Investigating Dark Energy and Gravitation at cosmological scales

Alain Blanchard



Vienna, July 23th, 2015





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Successes of Λ CDM model

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Λ CDM model remarkable success



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Table 4. Parameter 68% confidence limits for the base ACDM model from *Planck* CMB power spectra, in combination with lensing reconstruction ("lensing") and external data ("ext," BAO+JLA+H₀). Nuisance parameters are not listed for brevity (they can be found in the *Planck Legacy Archive* tables), but the last three parameters give a summary measure of the total foreground amplitude (in μK^2) at $\ell = 2000$ for the three high- ℓ temperature spectra used by the likelihood. In all cases the helium mass fraction used is predicted by BBN (posterior mean $Y_P \approx 0.2453$, with theoretical uncertainties in the BBN predictions dominating over the *Planck* error on $\Omega_b h^2$).

| Parameter | TT+lowP 68 % limits | TT+lowP+lensing 68 % limits | TT+lowP+lensing+ext 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing+ext 68 % limits |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| $\Omega_b h^2$ | 0.02222 ± 0.00023 | 0.02226 ± 0.00023 | 0.02227 ± 0.00020 | 0.02225 ± 0.00016 | 0.02226 ± 0.00016 | 0.02230 ± 0.00014 |
| $\Omega_c h^2$ | 0.1197 ± 0.0022 | 0.1186 ± 0.0020 | 0.1184 ± 0.0012 | 0.1198 ± 0.0015 | 0.1193 ± 0.0014 | 0.1188 ± 0.0010 |
| 1000 _{MC} | 1.04085 ± 0.00047 | 1.04103 ± 0.00046 | 1.04106 ± 0.00041 | 1.04077 ± 0.00032 | 1.04087 ± 0.00032 | 1.04093 ± 0.00030 |
| τ | 0.078 ± 0.019 | 0.066 ± 0.016 | 0.067 ± 0.013 | 0.079 ± 0.017 | 0.063 ± 0.014 | 0.066 ± 0.012 |
| $\ln(10^{10}A_s)$ | 3.089 ± 0.036 | 3.062 ± 0.029 | 3.064 ± 0.024 | 3.094 ± 0.034 | 3.059 ± 0.025 | 3.064 ± 0.023 |
| <i>n</i> ₈ | 0.9655 ± 0.0062 | 0.9677 ± 0.0060 | 0.9681 ± 0.0044 | 0.9645 ± 0.0049 | 0.9653 ± 0.0048 | 0.9667 ± 0.0040 |
| <i>H</i> ₀ | 67.31 ± 0.96 | 67.81 ± 0.92 | 67.90 ± 0.55 | 67.27 ± 0.66 | 67.51 ± 0.64 | 67.74 ± 0.46 |
| $\Omega_{\Lambda} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 0.685 ± 0.013 | 0.692 ± 0.012 | 0.6935 ± 0.0072 | 0.6844 ± 0.0091 | 0.6879 ± 0.0087 | 0.6911 ± 0.0062 |
| $\Omega_m \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 0.315 ± 0.013 | 0.308 ± 0.012 | 0.3065 ± 0.0072 | 0.3156 ± 0.0091 | 0.3121 ± 0.0087 | 0.3089 ± 0.0062 |
| $\Omega_{\rm m} h^2$ | 0.1426 ± 0.0020 | 0.1415 ± 0.0019 | 0.1413 ± 0.0011 | 0.1427 ± 0.0014 | 0.1422 ± 0.0013 | 0.14170 ± 0.00097 |
| $\Omega_{\rm m}h^3$ | 0.09597 ± 0.00045 | 0.09591 ± 0.00045 | 0.09593 ± 0.00045 | 0.09601 ± 0.00029 | 0.09596 ± 0.00030 | 0.09598 ± 0.00029 |
| <i>σ</i> ₈ | 0.829 ± 0.014 | 0.8149 ± 0.0093 | 0.8154 ± 0.0090 | 0.831 ± 0.013 | 0.8150 ± 0.0087 | 0.8159 ± 0.0086 |

Table 5. Constraints on 1-parameter extensions to the base Λ CDM model for combinations of *Planck* power spectra, *Planck* lensing, and external data (BAO+JLA+H₀, denoted "ext"). Note that we quote 95 % limits here.

