

Bayesian characterization of the initial state and QGP medium



Jonah E. Bernhard
J. Scott Moreland
Steffen A. Bass

Goal

Perform a **systematic model-to-data comparison** using an event-by-event heavy-ion collision model.

Simultaneously tune all model parameters to optimally reproduce experimental data.

Extract **probability distributions** for each parameter.

More information about the methodology
J. E. Bernhard *et al.*, PRC 91 054910, 1502.0039.
S. Pratt *et al.*, PRL 114 202301, 1501.04042.
J. Novak *et al.*, PRC 89 034917, 1303.5769.
D. Higdon *et al.*, J. Amer. Stat. Assoc. 103 570.

Input parameters

- norm initial condition normalization
- p entropy deposition parameter
- k nucleon fluctuation parameter
- w Gaussian nucleon width
- η/s min shear viscosity at $T_c = 0.154$ GeV
- η/s slope slope of shear viscosity above T_c
- ζ/s norm bulk viscosity normalization
- T_{switch} hydro to UrQMD switching temp.

$O(10^2)$ semi-random, space-filling parameter points.
Vary all parameters simultaneously.

Model

Initial conditions

TRENTo (parametric model)

J. S. Moreland, J. E. Bernhard, and S. A. Bass,
PRC 92 011901, 1412.4708.

$$\frac{dS}{dy} \propto \left(\frac{T_A^p + T_B^p}{2} \right)^{1/p} = \begin{cases} (T_A + T_B)/2 & p = +1 \\ \sqrt{T_A T_B} & p = 0 \\ 2T_A T_B / (T_A + T_B) & p = -1 \end{cases}$$

p = tunable entropy deposition parameter
see J. Scott Moreland's poster

Hydro

event-by-event VISH2+1
HotQCD EOS
T-dependent shear & bulk

H. Song and U. W. Heinz, PRC 77 064901, 0712.3715.
C. Shen *et al.*, CPC 2015, 1409.8164.
HotQCD collaboration, PRD 90 094503, 1407.6387.
G. S. Denicol *et al.*, PRC 80 064901, 0903.3595.

Particization

OSU Cooper-Frye sampler

C. Shen *et al.*, CPC 2015, 1409.8164.
Z. Qiu, 1308.2182.

Hadronic phase

UrQMD

S. A. Bass *et al.*, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 41 225.
M. Bleicher *et al.*, JPG 25 1859.

Gaussian process emulator

non-parametric interpolation / fast surrogate to full model

C. E. Rasmussen and C. K. I. Williams, *Gaussian Processes for Machine Learning* (2006).

Experimental data

ALICE collaboration
Pb+Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV
yields and mean p_T : PRC 88 044910, 1303.0737.
flows: PRL 107 032301, 1105.3865.

MCMC

(Markov chain Monte Carlo)

random walk through parameter space weighted by posterior probability

Bayes' theorem

$$\text{posterior} \propto \text{likelihood} \times \text{prior}$$

probability of parameters given model and data
probability of observing experimental data given proposal parameters
initial knowledge of parameters

