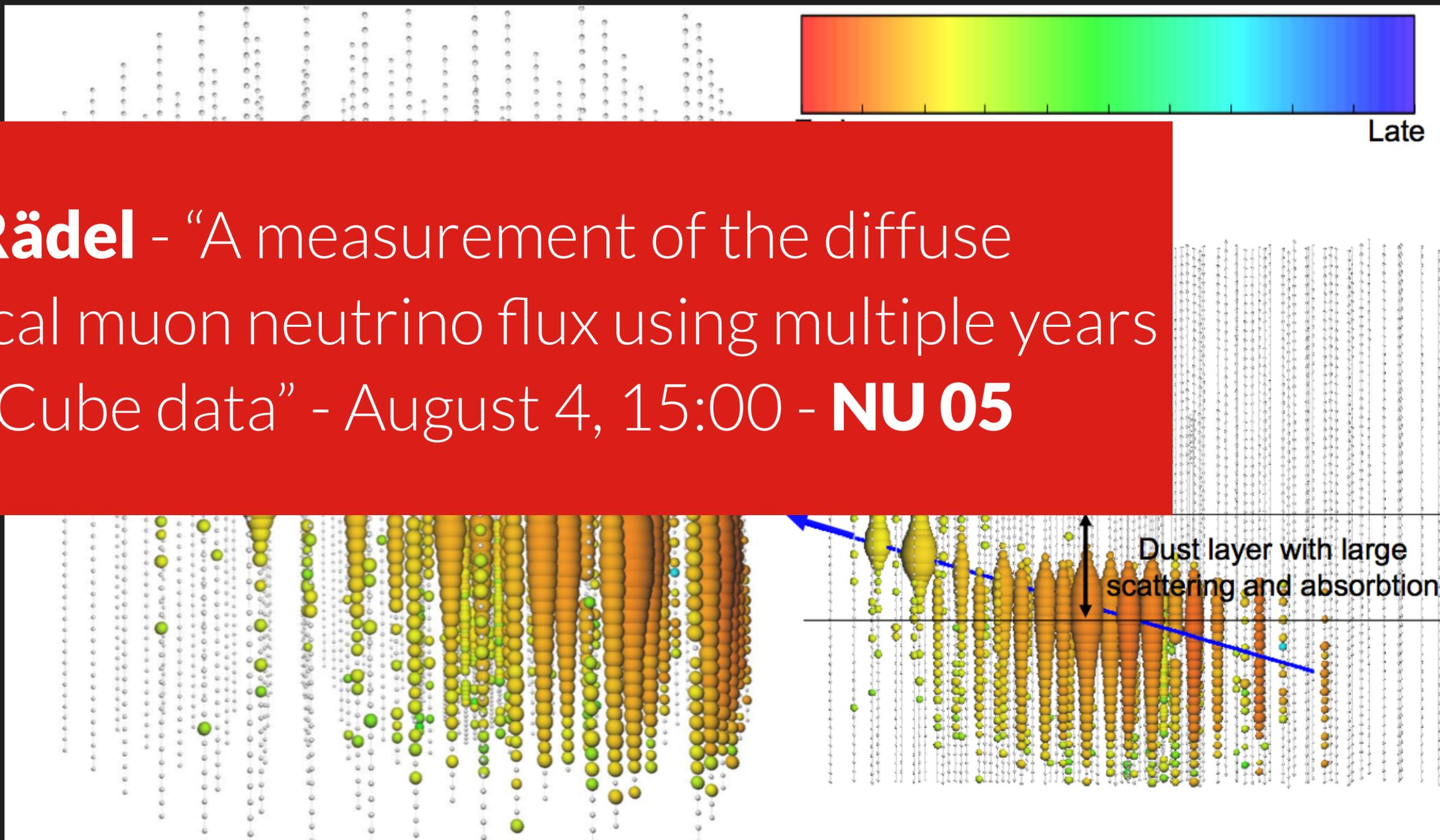
deposited energy

2.6 ± 0.3 PeV
(lower limit
energy)

date: June 11, 2014

direction:
 11.48° dec / 110.34° RA

Leif Rädel - "A measurement of the diffuse astrophysical muon neutrino flux using multiple years of IceCube data" - August 4, 15:00 - **NU 05**

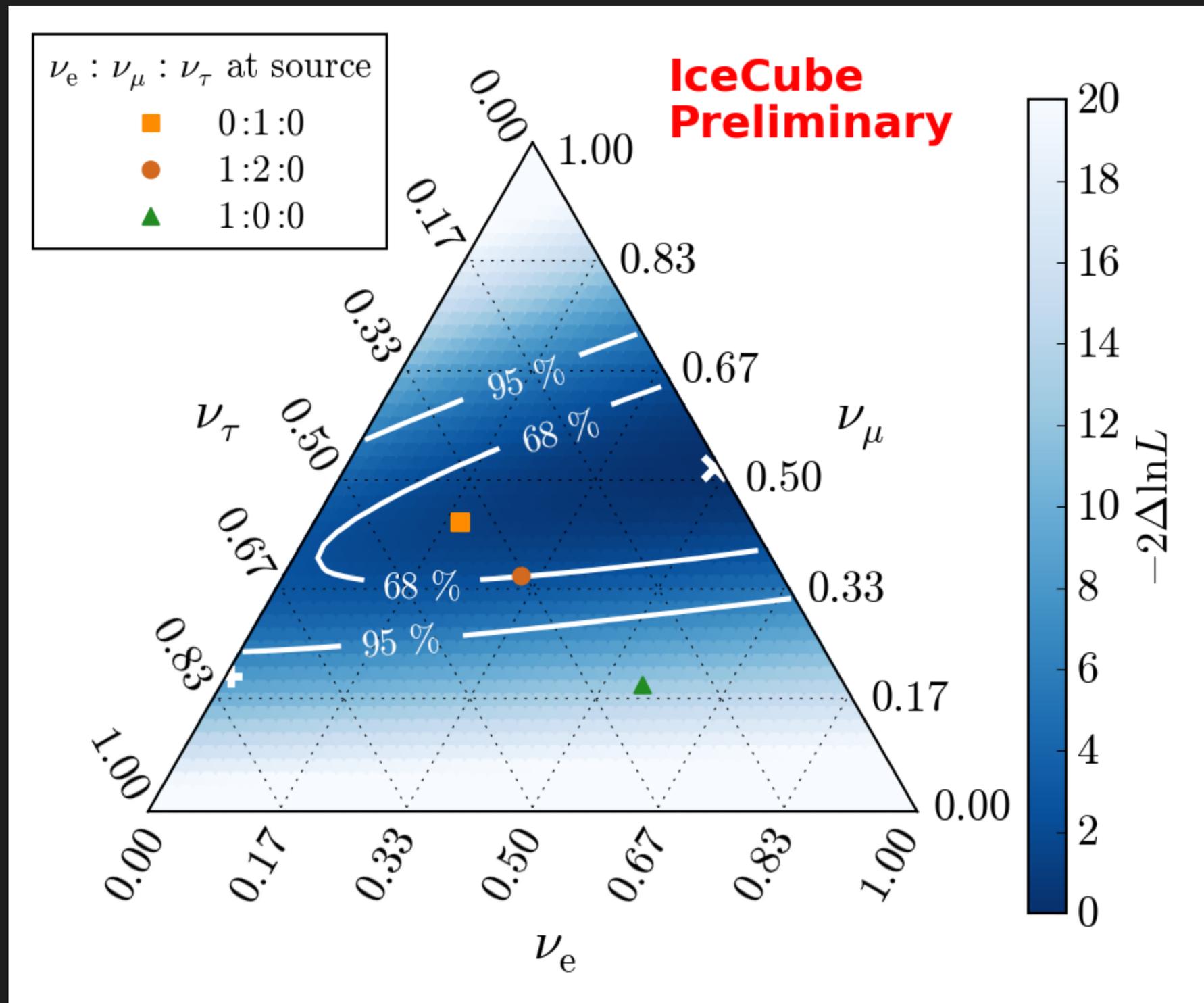




GLOBAL FIT OF ICECUBE ANALYSES

interesting results such as flavour ratio

fit for flavour ratio, spectral shape and cutoff



accepted by ApJ,
arXiv:1507.03991

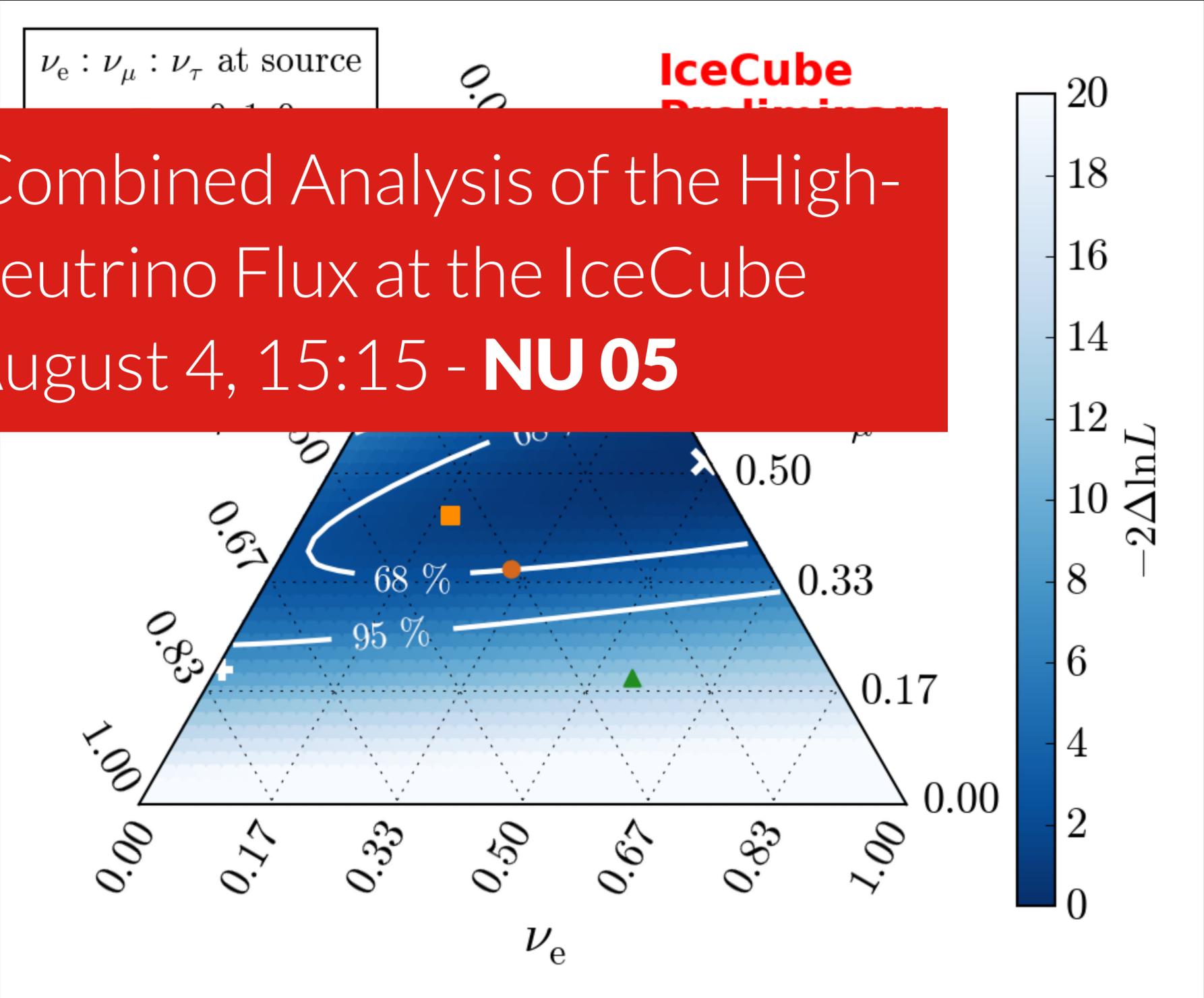


GLOBAL FIT OF ICECUBE ANALYSES

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Lars Mohrmann - "Combined Analysis of the High-Energy Cosmic Neutrino Flux at the IceCube Detector" - August 4, 15:15 - **NU 05**



