

Cross Section Measurements of the Standard Model Multiboson ($WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ & $WWW \rightarrow ll\nu\nu\nu$)

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History of Collaboration

1. WW->lvlv 7 TeV

Shu Li's PhD thesis. Defense at 07/2012

Supervisors: Yanwen Liu, Emmanuel Monnier, Zhengguo Zhao

Paper: Phys. Rev. D 87, 112001 (2013)

2. WW->lvlv 8 TeV

To be Jun Gao's PhD thesis.

Supervisors: Emmanuel Monnier, Yanwen Liu

3. WWW->lvlv 8 TeV & 14 TeV

To be Ruiqi Zhang's PhD thesis.

Supervisors: Cristinel Diaconu, Emmanuel Monnier, Yanwen Liu

OUTLINE

WW-lvlv 8 TeV analysis status

- CONF note last summer

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1728248>

- Being close to publication. Aim for summer paper.

Supporting note for paper draft: <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1612388>

WWW-lvlvlv 8 TeV analysis status

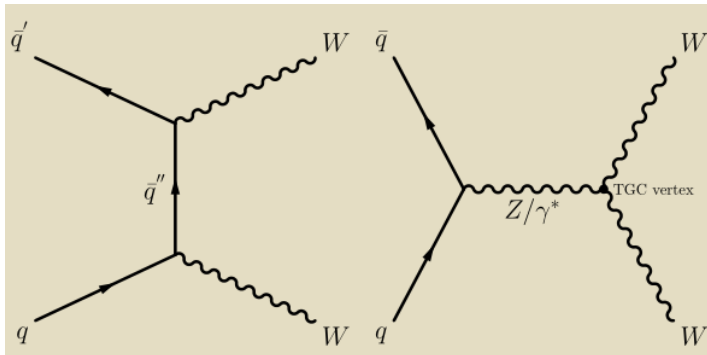
- A analysis newly started

- Will continue for Run 2

WW->lvlv

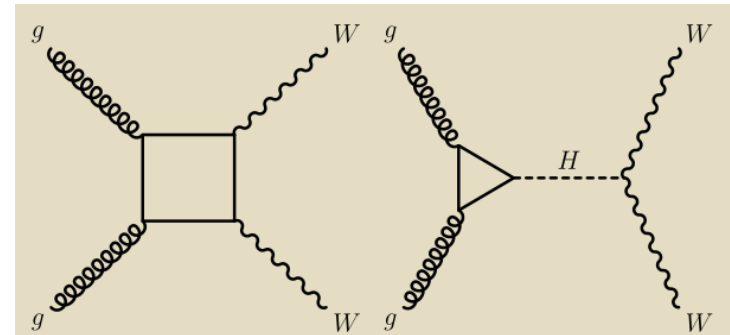
Physics Overview

qq->WW production (~90%)



gg->WW (~2%)

gg->H->WW (~6%)



➤ **Motivation:**

- Important test of the electroweak sector of the Standard Model
- Irreducible background for Higgs study
- Sensitive to new physics beyond SM

The predicted total WW cross section (NNLO) $63.2_{-1.8}^{+2.0}$ pb

Event Selection

Use full 2012 dataset : total integrated luminosity 20.3 fb⁻¹

- 2 opposite sign leptons (ee, μμ, eμ channel)
P_T(leading lepton) >25 GeV P_T(trailing lepton) >20 GeV
- Trigger requirement

➤ M_{ll} >15GeV (10 GeV) for ee and μμ (eμ) *suppress QCD, Z+jets*

➤ |M_{ll} -M_z |>15 GeV for ee and μμ

➤ E_T^{miss*} > 45 GeV (15 GeV) for ee and μμ (eμ)

➤ P_T^{miss*} > 45 GeV (20 GeV) for ee and μμ (eμ)

➤ Δφ(E_T^{miss}, P_T^{miss}) < 0.3 (0.6) ee and μμ (eμ)

suppress Z+jets

➤ Veto events if containing selected jets

suppress Top

* E_T^{miss} : calorimeter-based missing transverse momentum

* P_T^{miss} : track-based missing transverse momentum

Background estimation methods

➤ **Top** $t\bar{t}$ and Wt where no jets are detected

Jet Veto Survival Probability method (base-line)

Transfer Factor method

Simultaneous Fit method

➤ **W+jets** Jets fake lepton

Matrix method (base -line)

Fake Factor method

➤ **Z+jets** Missing E_t mismeasurement

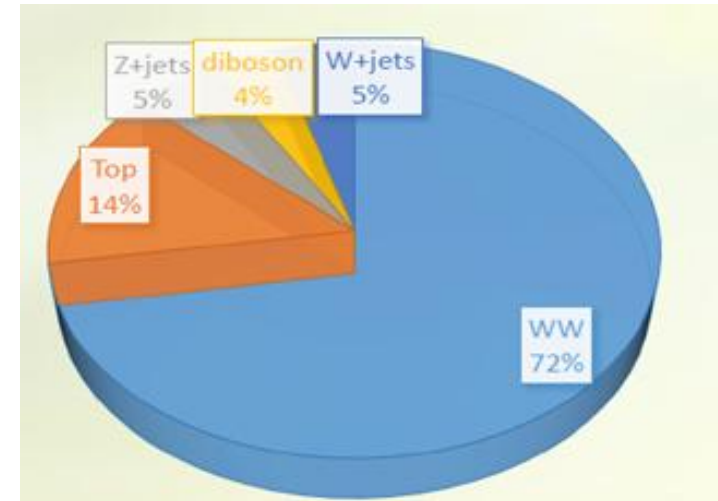
Simultaneous Fit method (base-line)

