# Resummation of jet (veto) observables

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#### Introduction

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## **Event Categorization**

# Data separated into exclusive kinematic categories to optimize S/B and gain access to different production channels



Requires theory predictions for each exclusive category

- Heavily relies on MC predictions
- In the end, want to combine results from all categories
- ⇒ Consistent theory description, treatment of uncertainties and their correlations are essential

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#### **Exclusive Region**



- QCD final state is restricted to "LO-like" kinematics
- Only soft or collinear (ISR or FSR) emissions are allowed that turn the primary hard partons into jets (but don't produce additional hard jets)
  - In MC equivalent to parton-shower regime

#### Why we care about this region in practice

- Signal region of interest is typically defined by the LO topology
- This is also where most of the signal cross section is

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## Types of Kinematic Variables

#### Important to distinguish two types of kinematic variables

- Hard kinematics: Describe the underlying LO-like kinematics
- "Resolution" variables *p*<sub>res</sub>: Determine how exclusive we are, i.e. restrict/characterize additional soft/collinear emissions:
  - Without additional emissions (tree level):  $p_{\rm res} = 0$
  - ightarrow Forcing  $p_{
    m res}
    ightarrow 0$  restricts final-state into exclusive LO-like region

#### For example

hard process	hard kinematics	resolution variables		
gg  ightarrow H	Y <sub>H</sub>	$p_T^H, p_T^{ ext{jet1}} ~ (E_T, \mathcal{T}_f^{ ext{jet1}},)$		
$gg  ightarrow H\!+\!1$ jet	$Y_H, y_{ ext{jet1}}, m_{Hj} \ p_T^H, p_T^{ ext{jet1}},$	$p_T^{Hj}, p_T^{ m jet2}, m_j,$		

 $\Rightarrow p_T^H, p_T^{\rm jet1}, ...$  change role from resolution in H to hard in H+1 jet

## Large Logarithms







For any type of exclusive measurement or restriction

• Constraining radiation causes large logs of  $\alpha_s^n \ln^m (p_{\rm res}/m_H)$ (due to sensitivity to soft/collinear divergences)

Example: jet  $p_T$  veto in  $gg \rightarrow H + 0$  jets

• Restricts ISR to  $p_{
m res} \equiv p_T < p_T^{
m cut}$ 

$$\sigma_0(p_T^{
m cut}) \propto 1 - rac{lpha_s}{\pi} \, C_A 2 \ln^2 rac{p_T^{
m cut}}{m_H} + \cdots$$



⇒ Perturbative corrections grow large for decreasing  $p_T^{\text{cut}}$  (stronger restriction) ⇒ Should be resummed to all orders to obtain reliable precise predictions

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## Perturbative Regions of Phase Space



Resummation region (in MC: parton shower regime)

- Differential spectrum at low  $p_{\rm res} \ll m_H$ :
  - resum large logs  $\alpha_s^n \ln^m (p_{\rm res}/m_H)$
- Excl.  $H\!+\!0$ -jet cross section: integral up to  $p_{
  m res} \leq p^{
  m cut} \ll m_H$ 
  - resum large logarithms  $lpha_s^n \ln^m (p^{
    m cut}/m_H)$



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## Perturbative Regions of Phase Space



Fixed-order region (no logs, in MC: fixed-order matrix elements)

- Differential spectrum at high  $p_{\rm res} \sim m_H$ :
  - Hard kinematics of inclusive  $H + (\geq 1)$ -jet process
- Integral up to  $p_{
  m res} \leq p^{
  m cut} \sim m_H$ 
  - Inclusive  $H + (\geq 0)$ -jets cross section



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## Perturbative Regions of Phase Space



Transition region (in MC: where ME+PS matching comes in)

- Often experimentally the most relevant while theoretically the most subtle
- Best prediction for entire spectrum requires properly matched resummation+fixed order calculation: NLL+NLO, NNLL+NNLO, ...
  - Consistent treatment of theory uncertainties across spectrum (for both differential and integrated in pres) is very nontrivial because it requires nontrivial correlations

