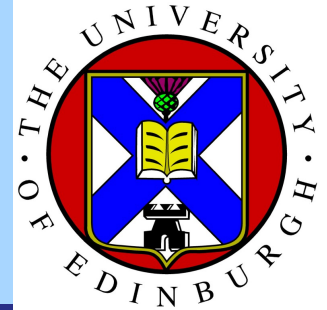


# LHCb upgrade: plans and potential



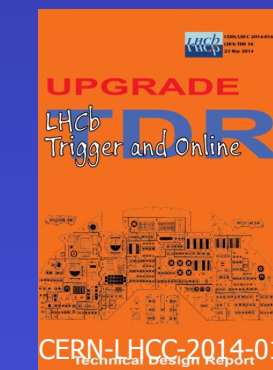
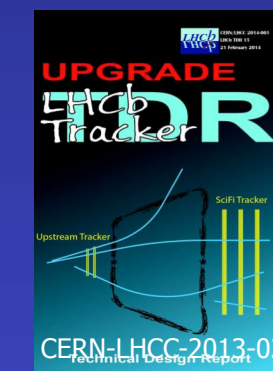
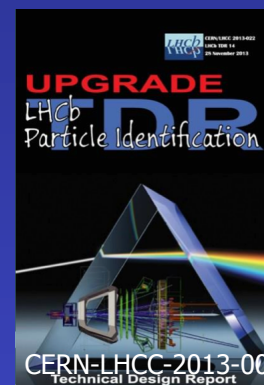
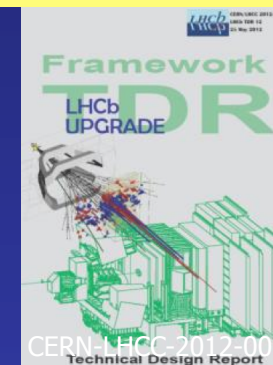
Franz Muheim  
University of Edinburgh



On behalf of the LHCb  
collaboration

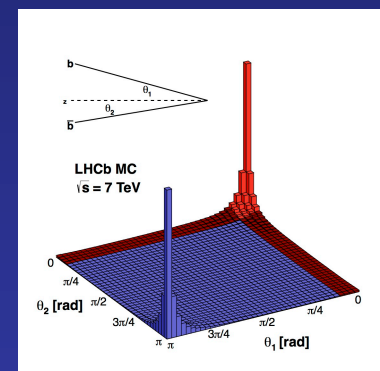
- **LHCb**
  - Performance
  - Highlights/plans
- **LHCb Upgrade**
  - Motivation
  - Trigger
- **LHCb Upgrade Physics Potential**
  - Rare decays
  - CP violation
  - Non-Flavour physics
- **Detector upgrades**
  - Trackers VELO, UT and SciFi
  - Particle ID RICH, CALO and Muon
- **Conclusions**

More information, see LHCb Upgrade TDRs



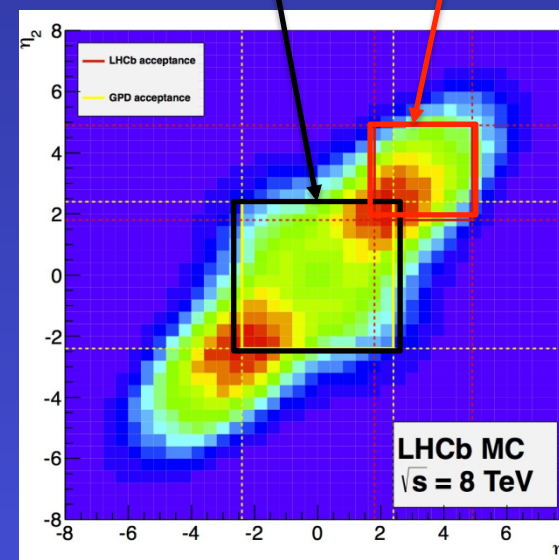
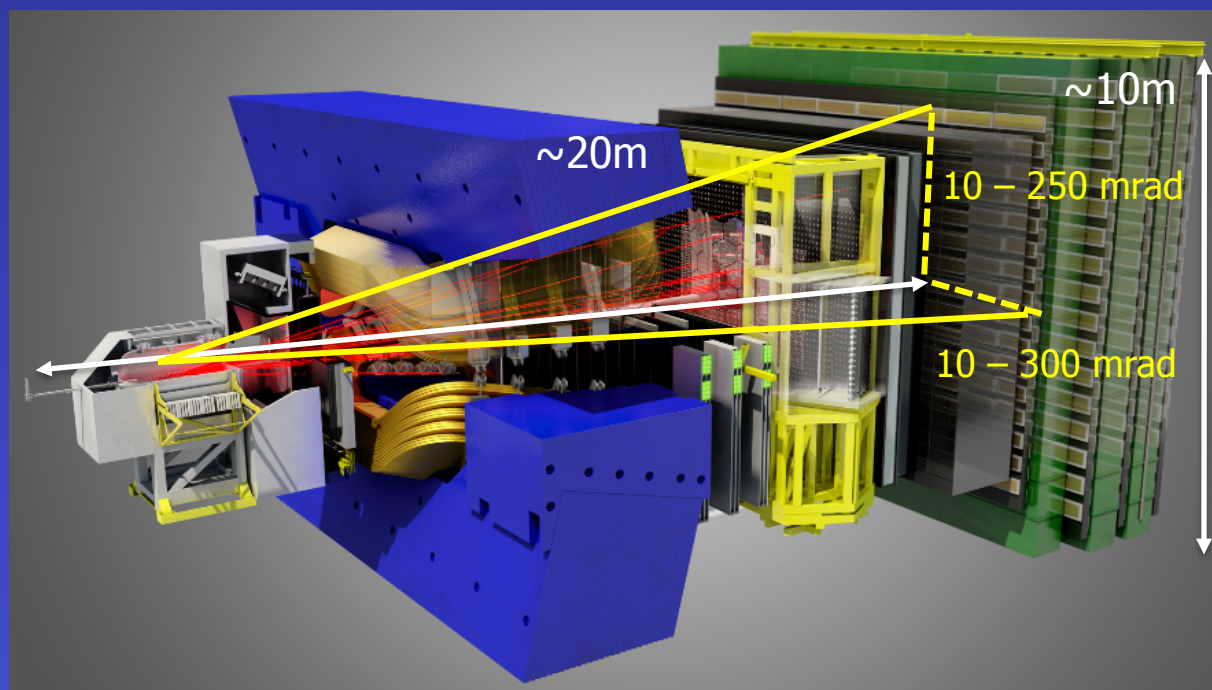


- **LHC is a flavour factory**
  - beauty quark cross section  $\sigma_{bb} \sim 300 \mu\text{b}$  at 7 TeV
  - Very large charm cross section  $\sigma_{cc} \sim 20 \sigma_{bb} \sim 6 \text{ mb}$
- **LHCb**
  - dedicated experiment for heavy flavour physics

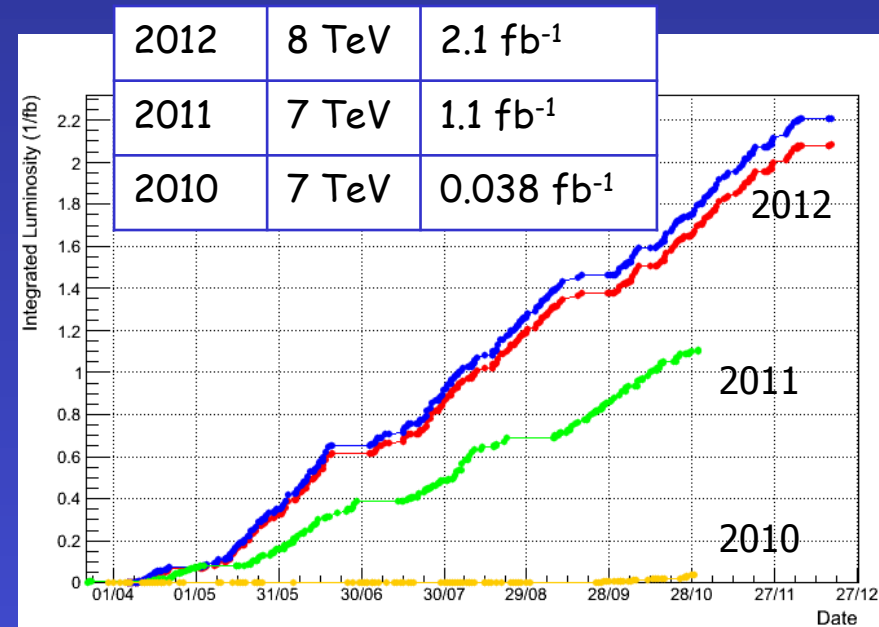


ATLAS & CMS  
region  $|\eta| < 2.5$

LHCb region  
 $2 < \eta < 5$

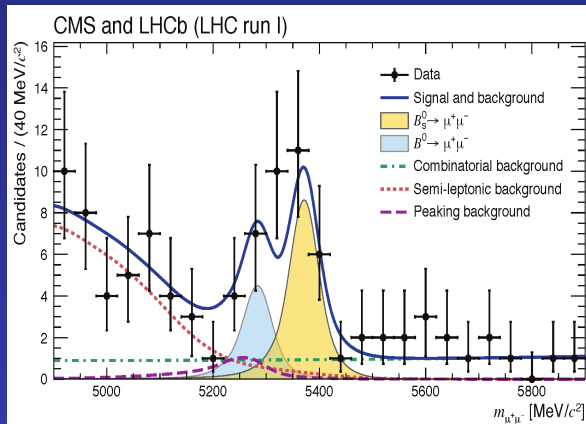


- **Very successful in LHC run 1**
  - LHCb operated at luminosities up to  $L = 4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
  - 2x design luminosity
  - Average # of visible interactions/crossing  $\mu = 1.4$  (nominal  $\mu = 0.4$ )
  - Recorded  $\int L dt \sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

