DISCRETE '08, 11-16 DECEMBER 2008, IFIC, VALENCIA, SPAIN



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- IS DM A CLEAR INDICATION OF NEW PHYSICS BEYOND THE SM?
- IS LOW-ENERGY SUSY "GENERALLY" (NATURALLY) PROVIDING A GOOD DM CANDIDATE?
- HOW FAR ARE WE IN DIRECT AND INDIRECT SEARCHES FOR DM TO PROBE THE SUSY PARAMETER SPACE?
- IF LHC DOES NOT SEE ANY SUSY PARTICLE, CAN WE HOPE THAT DM SEARCHES REVEAL A SUSY DM?
- OR, IF LHC FINDS SOME SUSY EVIDENCE, WHICH SENSITIVITY IN DM EXPS. SHOULD BE ACHIEVED TO BE SURE THAT WE'LL FIND SUSY DM?
- IN ANY CASE, IF LHC FINDS SUSY, WHAT ADDITIONAL INFORMATION COULD WE GATHER FROM THE DISCOVERY AND STUDY OF SUSY DM?

THE ENERGY BUDGET OF THE UNIVERSE

- Stars and galaxies are only ~0.5%
- Neutrinos are ~0.1-1.5%
- Rest of ordinary matter (electrons, protons & neutrons) are 4.4%
- Dark Matter 23%
- Dark Energy 73%
- Anti-Matter 0%
- Higgs Bose-Einstein condensate ~10⁶²%??



WMAP3 + small scale CMB exps (BOOMERang, ACBAR, CBI ans VSA)

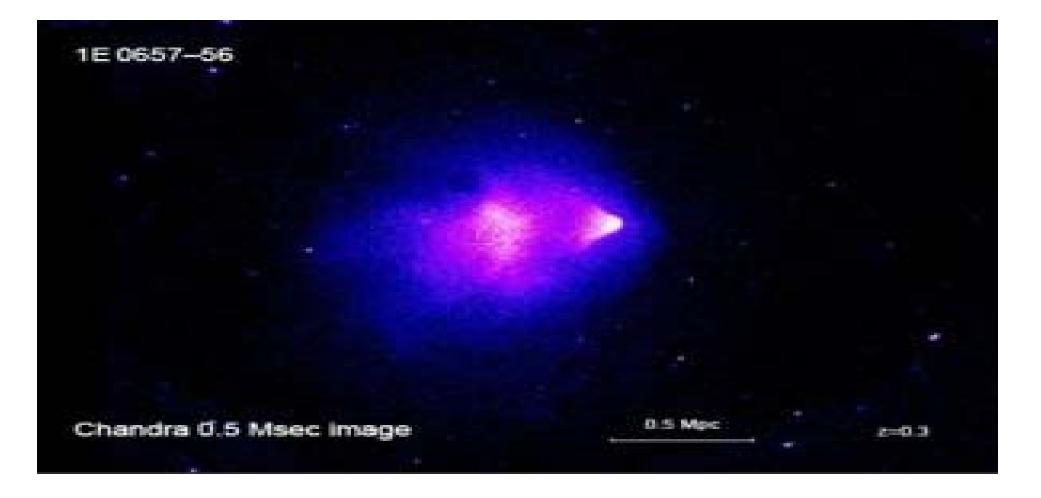
+ Large-Scale Structures (SDSS,2dFCRS)

+ SuperNova (HST/GOODS, SNLS)

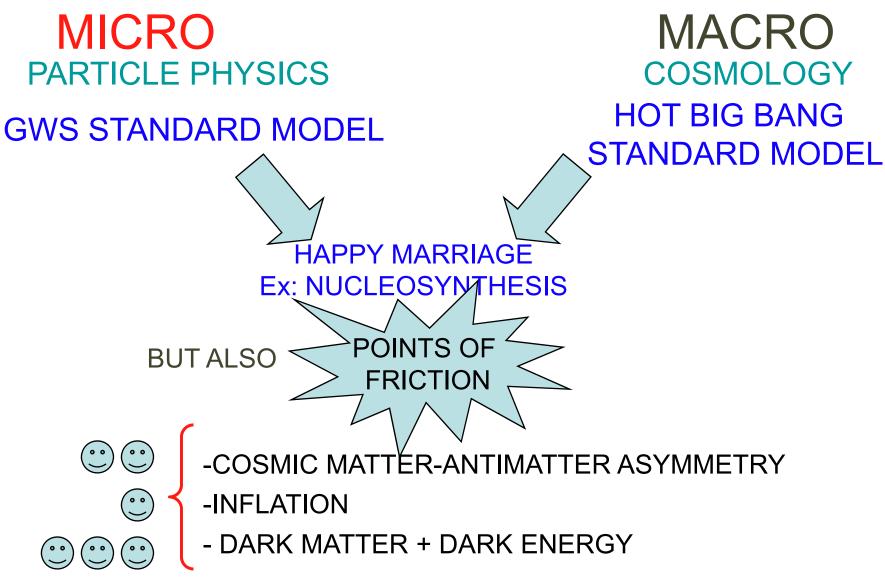
 $\Omega_b h^2 = 0.0220^{+0.0006}_{-0.0008} \ \Omega_M h^2 = 0.131^{+0.004}_{-0.010}.$ Consistent with baryon density
determination from Big bang nucleosynthesis $0.017 < \Omega_b h^2 < 0.024 \ (95 \ \% \ \text{CL})$

The BULLET CLUSTER: two colliding clusters of galaxies

Stars, galaxies and putative DM behave differently during collision, allowing for them to be studied separately. In MOND the lensing is expected to follow the baryonic matter, i.e. the X-ray gas. However the lensing is strongest in two separated regions near the visible galaxies — most of the mass in the cluster pair is in the form of collisionless DM



-COSMIC MATTER-ANTIMATTER ASYMMETRY $\left(\begin{array}{c} \circ \circ \\ \end{array}\right)$ -INFLATION ((• • - DARK MATTER + DARK ENERGY $\begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{pmatrix}$ **"OBSERVATIONAL" EVIDENCE FOR NEW PHYSICS BEYOND** THE (PARTICLE PHYSICS) STANDARD MODEL



Present "Observational" Evidence for New Physics

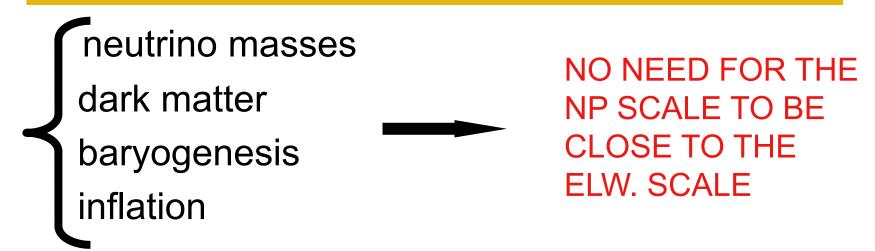
- NEUTRINO MASSES \checkmark
- DARK MATTER $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$
- MATTER-ANTIMATTER ASYMMETRY



DM: the most impressive evidence at the "quantitative" and "qualitative" levels of New Physics beyond SM

