

$\Delta\eta\Delta\phi$ correlations in p+p - comparison with UrQMD

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Two-particle correlations - introduction

Correlations are calculated by finding the difference in pseudo-rapidity and azimuthal angle between two particles in the same event.

$$\Delta\eta = |\eta_1 - \eta_2| \quad \eta \text{ transformed from LAB to CMS assuming pion mass}$$

$$\Delta\phi = |\phi_1 - \phi_2|$$

The azimuthal angle is folded (to improve statistics):

if $\Delta\phi > \pi$ then $\Delta\phi = 2\pi - \Delta\phi$.

Correlation function

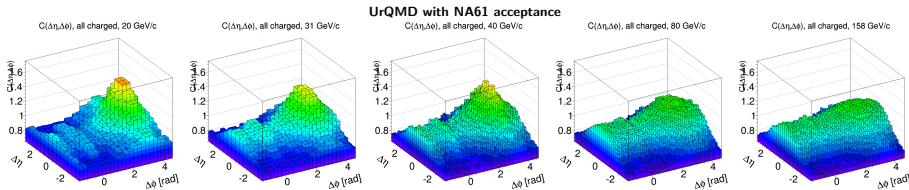
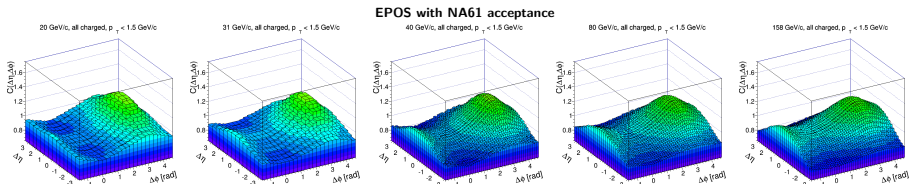
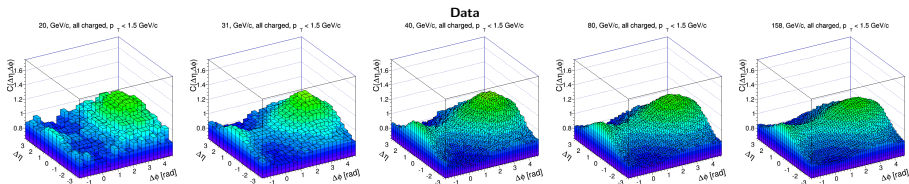
$$C(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \frac{N_{mixed}^{pairs}}{N_{data}^{pairs}} \frac{S(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi)}{M(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi)},$$

$$S(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \frac{d^2 N^{signal}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}; \quad M(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \frac{d^2 N^{mixed}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$

Correlation function ratio is calculated and normalized in restricted $\Delta\eta$ region:
 $0 < \Delta\eta < 3$.

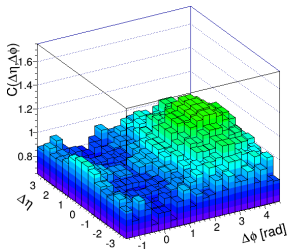
Event and track cuts were chosen to select only inelastic interactions with particles produced in strong and EM processes within the NA61/SHINE acceptance.

Data vs. Monte Carlo, all charged

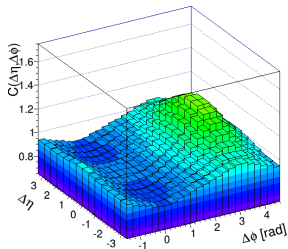


Differences example (20 GeV/c)