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Jet **p**<sub>T</sub> Resummation

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### Theory Uncertainties in Jet Binning



where  $L = \ln(p_T^{\rm cut}/m_H)$ 

⇒ Same logarithms appear in the exclusive 0-jet and inclusive (≥ 1)-jet cross section and cancel in their sum

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## Theory Uncertainties in Jet Binning

$$\sigma_{ ext{total}} = \int_0^{p_T^{ ext{cut}}} \mathrm{d}p_T \, rac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_T} + \int_{p_T^{ ext{cut}}}^\infty \mathrm{d}p_T \, rac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_T} \equiv \sigma_0(p_T^{ ext{cut}}) + \sigma_{\geq 1}(p_T^{ ext{cut}})$$

Complete description requires full theory covariance matrix for  $\{\sigma_0, \sigma_{\geq 1}\}$ 

 General physical parametrization in terms of 100% correlated and 100% anticorrelated pieces

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} (\Delta_0^{\mathbf{y}})^2 & \Delta_0^{\mathbf{y}} \Delta_{\geq 1}^{\mathbf{y}} \\ \Delta_0^{\mathbf{y}} \Delta_{\geq 1}^{\mathbf{y}} & (\Delta_{\geq 1}^{\mathbf{y}})^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\mathrm{cut}}^2 & -\Delta_{\mathrm{cut}}^2 \\ -\Delta_{\mathrm{cut}}^2 & \Delta_{\mathrm{cut}}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

• Overall "yield" uncertainty is fully correlated between bins

- $\Delta_{\text{total}}^{y} = \Delta_{0}^{y} + \Delta_{\geq 1}^{y}$  reproduces fixed-order uncertainty in  $\sigma_{\text{total}}$
- "Migration" uncertainty  $\Delta_{cut}$ 
  - Induced by binning cut and drops out in sum  $\sigma_0 + \sigma_{\geq 1}$
  - ▶  $p_T^{ ext{cut}} \ll m_H$ :  $\Delta_{ ext{cut}} \sim$  uncertainty in  $\ln(p_T^{ ext{cut}}/m_H)$  series

#### Migration Uncertainty at Fixed Order



In a pure fixed-order calculation separating  $\Delta^y$  and  $\Delta_{\rm cut}$  is ambiguous so we have to make some assumptions

- naive scale variation: sets  $\Delta_{cut} = 0 \rightarrow$  becomes wrong for small  $p_T^{cut}$
- ST method: take  $\Delta_{\text{cut}} \equiv \Delta^{\text{FO}}(\sigma_{\geq 1}), \Delta_0^{\text{y}} \equiv \Delta^{\text{FO}}(\sigma_{\text{total}})$ 
  - ▶ results in treating  $\Delta^{\rm FO}(\sigma_{\rm total})$  and  $\Delta^{\rm FO}(\sigma_{\geq 1})$  as uncorrelated
- JVE method: take  $\Delta_{\text{cut}} = \sigma_{\text{total}} \Delta(\epsilon_0), \Delta_0^{\text{y}} \equiv \epsilon_0 \Delta^{\text{FO}}(\sigma_{\text{total}})$ 
  - assumes that  $\sigma_{\text{total}}$  and 0-jet effiency  $\epsilon_0$  are uncorrelated

 $\Rightarrow$  Resumming  $p_T^{\text{cut}}$  logs is necessary to cure bad behavior at small  $p_T^{\text{cut}}$ 

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# Resummation for $p_T^{ m jet}$

For  $R^2 \ll 1$  local jet clustering algorithm factorizes into purely soft and collinear jets [Becher, Neubert, Rothen; Tackmann, Walsh, Zuberi]



Allowing to factorize cross section for  $p_T^{\rm jet} < p_T^{\rm cut}$ 

 $\sigma_0(p_T^{\text{cut}}) = H_{gg}(m_H^2, \mu) B_g(p_T^{\text{cut}}, R, \mu, \nu) B_g(p_T^{\text{cut}}, R, \mu, \nu) S_{gg}(p_T^{\text{cut}}, R, \mu, \nu)$ 