- QUANTITATIVE: Taking into account the latest WMAP data which in combination with LSS data provide stringent bounds on Ω_{DM} and Ω_B EVIDENCE
 FOR NON-BARYONIC DM AT MORE THAN 10
 STANDARD DEVIATIONS!! THE SM DOES NOT PROVIDE ANY CANDIDATE FOR SUCH NON-BARYONIC DM

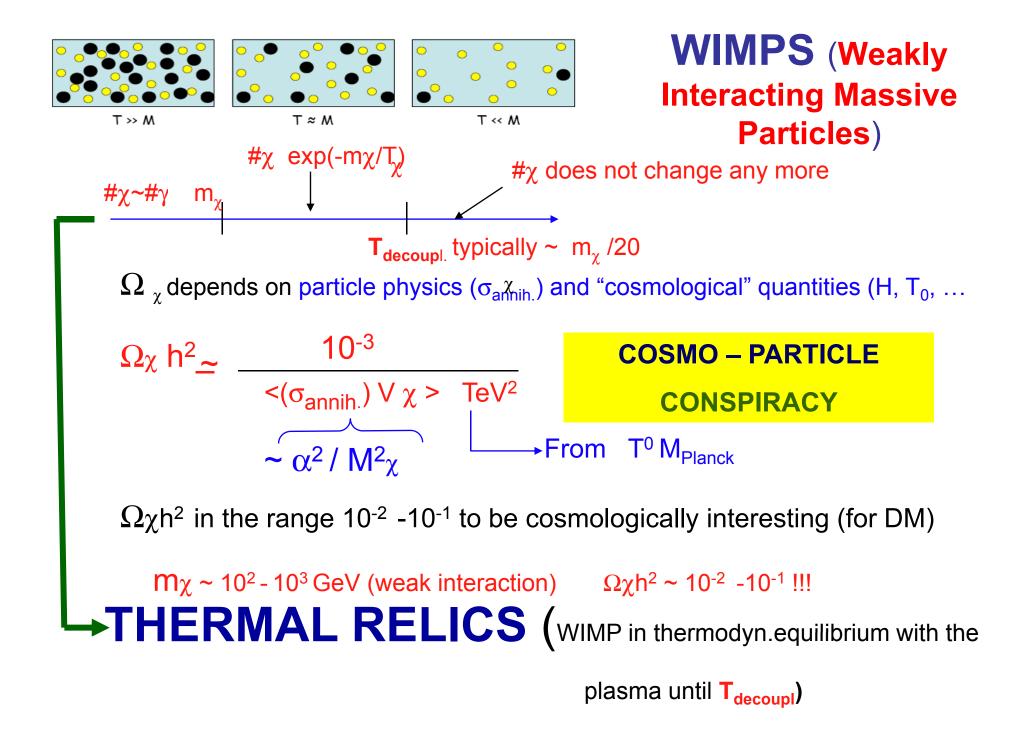
The Energy Scale from the "Observational" New Physics



The Energy Scale from the "Theoretical" New Physics

 $\begin{array}{c} \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ \end{matrix} \\ \end{tabular} Stabilization of the electroweak symmetry breaking at \\ \end{tabular} M_W \mbox{ calls for an ULTRAVIOLET COMPLETION of the SM already} \\ \end{tabular} at the TeV scale \qquad + \end{array}$

CORRECT GRAND UNIFICATION "CALLS" FOR NEW PARTICLES AT THE ELW. SCALE



SUSY & DM : a successful marriage

- Supersymmetrizing the SM does not lead necessarily to a stable SUSY particle to be a DM candidate.
- However, the mere SUSY version of the SM is known to lead to a too fast p-decay. Hence, necessarily, the SUSY version of the SM has to be supplemented with some additional (ad hoc?) symmetry to prevent the pdecay catastrophe.
- Certainly the simplest and maybe also the most attractive solution is to impose the discrete R-parity symmetry
- MSSM + R PARITY → LIGHTEST SUSY PARTICLE (LSP) IS STABLE .
- The LSP can constitute an interesting DM candidate in several interesting realizations of the MSSM (i.e., with different SUSY breaking mechanisms including gravity, gaugino, gauge, anomaly mediations, and in various regions of the parameter space).

	STA	BLE ELW. SCA PARTICLE P		n
) ENLARGEMENT OF THE SM	SUSY (x ^μ , θ)	EXTRA DIM. (X ^{µ,} j ⁱ⁾	LITTLE HIGGS. SM part + new part
•		Anticomm. Coord.	New bosonic Coord.	to cancel Λ^2 at 1-Loop
) SELECTION	R-PARITY LSP	KK-PARITY LKP	T-PARITY LTP
→D	ISCRETE SYMM	Noutralino enin 1/2	enin1	cnin0

→DISCRETE SYMM.	Neutralino spin 1/2	spin1	spin0
→STABLE NEW PART.			
3) FIND REGION (S) PARAM. SPACE WHERE THE "L" NEW PART. IS NEUTRAL + Ω _L h ² OK	m _{LSP} ~100 - 200 GeV [*]	m _{LKP} ~600 - 800 GeV	↓ m _{LTP} ~400 - 800 GeV