Transfer Factor method

ABCD method

➤ **Other Diboson** $W\gamma, W\gamma^*, WZ, ZZ$

MC estimation



For data-driven estimation

- Take method with smaller systematics as baseline
- Other methods in agreement with the baseline

W+jets :Matrix method

$$\begin{bmatrix} N_{RR} \\ N_{RF} \\ N_{FR} \\ N_{FF} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_1 r_2 & r_1 f_2 & f_1 r_2 & f_1 f_2 \\ r_1(1-r_2) & r_1(1-f_2) & f_1(1-r_2) & f_1(1-f_2) \\ (1-r_1)r_2 & (1-r_1)f_2 & (1-f_1)r_2 & (1-f_1)f_2 \\ (1-r_1)(1-r_2) & (1-r_1)(1-f_2) & (1-f_1)(1-r_2) & (1-f_1)(1-f_2) \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} N_{TT} \\ N_{TL} \\ N_{LT} \\ N_{LL} \end{bmatrix}$$

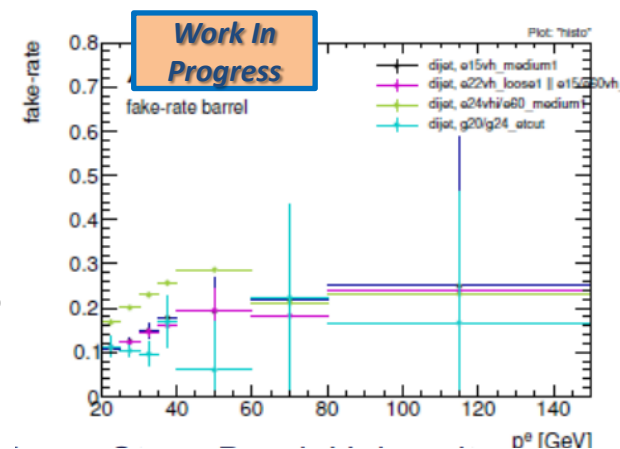
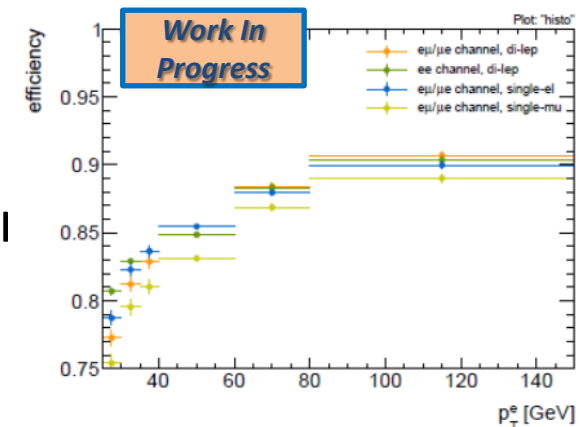
$$N_{W+jets} = N_{RF} \cdot r_1 f_2 + N_{FR} \cdot f_1 r_2$$

$$N_{QCD} = N_{FF} \cdot f_1 f_2$$

F: Fake R: real r: signal lepton efficiency f: fake rate T: tight lepton L: loose lepton

At the same time this method provides QCD estimation.

- Loose lepton definition
- No Impact parameter or isolation requirement
- Fake rate
- Measured from di-jet events.
- Signal lepton efficiency
- Measured using MC simulation with data-to-MC correction
- Main Systematics
- From uncertainty on input efficiencies ~10%
- Sample dependence ~50%



Top: Jet Veto Survival Probability Method

*B. Mellado, X. Ruan, Z. Zhang
Phys. Rev. D 84 (2011) 096005.*

➤ Two Control regions:

1st CR:

To compare jet-veto efficiency between DATA and MC

Select pure top events by b-tag requirement

2nd CR:

To derive jet-veto efficiency in top MC

Full selection with $H_{T*} > 130\text{GeV}$ instead of jet-veto

H_T : scalar sum of P_T for
leptons and jets
To suppress the signal
contamination

➤ Main Systematics:

➤ Experimental uncertainties

Jet Energy Scale(JES) $\sim 4\%$, Jet Energy Resolution(JER) $\sim 2\%$, B-tagging $\sim 4\%$