| Parameter | TT | TT+lensing | TT+lensing+ext | TT, TE, EE | TT, TE, EE+lensing | TT, TE, EE+lensing+ext |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ωκ | $-0.052^{+0.049}_{-0.055}$ | $-0.005^{+0.016}_{-0.017}$ | $-0.0001^{+0.0054}_{-0.0052}$ | $-0.040^{+0.038}_{-0.011}$ | $-0.004^{+0.015}_{-0.015}$ | 0.0008+0.0040 |
| Σm_{ν} [eV] | < 0.715 | < 0.675 | < 0.234 | < 0.492 | < 0.589 | < 0.194 |
| N _{eff} | $3.13_{-0.63}^{+0.64}$ | $3.13^{+0.62}_{-0.61}$ | $3.15_{-0.40}^{+0.41}$ | $2.99^{+0.41}_{-0.39}$ | $2.94^{+0.38}_{-0.38}$ | 3.04+0.33 |
| <i>Y</i> _p | 0.252+0.041 | 0.251+0.040 | 0.251+0.035 | 0.250+0.026 | 0.247+0.026 | 0.249+0.025 |
| $dn_s/d\ln k$ | $-0.008^{+0.016}_{-0.016}$ | $-0.003^{+0.015}_{-0.015}$ | $-0.003^{+0.015}_{-0.014}$ | $-0.006^{+0.014}_{-0.014}$ | $-0.002^{+0.013}_{-0.013}$ | $-0.002^{+0.013}_{-0.013}$ |
| r _{0.002} | < 0.103 | < 0.114 | < 0.114 | < 0.0987 | < 0.112 | < 0.113 |
| <i>w</i> | $-1.54^{+0.62}_{-0.50}$ | $-1.41^{+0.64}_{-0.56}$ | $-1.006^{+0.085}_{-0.091}$ | $-1.55^{+0.58}_{-0.48}$ | $-1.42^{+0.62}_{-0.56}$ | $-1.019^{+0.075}_{-0.080}$ |

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Tightening down Dark Energy properties



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Tightening down Dark Energy properties

Tools

• Laboratory experiments.

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Tightening down Dark Energy properties

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- Laboratory experiments. limited
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- Laboratory experiments. limited
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- Cosmological scales:Let's go for it!
- Euclid! (red book : arXiv:1110.3193)

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Astrophysical point of view

Testing cosmology at the background level

•
$$D(z) = \frac{1}{H_0 \Omega_K^{1/2}} S_K \left(H_0 \Omega_K^{1/2} \int_0^z \frac{dz}{H(z)} \right)$$

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SNIa, CMB, tranversal BAO

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$$G(z)\delta(z)=G(z)\delta_0$$
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 growth factor $rac{dln(G)}{dln(a)} \sim \Omega_m^{\gamma}(a)$

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SNIa, CMB, tranversal BAO

Testing cosmology at the (linear) perturbation level

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One comment about the contents... Friedmann-Lemaître equation:

$$\left(\frac{\dot{R}}{R}\right)^2 = \frac{8\pi G\rho_m}{3} + \frac{8\pi G\rho_{DE}}{3} - \frac{kc^2}{R^2}$$

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The split between ρ_m and ρ_{DE} is not (gravitationally) testable (Kunz 2009) Just use it as a parametrization.

Precision cosmology area: curvature

Table 4. Parameter 68 % confidence limits for the base ACDM model from *Planck* CMB power spectra, in combination with lensing reconstruction ("lensing") and external data ("ext," BAO+1LA+H₀). Nuisance parameters are not listed for brevity (they can be found in the *Planck Legacy Archive* tables), but the last three parameters give a summary measure of the total foreground amplitude (in μK^2) at $\ell = 2000$ for the three high- ℓ temperature spectra used by the likelihood. In all cases the helium mass fraction used is predicted by BBN (posterior mean $Y_P \approx 0.2453$, with theoretical uncertainties in the BBN predictions dominating over the *Planck* error on $\Omega_b h^2$).

