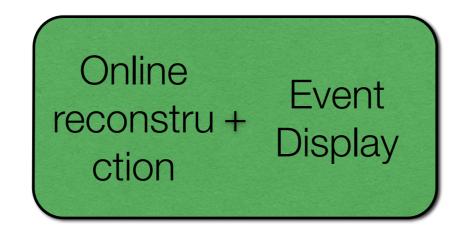
# Status of Event Display

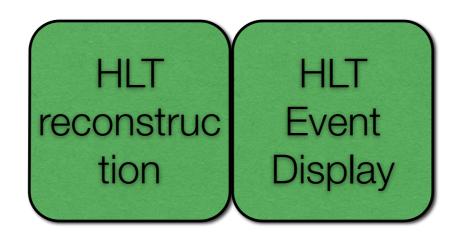
Jeremi Niedziela

# Outline

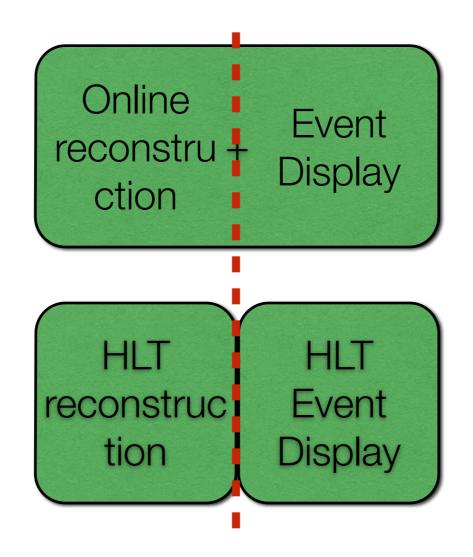
- 1. Event Display System architecture
- 2. Installation in P2
- 3. Status of work



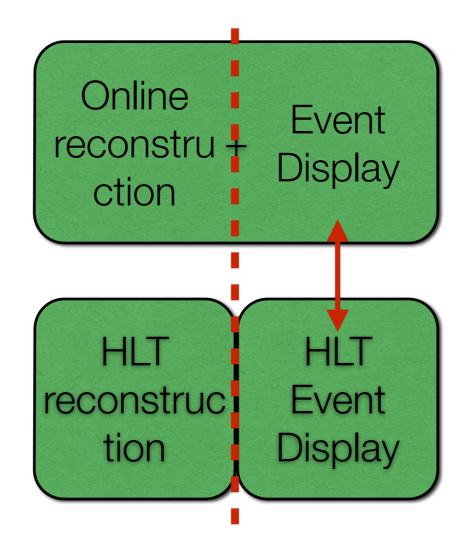




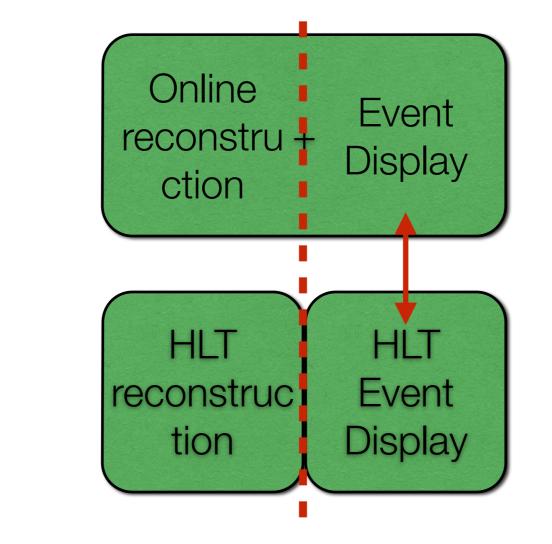
To gain **stability** — **separate** reconstruction from visualisation



Event Display switching between **different sources** of events (i.a. Offline and HLT)

