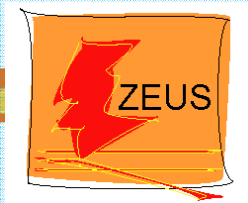


The Charm and Beauty quark masses



and their running at HERA



Achim Geiser
DESY Hamburg

for the

ZEUS and H1

collaborations + S. Moch



EPS2015, Vienna, Austria, 24. 7. 2015

EPJ C73 (2013) 2311; H1-prelim-14-071, ZEUS-prel-14-006;

arXiv:1506.06042; JHEP 1409 (2014) 127; arXiv:1506.07519

running of α_s and quark masses

- α_s running depends on number of colours N_C and number of quark flavours N_F

$$\alpha_s(Q^2) = \frac{\alpha_s(Q_0^2)}{1 + \alpha_s (11N_C - 2N_F)/12\pi \ln(Q^2/Q_0^2)}$$

leading
order
QCD
formulae

- \overline{MS} quark mass running depends on α_s , e.g.

$$\begin{aligned} m_c(\text{pole}) &= m_c(m_c) (1 + 4/3 \alpha_s/\pi) \\ &= m_c(Q) (1 + \alpha_s/\pi (4/3 + \ln(Q^2/m_c^2))) \end{aligned}$$

- part of gluon field around quark not 'visible' any more when 'looking' at smaller distances/larger energy scales -> **effective mass decreases**

the running b quark mass at LEP

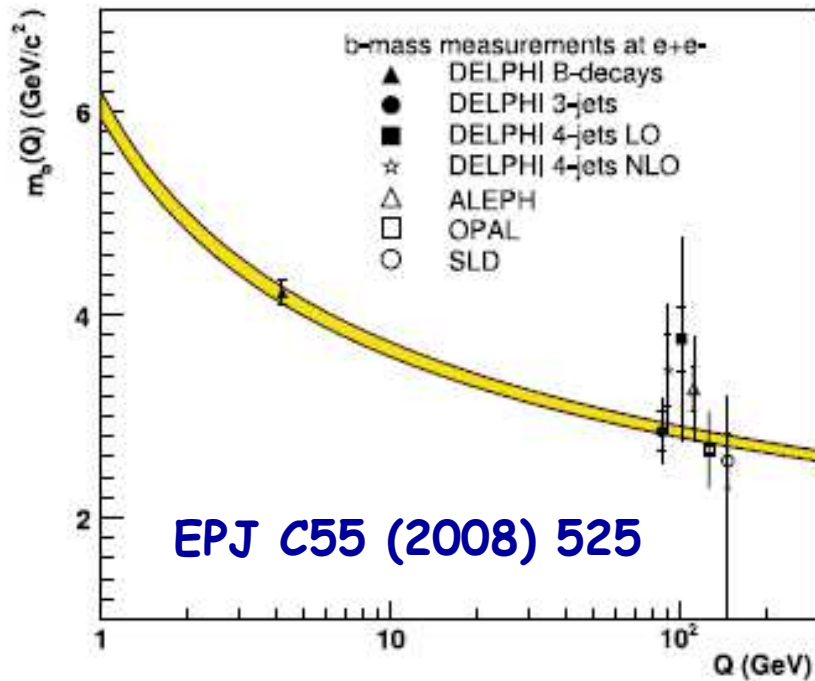


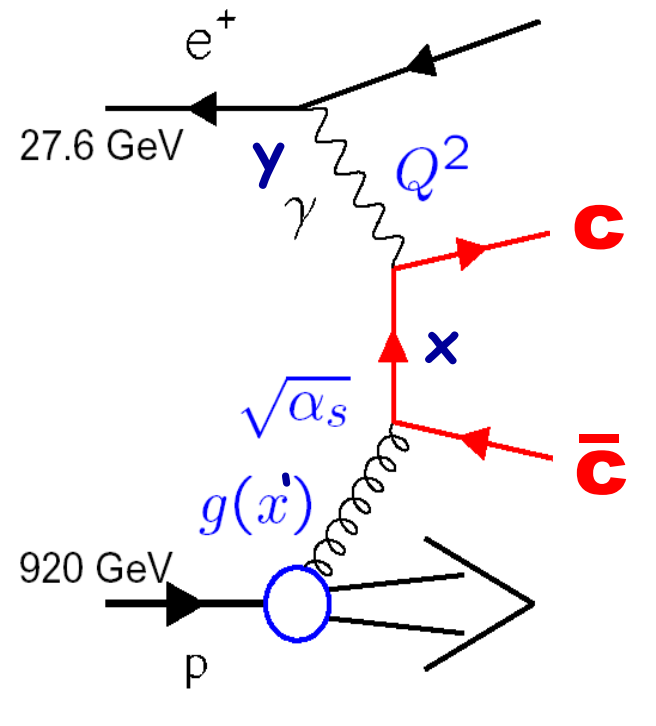
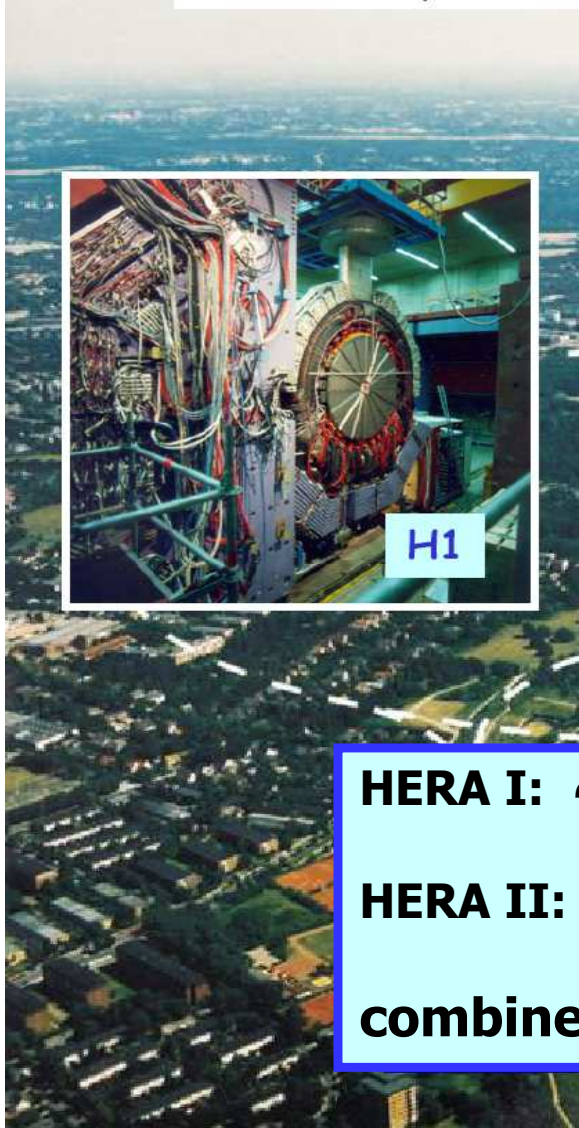
Fig. 6. The energy evolution of the \overline{MS} -running b -quark mass $m_b(Q)$ as measured at LEP. DELPHI results from $R_3^{b\ell}$ [7] at the M_Z scale and from semileptonic B -decays [31] at low energy are shown together with results from other experiments (ALEPH [4], OPAL [5] and SLD [6]). The masses extracted from LO and approximate NLO calculations of $R_4^{b\ell}$ are found to be consistent with previous experimental results and with the reference value $m_b(m_b) = 4.20 \pm 0.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ from [17] using QCD RGE (with a strong coupling constant value $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1202 \pm 0.0050$ [30])

