Status and Prospects of CP Violation Experiments

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- Where are the still interesting signals
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- Significance of Symmetries in particle physics:
 - Symmetry is a fundamental concept for constructing laws of physics:
 - e.g. spatial translation \rightarrow momentum conservation

- Significance of Symmetries in particle physics:
 - Symmetry is a fundamental concept for constructing laws of physics:
 - e.g. spatial translation \rightarrow momentum conservation
 - Symmetry breaking can reveal dynamics:
 e.g. parity violation → Lorentz structure of the weak interactions

• CP violation: experimental discovery came first

1964, J.H. Christenson et al., $Br(K_I^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) \neq 0$ $K_{\scriptscriptstyle \rm I} \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X^0$ $p_{+-} = p_{\pi^+} + p_{\pi^-}$ $m(\pi^{+}\pi^{-}) < m_{K}$ θ = angle between p_{K_L} and p_{+-} If $X^0 = 0$, $p_{+} = p_{K_I}$: $\cos \theta = 1$ If $X^0 \neq 0$, $p_+ \neq p_{KL}$: $\cos \theta \leq 1$ PLAN VIEW I foot Helium Bag Scintillator $\cos \theta$

cos θ

- Event by event tagged K^0 and \overline{K}^0
 - CPLEAR experiment K⁻π⁺K⁰

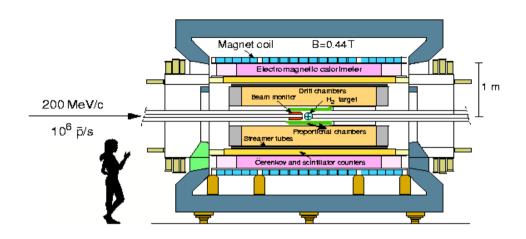
$$\operatorname{pp} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} K & K \\ K^+\pi^-\overline{K}^0 \end{array} \right.$$

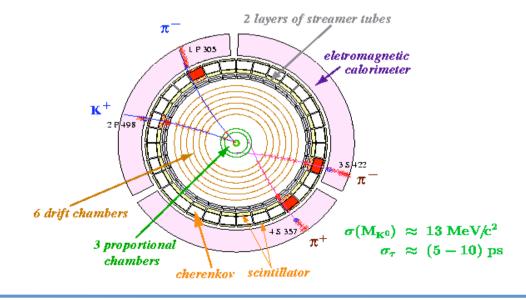
Initial K⁰ and K⁰

 $\rightarrow 2\pi$, 3π , $l^{\pm}\pi^{\mp}\nu_l$ at t

CP and T violation measurements

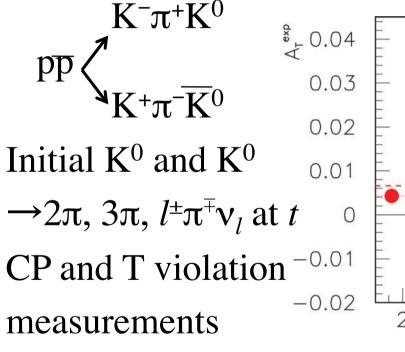
The CPLEAR Detector

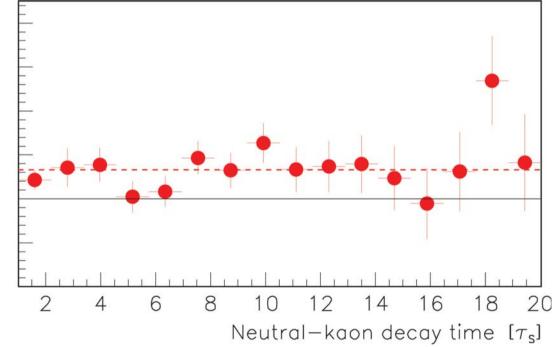




 Event by event tagged K^0 and \overline{K}^0

$$- \text{CPLEAR experiment} \quad A_{\text{T}}(t) = \frac{\overline{K^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow e^+\pi^-\nu(t) - K^0_{t=0} \rightarrow e^-\pi^+\nu(t)}{\overline{K^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow e^+\pi^-\nu(t) + K^0_{t=0} \rightarrow e^-\pi^+\nu(t)}$$



