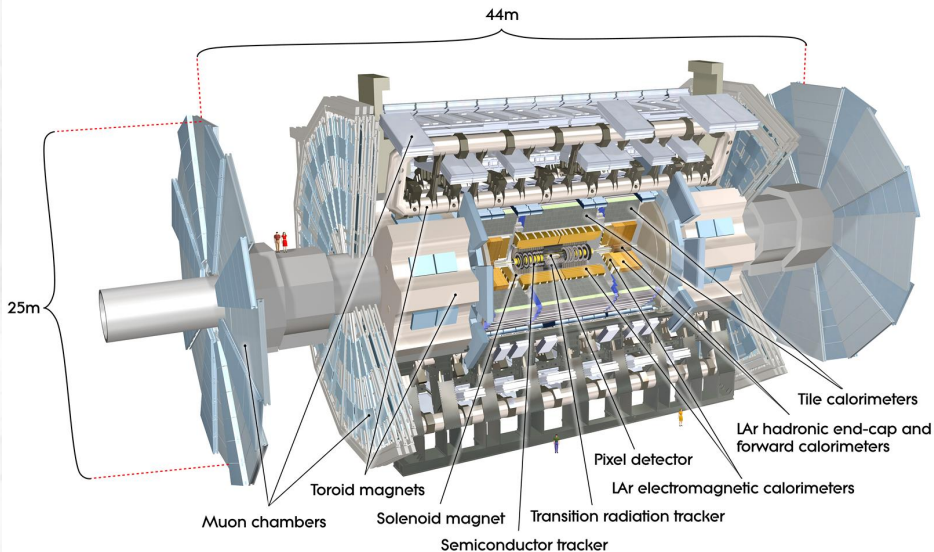


Constraints on new phenomena through Higgs coupling measurements and invisible decays with the ATLAS detector

G. Carrillo-Montoya on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



EPS-HEP-2015 Vienna - Austria
July 24th - 2015



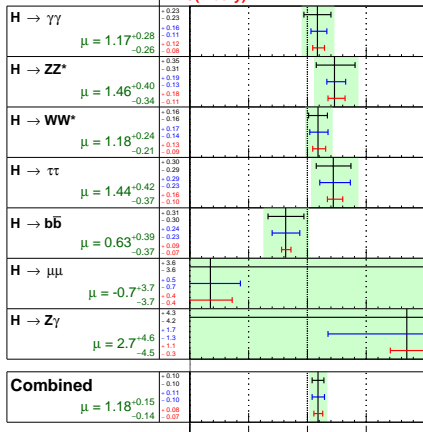
Combination of Higgs Measurements (now with ttH !!!)

ATLAS

$m_H = 125.36$ GeV

$\sigma(\text{stat.})$
 $\sigma(\text{sys inc.})$
 $\sigma(\text{theory})$

Total uncertainty $\pm 1\sigma$ on μ

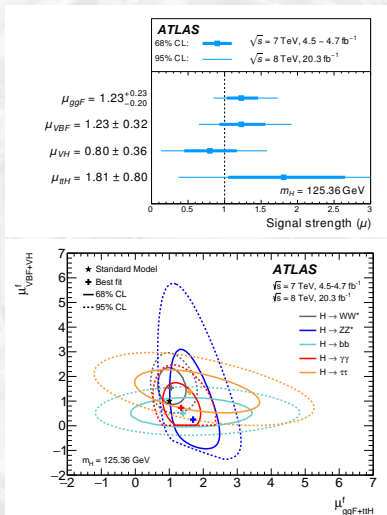


$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 4.5-4.7 fb^{-1}

$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, 20.3 fb^{-1}

Signal strength (μ)

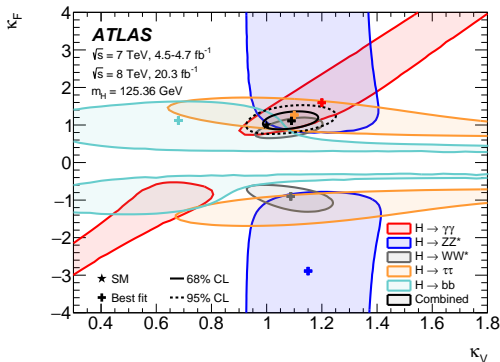
arXiv:1507.04548



Higgs boson Coupling measurements (κ -framework)

- Disentangle individual couplings from production and decays
- Assumptions (LO-inspired benchmark) [arxiv:1307.1427](https://arxiv.org/abs/1307.1427):
 - Higgs \rightarrow single resonance
 - Narrow width approximation
 - No modification on the Tensor structure of the couplings (only absolute values are modified)
 - Acceptance unchanged
- Factors κ_i such as

$$\frac{\sigma \times BR(gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{(\sigma_{gg} \times BR(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma))_{SM}} = \frac{\kappa_g^2 \kappa_\gamma^2}{\kappa_h^2}$$



this plot, no invisible/undetected decays assumed

Note that κ_g^2 and κ_γ^2 are loop-induced depending on $(\kappa_t, \kappa_b$ and $\kappa_W)$.