LEP: $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b} + \text{gluons}$,
measurement of phase space/
angular distributions

$$m(Q) = m(Q_0) \left(1 - \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \ln(Q^2/Q_0^2)\right)$$

charm mass running
not explicitly measured
(so far)

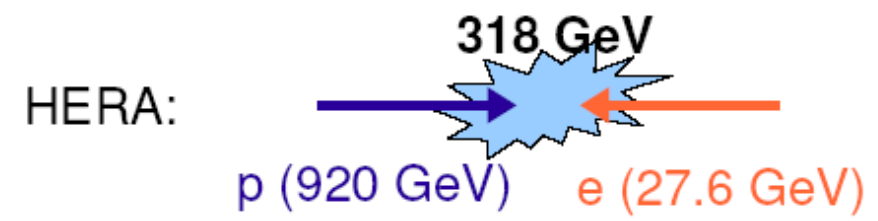
The HERA ep collider and experiments



up to 30%
of cross section



HERA I: $\sim 130 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ (physics)
HERA II: $\sim 380 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ (physics)
combined: $\sim 2 \times 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



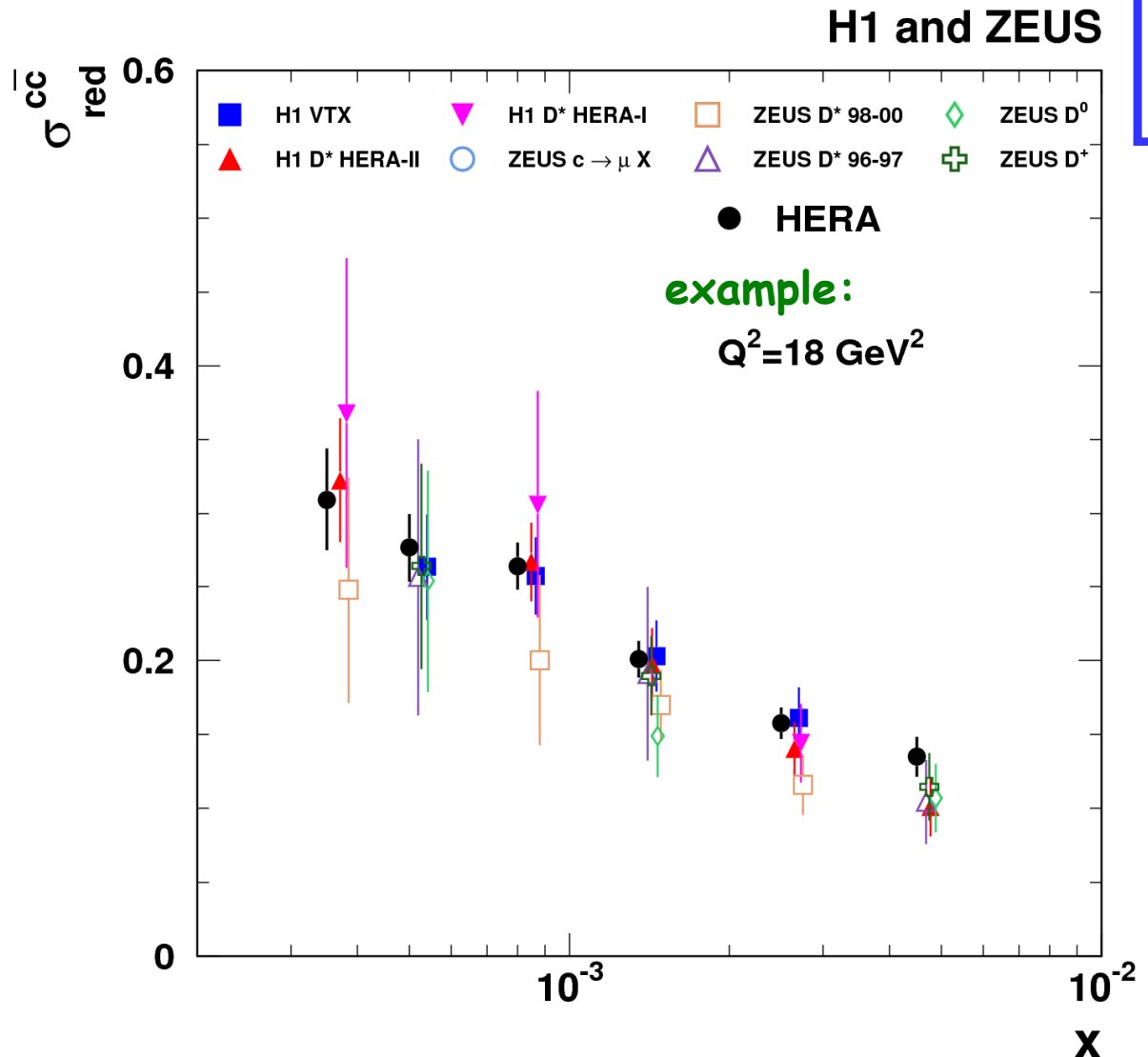


HERA charm data combination

EPJ C73 (2013) 2311

Measure cross section

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{Q^4x} \left\{ \left[1 + (1-y)^2 \right] \sigma_{red}^{cc} \right.$$



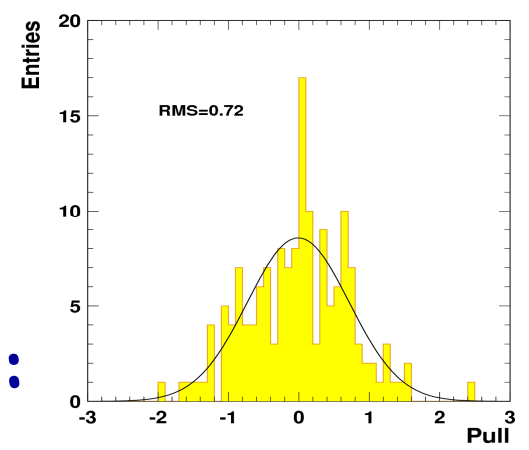
9 data sets
(HERA I, HERA II)

5 charm tagging methods

155 -> 52 data points

48 correlated systematic uncertainties

very good selfconsistency of data:





Combination result, HERAPDF



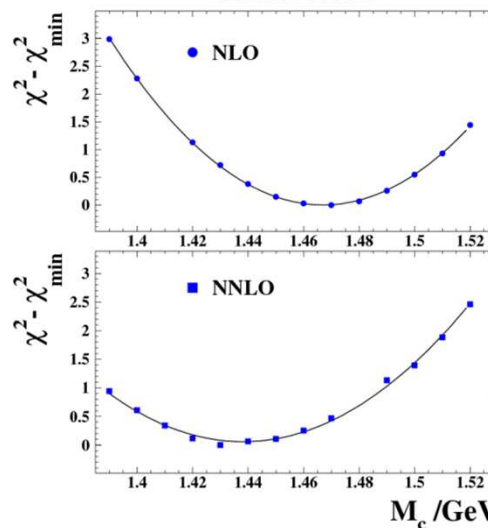
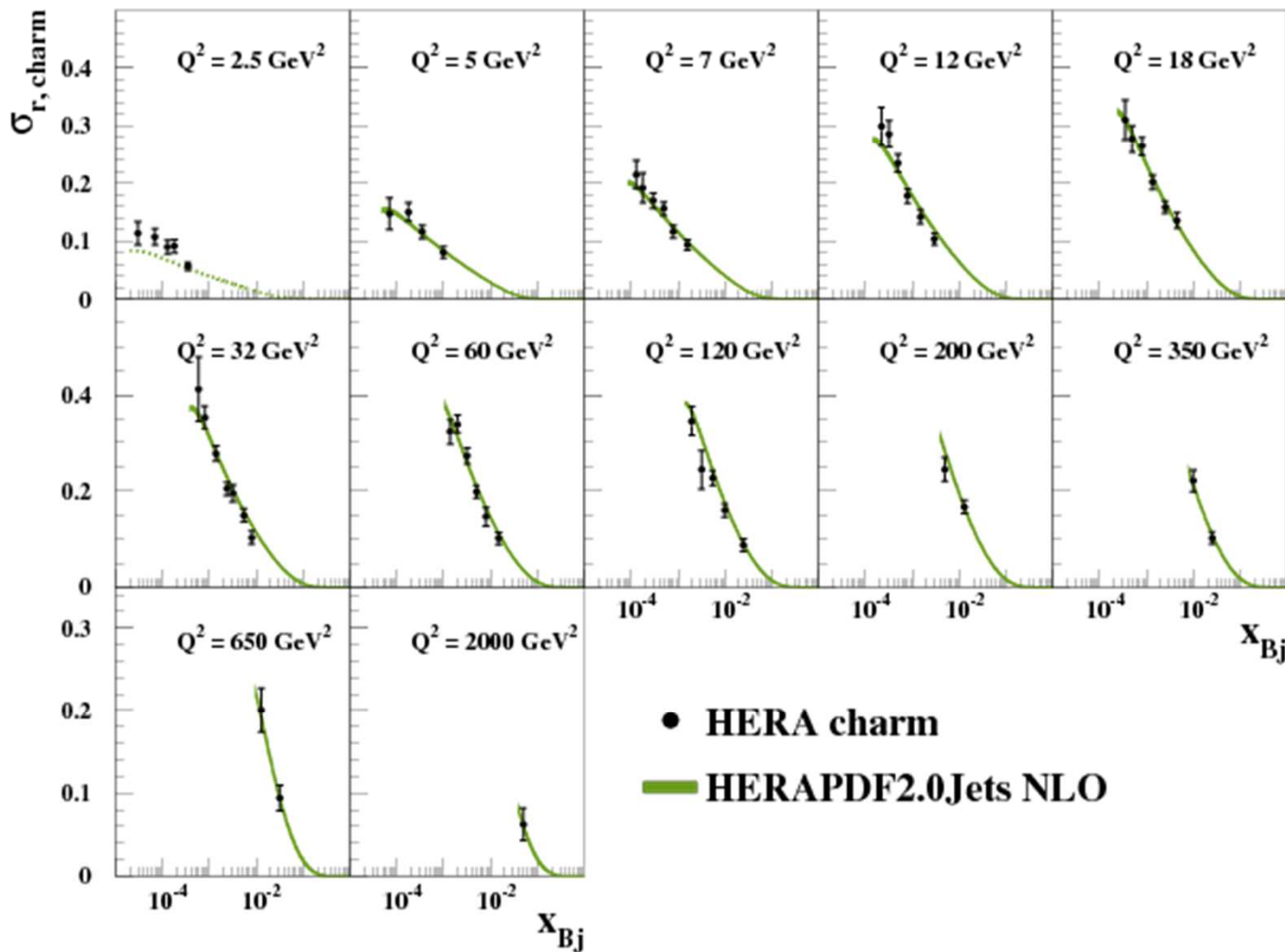
EPJ C73 (2013) 2311, arXiv:1506.06042

also see talks V. Radescu, K. Wichmann

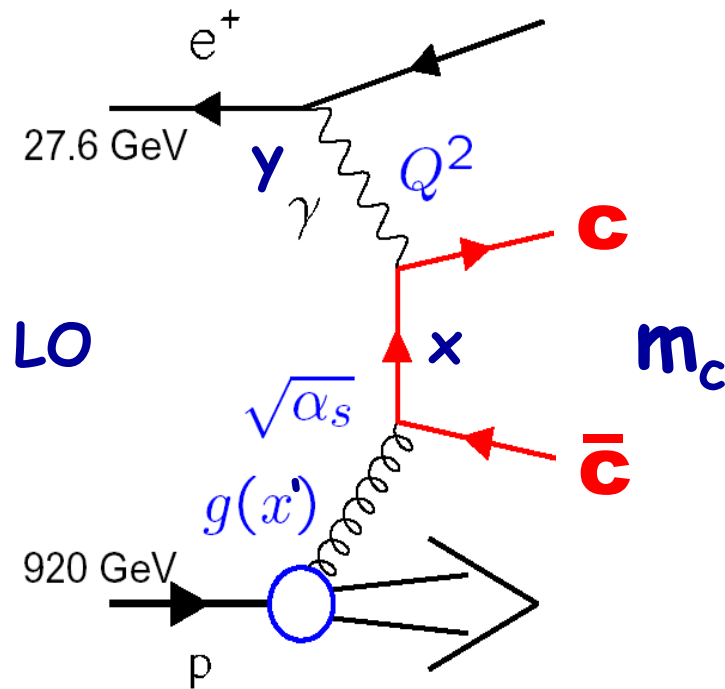
H1 and ZEUS

well described using
HERAPDF2.0
(and earlier versions)

strong charm mass
sensitivity



fixed flavour number scheme (FFNS)



+ NLO (+partial NNLO) corrections,

“natural” scale:
 $Q^2 + 4m_c^2$

- no charm in proton
- full kinematical treatment of charm mass (multi-scale problem: $Q^2, p_T, m_c \rightarrow$ logs of ratios)
- no resummation of logs