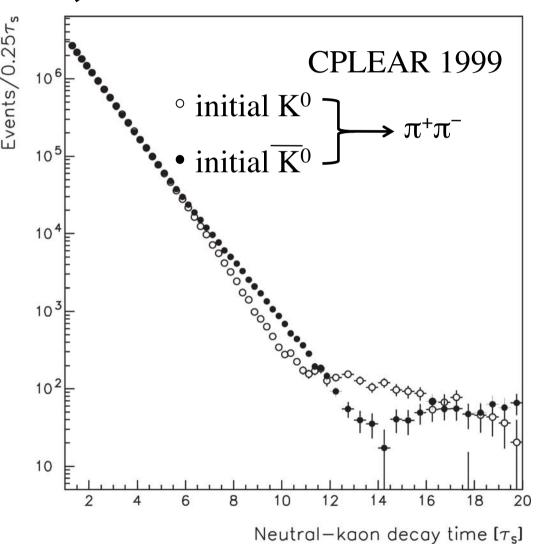


$$A_T = (6.6 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$$

• Event by event tagged K^0 and \overline{K}^0

- CPLEAR experiment $\frac{\mathrm{K^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow \mathrm{e^-}\pi^+\nu(t) - \mathrm{K^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow \mathrm{e^+}\pi^-\nu(t)}{\overline{\mathrm{K}^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow \mathrm{e^-}\pi^+\nu(t) + \mathrm{K^0}_{t=0} \rightarrow \mathrm{e^+}\pi^-\nu(t)}$ $A_{\mathrm{CPT}}(t) \approx$ $K^{-}\pi^{+}K^{0}$ 0.08 0.06 Initial K⁰ and K⁰ 0.04 0.02 $\rightarrow 2\pi$, 3π , $l^{\pm}\pi^{\mp}\nu_{l}$ at t -0.02CP and T violation -0.04-0.06measurements -0.08and CPT study -0.120 Neutral-kaon decay time $[\tau_{\rm S}]$

- $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(CP)-K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(CP)$ interference:
 - K^0 and \overline{K}^0 are K_S - K_L coherent sum with opposite phases

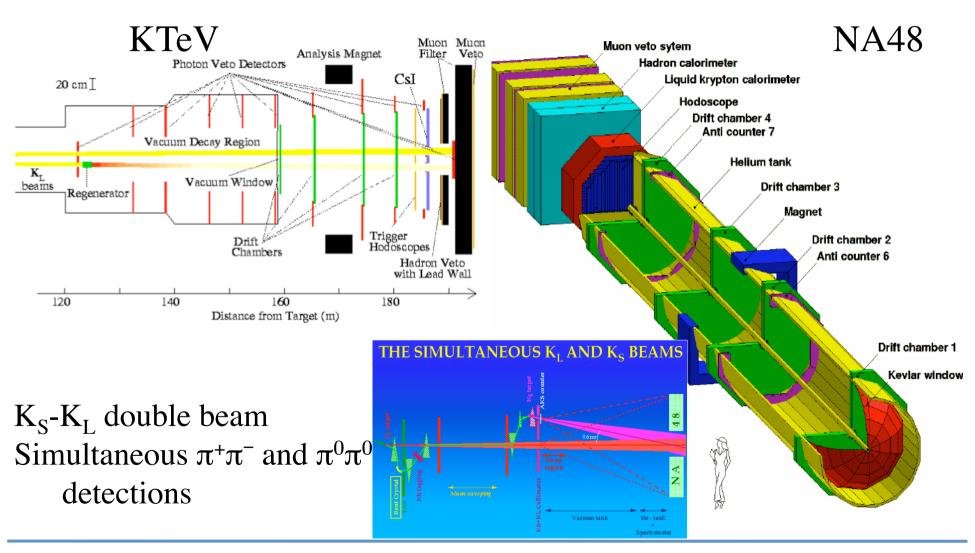


- Mechanism of generating CP violation:
 - -new $\Delta S = 2$ interactions with complex coupling: e.g. Superweak model Wolfenstein in 1964
 - or within the SM weak interactions via KM mechanism Kobayashi-Maskawa 1973?

