



#### **Evaluations in HEP**

Joint RECFA/ECFA and EPS-HEPP panel: Guy Wormser (chair), Matteo Cavalli Sforza, Karl Jakobs, Manfred Krammer (ex officio), Thomas Lohse (ex officio), Claudia-Elisabeth Wulz

> Guy Wormser, LAL Orsay, Plenary ECFA meeting, CERN, November 21, 2014

### Talk outline

- The context and the need
- The method and schedule
- Presentation of the skeleton
- Initial remarks from HEPP-EPS board
- Conclusion

#### Some ever-standing questions

- How to identify and distinguish the work of our colleagues in the present context of very large HEP collaborations
- How to make sure that our colleagues, and especially our young colleagues, are properly evaluated in circles external to HEP (universities, EU grants, etc ...), especially when competing with non HEP candidates
- General increase of external « standalone » evaluation (eg EU ERC calls where the first step does not imply external referees and where non HEP people are present in the boards)

# A problem addressed several times in the past

- This problem was already addressed in RECFA and IUPAP-C11 committees several years ago :
- Final Report by the Working Group on Authorship in Large Scientific Collaborations in Experimental High Energy Physics (June 2006)

http://docdb.fnal.gov/C11-public/DocDB/ShowDocument?docid=4

 Assessment of Individual Achievements in Large Collaborations in Particle Physics (Oct 2008)

http://docdb.fnal.gov/C11-public/DocDB/ShowDocument?docid=19

Mainly focused on the publication policy, just before the start of the LHC experiments

# A hopefully new approach

- Full acknowledgement of the current authorship and publications practices
- Produce a document with two detachable sections :
- Section 1 : for HEP internal usage : description of HEP current methods used for evaluation with some recommendations
- Section 2 : for outside HEP usage : description of the HEP internal practices regarding evaluation :
- Guide of the Evaluation of a HEP candidate for non HEP experts

# Working method

- Initial discussions during July 2014 RECFA meeting
- Joint committee from RECFA and HEPP-EPS board (M. Cavalli-Sforza, K. Jacobs, C. Wulz, GW) together with the two chairs (T. Lohse, M. Krammer)
- Several phone meetings
- Decision to produce a SKELETON to be discussed at HEPP-EPS (Oct 15) and at RECFA (Nov 21), followed by a DRAFT to be finally approved during Plenary ECFA meeting in July 2015
- There will be a small number of writers but we welcome many READERS for Plenary ECFA, for comments

#### Schedule

Discussion of first layout in EPS-HEPP board:	17 Oct. 2014
Presentation/discussion in RECFA:	today
Iterated version for PECFA:	21 Nov. 2014
Draft of full document to be circulated to some HEP and non	-HEP circles: Jan. 2015
Final draft for RECFA:	March/April 2015
Approval of final version by PECFA:	July 2015

#### The skeleton contents

In blue, some initial remarks from RECFA colleagues

1	Skeleton v2.2 - 8 October 2014				
2					
3					
4	1. Motivation and purpose of this document				
5	This document is for candidates and advisers.				
6	Potentially difficult situation for young people to be recognized and properly				
7	evaluated , especially when competing in non-HEP contexts				
8	1.A inside HEP				
9	<ul> <li>Not easy in very large collaborations</li> </ul>				
10	<ul> <li>Reference HEP evaluation processes</li> </ul>				
11	<ul> <li>Identify and encourage best practices</li> </ul>				
12	1.B outside HEP				
13	<ul> <li>provide a memento to non-HEP evaluator on standard HEP practices</li> </ul>				
14	regarding publications and evaluations criteria and processes				
15	<ul> <li>Practical guidelines</li> </ul>				
16					

18	2. Evaluation practice and comments for the benefit of the HEP community				
19					
20 21	<u>2.1 Collecting available facts</u> :				
22	2.1 concerning available juers.				
23 24	<u>2.1.0. Personal Web page (stress its importance)</u> Not a very popular practice yet				
25	2.1.1 Publicly available documents:				
26	publications				
27	<ul> <li>conference presentations, proceedings (of conferences,</li> </ul>				
28	schools)(contributed, proposed by Collaboration, overview/summary				
29	talks), (specify the type of conference - major international, national,				
30	topical,)				
31	• seminars				
32	<ul> <li>other public documents such as reviewed Collaboration notes (e.g. ATLAS</li> </ul>				
33	CONF notes, CMS Notes, CMS Physics Analysis Summaries, Letters of				
34	Intent, Proposals, Design Reports)				
35	<ul> <li>book contributions, magazine articles</li> </ul>				
36	<ul> <li>citation indices, if useful – for experimentalists in large collaborations,</li> </ul>				
37	indices may not be useful. Recommendation to				
38	2.1.2 Documents that are not in the public domain: collaborations for keeping				
39					
40	open public records				
41 42	<ul> <li>software packages for physics analysis, simulation, reconstruction etc.</li> </ul>				
42	•				
44	2.1.3 Visibility within large collaborations				
45	<ul> <li>top-level positions, convenorships, leading roles in projects or working</li> </ul>				
46	groups				
47	<ul> <li>Suggestion to collaborations and agencies: keep public record of</li> </ul>				
48	such appointments				
40	add Analysis review				
49					
50	<ul> <li>Work in editorial boards of collaboration publications</li> <li>Major presentations within collaboration (overview or plenary talks)</li> <li>Committee</li> </ul>				
51	- Major presentations within contaboration (overview or pictuary tarks)				
52	2.1.4 Accomplishments of the candidates				
53	New ideas, theoretical or experimental				
55 54					
54 55					
55 56	Contributions to software and computing				