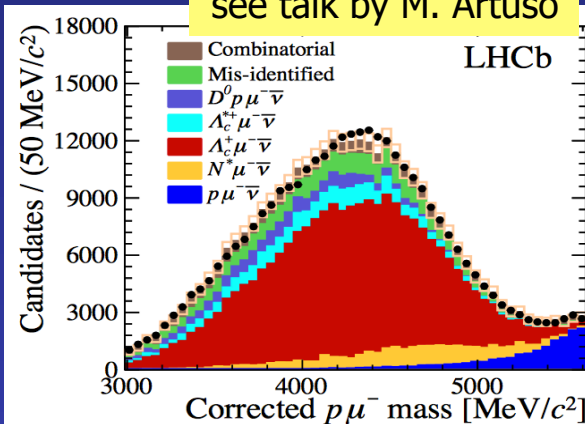




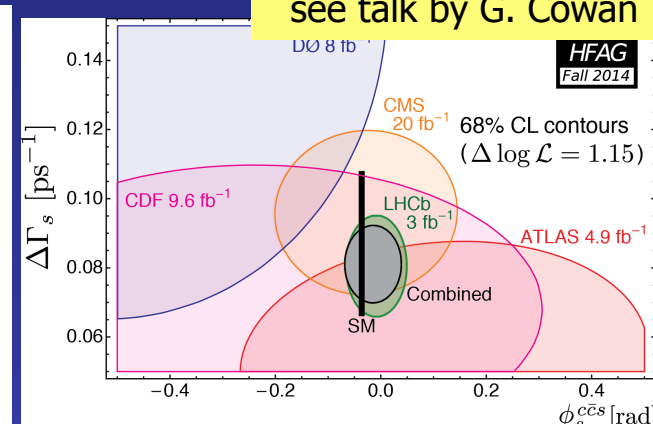
## Observation of $B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu$



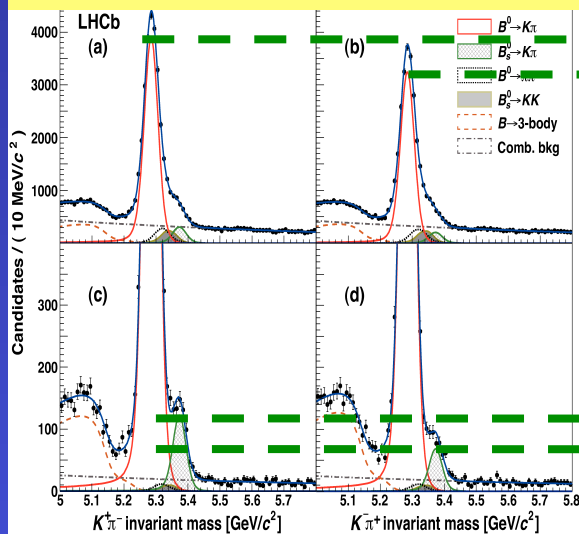
## Measurement of $V_{ub}$ in $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p \mu \nu$ see talk by M. Artuso



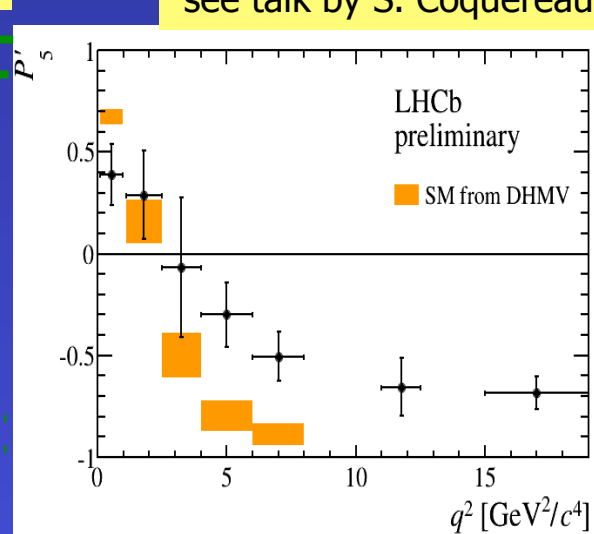
## Measurement of $\phi_s$ in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ see talk by G. Cowan



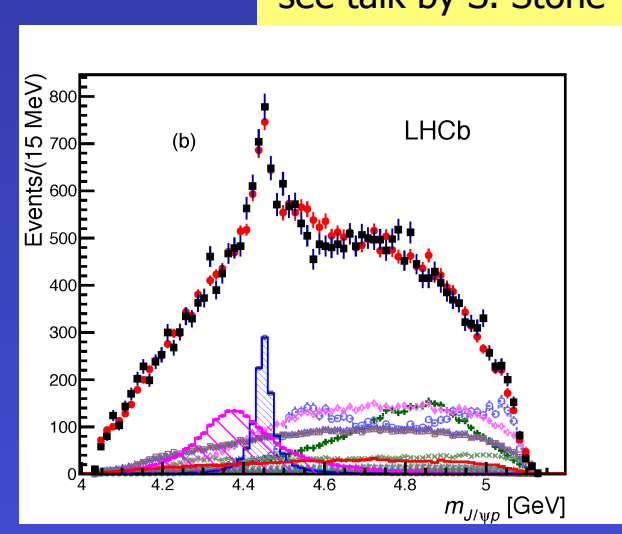
## Observation of direct CP violation at a hadron collider



## Angular analysis in $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu \mu$ see talk by S. Coquereau



## Observation of pentaquarks see talk by S. Stone



- **LHC Run 2 - collect  $\sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data**

First LHCb results from the 13 TeV LHC data

see talk by I. Komarov

- 7, 8  $\rightarrow$  13 (14) TeV: nearly double b and c production
- Precision measurements of unitarity triangles
- Measure rare decays
- **Probe/measure New Physics at 10% level** in key measurements
- Be prepared for the unexpected  $\rightarrow$  follow the data
- Current detector limited to 1 MHz readout by Level-0 trigger

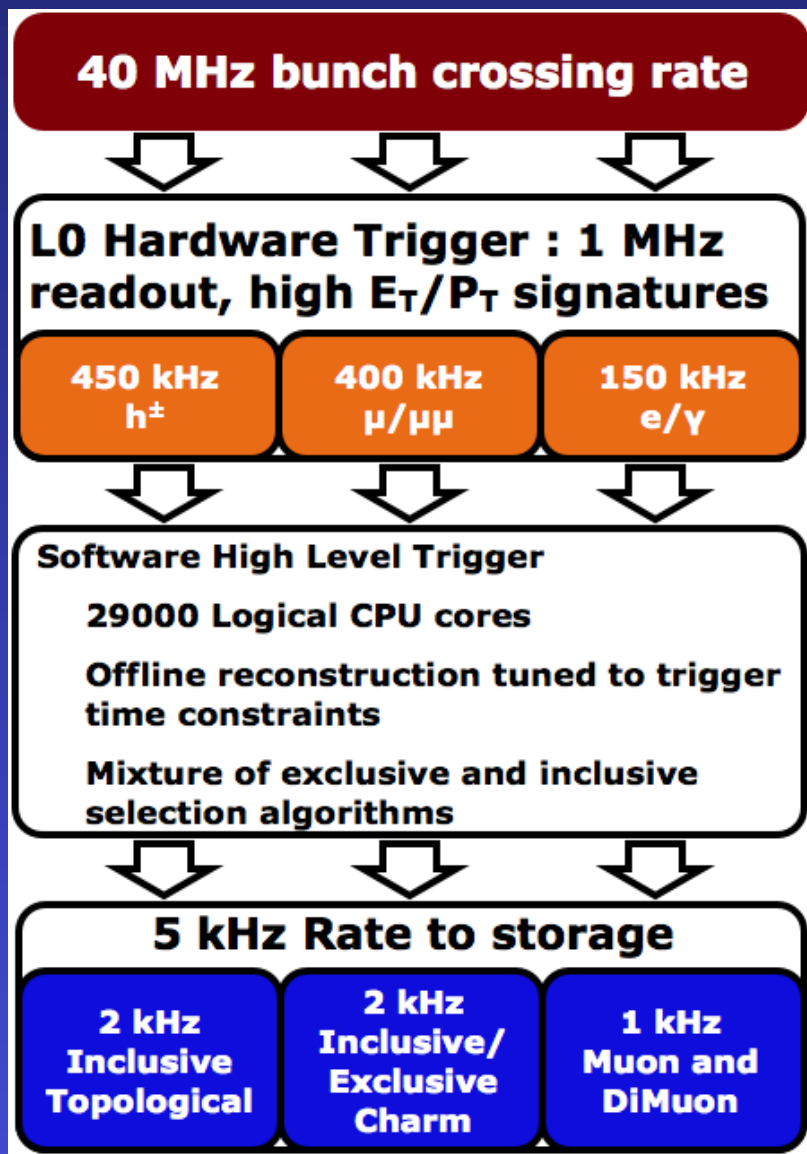
- **LHCb upgrade**

- Upgrade detectors to be able to readout at 40 MHz
- Operate detector at luminosities of  $\sim 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Install upgraded LHCb in long shutdown LS2 2019/20