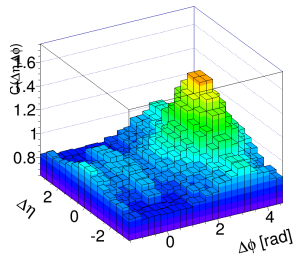
Data

20, GeV/c, all charged, $p_T < 1.5$ GeV/c

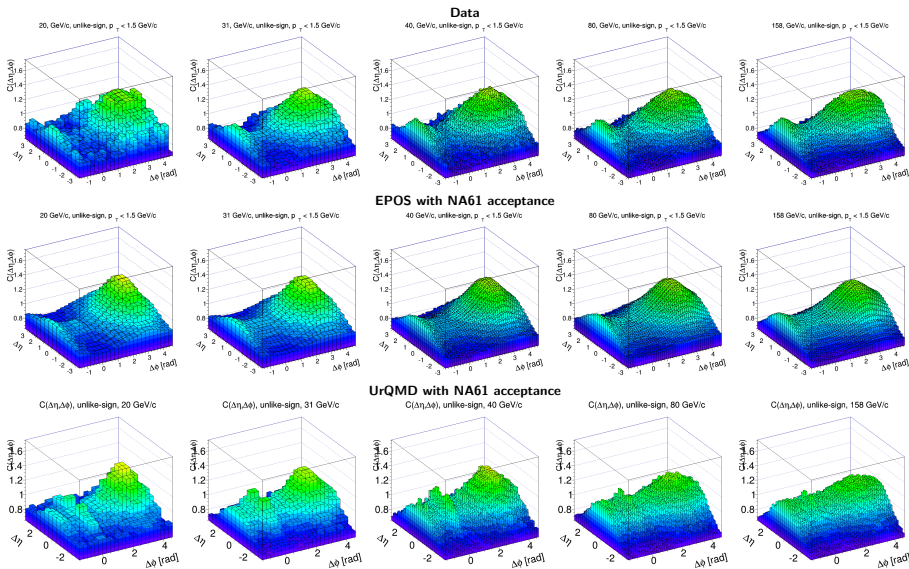
EPOS

20 GeV/c, all charged, $p_T < 1.5$ GeV/c

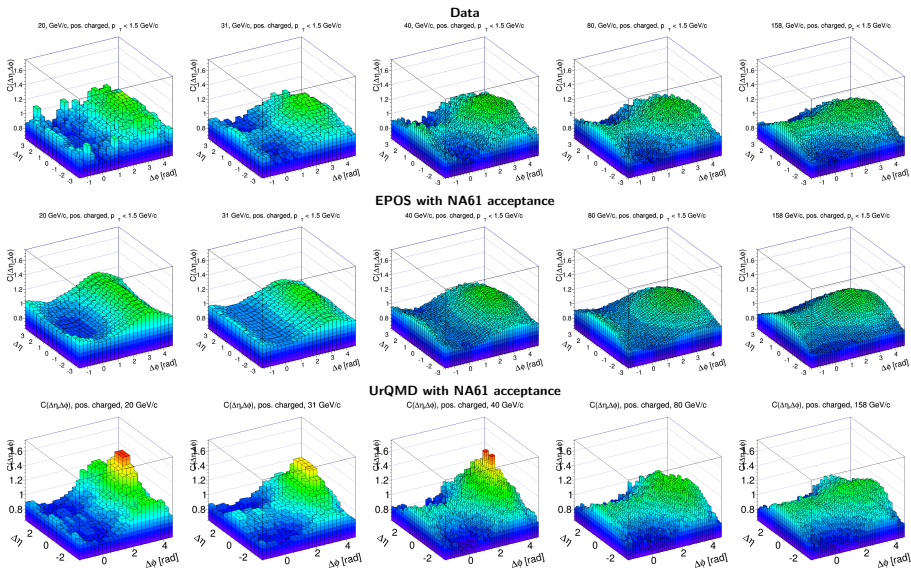
UrQMD

 $C(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi)$, all charged, 20 GeV/c