Content

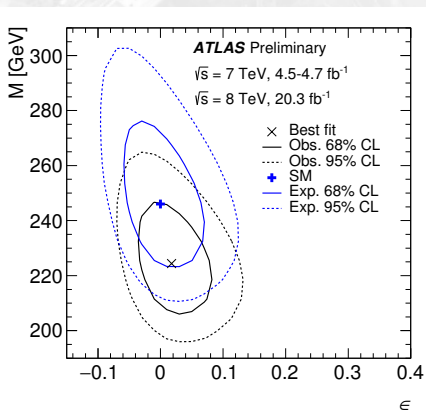
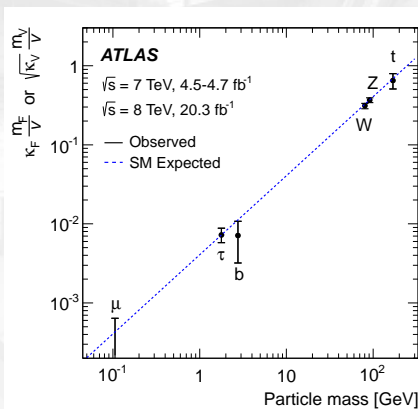
- 1 Higgs couplings and internal structure
 - Mass scaling
 - Minimal Composite Higgs Model
- 2 Constrains on Multiple Higgs bosons
 - Real Electroweak Singlet
 - 2HDM
 - Simplified MSSM
- 3 Probing Invisible Higgs boson decays
 - Direct (Invisible) searches
 - Combination of indirect (visible channels) and direct (invisible searches)

“Mass scaling” of couplings

- Each coupling in terms of vev ($v \approx 246$ GeV) and ϵ (note that SM: $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$)

$$\kappa_{f,i} = v \frac{m_{f,i}^\epsilon}{M^{1+\epsilon}} \quad \kappa_{V,j} = v \frac{m_{V,j}^{2\epsilon}}{M^{1+2\epsilon}}$$

$$\epsilon : 0.018 \pm 0.039, M : 224_{-12}^{+14} \text{ GeV}$$



arXiv:1507.04548

HIGGS-2015-03

Minimal Composite Higgs Model

- Scalar Naturalness: Higgs \rightarrow composite pseudo Nambu-Goldstone boson
 95% CL obs (exp): **MCHM4: $f > 710(510)$ GeV;** **MCHM5: $f > 780(600)$ GeV**

- Higgs couplings modified as function of compositeness scale f
 $\xi = v^2/f^2$

- MCHM4:

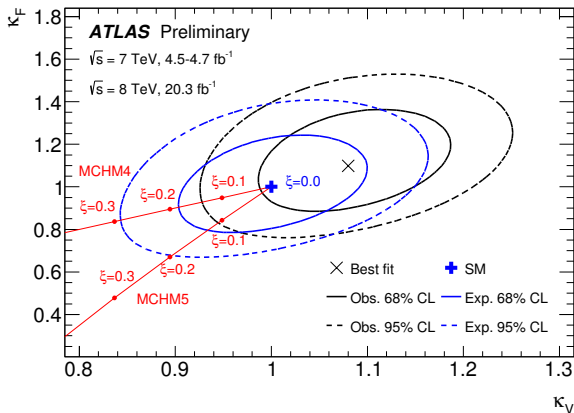
$$\kappa_V = \kappa_V = \kappa_F = \sqrt{1 - \xi}$$

- MCHM5:

$$\kappa_V = \sqrt{1 - \xi}$$

$$\kappa_F = \frac{1 - 2\xi}{\sqrt{1 - \xi}}$$

- SM recovered in the limit $\xi \rightarrow 0$, namely $f \rightarrow \infty$.