➤ Theoretical uncertainties

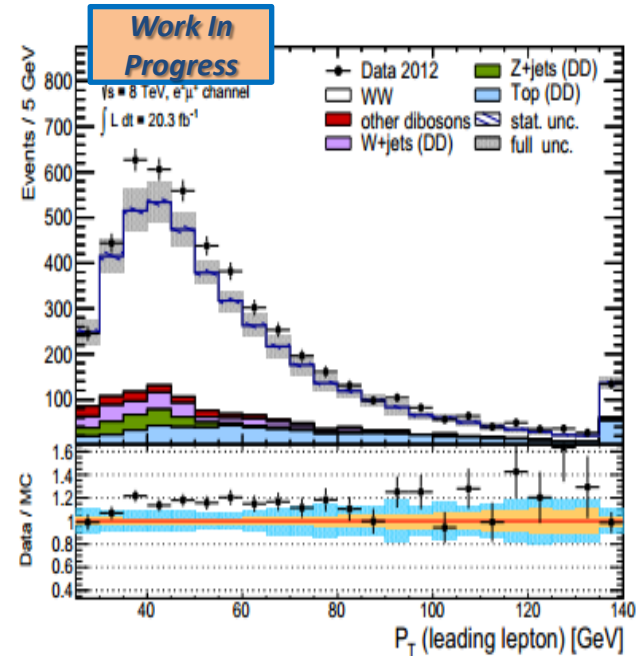
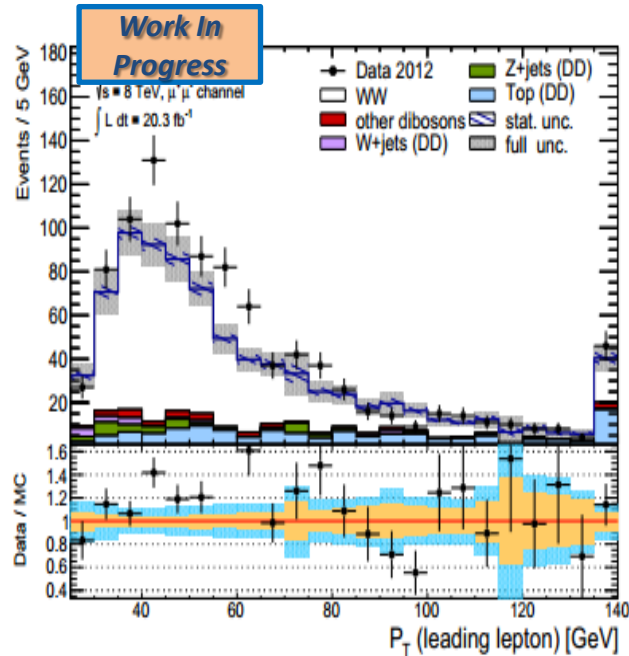
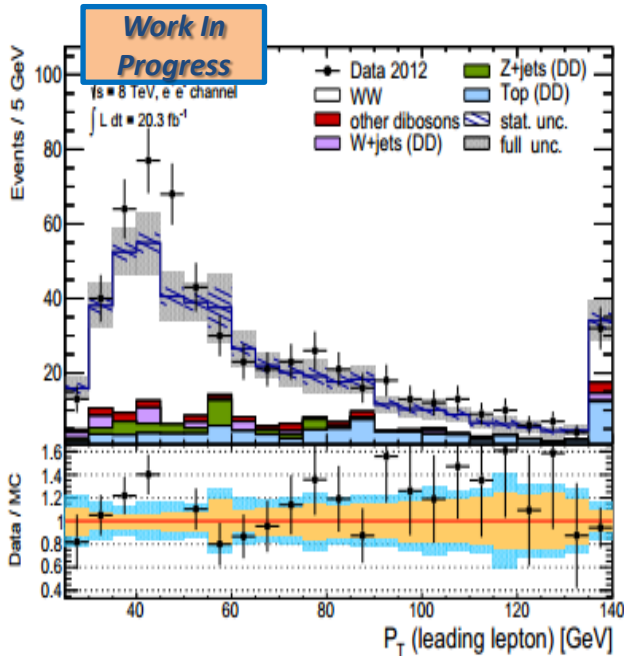
MC generator/Parton Shower $\sim 6\%$

Non-top subtraction in the 1st CR $\sim 2\%$

Z+jets : Simultaneous fit

- This method use the template fit to simultaneously constrain the background and signal normalization
- In our analysis, Top fixed by JVSP and W+jets fixed by Matrix method
- DY control region: remove $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, P_T^{\text{miss}})$ cut , and invert P_t^{miss}
- Drell-Yan normalisation extracted from the fit
- Main systematic sources
Jet Energy Scale(JES) $\sim 4\%$, Jet Energy Resolution(JER) $\sim 2\%$, Missing ET $\sim 4\%$, MC parton shower $\sim 7\%$

Distributions for selected events



- Data $\sim 20\%$ off
- Shape in agreement between data and prediction

Reconstruction Efficiency
(Correction factor)

$$C_{WW} = \frac{N_{WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu}^{reco\ fiducial\ region}}{N_{WW \rightarrow l'\nu l'\nu}^{gen\ fiducial\ region}}$$

Acceptance

$$A_{WW} = \frac{N_{WW \rightarrow l'\nu l'\nu}^{gen\ fiducial\ region}}{N_{WW \rightarrow l'\nu l'\nu}^{all\ gen}}$$

Take $e\mu$ channel as an example

➤ Experimental uncertainties

mainly from pileup (1.3%) , missing ET (~3%), jet energy scale(~4%), jet energy resolution(1.3%)