* But abandoning gaugino-masss unif. - Possible to have m_{LSP} down to 7 GeV

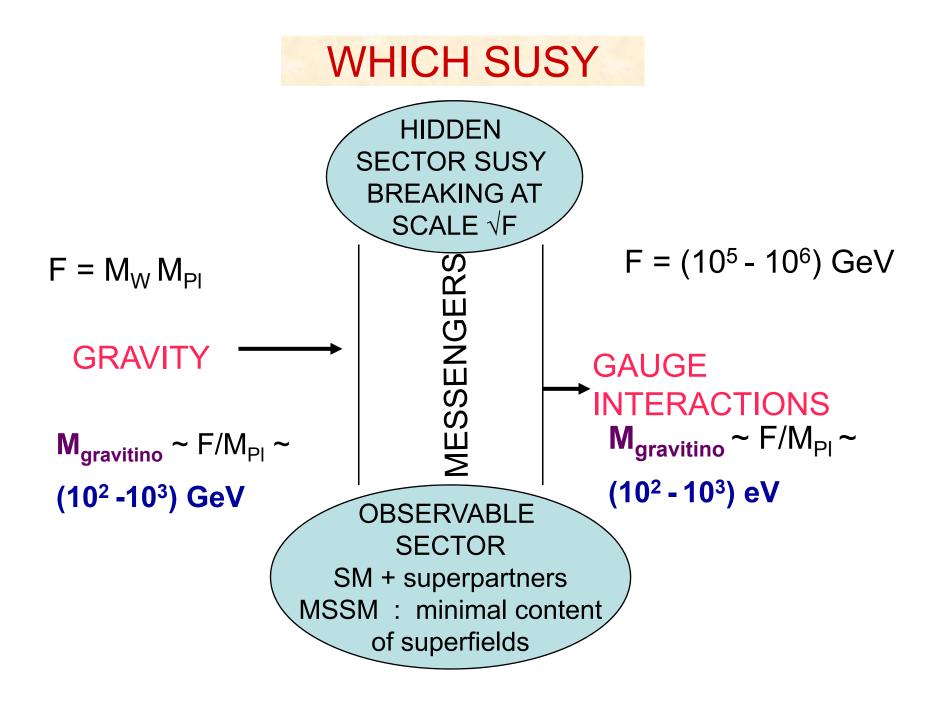
Bottino, Donato, Fornengo, Scopel

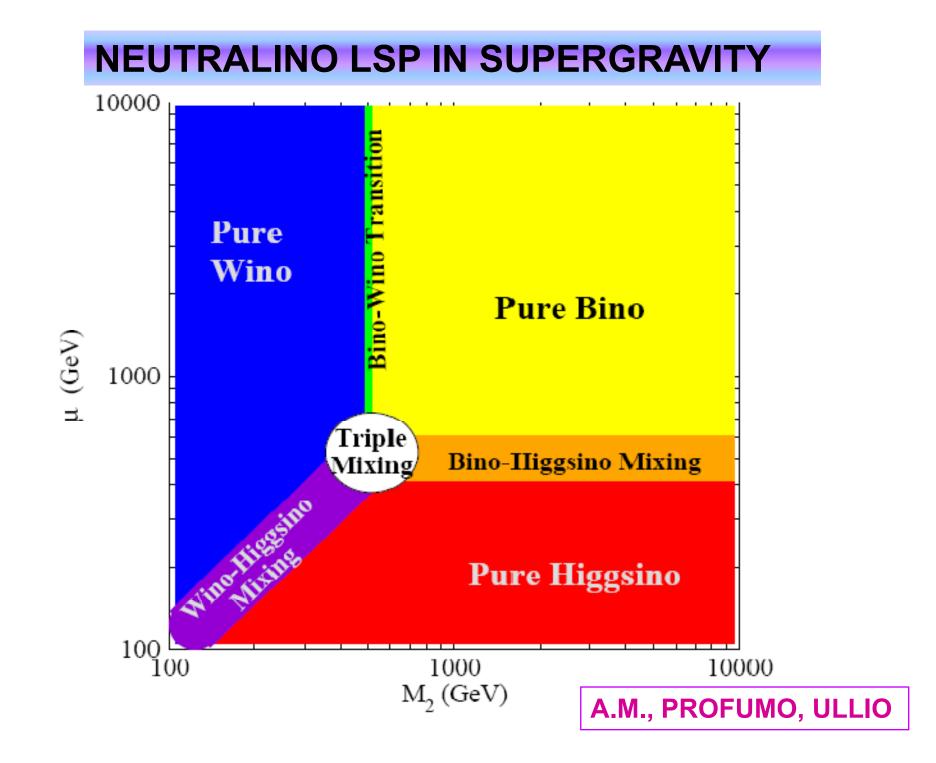
WHO IS THE LSP?

 SUPERGRAVITY (transmission of the SUSY breaking from the hidden to the obsevable sector occurring via gravitational interactions): best candidate to play the role of LSP:

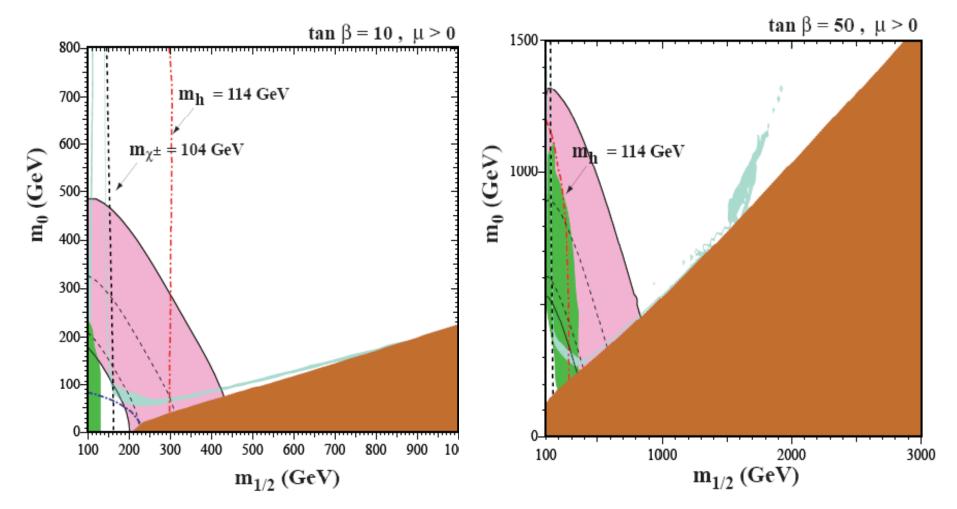
NEUTRALINO (i.e., the lightest of the four eigenstates of the 4x4 neutralino mass matrix)

In **CMSSM**: the LSP neutralino is almost entirely a **BINO**



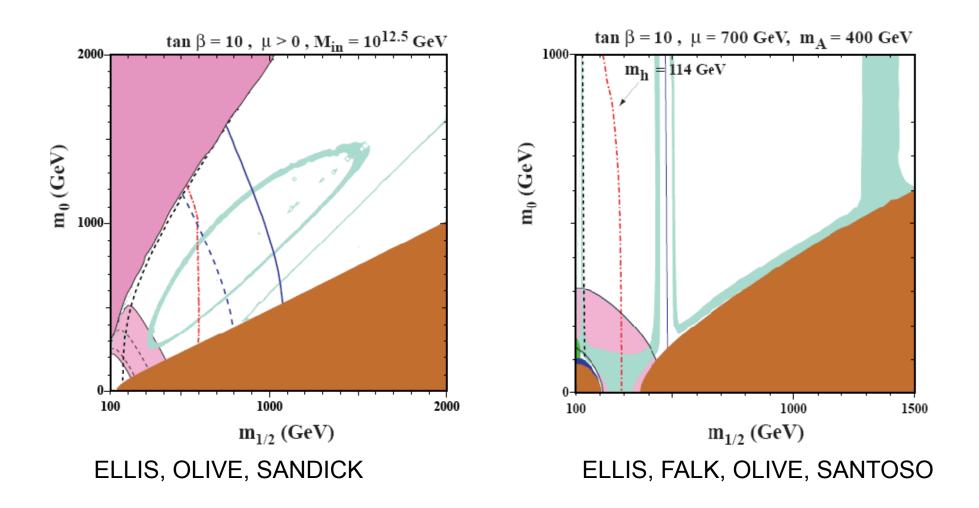


NEUTRALINO LSP IN THE CONSTRAINED MSSSM: A VERY SPECIAL SELECTION IN THE PARAMETER SPACE?



Ellis, Olive, Santoso, Spanos

LSP NEUTRALINO: THE FREEDOM IN "UN-CONSTRAINED" MSSM



GRAVITINO LSP?

- GAUGE MEDIATED SUSY BREAKING
- (GMSB) : LSP likely to be the GRAVITINO (it can be so light that it is more a warm DM than a cold DM

candidate)

Although we cannot directly detect the

gravitino, there could be interesting signatures

from the **next to the LSP (NLSP)** : for instance

the s-tau could decay into tau and gravitino,

Possibly with a very long life time, even of the order of days or months

DIFFERENT FROM THE THERMAL HISTORY OF WIMPS SWIMPS (Super Weakly Interacting Massive Particles)

- LSP Gravitino in SUSY
- - First excitation of the graviton in UED ...