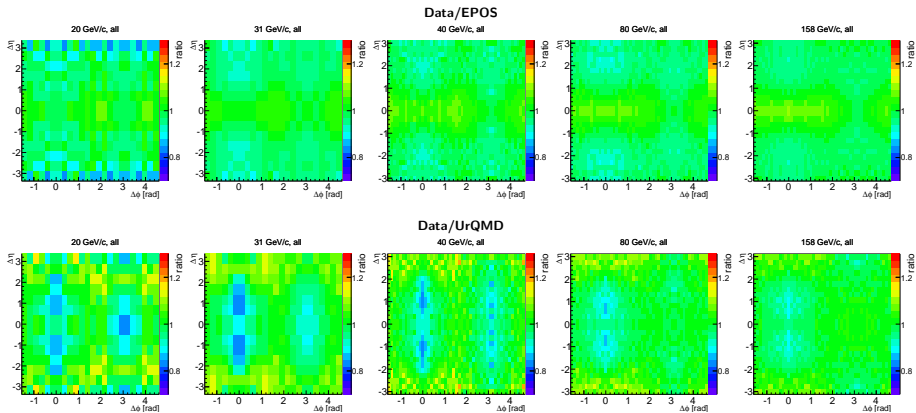
Data vs. Monte Carlo, unlike-sign



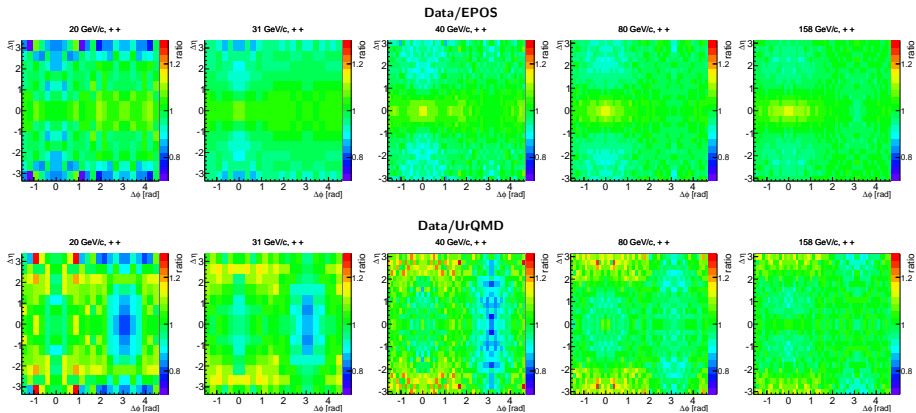
Data vs. Monte Carlo, pos. charged



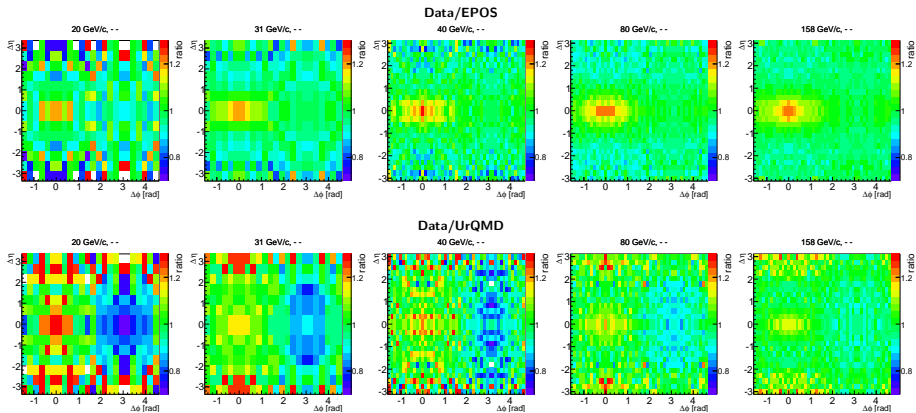
Data/MC ratios - all charged



Data/MC ratios - pos. charged



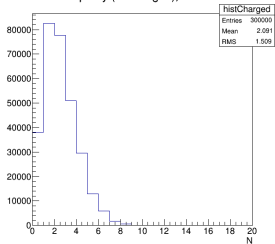
Data/MC ratios - neg. charged



