

SEARCHES FOR ADDITIONAL HIGGS BOSONS AND BSM DECAYS

YORAM ROZEN
ON BEHALF OF THE ATLAS AND CMS
COLLABORATIONS

The Script

Westeros — and the — Free Cities

In the kingdom of the SM(@LHC) There is a king called Higgs.

But the kingdom only occupies part of the Westeros.

{The SM is only part of the story - it is a low energy approximation. We have evidence (m

The king agonizes over ambitious relatives

{The SM can tolerate additional Higgs particles - heavy Higgs like particles will not break the EW structure of the SM}

And the weakness of the kingdom may leads to invasion from near or far kingdoms

{The problems of the SM sprout a plethora of theories/frameworks/models}

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The problems of the SM sprout a plethora of theories/frameworks/models from 2HDM to NMSSM and beyond

THIS TALK

- Additional (heavy) Higgs *SM tolerable*
 - Di Higgs
 - MSSM
 - NMSSM
 - LFV
- 
- BSM*

The full list*

Process	Category	CMS	ATLAS
H->WW	Heavy H	CMS-PAS-HIG-13-027	ATLAS-CONF-2013-067
H-> WW or ZZ	Heavy H	arXiv:1504.00936	arXiv:1503.01060
H-> $\gamma\gamma$	Heavy H	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-006	Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 171801
$X \rightarrow hh \rightarrow \gamma\gamma bb$	2HDM	CMS-PAS-HIG-13-032	Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 081802 (2015)
H->hh	2HDM	arXiv:1410.2751	
H->bb	2HDM	arXiv:1302.2892	
MSSM Higgs to tautau	2HDM	arXiv:1408.3316 arXiv:1104.1619	JHEP11(2014)056
A -> Zh -> llbb	2HDM	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-011	arXiv:1502.04478
A->Zh	2HDM	arXiv:1410.2751	
A->Z ν	2HDM	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-031	
H ⁺ -> taunu	2HDM	arXiv:1205.5736 CMS-PAS-HIG-14-020	arXiv:1412.6663; JHEP 1206 (2012) 039
H ⁺ ->tb	2HDM	CMS-PAS-HIG-13-026	
H ⁺ -> csbar	2HDM	CMS-PAS-HIG-13-035	Eur. Phys. J. C, 73 6 (2013) 2465
H ⁺ (lepton universality)	2HDM		JHEP03(2013)076
H ⁰ ->H ⁺ W->hWW->	2HDM		Phys. Rev. D 89, 032002 (2014)
H → WW → e $\nu\mu\nu$	2HDM		ATLAS-CONF-2013-027
H ⁺ ->WZ	Htriplet		arXiv:1503.04233
H ⁺⁺ ->WW	Htriplet	arXiv:1410.6315	
a -> mumu	NMSSM	arXiv:1206.63260	
h->bb+jets+MET	NMSSM	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-030	
h-> γ +MET	NMSSM GMSB		ATLAS-CONF-2015-001
X -> HH -> 4 b	Mod. Ind. BSM	arXiv:1503.04114	ATLAS-CONF-2014-005
H -> tau mu	LFV	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-005	

* *Published and most recent conference notes*

The full list

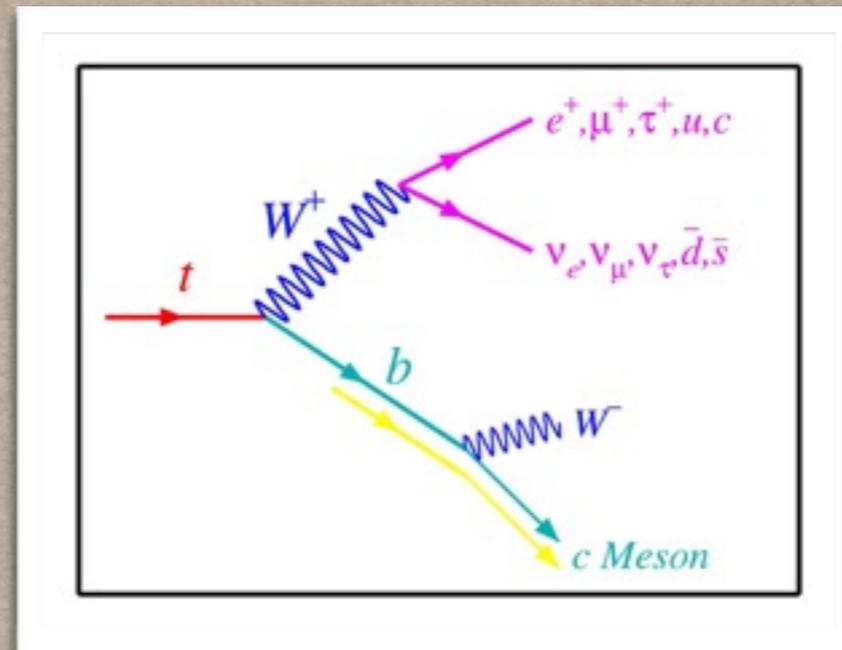
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X -> HH -> 4 b	Mod. Ind. BSM	arXiv:1503.04114	ATLAS-CONF-2014-005
H -> ta ν mu	LEV	CMS-PAS-HIG-14-005	

* Dozens of papers but with time limitations we'll focus only on two (but summarize more)

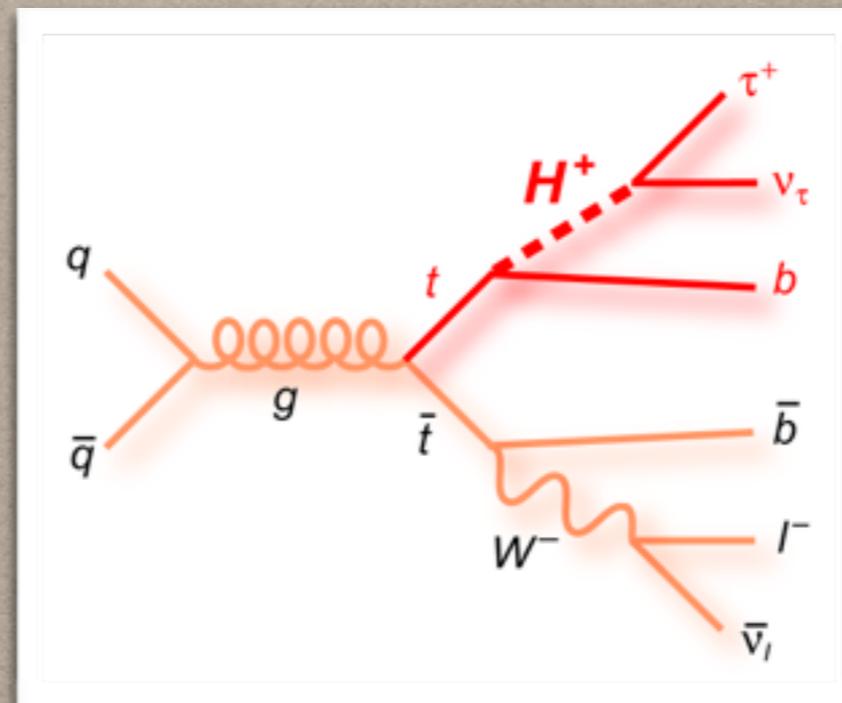
H⁺ SEARCH VIA LEPTON UNIVERSALITY



- In SM top decay, e, μ and τ are of equal abundance (universality)
 $N_{\tau}/N_{\mu} = N_{\tau}/N_e = 1$
 (ignoring eff, phase space)



- But assuming mass dependent coupling of the charged Higgs, taus are favored and the ratios N_{τ}/N_{μ} and N_{τ}/N_e differ from unity



- Limited to $M(H) < M(t)$

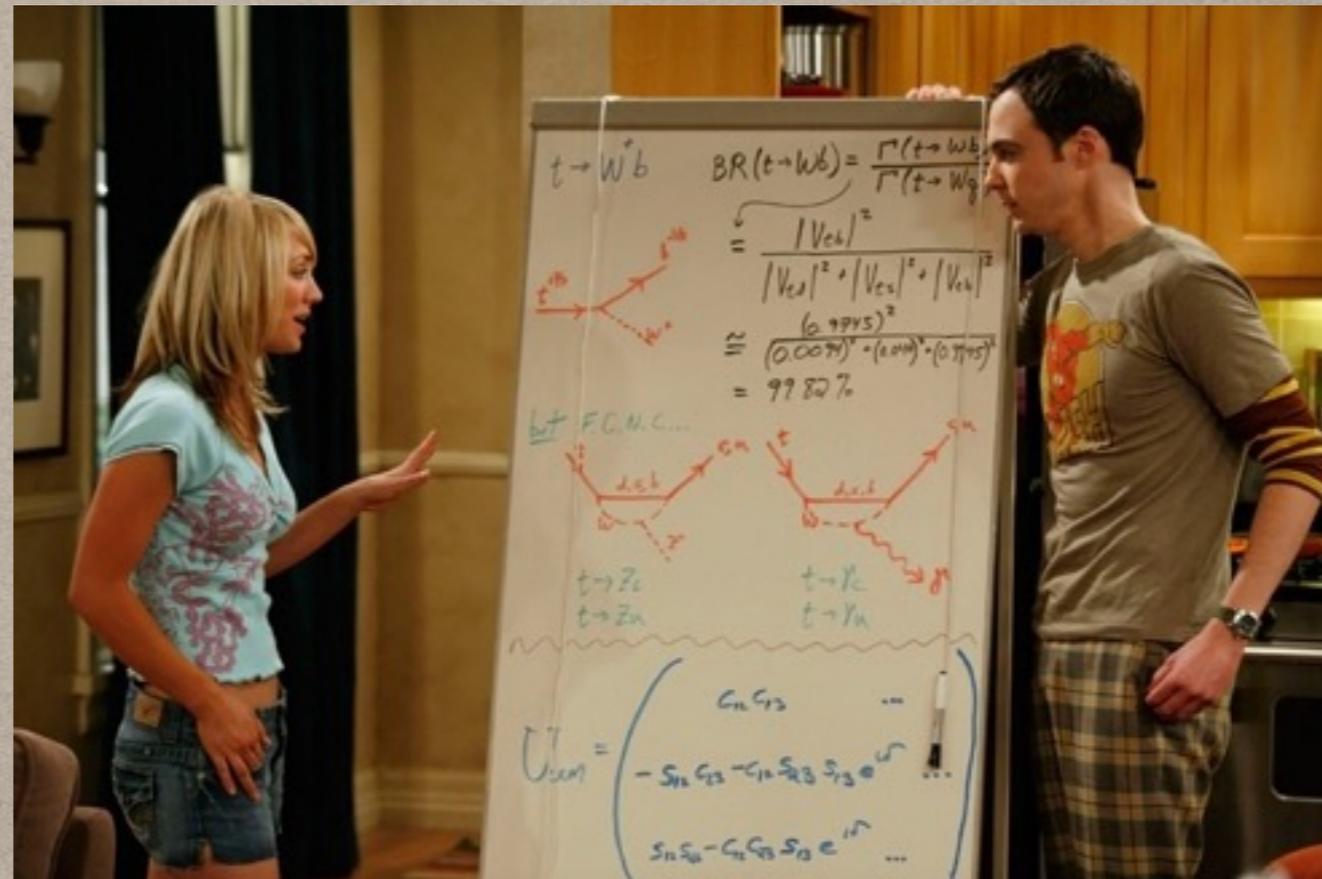
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*Simple idea - counting.
 Not shape comparison over the SM
 -> Model independent*

H⁺ SEARCH VIA LEPTON UNIVERSALITY



- Defining the ratio

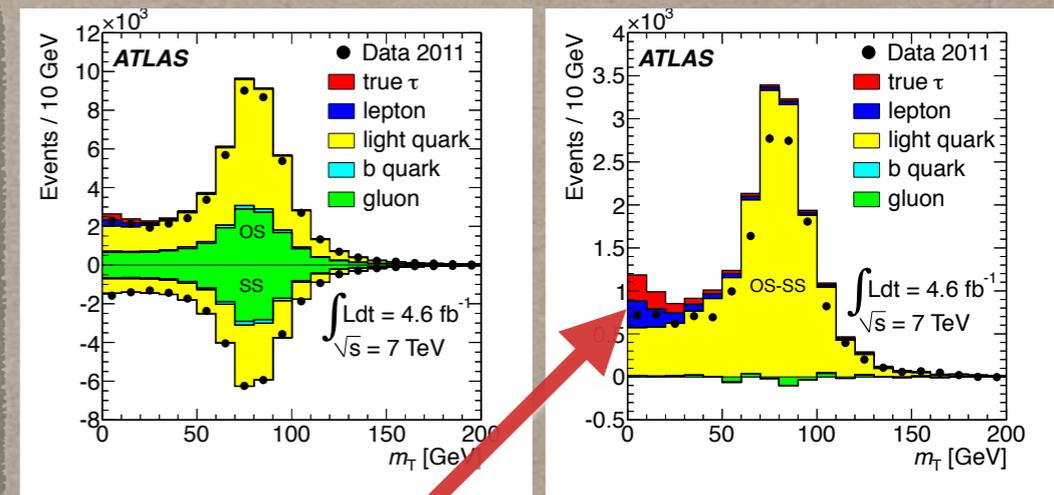
$$R_t = \frac{B(t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b} + l\tau_{had} + N\nu)}{B(t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b} + ll' + N\nu)}$$