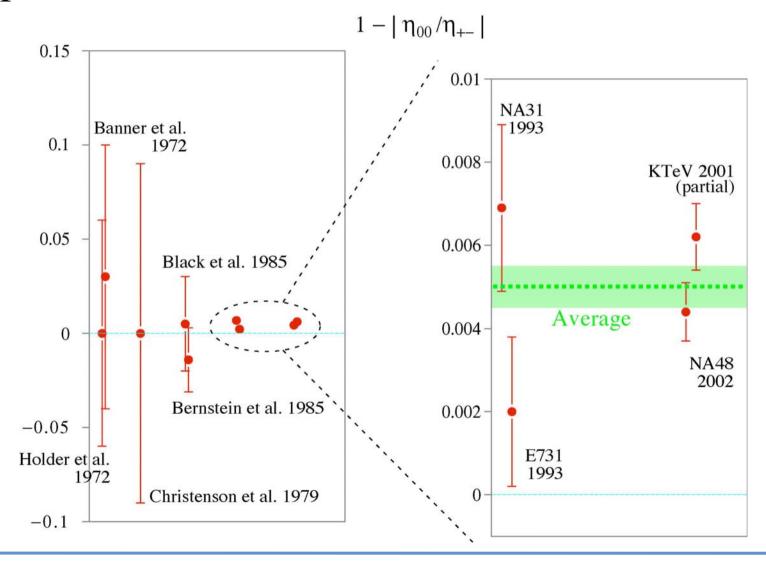
- Mechanism of generating CP violation:
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- Superweak model does not generate CP violation in the decay amplitudes: i.e. $Re(\varepsilon') = 0$.
- Early SM theoretical estimates for

$$\operatorname{Re}\left[\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right] = \frac{1}{3}\left[1 - \left|\frac{\eta_{00}}{\eta_{+}}\right|\right] \approx 0.01 \text{ (Gilman\&Wise 1979)}$$

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- Since 1979, theoretical values has decreased; large m_t, EW penguins, etc. (some even negative now!)
 And with still large hadronic uncertainties.
 On going effort in the lattice calculations.
 No experimental effort to reduce the current errors is foreseen.

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 No experimental effort to reduce the current errors is foreseen.
- CP violation in the decay amplitudes is present: Superweak excluded, and compatible with the SM (qualitative agreement).

- Theoretically clean measurement is $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \overline{\nu}$: CP violating decay generated by the interference between the decay and oscillations:
 - the phase difference is totally dominated by the $V_{\rm td}$
 - other hadronic matrix elements taken from the semileptonic decays.
- ⇒Uncertainties in the theoretical prediction dominated by the CKM parameters. but very small Br~3×10⁻¹¹.

A tough experiment: nothing decays to nothing

• State of the art: KEK E391a Csl - calorimeter CC 03 **Main barrel** Vacuum vessel CC 04 Front barrel CC 05 Charles and the CC02 Movable frame Support halo neutron totally surrounded by the veto counters minimising the neutron interactions core neutron

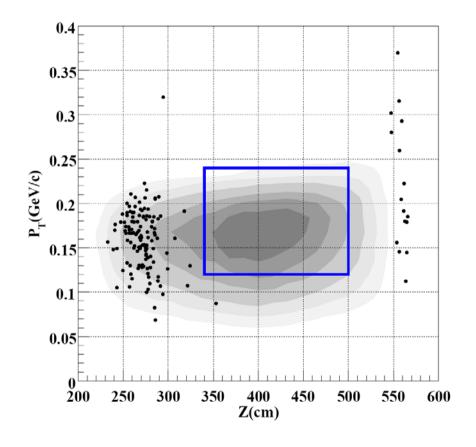
signal region

• KEK E391a 2008

Background Source	Estimated # BG
$K^0_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	0.11 ± 0.09
CC02	0.16 ± 0.05
CV	0.08 ± 0.04
CV-h	0.06 ± 0.02
Total	0.41± 0.11

• KEK E391a 2008 BR($K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \nu$) < 6.7 × 10⁻⁸ 90% CL