They inherit the appropriate relic density through the decay of a more massive thermal species that has earlier decoupled from the thermal bath

$$\Omega_{\rm SWIMP} = \frac{m_{\rm SWIMP}}{m_{\rm NLP}} \Omega_{\rm NLP}$$

Collider experiments do not distinguish between stable ($\tau > 10^{17}$ s) and long-lived ($\tau > 10^{-7}$ s) particle

$$P' \to P \implies \Omega_{P'} = \frac{m_{P'}}{m_P} \Omega_P$$

Long-lived charged particle at the LHC ($\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{G}$)

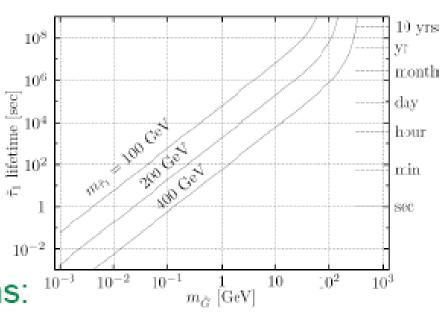
Hamaguchi-Kuno-Nakaya-Nojiri; Feng-Smith; Ellis-Raklev-Øye; Hamaguchi-Nojiri-de Roeck

Distinctive ToF and energy loss signatures

"Stoppers" in ATLAS/CMS caverns:

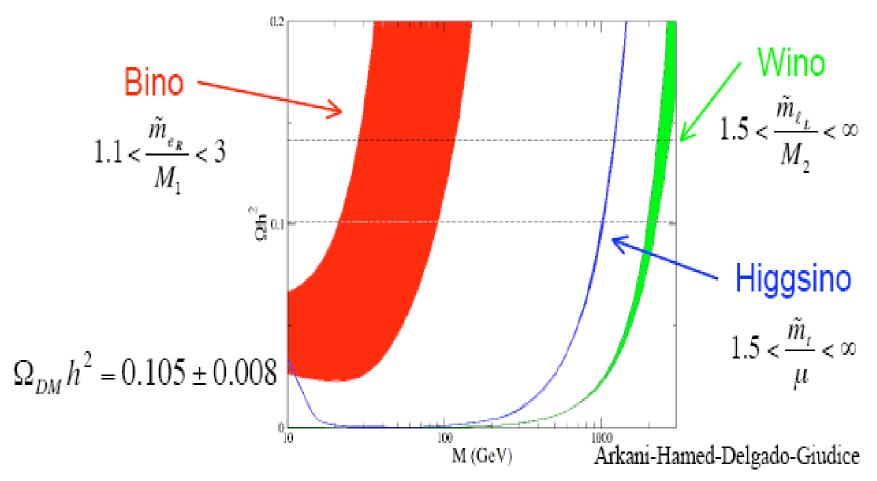
- Measure position and time of stopped $\tilde{\tau}$; time and energy of τ
- Reconstruct susy scale and gravitational coupling





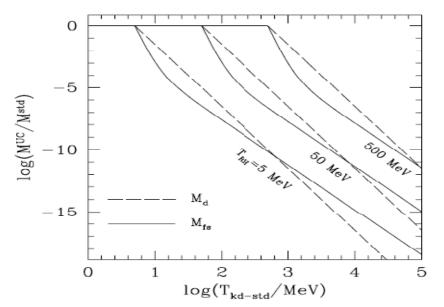
Gravitino

After LEP: tuning of the SUSY param. at the % level to correctly reproduce the DM abundance: NEED FOR A "WELL-TEMPERED" NEUTRALINO

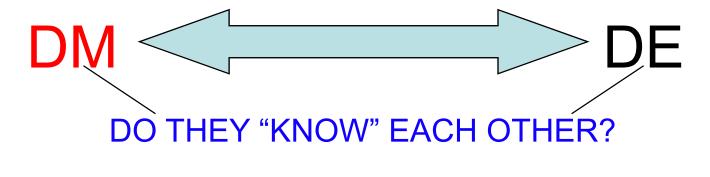


DM and NON-STANDARD COSMOLOGIES BEFORE NUCLEOSYNTHESIS

- NEUTRALINO RELIC DENSITY MAY DIFFER FROM ITS STANDARD VALUE, i.e. the value it gets when the expansion rate of the Universe is what is expected in Standard Cosmology
- WIMPS MAY BE "COLDER", i.e. they may have smaller typical velocities and, hence, they may lead to smaller masses for the first structures which form



GELMINI, GONDOLO



DIRECT INTERACTION ϕ (quintessence) WITH DARK MATTER MATTER ϕ Very LIGHT $m\phi \sim H_0^{-1} \sim 10^{-33} \text{ eV}$

Threat of violation of the equivalence principle constancy of the fundamental "constants",...

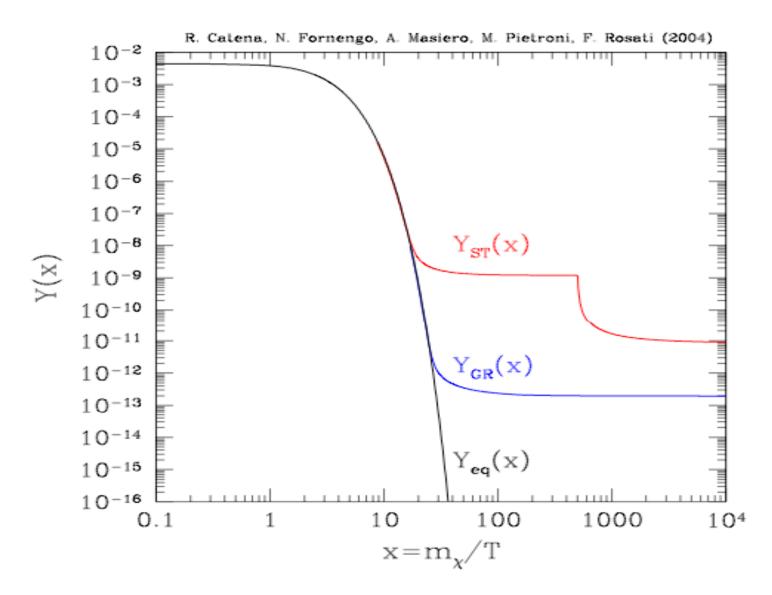
INFLUENCE OF φ ON THE NATURE AND THE ABUNDANCE OF CDM

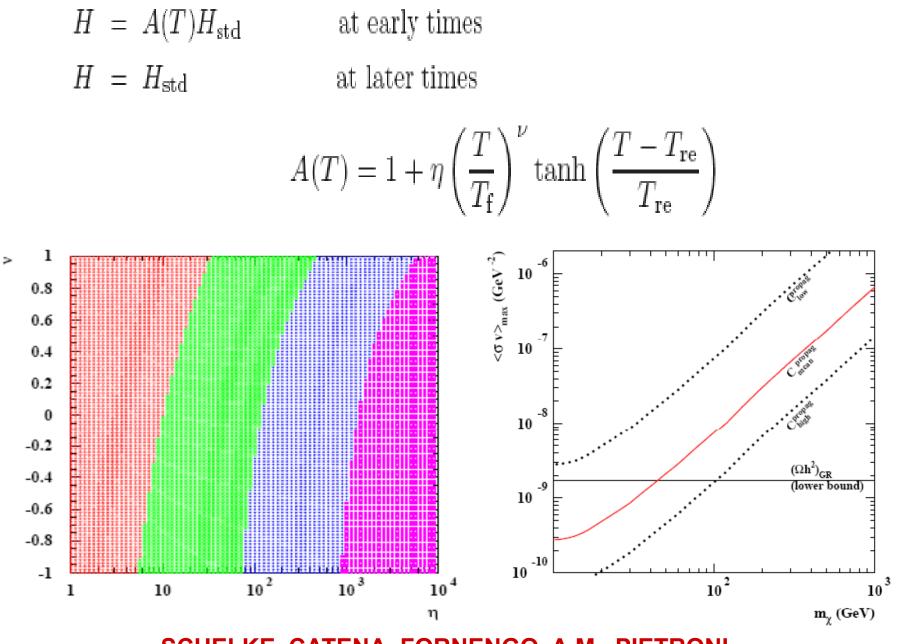
Modifications of the standard picture of WIMPs FREEZE - OUT /