accepted by ApJ,
arXiv:1507.03991

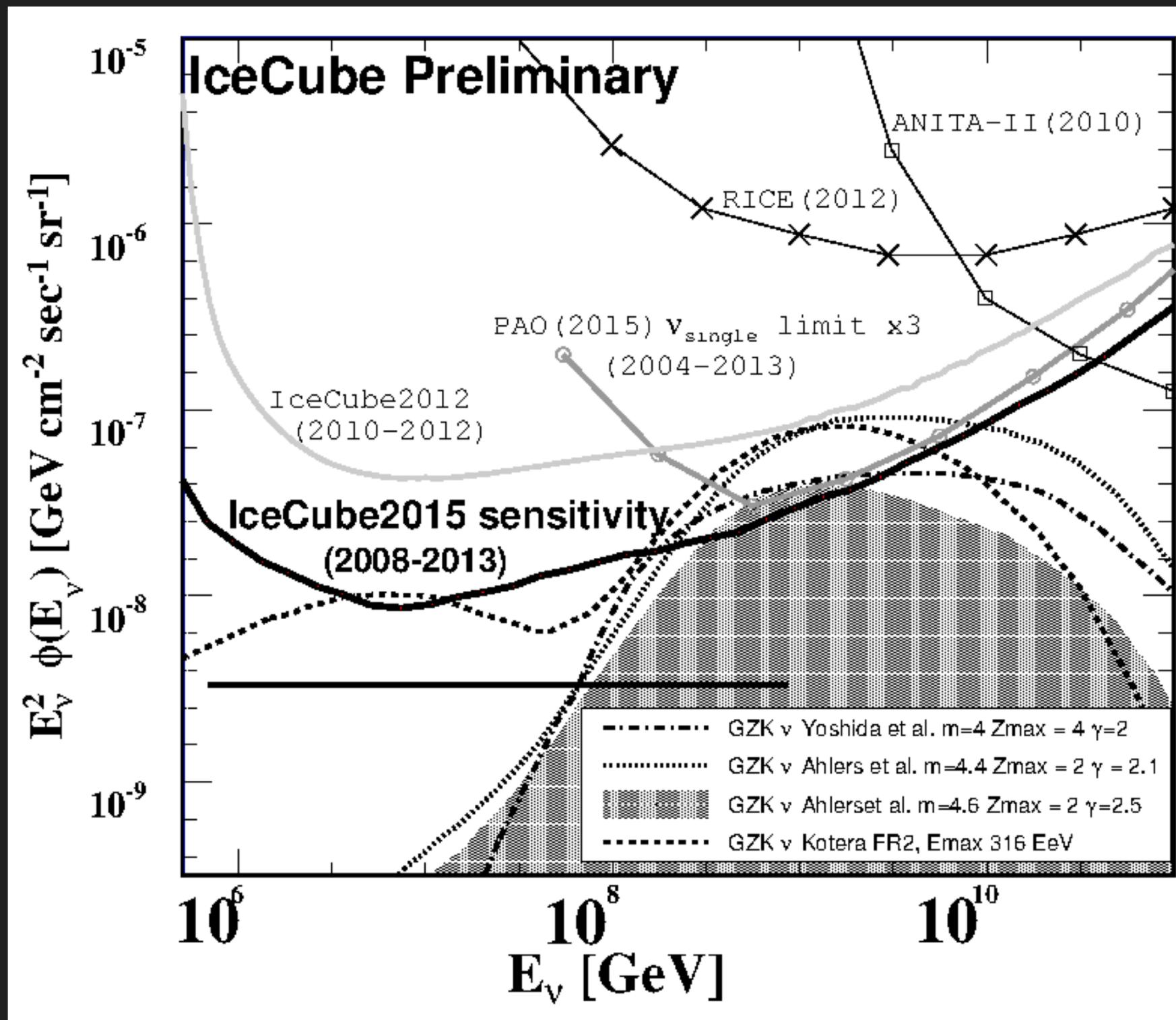


COSMOGENIC (GZK) NEUTRINOS

updated limit with even larger data set

IceCube searches for extremely high-energy events from neutrinos generated by interactions of CR particles on the CMB

Just updated to 6 years of data



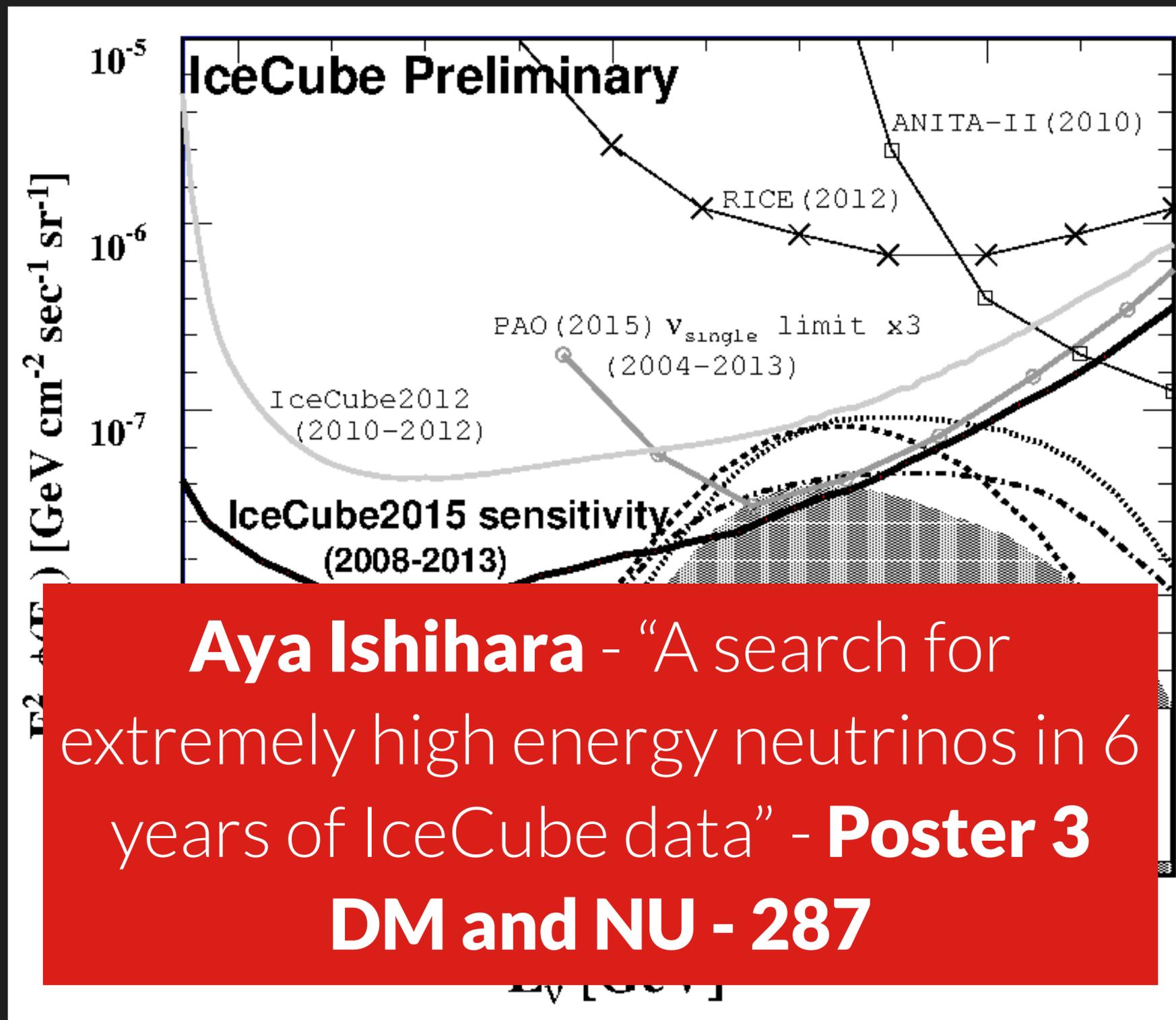


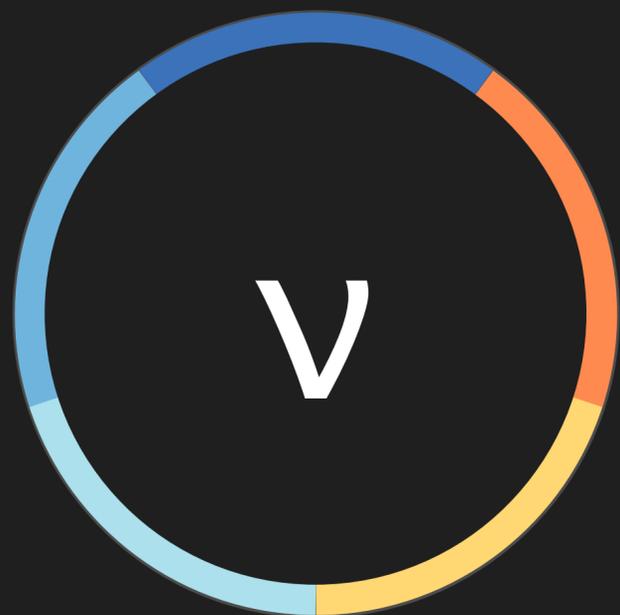
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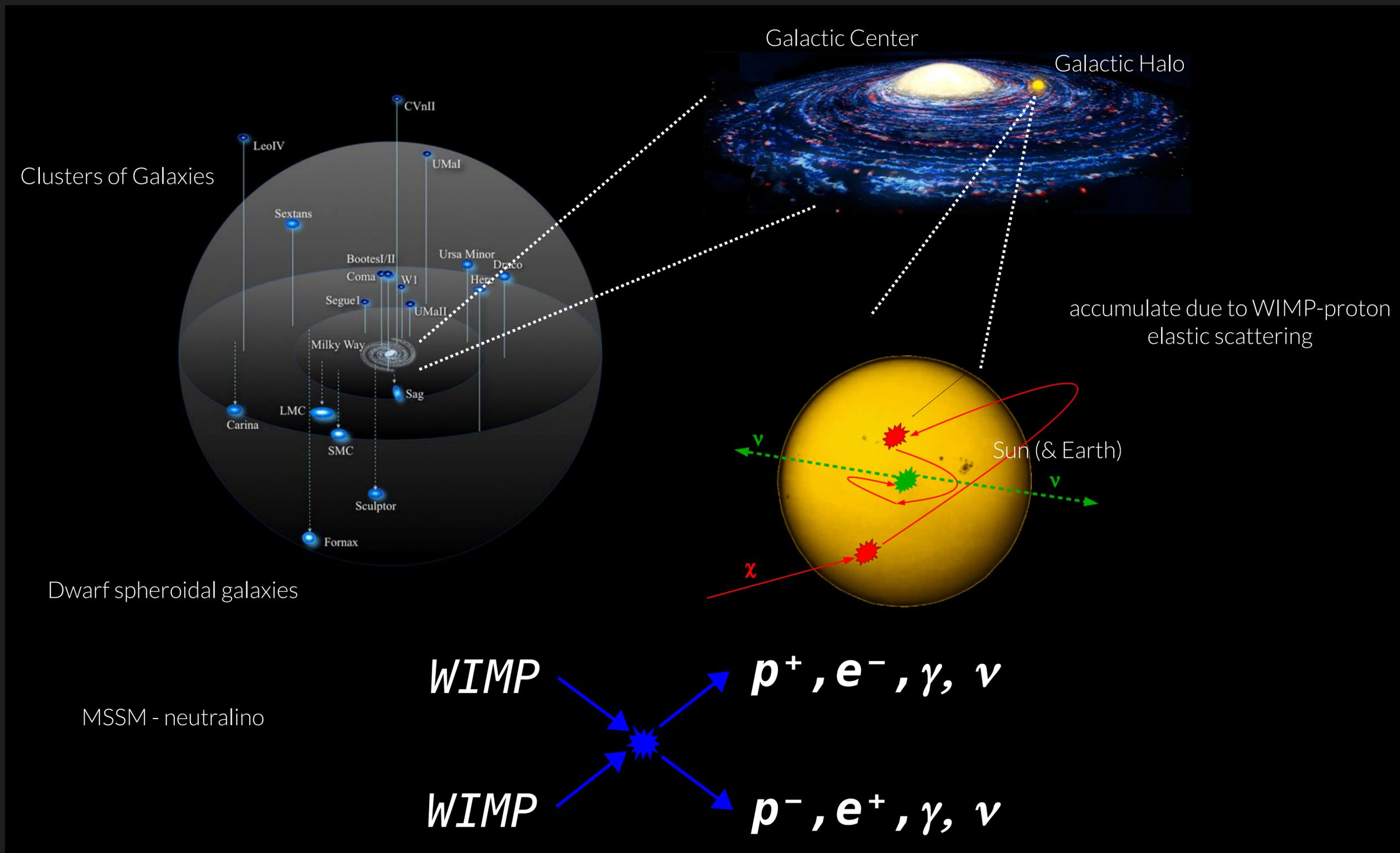
DARK MATTER

(High-Energy) Neutrino Signals from the Sun, the Galactic Center, Halo and more!



