

# Status of the IDM after Run-1 of the LHC

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(in collaboration with G. Bélanger, B. Dumont, B. Herrmann,  
S. Kraml, D. Sengupta, O. Stål)

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# The Inert Doublet Model

One of the most “archetypical” DM models, the Inert Doublet Model

Desphande, Ma (1978)

Barbieri, Hall, Rychkov(2006)

Honorez, Nezri, Oliver, Tytgat (2006)

...

- Gauge + spacetime symmetries : as in the SM.
- Particle content : SM + one SU(2) doublet of complex (Lorentz) scalar fields.

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} G^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (v + h^0 + iG^0) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi = \begin{pmatrix} H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (H^0 + iA^0) \end{pmatrix}$$

- An extra  $Z_2$  discrete symmetry that protects the lightest component of the extra doublet from decaying.

The Lagrangian reads :

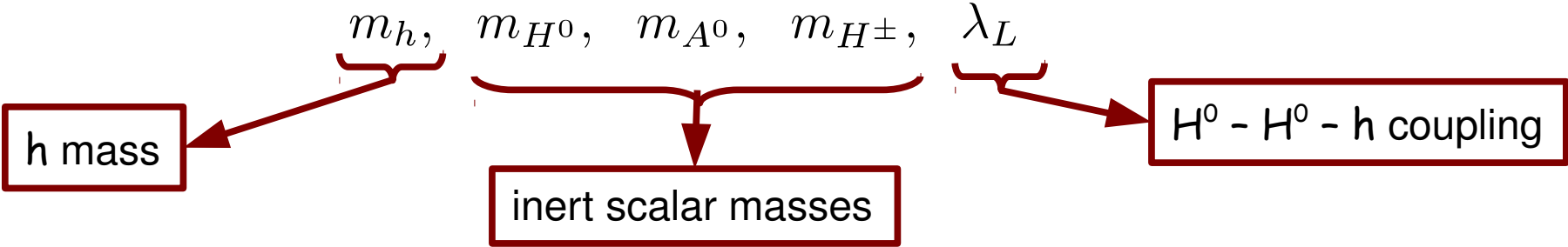
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{cov}} = (D_\mu H)^\dagger (D^\mu H) + (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi)$$

$$V_0 = \mu_1^2 |H|^2 + \mu_2^2 |\Phi|^2 + \lambda_1 |H|^4 + \lambda_2 |\Phi|^4 + \lambda_3 |H|^2 |\Phi|^2 + \lambda_4 |H^\dagger \Phi|^2 + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} [(H^\dagger \Phi)^2 + \text{h.c.}]$$

# Parameters and constraints

All in all, the IDM can be described by a set of 5 free parameters:

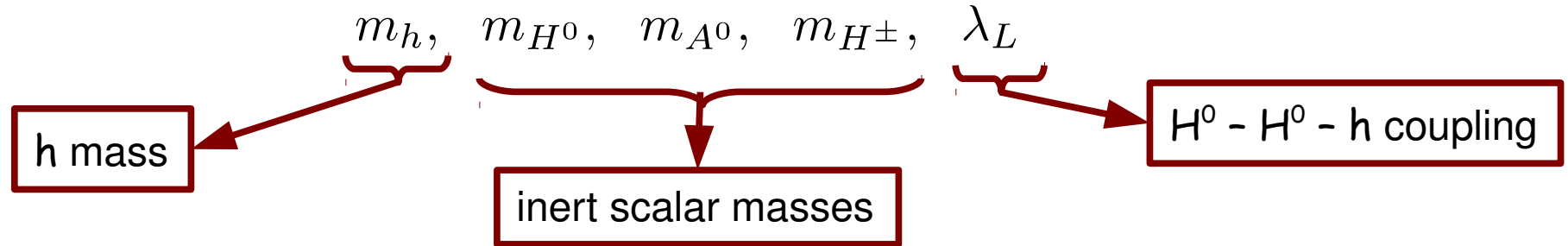
(+  $\lambda_2$  which is irrelevant here)