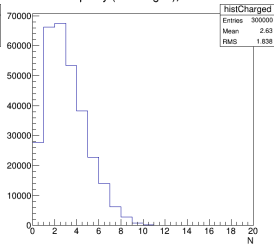
Backup slides

Multiplicity, all charged

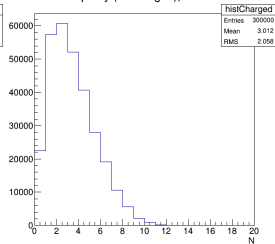
Multiplicity (all charged), 20 GeV/c



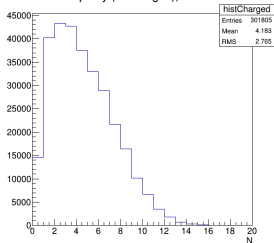
Multiplicity (all charged), 31 GeV/c



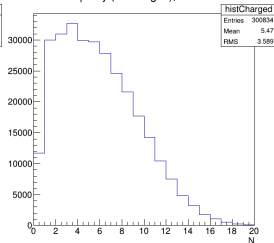
Multiplicity (all charged), 40 GeV/c



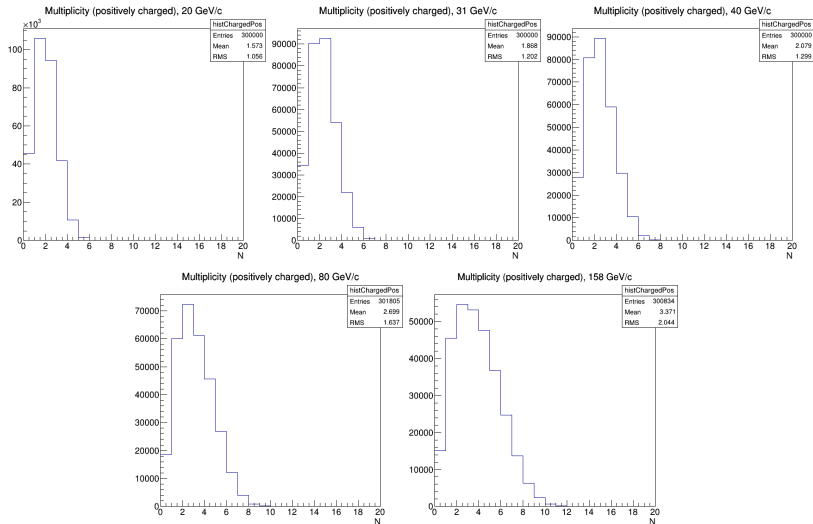