INDIRECT DARK MATTER SEARCHES

Look at objects where dark matter might have accumulated gravitationally over the evolution of the Universe





INDIRECT DARK MATTER SEARCHES

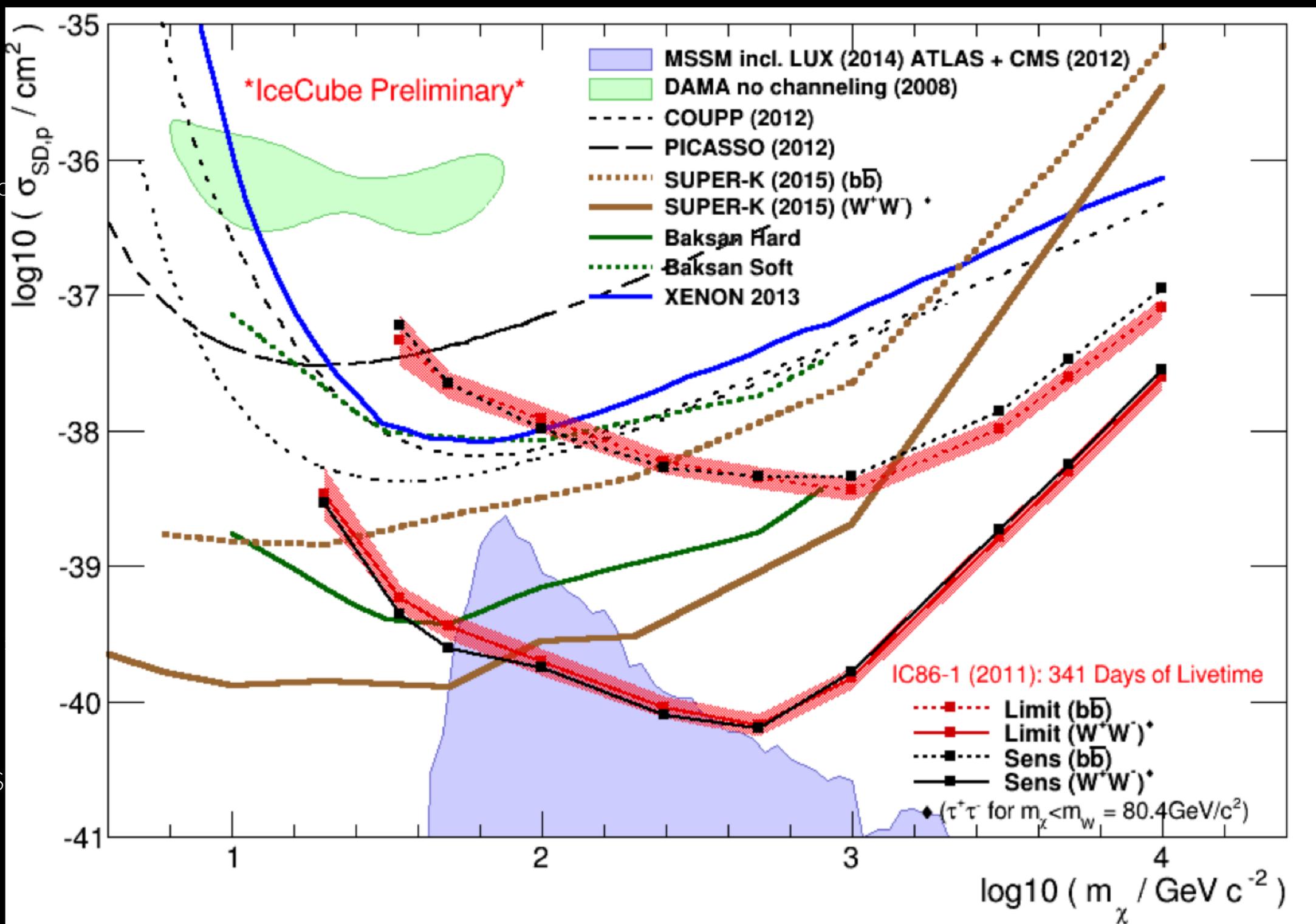
Look at objects where dark matter might have accumulated gravitationally over the evolution of the Universe

Clusters of galaxies

Dwarf galaxies

MS

τ -proton

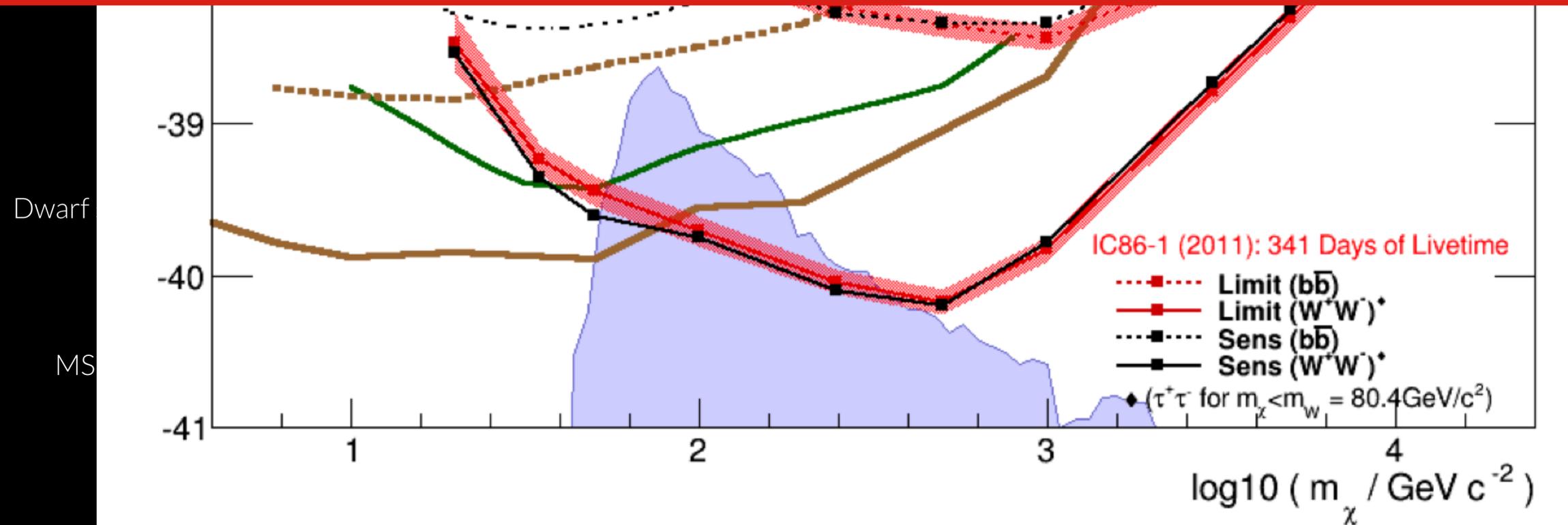




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Mohamed Rameez - "Search for Dark Matter annihilations in the Sun using the completed IceCube neutrino telescope" - July 30, 15:00 - **NU 05**