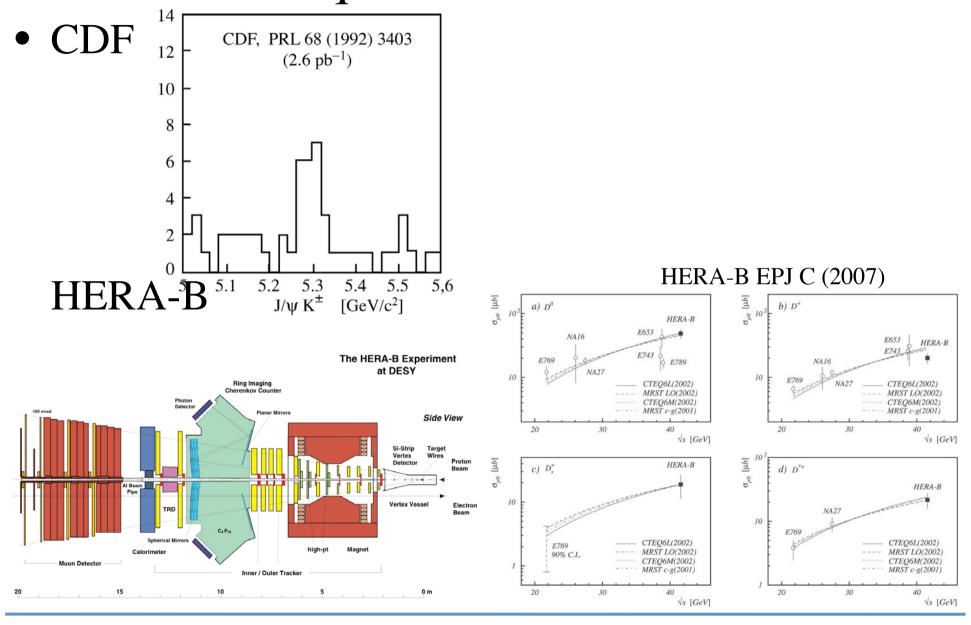
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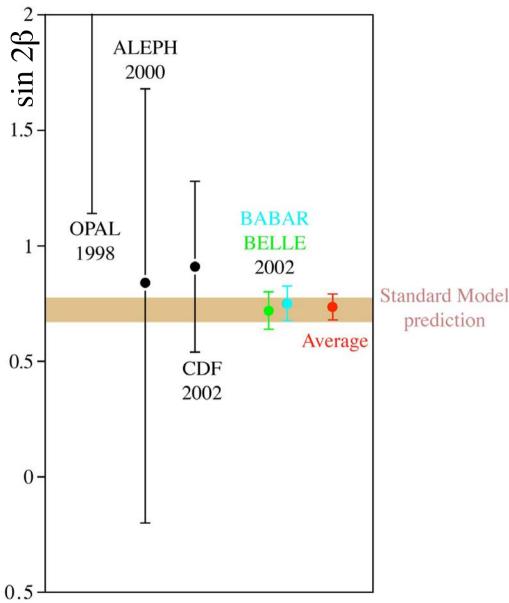
- Real quantitative tests are done with the B_d mesons Amplitude of time dependent CP asymmetries, a term proportional to $\sin \Delta m \cdot t \rightarrow$ theoretically clean depends only on the CKM parameters: " $\sin 2\beta$ "
- Before 1990, with the B_d - B_d oscillation frequency Δm (ARGUS 1987) and Re(ϵ), "sin 2 β " was predicted as ~0.4 (NB: in 1983, $f_B \approx 110$ MeV), with little m_t dependence, i.e. large CP violation in B \rightarrow J/ ψ K_S.

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 - ⇒ Clear benchmark luminosity for a B factory: i.e. a few years of data taking with $L \approx 10^{33}$ cm⁻¹s⁻¹ for 5σ observation of \not EP in B→J/ ψ K_S if SM.

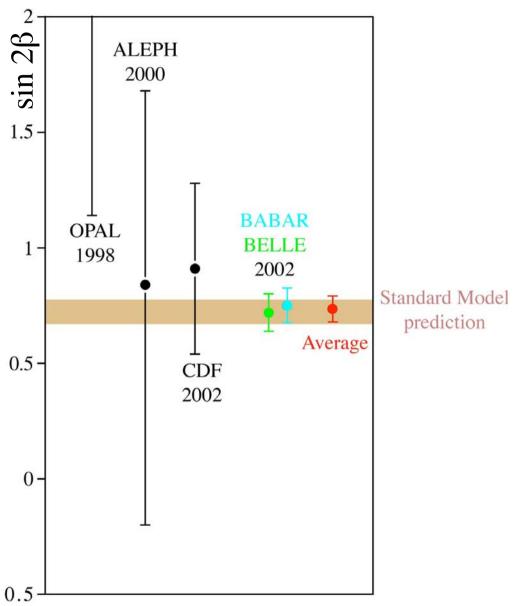
- Many attempts to construct e⁺e⁻ B factories in Europe (CH, DE, IT, RU and CERN), Japan (KEK) and US (Cornell, SLAC, UCLA) in 1985~1990, mostly asymmetric designs with $L > 10^{33}$ cm⁻²s⁻¹.
- KEKB (10³⁴ with finite crossing angle) and PEP-II (3×10³³ with head-on collision) approved in 1993, having the first collisions in 1998~1999.
- "Hadronic" B factory started to be interesting, but was not yet there...