➤ Theoretical uncertainties

jet veto (4.3%) , Parton Shower+Generator (4.0%)

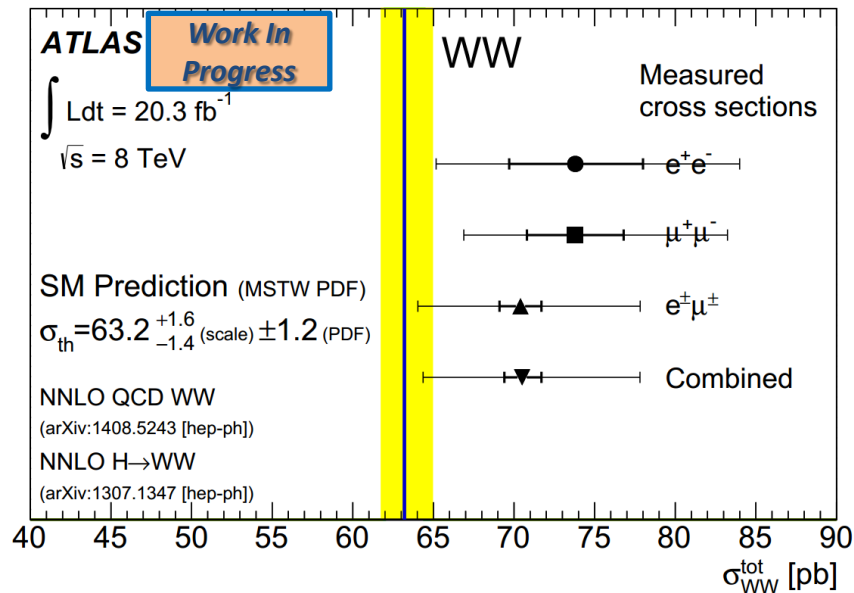
Cross-section

Work In Progress

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W^+W^-) = \frac{N_{\text{data}} - N_{\text{bg}}}{A_{WW} \times C_{WW} \times \mathcal{L} \times \text{Br}}$$

- Determined from the three channels observed candidates by minimising the log-likelihood function

Channel	Cross Section [pb]
ee	$73.9^{+4.2}_{-4.1}(\text{stat})^{+9.0}_{-7.3}(\text{syst})^{+2.3}_{-2.1}(\text{lumi})$
$\mu\mu$	$73.8^{+3.1}_{-3.0}(\text{stat})^{+8.4}_{-6.9}(\text{syst})^{+2.2}_{-2.1}(\text{lumi})$
$e\mu$	$70.4^{+1.3}_{-1.3}(\text{stat})^{+6.9}_{-5.8}(\text{syst})^{+2.1}_{-2.0}(\text{lumi})$
combined	$70.6^{+1.1}_{-1.1}(\text{stat})^{+6.7}_{-5.6}(\text{syst})^{+2.1}_{-2.0}(\text{lumi})$



Compared to theory 63.2 pb (NNLO)

+1.1 σ deviation

www->lvlvlv

Introduction

➤ Motivation :

- 4-W vertex never directly measured before .
Place limits for aQGC
- Sensitive to HWW coupling .

$$\mathcal{L}_{s,0} = [(D_\mu\phi)^\dagger D_\nu\phi] \times [(D^\mu\phi)^\dagger D^\nu\phi]$$

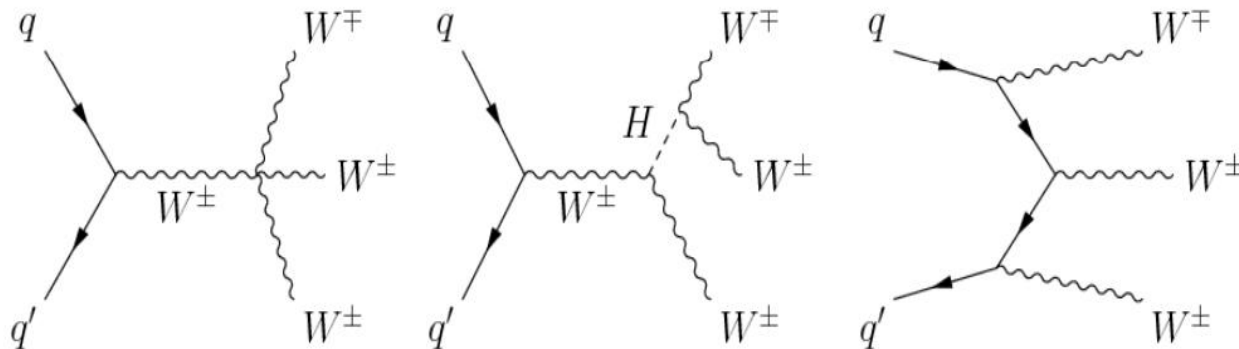
$$\mathcal{L}_{s,1} = [(D_\mu\phi)^\dagger D^\mu\phi] \times [(D_\nu\phi)^\dagger D^\nu\phi]$$