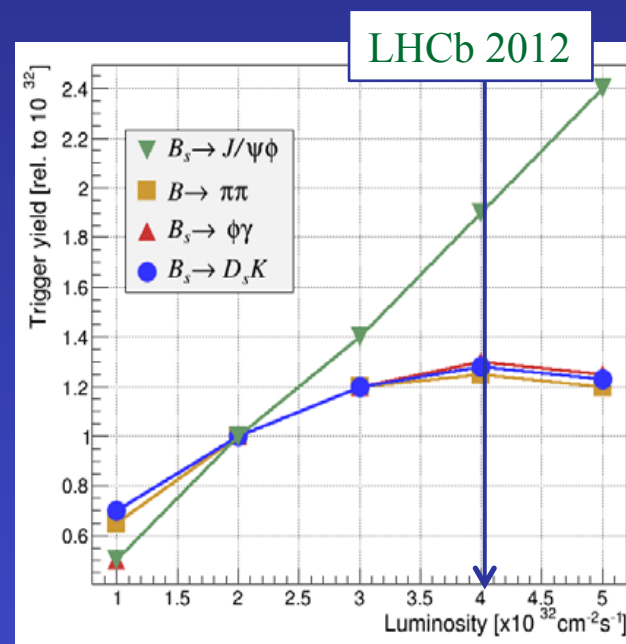
LHC era		HL-LHC era		
Run 1 (2010-12)	Run 2 (2015-18)	Run 3 (2021-23)	Run 4 (2025-28)	Run 5+ (2030+)
3 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	8 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	23 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	46 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	100 $\text{fb}^{-1}$

- **Excellent results from LHCb**
  - Demonstrated potential of Flavour Physics at the LHC
  - Many world's best measurements, severely constrain new physics
- **LHCb upgrade physics reach**
  - Unique for NP searches in  $B_s$  system, very competitive for  $B_d$
  - Unprecedented B-baryon and charm yields
  - Potential for non-flavour physics
- **LHCb upgrade will fully exploit LHC physics in forward region**
  - General purpose experiment with forward geometry
  - LHCb upgrade will operate at higher luminosity
  - is compatible with high luminosity LHC phase, but does not require it
  - Complementary to direct searches at ATLAS and CMS
- **If new particles are discovered**
  - LHCb upgrade will measure flavour couplings through loop diagrams
- **If no new particles are found**
  - LHCb upgrade will probe NP at multi-TeV energy scale



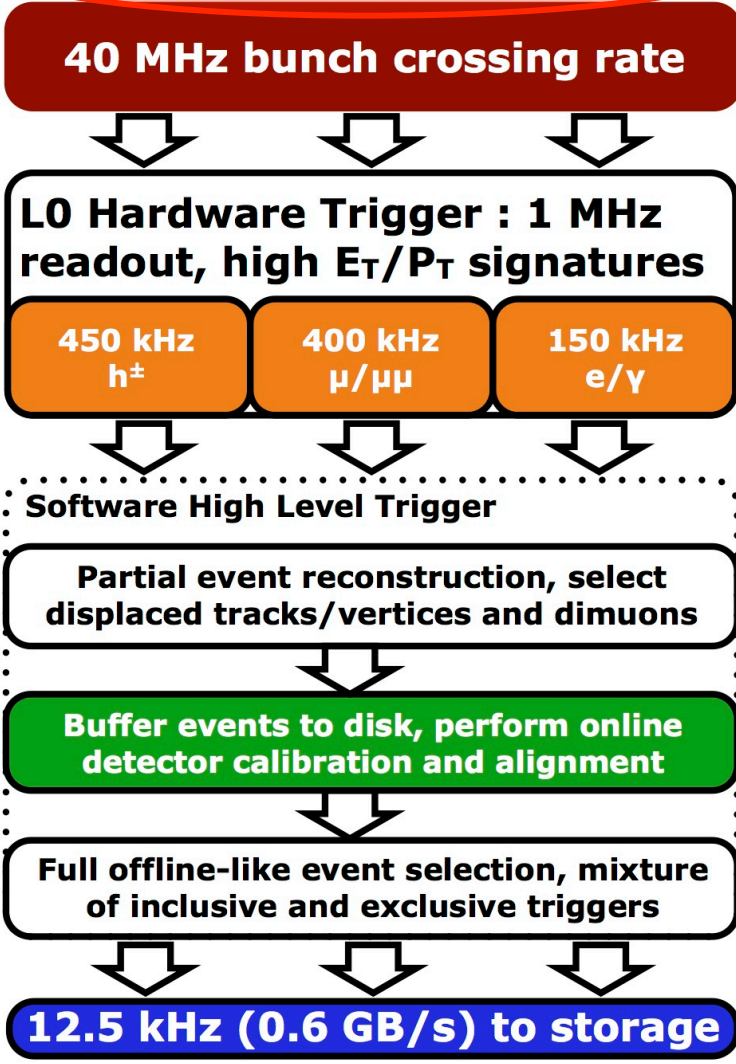


- **Level-0 Hardware trigger**
  - limited to 1 MHz output
  - Event yields saturate for hadronic channels



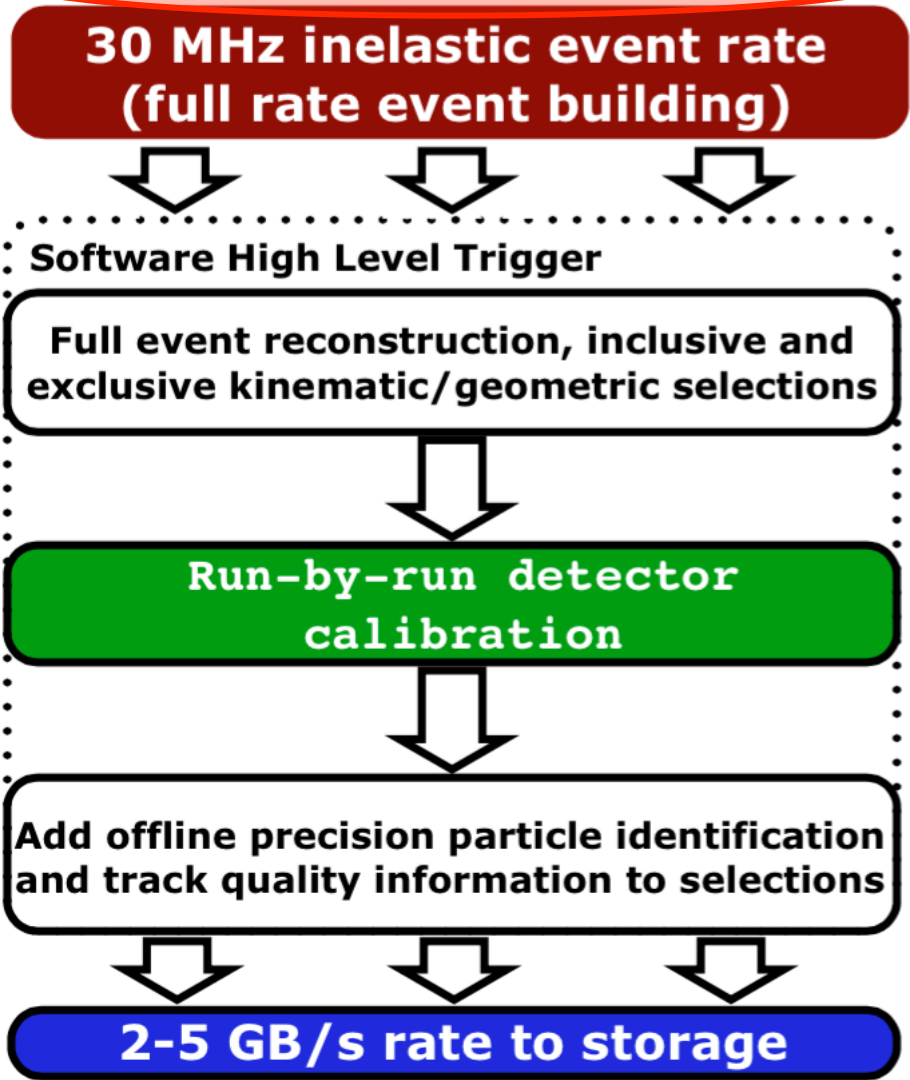
- **HLT Software trigger**
  - Implemented in CPU farm