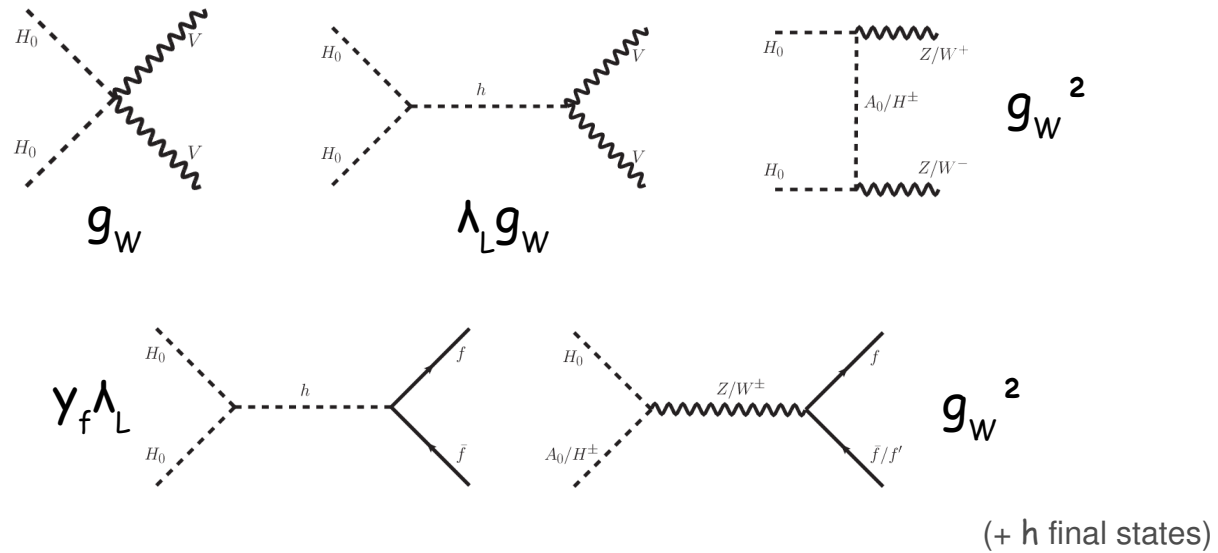
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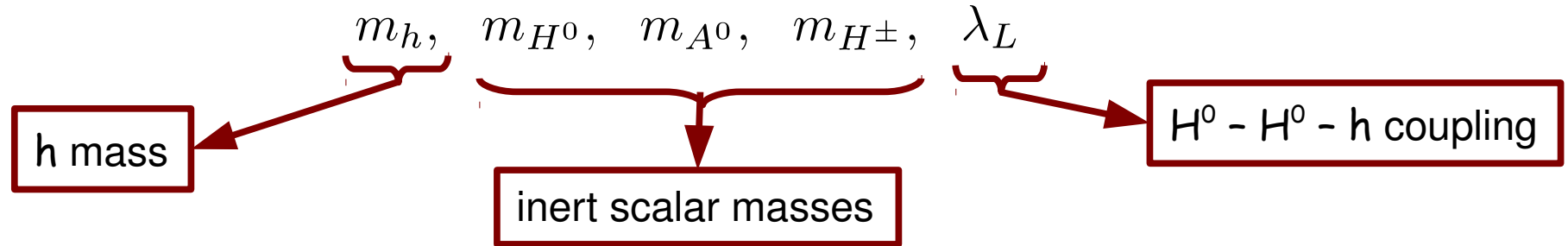
The relic density is mostly controlled by:



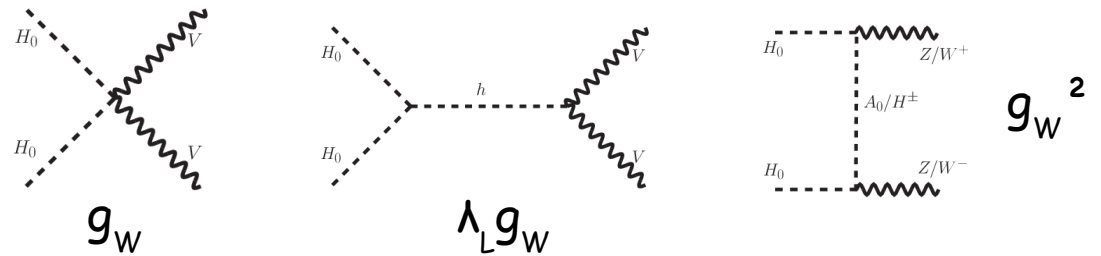
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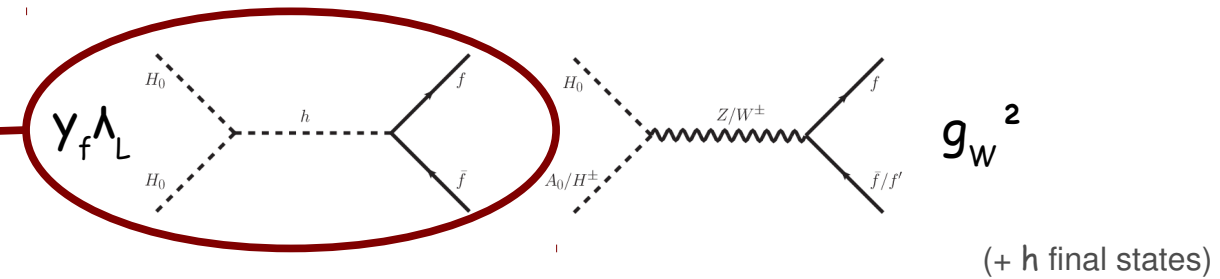
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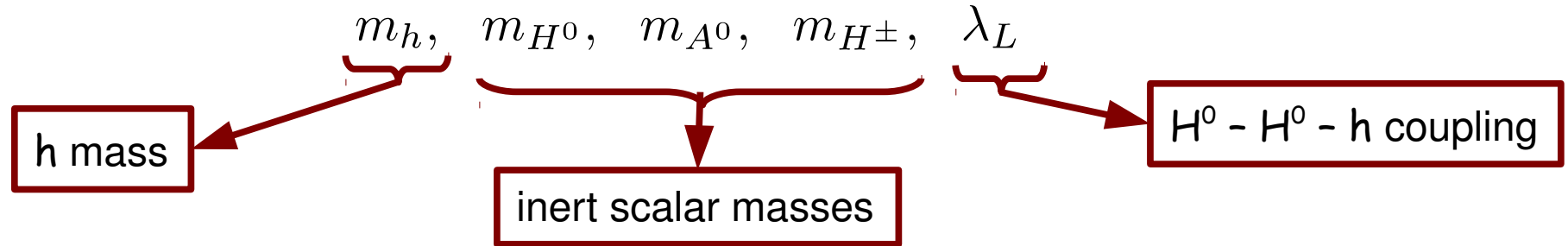
Also controls DD



