



# *New Developments of ROOT Mathematical Software Libraries*



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Lorenzo Moneta, I. Antcheva, R. Brun, A. Kreshuk, M. Slawinska

CERN/PH-SFT

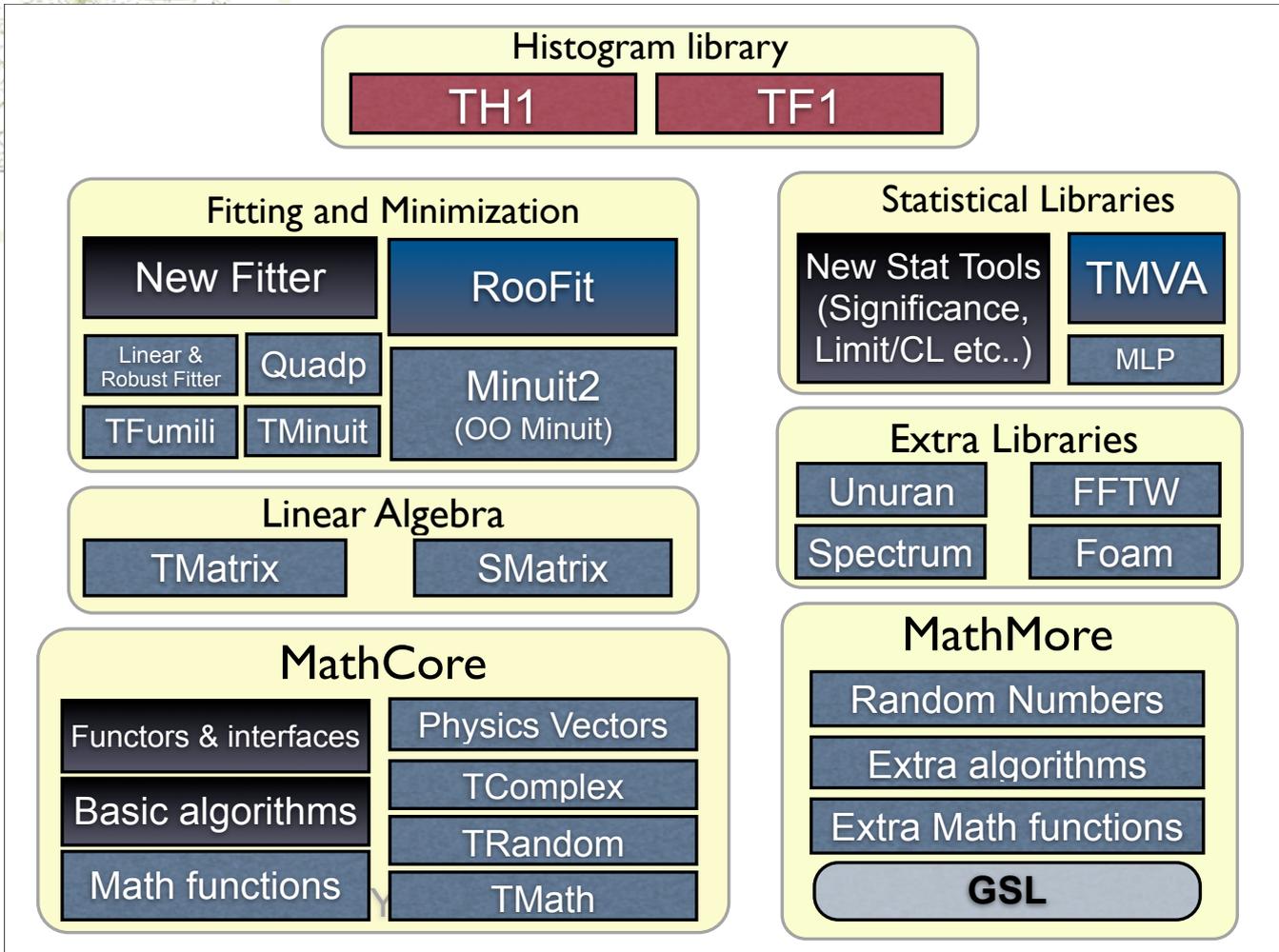


# Outline

- ◆ Recent developments of ROOT Math Libraries :
  - ◆ re-structuring of Math Libraries
    - ◆ new core library
  - ◆ random numbers and their performances
    - ◆ *UNU.RAN* package
  - ◆ *SMatrix* package and tests of matrix performances
- ◆ Fitting:
  - ◆ fitting GUI (new fit panel)
  - ◆ plans for new fitting and minimization classes
- ◆ Other recent developments:
  - ◆ histogram comparison, FFT
- ◆ Conclusions and future plans