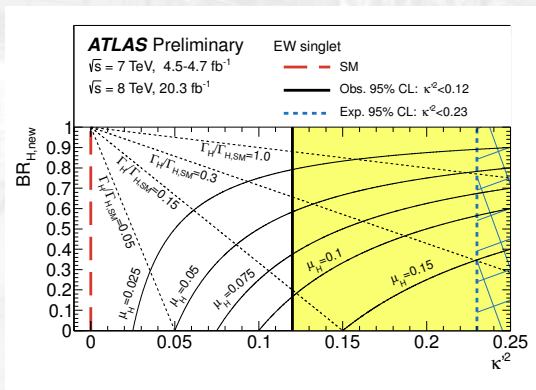


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Additional Real Electroweak Singlet

- Simplest extension: additional real EW singlet, m_H heavier than 125 GeV
- Couplings \rightarrow mixing gives: $\kappa^2 + \kappa'^2 = 1$
- Coupling (and signal strength as predicted by heavier SM-like Higgs) modified by allowing new decays $BR_{H,new}$, like $H \rightarrow hh$



95%CL: $\kappa'^2 < 0.12(0.23)$

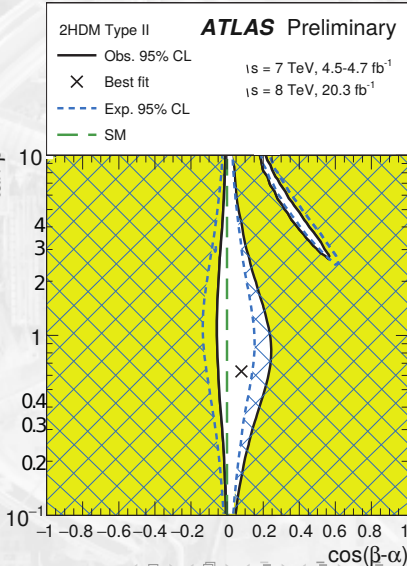
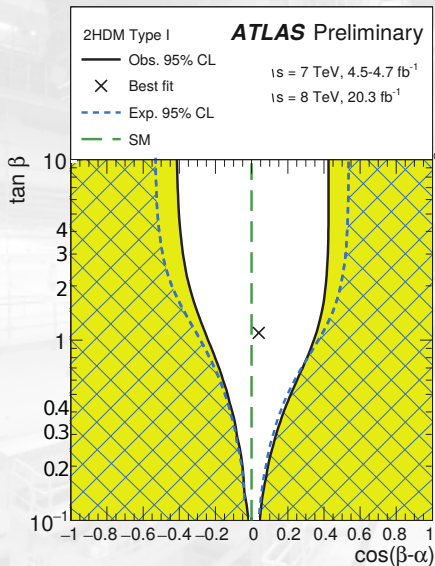
Two Higgs Doublet Model

- Two identical complex scalar fields ($SU(2)$)
- The 2HDM scalar potential $\rightarrow Z_2$ broken symmetry
- In the CP-conserving case, parameters can be reduced to 6:
 4 masses m_h, m_H, m_{H^\pm}, m_A , and 2 angles α, β
- $\tan \beta = v_1/v_2$: ratio of vevs (satisfying $v_1^2 + v_2^2 = v^2 \approx (246 \text{ GeV})^2$)
 α : mixing angle between h and H

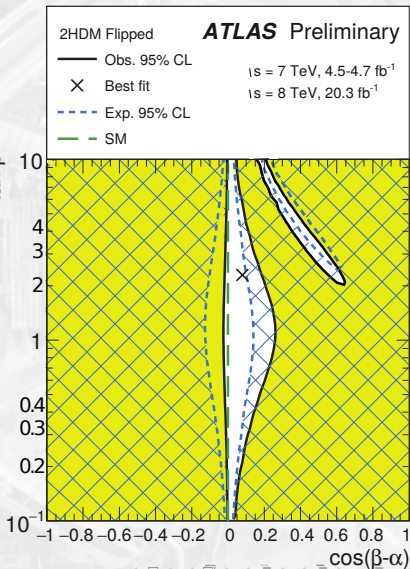
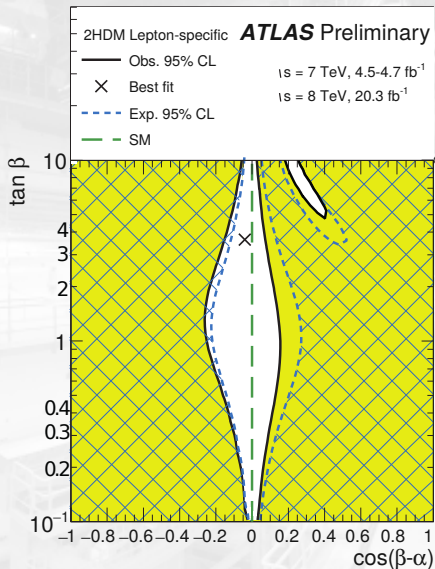
Coupling scale factor	Type I (fermiophobic)	Type II (MSSM-like)	Type III (lep. specific)	Type IV (flipped)
κ_V	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$
κ_u	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$
κ_d	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha) / \cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha) / \cos(\beta)$
κ_l	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha) / \cos(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha) / \cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha) / \sin(\beta)$