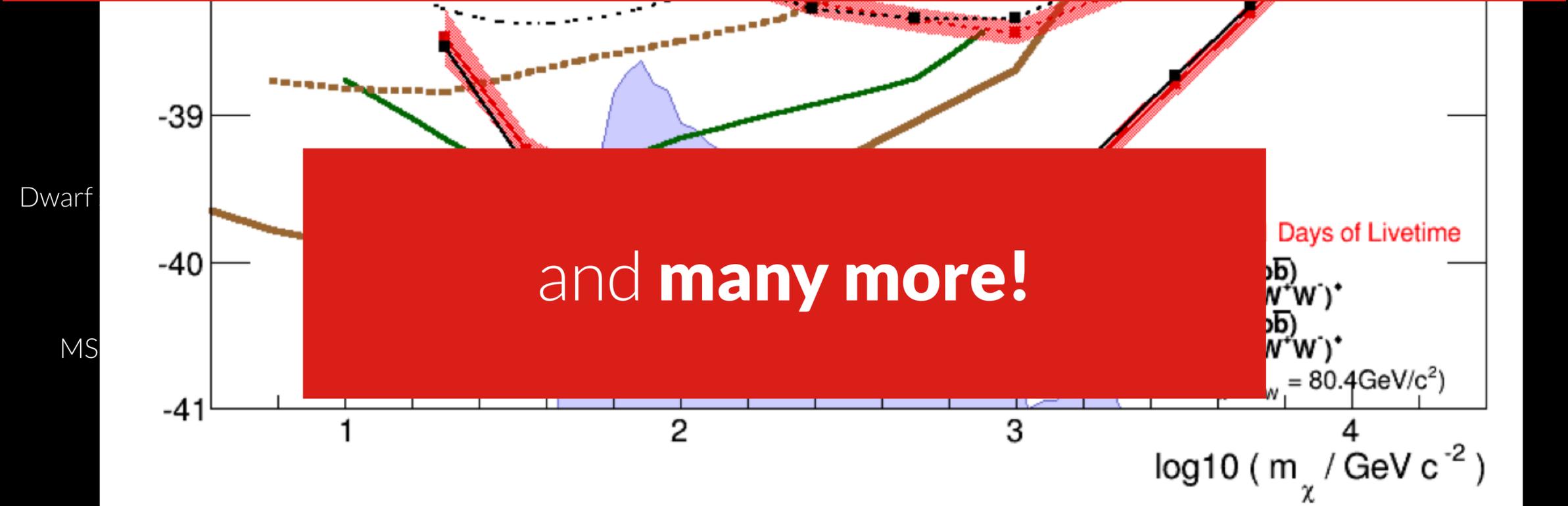


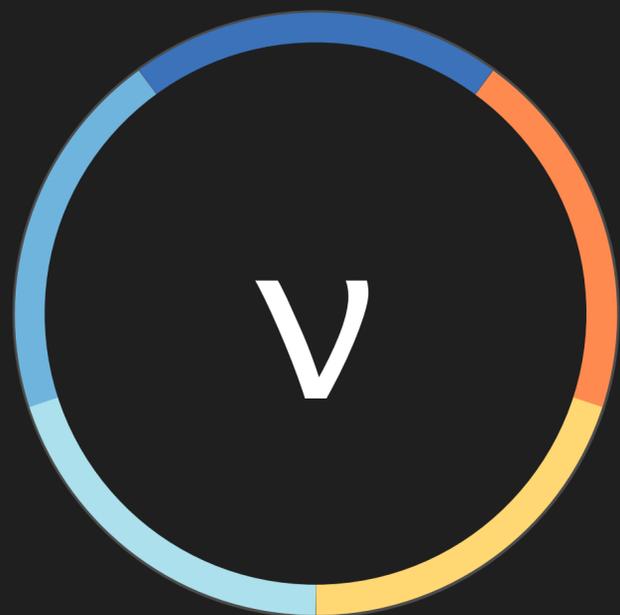


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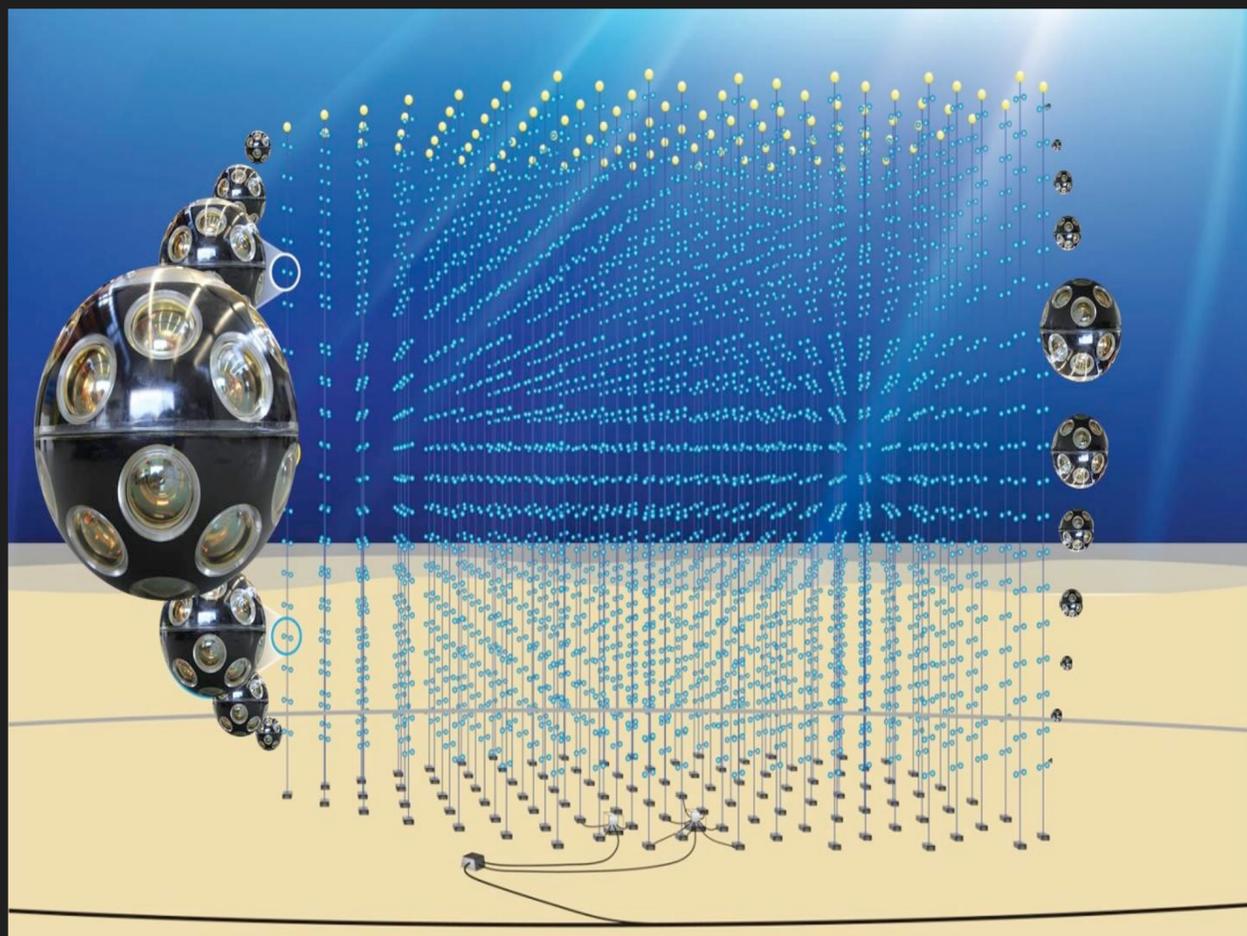
THE FUTURE

Extending the sensitivity to higher energies, new hemispheres



THE KM3NET NEUTRINO TELESCOPE

Multi-site installation in the Mediterranean Sea (France, Italy), instrumented in “building blocks”, started construction



KM3NeT “building block”



string with OMs



Multi-PMT digital optical module (“DOM”)



THE KM3NET NEUTRINO TELESCOPE

Multi-site installation in the Mediterranean Sea (France, Italy), instrumented in “building blocks”, started construction

31 x 3” PMTs

Hamamatsu, ETL, HZC

Light collection ring

20–40% gain in PC for free

Low power

<10 W / DOM

FPGA readout

sub-ns time stamping
time over threshold

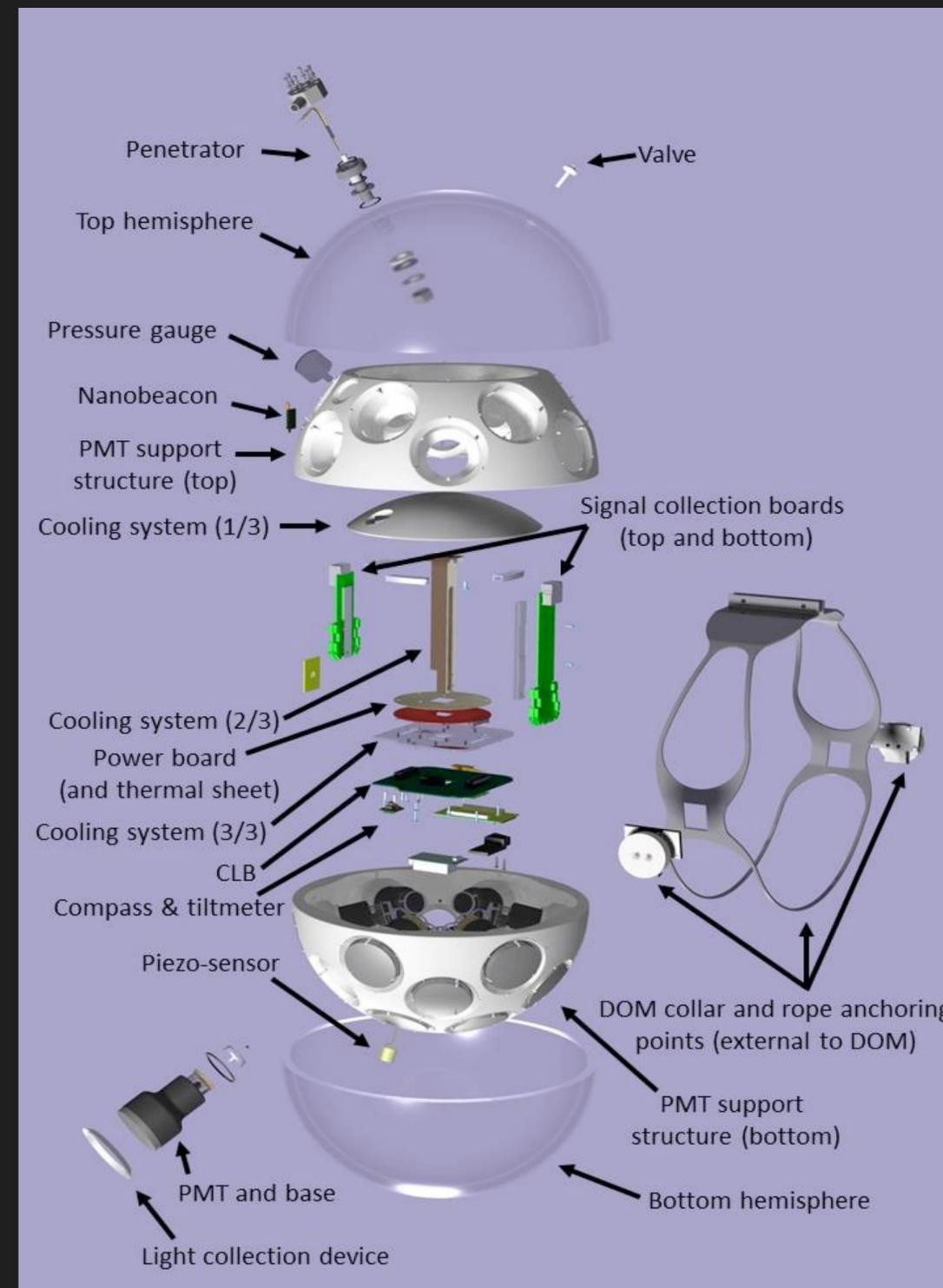
Calibration

LED & acoustic piezo

Optical fibre data transmission

DWDM with 80 wavelengths
Gb/s readout

multiPMT optical module





KM3NET: ARCA AND ORCA

two different building blocks

ARCA: “Astrophysical Research with Cosmic in the Abyss”

Study astrophysical neutrino fluxes at **$E > 100 \text{ GeV}$**

2 “blocks” at the **Italian** site (~10% being constructed right now!)

ORCA: “Oscillations Research with Cosmics in the Abyss”

Resolve the neutrino mass hierarchy (**$1 \text{ GeV} < E < 100 \text{ GeV}$**)

1 “block” at the **French** site (~5% being constructed right now!)



KM3NET: ARCA AND ORCA

two different building blocks

Clancy James - “Highlights from

ARCA: “Astro-ANTARES, and prospects for KM3NeT” - /SS”

Study astro
August 4, 17:30 **(highlight)**

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August 4, 17:30 (**highlight**)

Paolo Piatelli - “All-flavour high-energy
neutrino astronomy with KM3NeT/ARCA”

- July 31, 14:18 - **NU 02**

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neutrino astronomy with KM3NeT/ARCA”

- July 31, 14:18 - **NU 02**

Jürgen Brunner - “KM3NeT - ORCA: Measuring

neutrino oscillations and the mass hierarchy in the

Mediterranean” - July 31, 14:36 - **NU 02**



KM3NET CONSTRUCTION

strings are ready to deploy!



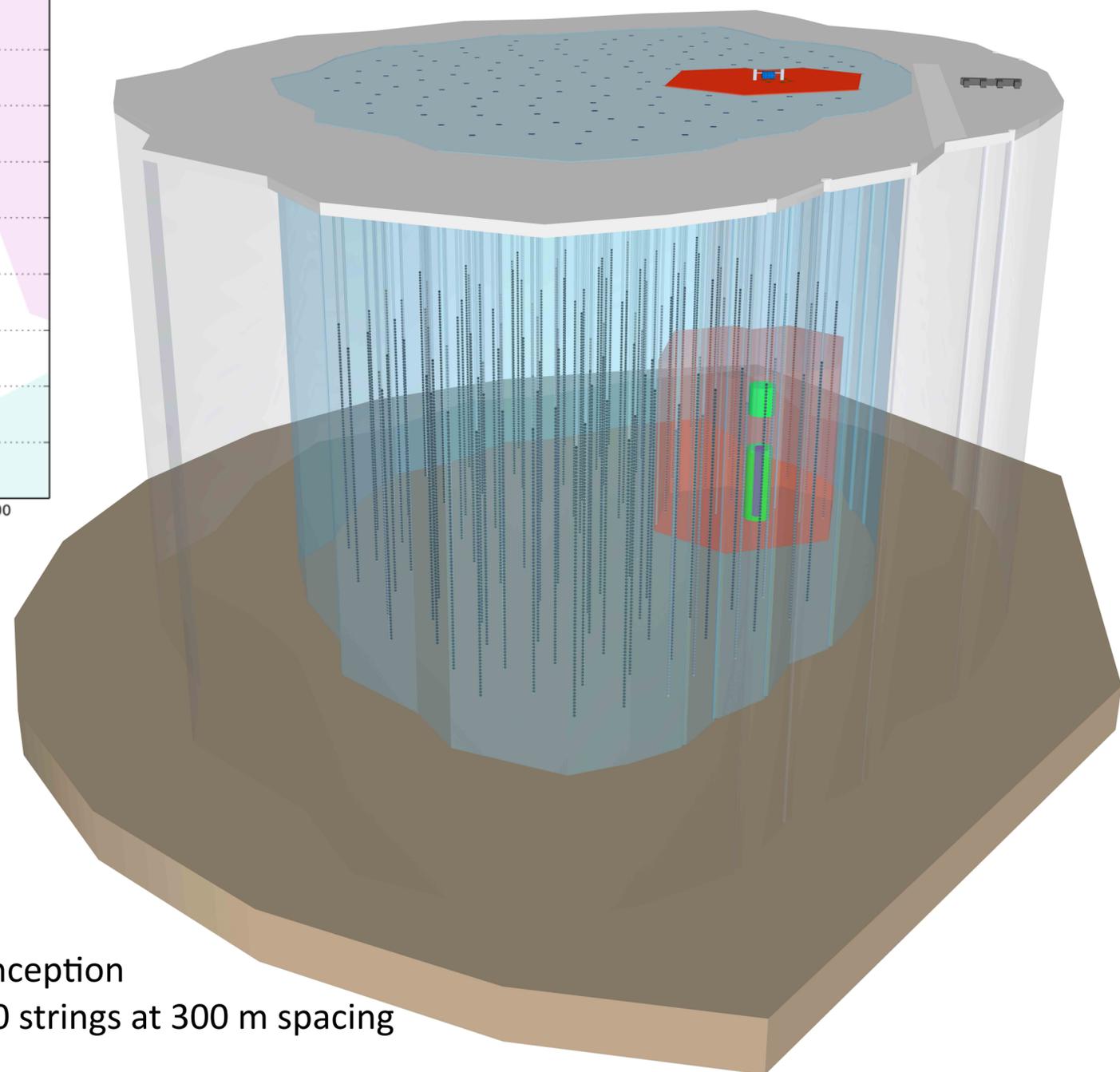
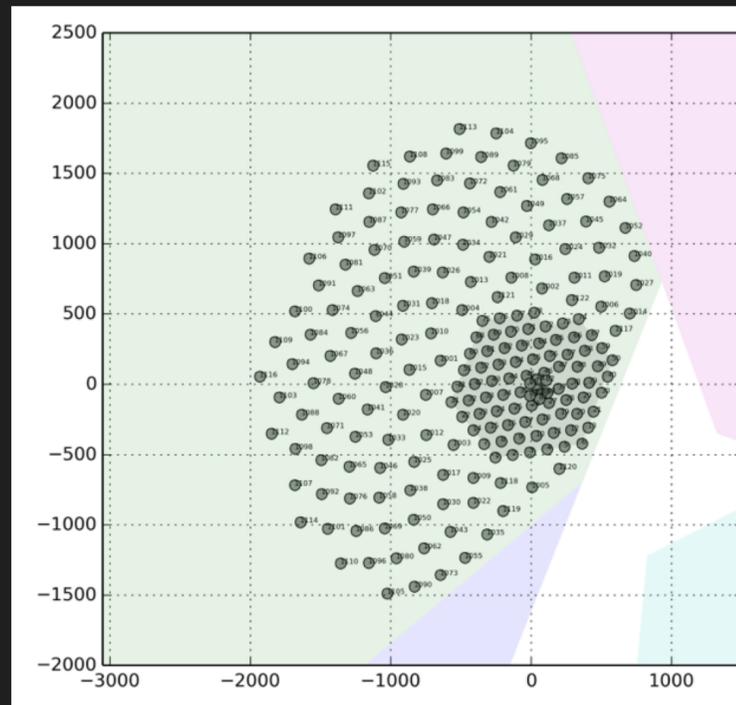