after many steps, chain equilibrates to

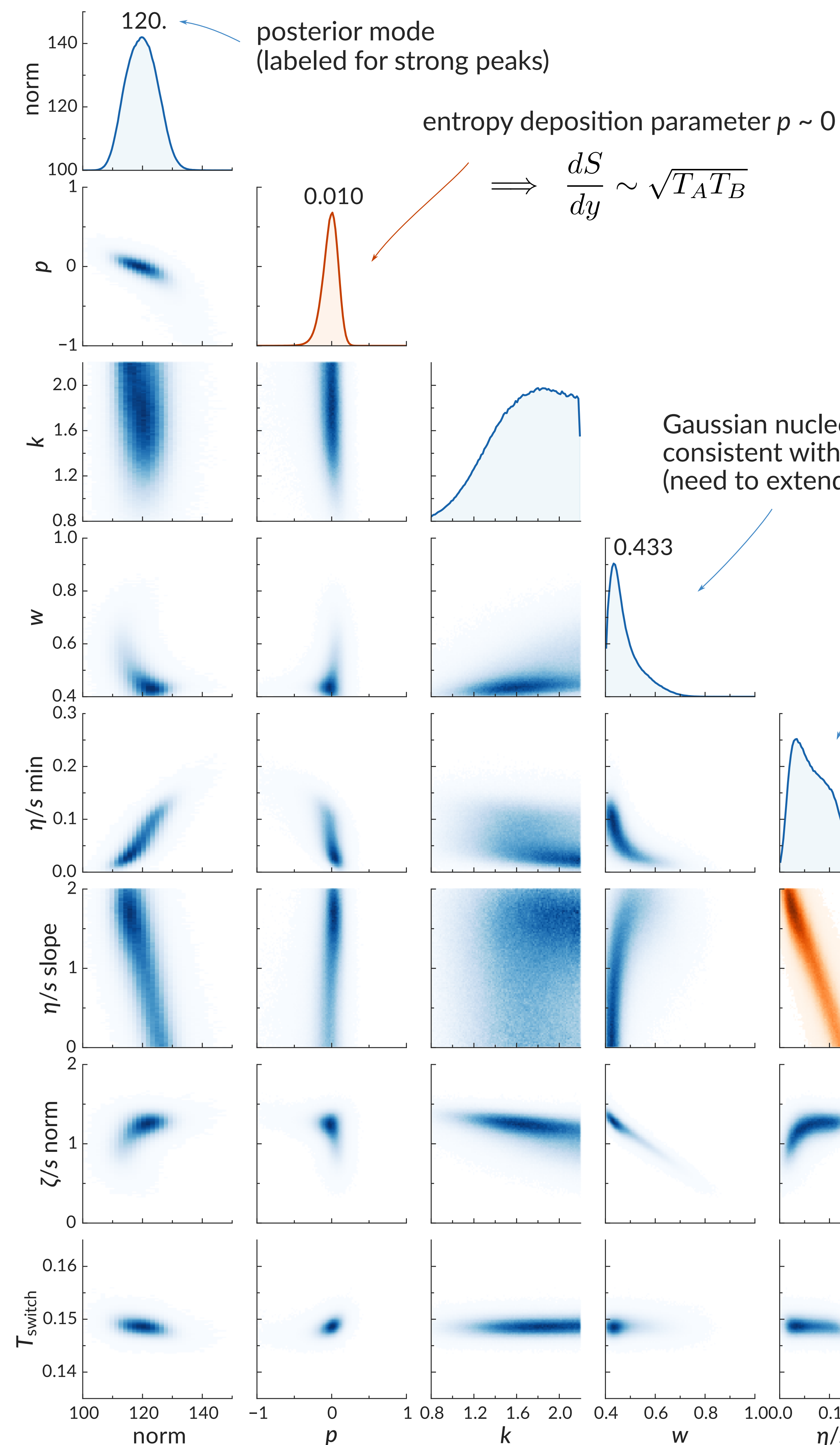
Posterior distribution

Diagonals

probability distributions of each parameter, integrating out all others

Off-diagonals

pairwise probabilities showing correlations between parameters