- Assumptions (for interpretations): 125 GeV is the light higgs, no radiative corrections, only SM decays. Convention: $\sin(\beta - \alpha) \geq 0$
- SM-like alignment limit retrieved at $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$

Two Higgs Doublet Model, Type I and II



2HDM, Lepton Specific & Flipped



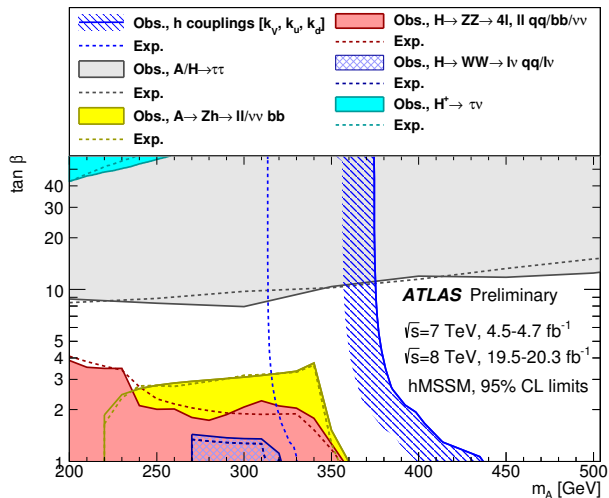
Simplified MSSM, (hMSSM)

Assumptions:

- h production and decay modes as in the SM
- stops in ggF and $\gamma\gamma$ not included
- Same for light staus and charginos
- Decays to SUSY or heavy-to-light Higgs decays not included

for $\tan\beta > 1$:

$m_A > 370$ (310) GeV

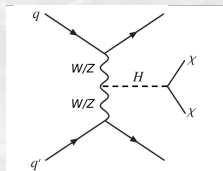


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Higgs to invisible searches

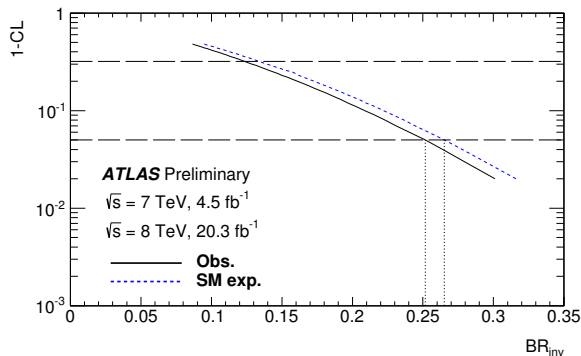
More details in Philippe Calfayan talk!



- $ZH \rightarrow (\ell\ell)$ INV:
[Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 201802 \(2014\)](#)
- $VH \rightarrow (jj)$ INV:
[Submitted to EPJC \(2015\)](#)
- VBF $H \rightarrow$ INV:
[HIGGS-2015-YY](#)

Results	Obs.	Exp.
VBF h	0.30	0.35
$Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell)h$	0.75	0.62
$V(\rightarrow jj)h$	0.78	0.86
Combined	0.25	0.27

- Tag events with large missing energy \rightarrow use particles produced together with the Higgs
- Assume productions (& acceptance) as in SM
- $h \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\nu$: 1.2×10^{-3} (no sensitivity)