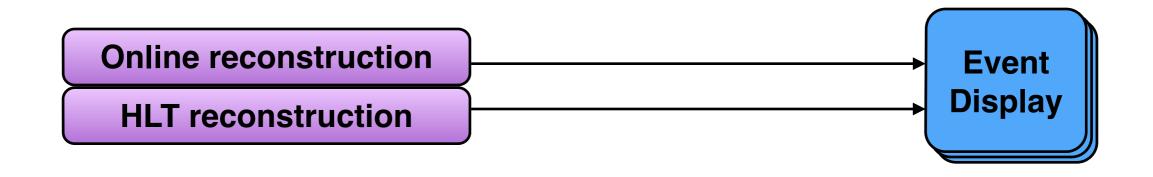


Add new features



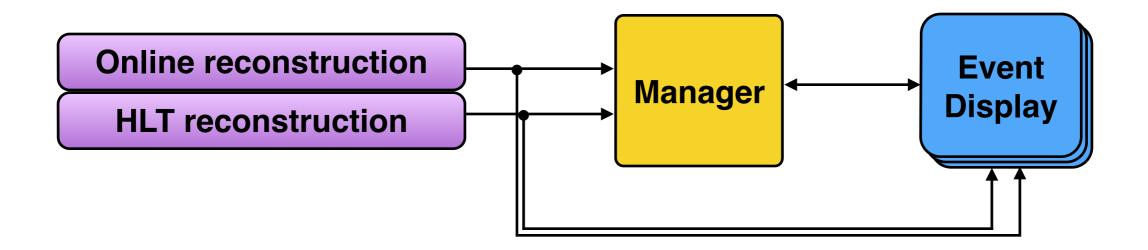
bookmarks history browsing

**Separation** of visualisation and reconstruction + common Event Display for all data sources:



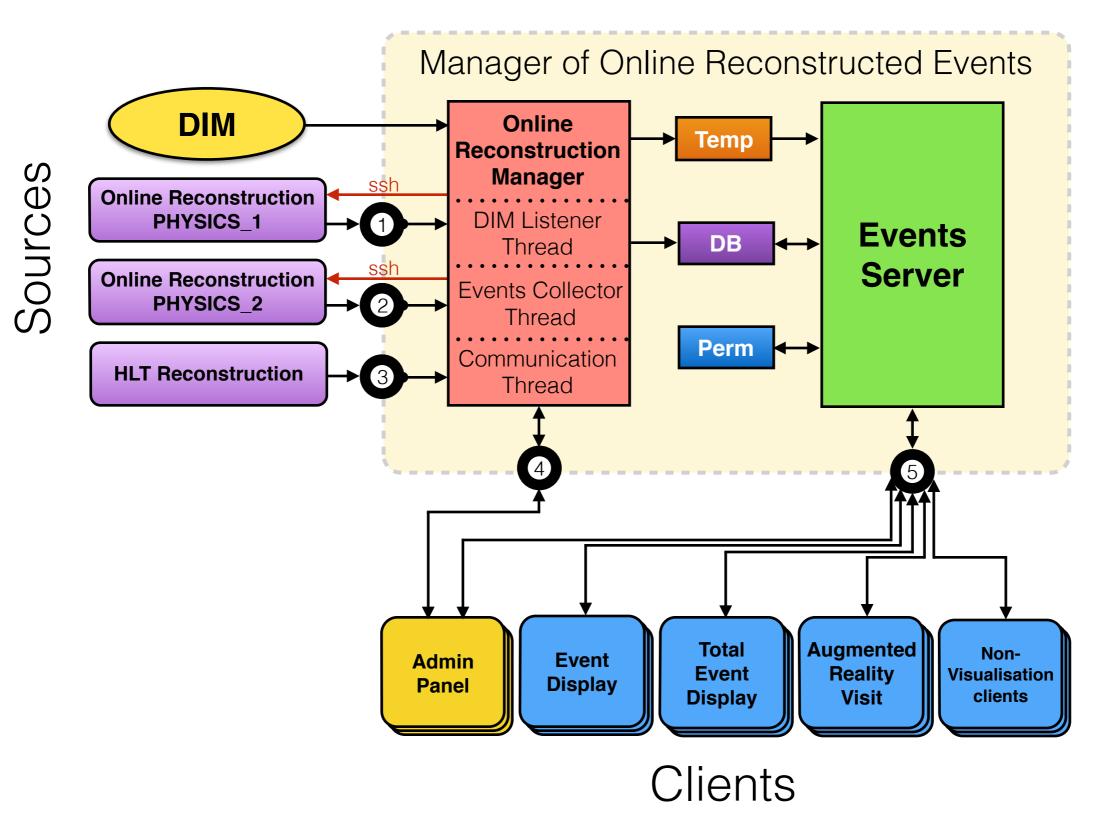
- $\checkmark$  separation of reconstruction and visualisation
- ✓ improved stability of Event Display
- $\checkmark$  Event Display and Online Reconstruction installed in P2
- X running online reconstruction with current runs
- X sending HLT events and receiving them on Event Display side