CDM CANDIDATES 🖌

CATENA, FORNENGO, A.M., PIETRONI, SHELCKE

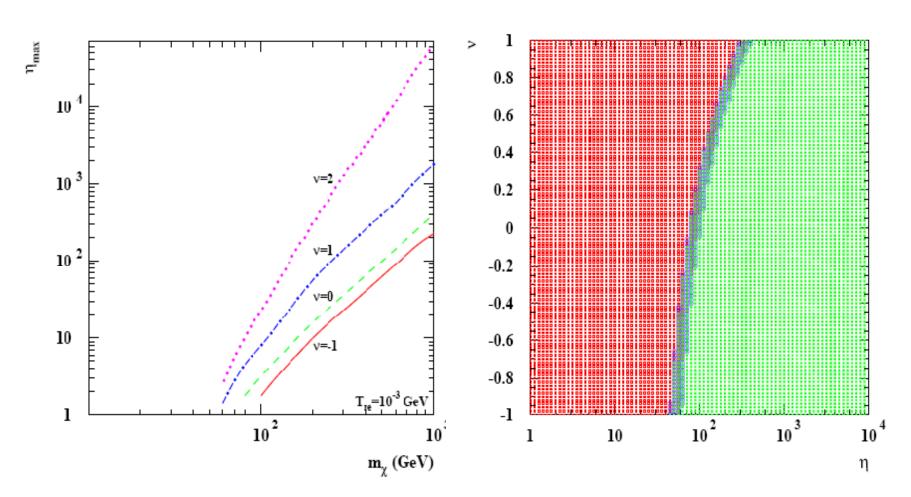
NEUTRALINO RELIC ABUNDANCE IN GR AND S-T THEORIES OF GRAVITY





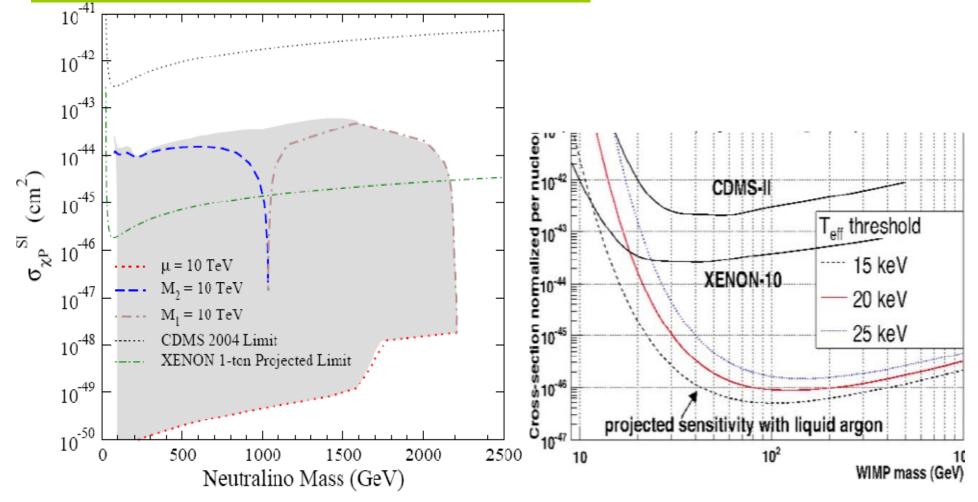
SCHELKE, CATENA, FORNENGO, A.M., PIETRONI

CONSTRAINTS ON THE ENHANCEMENT OF THE UNIV.EXPANSION RATE FROM THE LIMITS ON THE ANTIPROTON ABUNDANCE



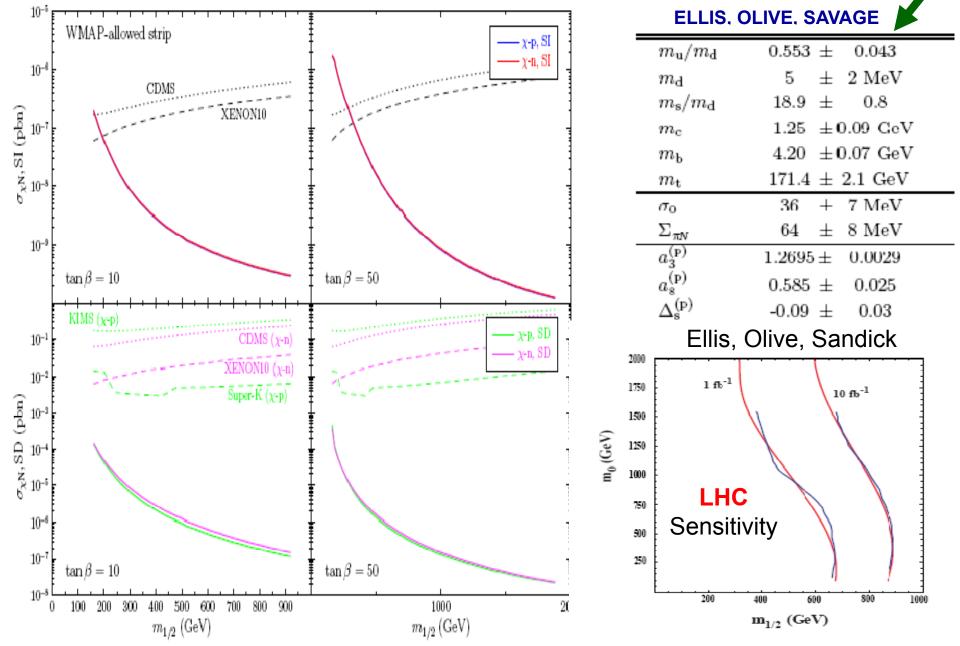
SCFMP



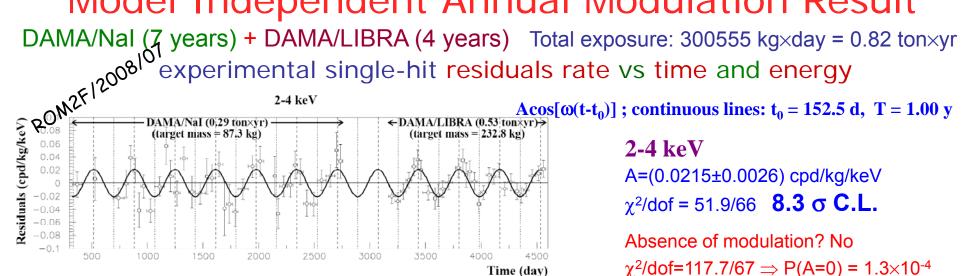


PROFUMO, A.M., ULLIO

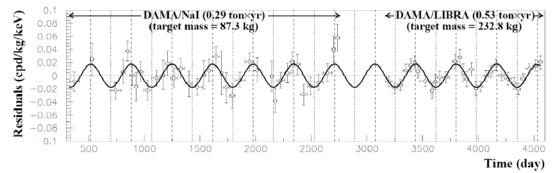
Neutralino-nucleon scattering cross sections along the WMAP-allowed coannihilation strip for tanbeta=10 and coannihilation/funnel strip for tanbeta=50 using the hadronic parameters