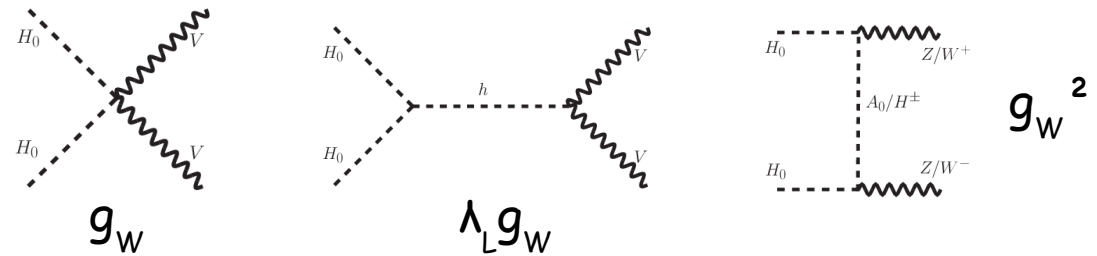
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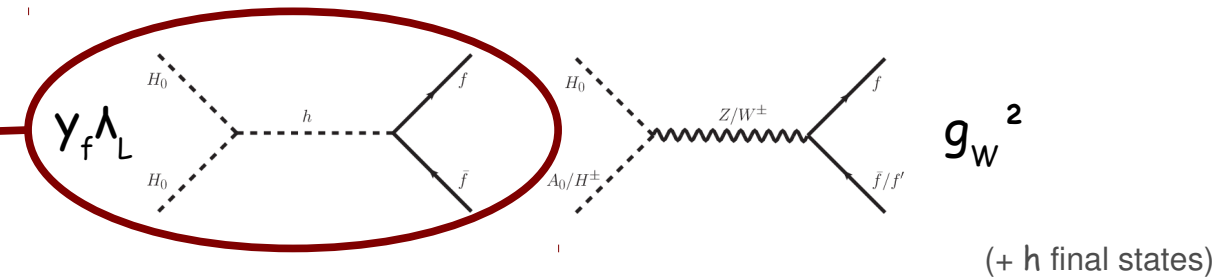
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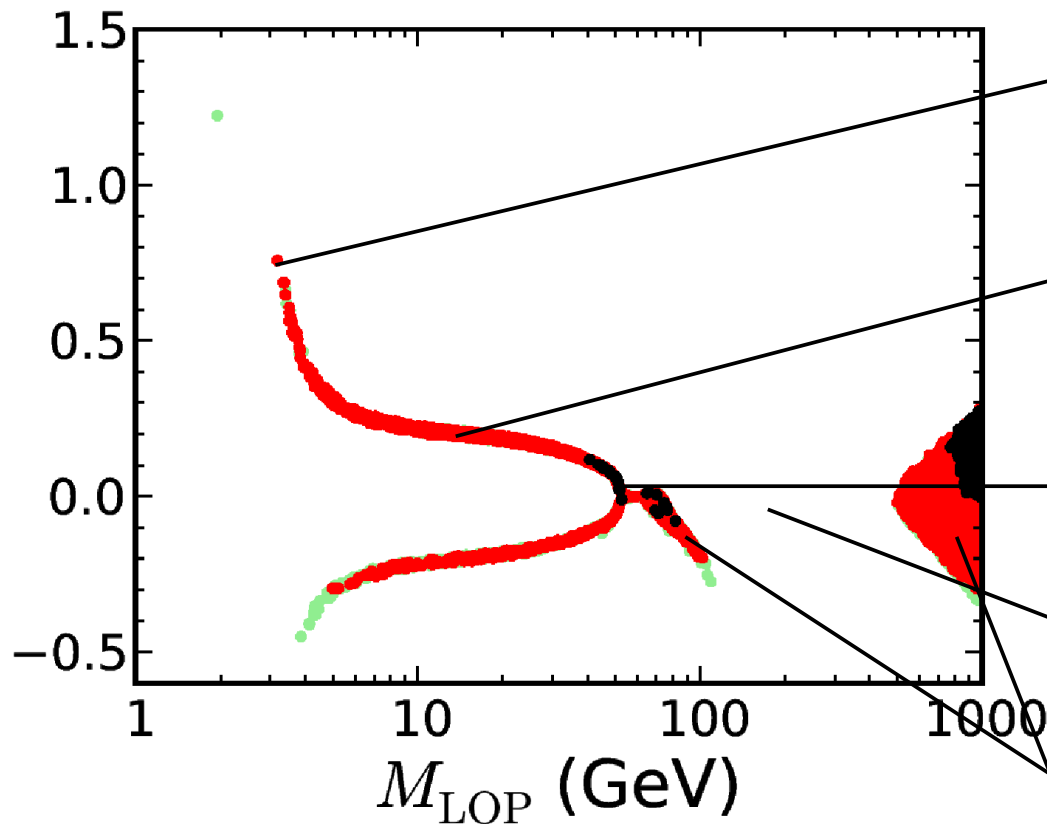
Further constraints come from:

- Vacuum stability, perturbativity, unitarity
- LEP-2 and EWPTs
- h (invisible) decays
- LHC SUSY searches

Long list of Refs, cf e.g. Ilnicka, Krawczyk, Robens (2015) for a recent summary

# The relic density

Simple models allow us to understand all of the underlying physics. DM is OK in basically three regimes:



Annihilation primarily into  $\tau$ 's :  
small-ish Yukawa, large  $\lambda_L$  needed

Annihilation primarily into b's :  
 $O(3)$  larger Yukawa,  $O(3)$  smaller  $\lambda_L$

Resonant Higgs/ $WW^*$  (gauge)  
contributions : tiny  $\lambda_L$

$WW$  channel open for good,  
relic density too small

This would have actually also been  
too small, but destructive interference

A different kind of destructive  
interference

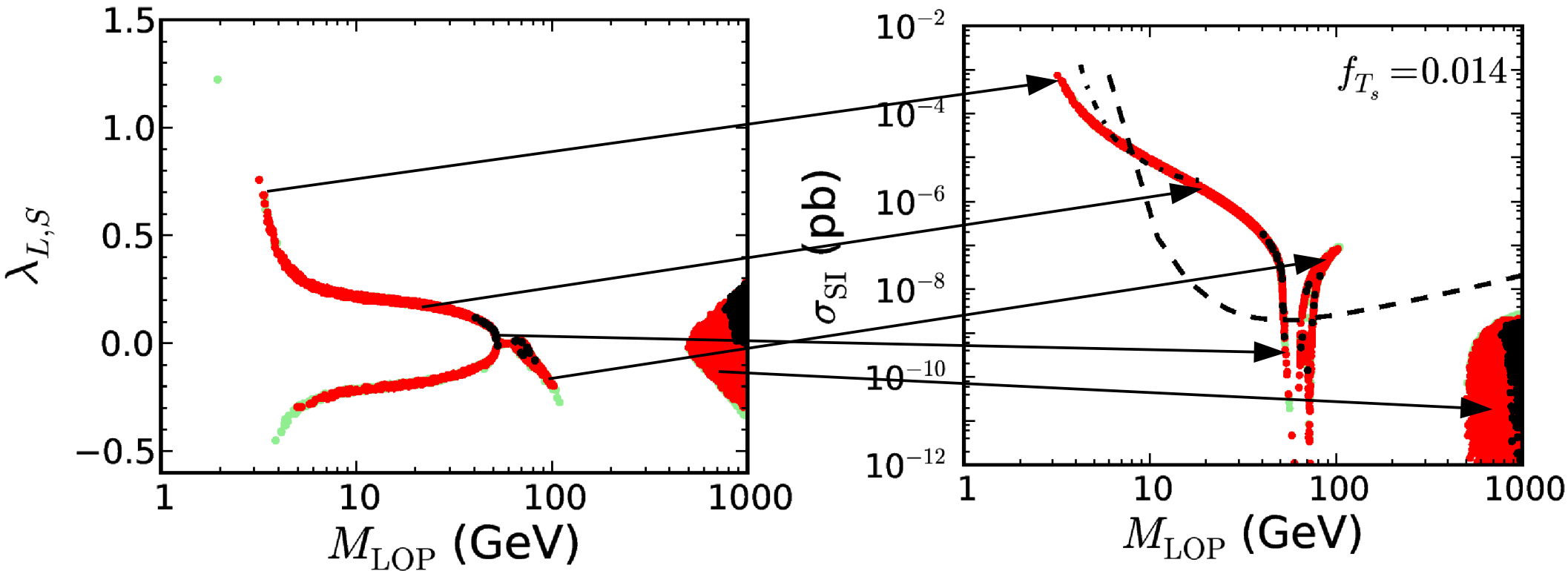
A.G., B. Herrmann, O. Stal (2013)  
(cf also Honorez, Nezri, Oliver, Tytgat (2006),  
Honorez, Yaguna (2010))

# Connections: DD

We can easily establish a correspondence between the mechanisms producing the relic density and direct detection

A.G., B. Herrmann, O. Stal (2013)

A.G., B. Herrmann, O. Stal (2013)