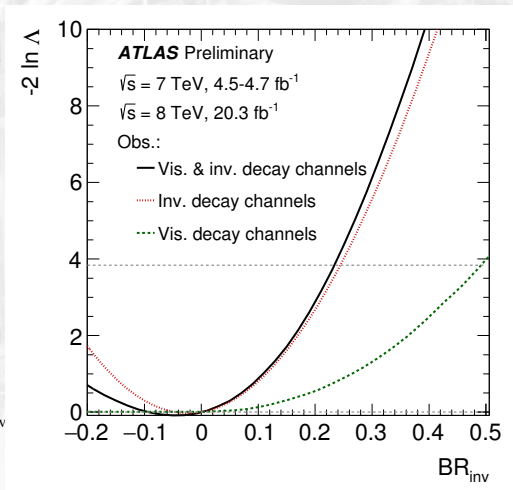


Combining indirect (visible channels) & direct (invisible searches)

- The partial widths for Higgs decays to **undetectable** (e.g. $h \rightarrow gg$) assumed to be negligibly
- With the **visible channels** alone (and $\kappa_V \leq 1$):
 $BR_{inv} < 0.49(0.48)$ obs (exp)
- Combination **visible channels** and **invisible searches** one can **remove restrictions of ($\kappa_V \leq 1$)**
- Physical boundary $BR_{inv} > 0$
- The most general result with independent parameters:

$\kappa_W, \kappa_Z, \kappa_t, \kappa_b, \kappa_\tau, \kappa_\mu, \kappa_g, \kappa_\gamma, \kappa_{Z\gamma}, BR_{inv}$
 95%CL limit of:

0.23 (0.24) obs (exp)



Higgs Invisible, alternative parametrisations

95% CL

	Observed	Expected	Assumptions
Direct (invisible searches)	0.25	0.27	Productions as SM ($\kappa_i = 1$)
Indirect (visible channels)	0.49	0.48	$\kappa_{Z,W} \leq 1$
Combination^[*]	0.23	0.24	None^[**]
Comb. (alt. parametrisation)	0.23	0.23	$\kappa_{Z,W} \leq 1$
Comb. (alt. parametrisation)	0.18	0.24	one κ_F , and one κ_V
Comb. (alt. parametrisation)	0.16	0.23	one κ_F , and one $\kappa_V \leq 1$

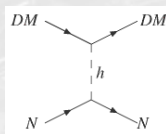
90% CL

	Observed	Expected	Assumptions
Combination	0.22	0.23	None^[**]

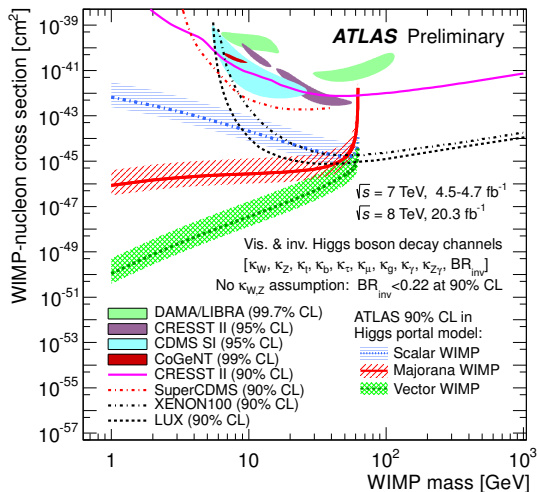
[*] Except $VH \rightarrow (jj)$ inv, overlapping phase-space

[**] Except for undetectable

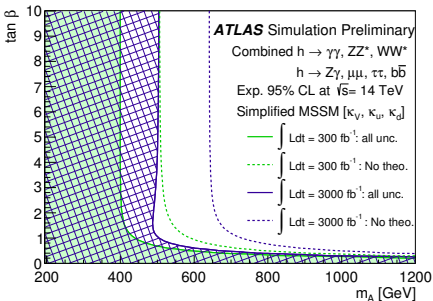
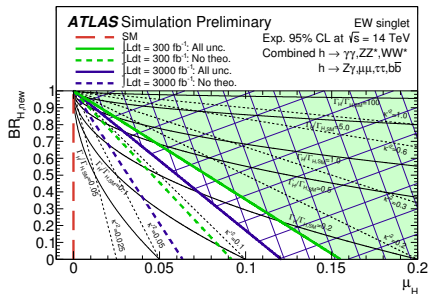
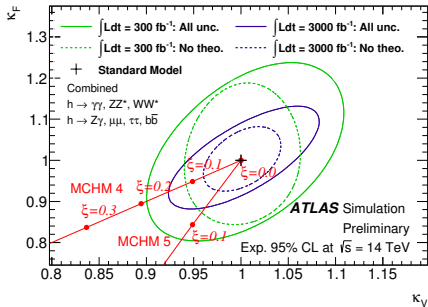
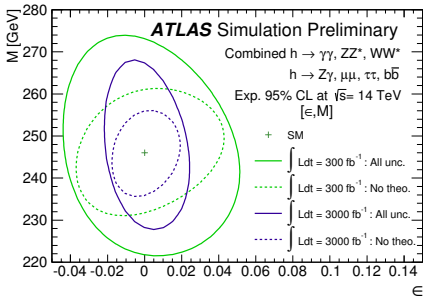
Higgs Portal Interpretation