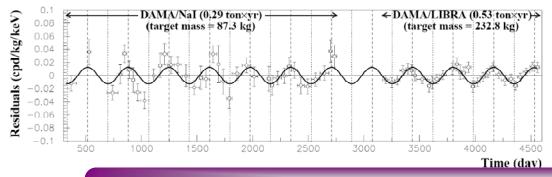
Model Independent Annual Modulation Result











 χ^{2} /dof=117.7/67 \Rightarrow P(A=0) = 1.3×10^{-4}

2-5 keV

A=(0.0176±0.0020) cpd/kg/keV χ^2 /dof = 39.6/66 **8.8 o C.L.**

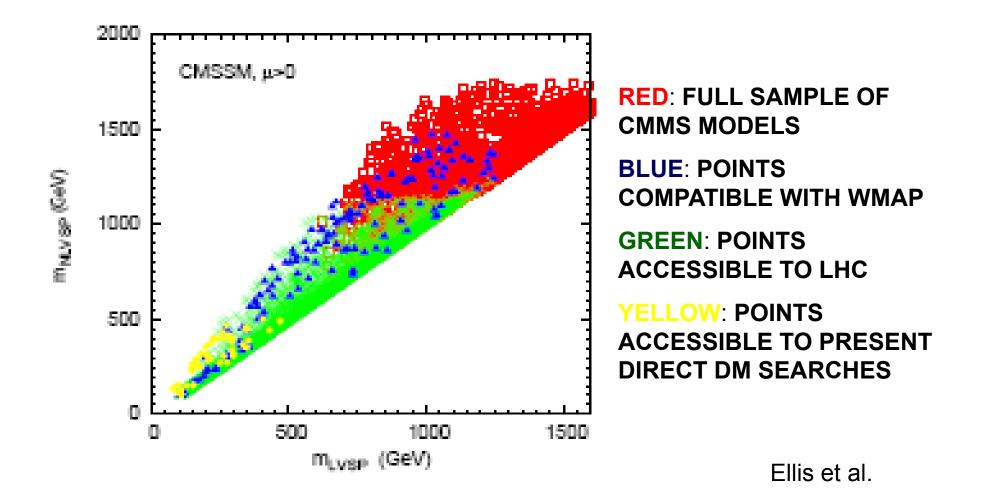
Absence of modulation? No γ^{2} /dof=116.1/67 \Rightarrow P(A=0) = 1.9×10^{-4}

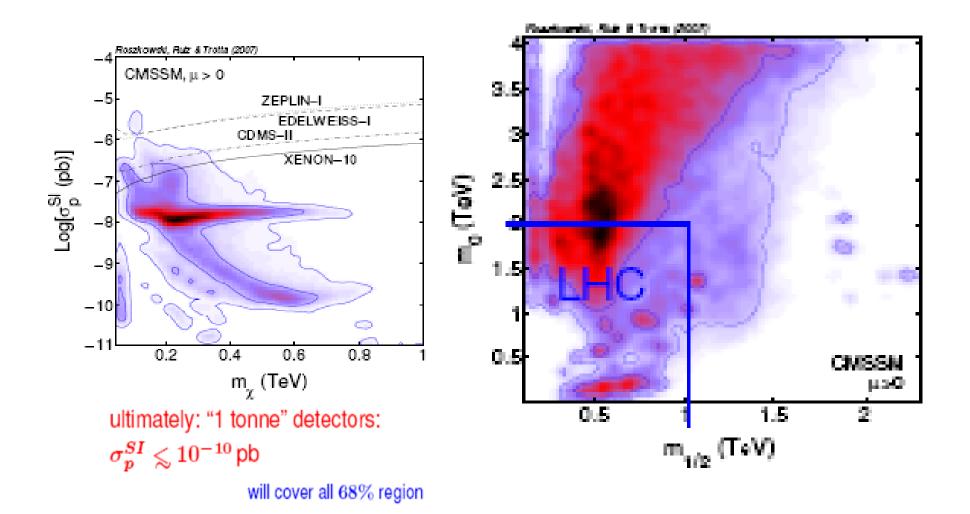
2-6 keV

A=(0.0129±0.0016) cpd/kg/keV χ^2 /dof = 54.3/66 **8.2** σ **C.L.** Absence of modulation? No χ^{2} /dof=116.4/67 \Rightarrow P(A=0) = 1.8×10^{-4}

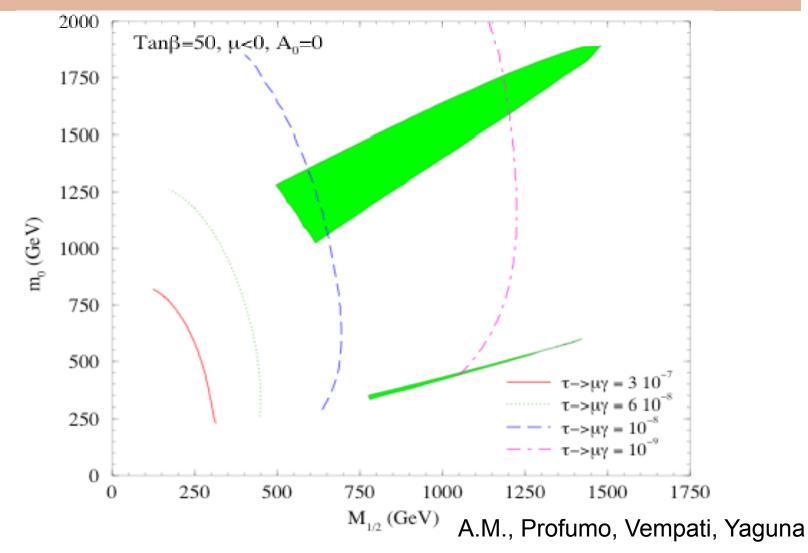
he data favor the presence of a modulated behavior with proper features at 8.2 σ C.1