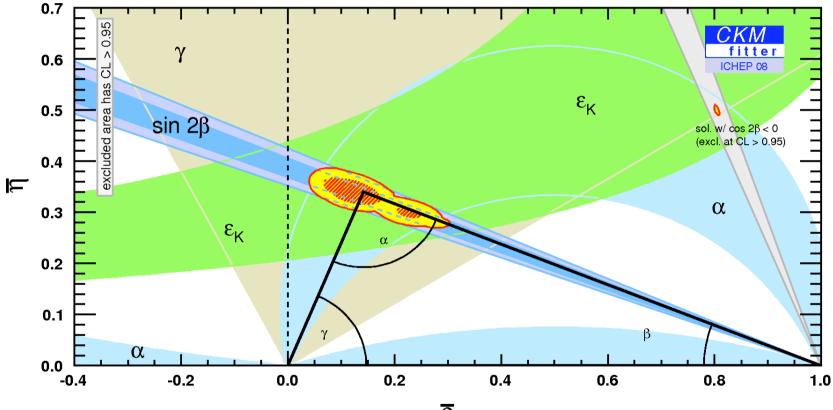
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 Quantitative test of SM.
- Evidence for CP violation in the decay amplitudes B→K±π[∓] already in 2004 by BABAR and Belle. (cf how long it took for K)

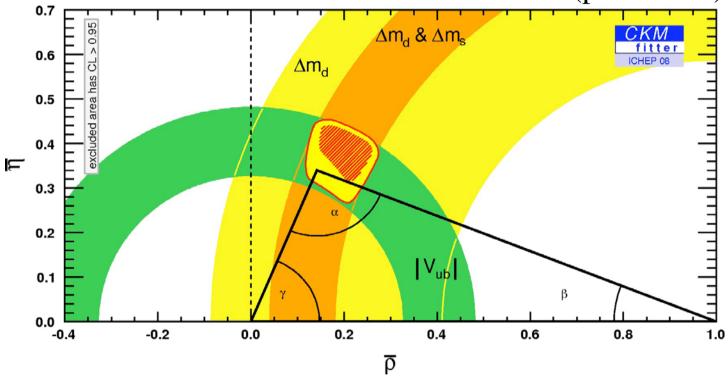


• K and B CP violation measurements now are perfectly consistent with the Standard Model.

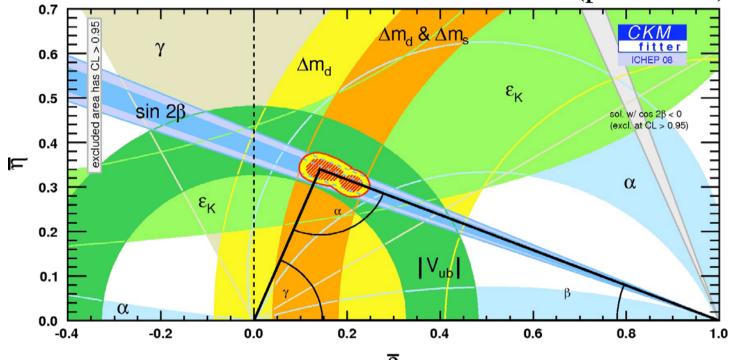


 $\sin 2\beta$ gives the best measurements by far...

• It is even more remarkable that they agree well with the non CP violation measurements. (para. talks)



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New physics has either a "special" flavour structure or is at higher energy than anticipated.