# New Structure of ROOT Mathematical Libraries





# Re-structuring of ROOT MathLibs

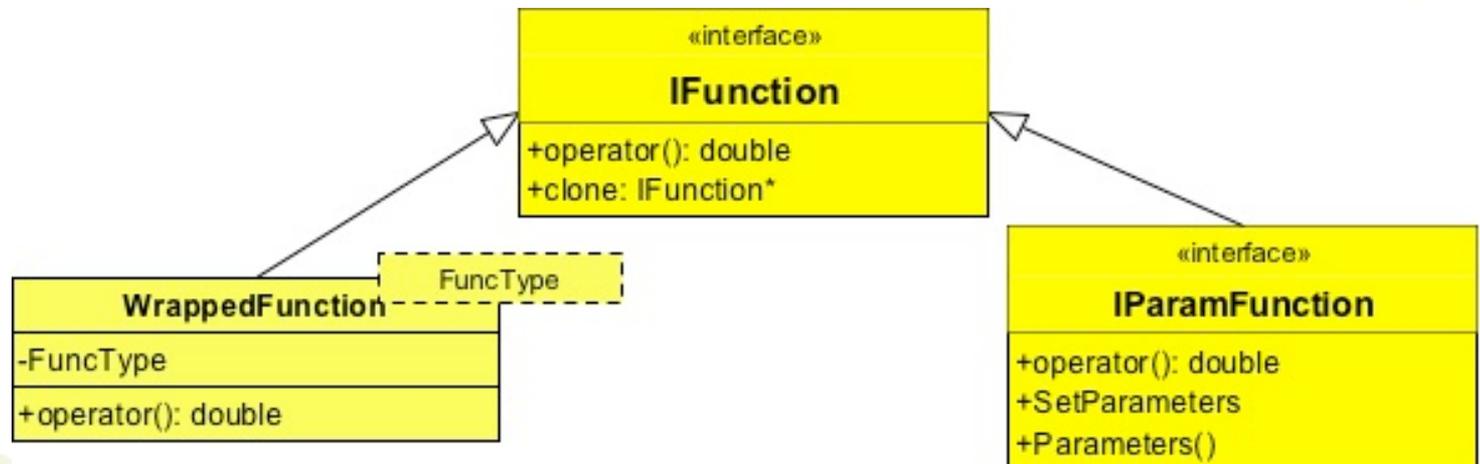


- ✦ Aim to improve modularity
- ✦ New core mathematical library containing
  - ✦ Math classes from *libCore*:
    - ✦ *TRandom* classes, *TComplex* , *TMath* (excluding *TMathBase*)
  - ✦ classes from current version of *MathCore*
    - ✦ basic mathematical and statistical functions
    - ✦ physics vector ( 2D, 3D and LorentzVector + transformations)
  - ✦ implementation of basic numerical algorithms
    - ✦ from *TF1* : derivation, numerical integration, Brent minimization
  - ✦ interfaces to functions and algorithms
    - ✦ use different implementations via the plug-in manager
  - ✦ functor and wrapper classes
    - ✦ create *TF1* classes from C++ callable objects
    - ✦ easy to apply algorithms to user functions



# Function Interfaces

- ✦ Minimal interface used by all numerical algorithms:
- ✦ Abstract classes for 1D and multi-dimensional functions
  - ✦ interfaces for functions providing analytical derivatives
  - ✦ parametric function interfaces (used in fitting)
  - ✦ template classes (*WrappedFunction*<*FuncType*>) to wrap any C++ callable object (functors, C free function, etc..) in the desired interface





# Functor classes

- ◆ Classes to wrap a C++ callable object with the right signature
  - ◆ can work with:
    - ◆ free C functions
    - ◆ C++ classes (or structs) implementing `operator()`
    - ◆ member functions of a class
  - ◆ Example: a generic parametric function (like *TF1* class)
    - ◆ `double F ( double *x, double *p)`
- ◆ Added a constructor of *TF1* using a functor type
  - ◆ can make *TF1* depending on other objects
- ◆ Powerful, easy to use and very flexible
  - ◆ user can customize callable object using its state
  - ◆ used extensively in STL algorithms



# Example of Functors



★ tutorials example:

★ *tutorials/math/exampleFunctor.C*

```
double MyFunc (double *x, double *p ) {
    return TMath::Gaus(x[0],p[0],p[1] );
}

struct MyDerivFunc {
    MyDerivFunc(TF1 * f): fFunc(f) {}
    double operator()(double *x,double *) const {
        return fFunc->Derivative(*x);
    }
    TF1 * fFunc;
};

struct MyIntegFunc {
    MyIntegFunc(TF1 * f): fFunc(f) {}
    double Eval(double *x,double *) const {
        double a = fFunc->GetXmin();
        return fFunc->Integral(a, *x);
    }
    TF1 * fFunc;
};
```

★ before was possible only by using global objects

```
void exampleFunctor() {

    double xmin = -10; double xmax = 10;
    TF1 * f1 = new TF1("f1",MyFunc,xmin,xmax,2);
    f1->SetParameters(0.,1.);
    f1->SetMaximum(3); f1->SetMinimum(-1);
    f1->Draw();

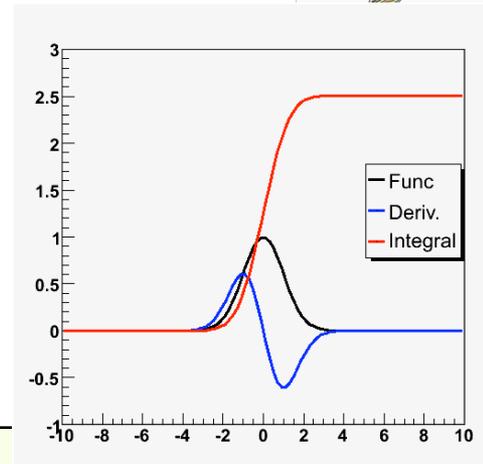
    // create derivatives function using
    // the parameter of the parent function
    TF1 * f2 = new TF1("f2",MyDerivFunc(f1),
                      xmin, xmax, 0);

    f2->SetLineColor(kBlue);
    f2->Draw("same");

    // create integral function
    MyIntegFunc g(f1);
    TF1 * f3 = new TF1("f3",&g,&MyIntegFunc::Eval,
                      xmin, xmax, 0);

    f3->SetLineColor(kRed);
    f3->Draw("same");

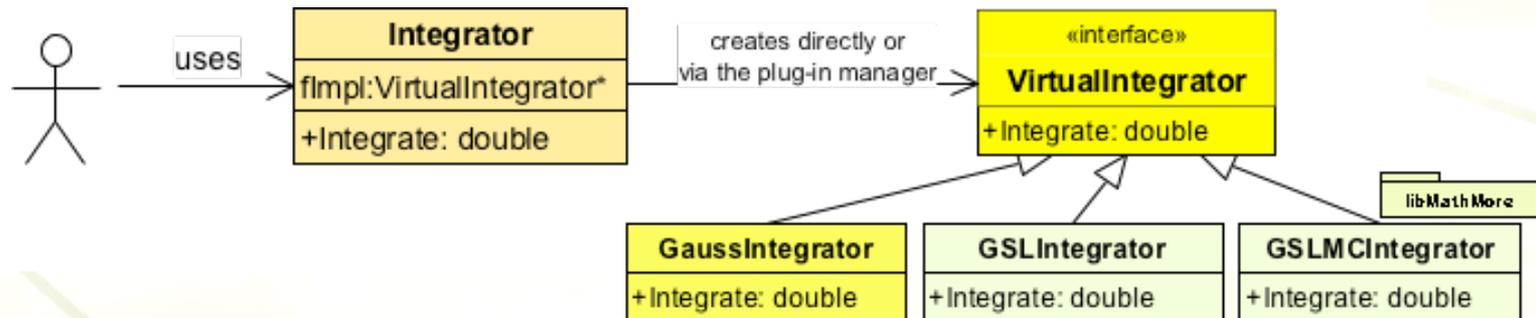
}
```