| Parameter | TT+lowP 68 % limits | TT+lowP+lensing 68 % limits | TT+lowP+lensing+ext 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing 68 % limits | TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing+ext 68 % limits |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| $\Omega_{\rm b}h^2$ | 0.02222 ± 0.00023 | 0.02226 ± 0.00023 | 0.02227 ± 0.00020 | 0.02225 ± 0.00016 | 0.02226 ± 0.00016 | 0.02230 ± 0.00014 |
| $\Omega_{\rm c}h^2$ | 0.1197 ± 0.0022 | 0.1186 ± 0.0020 | 0.1184 ± 0.0012 | 0.1198 ± 0.0015 | 0.1193 ± 0.0014 | 0.1188 ± 0.0010 |
| 1000 _{MC} | 1.04085 ± 0.00047 | 1.04103 ± 0.00046 | 1.04106 ± 0.00041 | 1.04077 ± 0.00032 | 1.04087 ± 0.00032 | 1.04093 ± 0.00030 |
| τ | 0.078 ± 0.019 | 0.066 ± 0.016 | 0.067 ± 0.013 | 0.079 ± 0.017 | 0.063 ± 0.014 | 0.066 ± 0.012 |
| $\ln(10^{10}A_{s})$ | 3.089 ± 0.036 | 3.062 ± 0.029 | 3.064 ± 0.024 | 3.094 ± 0.034 | 3.059 ± 0.025 | 3.064 ± 0.023 |
| <i>n</i> ₈ | 0.9655 ± 0.0062 | 0.9677 ± 0.0060 | 0.9681 ± 0.0044 | 0.9645 ± 0.0049 | 0.9653 ± 0.0048 | 0.9667 ± 0.0040 |
| <i>H</i> ₀ | 67.31 ± 0.96 | 67.81 ± 0.92 | 67.90 ± 0.55 | 67.27 ± 0.66 | 67.51 ± 0.64 | 67.74 ± 0.46 |
| Ω _Λ | 0.685 ± 0.013 | 0.692 ± 0.012 | 0.6935 ± 0.0072 | 0.6844 ± 0.0091 | 0.6879 ± 0.0087 | 0.6911 ± 0.0062 |
| Ω _m | 0.315 ± 0.013 | 0.308 ± 0.012 | 0.3065 ± 0.0072 | 0.3156 ± 0.0091 | 0.3121 ± 0.0087 | 0.3089 ± 0.0062 |
| $\Omega_{\rm m}h^2$ | 0.1426 ± 0.0020 | 0.1415 ± 0.0019 | 0.1413 ± 0.0011 | 0.1427 ± 0.0014 | 0.1422 ± 0.0013 | 0.14170 ± 0.00097 |
| $\Omega_{\rm m}h^3$ | 0.09597 ± 0.00045 | 0.09591 ± 0.00045 | 0.09593 ± 0.00045 | 0.09601 ± 0.00029 | 0.09596 ± 0.00030 | 0.09598 ± 0.00029 |
| σ ₈ | 0.829 ± 0.014 | 0.8149 ± 0.0093 | 0.8154 ± 0.0090 | 0.831 ± 0.013 | 0.8150 ± 0.0087 | 0.8159 ± 0.0086 |

Table 5. Constraints on 1-parameter extensions to the base Λ CDM model for combinations of *Planck* power spectra, *Planck* lensing, and external data (BAO+JLA+H₀, denoted "ext"). Note that we quote 95 % limits here.

| Parameter | TT | TT+lensing | TT+lensing+ext | TT, TE, EE | TT, TE, EE+lensing | TT, TE, EE+lensing+ext |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ω _K | $-0.052^{+0.049}_{-0.055}$ | $-0.005^{+0.016}_{-0.017}$ | $-0.0001^{+0.0054}_{-0.0052}$ | $-0.040^{+0.038}_{-0.041}$ | $-0.004^{+0.015}_{-0.015}$ | 0.0008+0.0040 |
| Σm_{ν} [eV] | < 0.715 | < 0.675 | < 0.234 | < 0.492 | < 0.589 | 0.104 |
| N _{eff} | 3.13+0.64 | 3.13+0.62 | $3.15_{-0.40}^{+0.41}$ | $2.99^{+0.41}_{-0.39}$ | 2.94+0.38 | 3.04+0.33 |
| <i>Y</i> _p | 0.252+0.041 | 0.251+0.040 | 0.251+0.035 | 0.250+0.026 | 0.247+0.026 | 0.249+0.025 |
| $dn_s/d\ln k$ | $-0.008^{+0.016}_{-0.016}$ | $-0.003^{+0.015}_{-0.015}$ | $-0.003^{+0.015}_{-0.014}$ | $-0.006^{+0.014}_{-0.014}$ | $-0.002^{+0.013}_{-0.013}$ | $-0.002^{+0.013}_{-0.013}$ |
| r _{0.002} | < 0.103 | < 0.114 | < 0.114 | < 0.0987 | < 0.112 | < 0.113 |
| w | $-1.54^{+0.62}_{-0.50}$ | $-1.41^{+0.64}_{-0.56}$ | $-1.006^{+0.085}_{-0.091}$ | $-1.55^{+0.58}_{-0.48}$ | $-1.42^{+0.62}_{-0.56}$ | $-1.019^{+0.075}_{-0.080}$ |

Alain Blanchard

A Cosmological Test of GR at the background level Dynamic

One can derive dynamical equation for a(t) from Newtonian consideration

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(see Mukhanov's book)

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General Relativity

$$K = c^2$$

SO

$$\Omega_k = 1. - \sum \Omega_{contents}$$

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Testing GR at cosmological scales

Alain Blanchard Investigating dark gravity

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Testing GR at cosmological scales

so testing:

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is testing GR on large scale at the background level

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and use SNIa, CMB, BAO to constrain these quantities. Yves Zolnierowski & AB, arXiv:1503.00111, Phys. Rev. D **91**, 083536 (2015)

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With Euclid (forecasting)



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Thank You