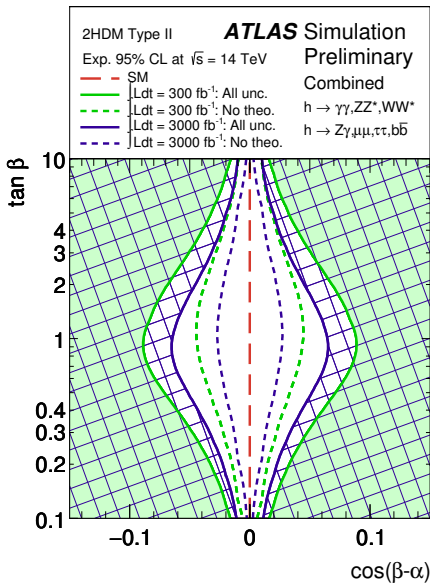
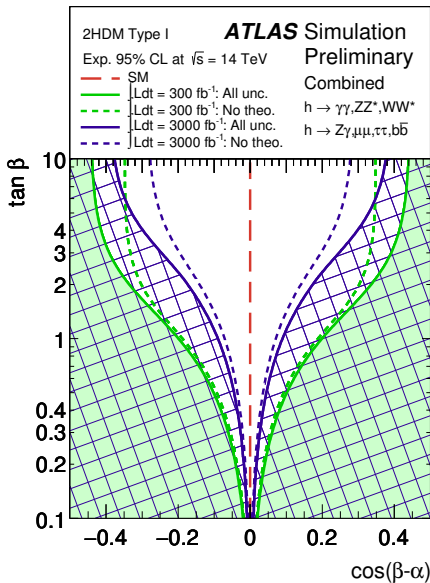
- Used 90%CL instead of 95%
- $WIMP < m_h/2$
- Higgs only mediator...
- Higgs Portal
 → spin dependent!
- **Vector/Fermion(Majorana)**
are even more EFT
dependent...



14 TeV prospects



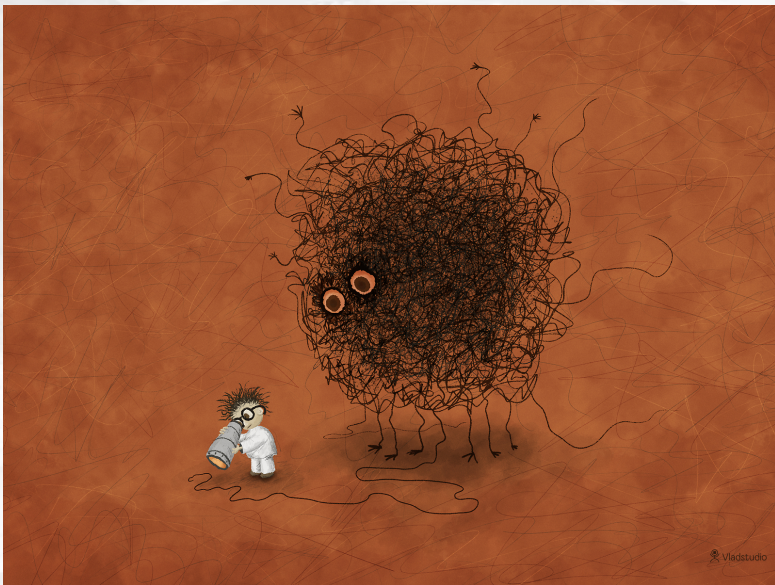
14 TeV prospects - 2HDM



Outlook

- Higgs discovery, great achievement of the LHC program...
- Precise measurements of the **Higgs boson** couplings let us to constrain new phenomena
- Understanding of the real nature of the Electroweak Symmetry Breaking → tool to explore new physics!
 - Mass scaling ($\varepsilon : 0.018 \pm 0.039, M : 224_{-12}^{+14}$ GeV)
 - Minimal Composite Higgs models ($f > 710(780)$ GeV MCHM4(5))
 - Additional Electroweak Singlets ($\kappa'^2 < 0.12$)
 - Two Higgs Doublet Models (Alignment limit within 1σ)
 - Simplified versions of MSSM ($m_A > 370$ GeV)
 - Anomalous Higgs to invisible decays ($BR_{inv} < 0.23$)

THANKS!!!