57	<u>2.2 Criteria for evaluation</u>	
58		
59	2.2.1 Factual criteria	
60	All of the above plus :	
61	<ul> <li>Prizes, awards and distinctions</li> </ul>	
62	<ul> <li>including also fellowships, professorships,</li> </ul>	
63	<ul> <li>Fund-raising record: National agencies, EU programs such as ERC grants,</li> </ul>	
64	etc.	
65	<ul> <li>Participation in committees and boards as chair or member</li> </ul>	
66	<ul> <li>Suggestion to committees and boards: keep public record</li> </ul>	Responsabilities in
67	<ul> <li>Refereeing of several types (papers, people, projects) and reviews of</li> </ul>	home institution
68	institutions	nome institution
69	<ul> <li>Not always publicly available, and often with some delay</li> </ul>	
70	(confidentiality, some entities make lists of reviewers public from	
71	time to time)	
72	<ul> <li>Work as editor or in editorial boards of journals</li> </ul>	
73	<ul> <li>Supervision of students and mentoring</li> </ul>	
74	<ul> <li>International experience</li> </ul>	
75	Outreach participation	
76	<ul> <li>Training and acquisition of special skills</li> </ul>	
77		
78	2.2.2 Subjective criteria, for referees (or letters of recommendation)	
79	Scientific contributions, original ideas, initiative	eparate these aspects
80	Leaderonip, work in a team	eparate these aspects
81	<ul> <li>Deep and broad knowledge of the field</li> </ul>	
82	<ul> <li>Level of relevant skills (theoretical knowledge, experimental capabilities,</li> </ul>	
83	engineering)	Wide spectrum of
84	<ul> <li>Experience of detector technology, data analysis, computing technologies</li> </ul>	competences
85	<ul> <li>Language and communication skills</li> </ul>	competences
86	<ul> <li>Maturity, compared to career level and future growth potential</li> </ul>	
87	<ul> <li>Comparison with other candidates or students at similar career level</li> </ul>	
88	Outreach skills	
89	<ul> <li>Teaching and supervising experience</li> </ul>	
90	Fund-raising experience	
91	<ul> <li>Ability to work under pressure</li> </ul>	
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#### 94 2.3 The letters of recommendation

95

96 <u>Suggested table of contents of recommendation letters:</u>

#### • The potential authors should state their position

- They should clarify relationship between author and candidate
- 99 Work of the candidate
- 100 Facts regarding the candidate
- 101 Assessment of the candidate in the context of the evaluation criteria
- Final comments, more subjective
- 103 Remark: Avoidance of unintended gender bias and stereotypes in writing
- 104 recommendation letters

108		HEP scientists are evaluated: Info for non-HEP colleagues	
109		nary notes about this document:	
110		must not sound like we are telling colleagues what they should do.	
111	•	should not claim that HEP is special. Instead, it is a trend-setter. Other	
112		branches of science may move in the direction of HEP.	
113			
114		<u>P experiments context</u>	
115	•	Front-line work must be done in collaborations that may last decades a	
116		span from tens to thousands of authors	Very long lifetime
117	•	Necessary because of complexity of apparatus and time to take and	
118		analyze data	cycle of our
119			projects
120		blications and authorship practice	projects
121	•	List of publications in journals	
122		• Where to get it: Spires, ResearchGate – explain the differences	
123		Exemplify variety of collaboration authorship rules (mention Belle mod	-
124		Papers typically list all collaboration members, often in alphabetical or	rder.
125		Therefore authors may have many papers.	
126		Why? Necessary to keep cohesion over so many years	
127		Authorship rules exist, requiring concrete contributions	
128	•	Within HEP community, colleagues usually stress their role in a few	
129		choice papers.	
130	•	Even with very few authors, hard to differentiate contributions	
131			
132		<u>cess to documentation and facts</u>	
133		Articles on refereed journals in general are accessible to referees	
134	•	Caveats on journal impact factors (differences Europe/US/AsiaPacific,	
135		differences in journal preferences for different fields of physics,)	
136		Virtually no important HEP papers are sent to Nature or Science	
137		Caveats on use of citation indices	
138	•	In our field sometimes candidates need to make available to referees	
139		unpublished studies, conference talks (which are competitively assigned	ed
140		within collaborations), seminars.	

# 142 <u>3.4 Letters of recommendation: who writes them</u> 143

- In our field, candidates often need letters from colleagues within their
- 145 large collaboration. This does not necessarily create a conflict of interest

#### **Recommendations from EPS-HEPP board 17 Oct 2014**

General:

 Avoid patronizing outside people (or creating the impression to do so); rather work on improving things within HEP

- Document should aggressively address the lack of publicly available information like internal notes (titles, authors), assignment history for management positions, definitions of managing positions

 Make clear that HEP with its large collaborations is not special, it rather is a trendsetter

#### **Recommendations from EPS-HEPP board 17 Oct 2014**

Details:

- Say that the note is intended to help the community to become better visible to the outside

- Mention shift and service work and teaching merits in evaluation letters / applications

 Applications should start with a short sentence on author list (normally alphabetical order) and applicants should highlight central papers

- Mention autonomy from tutor or home institution as important aspect for evaluation

### Conclusion

- This « Evaluation document » is a difficult exercice : several previous attempts had little impact. However, there is large consensus that it is worth trying !
- A pragmatic approach is adopted : dual goal : « take stock » of our practices and mainly explain them to the non HEP world
- Will nevertheless contain some (hopefully useful) recommendations to the HEP community regarding documentation of publicly available informations, recommendation letters, etc...
- We need some volunteers to read the future draft and participate to its final edition.