Multiplicity (all charged), 80 GeV/c



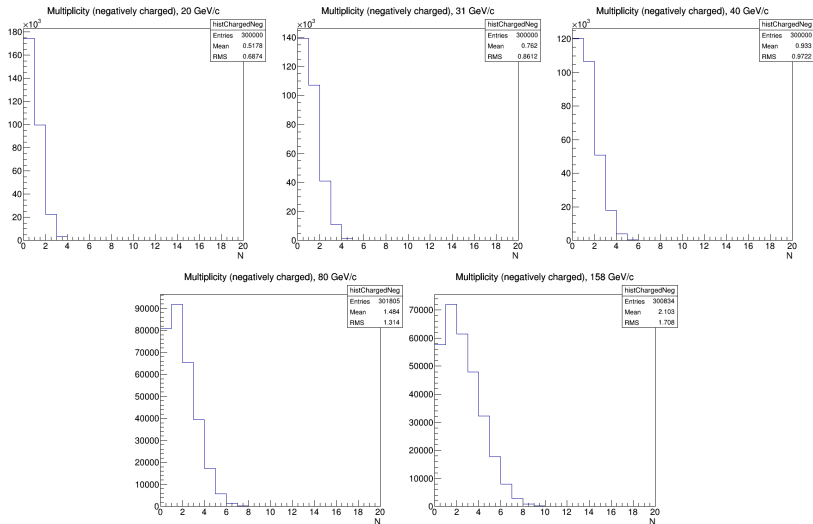
Multiplicity (all charged), 158 GeV/c



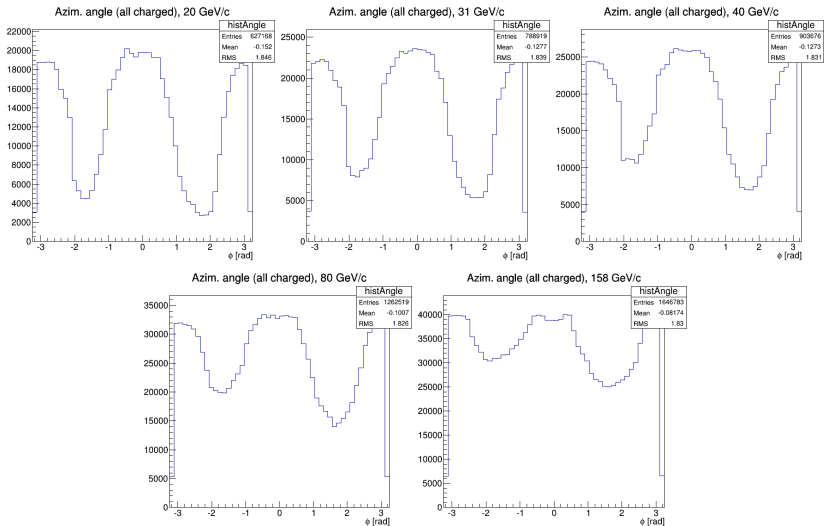
Multiplicity, pos. charged



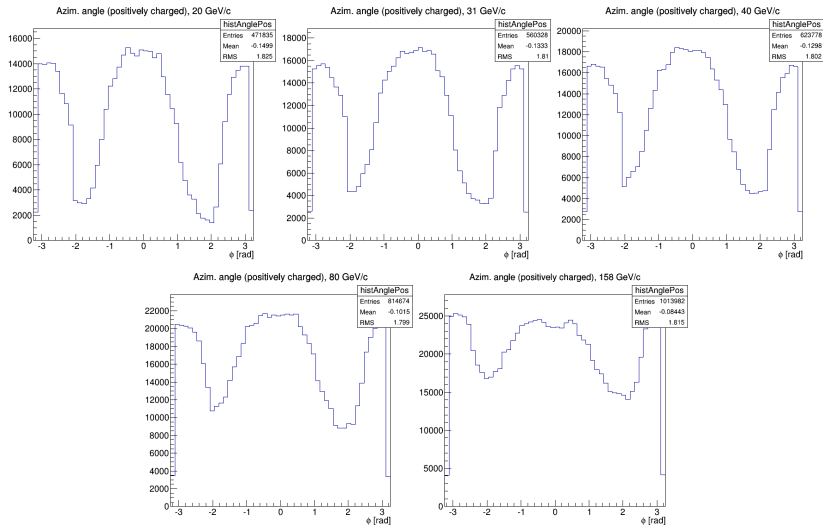
Multiplicity, neg. charged



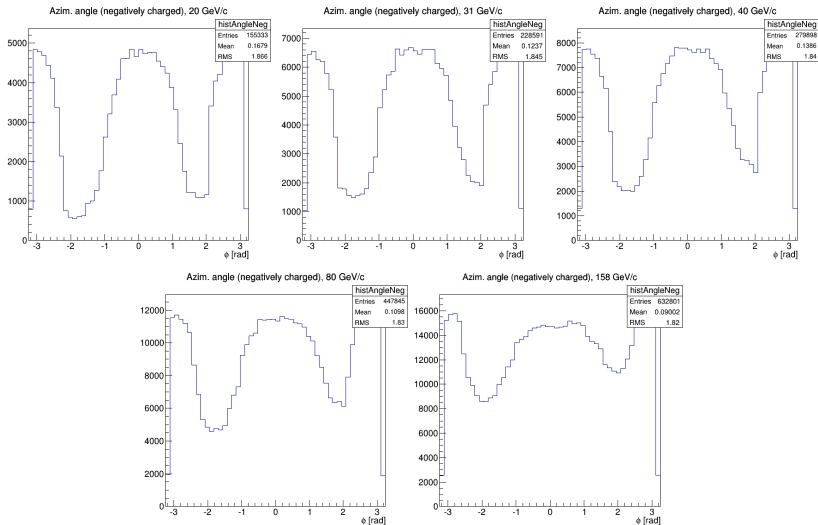
Azimuthal angle, all charged



