# Meson spectroscopy, resonances and scattering on the lattice

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X(3872), Y(4260), Z<sup>+</sup>(4430), Z<sub>c</sub><sup>+</sup>(3900), Z<sub>b</sub><sup>+</sup>, X(5568), D<sub>s</sub>(2317), light scalars  $\pi_1(1600)$  [J<sup>PC</sup> = 1<sup>-+</sup>] ...

Exotic quantum numbers – can't just be a  $q\bar{q}$  pair

First-principles calculations  $\rightarrow$  lattice QCD



## Introduction

- Light mesons: ρ, light scalars
- Heavy-light mesons
- Charmonium(-like) mesons etc.
- Summary

## Lattice QCD Spectroscopy



 Discretise spacetime in a finite volume
 Compute correlation fns. numerically (Euclidean time, t → i t)

Note:

- Finite *a* and *L*
- Possibly unphysical  $m_{\pi}$

## Finite-volume energy eigenstates from: $C_{ij}(t) = < 0 |\mathcal{O}_i(t)\mathcal{O}_j^{\dagger}(0)|0 >$



## Lower-lying mesons (and baryons)



### Scattering and resonances

#### Most hadrons appear as resonances in scattering of lighter hadrons





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Infinite volume – continuous spectrum above threshold



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#### Finite volume – discrete spectrum



[periodic b.c.s]

Non-interacting: 
$$\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$$
  
nteracting:  $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$ 

c.f. 1-dim: 
$$k = \frac{2\pi}{L}n + \frac{2}{L}\delta(k)$$
  
scattering phase shift

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Talks by Raul Briceño, 5:30pm Tues and Max Hansen, 6pm Tues (B6)

Lüscher method (and extensions): relate finite-volume energy levels  ${E_{cm}}$  to infinite-volume scattering *t*-matrix

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**Elastic scattering**: from  $E_{cm}$  get  $t(E_{cm})$  or equivalently  $\delta(E_{cm})$ [Complication: reduced symmetry of lattice volume  $\rightarrow$  partial wave mixing]

**Coupled-channel scattering:** 

E.g. 
$$t(E_{cm}) = \begin{pmatrix} t_{\pi\pi\to\pi\pi}(E_{cm}) & t_{\pi\pi\to K\bar{K}}(E_{cm}) \\ t_{K\bar{K}\to\pi\pi}(E_{cm}) & t_{K\bar{K}\to K\bar{K}}(E_{cm}) \end{pmatrix}$$

→ Determinant equation for  $t(E_{cm})$  at each  $E_{cm}$ → Under-constrained problem (e.g. 2 channels: 3 unknowns but 1 equ.) → Parameterize  $E_{cm}$  dependence of *t*-matrix and fit  $\{E_{lat}\}$  to  $\{E_{param}\}$ 

Try different parameterizations, e.g. various *K*-matrix forms (for elastic scattering also Breit Wigner, effective range expansion).

Larger set of  $E_{cm}$  by e.g. overall non-zero mom., twisted b.c.s, different vols.

### The $\rho$ resonance in $\pi\pi$ scattering

E<sub>cm</sub> / MeV P = [0,0,0]1300  $J^{P} = 1^{-} [\ell = 1]$ Reduced sym.  $\rightarrow$ 1200 other partial waves can mix in 1100 1000 – – – –  $K\bar{K}$  thresh. 900 0 800 700  $m_{\pi}$  = 236 MeV 600

Experimentally  ${\sf BR}(
ho o \pi\pi) \sim 100\%$ 

Finite volume spectrum from:  $C_{ij}(t) = < 0 |O_i(t)O_j^{\dagger}(0)|0 >$ Use many different operators

Wilson et al (HadSpec) [PR D92, 094502 (2015)] and Dudek, Edwards, CT (HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013)]

## The $\rho$ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering



(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

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### The $\rho$ resonance: **coupled-channel** $\pi\pi$ , $K\bar{K}$



(HadSpec) [PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

## The $\rho$ : other elastic $\pi\pi$ calcs.

Bali *et al* (RQCD) [PR D93, 054509 (2016)]