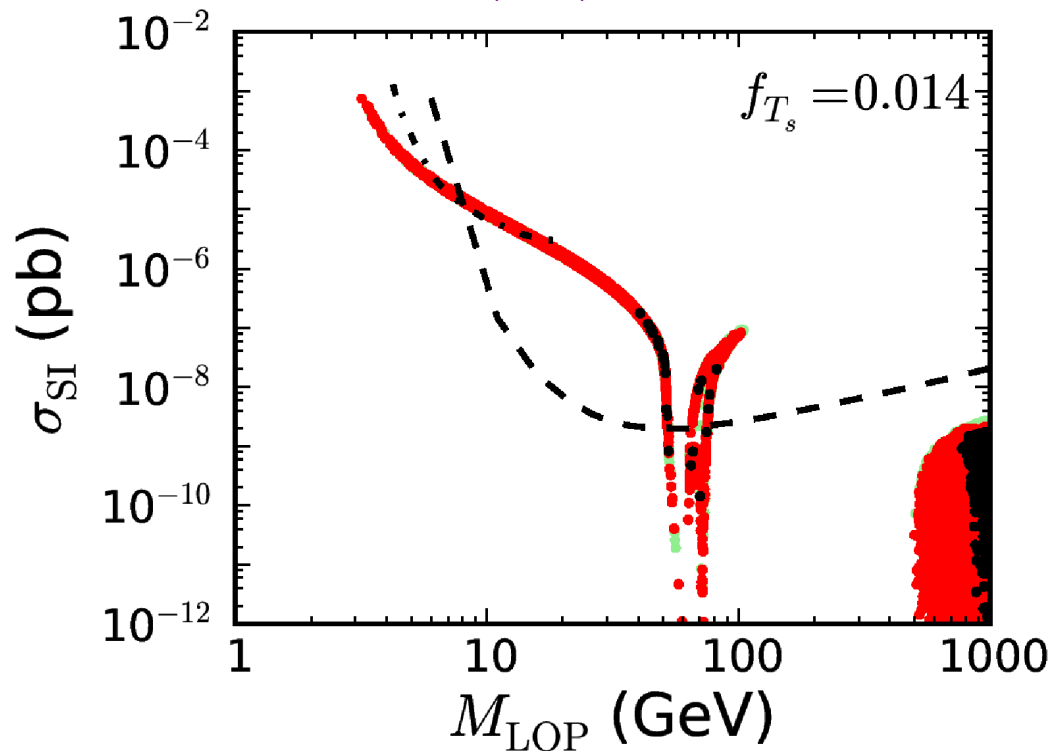
NB: this picture became *much* clearer after the Higgs boson discovery!



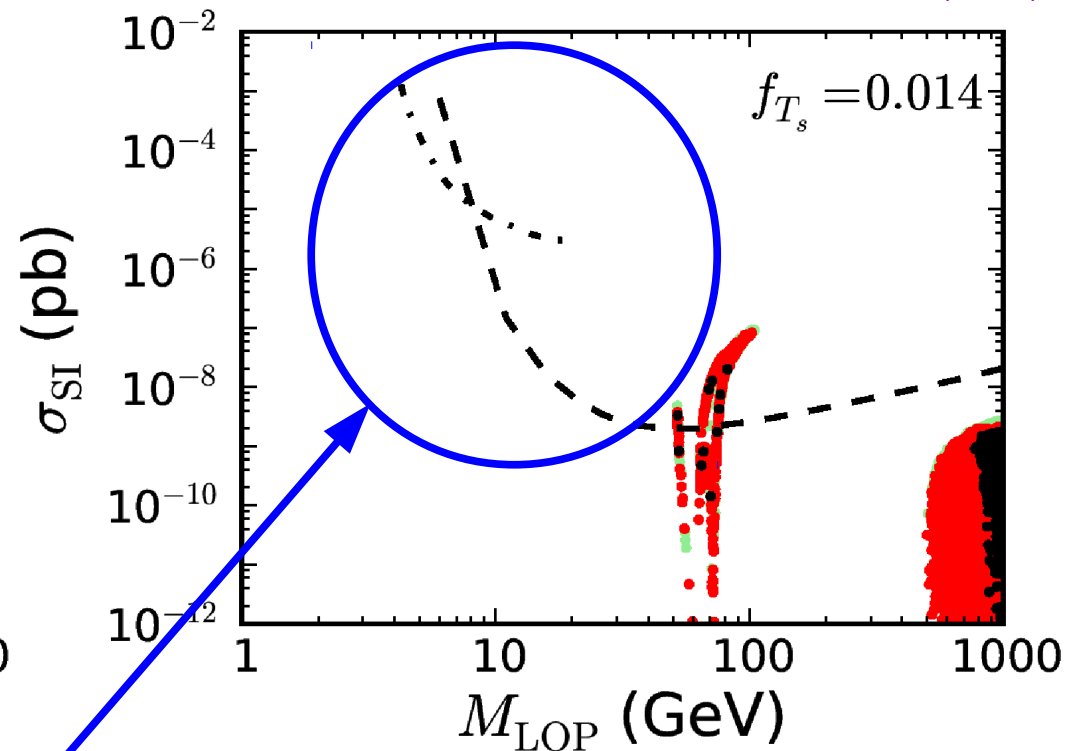
# Connections: DD + BR(h → inv)

What's more, the Higgs boson properties *also* constrain the IDM

A.G., B. Herrmann, O. Stal (2013)