PROSPECTS FOR DISCOVERING THE CMSSM AT THE LHC IN LIGHT OF WMAP





LFV - DM CONSTRAINTS IN MINIMAL SUPERGRAVITY

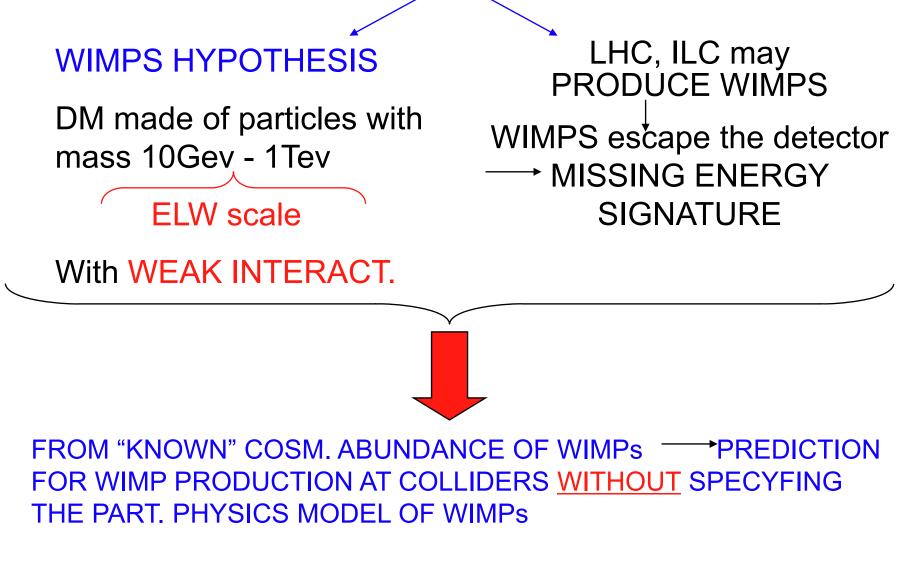


INDIRECT SEARCHES OF DM

- WIMPs collected inside celestial bodies (Earth, Sun): their annihilations produce energetic neutrinos
- WIMPs in the DM halo: WIMP annihilations can take place (in particular, their rate can be enhanced with there exists a CLUMPY distribution of DM as computer simulations of the DM distribution in the galaxies seem to suggest. From the WIMP annihilation:
- -- energetic neutrinos (under-ice, under-water exps Amanda, Antares, Nemo, Antares, Nestor future IceCube, KM3 ...)
- --photons in tens of GeV range (gamma astronomy on ground Magic, Hess, future ACT, Argo... or in space Agile, Glast...)

--antimatter: look for an excess of antimatter w.r.t. what is expected in cosmic rays (space exps. Pamela, AMS, ...)

SEARCHING FOR WIMPS



BIRKEDAL, MATCHEV, PERELSTEIN , FENG,SU, TAKAYAMA

Adding up all the above contribution we get the following SM predictions for a_µ and comparisons with the measured value:

$a_{\mu}^{\rm SM} imes 10^{11}$	$\Delta a_{\mu} \times 10^{11}$	σ
[1] 116 591 793 (60)	287 (87)	3.3
[2] 116 591 778 (61)	302 (88)	3.4
[3] 116 591 807 (72)	273(96)	2.8
[4] 116 591 828 (63)	252(89)	2.8
[5] 116 591 991 (70)	89 (95)	0.9

with $a_{\mu}^{HHO}(IbI) = 110 (40) \times 10^{-11}$.

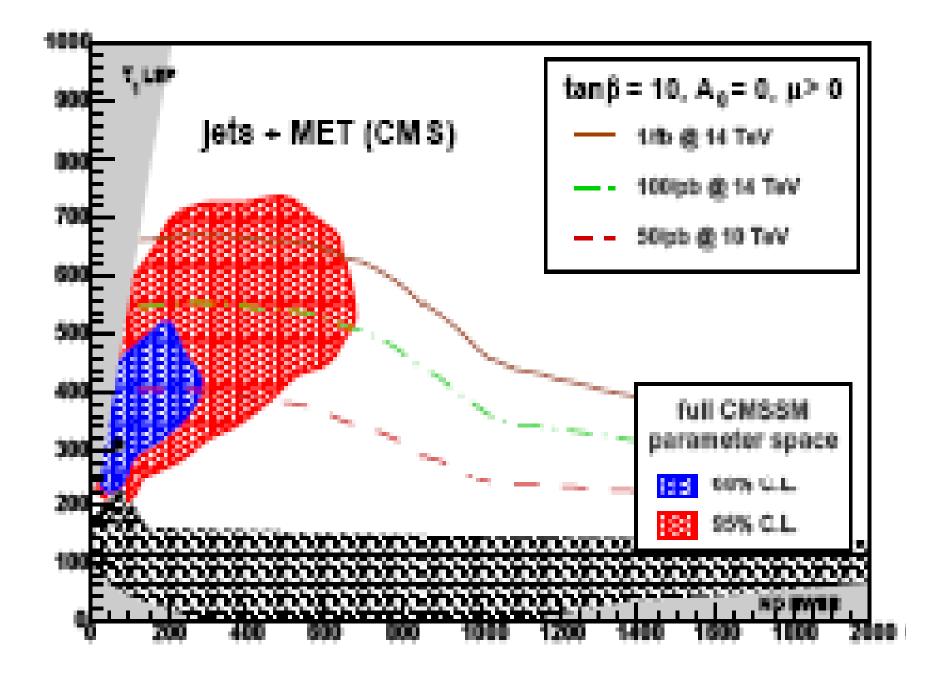
 $\Delta a_{\mu} = a_{\mu}^{EXP} - a_{\mu}^{SM}$

- [1] Eidelman at ICHEPO6 & Davier at TAUO6 (update of ref. [5]).
- [2] Hagiwara, Martin, Nomura, Teubner, PLB649 (2007) 173.
- [3] F. Jegerlehner, PhiPsi 08, Frascati, April 2008.
- [4] J.F. de Troconiz and F.J. Yndurain, PRD71 (2005) 073008.
- [5] Davier, Eidelman, Hoecker and Zhang, EPJC31 (2003) 503 (r data).

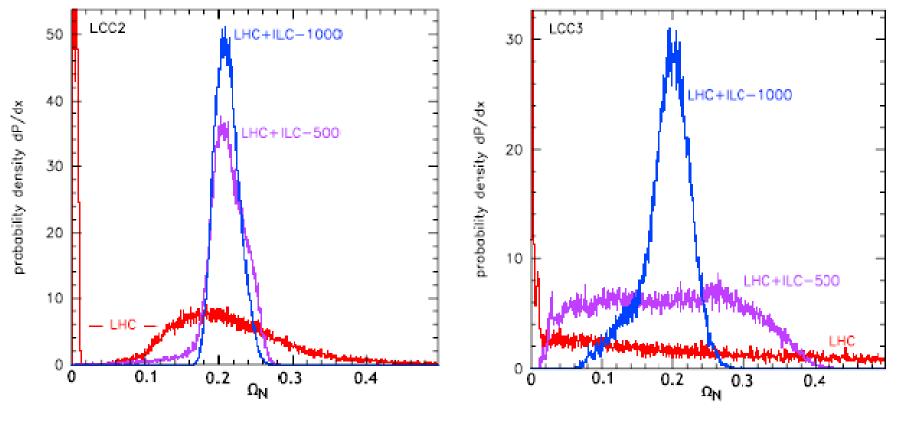
The th error is now the same (or even smaller) as the exp. one!
 If BaBar's prelim. results are used instead, Δa_µ drops to ~1.7σ.