# Numerical Algorithms

- ◆ Collect in the core Math library all basic numerical algorithms
  - ◆ example: algorithms from *TF1* (derivation, integration, etc..)
- ◆ Provide a coherent interface for all these algorithms:
  - ◆ have a basic implementation using code from *TF1*
    - ◆ maintain the current methods for backward compatibility
  - ◆ use plug-in manager for alternative implementations (*GSL*)
- ◆ Algorithms could be used directly
  - ◆ no need to create a *TF1* object
  - ◆ user needs to provide right interface or a functor





# Numerical Algorithms in MathMore



- ✦ **MathMore**: C++ interface to GNU Scientific Library (*GSL*)
- ✦ Numerical algorithms implemented:
  - ✦ **Numerical Derivation**
    - ✦ central evaluation (5 points rule) and forward/backward
  - ✦ **Numerical Integration**
    - ✦ adaptive integration for finite and infinite intervals, singular functions and with Cauchy principal value.
    - ✦ multidimensional MC integration based on VEGAS and MISER
  - ✦ **Root Finders**
    - ✦ bracketing and polishing algorithms using derivatives
  - ✦ **Minimization**
    - ✦ Golden section and Brent algorithm for 1D
    - ✦ conjugate gradient and BFGS algorithms for multi-dimensions
  - ✦ **Interpolation**
    - ✦ linear, polynomial, cubic and Akima spline
  - ✦ **Chebyshev polynomials** (for function approximation)
- ✦ Complement the various algorithms existing previously in ROOT (*TF1* class)



# Improvements in pseudo-random numbers generation



- ★ *Mersenne-Twister* (*TRandom3*) is now the default generator
- ★ Replaced some obsolete generators
  - ★ *TRandom2* is now the *TausWorthe* generator from L'Ecuyer
- ★ Generators can be seeded with an *UUID* (unique 128 bit number)
  - ★ independent streams useful for parallel jobs
- ★ New faster algorithm for generating Gaussian random number
  - ★ acceptance-complement ratio method (W.Hörmann,G.Derflinger)
  - ★ one of the fastest existing methods
    - ★ no calls to mathematical functions (log, sqrt) as in polar method
- ★ New algorithm for Poisson random-numbers
  - ★ exact algorithm (rejection from a Lorentzian distribution)
- ★ Introduced interface to **UNU.RAN** package



# UNURAN

- ✦ Package for generating non-uniform pseudo-random numbers
  - ✦ developed (using C) by a group in Vienna (J. Leydold et al.)
  - ✦ added a ROOT interface and distribute (*libUnuran*)
- ✦ Universal methods based on inversion, rejection and composition
  - ✦ for 1D, multi-dimensional, discrete and empirical distributions (from a set of binned or un-binned data)
- ✦ Methods for standard distributions (like Gauss, Poisson, etc..)
- ✦ Efficient and exact methods (working for non truncated functions)
  - ✦ *TF1::GetRandom()* requires a range, it is approximate and is limited up to dimension 3
- ✦ Markov-Chain MC methods for multi-dimensional distributions

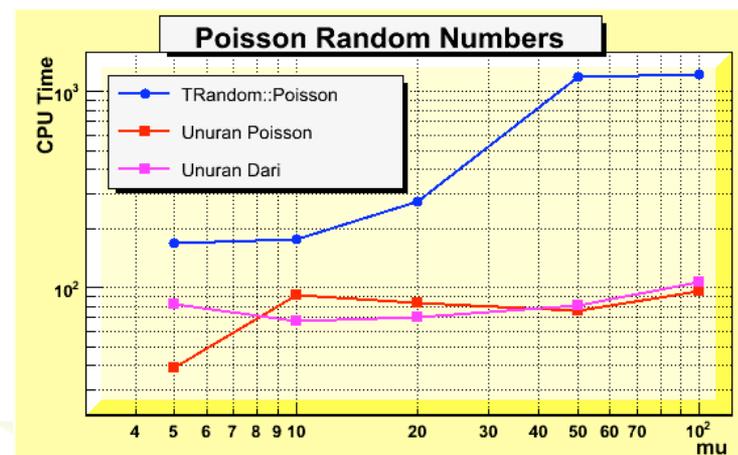
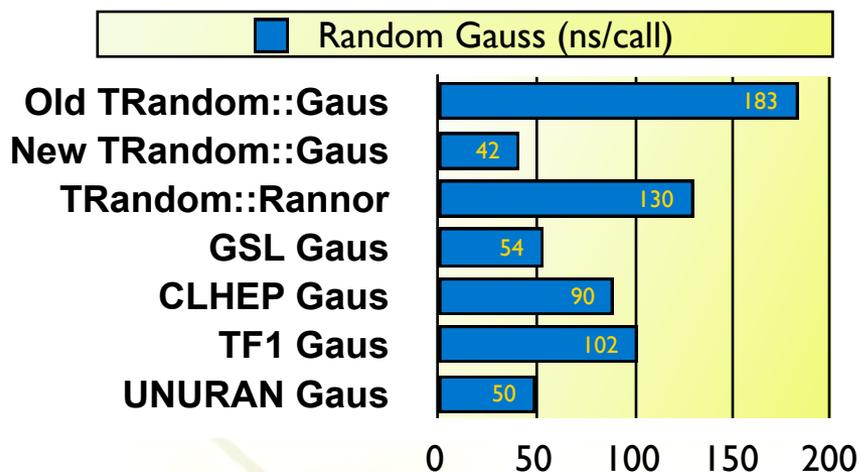