New features (**bookmarks, history**) by adding Manager of Online Reconstructed Events:

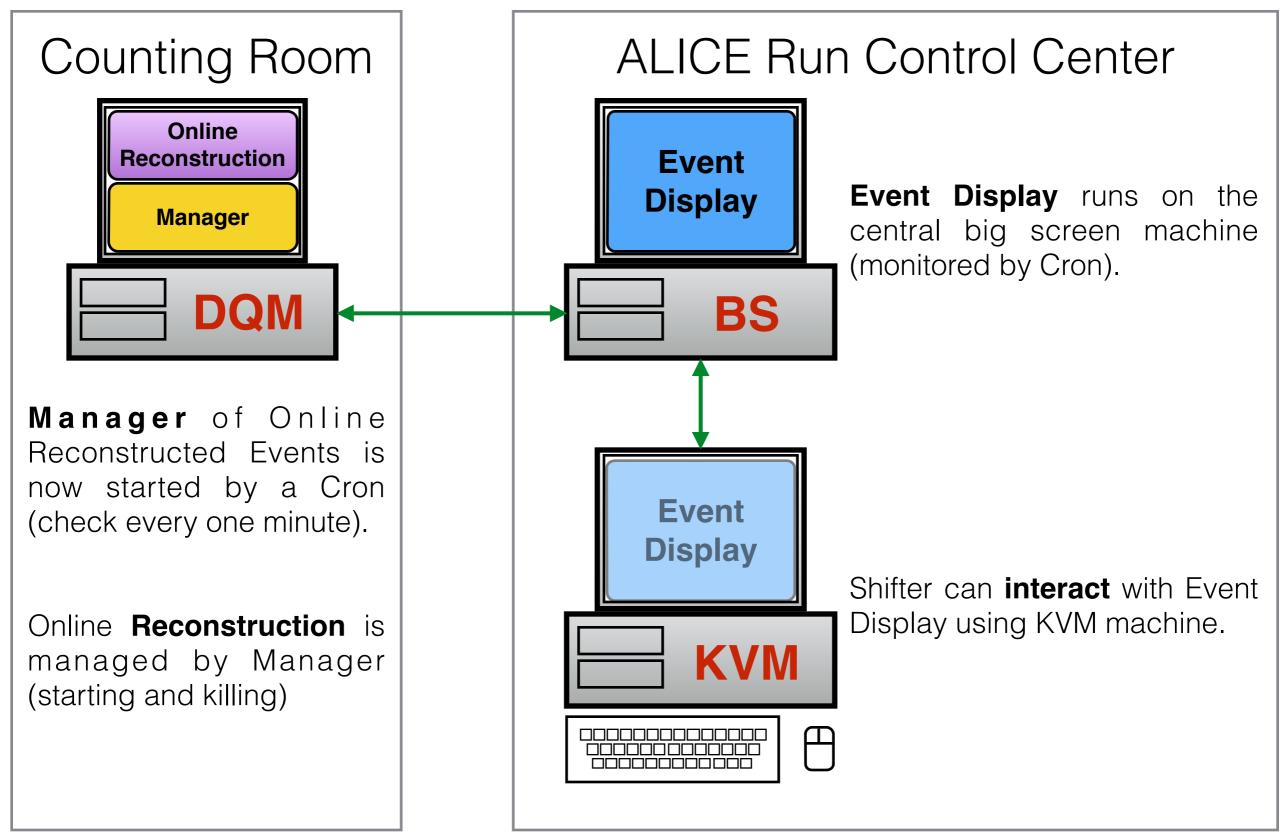


- ✓ Manager was written from scratch, it collects events, manages saving them on disk, serving and marking events on client's requests
- ✓ Event Display was adapted to take advantage of new functions
- $\checkmark$  Manager was also installed in P2

# Recent change in Event Display system design



# System's organisation in P2



# Summary

What has been done:

- ✓ separation of Event Display System into visualisation, reconstruction and manager,
- $\checkmark$  stability improvements,
- $\checkmark$  new features implementation,
- $\checkmark$  installation in P2,
- $\checkmark$  agreement on integration with HLT reconstruction