Key results

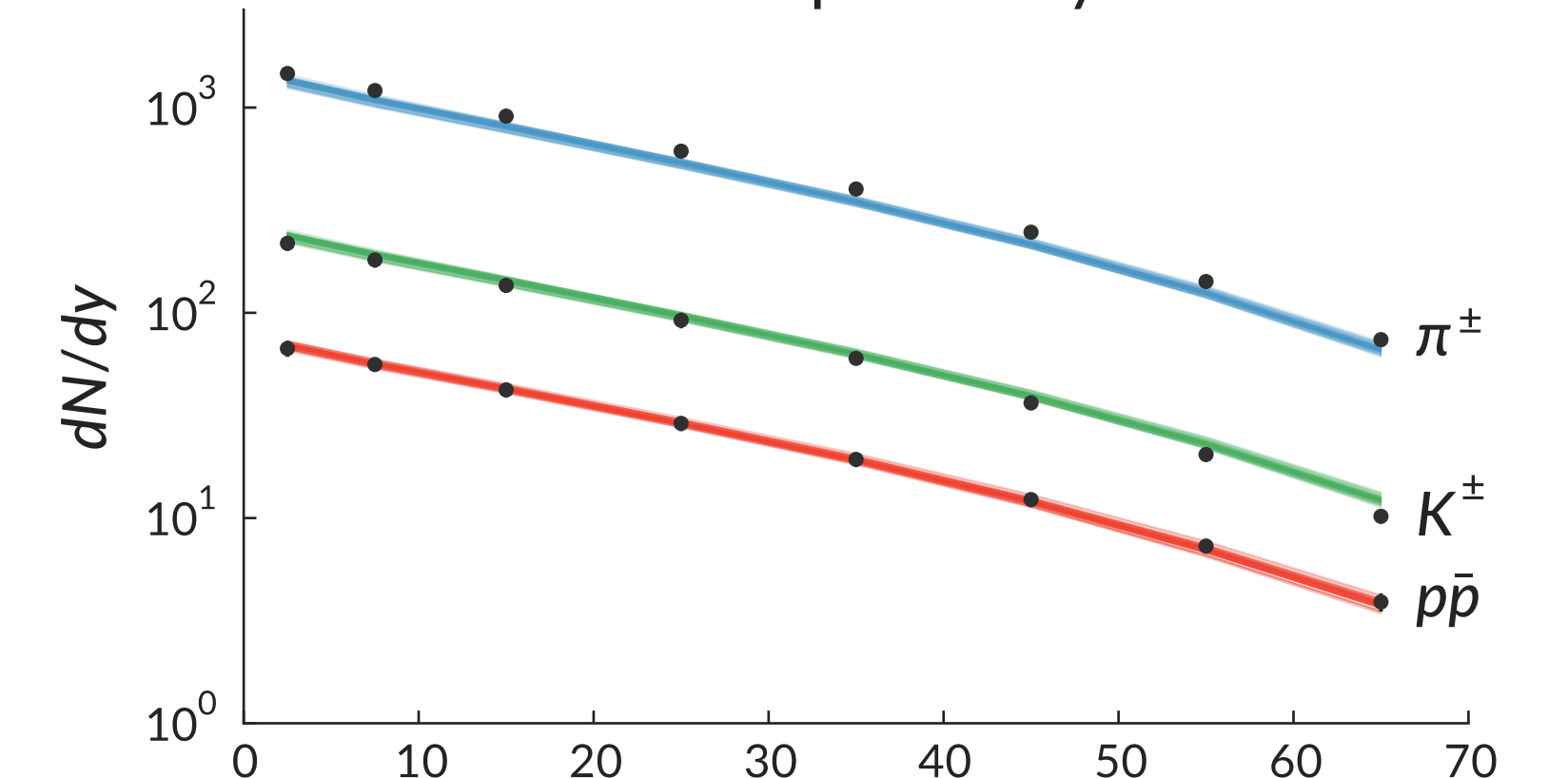
- Determined scaling of initial entropy deposition
- Extracted new measurement of $(\eta/s)(T)$; need RHIC data to determine full T-dependence
- Found clear preference for nonzero bulk viscosity