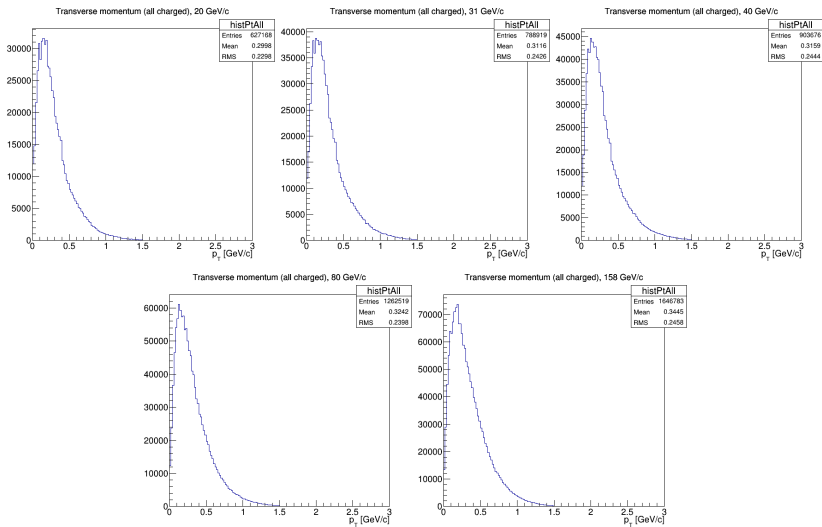
Azimuthal angle, pos. charged



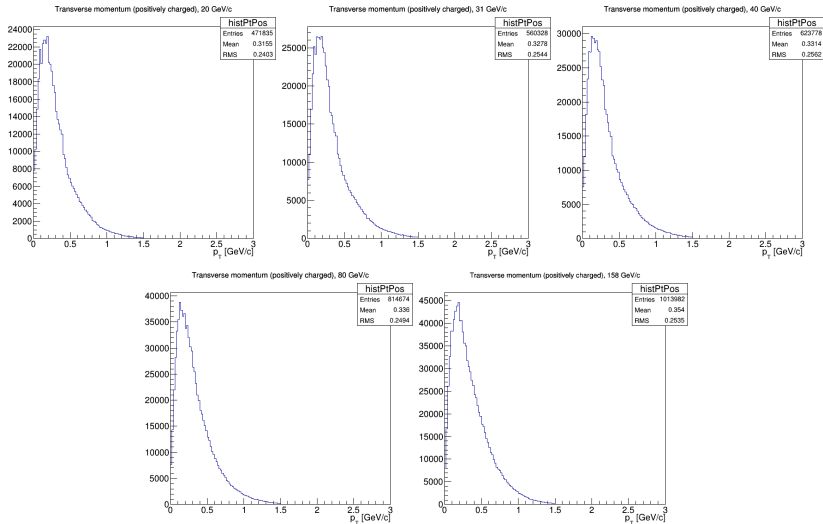
Azimuthal angle, neg. charged



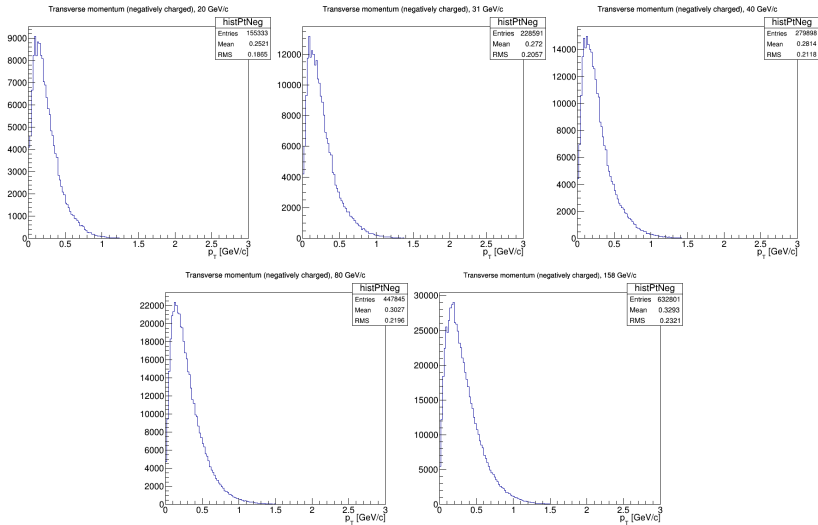
Total transverse momentum, all charged



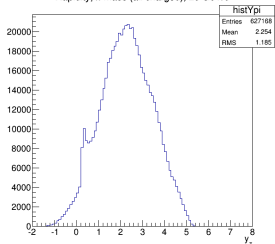
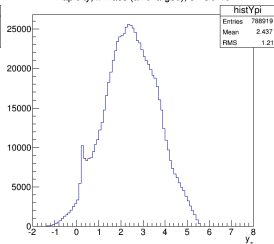
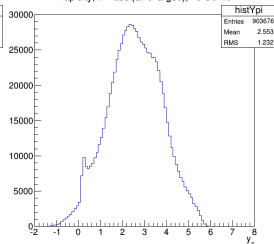