## LHCb 2015 Trigger Diagram



HLT and real-time calibration in LHCb Run II

## LHCb Upgrade Trigger Diagram



# Rare decay $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

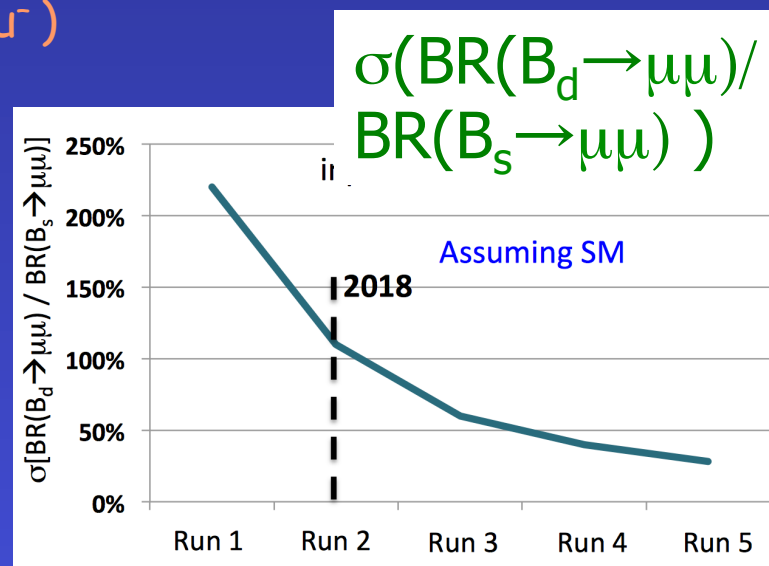
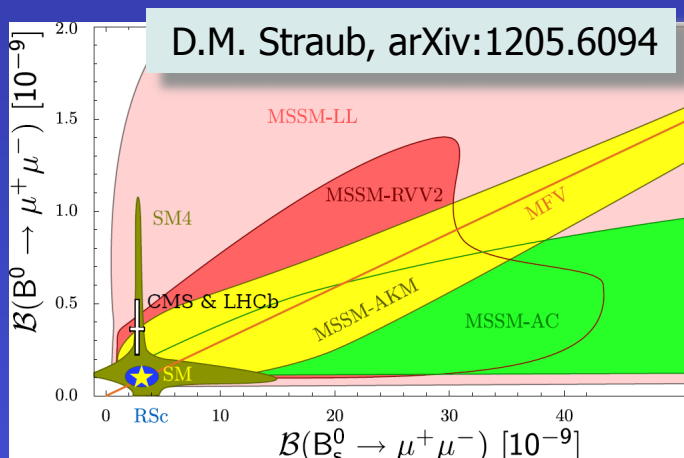
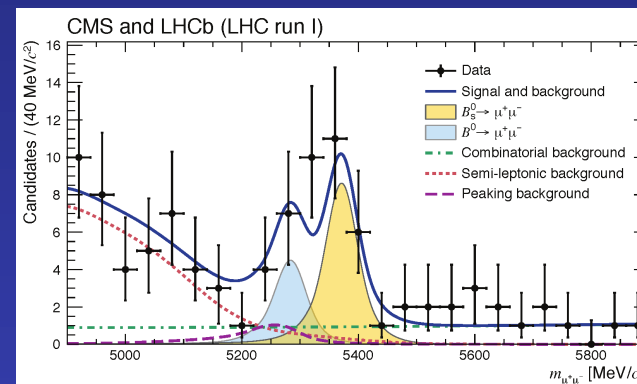
Phys. Rev. Lett. 111 (2013) 101805  
Nature 522, 68–72

## LHCb

- Observed  $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ , with CMS at  $6.2\sigma$  significance
- $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8 +0.7-0.6) \times 10^{-9}$
- $3\sigma$  evidence for  $B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- NP SUSY models with large  $\tan \beta$  ruled out

## LHCb upgrade

- Precision measurement of  $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ 
  - 50 events/year at SM
- Measure  $BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) / BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$
- Very sensitive to NP models

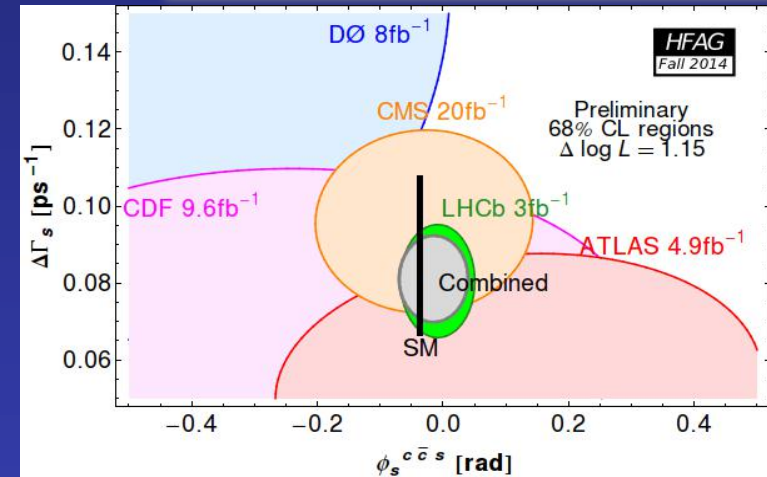




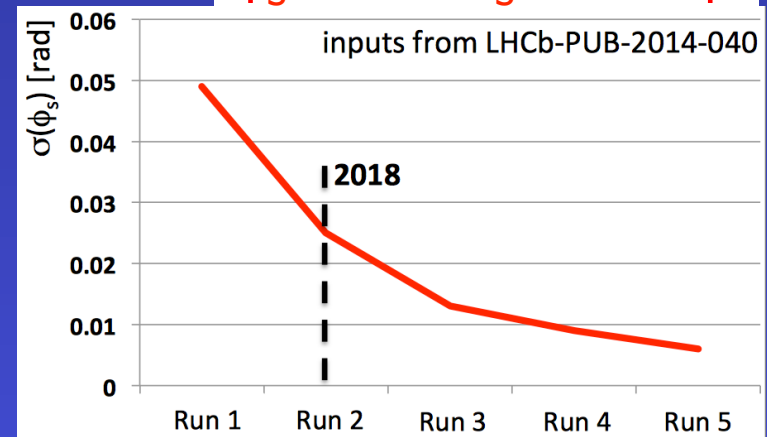
# CP Violation in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$

Phys. Rev. Lett. 114 (2015) 041801

- **Weak phase  $\phi_s$** 
  - Small and precise SM prediction
  - SM  $\phi_s = -36.3 \pm 1.3$  mrad
  - Sensitive to new physics in  $B_s$  mixing and decay amplitude
- **LHCb**
  - Golden mode  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^-$   
 $\phi_s = -58 \pm 49 \pm 6$  mrad
  - Additional modes  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $B_s \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-$
  - LHCb dominates world average  
 $\phi_s = -15 \pm 35$  mrad
- **LHCb upgrade**
  - Sensitivity  $\sigma(\phi_s) \sim 10$  mrad
  - Compare to  $\sigma(\phi_s, \text{theory}) \sim 3$  mrad



## $\phi_s$ from $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$



# CP Violation in $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$

Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 052011

- $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$  is golden mode for upgrade

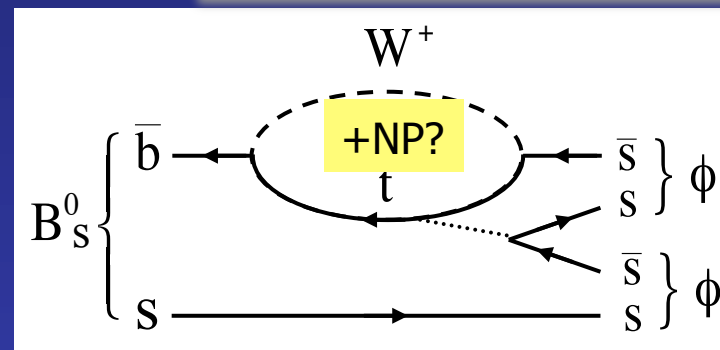
- probe CP violating weak phase  $\phi_s$  in hadronic  $B_s$  penguin decays
- Sensitive to new physics in decay amplitude
- Prediction for  $\phi_s$  very close to zero

- LHCb results on  $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$

- $\phi_s = -170 \pm 150 \pm 30$  mrad

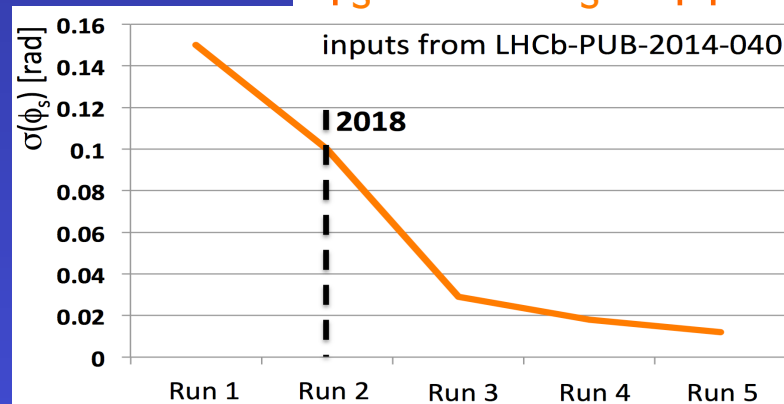
- LHCb upgrade

- Sensitivity  $\sigma(\phi_s) \sim 0.02$
- Comp. to  $\sigma(\phi_s, \text{theory}) \leq 0.02$
- Non zero  $\phi_s$  result  $\rightarrow$  New Physics