Logarithms are split apart and resummed using coupled RGEs in  $\mu$  and  $\nu$  [Using SCET-II with rapidity RGE by Chiu, Jain, Neill, Rothstein]



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Jet *p*<sub>*T*</sub> Resummation

#### **Profile Scales**

[Ligeti, FT, Stewart '08; Abbate et al. '10; Berger et al. '10]

Resummation region: Large logs are resummed using canonical scaling

 $egin{aligned} \mu_H &\sim -\mathrm{i}m_H \ \mu_S &\sim p_T^{\mathrm{cut}}, 
u_S &\sim p_T^{\mathrm{cut}}, \ \mu_B &\sim p_T^{\mathrm{cut}}, 
u_B &\sim m_H \end{aligned}$ 

• FO region: Resummation must be turned off by taking

 $\mu_B, \mu_S, 
u_S, 
u_B 
ightarrow \mu_{
m FO} \sim m_H$ 

- Transition region: Profile scales  $\mu_i = \mu_i(p_T^{\text{cut}})$  and  $\nu_i \equiv \nu_i(p_T^{\text{cut}})$  provide smooth matching between both limits
  - ⇒ Ambiguity is a scale uncertainty



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## Uncertainties from Profile Scale Variations

Resummation framework is flexible and general enough to allow estimating full theory uncertainty matrix [Stewart, FT, Walsh, Zuberi '13]

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\mu 0}^2 & \Delta_{\mu 0} \, \Delta_{\mu \ge 1} \\ \Delta_{\mu 0} \, \Delta_{\mu \ge 1} & \Delta_{\mu \ge 1}^2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\rm resum}^2 & -\Delta_{\rm resum}^2 \\ -\Delta_{\rm resum}^2 & \Delta_{\rm resum}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Requires no assumptions on correlations between cross sections (as are made in JVE or fixed-order ST)
- Can study nontrivial correlations, e.g. between  $\sigma_0, \epsilon_0, \sigma_{\text{total}}$

# $\Delta_{\mu i}$ : Collective overall scale variation

(+ where resum. turns off)

- FO unc. within resummed prediction
- leaves scale ratios and resummed logs invariant
- Reproduces usual FO scale variation for large  $p_T^{cut}$  and  $\sigma_{tot}$
- ⇒ Naturally identified with yield uncertainy



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- Requires no assumptions on correlations between cross sections (as are made in JVE or fixed-order ST)
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#### $\Delta_{\rm resum}$ : Resummation scale variations

- Envelope of separately varying all profile scales (within canonical constraints)
- Directly probes size of logs and ٠ uncertainties in resummed log series
- Vanishes for large  $p_T^{\text{cut}}$  as resummation turns off
- $\Rightarrow$  Naturally identified with  $\Delta_{cut}$  migration



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## Resummed Results for Higgs + 0-jet Bin



- New updated results at  $13 \, {
  m TeV}$  (using MSTW2008,  $R=0.4, \, m_t$  EFT)
- Resummation yields much improved precision: small uncertainties and good convergence
  - PDF+ $\alpha_s$  uncertainties are not shown, and start to dominate now

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#### **Inclusive Cross Section**



#### Imaginary scale choice avoids large constant terms in gluon form factor

 $(\pi^2 \text{ resummation [Parisi, Sterman, Magnea; Ahrens et al.]})$ 

- Significant improvement in exclusive 0-jet region extends to total cross section
- π<sup>2</sup>-improved NNLO cross section very consistent with approx. N<sup>3</sup>LO estimates [see e.g. de Florian, Mazzitelli, Moch, Vogt]

#### Comparison with ATLAS differential measurements



Direct comparison at cross section level

- No K-factor for total cross section
- Only relevant corrections factors are  $BR(H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$  and photon acceptance (basically flat in  $p_T^{jet}$ )
- Uncertainties also include 5%  ${
  m BR}(H \to \gamma \gamma)$  and flat 8% PDF



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## Resummation for Higgs + 1-jet Bin



[Liu Petriello; Boughezal, Liu, Petriello, FT, Walsh]