# Performances of Random Number



- ◆ Performances tests
  - ◆ lxplus, gcc 3.4
    - ◆ Intel 32 and 64 bits
- ◆ Uniform generation
- ◆ Gaussian
- ◆ Poisson number generation

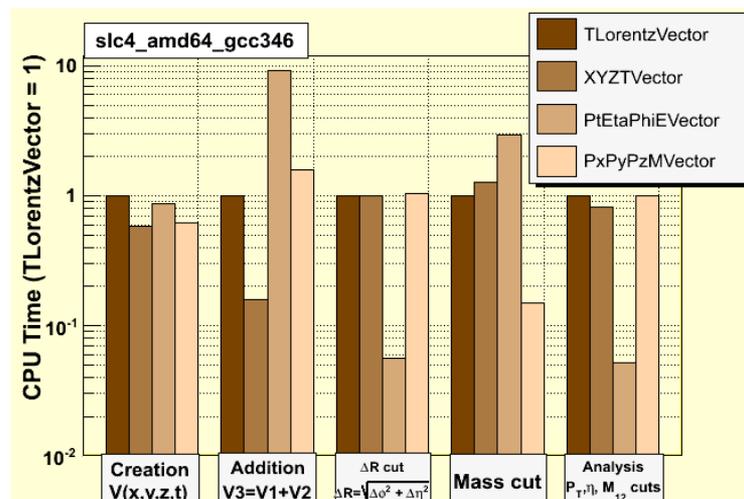
Random Number Uniform Generators	Intel32 (ns/call)	Intel64 (ns/call)
MT ( <i>TRandom3</i> )	22	9
TausWorthe ( <i>TRandom2</i> )	17	6
RanLux ( <i>TRandom1</i> )	120	98
LCG ( <i>TRandom</i> )	14	5



# Physics and Geometry Vectors



- ✦ Classes for 2D, 3D and 4D vectors with their operations and transformations (rotations)
  - ✦ functionality as in CLHEP *Vector* and *Geometry* packages
- ✦ Work done in collaboration with Fermilab computing group (*M. Fischler, W. Brown and J. Marraffino*)
- ✦ Main features of the new classes:
  - ✦ generic scalar contained type
    - ✦ i.e. single, double precision or *Double32\_t*
  - ✦ generic coordinate system concept
    - ✦ i.e. cartesian, polar and cylindrical
- ✦ **Used by CMS and LHCb**
  - ✦ in reconstruction, event model
- ✦ Classes do not inherit from *TObject*
  - ✦ cannot be used in ROOT collections (like *TClonesArray*)
- ✦ Plan in the future to re-implement *TLorentzVector* using the new classes





# *SMatrix Package*

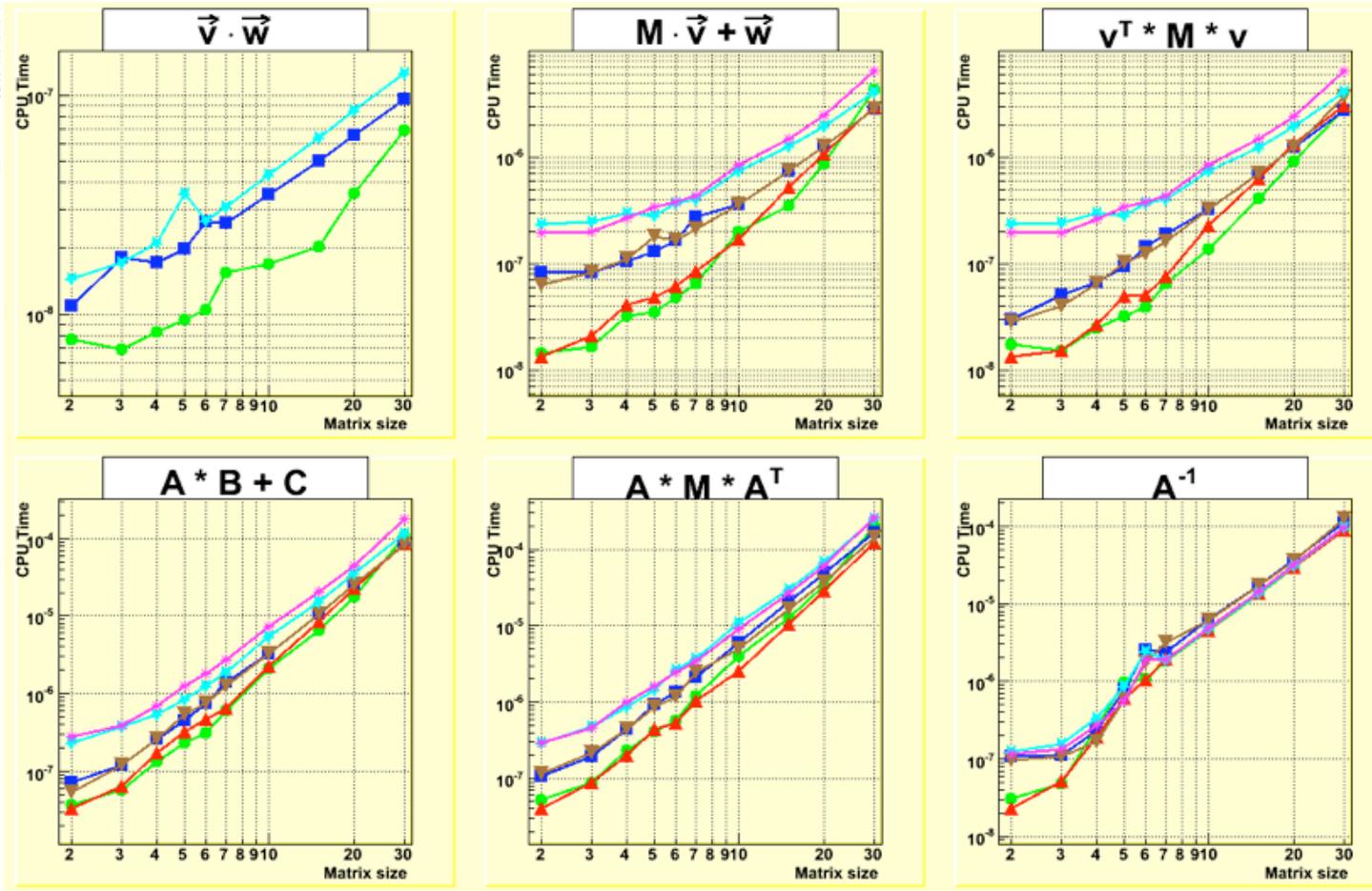
- ✦ Package initially developed (by T. Glebe for HeraB)
- ✦ For **fixed** (not dynamic) matrix and vector sizes :
  - ✦ size must be known at compile time

```
SMatrix< double, 2 , 5>
SVector< double, 5 >
```
- ✦ Complementary and **NOT** a replacement of *TMatrix*
- ✦ Optimized for small matrix sizes (dim <= 6):
  - ✦ use expression templates to avoid temporaries
- ✦ Support for basic operations and matrix inversion
  - ✦ not full linear algebra functionality
- ✦ **Support now for symmetric matrices** (thanks to J.Palacios, LHCb)
  - ✦ reduced memory and I/O storage of only  $n * (n+1) / 2$  elements
- ✦ Used by LHCb, CMS and (in some part in ATLAS) to replace CLHEP
  - ✦ significant improvement observed in their reconstruction code
    - ✦ CMS tracking CPU time reduce by 2
  - ✦ mainly due to the fixed memory allocation