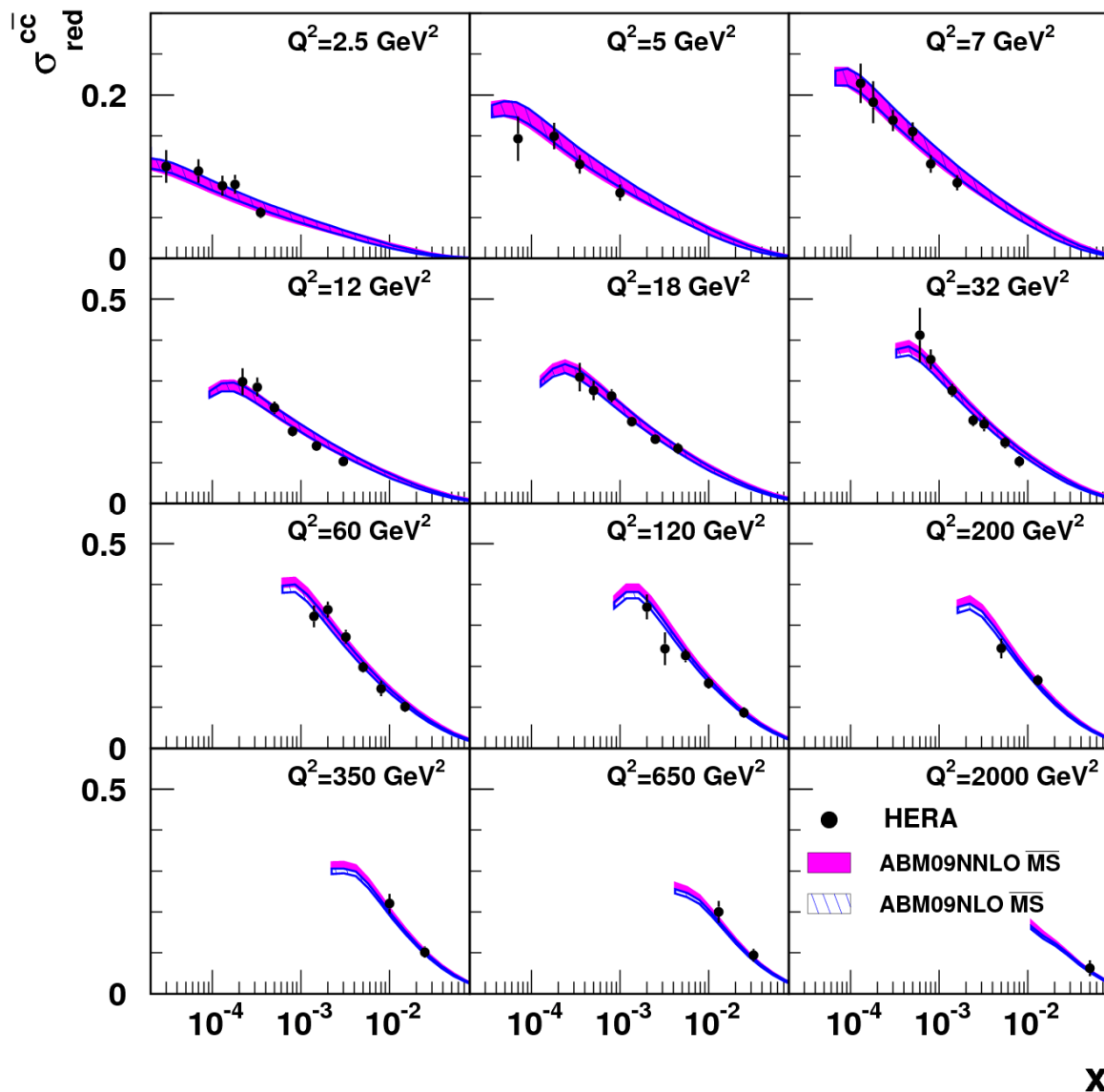


comparison to ABM FFNS



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H1 and ZEUS



very good description
of data
in full kinematic range

unambiguous treatment
of m_c in all terms of
calculation

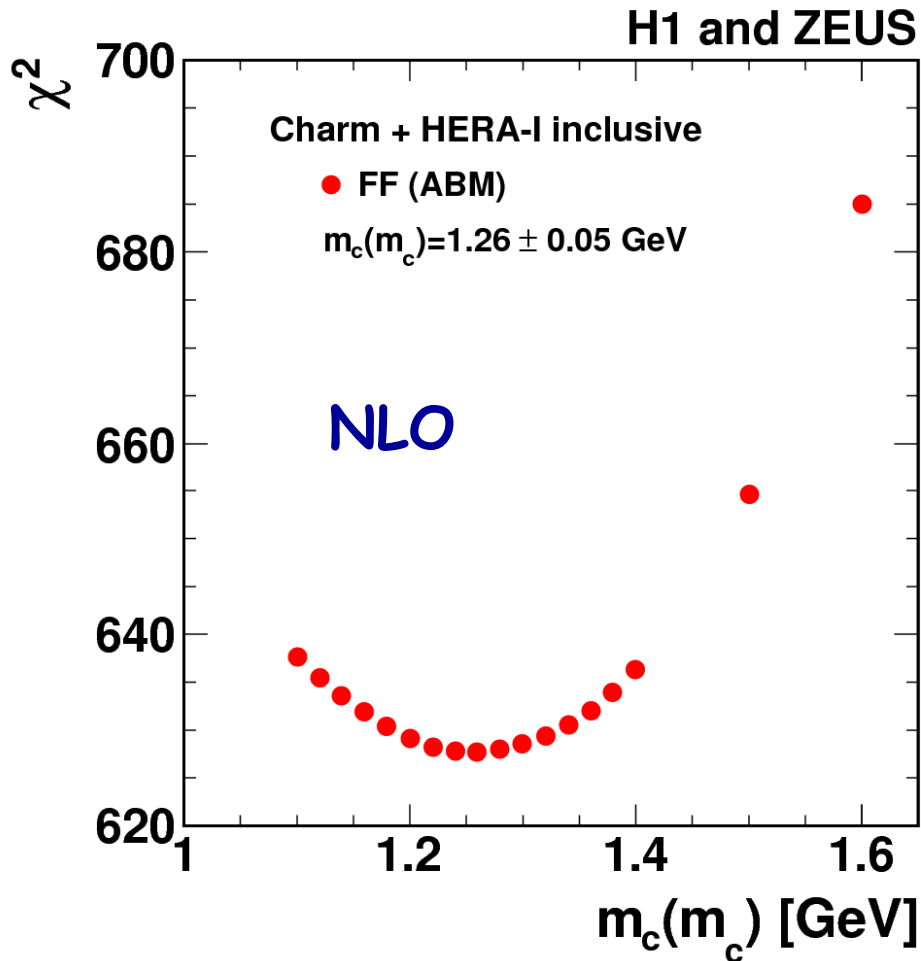
here: $\overline{\text{MS}}$ running mass

(similar predictions for
pole mass)



measurement of \overline{MS} charm mass

EPJ C73 (2013) 2311



simultaneous fit of combined charm data and inclusive HERA I DIS data



$$m_c(m_c) = 1.26 \pm 0.05_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.03_{\text{mod}} \pm 0.02_{\alpha_s} \text{ GeV}$$

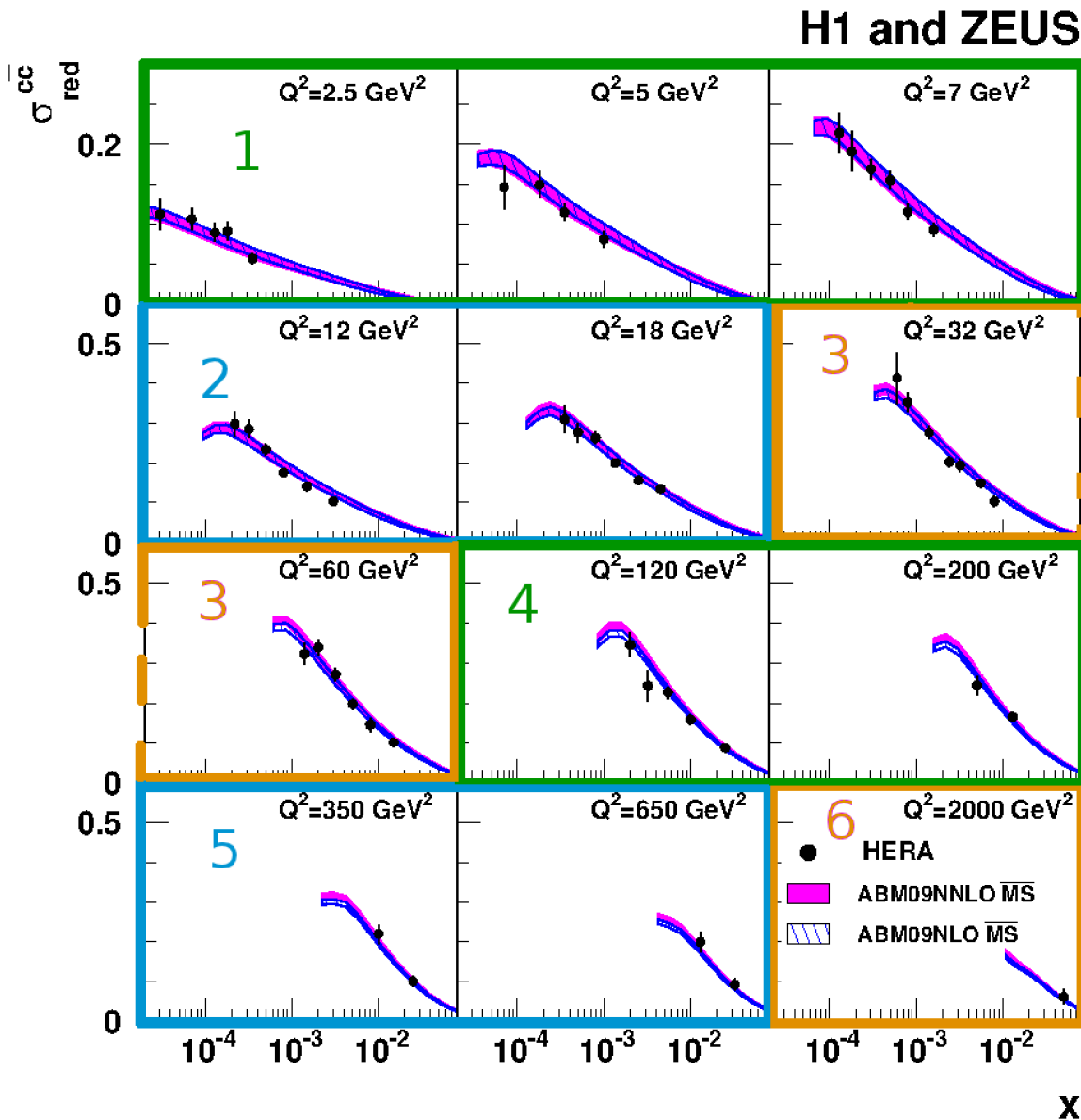
PDG: $1.275 \pm 0.025 \text{ GeV}$ (lattice QCD + time-like processes)