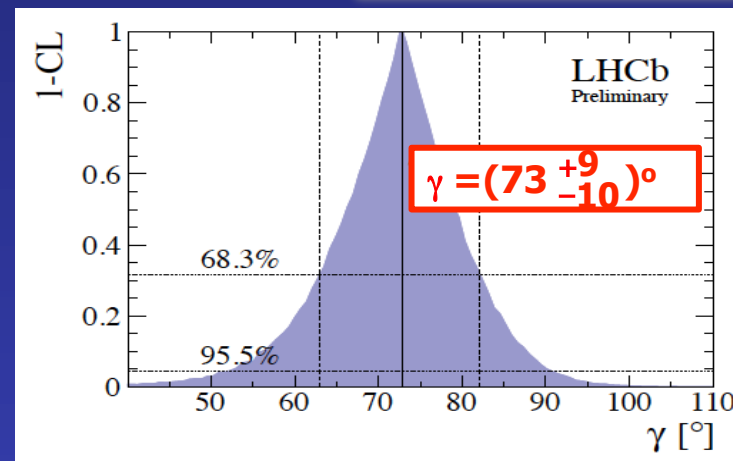
M. Raidal, arXiv:hep-ph/0209091  
M. Bartsch et al., arXiv:0810.0249

## $\phi_s$ from $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$

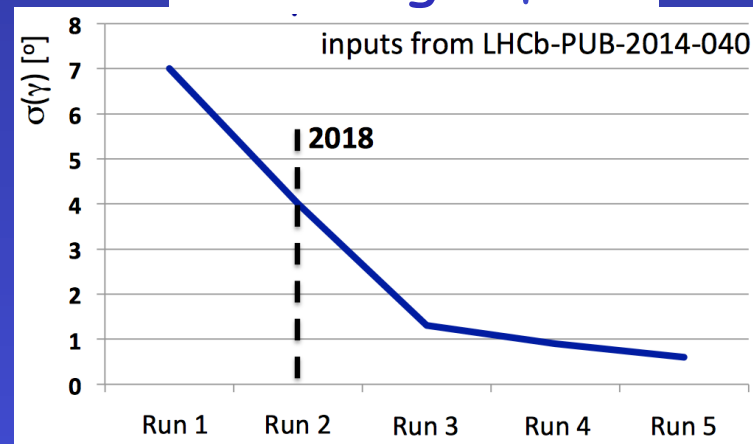


LHCb-CONF-2014-004

- **B factories**
  - Excellent progress during last decade
  - Babar  $\gamma = 69^{+17}_{-16}^\circ$
  - Belle  $\gamma = 68^{+15}_{-14}^\circ$
- **LHCb**
  - Combining many methods  
ADS, GLW, GGSZ,  $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$
  - Starting to dominate  $\gamma$  world average
  - Expect  $4^\circ$  uncertainty on  $\gamma$  at end of run 2
- **LHCb upgrade**
  - Aiming for  $< 1^\circ$  precision on  $\gamma$

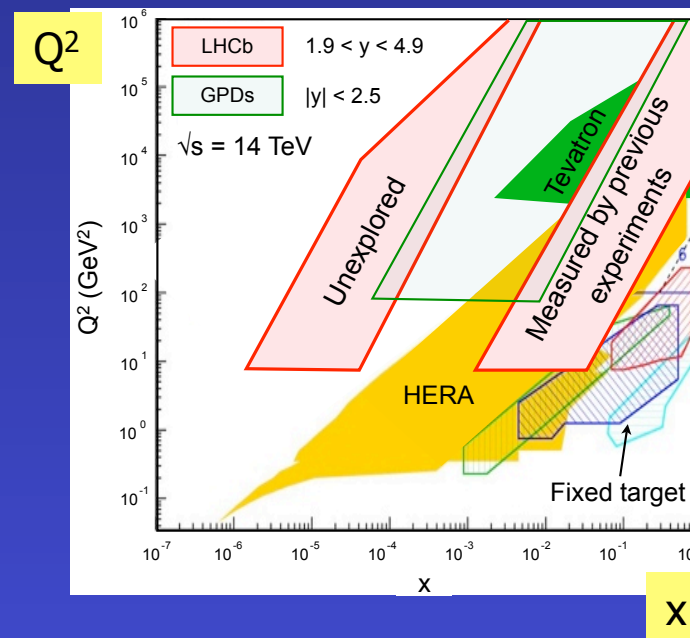


## CKM angle $\gamma$





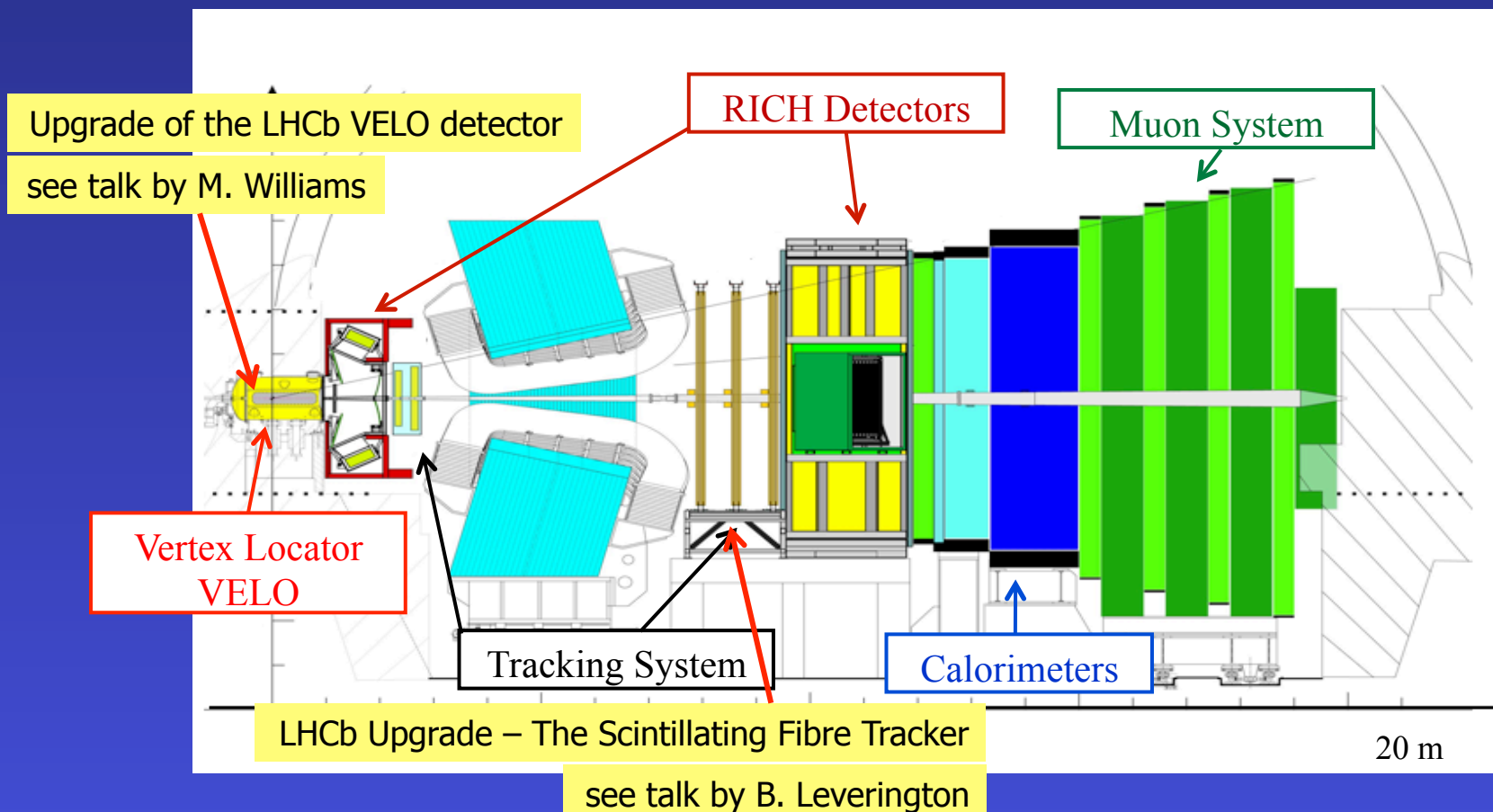
- **Electroweak**
  - $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lepton}}$  : measure  $A_{\text{FB}}$  of leptons in Z-decays
  - Top quark forward-backward asymmetry
- **QCD**
  - Constraints on PDFs, unexplored region at low  $x$
  - Flavour tagging of jets
- **Central Exclusive Production**
  - $pp \rightarrow p + X + p$  with rapidity gap
  - Central exclusive  $\chi_b$  production
- **Exotics**
  - Tetra- and Pentaquarks
  - Hidden Valley long-lived particles
- **Heavy Ions**
  - $pA$ ,  $Ap$  and  $AA$  collisions in forward region
- **Higgs**
  - $H \rightarrow cc$  and  $H \rightarrow bb$  in VBF