- Using leptonic decay (e, μ) for the "other" top
 - 1 e or μ above 25 GeV
 - ≥ 2 jets of which 2 are b-tagged
 - 1 tau jet (no additional lepton) or 1 additional lepton
 - MET > 40 GeV

top enrichment

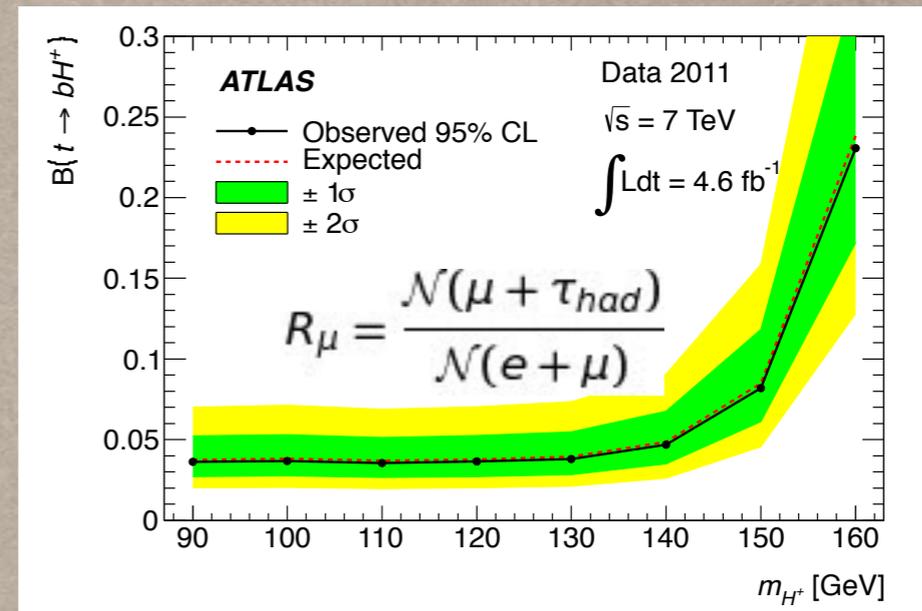
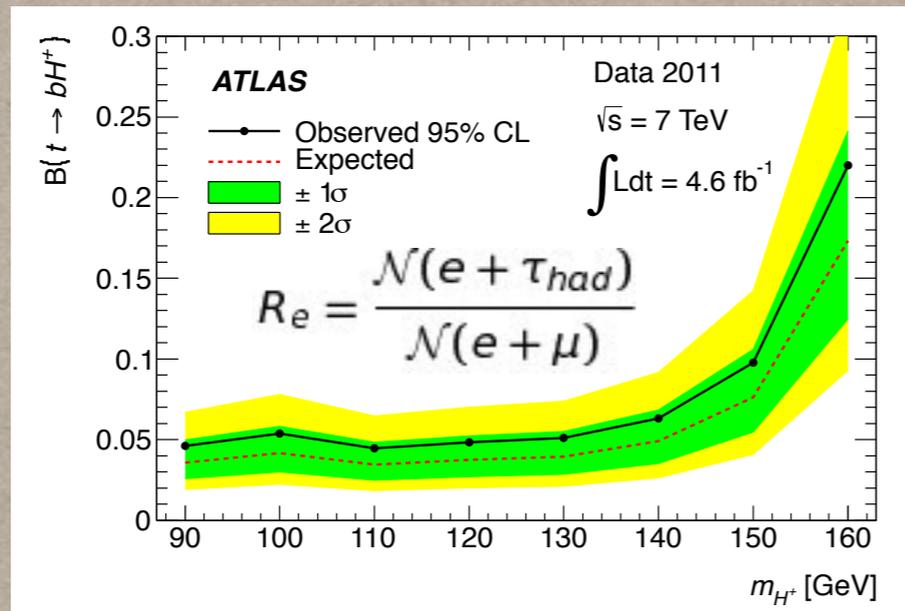
- Background:

- mis-id e or μ (not originating from the top) - use tight/loose technique for weighting events
- mis-id tau $\sim 50\%$ (mostly jets) - use data driven (OS-SS)

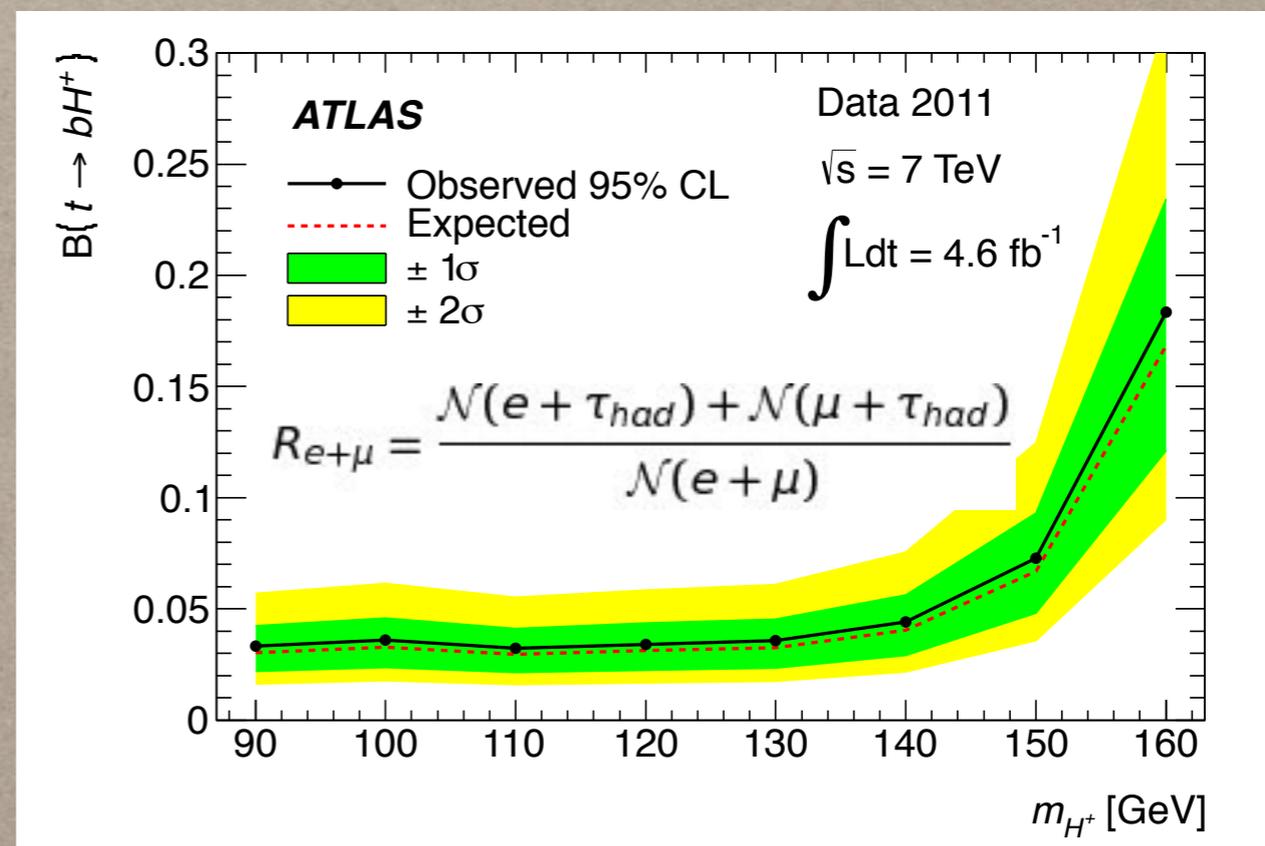


Z- $\tau\tau$ component removed with m_T cut

H⁺ VIA LEPTON UNIVERSALITY - RESULTS



Assuming $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu) = 1$
 the R_e and R_μ are directly
 related to $B(t \rightarrow bH)$

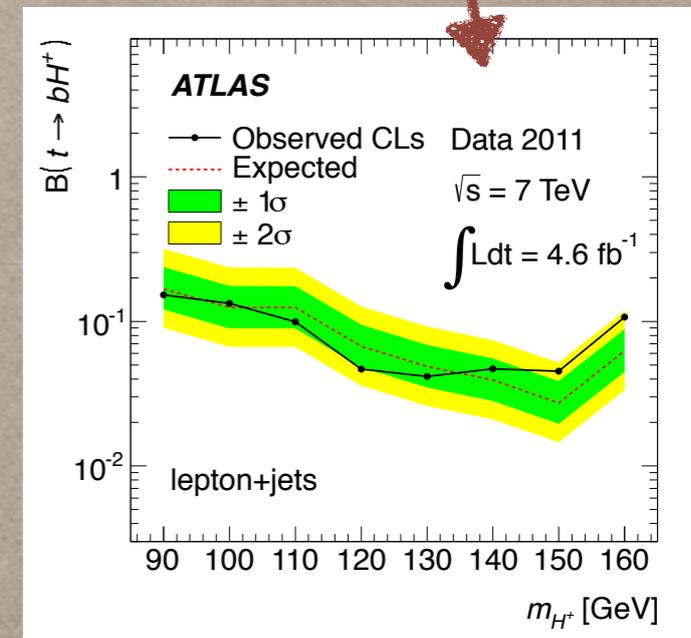
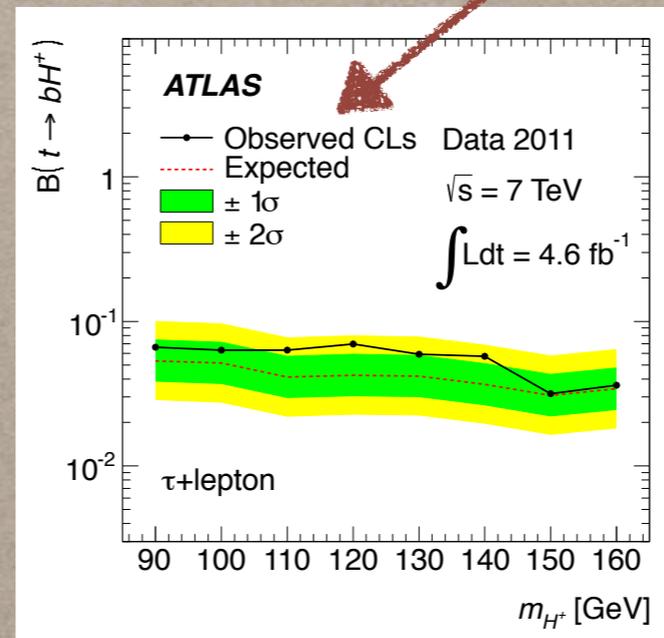
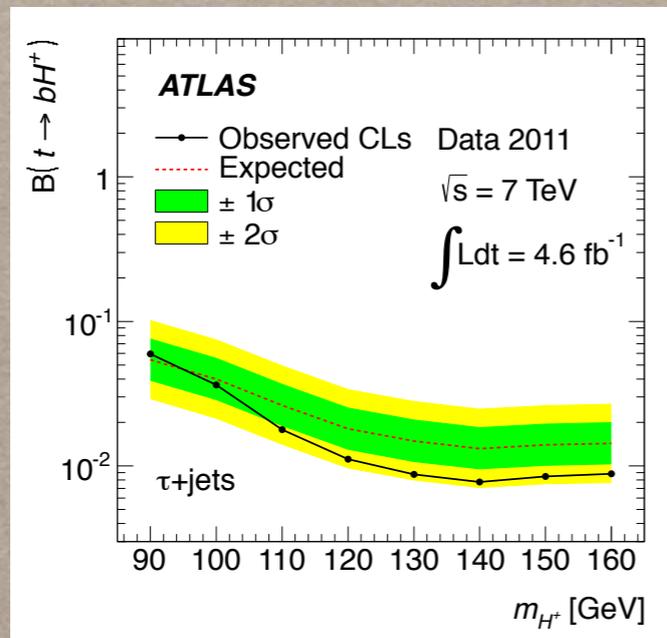


On The Same Topic - A Direct Search For H^\pm Via τ



- Still in the $m(H) < m(t)$ domain
- 3 analysis channels:

$t \rightarrow Wb$	$t \rightarrow Hb; H \rightarrow \tau$
Jets	Hadronic
Jets	Leptonic
Leptonic	Hadronic