• Hadron machine experiments, CDF and D0, start contributing in this field, e.g. (para. talk)

$$A_{\rm CP}({\rm B} {\to} {\rm K}^{\pm} \pi^{\mp}) = -0.086 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.009 \; {\rm cdf}_{2008}$$
 as well as

 Δm_s measurements $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \text{ limit}$ etc.

Outlook

- Search for New Physics by combining CP and CP.
 - Measurements related to the b→s or →d loop amplitudes Change in phase, absolute value, or Lorentz structure CP conserved: Δm , rare decay Br's, angular distributions CP violating: sin 2β, sin 2β_s, α
 - Measurements related to the b→c or →u tree amplitudes
 Pure Standard Model measurements

CP conserved: $|V_{ub}/V_{cb}|$

CP violating: γ

Outlook

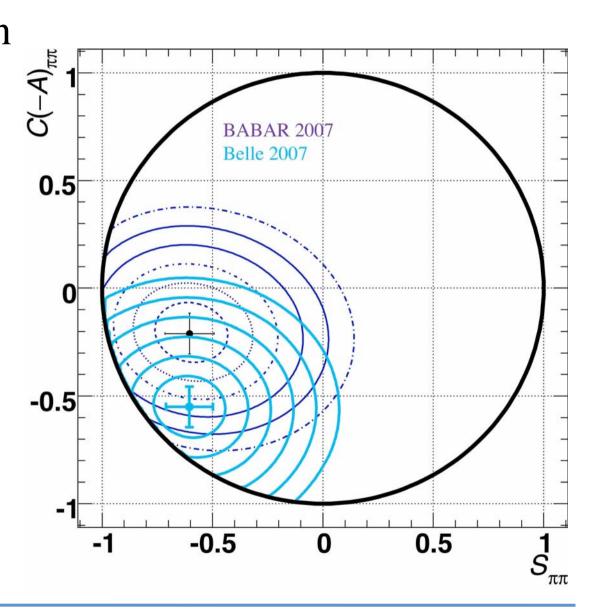
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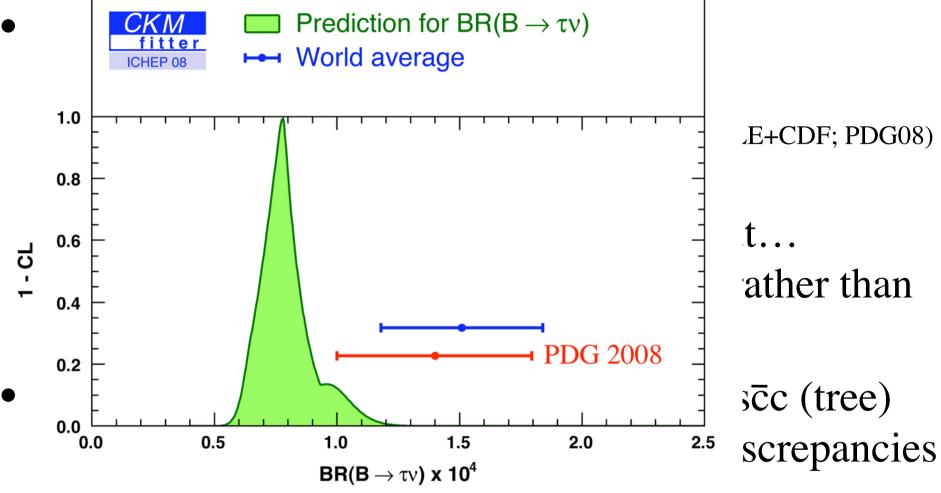
• An unique way to use \mathbb{CP} : $B_s \to \phi \gamma$, $B_d \to K^*(K_S \pi^0) \gamma$ \mathbb{CP} possible only through wrong chirality, very small in the Standard Model, probing Lorentz structure.

• Is there CP violation in the decay amplitudes for $B_d \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$?

Most probably will not be resolved by BABAR and Belle.