measurement of m_c running



H1-prelim-14-071, ZEUS-prel-14-006, + S. Moch





m_c fit and uncertainties



H1-prelim-14-071, ZEUS-prel-14-006, + S. Moch

use appropriate PDF set for each mass
(from inclusive DIS data only),
fit charm data

using 

Fit uncertainty

- Was estimated by taking $\Delta\chi^2 = 1$ (dominant uncertainty)

Parametrisation

- Adding extra parameter in the PDF parametrisation

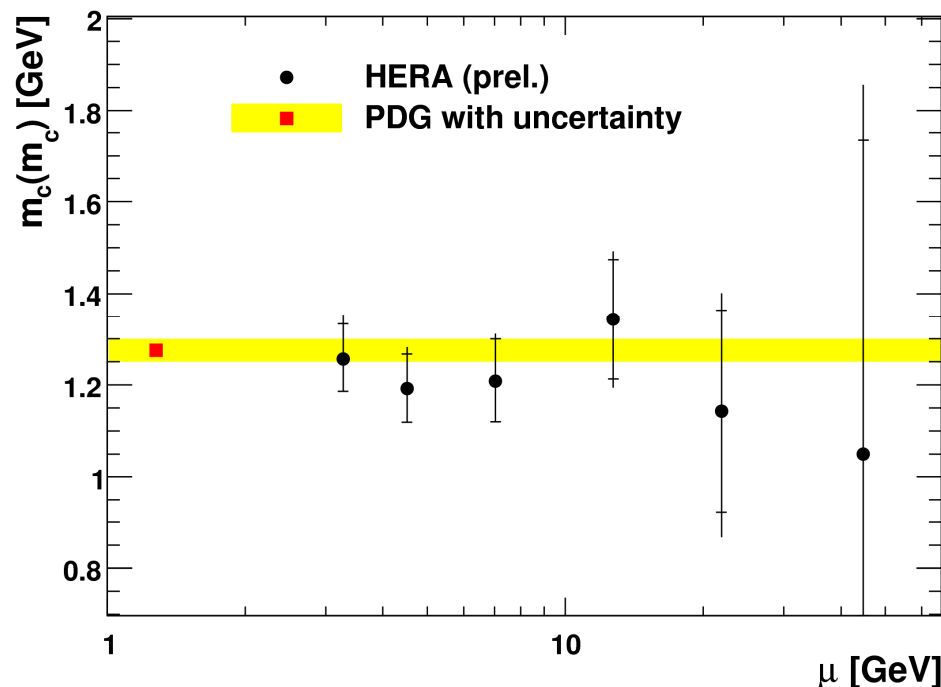
Model uncertainty

- Variation of the strangeness suppression factor
- Lower cut on Q^2 for inclusive data
- The evolution starting scale
- The b-quark mass

Theory

- Variation of α_s
- Variation of the factorisation and renormalization scales of heavy quarks by factor 2 → outer error bar

H1 and ZEUS preliminary



sensitivity to $m_c(m_c)$ decreases with increasing scale $\mu^2 = Q^2 + 4m_c^2$

'in reality', have measured $m_c(\mu)$ at each scale



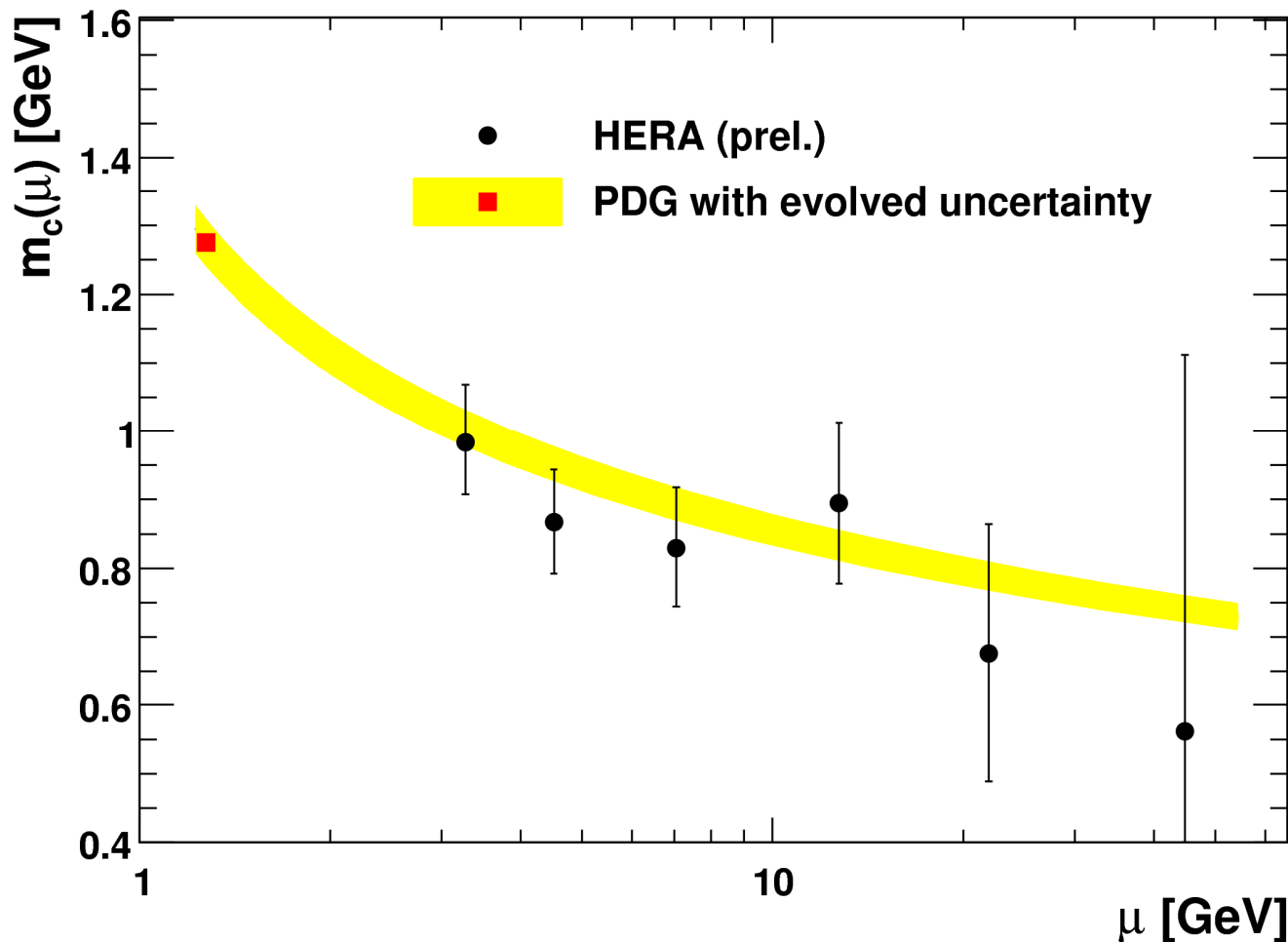
the running charm quark mass



H1-prelim-14-071, ZEUS-prel-14-006, + S. Moch

translate back to $m_c(\mu)$ using LO formula consistent with
NLO \overline{MS} QCD fit (OpenQCDrad, Alekhin et al.)