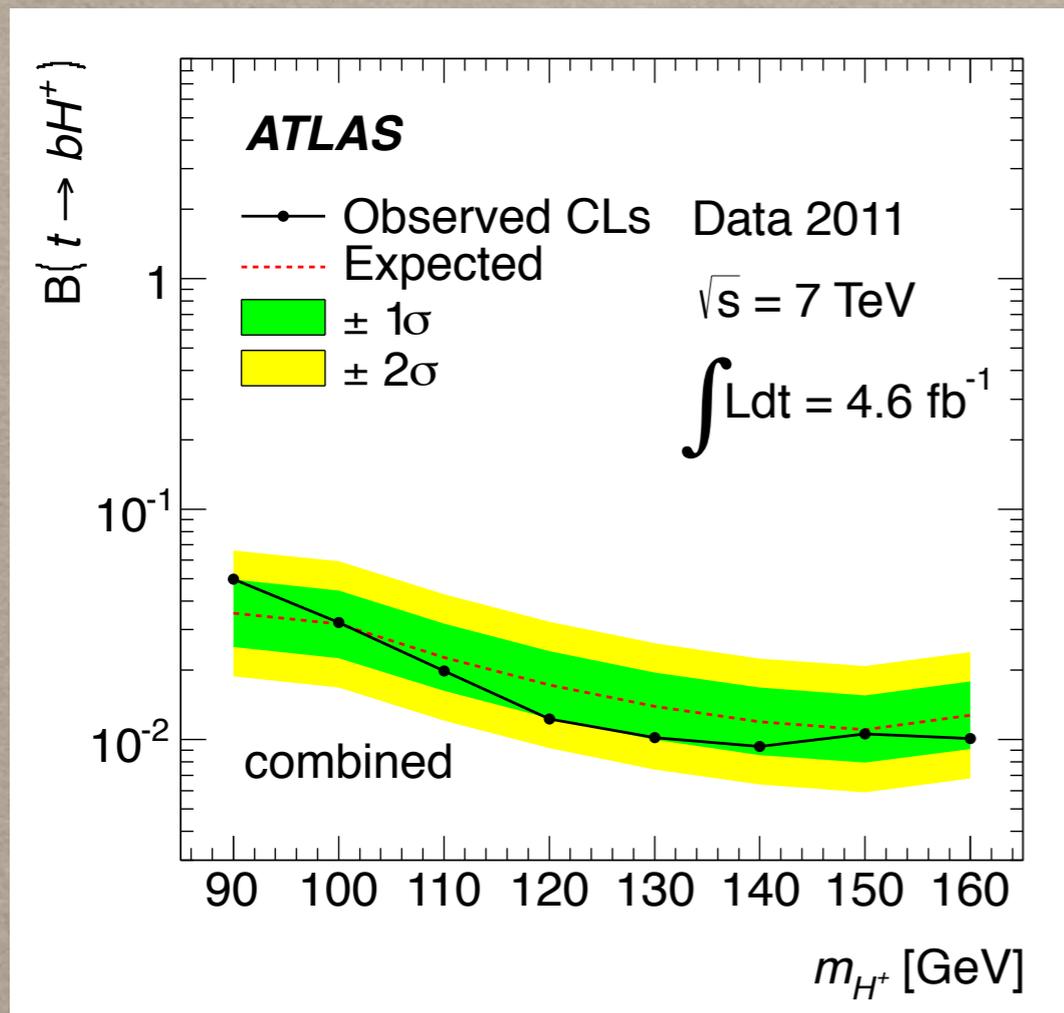


On The Same Topic - A Direct Search For H^+ Via τ (The Full Data Set)



- Still in the $m(H) < m(t)$ domain
- 3 analysis channels:

$t \rightarrow Wb$	$t \rightarrow Hb; H \rightarrow \tau$
Jets	Hadronic
Jets	Leptonic
Leptonic	Hadronic



The full data set (but only in the hadronic mode is shown in the summary plots (S-17))

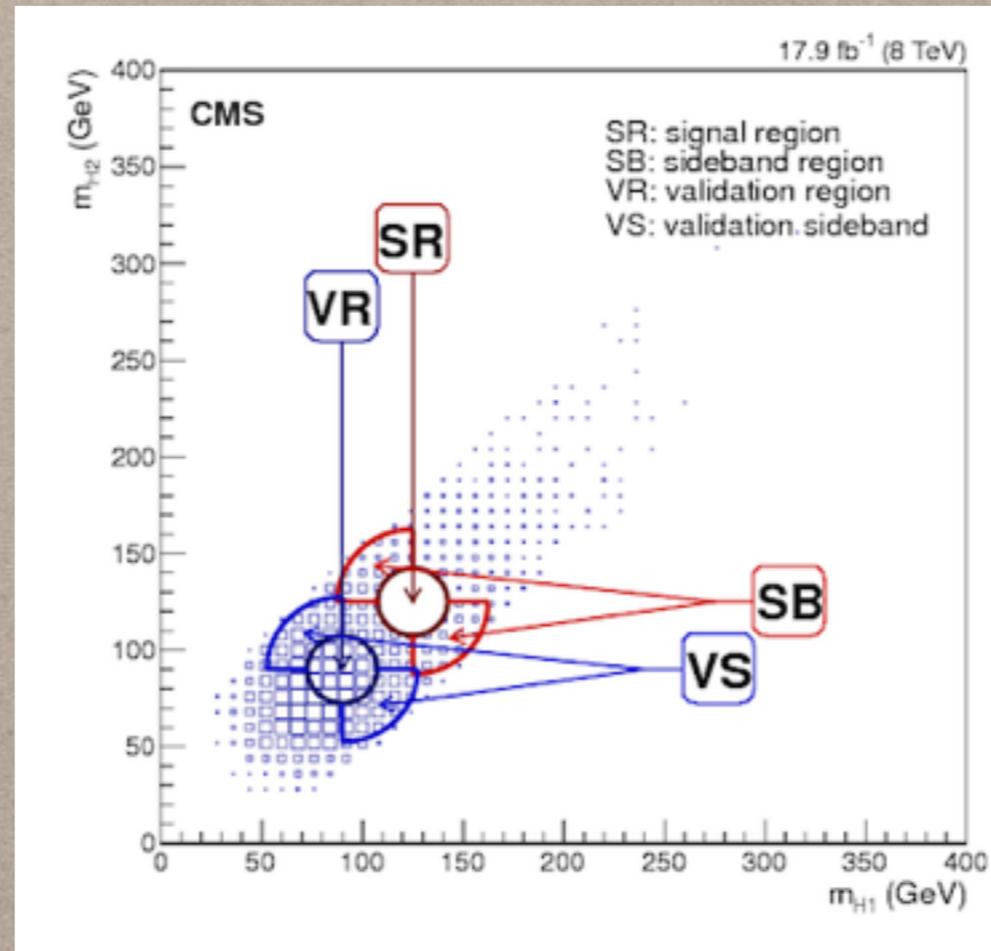
X- \rightarrow HH- \rightarrow bbbb

- While too small in the SM (~ 10 fb), Narrow width resonant production of higgs pair is possible in BSM (Radion or Kaluza-Klein graviton, 2HDM).
- Searching for SM higgs pair \rightarrow model independant.
- Using 2x(H \rightarrow bb) (ATLAS also used H \rightarrow bb,H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$).
 - Two mass ranges: Low mass hypothesis (270-450 GeV) ; High mass hypothesis (450-1100 GeV)
- Main background: QCD multijet ($\sim 75\%$); tt ($\sim 25\%$)
- selection:
 - 4 b-tagged jets (2j: $p_T > 40$, 2j: $p_T > 90$)
 - Mbb within 35 GeV of Higgs mass
 - collimated Higgs jets
 - One Higgs p_T at least 300 GeV
 - combined Higgs candidates deviation < 17.5 GeV

} For High mass hypothesis (450-1100 GeV)

$X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$

- Defining Signal, Sideband and Validation regions

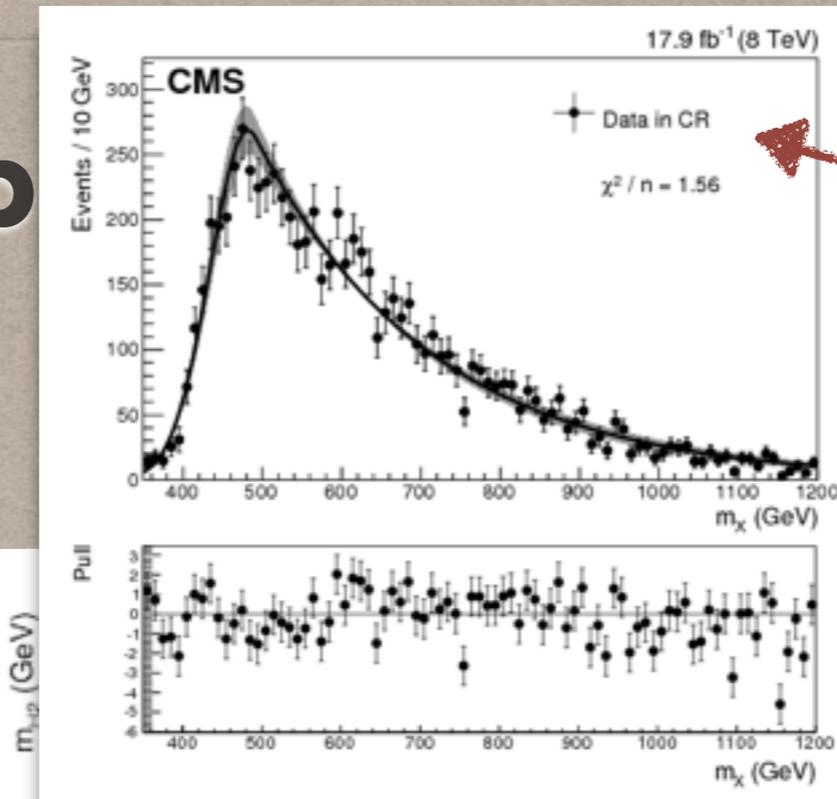


X → HH → bbb

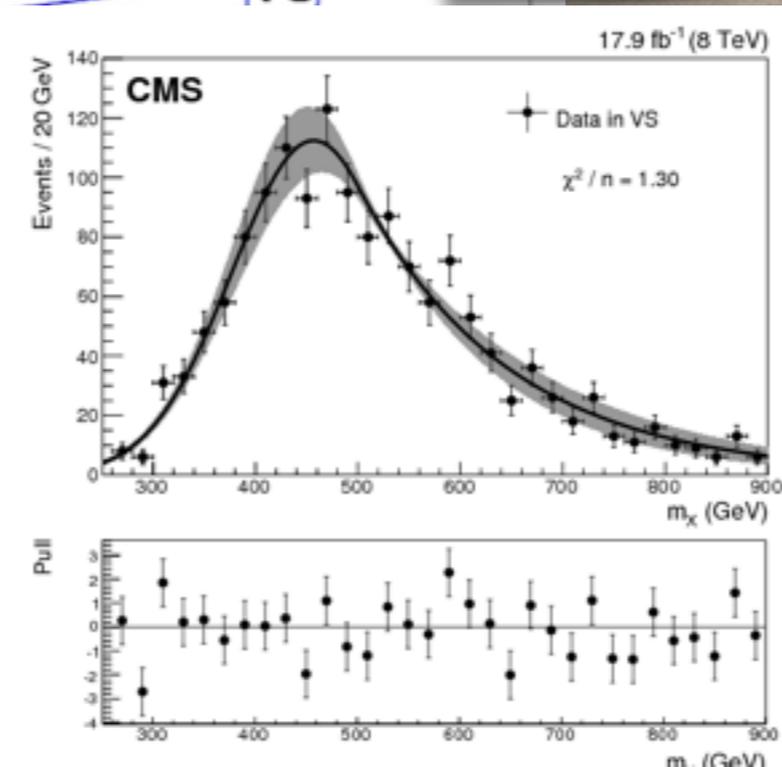
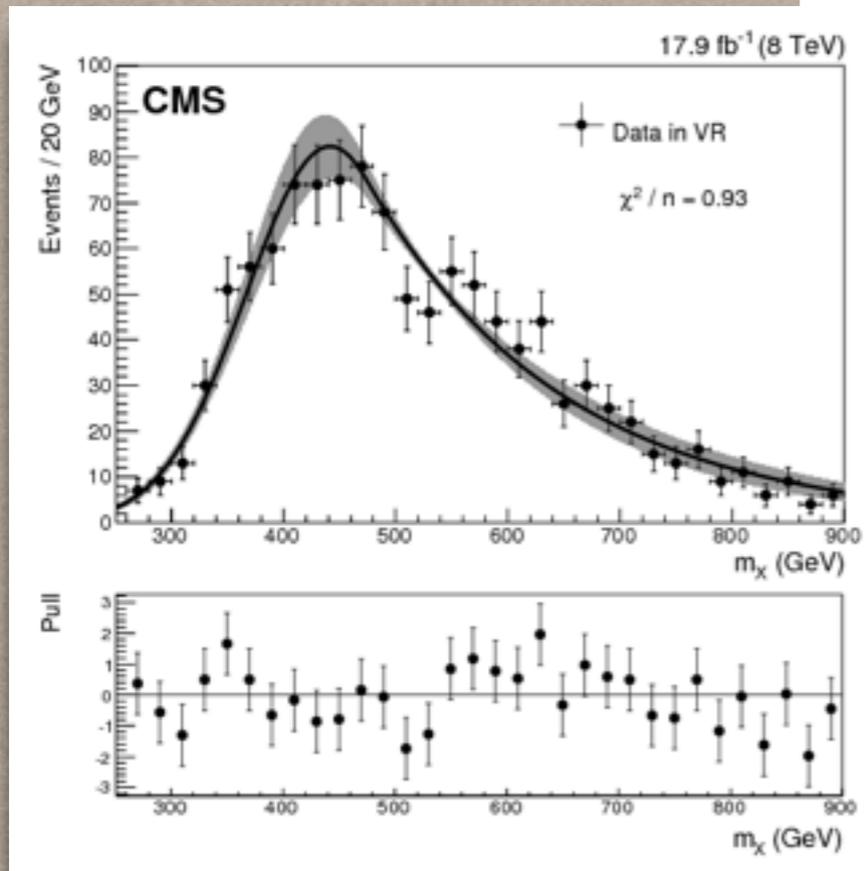
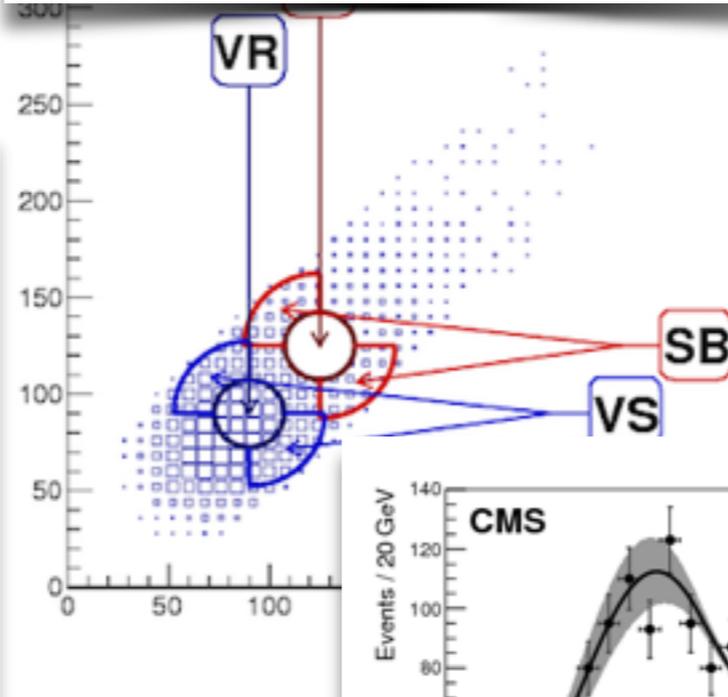
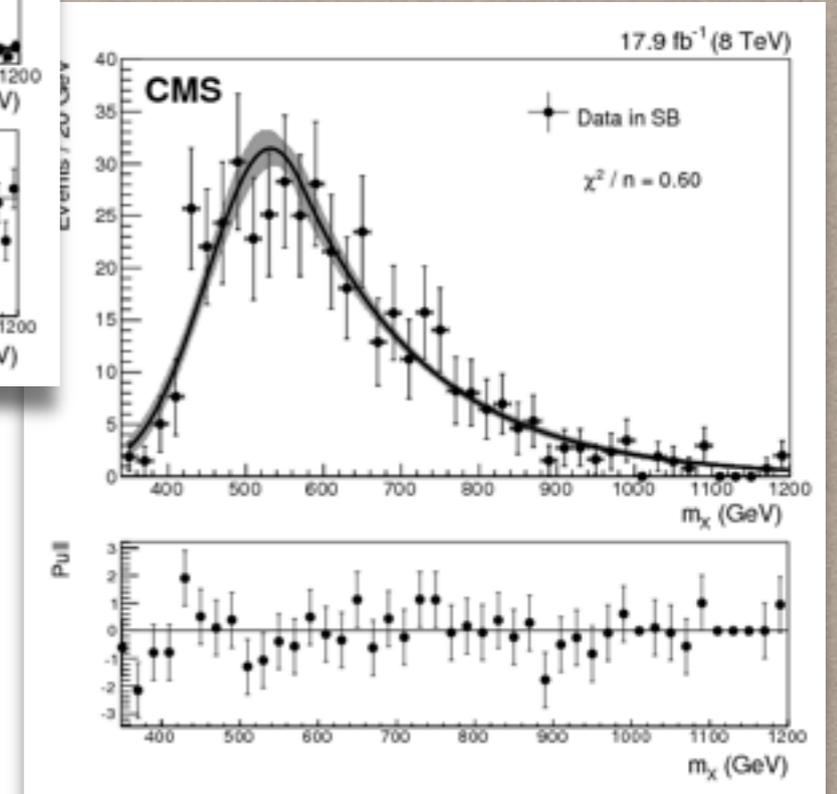
GausExp param.