Φ is Higgs doublet

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{f_{s0}}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{L}_{s,0} + \frac{f_{s1}}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{L}_{s,1}$$

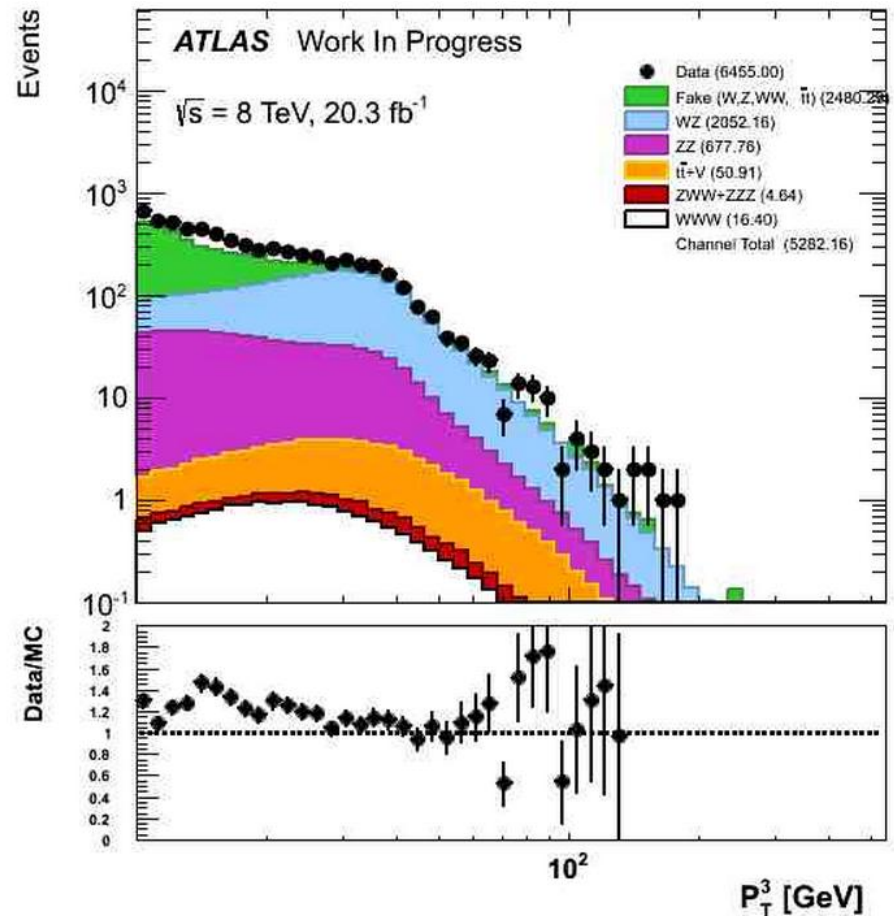
➤ Signal & Background:

- Signal: Processes with 3W(1v) in final state .
In 2012 data 1/3 from electroweak WWW production, 2/3 involving Higgs.
- Bkg: WW,WZ,ZZ,ttbar,Z+jets,W+jets



Event Pre-selection and backgrounds

- Event PreSelection:
 - Trigger
 - Single lepton trigger
 - Exactly 3 leptons.
 - $PT > 15$ GeV,
 - Trigger matching.
 - At least 1 $p_T > 1$ GeV above online cut
- Backgrounds
 - Source of real three leptons from MC:
 - WZ, ZZ, ttV.
 - Charge flip leptons:
 - Measure with Likelihood and T&P
 - Fake Leptons (W,Z, WW ,tt)
 - Generalized Matrix method.
- Classification
 - Events are classified depending on the number of Same Flavor Opposite Sign (SFOS) pairs
 - e.g. WZ mostly belongs to 1SFOS
 - Veto Z-peak for 1 SFOS and 2 SFOS



0 SFOS: $e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp, \mu^\pm \mu^\pm e^\mp$ ($e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\pm, \mu^\pm \mu^\pm e^\pm, e^\pm e^\pm e^\pm, \mu^\pm \mu^\pm \mu^\pm$)