# Matrix Operations Performances

- ◆ Comparison ROOT (*TMatrix/SMatrix*) and CLHEP (*HepMatrix*)
  - ◆ *lxplus* ( new Intel dual-core 64 bits) running *slc4* with *gcc 3.4.6*

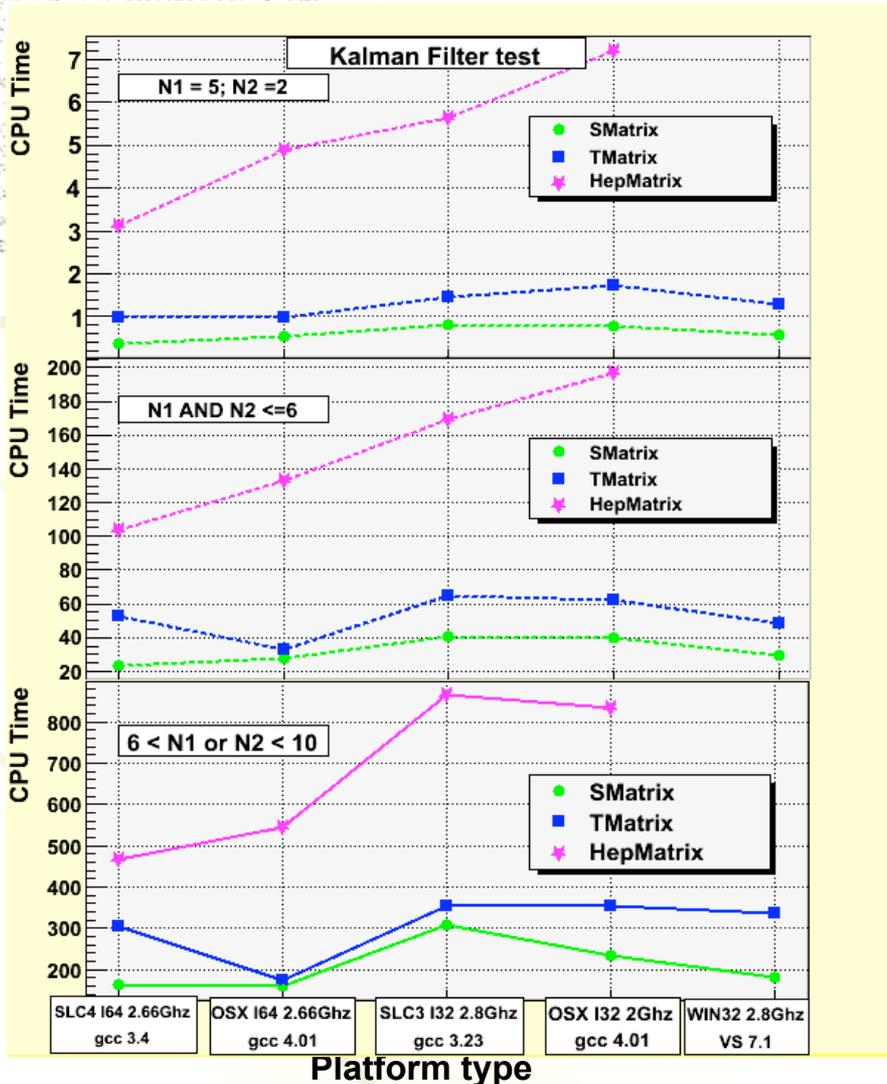


**slc4\_ia64\_gcc346**

- SMatrix
- TMatrix
- ▲ SMatrix\_sym
- ▼ TMatrix\_sym
- ◆ HepMatrix
- ✱ HepMatrix\_sym