# 1-jet bin is more complicated due to additional scale involved

 $p_T^{
m jet2}$  resummation  $(p_T^{
m jet1} > p_T^{
m off}$  treated in fixed order)

 $p_T^{\text{jet1}}$  resummation  $(p_T^{\text{jet1}} < p_T^{\text{off}})$ required for consistent combination with resummed 0-jet bin  $(p_T^{\text{jet2}}$  treated at fixed order)

- Important consistency check: results must be insensitive to  $p_T^{\text{off}}$
- Uncertainty framework extends to  $\{\sigma_0, \sigma_1, \sigma_{\geq 2}\}$  3x3 case

 $C = C^{\text{yield}} + C(0/1 \text{-migration}) + C(1/2 \text{-migration})$ 

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## Combined 0-jet and 1-jet Bin Resummation

- 0-jet bin: NNLL'+NNLO with  $\mu_H = -im_H$
- 1-jet bin: NLL'+NLO plus H + j NNLO<sub>1</sub> virtuals
- $\Rightarrow$  Getting consistent results depends (sensitively) on how  $lpha_s^3$  corrections are treated

#### Important consistency checks



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#### Side Remark: VBF-enhanced Categories



Best VBF sensitivity comes from exclusive 2-jet region with 2 forward jets

- Hard kinematics: Two jets with large  $m_{jj}$  and/or  $\Delta \eta_{jj}$
- Various possible 2-jet resolution variables:  $p_T^{\text{jet3}}$ ,  $p_T^{Hjj}$ ,  $\pi \Delta \phi_{H-jj}$



Best VBF sensitivity comes from exclusive 2-jet region with 2 forward jets

- Hard kinematics: Two jets with large  $m_{jj}$  and/or  $\Delta \eta_{jj}$
- Various possible 2-jet resolution variables:  $p_T^{\text{jet3}}$ ,  $p_T^{Hjj}$ ,  $\pi \Delta \phi_{H-jj}$

All of this happens inside a multivariate analysis (MVA)

- Even if MVA only knows hard-kinematics variables, it can construct itself a resolution variable, e.g.  $E_T^{Hjj} = p_T^H + p_T^{jet1} + p_T^{jet1}$
- ⇒ Crucial to ensure that the MVA does not cut arbitrarily into exclusive resummation regions, otherwise one can easily loose all theory control

New Jet Observables

## New Jet Observables

#### [Shireen Gangal, Maximilian Stahlhofen, FT, arXiv:1412.4792]

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## Rapidity-Dependent Jet (Veto) Variables

Starting point: Set J(R) of jets clustered with radius R

 $egin{aligned} p_{ ext{res}} : & p_T^{ ext{jet}} = \max_{j \in J(R)} \left\{ p_{Tj} \, heta(|y_j| < y_{ ext{cut}}) 
ight\} \ 0 ext{-jet bin} ( ext{jet veto}) : & p_T^{ ext{jet}} < p_T^{ ext{cut}} \ & \geq 1 ext{-jet bin} : & p_T^{ ext{jet}} > p_T^{ ext{cut}} \end{aligned}$ 

Generalize to include rapidity weighting function  $f(y_j)$ 

define: 
$$\mathcal{T}_{fj} = p_{Tj} f(y_j) \quad \Rightarrow \quad p_{\mathrm{res}}: \quad \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{jet}}_f = \max_{j \in J(R)} \ \mathcal{T}_{fj}$$

Can now classify and veto jets according to  $T_{fj}$ 

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{0-jet bin (jet veto)}: & \mathcal{T}_{f}^{\text{jet}} < \mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}} \\ & \geq 1\text{-jet bin}: & \mathcal{T}_{f}^{\text{jet}} > \mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}} \end{array}$$

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## Rapidity Weighting Functions



#### Correspond to rapidity-weighted $p_{Tj}$ veto

 $\Rightarrow$  insensitive to forward rapidities, resummable to same level as  $p_T^{\rm jet}$ 



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# Resummation for $\mathcal{T}_{f}^{\mathrm{jet}}$