proven in SB and CR,

- Defining Signal Sideband and Validation regions



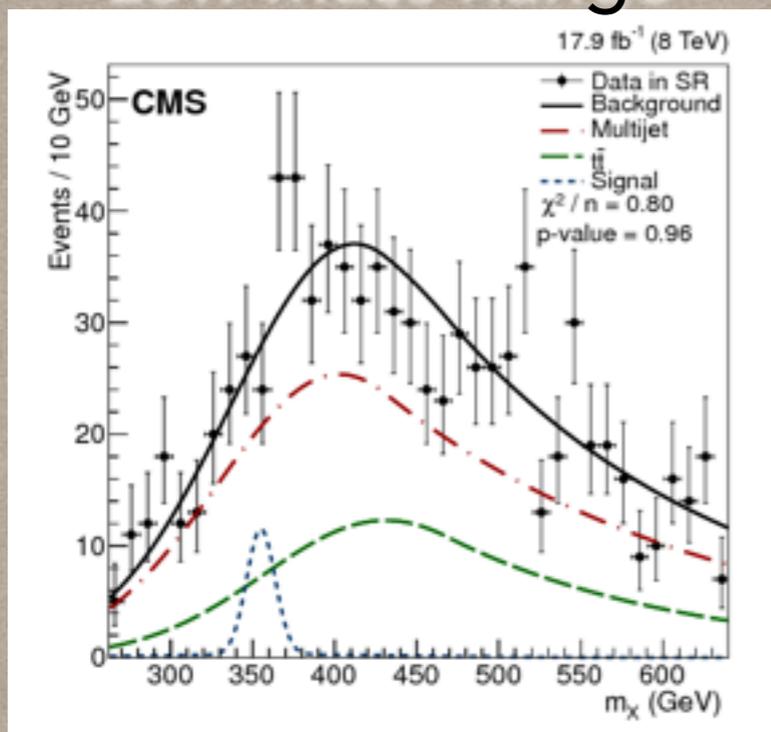
CR=SR 3b1b



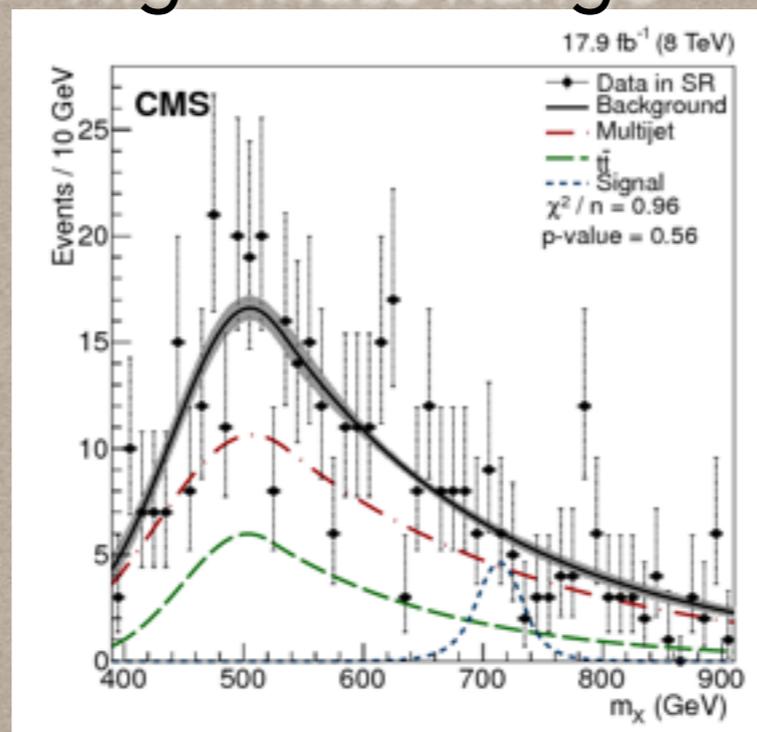
Plots are after tt BG subtraction (~25%)