# Kalman Filter Tests

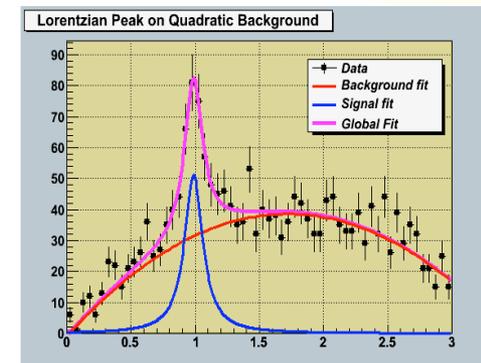


- ◆ CPU performances in the Kalman filter update equations
  - ◆ addition, multiplication and inversion
  - ◆ test varying matrix sizes
    - ◆  $N1 = 2, N2 = 5$
    - ◆  $2 < N1, N2 \leq 6$
    - ◆  $6 < \max(N1, N2) \leq 10$
  - ◆ test various platforms with different C++ compilers
    - ◆ Linux 32 and 64 bits (g++ 3.2 and 3.4)
    - ◆ MacOS (g++ 4.0)
    - ◆ Windows (VS 7.1)
- ◆ Strong performance gains for both *SMatrix* and *TMatrix* compared to the CLHEP matrix



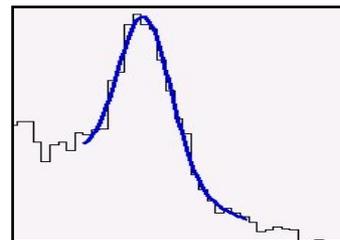
# Fitting in ROOT

- ★ Possible to Fit directly ROOT data classes (Histograms, Trees, Graphs) with various options:
  - ★ least square/likelihood fits
  - ★ linear/robust fits, etc..
- ★ GUI has been developed to drive the fits
- ★ Interface exist (*TVirtualFitter*) for custom fits
  - ★ user defined objective functions
  - ★ various minimization methods
    - ★ *Minuit*, *Fumili*, *Minuit2*, *Fumili2*
  - ★ not very flexible (designed for Minuit) and limited functionality, difficult to implement complex fits
    - ★ many dimensions and multiple data objects
- ★ *RooFit* for complex fitting and data modeling

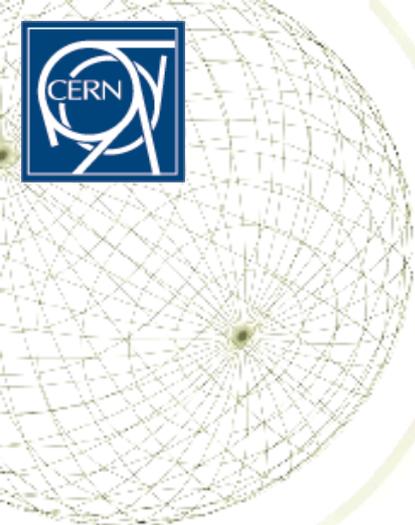




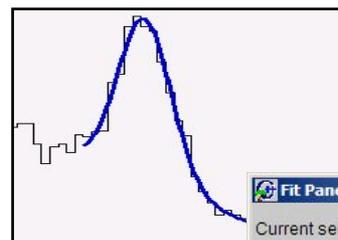
# Fit Panel



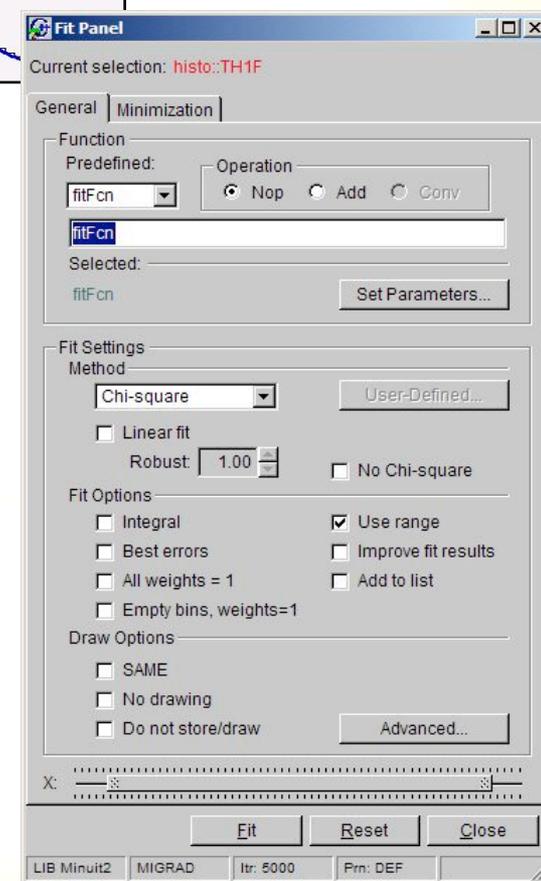
- ◆ Easy data set selection, built-in function, fit method, model
- ◆ Available via context menu
- ◆ Recognize and accept user-defined functions
- ◆ Allow use of different minimizers
- ◆ Flexible parameters' settings and control
- ◆ Same interface for all ROOT data objects (binned and unbinned data)