H1 and ZEUS preliminary



running mass
concept in QCD
is self-consistent !

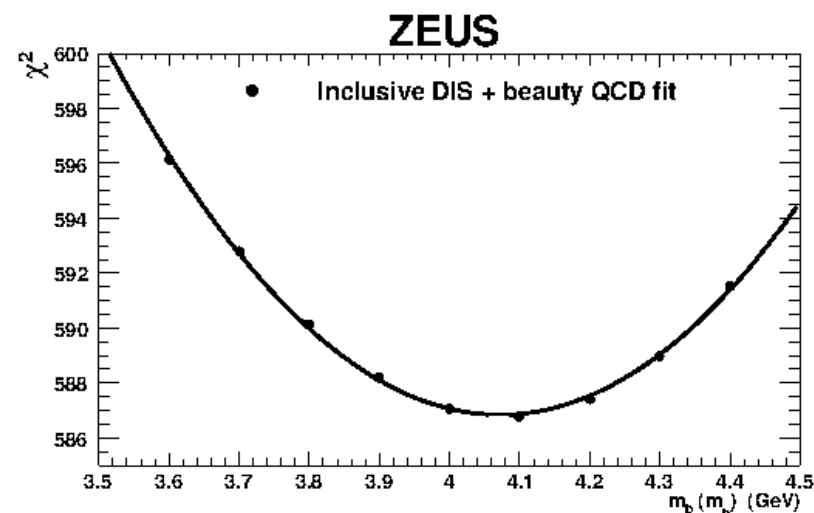
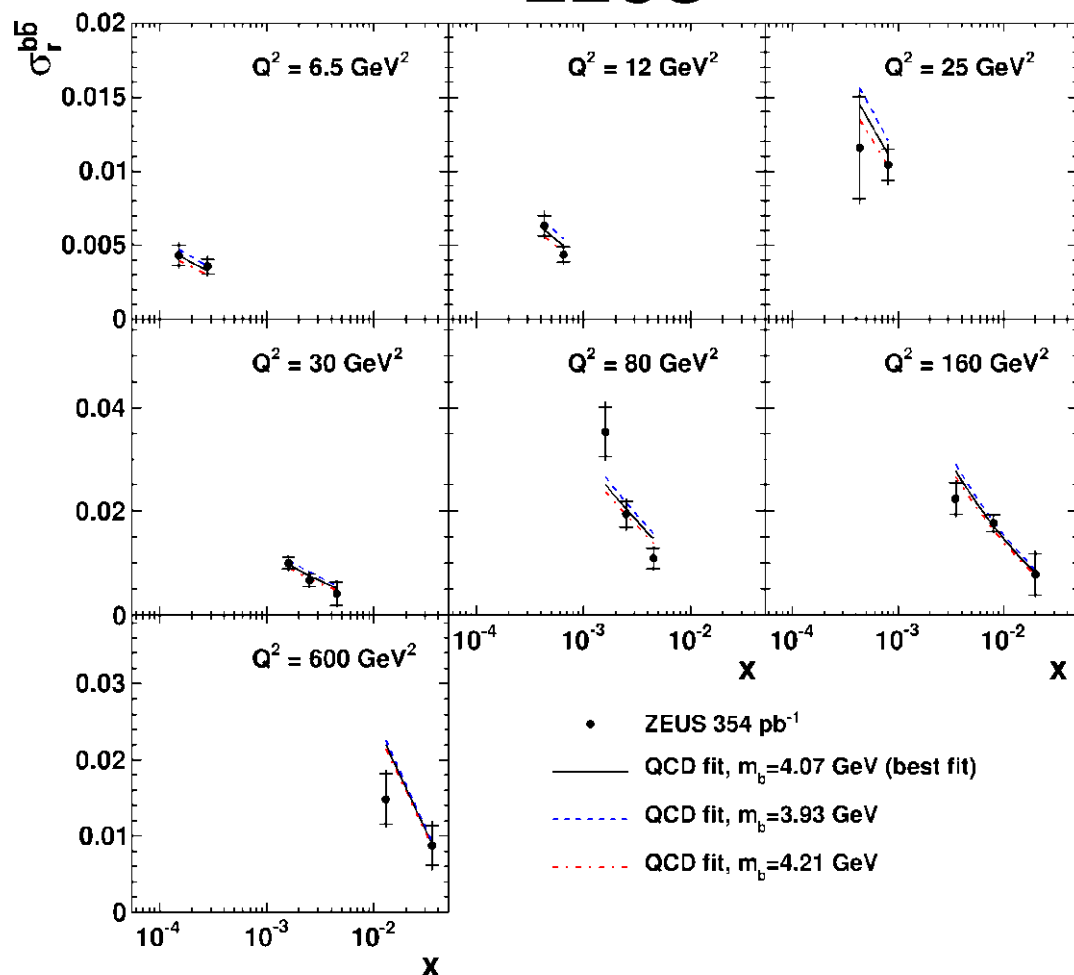


m_b from reduced beauty cross section



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ZEUS



uncertainty evaluation
similar to charm running case

$$m_b(m_b) = 4.07 \pm 0.14_{\text{fit}} \quad +0.01 \quad -0.07_{\text{mod}} \quad +0.05 \quad -0.00_{\text{par}} \quad +0.08 \quad -0.05_{\text{th}} \quad \text{GeV}$$