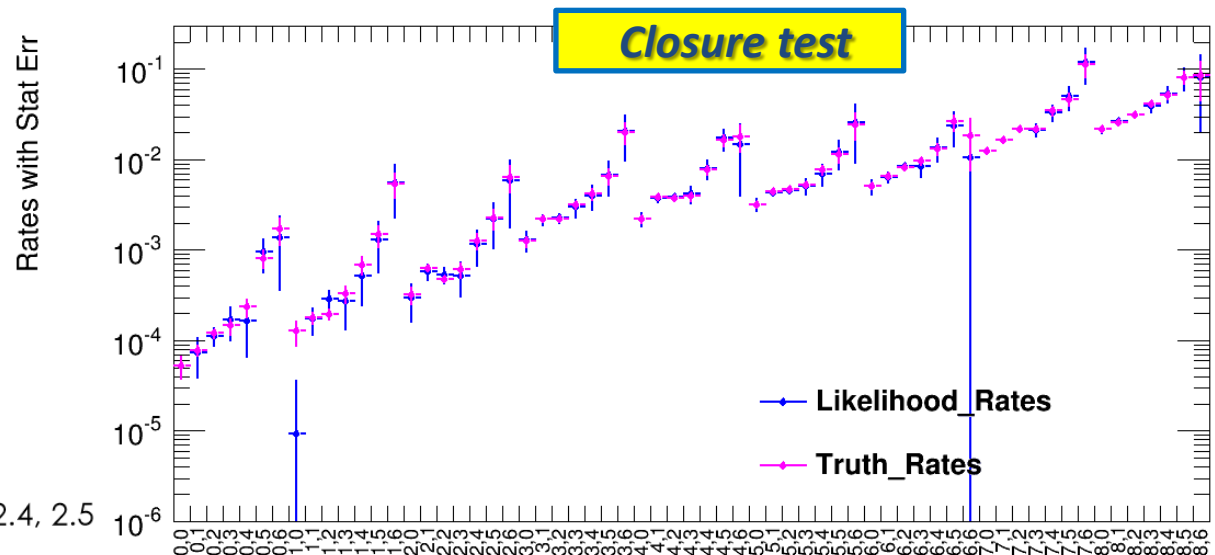
1 SFOS: $e^\pm e^\mp \mu^\pm, e^\pm e^\mp \mu^\mp, \mu^\pm \mu^\mp e^\pm, \mu^\pm \mu^\mp e^\mp$

2 SFOS: $e^\pm e^\pm e^\mp, \mu^\pm \mu^\pm \mu^\mp$

Charge Mis-ID Measurement

Work In Progress

- To estimate the background with electron charge mis-identification
 - Muon case neglected
 - Mostly from bremsstrahlung $e \rightarrow e\gamma \rightarrow eee$
- 2 Methods. Both parameterized as the function of p_T and η
 - Use $Z \rightarrow ee$ events from data (base-line)
 - Truth method (Cross-check)
 - Use $Z \rightarrow ee$ MC and compare reconstructed charge with truth charge.
- 2 methods agree well



Bins:

- E_T : 15, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 120, 1000,
- η : 0., 0.8, 1.15, 1.60, 1.80, 2.0, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5

Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{f_{s0}}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{L}_{s,0} + \frac{f_{s1}}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{L}_{s,1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{s,0} = [(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\nu \phi] \times [(D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D^\nu \phi]$$

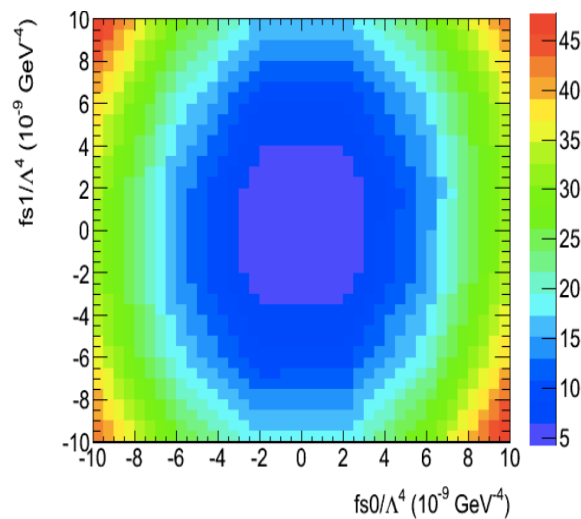
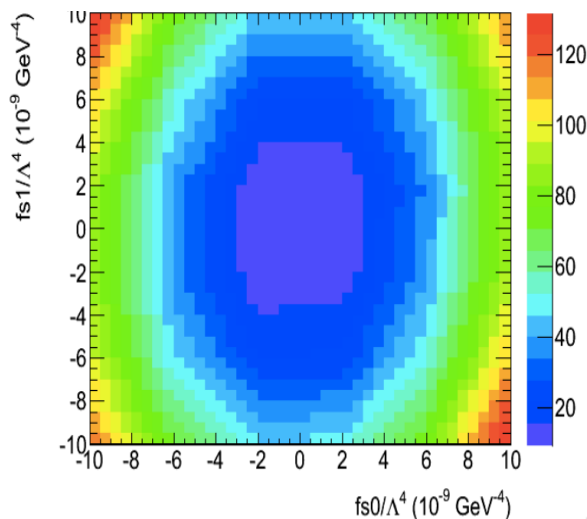
$$\mathcal{L}_{s,1} = [(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger D^\mu \phi] \times [(D_\nu \phi)^\dagger D^\nu \phi]$$

- Effective Lagrangian. The cross-section sensitive to $\frac{f_{s0}}{\Lambda^4}$ and $\frac{f_{s1}}{\Lambda^4}$.
- Samples generated and simulated
- Ongoing study

Might optimize the selection for better aQGC study

Calculate the limits with official tool

Theoretical uncertainties evaluation



Work In Progress

Summary

WW analysis

- in 0-jet bin for purely leptonic channel. Classical measurement for electro-weak analysis and also important for Higgs studies or new physics.
- Cross-section measurement as well as unfolding/atgc study already performed
- CONF note released. Towards the paper publication

WWW analysis

- Represent the first inclusive measurement for the WWW production . Sensitive to aQGC and HWW couplings.
- A new analysis in Run1 . Will continue in Run2