X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow bbbb - Results

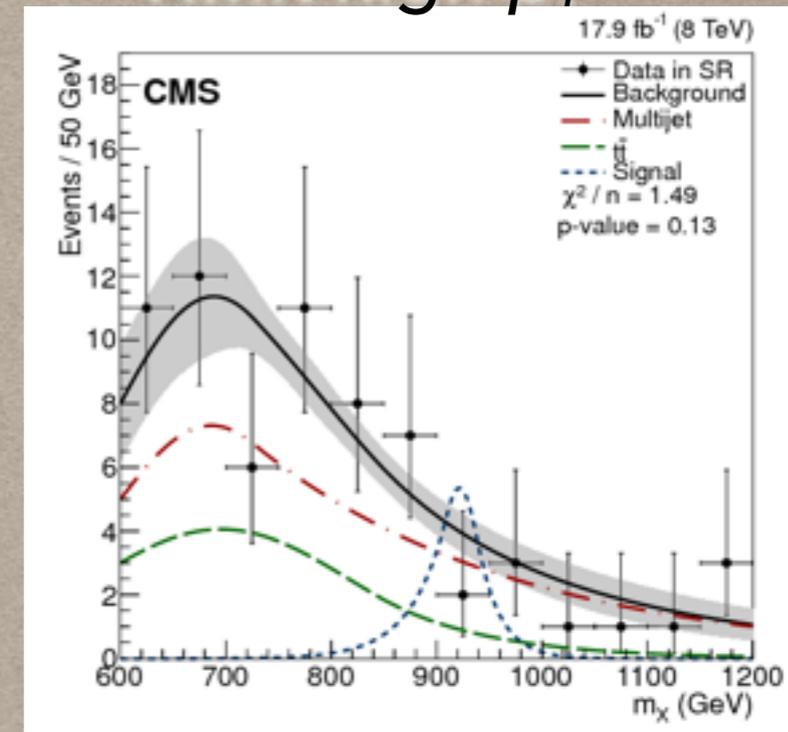
Low Mass Range



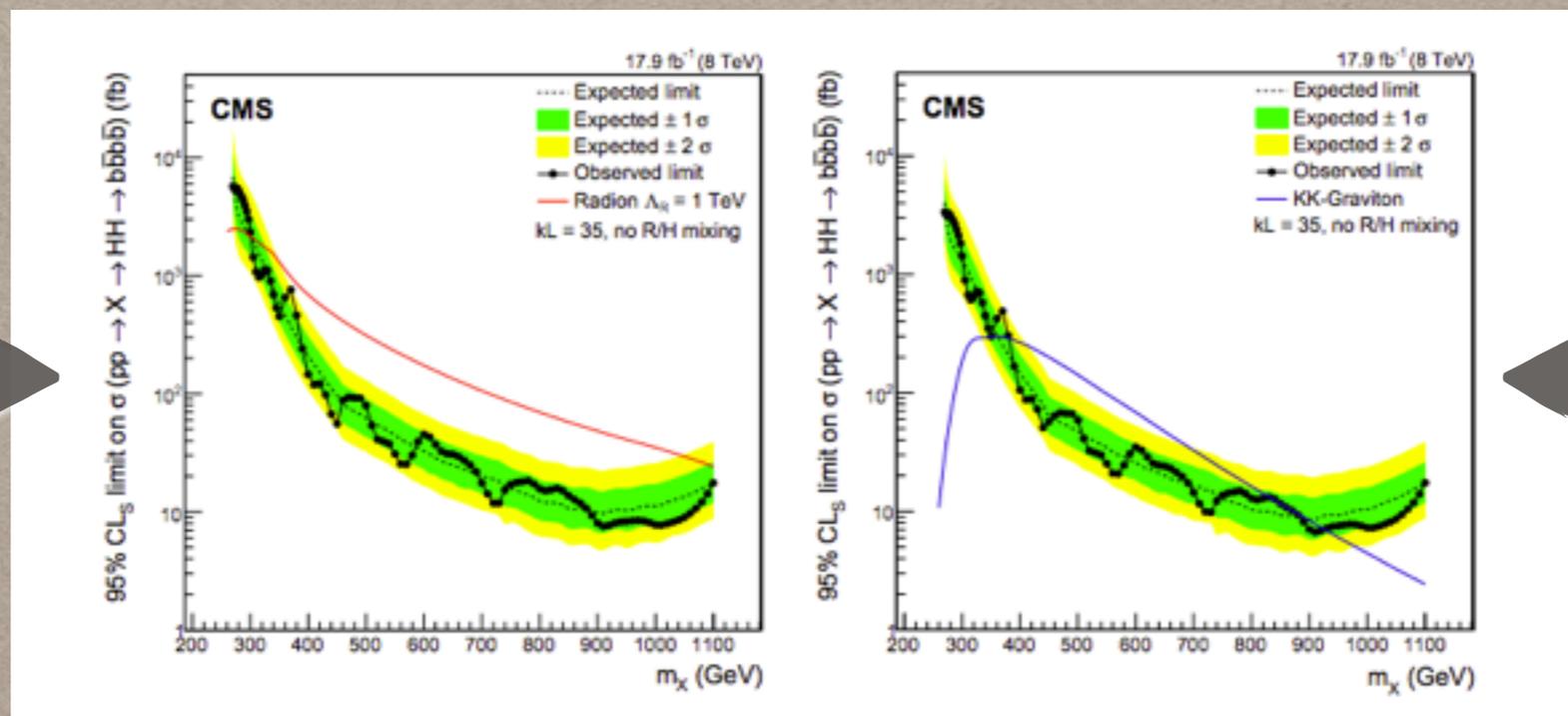
High Mass Range



HMR high p_T



spin 0 \rightarrow

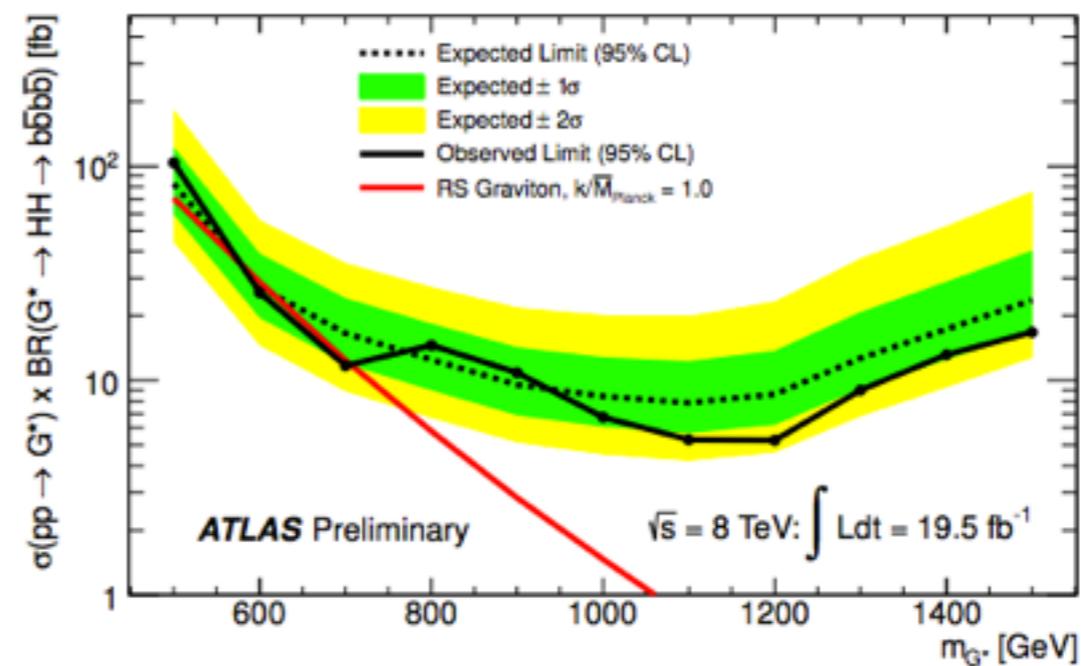
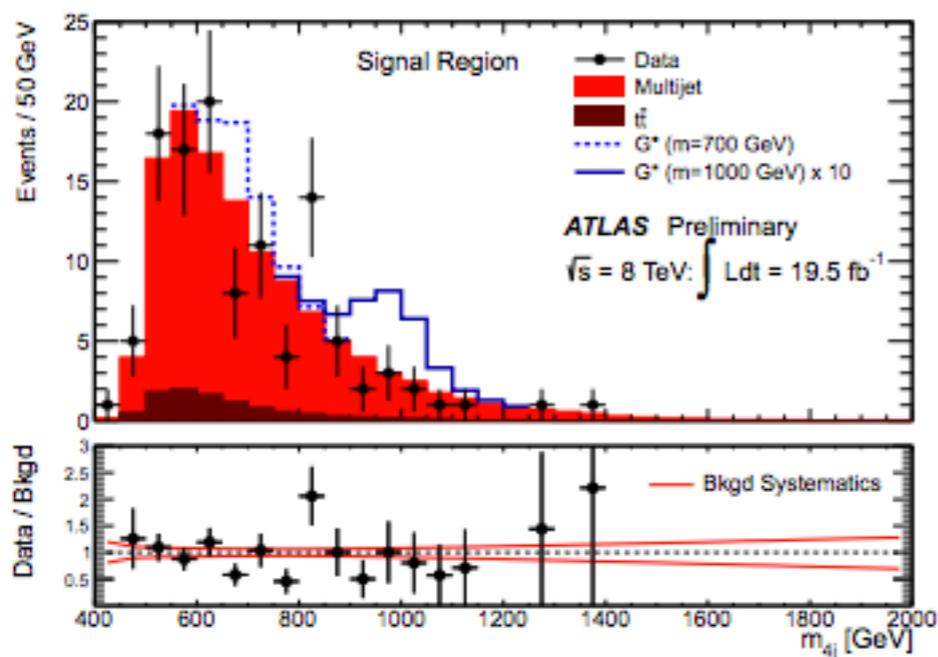


\leftarrow spin 2



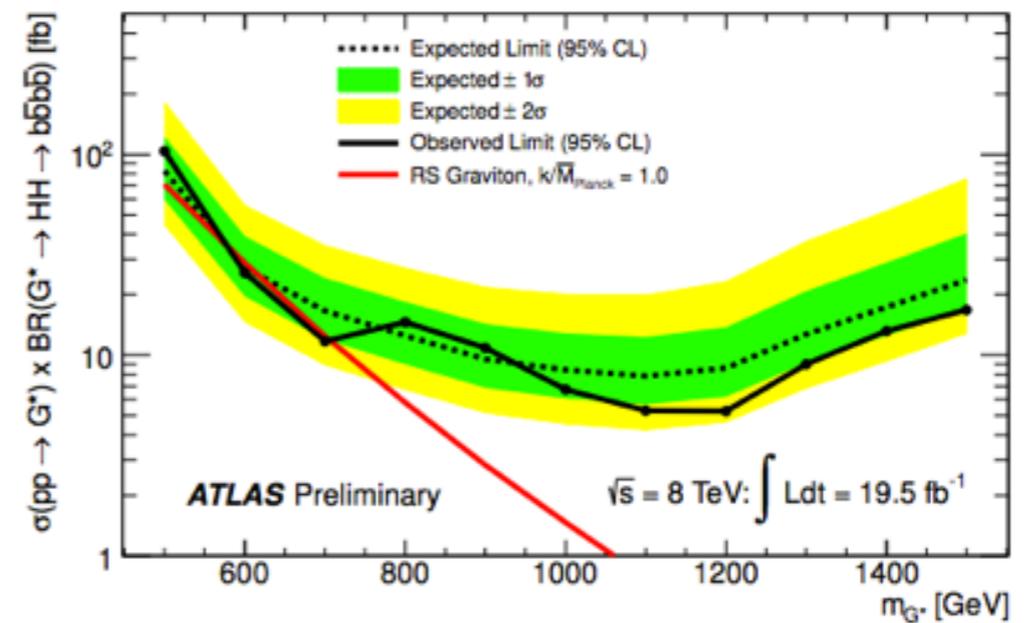
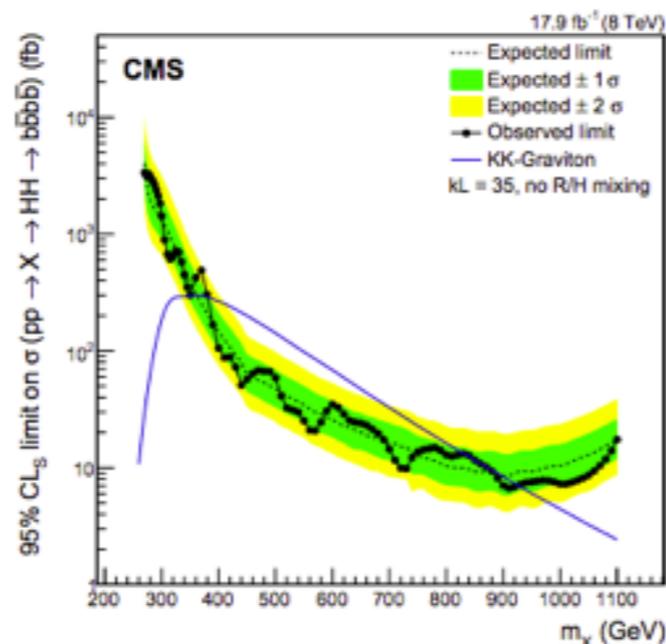
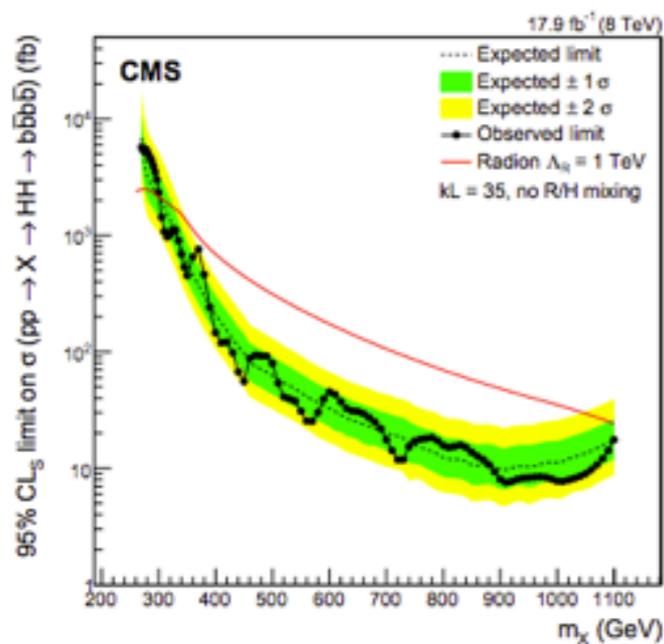
$X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$

- Similar analysis from ATLAS
- main difference: top rejection by using additional jets (W mass, top mass)
-> different BG composition (~90% QCD; ~10% tt)



X → HH → bbb̄

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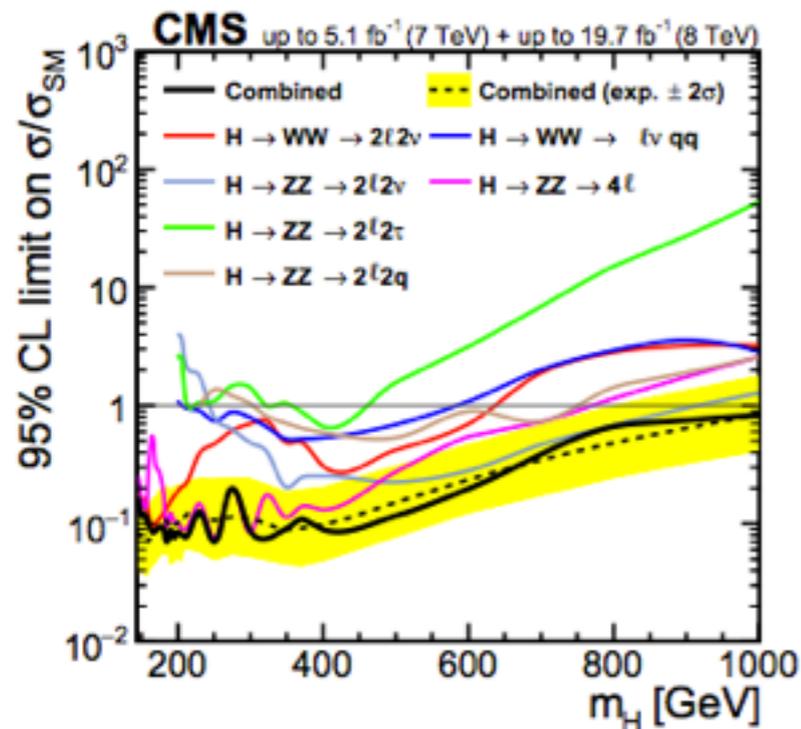
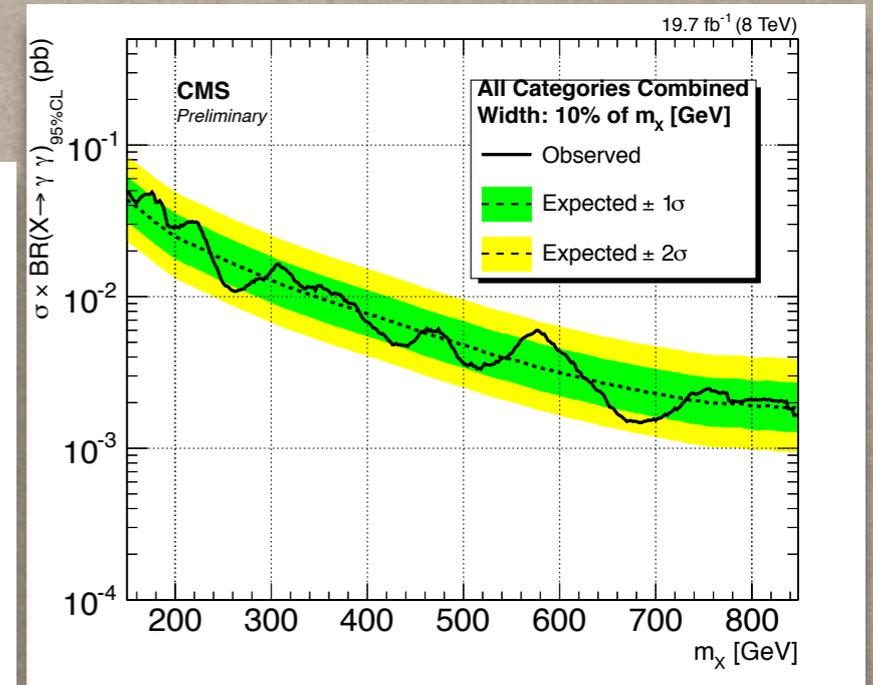
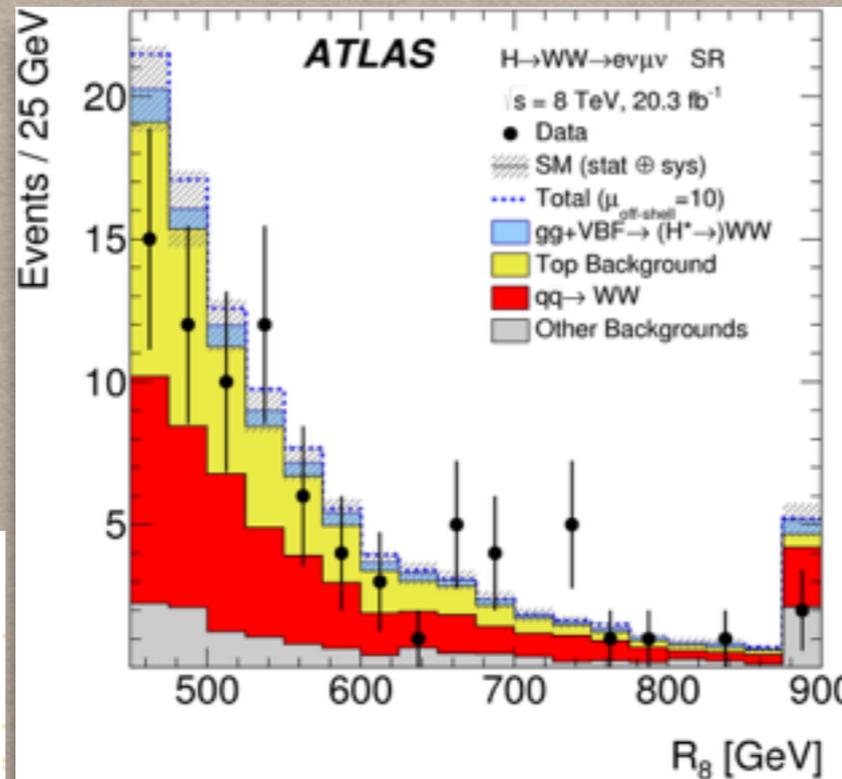


similar results (where comparable)