ICECUBE-GEN2: HIGH-ENERGY

IceCube has provided an amazing sample of events, but is still limited by the small number of events

few 10's of astrophysical neutrinos per year

The IceCube-Gen2 High-Energy Array will instrument a significantly larger volume (~10km³)

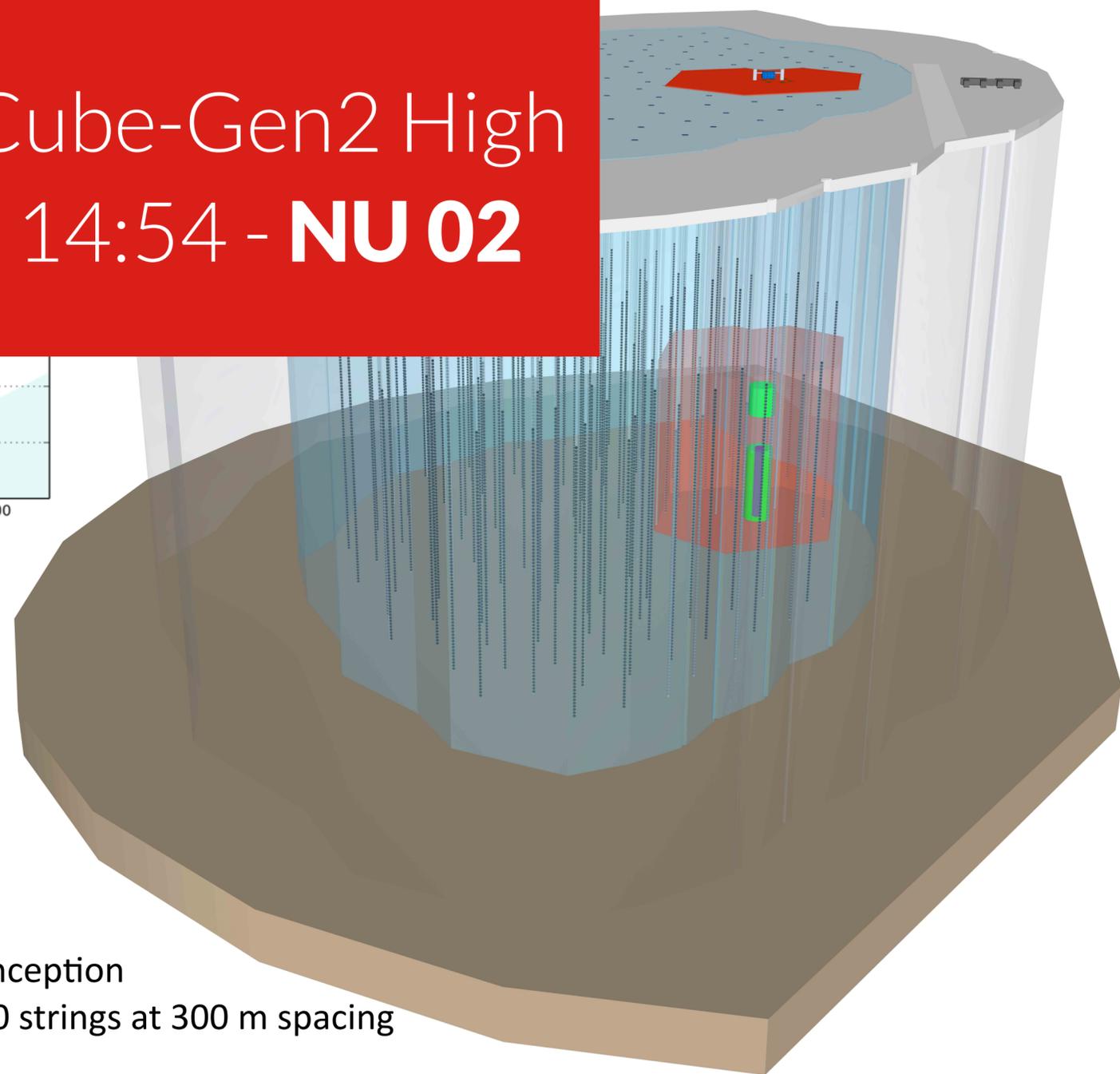
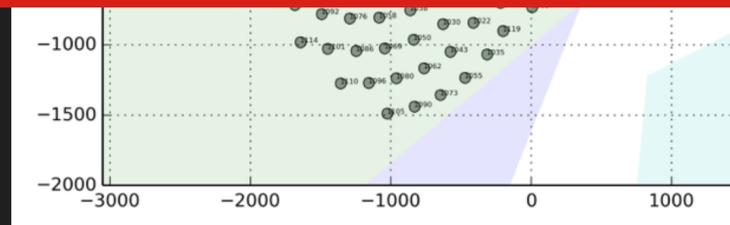


Artist conception
Here: 120 strings at 300 m spacing



ICECUBE-GEN2: HIGH-ENERGY

Erik Blaufuss - “The IceCube-Gen2 High Energy Array” - July 31, 14:54 - **NU 02**



Artist conception
Here: 120 strings at 300 m spacing

IceCube has provided an amazing sample of neutrinos, but our knowledge is still limited by the small number of events

only a few 10's of astrophysical neutrinos per year

The IceCube-Gen2 High-Energy Array will instrument a significantly larger volume (~10km³)



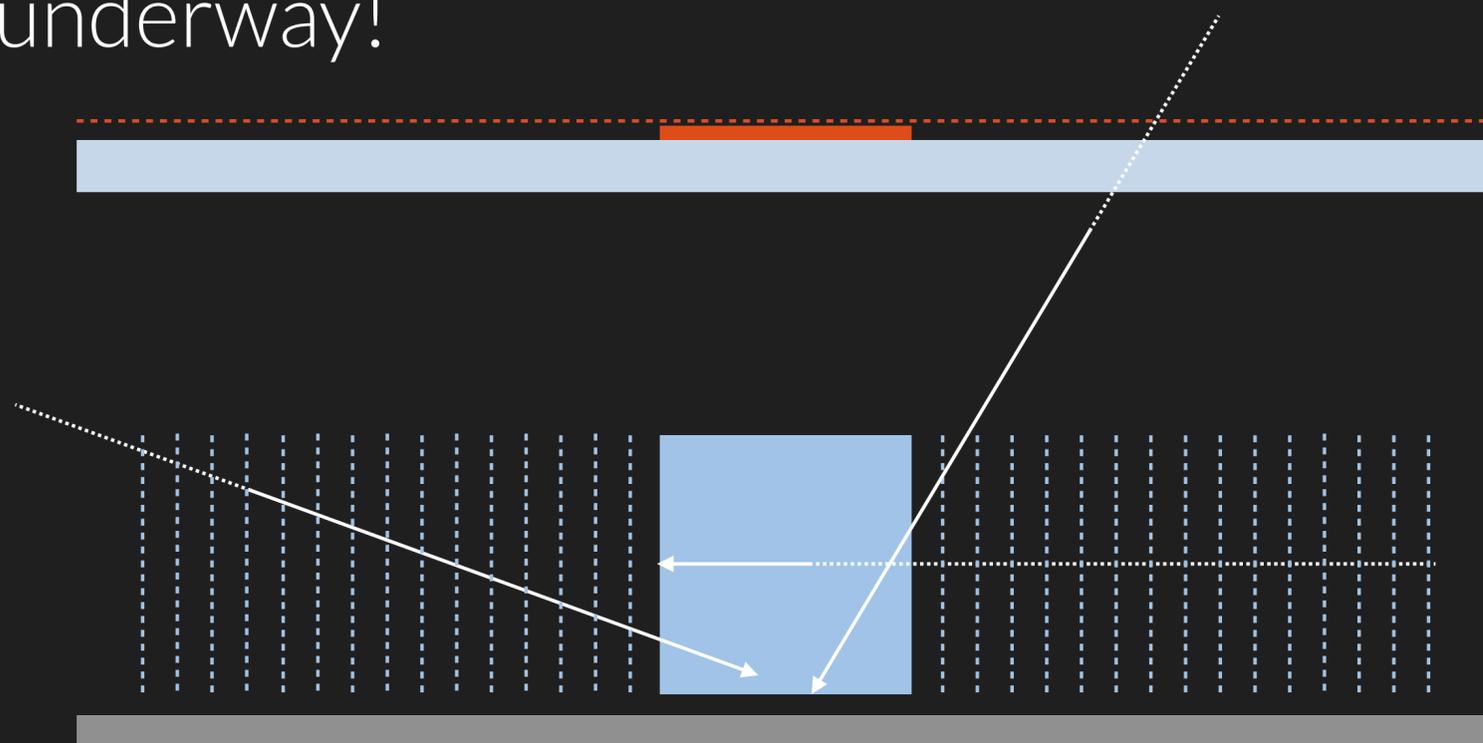
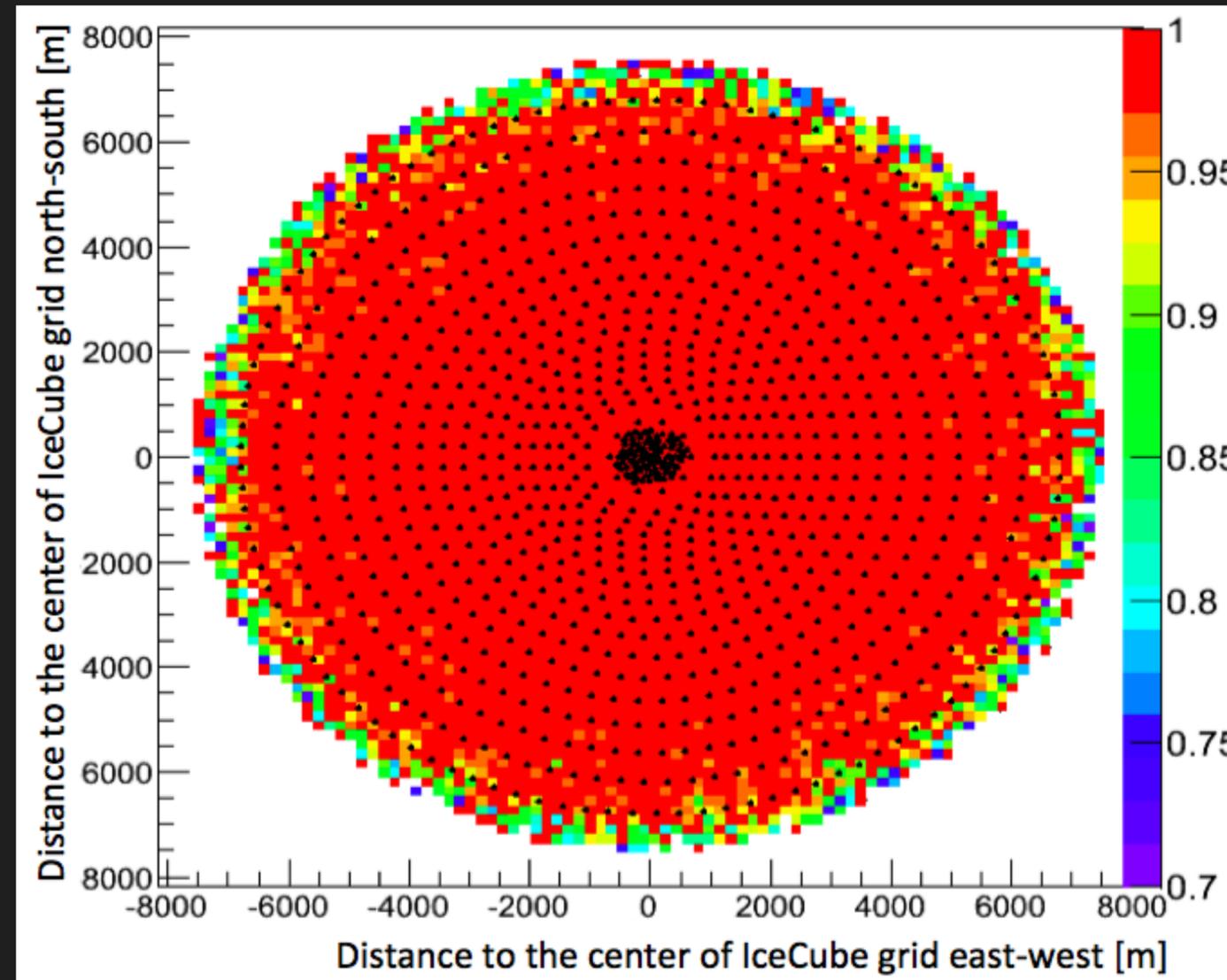
ICECUBE-GEN2: SURFACE VETO