- Difference in CP asymmetries between charged-B→Kπ; 0.027±0.032 neutral-B→Kπ; -0.101±0.015 (BABAR+BELLE+CDF; PDG08) CP violation in the decay amplitudes.
 Naive SM expectation; they are equal, but... more likely to be hadron physics issues, rather than due to new physics...
- Time dependent CP asymmetries for $b \rightarrow s\bar{c}c$ (tree) and $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$ (loop), no longer show real discrepancies



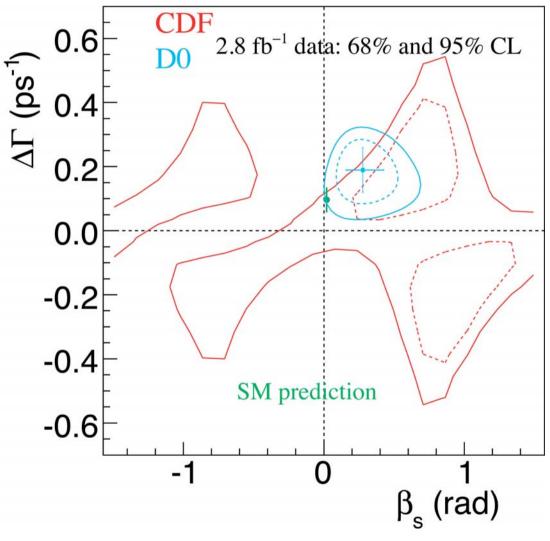
• $Br(B \rightarrow \tau \nu_{\tau}) = 1.4 \pm 0.4$ (Babar+Belle; PDG08) $\lesssim 2\sigma$ discrepancy

• CP violation in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$, counter pert of $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$

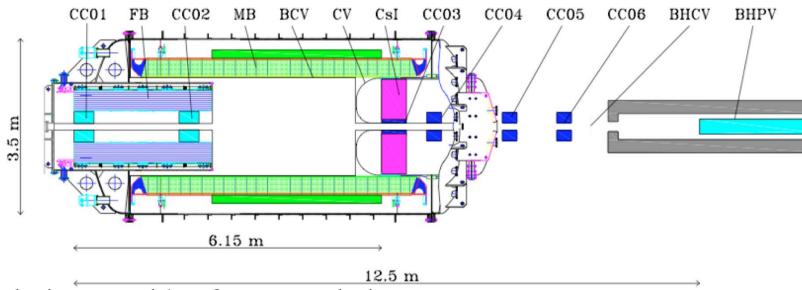
- a mixture of CP = +1 and -1 final states.

Need to be at hadron machines

 Tevatron experiments still large statistical errors



• Further push on $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \overline{\nu}$ J-PARC E14: upgrade of E391



CsI calorimeter with a finer granularity New photon veto in the beam Waveform digitization for higher rates

- 3 years data taking
- 2.7 signal with ~2 background
- And NA62 for $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \overline{\nu}$ (para. talk) (KLOE-2?)

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- Below 1 fb⁻¹, less than one year data taking excluding large new physics contribution still allowed:
 - e.g. CP violation in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$, $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

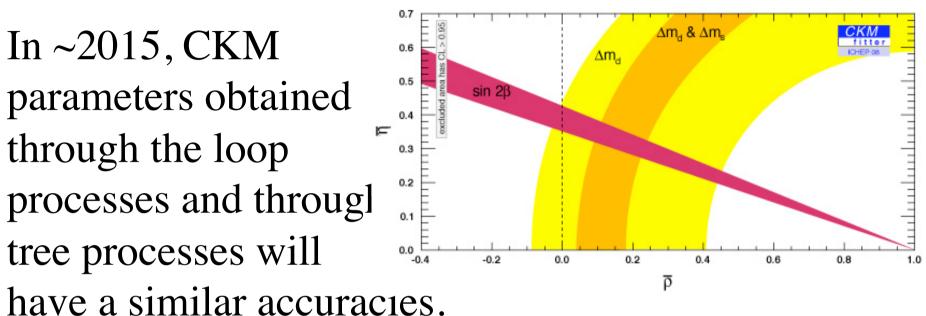
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- With 10 fb⁻¹ by 2015, γ measurements from the tree b decays with $\sigma_{\gamma} = 2 \sim 3^{\circ}$, CP asymmetry in $B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma$, or CP asymmetry in D⁰ decays to a level of 10^{-3} .

• In ~2015, CKM parameters obtained through the loop processes and through tree processes will



LHCb y with 10 fb-1 0.3 0.2 $|V_{ub}|$ 0.1 -0.4 0.2 0.8 -0.20.0 0.4 0.6 1.0 ₽

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- Joined by S-B factory (talks later), S-LHCb, S-τCharm...?