SUMMARY: HEAVY HIGGS

H- \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ from CMS

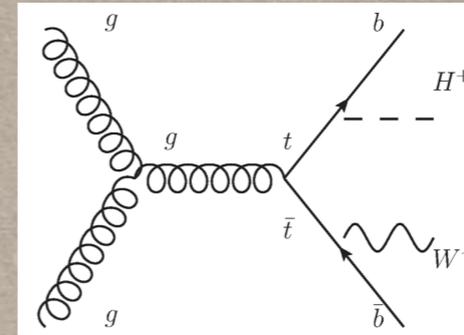
H- \rightarrow WW from ATLAS



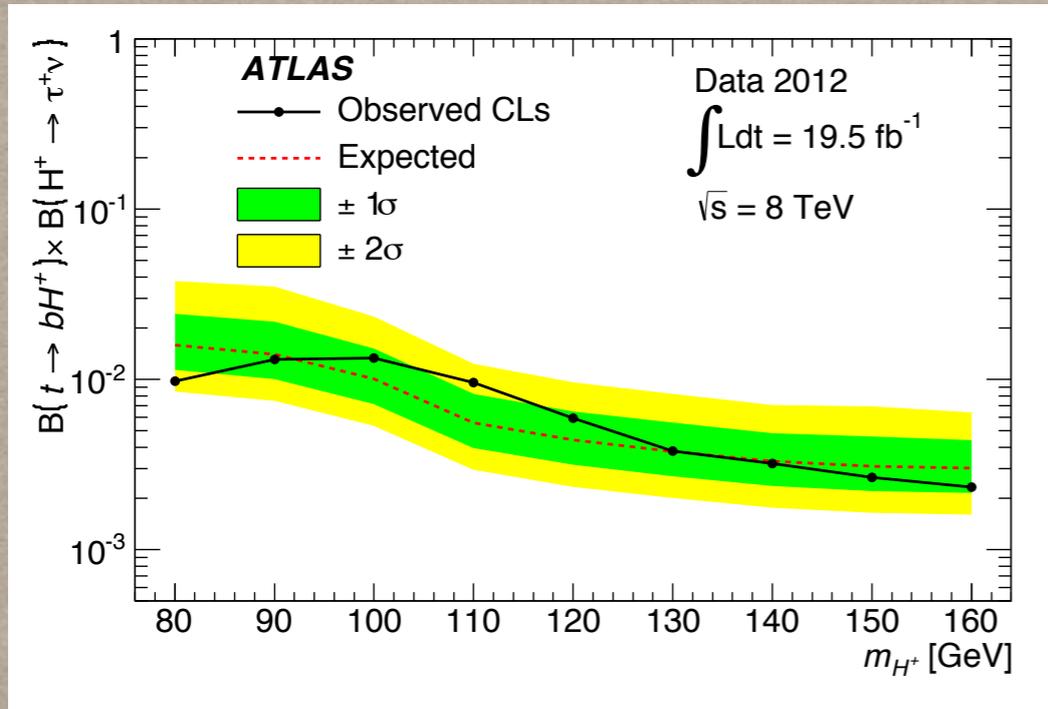
H- \rightarrow WW/ZZ from CMS

SUMMARY: H^+

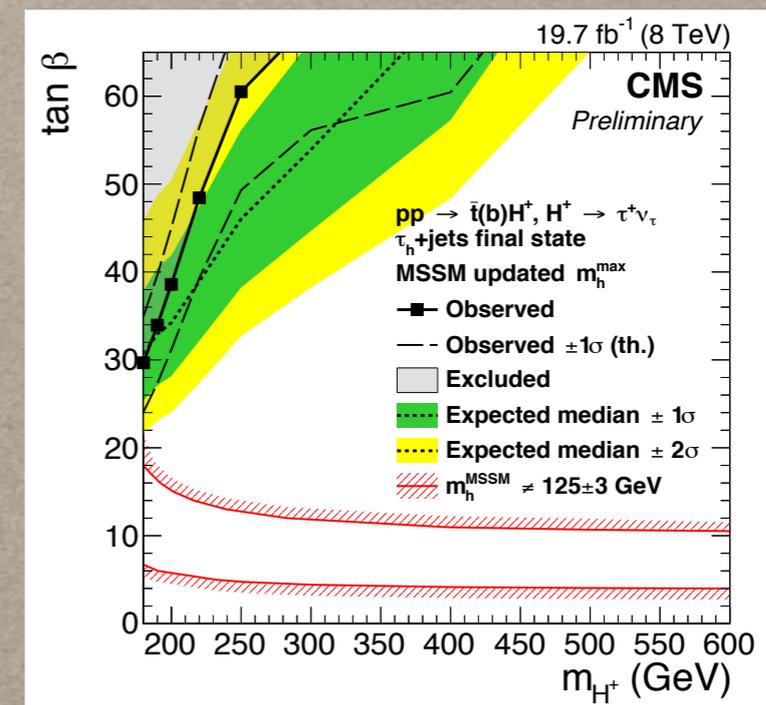
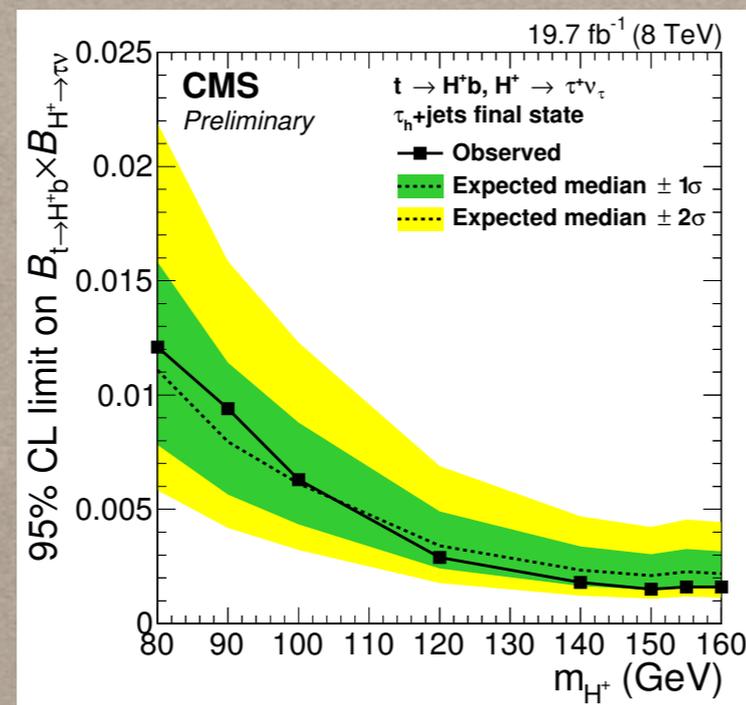
LIGHT H^+ ($M(H) < M(t)$)



ATLAS hadronic tau

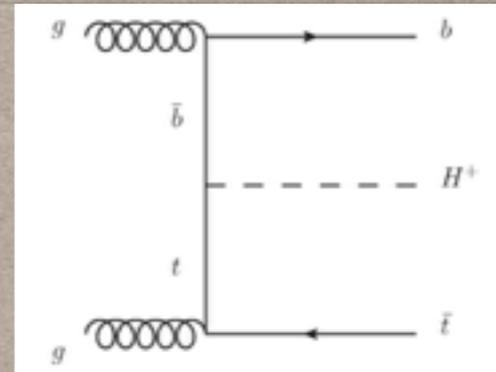
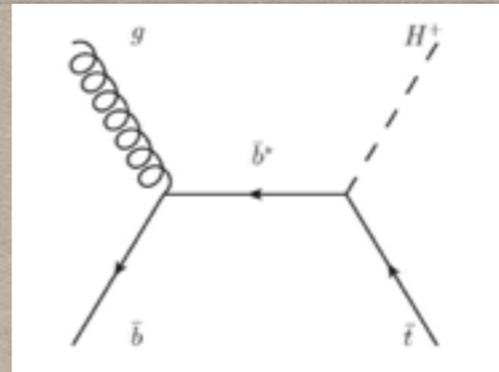


CMS hadronic

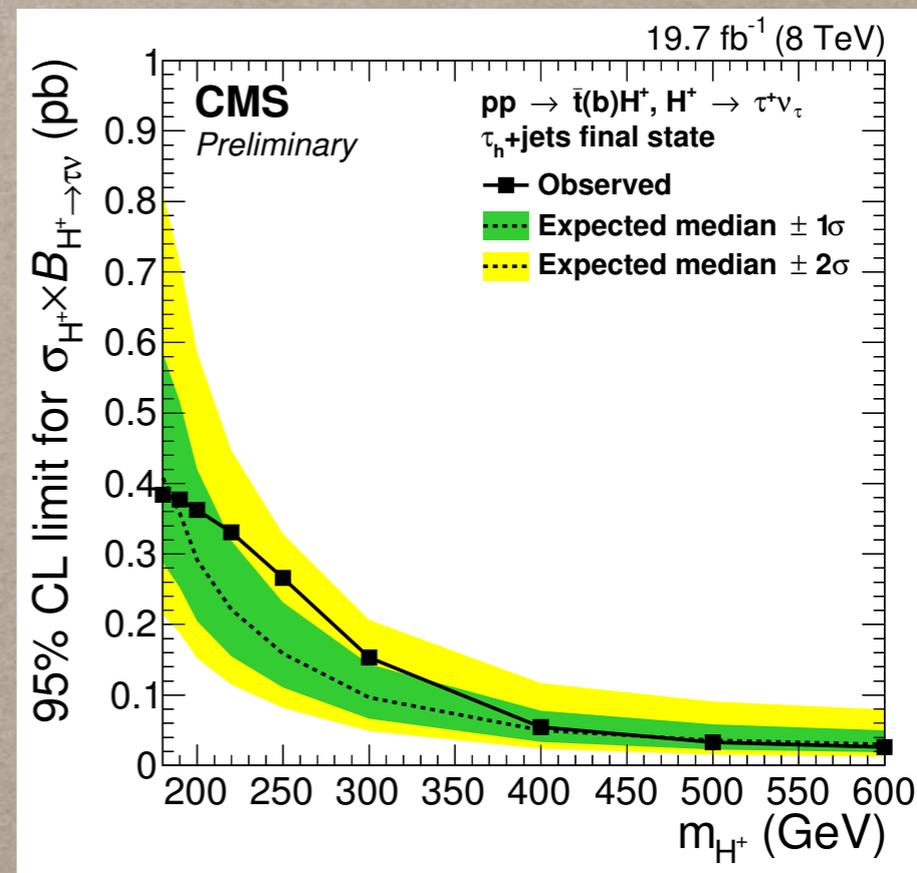
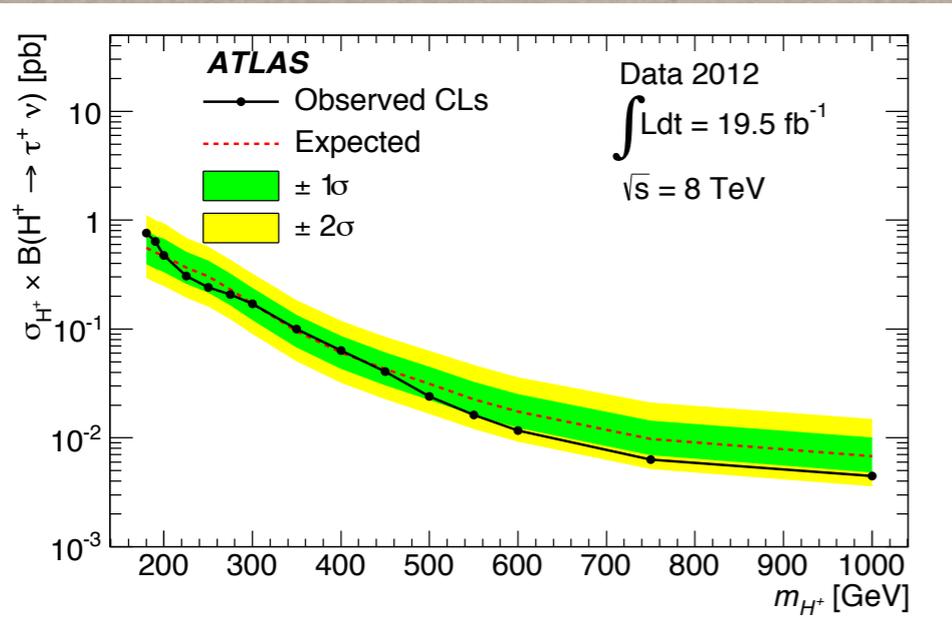