Outlook

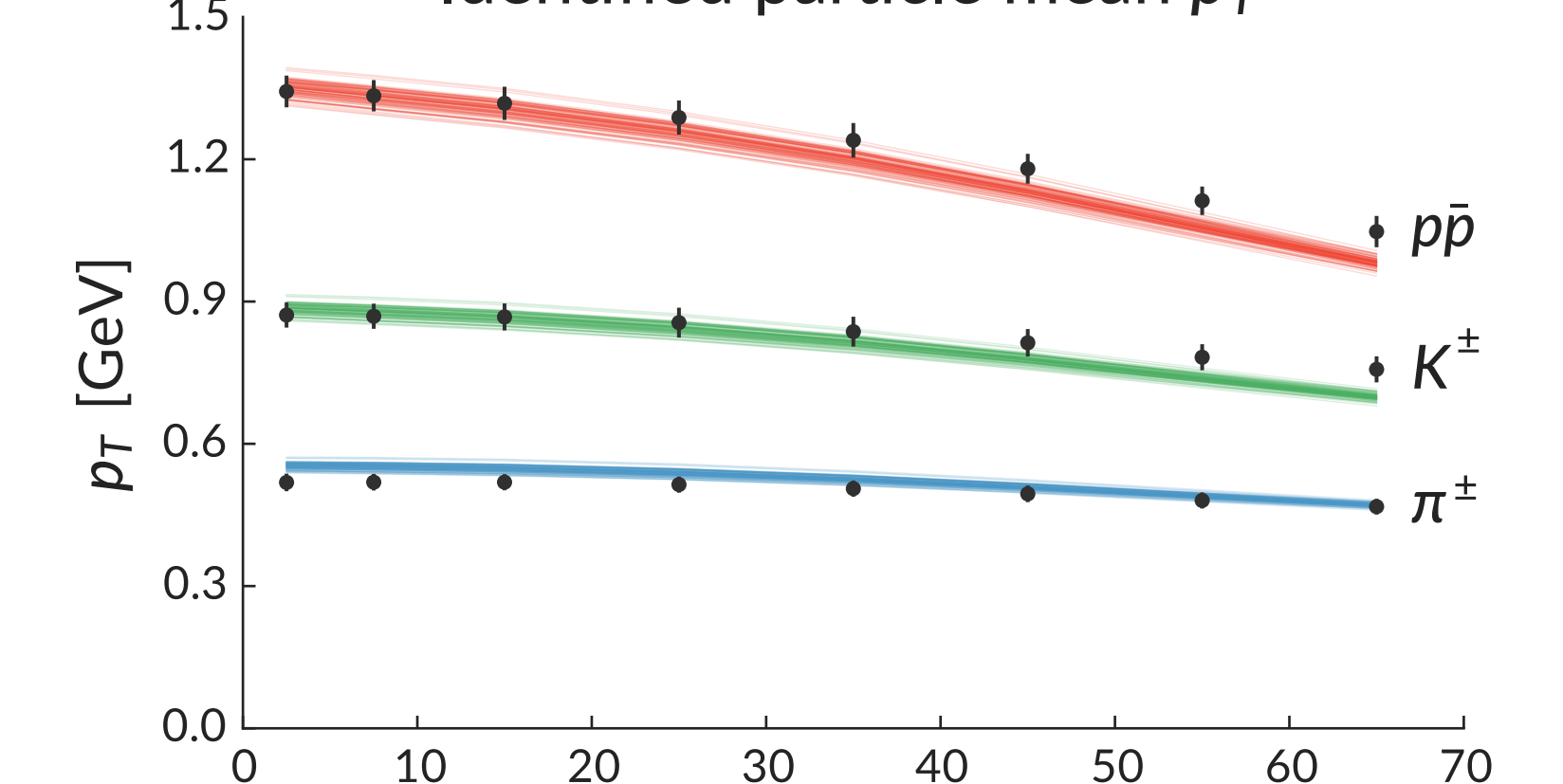
- Combine RHIC and LHC data
- Pre-equilibrium (free streaming) and tunable thermalization time
- Sensitivity analysis