M. Passera - TU Munich - 14.11.08

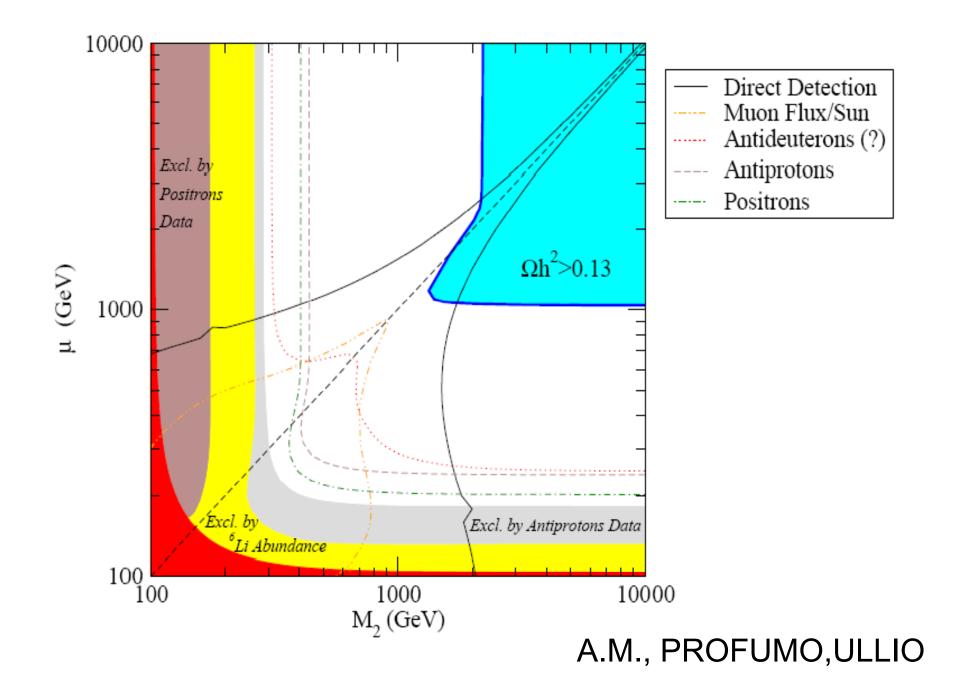
Courtesy of M. Passera

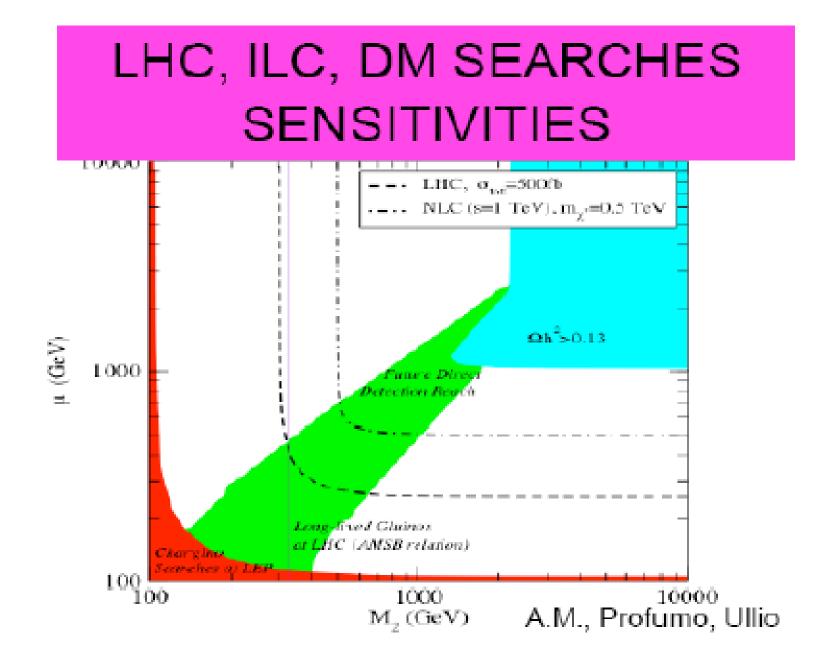


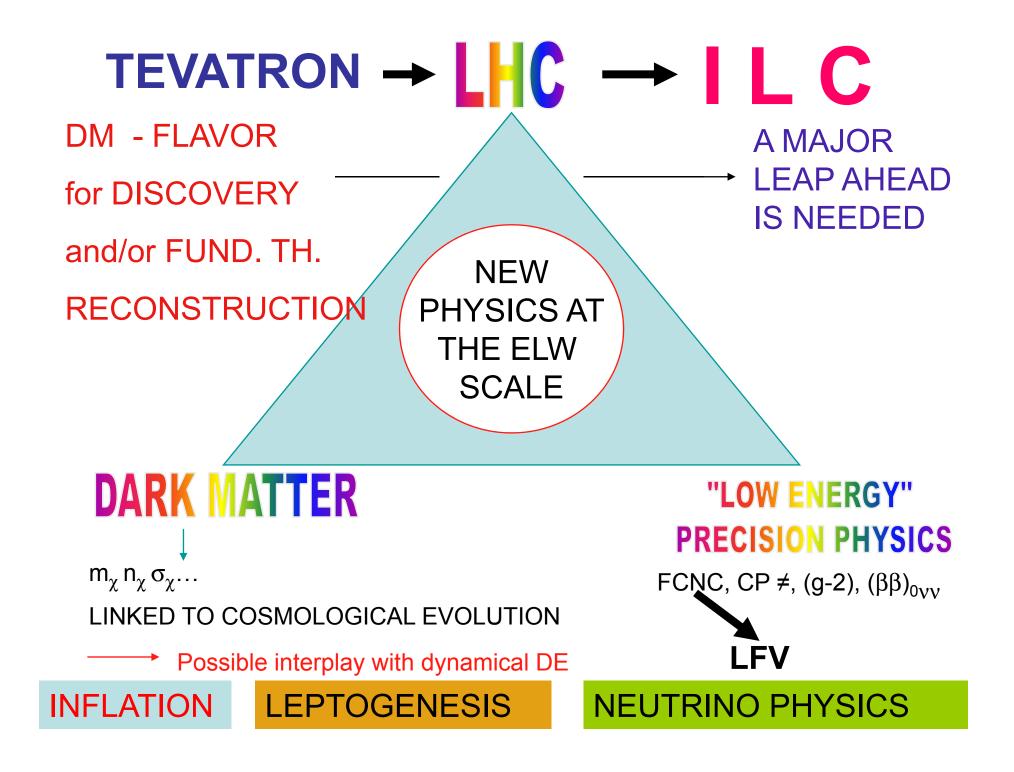
PREDICTION OF Ω DM FROM LHC AND ILC FOR TWO DIFFERENT SUSY PARAMETER SETS



BALTZ, BATTAGLIA, PESKIN, WIZANSKY







Some final thoughts

- Very solid evidence of (a large amount of) NON-BARYONIC COLD DM
- In the SM NO CANDIDATE FOR COLD DM (ordinary neutrinos are hot DM; indeed, the best limit on neutrino masses comes from cosmology!)
- WIMPS: (very) appealing COSMO (HBB SM) PARTICLE (GWS SM) "conspiracy" in providing the (quantitatively and qualitatively) right DM
- WIMPS can be part of the NEW PHYSICS at the ELW scale (link ultraviolet completion of the SM – DM constituents)
- Possibility of a joint cosmo and particle exploration of the TeV New Physics
- If WIMP is the DM: complementary hunting for TeV New Physics at LHC and in DIRECT and INDIRECT searches of DM