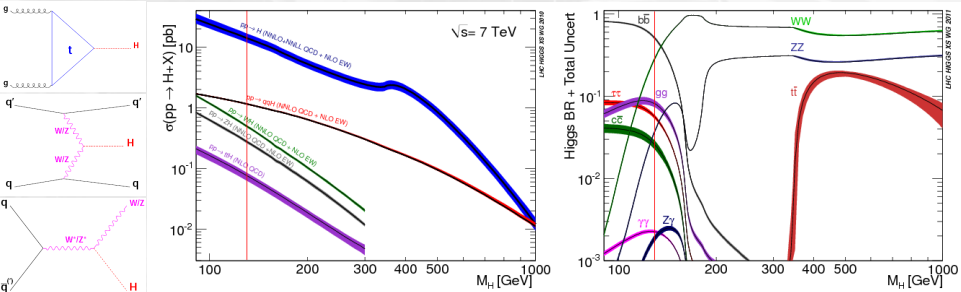
The LHC in Run-I...



BACKUP SLIDES ...

The SM Higgs boson

NNLO, NNLL, EW corrections, uncertainties inclusive & exclusive P_T^H , line-shape, interference, BR, etc... [\[link\]](#)



Nature is very kind... $m_H = 125.09$ GeV

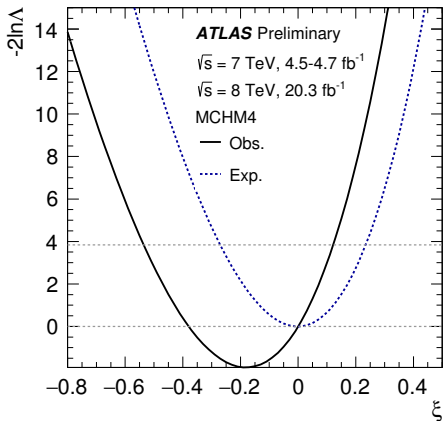
→ although not easy, many modes to study at the LHC...

\sqrt{s} [TeV]	7	8	13
$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H}$ [pb]	17.352	22.097	50.471
σ_{ggF} [pb]	15.11 (QCD) ^{+7.1%} PDF ^{+7.6%} -7.8 -7.1%	19.24 (QCD) ^{+7.2%} PDF ^{+7.5%} -7.8% -6.9%	43.87 (QCD) ^{+7.5%} PDF ^{+7.1%} -7.9% -6.0%
σ_{VBF} [pb]	1.222 (QCD) ^{+0.3%} PDF ^{+2.5%} -0.3% -2.1%	1.579 (QCD) ^{+0.2%} PDF ^{+2.6%} -0.2% -2.8%	3.744 (QCD) ^{+0.7%} PDF ^{+3.2%} -0.7% -3.2%
σ_{VH} [pb]*	0.934 (QCD) ^{+0.9%} PDF ^{+2.6%} -0.9% -2.6%	1.149 (QCD) ^{+1.0%} PDF ^{+2.3%} -1.0% -2.3%	2.350 (QCD) ^{+0.7%} PDF ^{+2.2%} -1.5% -2.2%
$\sigma_{t\bar{t}H}$ [pb]	0.0861 (QCD) ^{+3.2%} PDF ^{+8.4%} -9.3% -8.4%	0.129 (QCD) ^{+3.8%} PDF ^{+8.1%} -9.3% -8.1%	0.507 (QCD) ^{+5.7%} PDF ^{+8.8%} -9.3% -8.8%

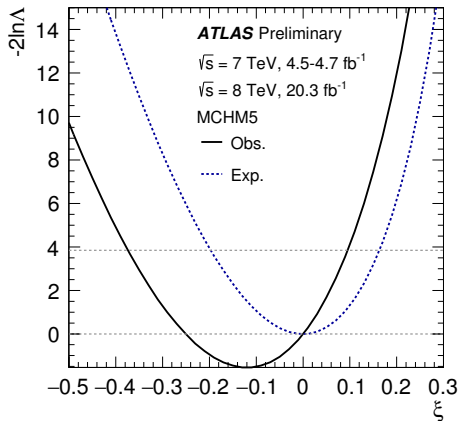
LHCXSEC WG

Minimal Composite Higgs Model

MCHM4



MCHM5



Two Higgs Doublet Model potential

- Natural path to explore \rightarrow two identical complex scalar fields ($SU(2)$)
- The 2HDM scalar potential is a Z_2 broken symmetric 2HDM

$$\begin{aligned} V(\Phi_1, \Phi_2) = & m_1^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + m_2^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 + (m_{12}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \text{h.c.}) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_1 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_2 (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 \\ & + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_5 [(\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + \text{h.c.}] \end{aligned}$$

