Quark Matter 2015 - XXV International Conference on Ultrarelativistic Nucleus-Nucleus Collisions



Contribution ID: 284 Type: Poster

Search for light dark photon with neutral meson decays at the PHENIX experiment

Tuesday 29 September 2015 16:30 (2 hours)

A hypothetical U(1) gauge field has been introduced to explain several experimental results that the Standard Model (SM) can not describe, such as the high energy positron excess in cosmic rays, the muon g-2 anomaly and so on. The hypothetical U(1) field is considered to very weakly couple with SM, and its gauge boson called as a 'dark photon' mixes in ordinary photons as a result.

The PHENIX experiment has a good capability to measure low mass electron pairs with a good mass resolution. We have conducted a search for electron pairs possibly showing up from dark photons within Dalitz decays of π^0 and η . An upper limit of the dark photon mixing strength with ordinary photons has been obtained for $30 < m_{ee} < 90 \text{ MeV/c}^2$. Combining with other experimental results, the possibility of explanation by the dark photon for the 3.6 sigma deviation of the measured muon g-2 value from the SM calculations was excluded.

We will present our latest result on the dark photon search and discuss a possibility for future light dark matter searches with heavy ion collisions as well.

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Session Classification: Poster Session

Track Classification: Electromagnetic Probes