Type	Observable	Current precision	LHCb 2018	Upgrade (50 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	Theory uncertainty
$B_s^0$ mixing	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)$	0.10 [9]	0.025	0.008	$\sim 0.003$
	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980))$	0.17 [10]	0.045	0.014	$\sim 0.01$
	$A_{fs}(B_s^0)$	$6.4 \times 10^{-3}$ [18]	$0.6 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.2 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.03 \times 10^{-3}$
Gluonic penguin	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	–	0.17	0.03	0.02
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0})$	–	0.13	0.02	$< 0.02$
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0)$	0.17 [18]	0.30	0.05	0.02
Right-handed currents	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)$	–	0.09	0.02	$< 0.01$
	$\tau^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)/\tau_{B_s^0}$	–	5 %	1 %	0.2 %
Electroweak penguin	$S_3(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.08 [14]	0.025	0.008	0.02
	$s_0 A_{\text{FB}}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [14]	6 %	2 %	7 %
	$A_I(K\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.25 [15]	0.08	0.025	$\sim 0.02$
	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [16]	8 %	2.5 %	$\sim 10\%$
Higgs penguin	$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	$1.5 \times 10^{-9}$ [2]	$0.5 \times 10^{-9}$	$0.15 \times 10^{-9}$	$0.3 \times 10^{-9}$
	$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	–	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 35\%$	$\sim 5\%$
Unitarity triangle angles	$\gamma (B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^{(*)})$	$\sim 10\text{--}12^\circ$ [19, 20]	$4^\circ$	$0.9^\circ$	negligible
	$\gamma (B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s K)$	–	$11^\circ$	$2.0^\circ$	negligible
	$\beta (B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0)$	$0.8^\circ$ [18]	$0.6^\circ$	$0.2^\circ$	negligible
Charm CP violation	$A_\Gamma$	$2.3 \times 10^{-3}$ [18]	$0.40 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.07 \times 10^{-3}$	–
	$\Delta A_{CP}$	$2.1 \times 10^{-3}$ [5]	$0.65 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.12 \times 10^{-3}$	–

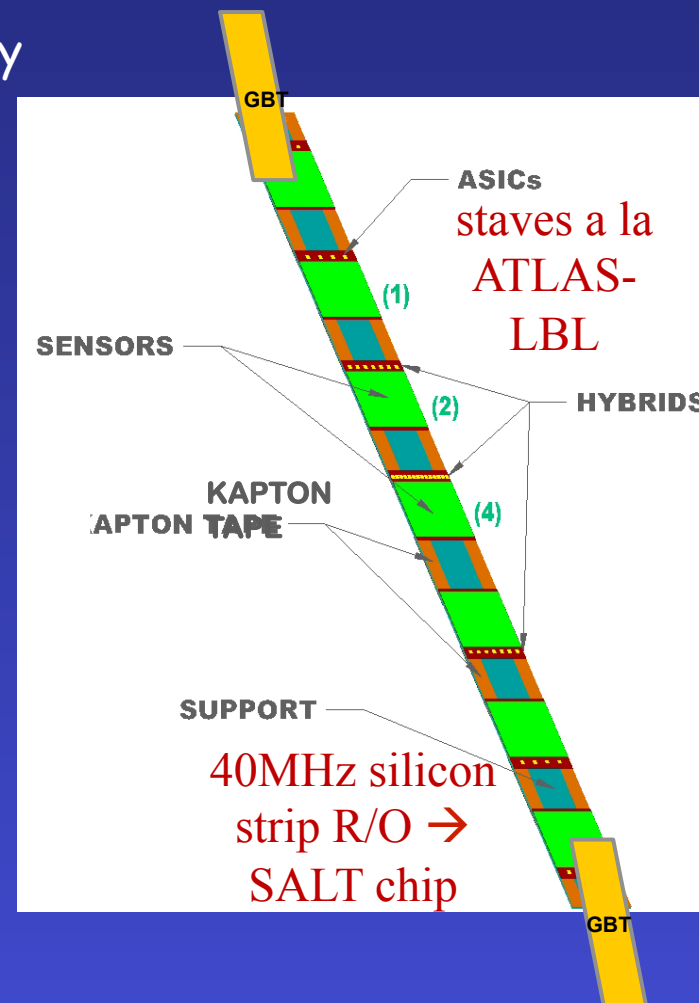
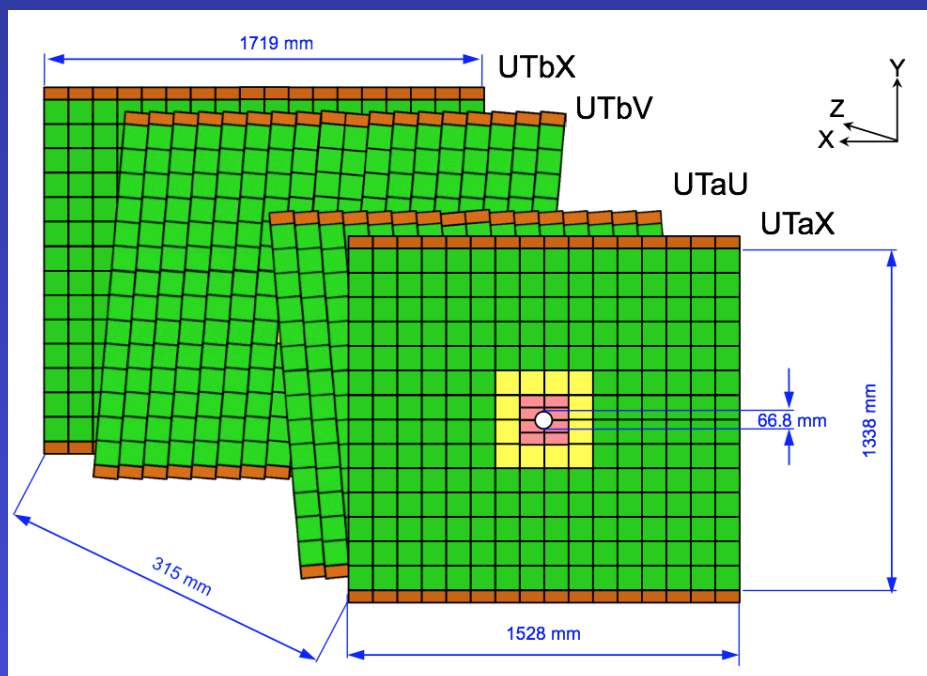
# Detector upgrade

- **Replace or adapt sub-systems to 40 MHz readout**
  - Approved by LHCC & funding agencies, have Technical Design Reports
  - Construction phase from 2015 to 2018, installation in LS2