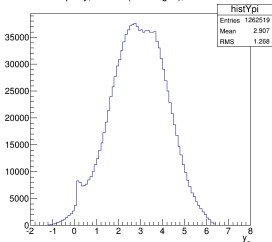
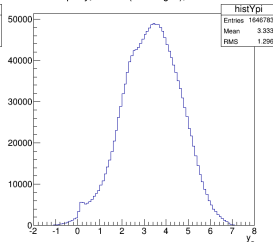
Total transverse momentum, pos. charged



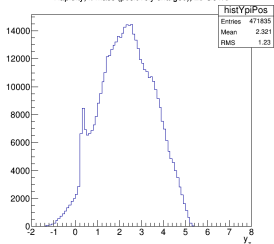
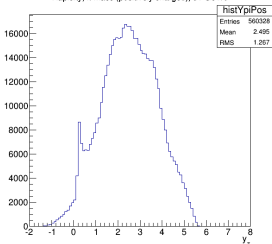
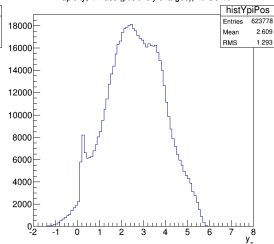
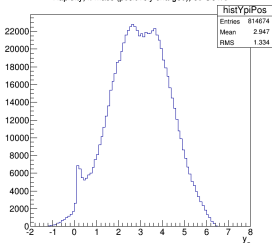
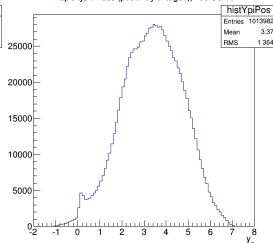
Total transverse momentum, neg. charged