# Fit Panel

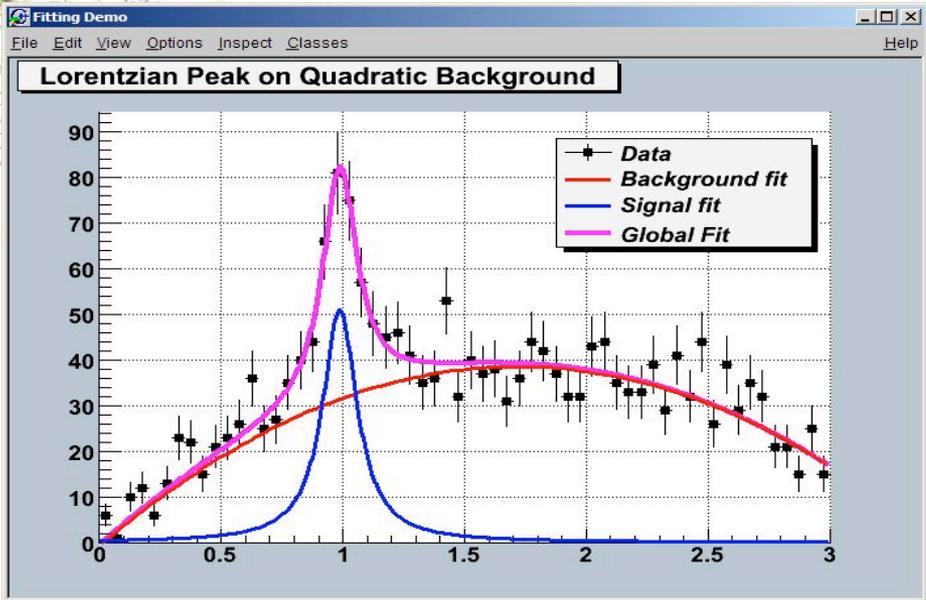


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# General Tab



**Set Parameters of fitFunction**

Name	Fix	Bound	Value	Min	Set Range	Max	Step	Errors
p0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-0.864649	-2.59395		2.59395	0.259395	0.891776
p1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	45.8433	-137.53		137.53	13.753	2.64183
p2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-13.3214	-39.9641		39.9641	3.99641	0.976811
p3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	13.8074	-41.4221		41.4221	4.14221	2.17651
p4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.172307	-0.516922		0.516922	0.0516922	0.0358097
p5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.987281	-2.96184		2.96184	0.296184	0.0112681

Immediate preview

Buttons: Reset, Apply, OK, Cancel

**Fit Panel**

Current selection: **histo::TH1F**

General | Minimization

Function:

Predefined:  Operation:  Nop  Add  Conv

Selected:

Fit Settings:

Method:

Linear fit  No Chi-square

Pre-set:

Fit Options:

Integral  Use range

Best errors  Improve fit results

All weights = 1  Add to list

Empty bins, weights=1

Draw Options:

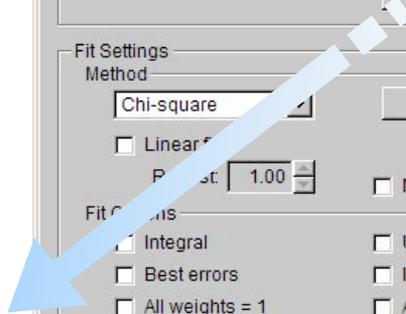
SAME  Do not store/draw

No drawing

X:

Buttons: Fit, Reset, Close

LIB Minuit MIGRAD ltr: 5000 Prn: DEF





# Minimization Tab

Fit Panel

Current selection: **histo::TH1F**

General | **Minimization**

Library

Minuit  Minuit2  Fumili

Method

MIGRAD  SIMPLEX  FUMILI

Settings

Use ENTER key to validate a new value or click on Reset button to set the defaults.

Error definition (default = 1):

Max tolerance (precision):

Max number of iterations:

Print Options

Default  Verbose  Quiet

Fit Reset Close

LIB Minuit2 | MIGRAD | Itr: 5000 | Ptn: DEF

- ✦ Interactive library selection
- ✦ Easy choice of minimization method
- ✦ Users can specify
  - ✦ Error definition
  - ✦ Maximum tolerance
  - ✦ Maximum number of iterations
- ✦ Print Options
  - ✦ Default, Verbose, Quite

```

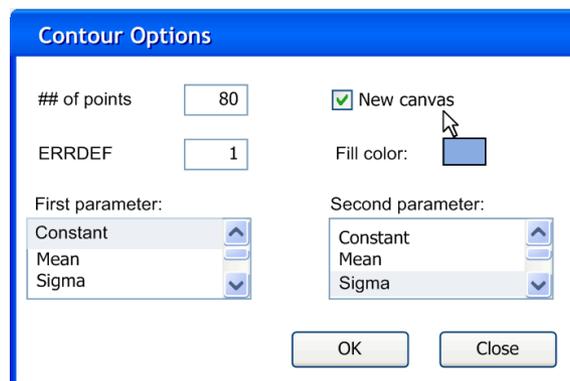
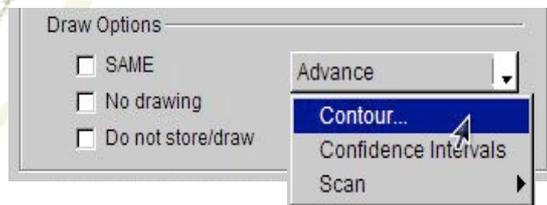
ROOT session
TFitterMinuit - Minimize with max iterations = 5000 edmval = 0.002 errorDef = 1
# of function calls: 85
function Value: 58.9283860648
expected distance to the Minimum <edm>: 2.8578547e-009
external parameters:
# ext.  || Name  || type || Value  || Error +/-
0  || p0  || free || -0.86467561 || 0.89177671
1  || p1  || free || 45.843264  || 2.641837
2  || p2  || free || -13.32138  || 0.97681327
3  || p3  || free || 13.807429  || 2.1765241
4  || p4  || free || 0.17230915 || 0.03581046
5  || p5  || free || 0.98728097  || 0.011268207

covariance matrix:
MnUserCovariance:
  0.795266  -1.20554  0.348485  -0.159183  -0.00372219  0.000422971
 -1.20554  6.9793  -2.52467  -3.02409  -0.0370029  -0.0018106

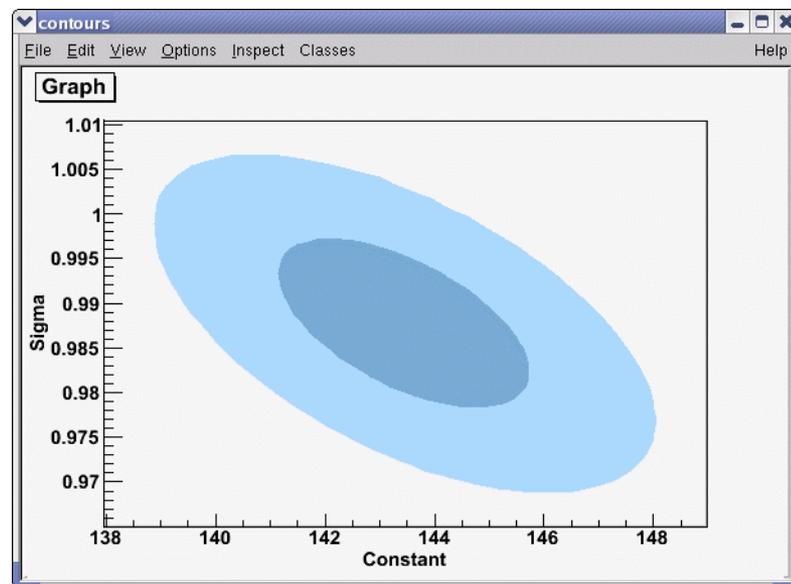
```