 $m_{\pi} \approx 150 \text{ MeV}$ No strange quarks in the sea ( $N_f = 2$ )

 $M_{\rm R}$  = 716 ± 21 ± 21 MeV  $\Gamma$  = 113 ± 35 ± 3 MeV g = 5.64 ± 0.87

## The $\rho$ : other elastic $\pi\pi$ calcs.

Bali *et al* (RQCD) [PR D93, 054509 (2016)]



### The $\rho$ : other elastic $\pi\pi$ calcs.

Guo *et al* [PR D94, 034501 (2016)], Hu *et al* [arXiv:1605.04823]

#### No strange quarks in the sea $(N_f = 2)$

Talk by Raquel Molina, 3:50pm Thrs (B7)



Some other recent calculations:

Bulava *et al* [NP B910, 842 (2016)]

Also see talk by Daniel Mohler, 3:30pm Mon (B1)

## Resonant $\pi^+ \gamma \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ amplitude

#### Talk by Raul Briceño, 5:30pm Tues (B6)



Briceño et al (HadSpec) [PRL 115, 242001 (2015); PRD 93, 114508 (2016)]

## Light scalar mesons



## κ in πK, ηK

 $J^{P} = 0^{+}$ , Isospin = ½, Strangeness = 1



(HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014); PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

## κ in πK, ηK

 $J^{P} = 0^{+}$ , Isospin = ½, Strangeness = 1



## $a_0$ resonance in $\pi\eta$ , $K\bar{K}$

### $J^{P} = 0^{+}, I = 1$



Strongly coupled to both  $\pi\eta$  and  $Kar{K}$ 

Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

## $|a_0|$ resonance in $\pi\eta,\,Kar{K}|$

### $J^{P} = 0^{+}, I = 1$





Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

## $|a_0|$ resonance in $\pi\eta,\,Kar{K}|$

### $J^{p} = 0^{+}, I = 1$





Also: including  $\pi \eta'$  in S-wave, and a D-wave (2<sup>+</sup>) resonance c.f.  $a_2$ 

> Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

## $f_0(500)/\sigma$ in $\pi\pi$ scattering

#### $J^{P} = 0^{+}, I = 0$



Talk by Raul Briceño, 5:30pm Tues (B6)

Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [arXiv:1607.05900]

## $f_0(500)/\sigma$ in $\pi\pi$ scattering

#### $J^{P} = 0^{+}, I = 0$



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## Charm-light (D) and charm-strange (D<sub>s</sub>) mesons



#### Some earlier LQCD studies:

#### Talk by Daniel Mohler, 3:30pm Mon (B1)

- Mohler *et al* [PR D87, 034501 (2012)] 0<sup>+</sup>  $D \pi$  and 1<sup>+</sup>  $D^* \pi$  resonances
- Mohler et al [PRL 111, 222001 (2013)] 0<sup>+</sup> D<sub>s</sub>(2317) below D K threshold
- Lang et al [PRD 90, 034510 (2014)] 0<sup>+</sup> D<sub>s</sub>(2317) and 1<sup>+</sup> D<sub>s1</sub>(2460), D<sub>s1</sub>(2536)

## Dπ, Dη, $D_s \overline{K}$ (I=½)

#### Talk by Graham Moir, 4:40pm Mon (C1)



 $m_{\pi}$  = 391 MeV

Moir, Peardon, Ryan, CT, Wilson (HadSpec) [arXiv:1607.07093]

## Dπ, Dη, D<sub>s</sub> $\overline{K}$ (I=½)

#### Talk by Graham Moir, 4:40pm Mon (C1)



Moir, Peardon, Ryan, CT, Wilson (HadSpec) [arXiv:1607.07093]

 $D\pi$  (I=1/2) c.f. DK (I=0)

# **0<sup>+</sup> in D** $\pi$ at (2275.9 ± 0.9) MeV c.f. D $\pi$ threshold (2276.4 ± 0.9) MeV

#### **0<sup>+</sup> in DK** at ≈ 2380 MeV c.f. DK threshold ≈ 2430 MeV



#### Talk by Gunnar Bali, 3:20pm Mon (C1)



 $m_{\pi}$  = 150 MeV and 290 MeV No strange quarks in the sea ( $N_f$  = 2)