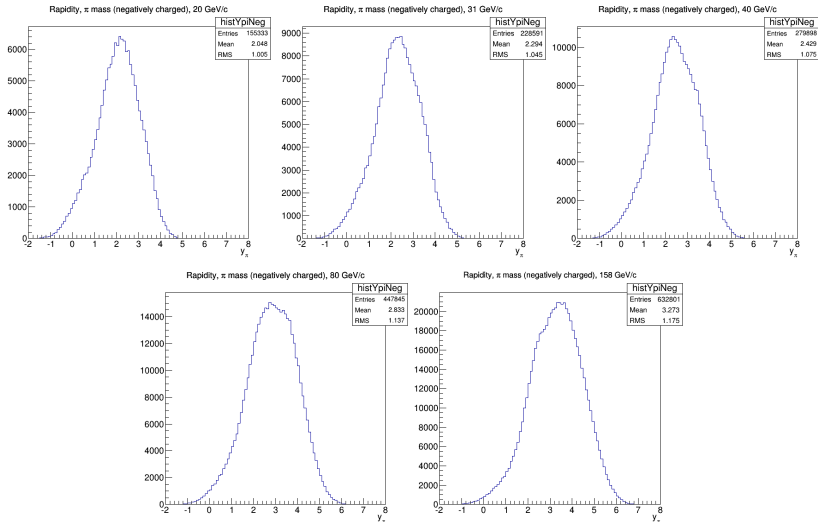
Rapidity, all charged

Rapidity, π mass (all charged), 20 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (all charged), 31 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (all charged), 40 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (all charged), 80 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (all charged), 158 GeV/c

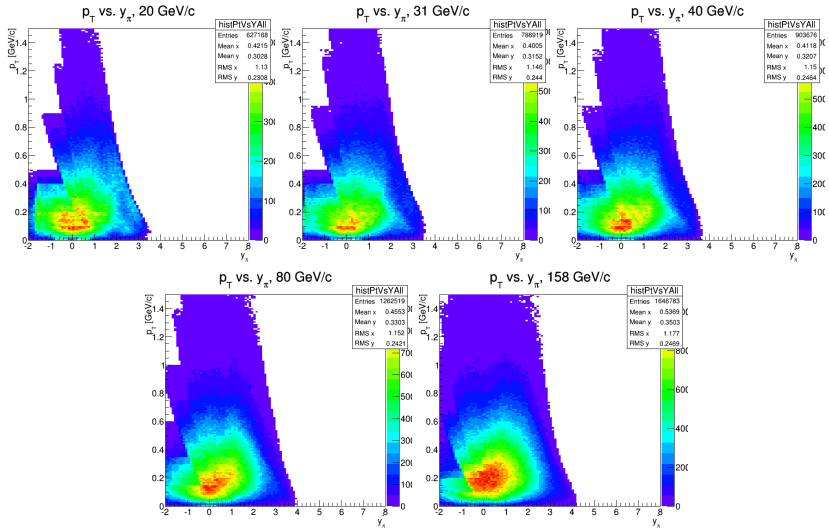
Rapidity, pos. charged

Rapidity, π mass (positively charged), 20 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (positively charged), 31 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (positively charged), 40 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (positively charged), 80 GeV/cRapidity, π mass (positively charged), 158 GeV/c

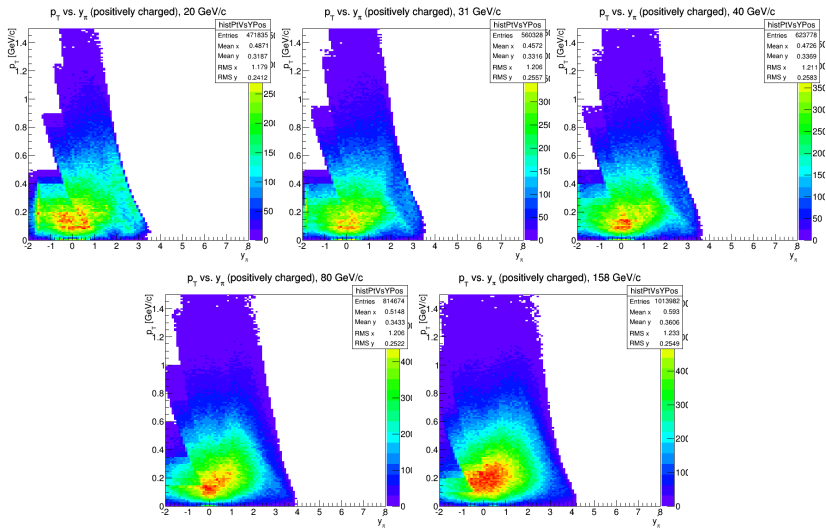
Rapidity, neg. charged



Transverse momentum vs. rapidity, all charged



Transverse momentum vs. rapidity, pos. charged



Transverse momentum vs. rapidity, neg. charged