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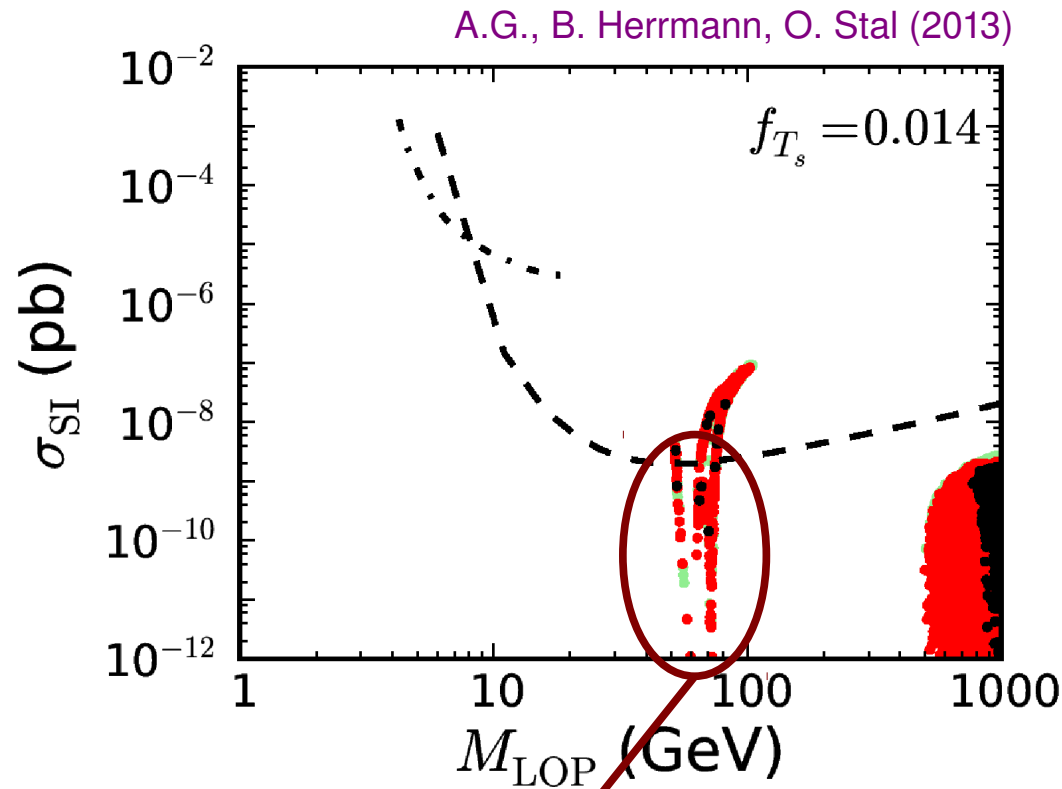


Impose  $\text{BR}(h \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.65$   
(currently  $\sim 0.12$ )

A constraint that's clear of  
uncertainties, based on the  
*mediator* properties.

# The "Higgs funnel"

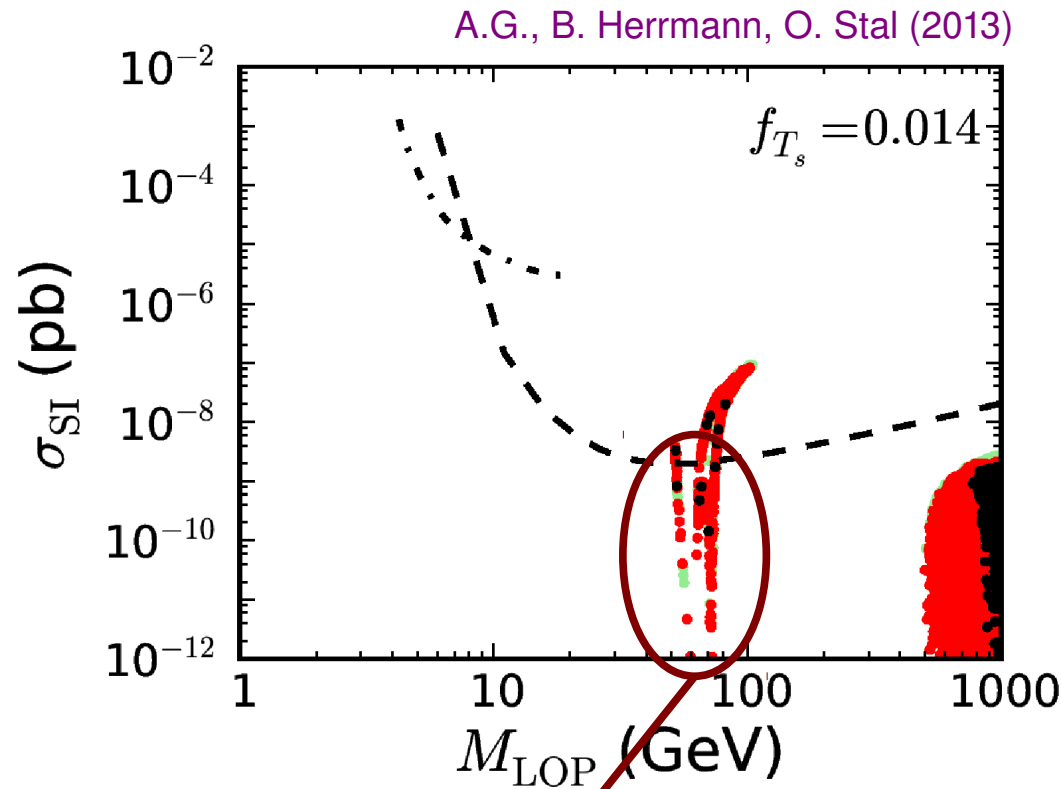
Funnels are present in most s-channel DM models, corresponding to mediator being on-shell *in the early universe*  $\rightarrow$  tiny couplings ( $\lambda_L \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-3})$ ).



The smallness of the DM-SM couplings makes the Higgs funnel almost impossible to probe in the general case...