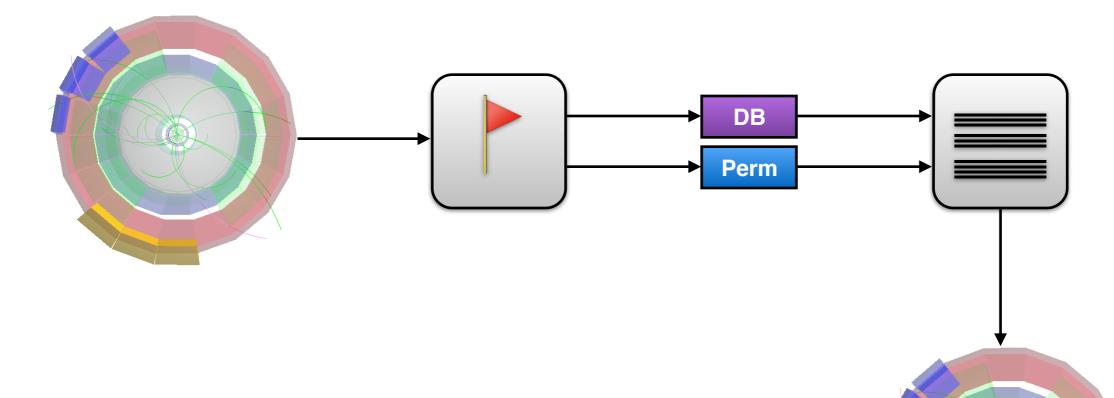
# Summary

What is to been done:

- X tests of reconstruction with global runs,
- X automatisation of installation in P2,
- X minor bugs fixing,
- X appearance improvements.

# Backup

# User point of view



User gets:

- One Event Display for different sources of data (not crashing due to reconstruction failures and not freezing when communication with server is broken),
- Complete history of recent events, which can be browsed and <u>filtered</u> (event by number, next, last, matching some query...),
- Bookmarks

API can be easily extended for different data types.

Currently supported types:

- bool
- long
- custom structures
- vector of structures
- AliESDEvent objects

To add **new type**, simply override Send() method of Event Manager.

If **new socket** needed, add it in enum StorageSockets and create in CreateSocket() method of Event Manager.

#### AliStorageEventManager class:

```
class AliStorageEventManager
{
public:
   static AliStorageEventManager* GetEventManagerInstance();
  void Send(std::vector<serverListStruct> list,storageSockets socket);
  void Send(struct serverRequestStruct *request,storageSockets socket);
  bool Send(struct clientReguestStruct *reguest, storageSockets socket, int timeout = -1);
  void Send(AliESDEvent *event, storageSockets socket);
  void Send(long message,storageSockets socket);
  void Send(bool message,storageSockets socket);
  void SendAsXml(AliESDEvent *event, storageSockets socket);
   std::vector<serverListStruct> GetServerListVector(storageSockets socket);
  AliESDEvent* GetEvent(storageSockets socket, int timeout=-1, TTree **tmpTree=0);
   struct serverRequestStruct* GetServerStruct(storageSockets socket);
   struct clientRequestStruct* GetClientStruct(storageSockets socket);
   long GetLong(storageSockets socket);
  bool GetBool(storageSockets socket);
  bool CreateSocket(storageSockets socket);
//...
}
```

Send method for **bool**:

```
void AliStorageEventManager::Send(bool message,storageSockets socket)
{
    char *buffer;
    if(message==true)
    {
        buffer = (char*)("true");
    }
    else
    {
        buffer = (char*)("false");
    }
    message_t *replyMessage = new message_t((void*)buffer,sizeof(buffer),freeBuff);
    fSockets[socket]->send(*replyMessage);
    delete replyMessage;
}
```