- In the CP-conserving case, parameters can be reduced to:
3 masses m_h, m_H, m_{H^\pm}, m_A , 2 angles α, β and 1 potential parameter m_{12}^2
- For the VV final states \rightarrow **type I and II** where there are not FCNC

Mass mixing matrix for the neutral, CP-even Higgs bosons:

$$\mathcal{M}_S^2 = (m_Z^2 + \delta_1) \begin{bmatrix} \cos^2(\beta) & -\cos(\beta) \sin(\beta) \\ -\cos(\beta) \sin(\beta) & \sin^2(\beta) \end{bmatrix} + m_A^2 \begin{bmatrix} \sin^2(\beta) & -\cos(\beta) \sin(\beta) \\ -\cos(\beta) \sin(\beta) & \cos^2(\beta) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\delta}{\sin^2(\beta)} \end{bmatrix}$$

δ_1 and δ are radiative corrections involving top quarks and stops.

The couplings in a simplified MSSM model can be obtained from this mass mixing matrix as follows: The trace of the mass mixing matrix is taken and evaluated at the light Higgs boson mass of $m_h = 125.09$ GeV, allowing the δ_1 and δ corrections to be determined as a function of m_A and $\tan \beta$. Neglecting the sub-leading correction δ_1 , then by substituting for δ the mass mixing matrix is fully determined by m_A and $\tan \beta$. This matrix is diagonalised to find the eigenvectors, and in particular those components of the eigenvector corresponding to the light Higgs boson, s_u and s_d . This allows the Higgs boson couplings to be determined as functions of m_A and $\tan \beta$ only:

$$\kappa_V = \frac{s_d(m_A, \tan \beta) + \tan \beta s_u(m_A, \tan \beta)}{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \beta}}$$

$$\kappa_U = s_u(m_A, \tan \beta) \frac{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \beta}}{\tan \beta}$$

$$\kappa_D = s_d(m_A, \tan \beta) \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \beta},$$

where the functions s_u and s_d are given by:

$$s_u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{(m_A^2 + m_Z^2)^2 \tan^2 \beta}{(m_Z^2 + m_A^2 \tan^2 \beta - m_h^2(1 + \tan^2 \beta))^2}}}$$

$$s_d = \frac{(m_A^2 + m_Z^2) \tan \beta}{m_Z^2 + m_A^2 \tan^2 \beta - m_h^2(1 + \tan^2 \beta)} s_u.$$

Higgs Portal Dark-Matter interpretation

$$\Gamma^{\text{Majorana}}(h \rightarrow \chi\chi) = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Majorana } v^2 m_h}{32\pi\Lambda^2} \left[1 - \left(\frac{2m_\chi}{m_h} \right)^2 \right]^{3/2}$$

$$\Gamma^{\text{Scalar}}(h \rightarrow \chi\chi) = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Scalar } v^2}{64\pi m_h} \left[1 - \left(\frac{2m_\chi}{m_h} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Gamma^{\text{Vector}}(h \rightarrow \chi\chi) = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Vector } v^2}{256\pi m_\chi^4 m_h} \left[m_h^4 - 4m_\chi^2 m_h^2 + 12m_\chi^4 \right] \left[1 - \left(\frac{2m_\chi}{m_h} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\sigma_{\chi N}^{\text{Majorana}} = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Majorana}}{4\pi\Lambda^2 m_h^4} \frac{m_\chi^2 m_N^4 f_N^2}{(m_\chi + m_N)^2}$$

$$\sigma_{\chi N}^{\text{Scalar}} = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Scalar}}{16\pi m_h^4} \frac{m_N^4 f_N^2}{(m_\chi + m_N)^2}$$

$$\sigma_{\chi N}^{\text{Vector}} = \frac{\lambda_{h\chi\chi}^2 \text{Vector}}{16\pi m_h^4} \frac{m_N^4 f_N^2}{(m_\chi + m_N)^2}$$