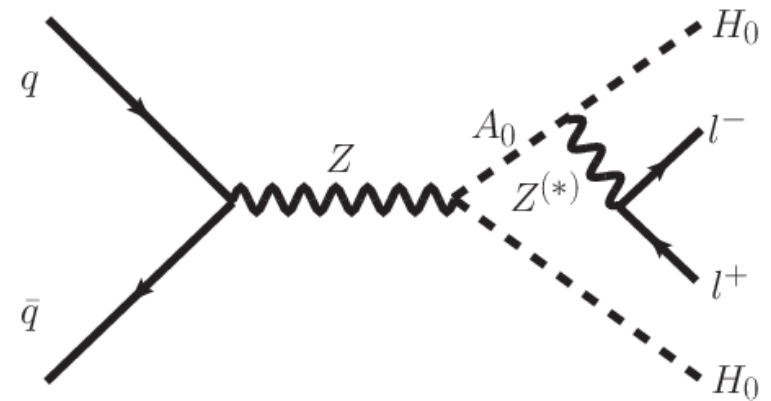
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However, consider e.g.

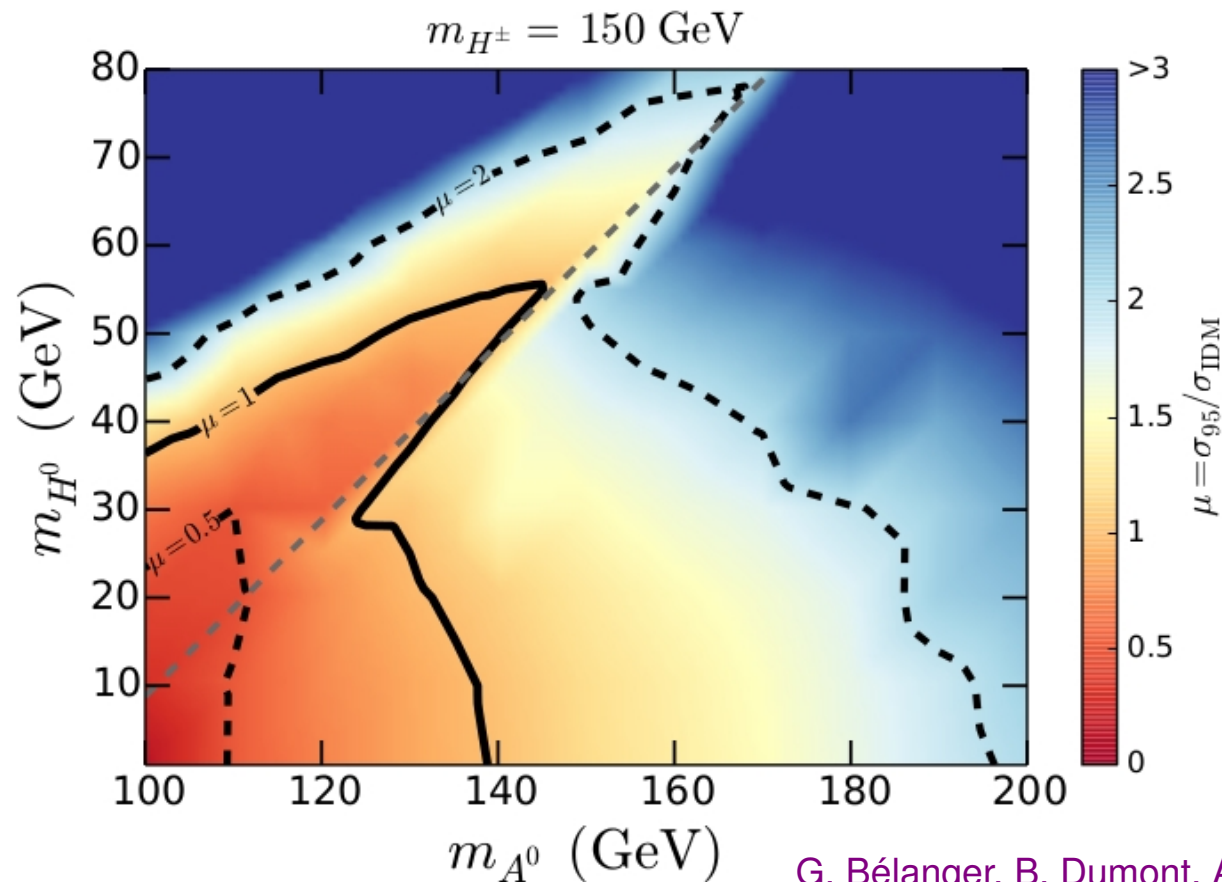


All couplings are gauge → the h-DM-DM coupling is simply irrelevant!

+ Use dileptons + MET constraints from SUSY and  $h \rightarrow \text{inv}$  searches

# Probing the Higgs funnel in the IDM

The LHC Run 1 already yields really interesting constraints



G. Bélanger, B. Dumont, A.G., B. Herrmann,  
S. Kraml, D. Sengupta (2015)

- Results shown are for  $m_{H^\pm} = 150$  GeV, but fairly insensitive to precise value.

- The constraints apply to the IDM as a DM model but don't depend on DM assumptions.

- Fairly generic signature in all DM models in which DM couples to a heavier state through a Z.

Run 2 will probe a large part of the funnel and we strongly encourage a dedicated search.

# Summary

- The IDM is a very interesting dark matter (actually, generically BSM) model that predicts a rich phenomenology in all DM search channels.

- Three main regimes for DM:

- Low ( $m_{\text{DM}} < m_W$ )
- Intermediate ( $m_{\text{DM}} \sim m_W$ )
- High ( $m_{\text{DM}} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ )

} Only h-funnel survives

} Basically unconstrained

- On the h-funnel: - in truly minimal models (*e.g.* singlet scalar), almost impossible to probe.