	0 <sup>+</sup> channel			$1^+$ channel		
	$m_{\pi}=290~[{ m MeV}]$	$m_{\pi}=150~[{ m MeV}]$	Expt. [MeV]	$m_{\pi}=290~[{ m MeV}]$	$m_{\pi}=150~[{ m MeV}]$	Expt. [MeV]
<i>a</i> <sub>0</sub> [fm]	-1.13(4)	-1.49(13)		-0.96(5)	-1.24(9)	
<i>r</i> <sub>0</sub> [fm]	0.077(33)	0.199(87)		0.106(64)	0.265(74)	
$\Delta m$ [MeV]	40.4(2.7)	26.3(4.3)	45.1	59.3(3.8)	42.0(5.2)	44.7
$m_{D_s}$ [MeV]	2383.5(2.4)	2347.8(3.8)	2317.7	2496.5(3.6)	2450.8(4.0)	2459.5

#### **Bottom mesons**



 $m_{\pi} \approx 156 \text{ MeV}$  $m_{\pi} L \approx 2.3$ 

Lang *et al* [PL B750, 17 (2015)] Lang *et al* [arXiv:1607.03185]

#### **Bottom mesons**

#### Talk by Daniel Mohler, 3:30pm Mon (B1)



### Charmonium-like mesons, tetraquarks – some recent work

- Ozaki, Sasaki [PR D87, 014506 (2013)] no sign of Y(4140) in J/ $\psi \phi$
- Prelovsek & Leskovec [PRL 111, 192001 (2013)] 1<sup>++</sup> I=0 near  $D\bar{D}^*$  X(3872)?
- Prelovsek et al [PL B727, 172; PR D91, 014504 (2015)] no sign of Z<sup>+</sup>(3900) in 1<sup>+-</sup>
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D89, 094506 (2014)] 1<sup>++</sup> I=1  $D\bar{D}^*$  weakly repulsive
- Padmanath et al [PR D92, 034501 (2015)] 1<sup>++</sup> I=0 [X(3872)?]; no I=1 or Y(4140)
- Lang *et al* [JHEP 1509, 089 (2015)] I=0  $D\bar{D}$ : 1<sup>--</sup>  $\psi$ (3770) and 0<sup>++</sup>
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D92, 054507 (2015)]  $1^{+-}$  I=1  $D^* \overline{D}^*$  weakly repulsive?
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D93, 114501 (2016)]  $0^{--}$ ,  $1^{+-}$  I= $1D^*\overline{D}_1$  some attraction?
- Ikeda *et al* (HAL QCD) [arXiv:1602.03465]  $\pi$  J/ $\psi$ ,  $\rho$   $\eta_c$ ,  $D\bar{D}^*$  using HAL QCD method suggest Z<sup>+</sup>(3900) is a threshold cusp
- Albaladejo *et al* [arXiv:1606.03008] Talk by Feng Kun Guo, 6:30pm Fri (C8)

Heavy-flavour tetraquarks (  $qqar{Q}ar{Q}$  ):

- Bicudo *et al* [PR D92, 014507 (2015); PR D93, 034501 (2016)] compute potential between two *B* mesons in static approximation
- Francis *et al* [1607.05214]  $udb\overline{b}$  and  $ls\overline{b}\overline{b}$  1<sup>+</sup> tetraquarks.

### Summary

- Significant progress in using lattice QCD to study resonances, near-threshold states, etc over recent years.
- Coupled-channel scattering for the first time.
- Extract many energy levels → map out scattering amps.
- Examples of recent work:
  - ρ resonance (many calculations)
  - Light scalars (σ, a<sub>0</sub>(980), κ)
  - Heavy-light mesons
  - Charmonium-like states
- Use  $m_{\pi}$  dependence as a tool
- Ongoing work on formalism (e.g. 3-hadron scattering)
- Also transitions, e.g.  $\rho$  resonance  $(\pi\pi) \rightarrow \pi \gamma$