- Thanks for your attention

- backup

Object selection for WW 8 TEV

Muon: Combined , IDhits
 $|\eta| < 2.4$, $pt > 7$ GeV
 $Z0 \cdot \sin(\theta) < 1$ mm sig (d0) < 3
Calo Isolation
7 < pt ≤ 15 GeV, Etcone30/Pt < 0.06
15 < pt ≤ 20 GeV, Etcone30/Pt < 0.12
20 < pt ≤ 25 GeV, Etcone30/Pt < 0.18
pt > 25 GeV, Etcone30/Pt < 0.30
Track Isolation
7 < pt ≤ 15 GeV, Ptcone40/Pt < 0.06
15 < pt ≤ 20 GeV, Ptcone30/Pt < 0.08
pt > 20 GeV, Ptcone30/Pt < 0.12
overlap removal with jet

Electron: author , good OQ , $pt > 7$ GeV
 $|\eta| < 2.4$ exclude crack region
VeryTight likelihood eID
 $Z0 \cdot \sin(\theta) < 0.4$ mm sig (d0) < 3
Calo Isolation
7 < pt ≤ 15 GeV, TopoEtcone30/Pt < 0.20
15 < pt ≤ 20 GeV, TopoEtcone30/Pt < 0.24
pt > 20 GeV, TopoEtcone30/Pt < 0.28
Track Isolation
7 < pt ≤ 15 GeV, Ptcone40/Pt < 0.06
15 < pt ≤ 20 GeV, Ptcone30/Pt < 0.08
pt > 20 GeV, Ptcone30/Pt < 0.10
overlap removal with jet

Jet : ANtiKt4TopoLCjets
 $|\eta| < 4.5$, $pt > 25$ GeV , JVF > 0.5 for jets $|\eta| < 2.4$, $pt < 50$ GeV
!Ugly !LooserBad
overlap removal with electron

Impact parameter & Isolation for leptons : [Basically Follow HSG3 definition](#)

Object selection for WWW

➤ Electrons:

- (author is 1 or 3) and Tight++
- $PT > 15 \text{ GeV}$ & $|\eta| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$
- $|ET_{\text{cone20}}/ET| < 0.10$ for $pT > 20\text{GeV}$
- $|ET_{\text{cone20}}/ET| < 0.07$ for $pT < 20\text{GeV}$
- $|pT_{\text{cone20}}/pT| < 0.04$
- $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}| < 3.0$
- $|z_0/\sigma_{z_0}| < 0.5\text{mm}$
- No duplicate μ or e within $\Delta R < 0.1$

➤ Jets:

- Anti-kT 4 LC Topo Jets
- $PT > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 4.5$
- $JVF > 0.5$ for jets with $|\eta| < 2.4$ and $PT < 50\text{GeV}$
- No duplicate μ or e within $\Delta R < 0.2$

➤ Muons:

- Tight STACO Combined
- $PT > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- MCP ID Hits selection
- $|ET_{\text{cone20}}/ET| < 0.10$ for $pT > 20\text{GeV}$
- $|ET_{\text{cone20}}/ET| < 0.07$ for $pT < 20\text{GeV}$
- $|pT_{\text{cone20}}/pT| < 0.04$
- $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}| < 3.0$
- $|z_0/\sigma_{z_0}| < 0.5\text{mm}$
- No duplicate e within $\Delta R < 0.1$

➤ MET:

- Use STVF

Signal region

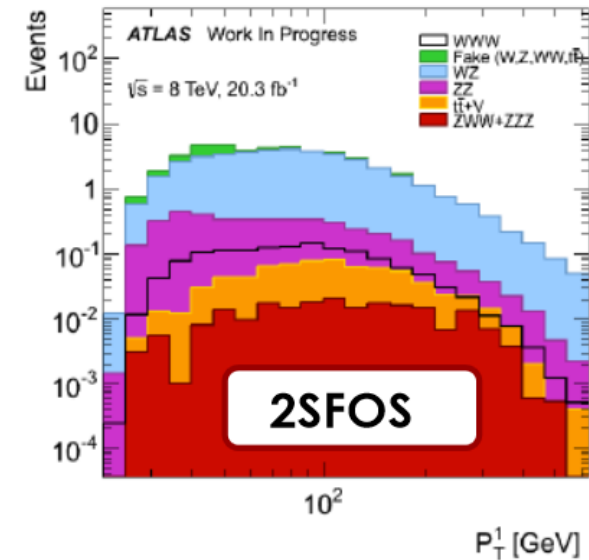
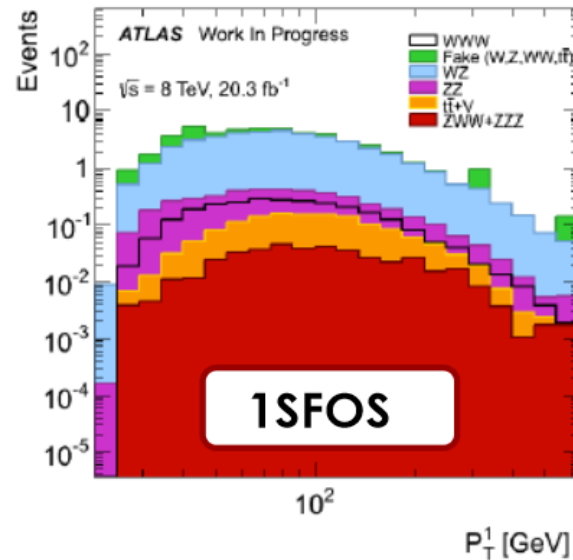
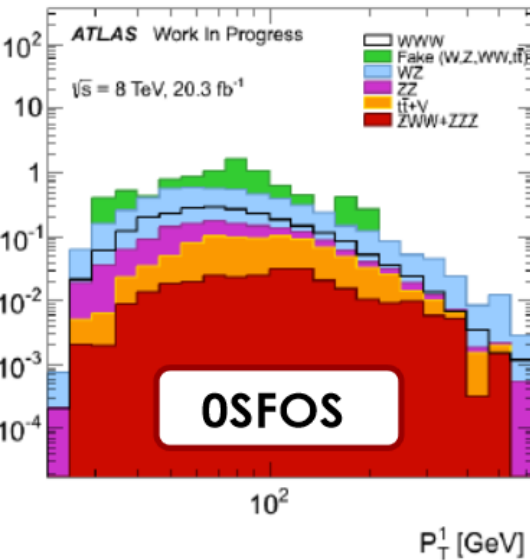
Work In Progress