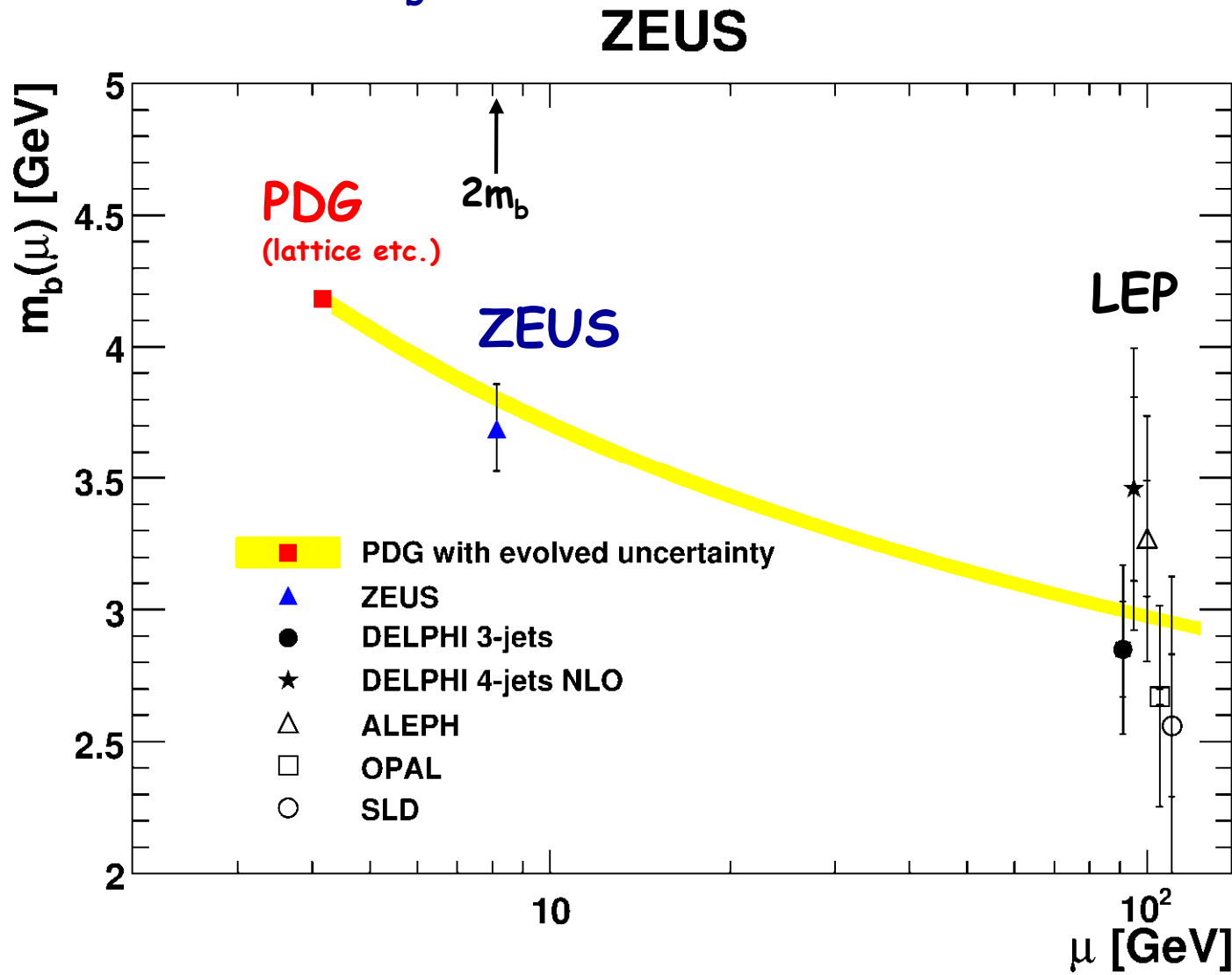
PDG: $4.18 \pm 0.03 \text{ GeV}$ (lattice QCD + time-like processes)

the running beauty quark mass



arXiv:1506.07519

translate back to $2m_b$





Summary and conclusions



- HERA DIS charm data have been combined (except most recent, see talk J. Hladky) very good consistency, reduced uncertainties

- well-described by NLO QCD in FFNS -> measure charm mass

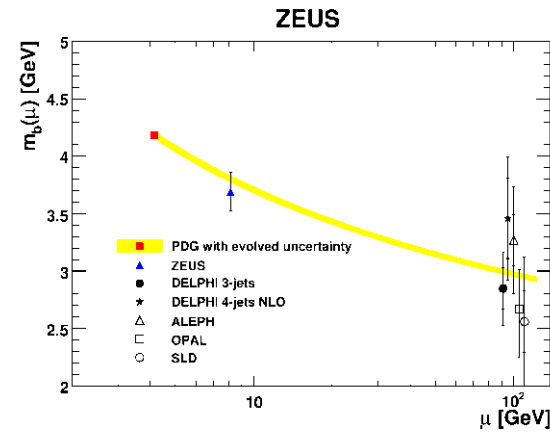
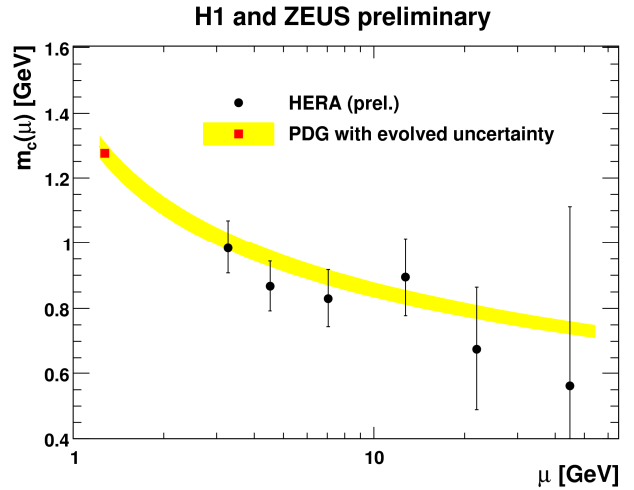
$$m_c(m_c) = 1.26 \pm 0.05_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.03_{\text{mod}} \pm 0.02_{\alpha_s} \text{ GeV}$$

- split data into subsets spanning different scales -> first measurement of charm mass running (QCD consistency check)

- ZEUS DIS beauty data well described by NLO QCD -> measure beauty mass

$$m_b(m_b) = 4.07 \pm 0.14_{\text{fit}} \begin{matrix} +0.01 \\ -0.07 \end{matrix}_{\text{mod}} \begin{matrix} +0.05 \\ -0.00 \end{matrix}_{\text{par}} \begin{matrix} +0.08 \\ -0.05 \end{matrix}_{\text{th}} \text{ GeV}$$