### Send method for **AliESDEvent**:

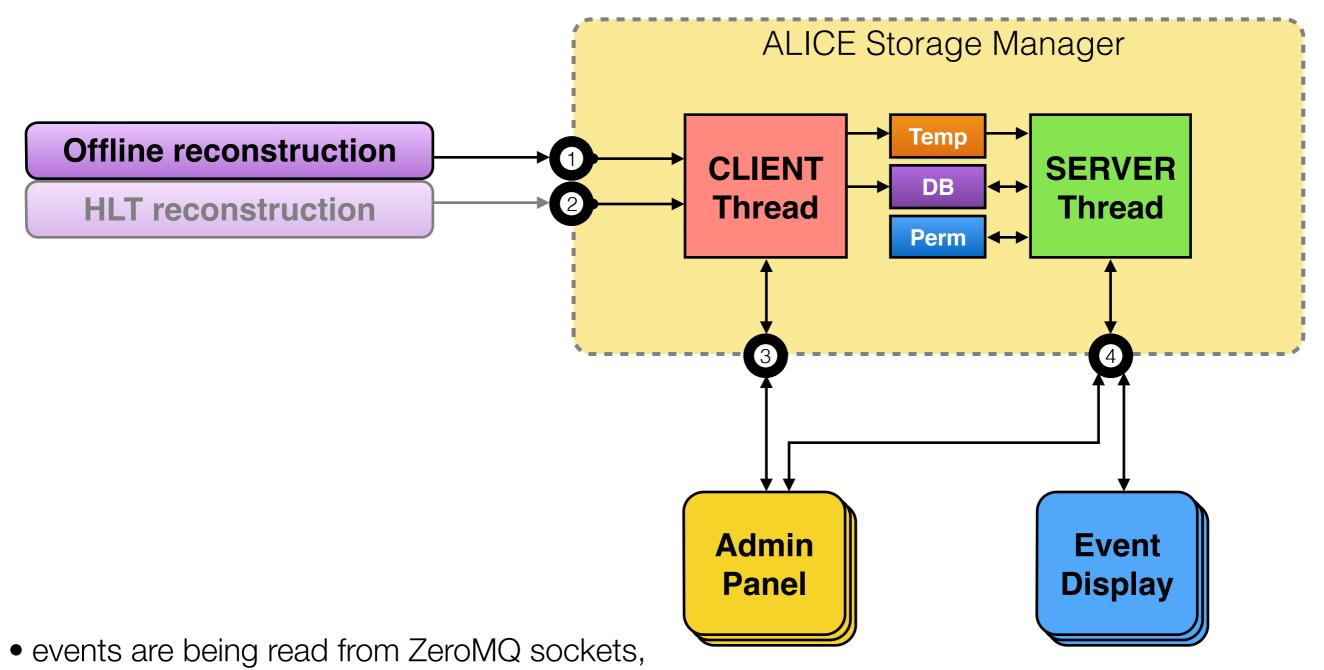
```
void AliStorageEventManager::Send(AliESDEvent *event, storageSockets socket)
{
    TMessage tmess(kMESS_OBJECT);
    tmess.Reset();
    tmess.WriteObject(event);
    TMessage::EnableSchemaEvolutionForAll(kTRUE);
    int bufsize = tmess.Length();
    char* buf = (char*) malloc(bufsize * sizeof(char));
    memcpy(buf, tmess.Buffer(), bufsize);
    message_t message((void*)buf, bufsize, freeBuff);
    fSockets[socket]->send(message);
}
```

storageSockets enumerated type:

enum storageSockets{
 SERVER\_COMMUNICATION\_REQ=0,
 SERVER\_COMMUNICATION\_REP,
 CLIENT\_COMMUNICATION\_REQ,
 CLIENT\_COMMUNICATION\_REP,
 EVENTS\_SERVER\_PUB,
 EVENTS\_SERVER\_SUB,
 XML\_PUB,
 NUMBER\_OF\_SOCKETS
};

### CreateSocket method:

```
bool AliStorageEventManager::CreateSocket(storageSockets socket)
{
    cout<<"Creating socket:"<<socket<<endl;</pre>
    switch(socket)
        case SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REQ:
        {
            fSockets[SERVER COMMUNICATION REQ] =
            new socket_t(*fContexts[SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REQ], ZMQ_REQ);
            try
            {
                fSockets[SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REQ]->connect(Form("tcp://%s:%d",fStorageServer.c_str(),fStorageServerPort));
            }
            catch (const zmg::error_t& e)
            ł
                 cout<<"MANAGER -- "<<e.what()<<endl;</pre>
                 return 0;
            }
        }
            break;
        case SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REP:
        ł
            fSockets[SERVER COMMUNICATION REP] =
            new socket_t(*fContexts[SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REP], ZMQ_REP);
            try
            {
                fSockets[SERVER_COMMUNICATION_REP]->bind(Form("tcp://*:%d",fStorageServerPort));
            }
            catch (const zmq::error_t& e)
                cout<<"MANAGER -- "<<e.what()<<endl;</pre>
                 return 0;
            }
        }
            break;
//...
    }
}
```



- Storage Manager provides events (next, previous, last, by number, matching query, marked). Early version of API was prepared and its development is under discussion with HLT,
- Admin Panel (for experts) controls parameters of Storage Manager (occupation levels, size of chunks).