R&D for a surface array

similar to the current “IceTop” surface array (or alternative technology) - CR physics and veto neutrinos from CR air showers at the ice surface

increase volume for starting tracks

R&D is underway!





ICECUBE-GEN2: SURFACE VETO

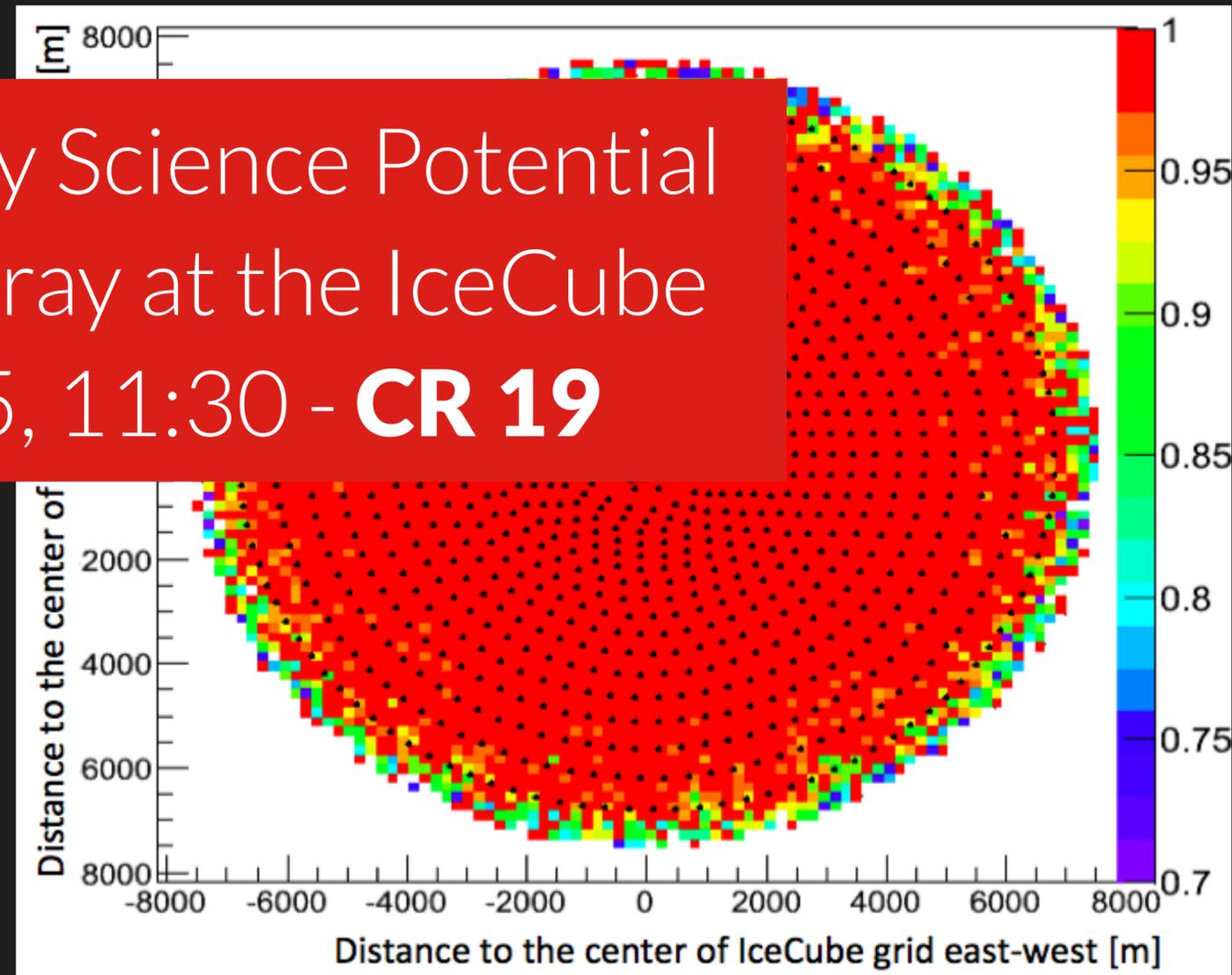
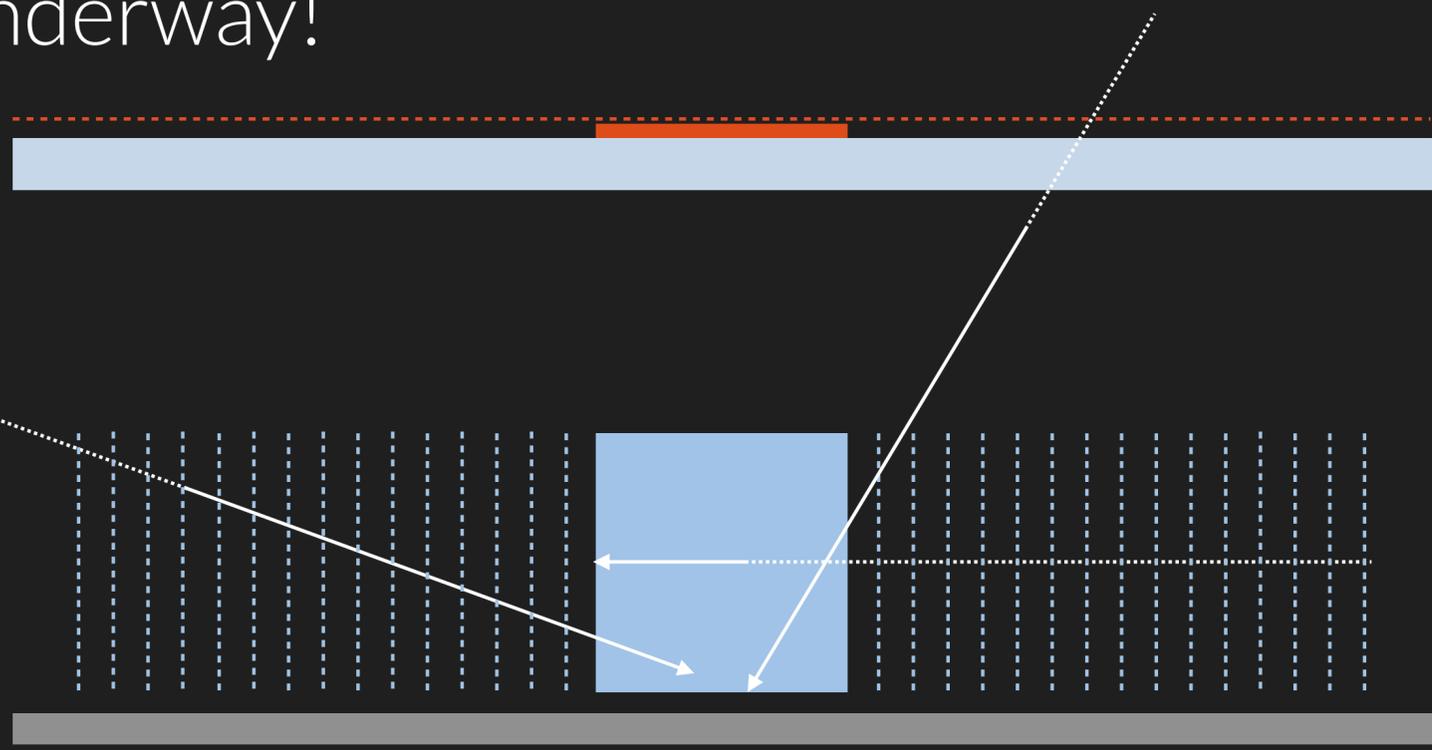
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neutrinos from surface

David Seckel - "Cosmic Ray Science Potential for an Extended Surface array at the IceCube Observatory" - August 5, 11:30 - **CR 19**