- compare to PDG and LEP -> beauty mass running consistent with QCD

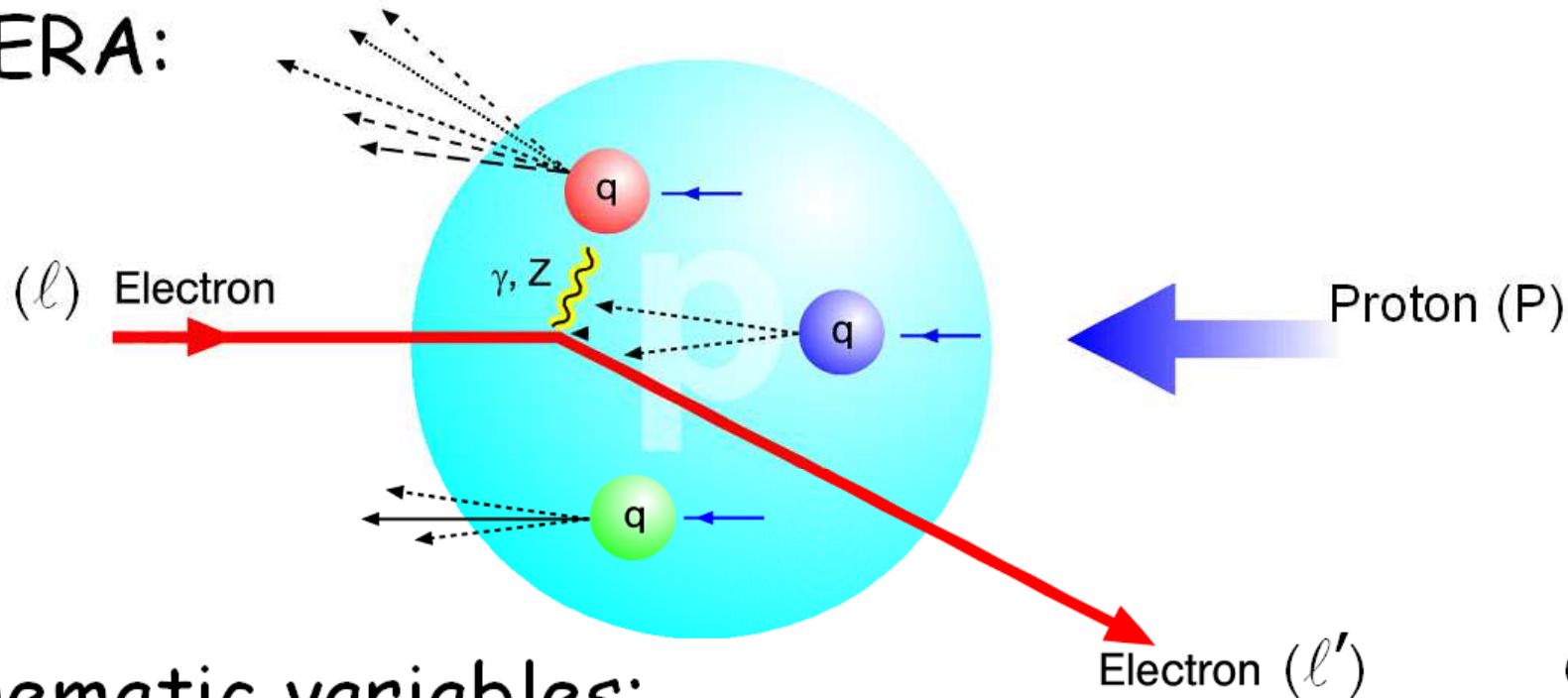




Backup

Deep Inelastic ep Scattering at HERA

HERA:



kinematic variables:

$Q^2 = -q^2$	photon (or Z) virtuality, squared momentum transfer
$x = \frac{Q^2}{2Pq}$	Bjorken scaling variable, for $Q^2 \gg (2m_q)^2$: momentum fraction of p constituent
$y = \frac{qP}{lP}$	inelasticity, γ momentum fraction (of e)

$$q = l - l'$$

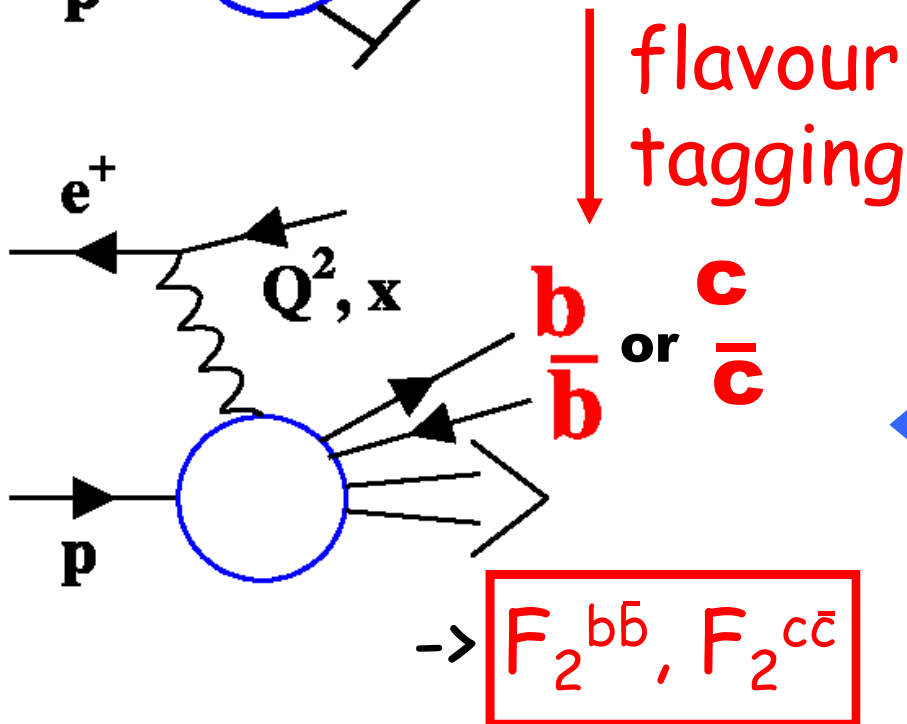
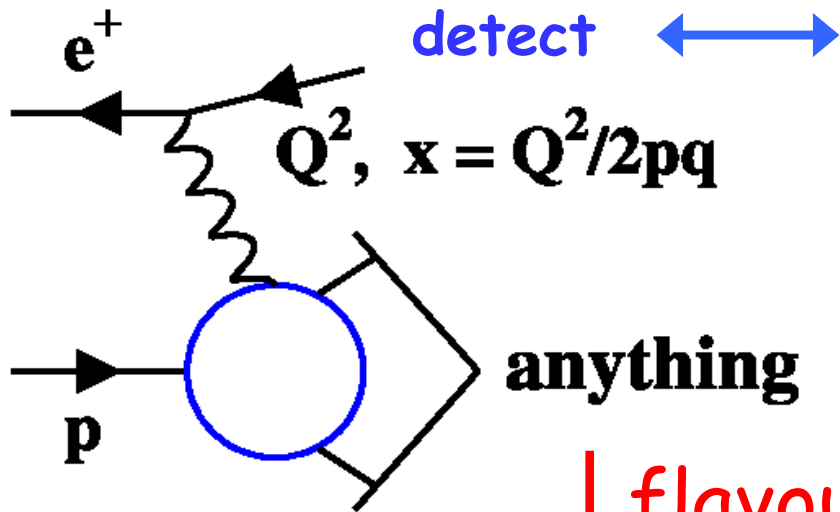
$Q^2 \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}^2$:
photoproduction

$Q^2 \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}^2$:
DIS

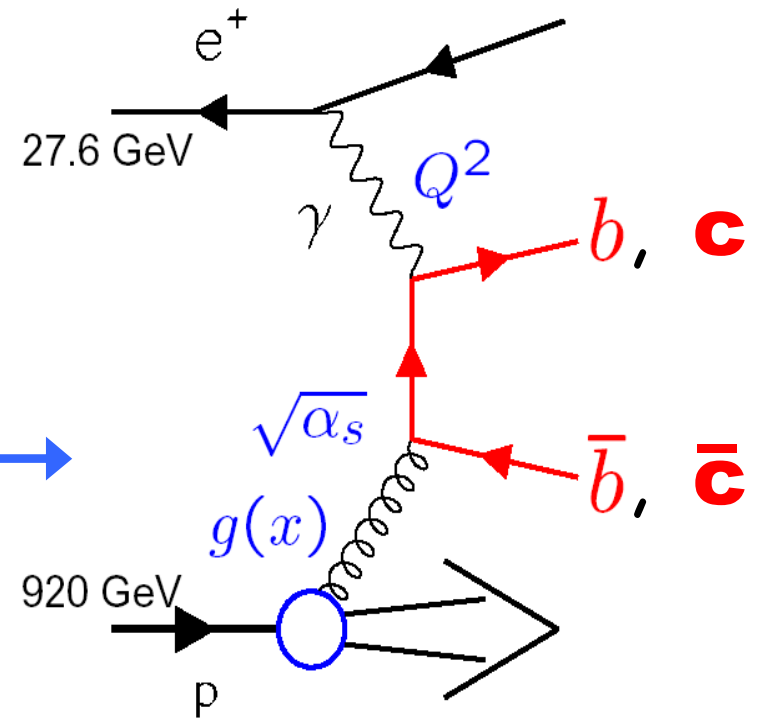
Heavy flavour contributions to F_2

Measure cross section

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2} \approx \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{Q^4 x} \left\{ \left[1 + (1-y)^2 \right] F_2(x, Q^2) \right\}$$



QCD



beauty in DIS at HERA



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beauty cross section at HERA much smaller than charm,
can use lifetime information (micro-vertex detector)

->
beauty-enriched
sample

ZEUS