SUMMARY: H^+

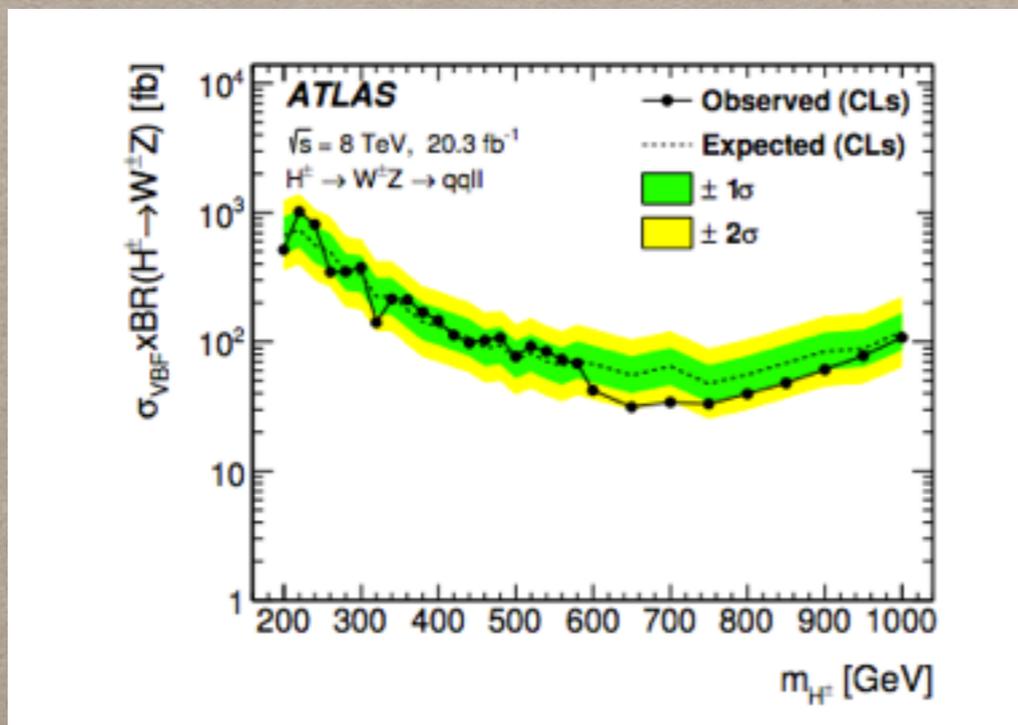
HEAVY H^+ ($M(H) > M(t)$)



ATLAS hadronic tau



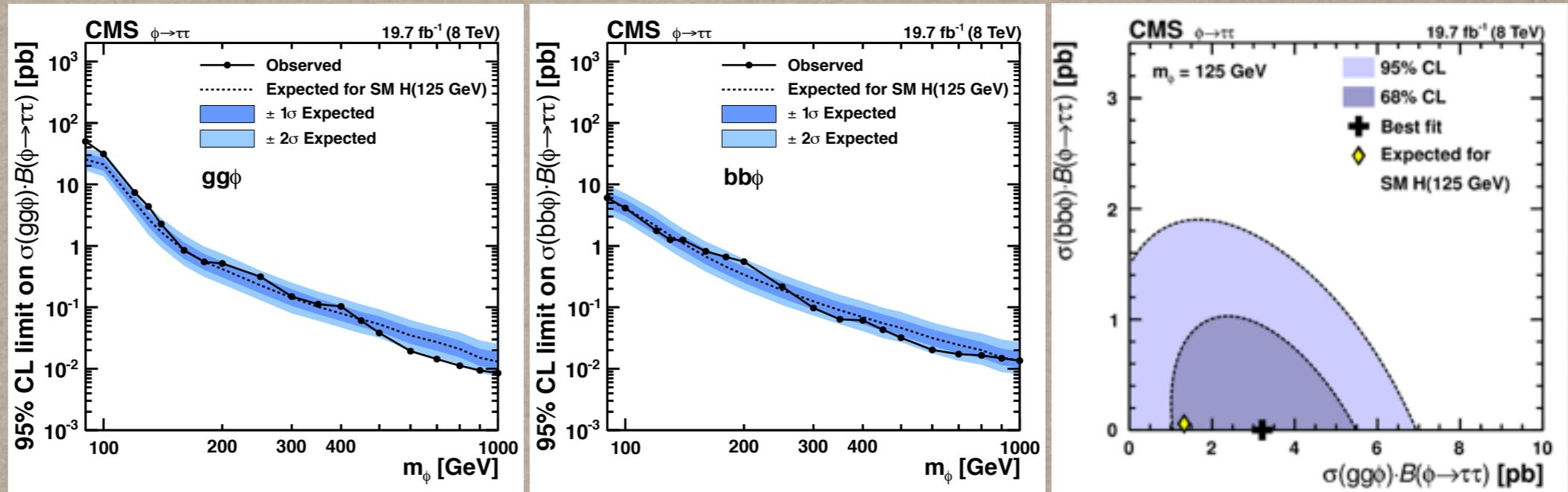
CMS hadronic



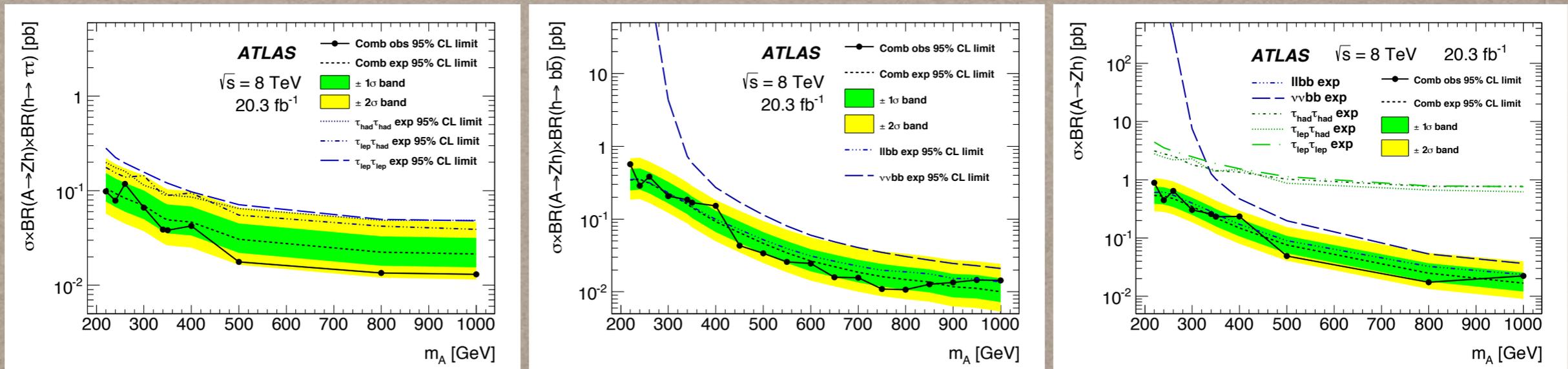
Fresh from ATLAS (a bit off topic but still a H^+ limit)

SUMMARY: 2HDM (Neutral states)

Neutral higgs
like to $\tau\tau$ from CMS

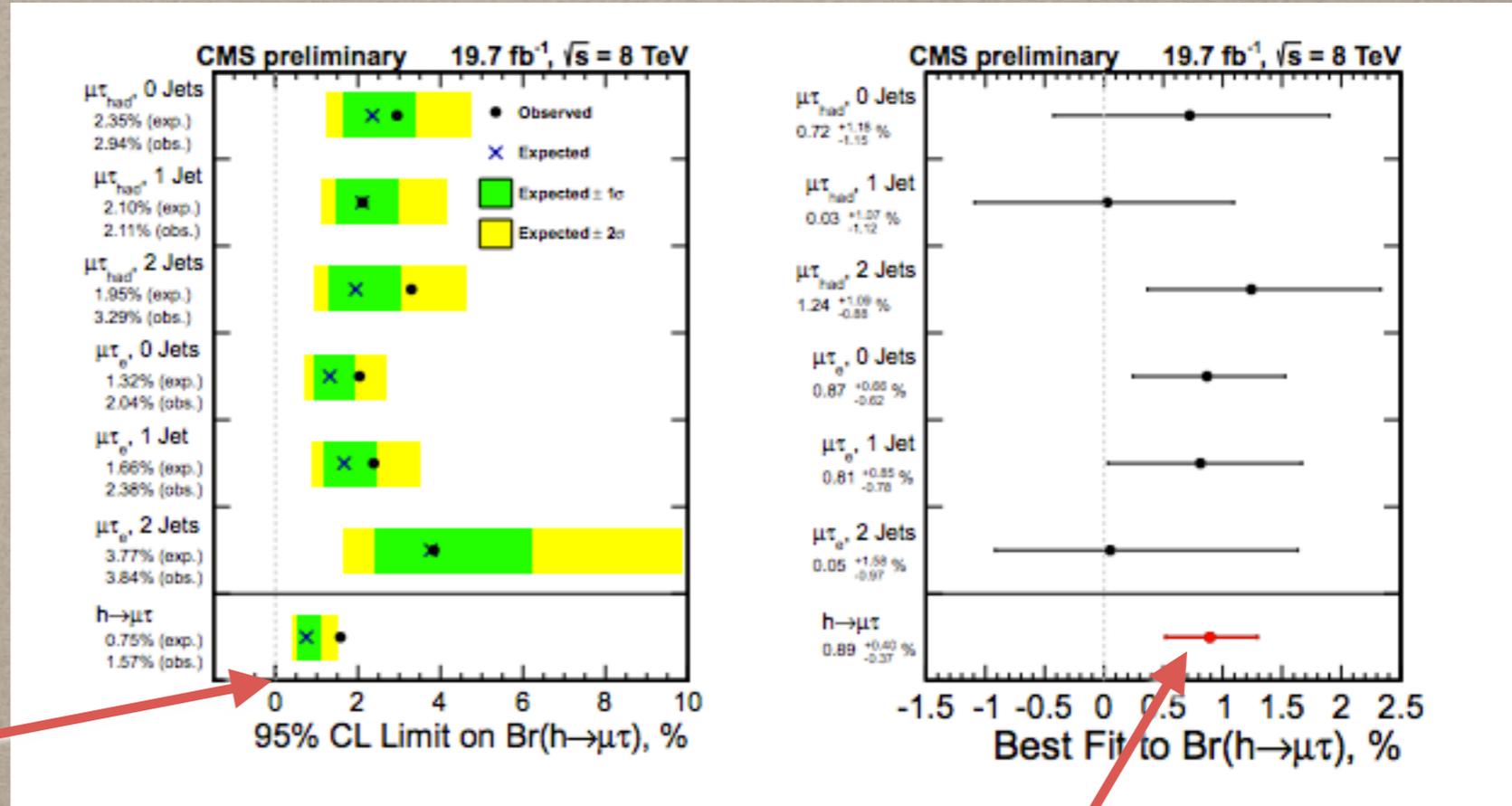


ATLAS $A \rightarrow Zh$ ($h \rightarrow bb, \tau\tau$)



SUMMARY: LFV

- CMS $h \rightarrow \mu\tau$
- hadronic or electronic tau



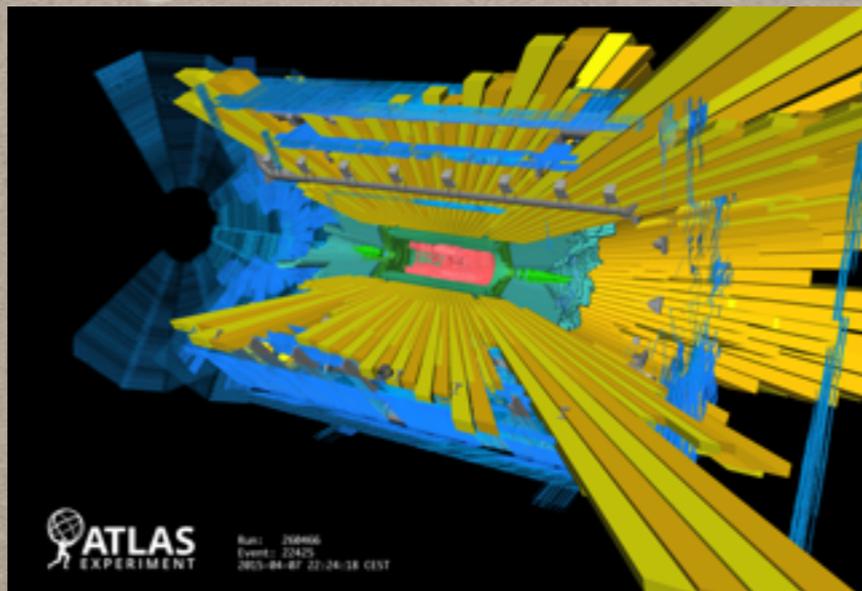
$0 = SM$ value

$X =$ Expected limit (no signal)

2.5σ
 $p\text{-value} = 0.007$

CONCLUSION:

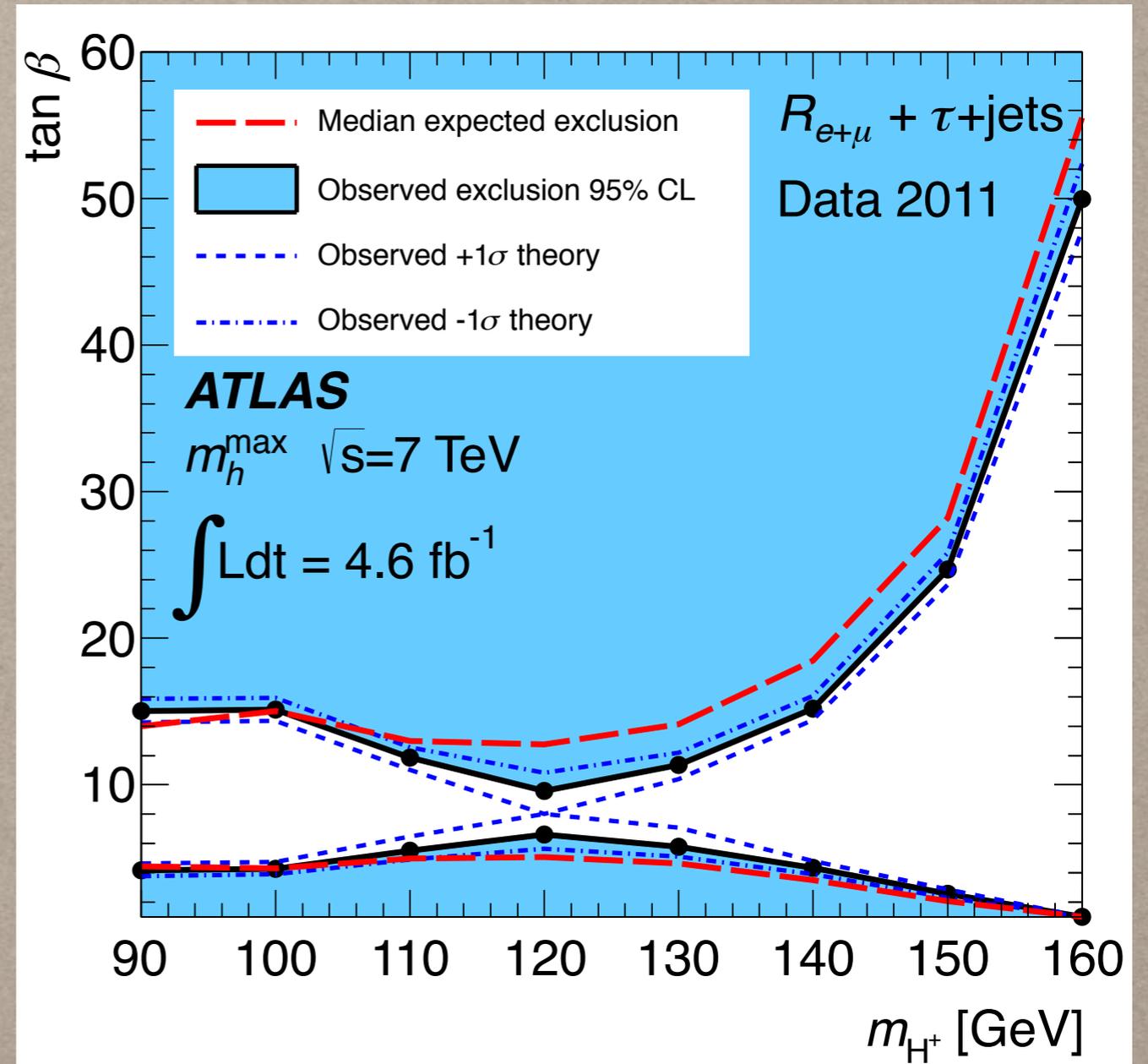
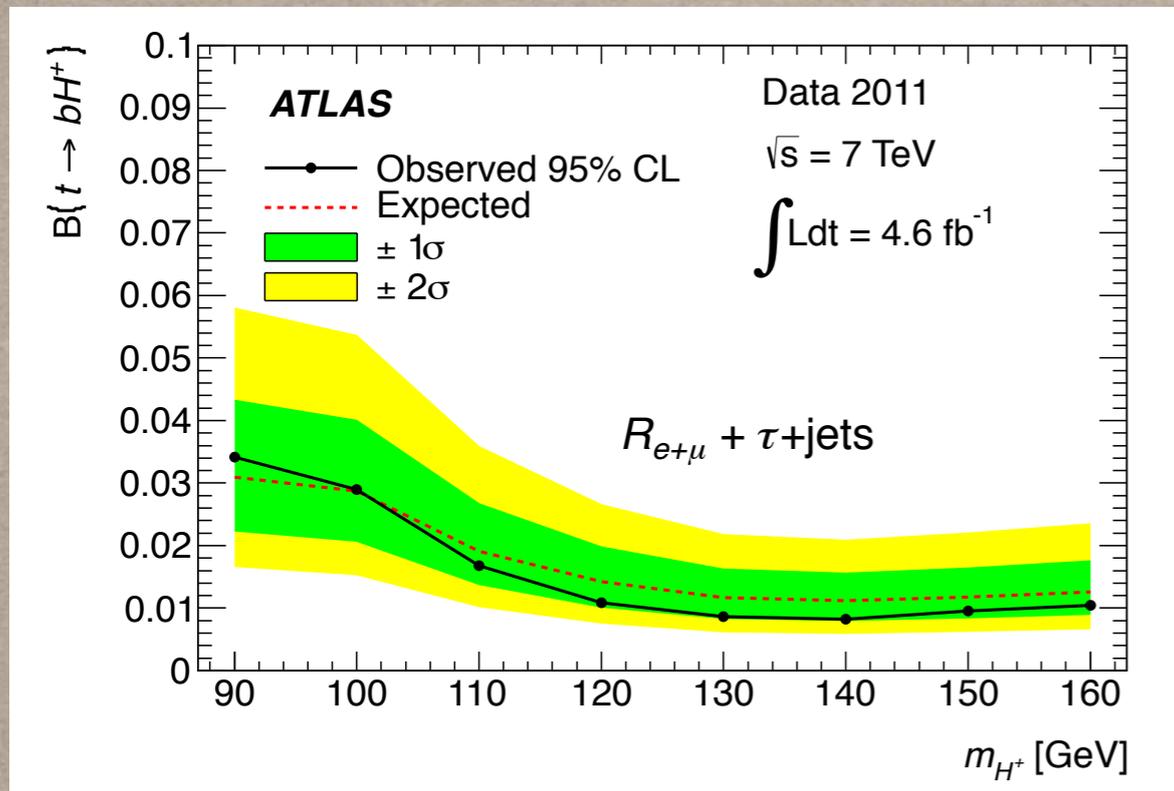
- Many ATLAS and CMS BSM searches
 - > No discovery yet
- Heavy Higgs (SM like) also searched - nothing here as well
- Eagerly waiting for RUNII with many hopes for BSM physics.



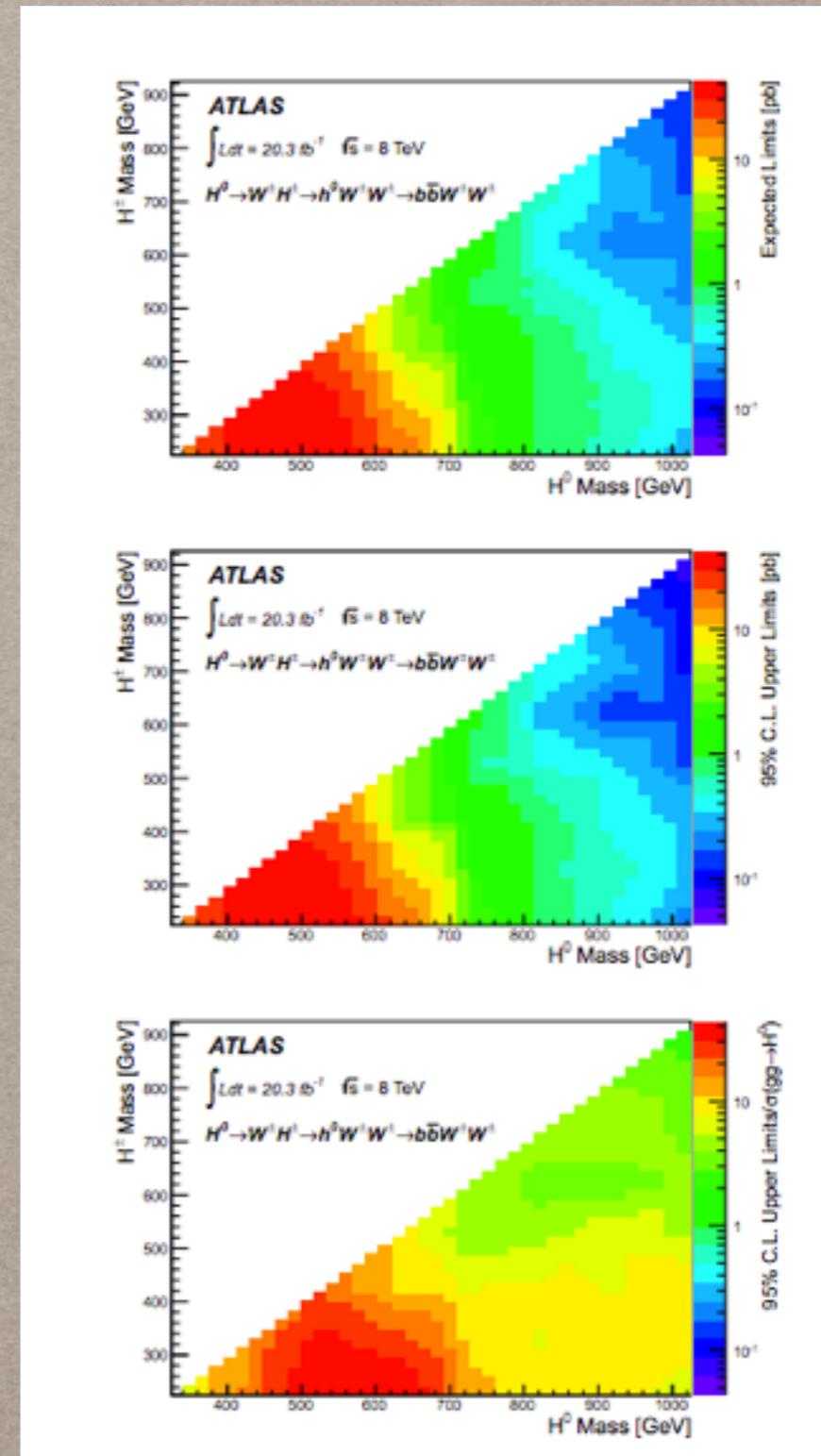
First beam splash from Run 2

Backup slides

RATIO METHOD AND τ +JETS COMBINATION



ATLAS CASCADE $H^0 \rightarrow W^- H^+ \rightarrow h W W \rightarrow b \bar{b} W W$



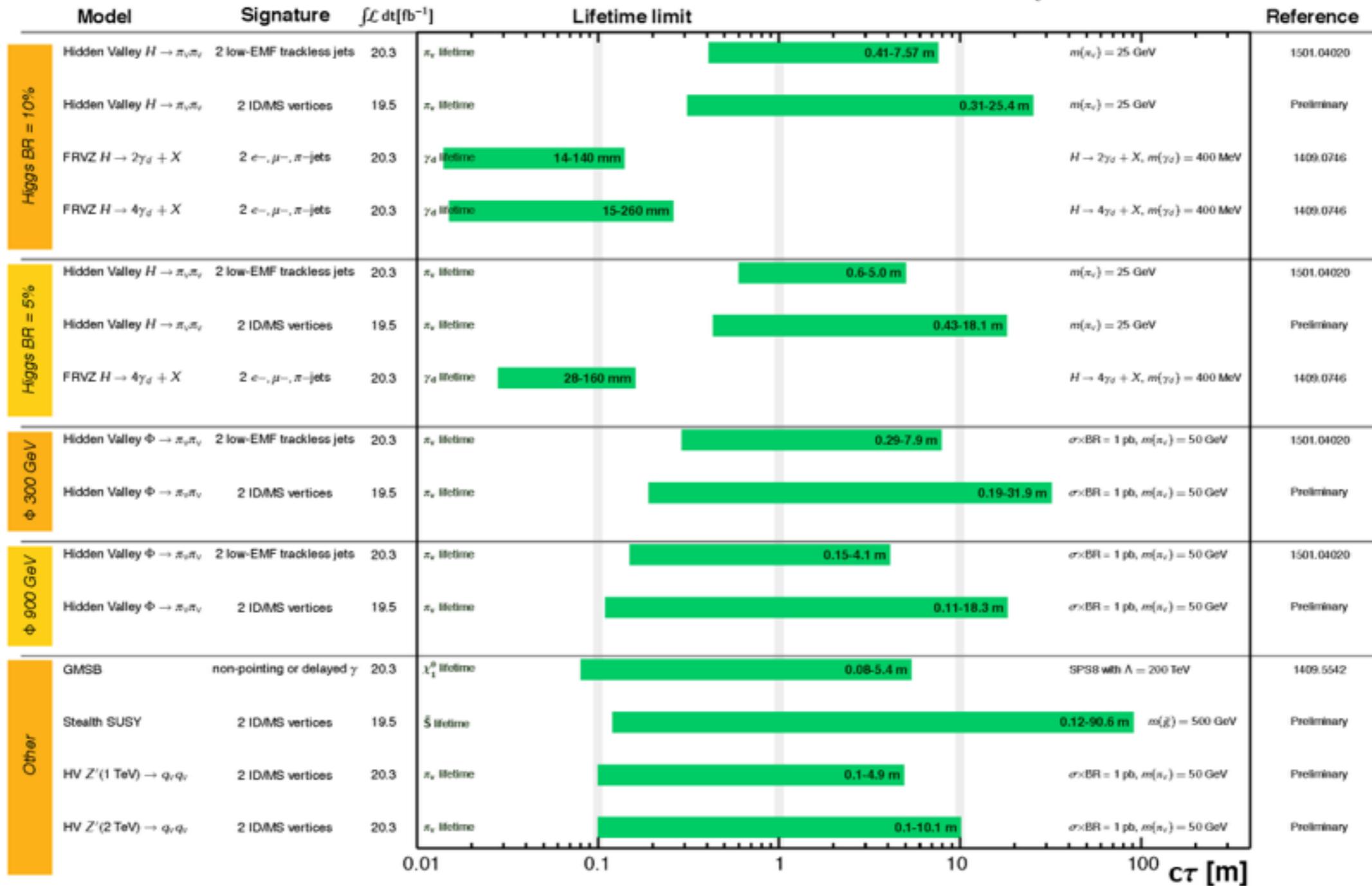
EXOTIC DECAYS OF HIGGS

ATLAS Exotics Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: March 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (19.5 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.