increase volume for starting tracks

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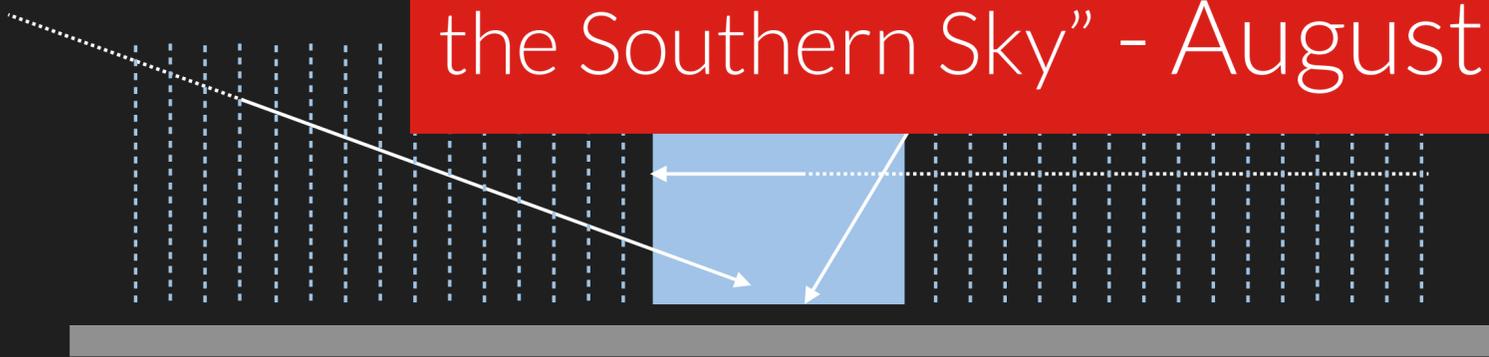
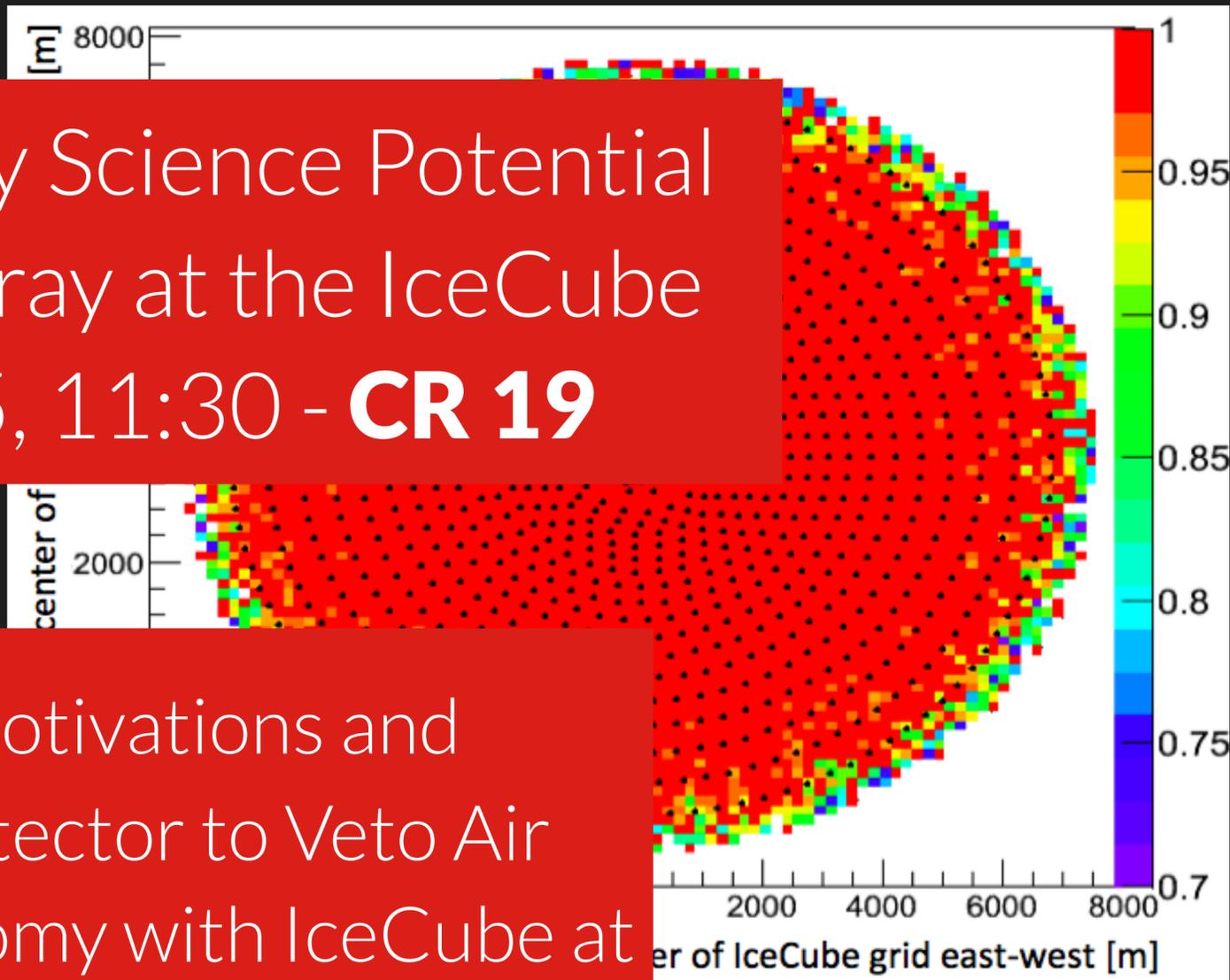
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Jan Auffenberg - "Motivations and Techniques of a Surface Detector to Veto Air Showers for Neutrino Astronomy with IceCube at the Southern Sky" - August 1, 14:00 - **NU 03**