Posterior samples

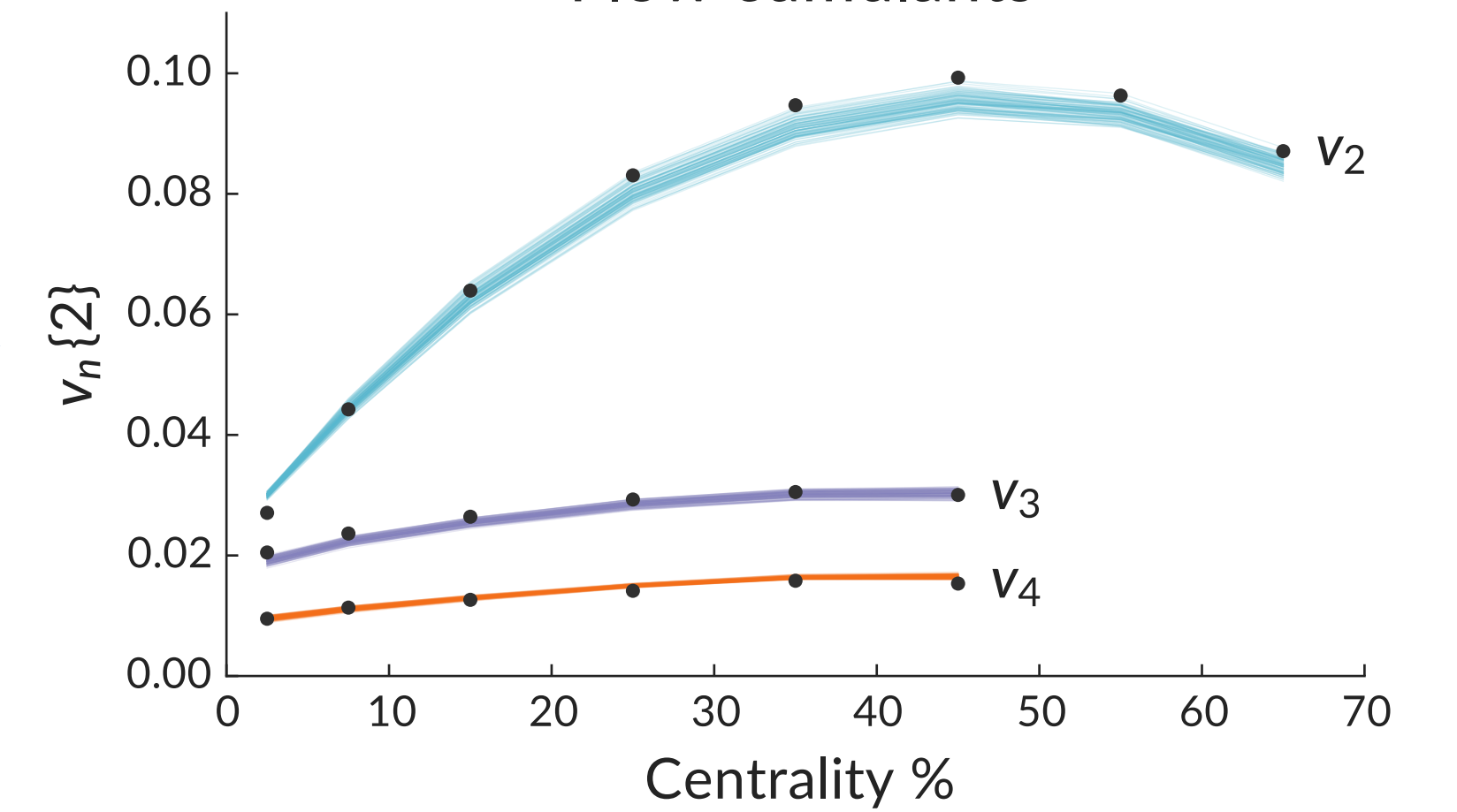
Identified particle yields



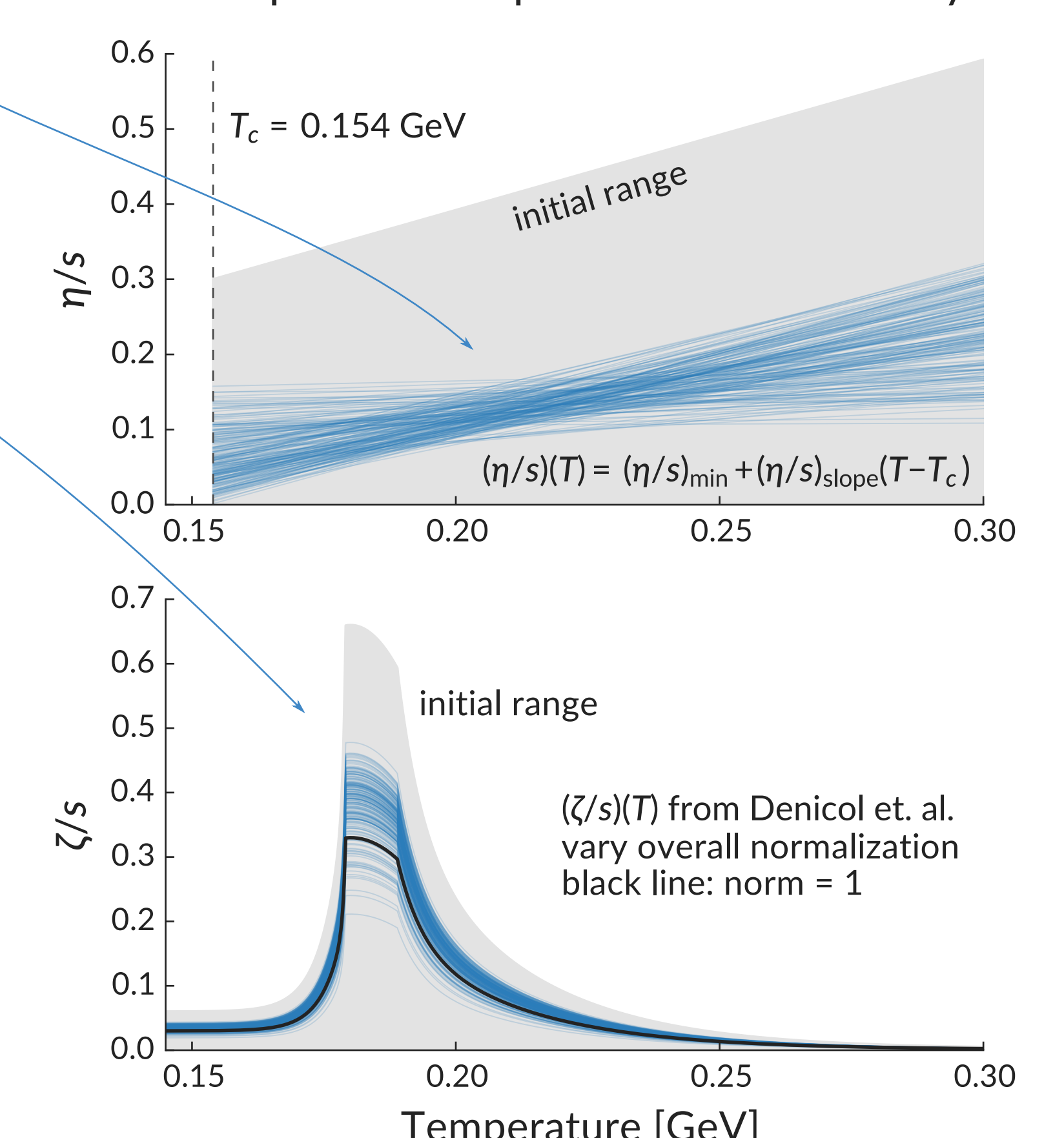
Identified particle mean p_T



Flow cumulants



Temperature dependence of viscosity



excellent simultaneous fit to diverse experimental observables