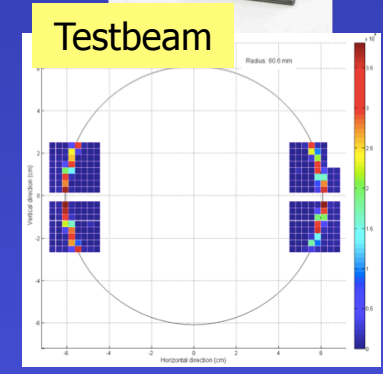
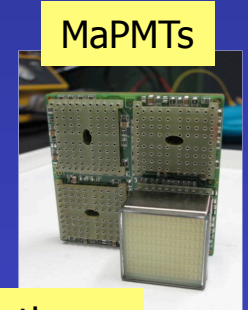
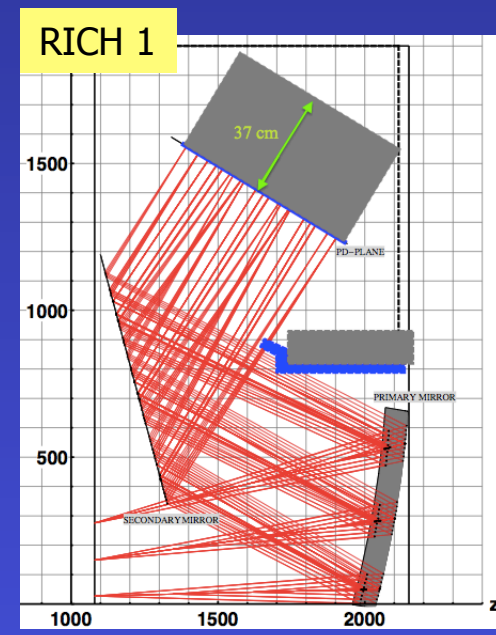
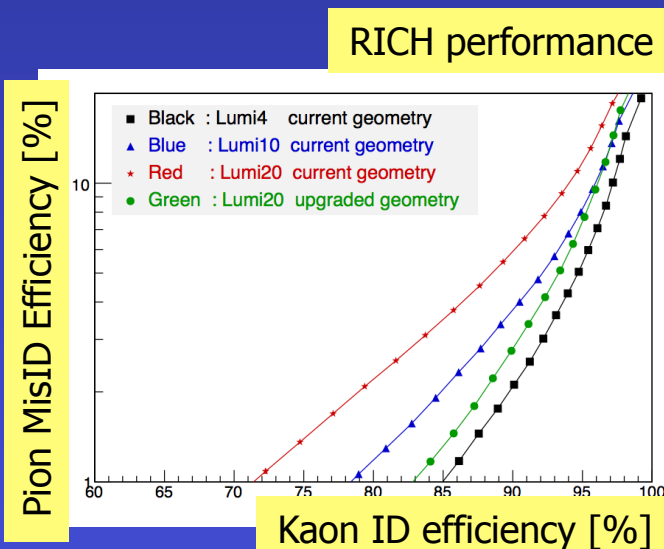
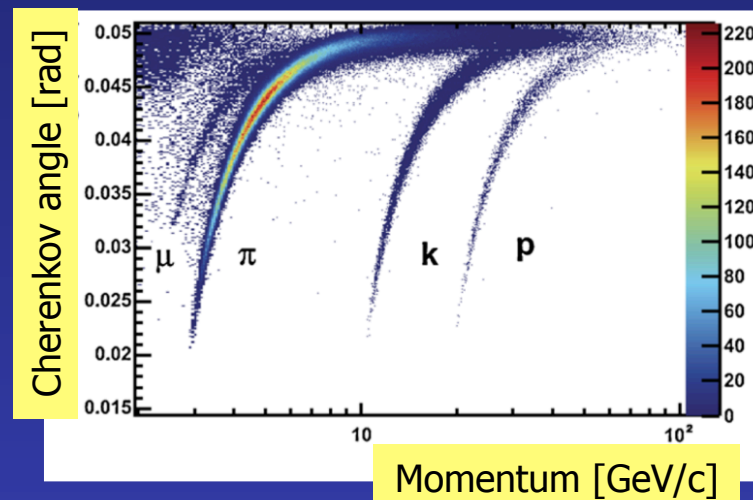


- **UT replaces TT tracker**
  - Silicon strip sensors with finer granularity in high occupancy region
  - Improved coverage at small polar angles
  - Readout and Signal processing at 40 MHz
  - Improved radiation hardness



# RICH PID upgrade

- Maintain excellent charged PID
- RICH photon detectors
  - MaPMTs replace HPDs
- Upgraded RICH
  - Remove aerogel radiator
  - RICH 1 optimised to reduce hit occupancy

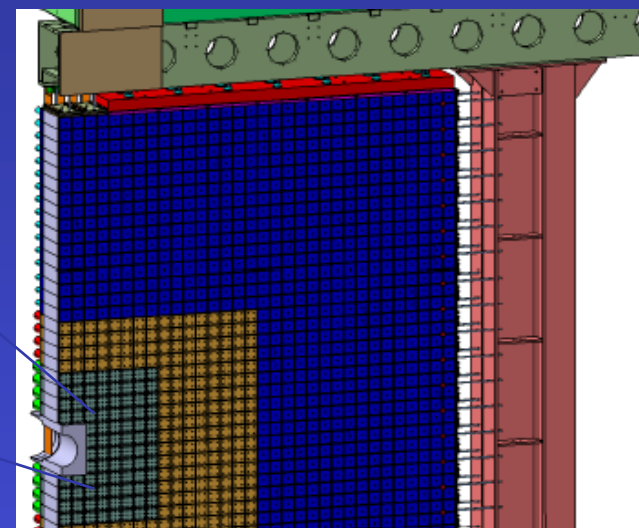
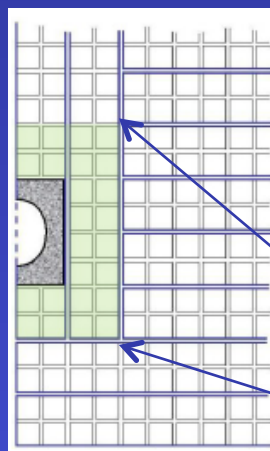


- **HCAL & ECAL**

- HCAL modules ok up to  $\sim 50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Inner ECAL modules need to be replaced after  $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (LS3)
- Keep detector modules and PMTs
- Reduce PMT gain, increase FE amplification
- Modify 40 MHz FE electronics

- **Muon Spectrometer**

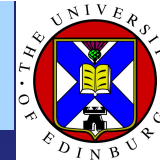
- Keep muon chambers & FE electronics
- Replace off-detector electronics
- Remove first station (M1)
- Install shielding



- **LHCb and Flavour physics at the LHC are a huge success**
  - Large NP ruled out in many flavour physics observables
  - Large increase in statistics required to investigate small NP deviations
- **LHCb upgrade is approved and progressing well**
  - Key element is 40 MHz readout of all sub-detectors
  - Full Software Trigger increases trigger efficiency significantly in hadronic channels
  - LHCb key performance parameters are retained
    - Vertex Resolution, Track reconstruction efficiency, Particle Identification
  - Installation of upgraded LHCb in Long Shutdown LS2 in ~2019/20
  - Operation in LHC Run 3 and Run 4 (HL-LHC)
- **LHCb Upgrade is General Purpose Experiment for Forward region**
  - Beauty, Charm, LFV, Electroweak, QCD, Exotica, Heavy Ion
  - Probe/measure New Physics at the percentage level

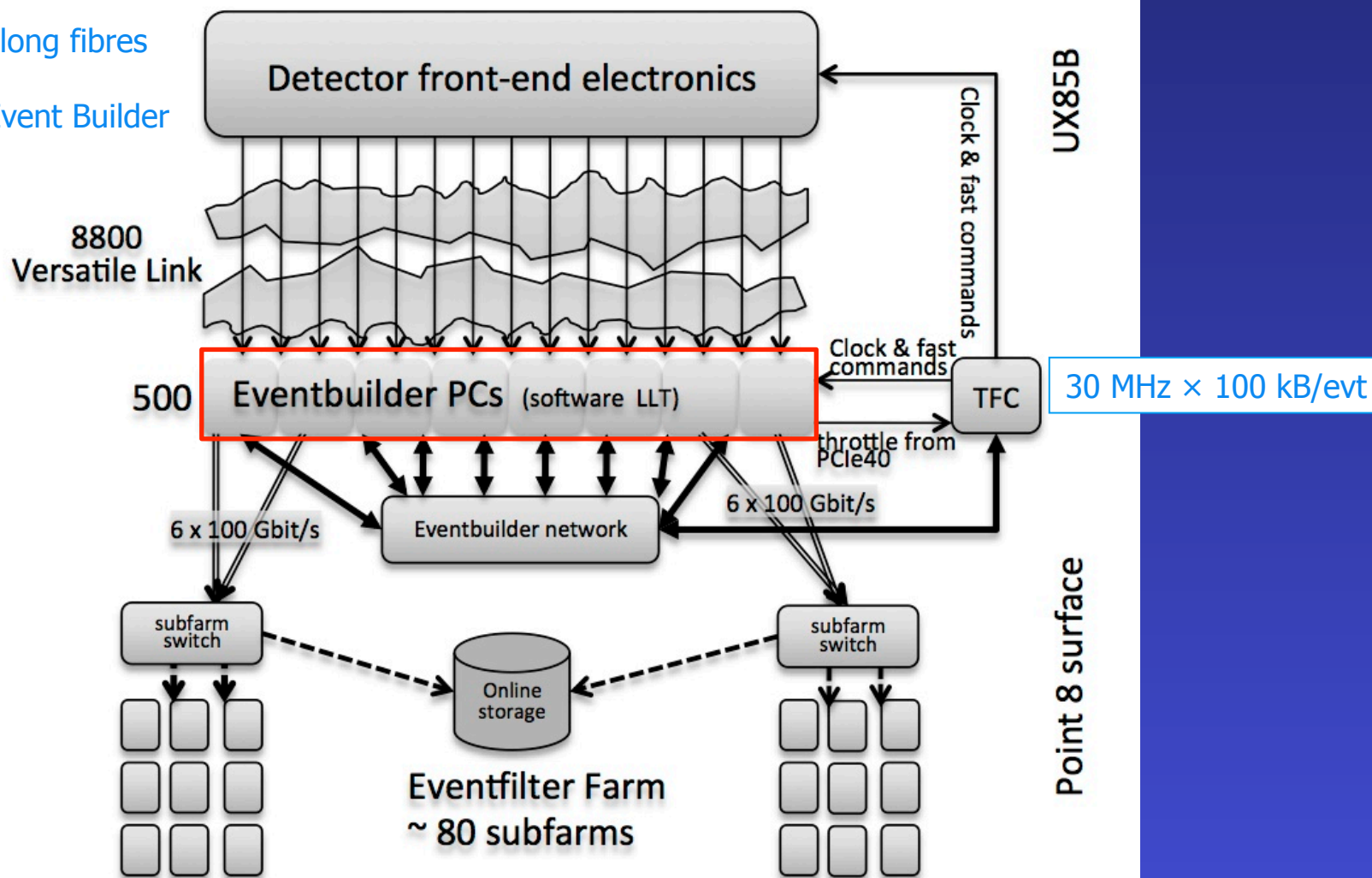


# Backup



# Readout Architecture

5 Gb/s , 300 m long fibres  
from the FEE  
directly to the Event Builder



- $A_{\Gamma}, WS K\pi, \Delta A_{CP}$ 
  - measurements with small systematics due to cancellations
  - No limiting uncertainty known so far
- $\gamma_{CP} \equiv \tau_{K\pi}/\tau_{KK} - 1 \approx \gamma$ 
  - Comparison of two different final states
- **LHCb upgrade**
  - Will collect unprecedentedly large charm samples
  - Scaling sensitivities with  $\sqrt{N}$