- In “slightly” extended scenarios such as the IDM, try relying on the NLOP (*e.g.* through dilepton + MET searches).

- Otherwise, look for resonances.

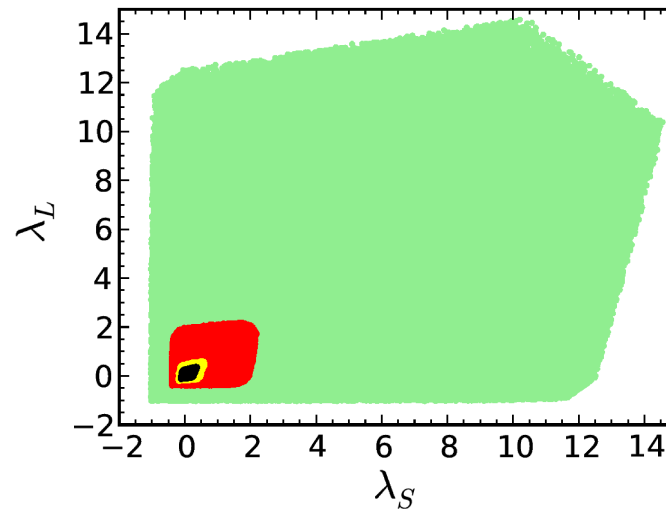
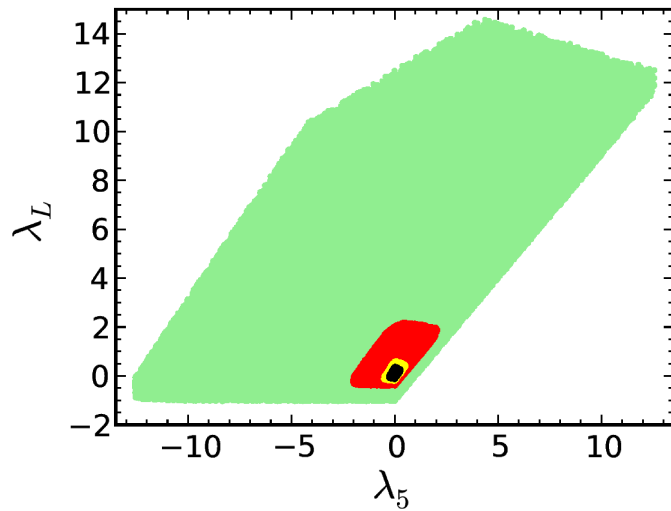
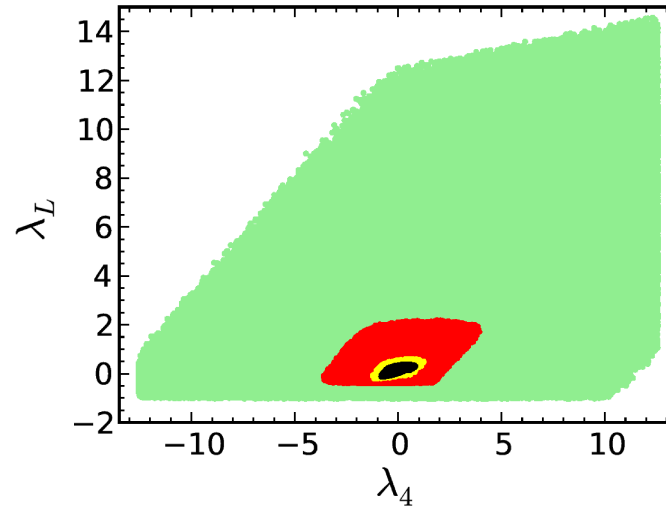
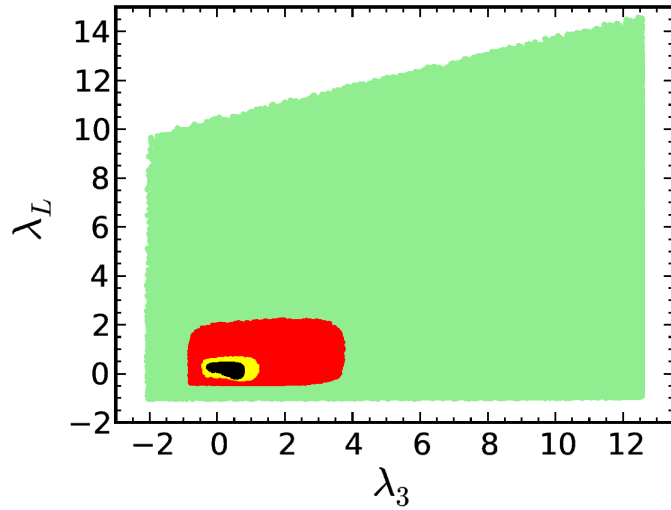
} - Apply to more generic funnels too.  
- Success *not* guaranteed, but still...

- Combining information is completely essential. No DM detection technique alone can give us conclusive evidence.

Thank you!

# Theoretical constraints in the IDM

A.G., B. Herrmann, O. Stal (2013)



Valid at input scale

Valid up to  $10^4$  GeV

Valid up to  $10^{10}$  GeV

Valid up to GUT scale