Factorized cross section for  $\mathcal{T}_{f}^{\text{jet}} < \mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}}$ 

 $\sigma_0(\mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}}) = H_{gg}(m_H^2, \mu) \left[ B_g(m_H \mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}}, R, \mu) \right]^2 S_{gg}^{B,C}(\mathcal{T}^{\text{cut}}, R, \mu)$ 

Resummation and unc. framework is the same

 $\Rightarrow$  logarithmic/RGE structure very different from  $p_T^{\rm jet}$ 

$${\ln^2}rac{\mathcal{T}^{ ext{cut}}}{m_H} = 2 {\ln^2}rac{m_H}{\mu} - {\ln^2}rac{\mathcal{T}^{ ext{cut}}m_H}{\mu^2} + 2 {\ln^2}rac{\mathcal{T}^{ ext{cut}}}{\mu}$$

• Canonical:  $\mu_H \sim -im_H, \mu_B^2 \sim \mathcal{T}^{cut} m_H, \mu_S \sim \mathcal{T}^{cut}$ 





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 $\mu_B(\beta = 0)$ 

 $\mu_{s}(\beta=0)$ 

 $\cdot \cdot \mu_B(\beta = \pm 1/6$ 

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## First Results at NLL'+NLO



- Full NNLL'+NNLO will come
  - expect significant reduction in unc.
- Comparison to ATLAS differential measurements of  $\mathcal{T}_C^{\text{jet}}$ 
  - No K factor for total cross section
  - Same corrections and unc. applied as in p<sub>T</sub><sup>jet</sup> case



# Summary and Outlook

#### Jet observables can be resummed to high accuracy

- Turning "scale variations" into "theory unc." is nontrivial, particularly in resummed perturbation theory
- To "validate" uncertainties need to be able to check convergence and coverage at lower orders

#### Next steps

- Include full quark mass dependence
- Public code release (likely early next year)
  - Aiming to be fast, modular, and extendable
  - Will have access to full set of profile scale variations for studying uncertainties

#### Generalized jet (veto) observables

- Provide more general way to divide up phase space (complementary to  $p_{T}^{jet}$ )
  - Can be utilized to optimize jet-binning ( $\rightarrow$  optimal  $f(y_i)$ ?)
  - Also probe a complementary region of theory/resummation space
  - Can be measured/tested in many processes (Higgs, Drell-Yan, diphoton, ...)



# **Backup Slides**

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# Resummation + FO Matching and Counting

ant

$\ln \sigma_0(p_T^{\text{cut}}) \sim \sum_n \alpha_s^n \ln^{n+1} \frac{p_T^{\text{cut}}}{m_H} (1 + \alpha_s + \alpha_s^2 + \cdots) \sim \text{LL} + \text{NLL} + \text{NNLL} + \cdots$										
	Resummation	Fixed-order corrections		Resummation input						
	conventions:	matching (sing.)	full FO (+ nons.)	$\gamma^{\mu, u}_{H,B,S}$	$\Gamma_{\mathrm{cusp}}$	β				
	LL	1	-	-	1-loop	1-loop				
	NLL	1	-	1-loop	2-loop	2-loop				
	NLL+NLO	1	$lpha_s$	1-loop	2-loop	2-loop				
	NLL'+NLO	$lpha_s$	$lpha_s$	1-loop	2-loop	2-loop				
	NNLL+NLO	$\alpha_s$	$lpha_s$	2-loop	3-loop	3-loop				
	NNLL+NNLO	$\alpha_s$	$lpha_s^2$	2-loop	3-loop	3-loop				
	NNLL'+NNLO	$lpha_s^2$	$lpha_s^2$	2-loop	3-loop	3-loop				
	N <sup>3</sup> LL+NNLO	$\alpha_s^2$	$lpha_s^2$	3-loop	4-loop	4-loop				

 "matching": singular FO corrections that act as boundary conditions in the resummation (α<sup>n</sup><sub>s</sub> corrections to *H*, *B*, *S* reproduces full α<sup>n</sup><sub>s</sub> singular)

• "full FO": adds FO nonsingular terms not included in the resummation

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