Run	x [10 <sup>-3</sup> ]	y [10 <sup>-3</sup> ]	q/p  [10 <sup>-3</sup> ]	$\phi$ [mrad]
1	1.22	0.53	59	89
2	0.92	0.37	44	70
3	0.42	0.15	20	33
4	0.25	0.09	<b>12</b>	<b>20</b>

- **Scope of LHCb upgrade**
  - Plan to collect data set of 50/fb by Long Shutdown LS4
- **LHC will continue to operate**
  - beyond LS4 into 2030s
  - HL-LHC will be most copious source of heavy flavour particles
- **Physics case for LHCb in 2030s**
  - forward spectrometer operating at  $O(10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s})$
  - accumulate  $O(500/\text{fb})$
  - ECFA HL-LHC studies give mandate to discuss
  - Many flavour observables will become systematics or theory limited
  - Ideas:  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  effective lifetime,  $H \rightarrow cc$
  - Will hopefully get guidance from data in Run 2
  - Need to leave no stone unturned



- **Key Issues and challenges**

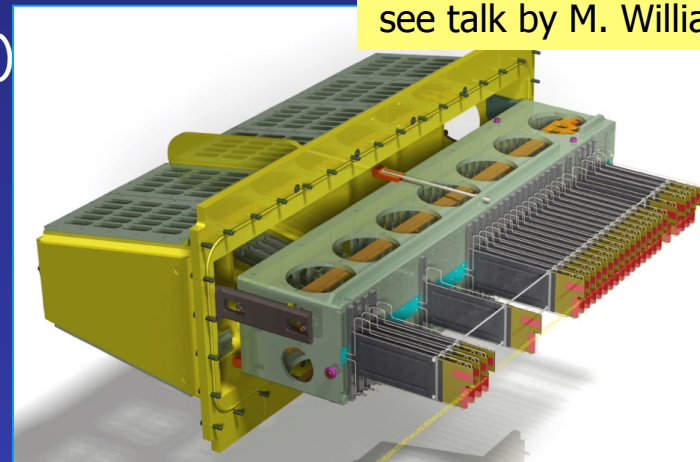
- increased radiation (highly non-uniform)  
 $8 \cdot 10^{15} n_{eq}/cm^2$  for  $50 fb^{-1}$
- handle high data volume
- improve current performance
- lower material budget
- enlarge acceptance

- **VELO pixel detector**

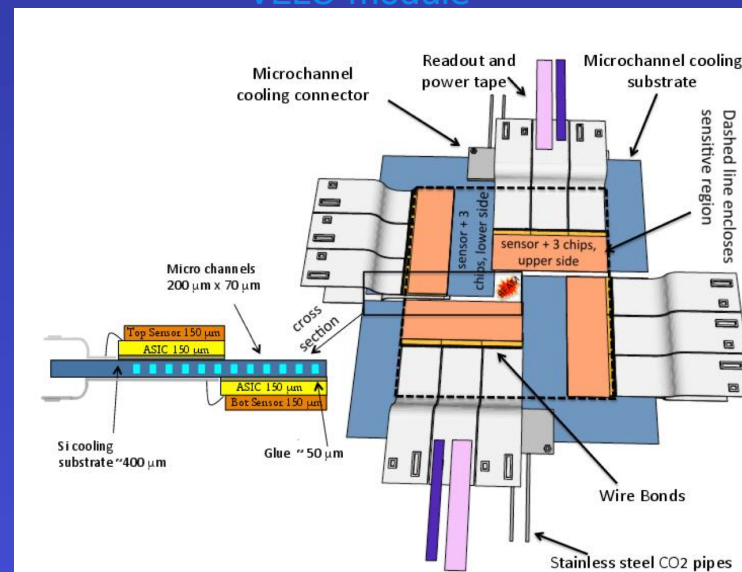
- Silicon pixels sensors of  $55 \times 55 \mu m^2$
- Sensor thickness:  $300 \mu m \rightarrow 200 \mu m$
- Aluminum RF foil:  $300 \mu m \rightarrow \leq 250 \mu m$
- 40 MHz VeloPix chip based on CMOS 130 nm technology
- Radiation hard up to 400 MRad
- Micro channel  $CO_2$  cooling

○ Upgrade of the LHCb VELO detector

see talk by M. Williams



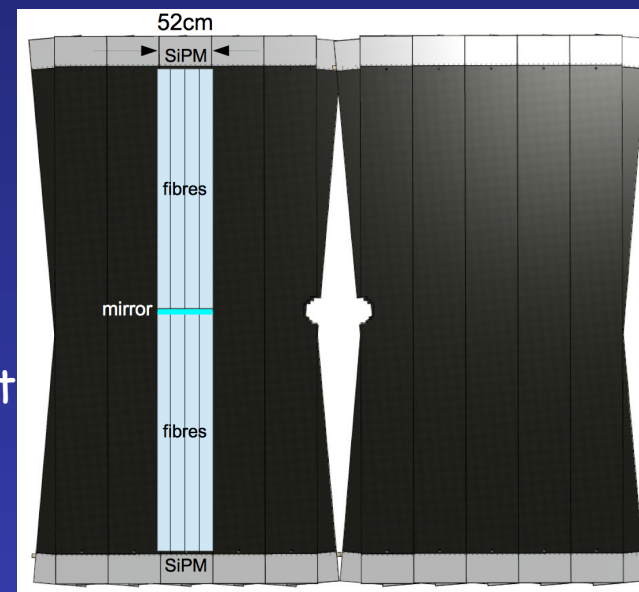
VELO module



<http://cds.cern.ch/record/1624070/files/HCR-TDR-013.pdf>

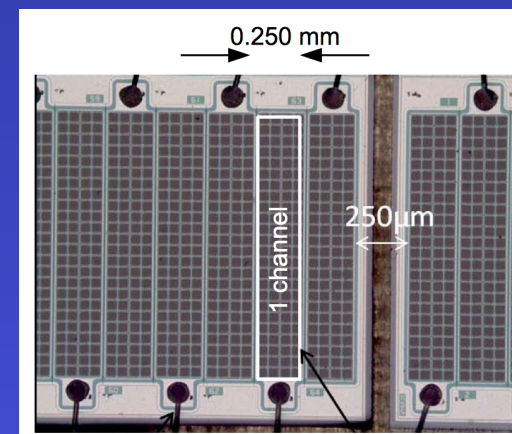
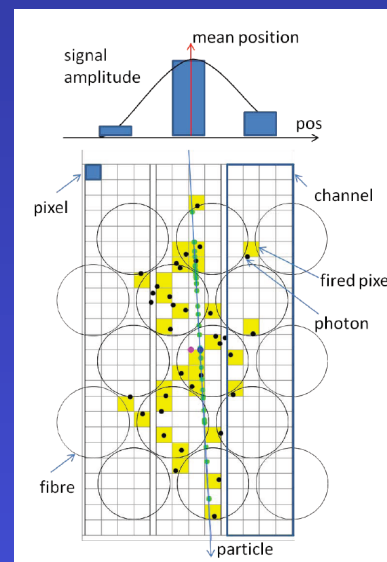
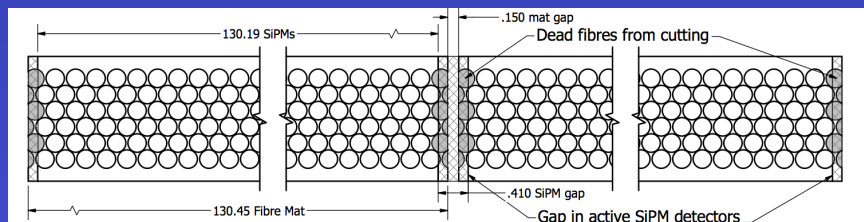
- **Scintillating Fibre Tracker**

- single technology will replace Straw (OT) and silicon IT tracker
- Covering full acceptance:  $5 \times 6 \text{ m}^2$
- Uniform material budget:  $X/X_0 = 2.6\%$  per st
- multiple layers of 2.5 m long scintillating fibres of  $250 \mu\text{m}$  diameter



- **Readout**

- The fibres are read by SiPM
- SiPMs cooled to  $-40^\circ\text{C}$ .
- $60 - 100 \mu\text{m}$  spatial resolution



# The End