ICECUBE-GEN2: PINGU

measuring the mass hierarchy using atmospheric neutrinos

cover energies down to a couple of GeV

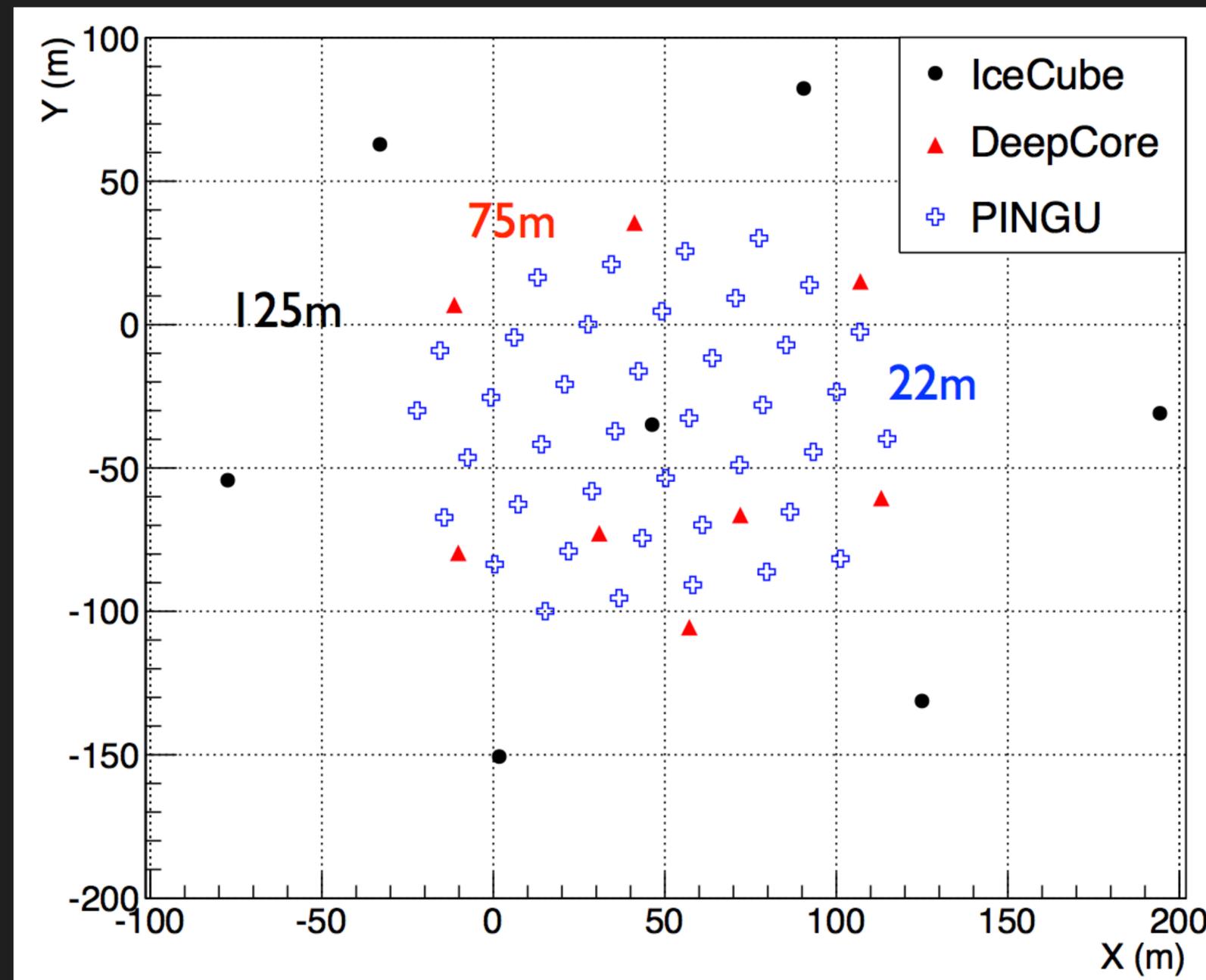
add **40** strings to IceCube/DeepCore

22m string spacing

2m DOM spacing

use the difference in MSW effect for ν and anti- ν

combine with difference in ν and anti- ν cross-section





ICECUBE-GEN2: PINGU

measuring the mass hierarchy using atmospheric neutrinos

cover energies down to a couple of GeV

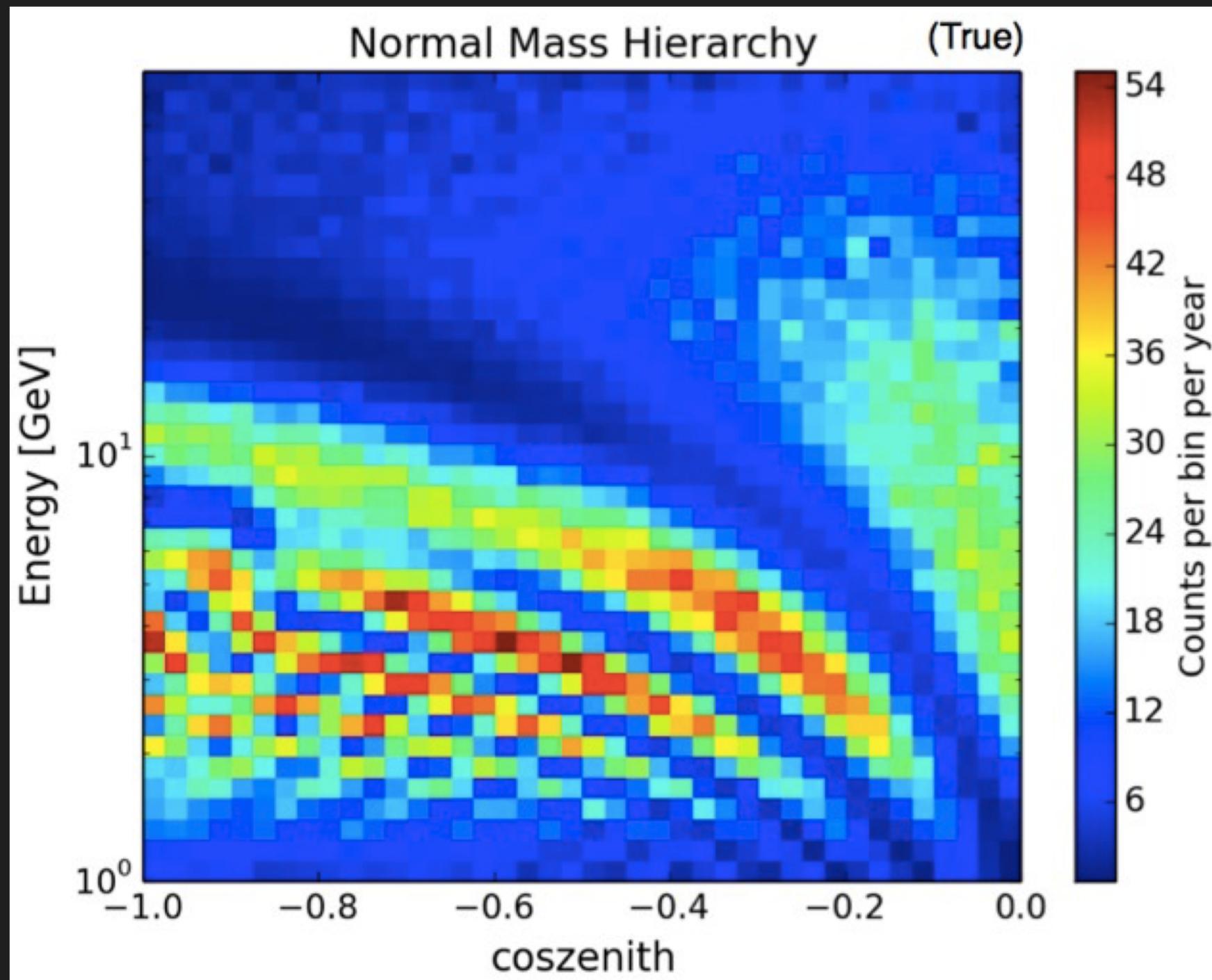
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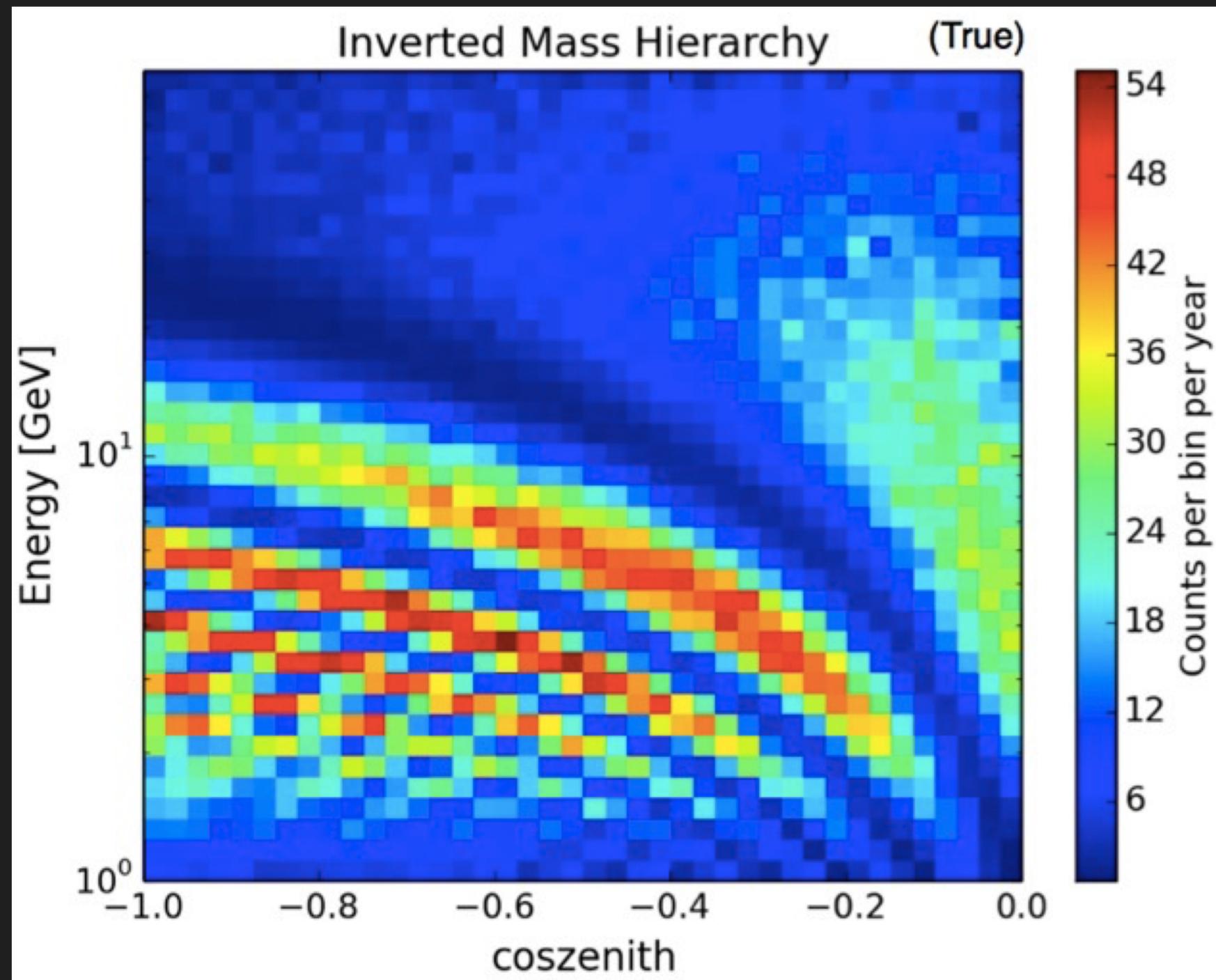
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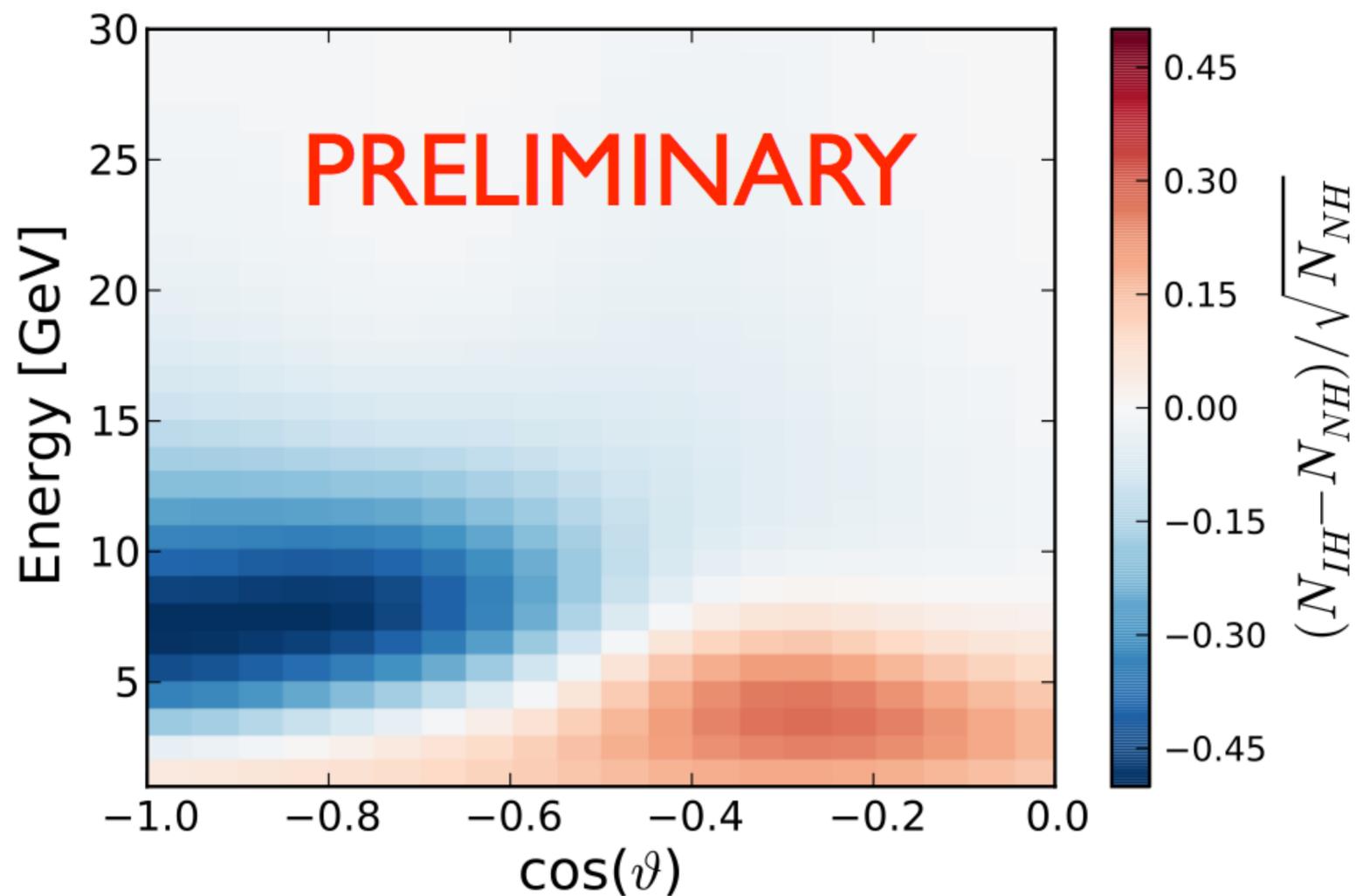




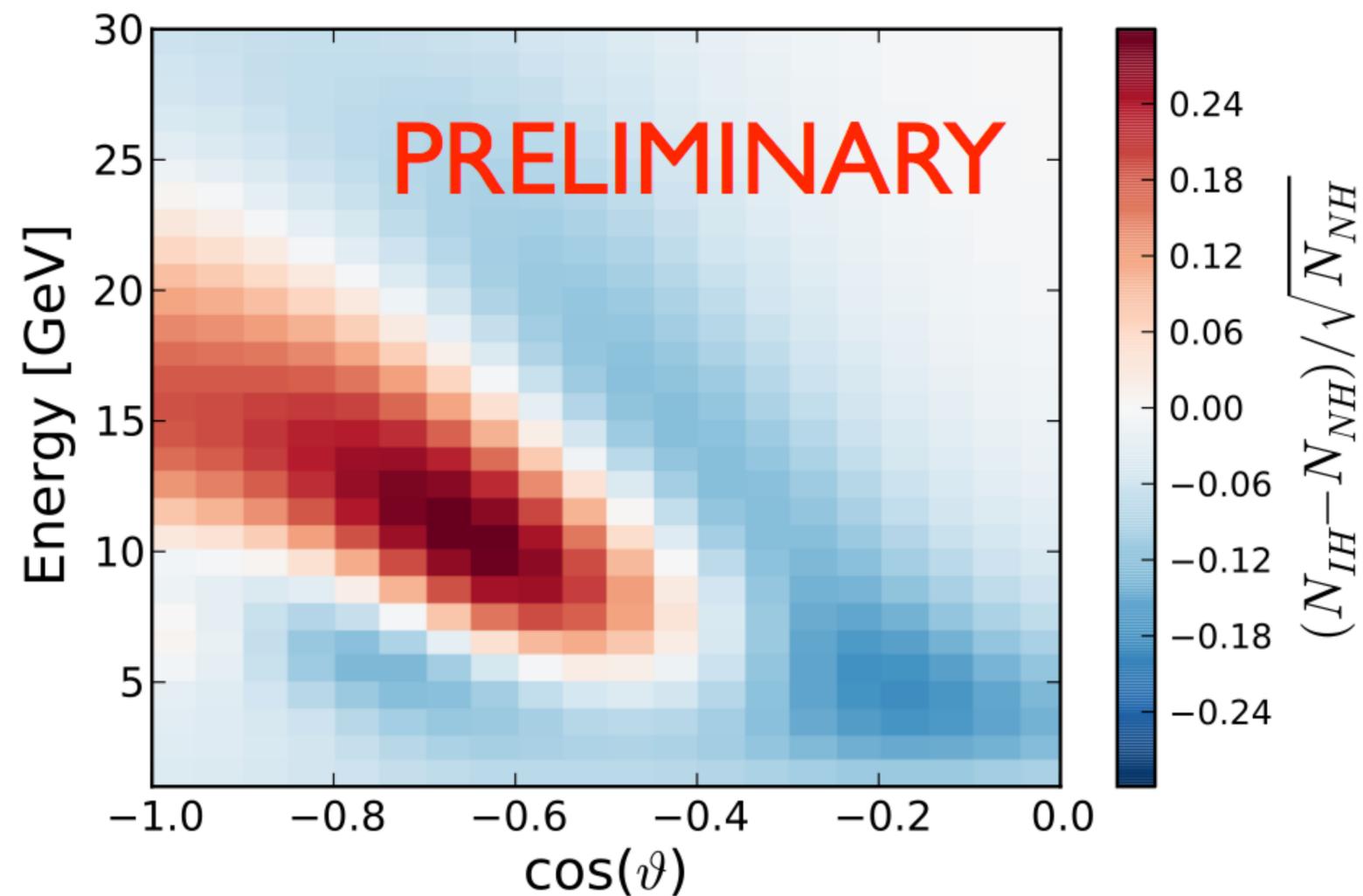
ICECUBE-GEN2: PINGU

measuring the mass hierarchy using atmospheric neutrinos

Cascade-Like Events



Track-Like Events





PINGU AND ORCA

measuring the mass hierarchy using atmospheric neutrinos

very similar concepts, ORCA in water, PINGU in ice

both claim to be able to measure the mass ordering at
3sigma after ~3 years of operation



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

Point Sources, Neutrino Astronomy



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

Point Sources, Neutrino Astronomy

Stefan Coenders - “Results of neutrino point source searches with 2008-2014 IceCube data above 10 TeV” - Aug 3, 15:00 - **NU 04**



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

69

Point Sources, Neutrino Astronomy

Stefan Coenders - “Results of neutrino point source searches with 2008-2014 IceCube data above 10 TeV” - Aug 3, 15:00 - **NU 04**

Luigi Antonio Fusco - “Search for an enhanced emission of neutrinos from the Southern Sky with the ANTARES telescope” - Aug 4, 14:30 - **NU 05**



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

69

Point Sources, Neutrino Astronomy

Stefan Coenders - “Results of neutrino point source searches with 2008-2014 IceCube data above 10 TeV” - Aug 3, 15:00 - **NU 04**

Hans Niederhausen - “High energy astrophysical neutrino flux characteristics for neutrino-induced cascades using IC79 and IC86-string IceCube configurations” - Aug 4, 14:15 - **NU 05**

Luigi Antonio Fusco - “Search for an enhanced emission of neutrinos from the Southern Sky with the ANTARES telescope” - Aug 4, 14:30 - **NU 05**



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

Follow-up and multi-messenger observations



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

70

Follow-up and multi-messenger observations

Markus Ahlers - “Multi-Messenger Aspects of Cosmic Neutrinos” - August 1, 16:30 (**highlight**)



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

70

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Azadeh Keivani - “AMON Searches for Jointly-Emitting Neutrino + Gamma-Ray Transients” - July 30, 12:15 - **GA01 EGAL**



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

70

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Geraldine Golup - “Correlation between the UHECRs measured by the Pierre Auger Observatory and Telescope Array and neutrino candidate events from IceCube” - Aug 3, 15:45 - **NU 04**



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC



MORE HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS AT ICRC

**everyone I forgot or did not
have the time to mention!**

THANK YOU!