SR	0SFOS	1SFOS	2SFOS
Lepton p_T	$p_T > 20$ GeV		
E_T^{miss}	-	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40$ GeV	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 35$ GeV
Z Veto	-	$ m_{\text{SFOS}} - m_Z > 15$ GeV	
b-tag jet veto	70% b-tag working point		

0 SFOS yield

	Contribution to Total BG [%]
WZ	40
ttbar	40
ttbar + V	7
ZZ	7
VV	3
WW	3
Other	< 1
Total [%]	100
Total Events @ 20.3 fb ⁻¹	13

- Include the MC samples and charge mis-ID study
- No systematics included
- To be updated once new data-driven study ready



Top: Jet Veto Survival Probability Method

(Phys. Rev. D 84 (2011) 096005.)

➤ Two Control regions:

Work In Progress

1st CR: Subset of 2nd CR. Require a b-jet as tag jet.
Study the jet-veto efficiency for probing jet.
To compare jet-veto efficiency from DATA and from MC

* H_t : scalar sum of P_T for leptons and jets

2nd CR: Full selection with $H_t^* > 130\text{GeV}$ instead of jet-veto
 H_t cut is to suppress the signal contamination
To derive jet-veto efficiency in MC

$$P_2^{\text{Data}} = \left(P_{1(\text{Btag})}^{\text{DATA}}\right)^2 \times \frac{P_2^{\text{MC}}}{\left(P_{1(\text{Btag})}^{\text{MC}}\right)^2}$$

$$N_{Top}^{\text{DATA}}(0 \text{ jet}) = N_{Top}^{\text{DATA}}(\text{all}) \times P_2^{\text{DATA}}$$

➤ Main Systematics:

➤ Experimental uncertainties

Jet Energy Scale(JES) ~4%, Jet Energy Resolution(JER) ~2%, B-tagging ~4%

➤ Theoretical uncertainties

MC generator/Parton Shower ~6%

Non-top subtraction in the 1st CR ~2%

Fiducial cross-section

$$\sigma_{WW}^{fiducial} = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bkg}}{C_{WW} \mathcal{L}}$$

Channel	Cross Section [fb]
ee	$73.7^{+4.2}_{-4.1}(\text{stat})^{+7.2}_{-6.2}(\text{syst})^{+2.3}_{-2.1}(\text{lumi})$
$\mu\mu$	$80.1^{+3.3}_{-3.2}(\text{stat})^{+7.2}_{-6.1}(\text{syst})^{+2.4}_{-2.3}(\text{lumi})$
$e\mu$	$373.5^{+6.9}_{-6.8}(\text{stat})^{+26.6}_{-23.6}(\text{syst})^{+11.2}_{-10.5}(\text{lumi})$

Process	σ [pb]	Δ_{σ}^{Total} [pb]	Δ_{σ}^{Scale}	Δ_{σ}^{PDF}	$\Delta_{\sigma}^{Br.}$	Calculation
1) $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$	53.2	+2.5 -2.2	+2.3 -1.9	+1.0 -1.1	-	NLO MCFM
2) $gg \rightarrow WW$	1.4	+0.3 -0.2	+0.3 -0.2	+0.1 -0.1	-	LO MCFM
3) $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$	59.1	+1.6 -1.7	+1.2 -1.0	+0.9 -0.9	-	NNLO [7]
4) $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow WW$	4.1	± 0.5	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.2	NNLO [8]
W^+W^- production (pNNLO)	58.7	+3.0 -2.7	+2.7 -2.3	+1.3 -1.4		1)+2)+4)
W^+W^- production (NNLO)	63.2	+2.0 -1.8	+1.6 -1.4	+1.2 -1.2		3)+4)