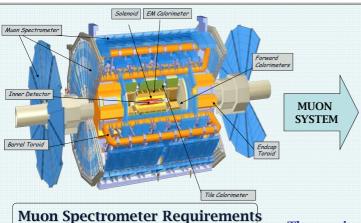


MDT Data Quality Assessment at the Calibration Centers for the ATLAS experiment at LHC

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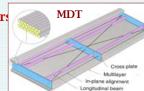
- Solid angle coverage
- Trigger capability for different muon momenta
- · Operation in high rate and high background
- Good momentum resolution in the range 6GeV-1TeV

Tracker Detectors

- Monitored Drift Tube Chambers
- · Cathode Strip Chambers

Trigger Detectors

- · Resistive Plate Chambers
 - · Thin Gap Chambers

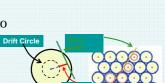


Toroidal magnetic field in air to minimize multiple scattering. Can operate as a stand-alone detector

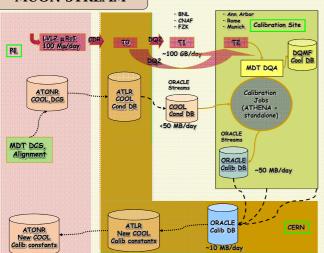
Muon MDT Spectrometer

Performance
The nominal resolution of 80μm on a single hit is required in the coordinate orthogonal to the B-field. Accuracy in the **precision of the** drift time measurement and of the detector mechanics.

Knowledge of the space-time (r-t) relation →MDT CALIBRATION



MUON STREAM



Continuous MDT calibration and alignment are needed to keep all effects under control

Weekly computation of single tube to (~20K muon tracks/tube)

Daily determination of the r-t relation of each chamber →~108 muon tracks each day over the entire spectrometer! Not achievable using the standard ATLAS Data Flow (muon rate through the 3 trigger levels ~20Hz) →Need a dedicated Muon Stream

Muons are extracted from the second level trigger (LVL2), requiring a track in the MDTs pointing to the vertex (~1 KHz) Data are streamlined and processed in 3 Calibration Centres

Ann Arbor, Munich, Rome:

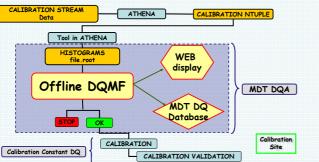
- ~100 CPUs each.
- ~1 day latency for the full chain: data extraction, calibration computation at the Centres, storage of results in the Condition DB at CERN. Need to carefully design the data flow and the DB architecture.

DOMF ARCHITECTURE

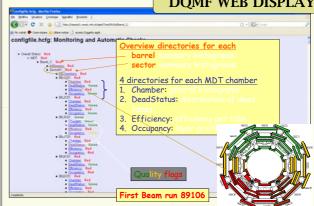
MDT Data Quality Assessment is performed using the "offline DQMF" package (Data Quality Monitoring Framework

- · Algorithms are applied on ROOT histograms, from the Calibration Stream, in an automated way.
- · Histograms are compared respect to a reference.
- · "Standard" and MDT dedicated algorithms are implemented in the package Results and summaries are published on WEB. stored in the Conditions Database.

DOMF is already used for MDT DOA by shifters at the calibration centers.



DQMF WEB DISPLAY



DQMF tool provides information about: Occupancy, DeadStatus, Efficiency and a global overview of the chamber status.

Based on dedicated analysis algorithms, general colour flags are produced to be stored in the Conditions DB.