# New Coming Features



- ✦ Advanced draw options
  - ✦ contours, confidence intervals
- ✦ Implement more built-in functions
- ✦ Fitting of trees, multi-graphs and multi-histograms
- ✦ Interface for unbinned fits (*TTree*)
- ✦ Support of user-defined fit methods
- ✦ Interface to pdf classes of RooFit
- ✦ Straightforward way to build complicated models: add, multiply and convolute



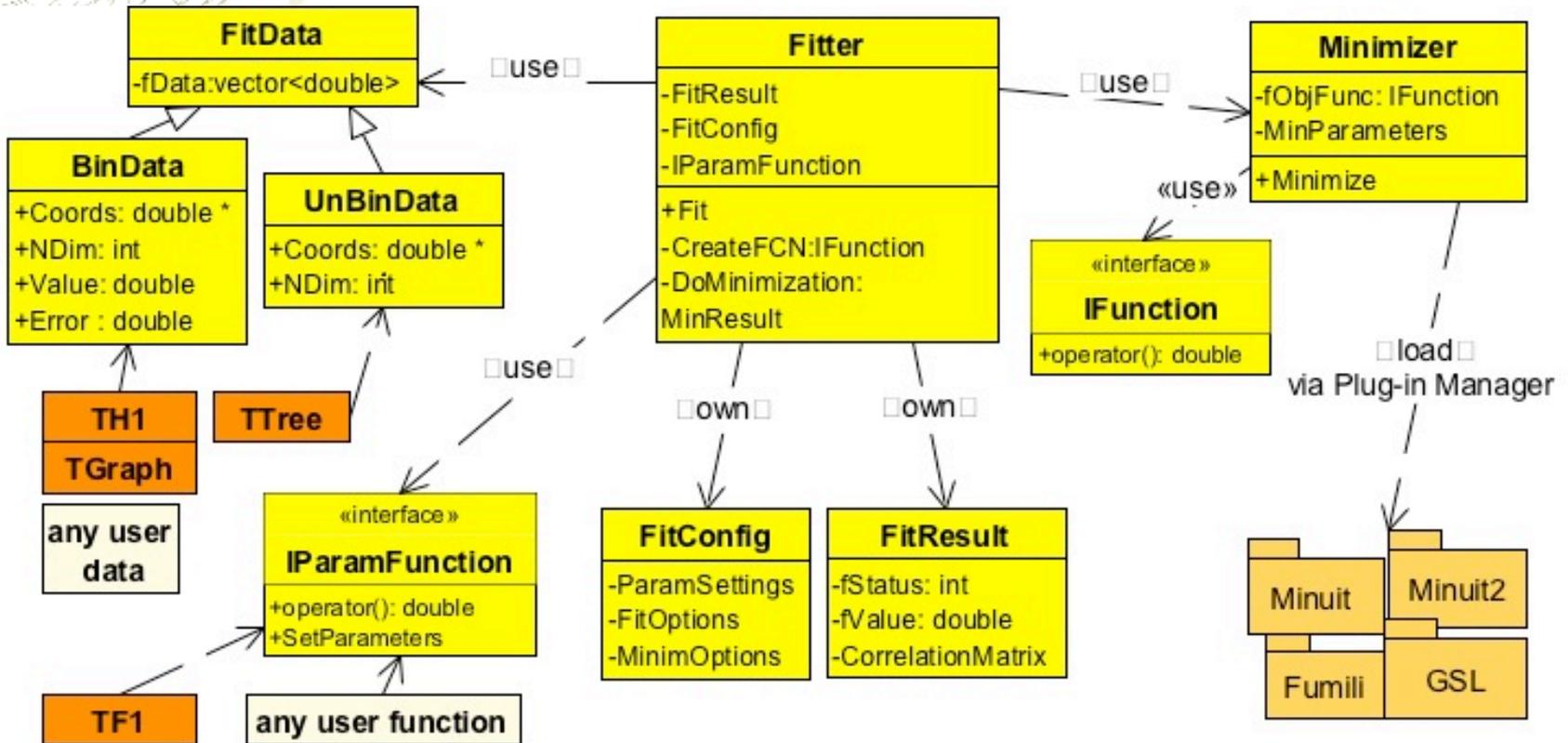


# ROOT Fitting Extensions

- ✦ Plan to introduce in ROOT new fitting classes
  - ✦ improve and extend functionality of *TVirtualFitter*
- ✦ Main features
  - ✦ Separate Fitter and Minimization interfaces
    - ✦ possible to use (and mix) various minimization engines
  - ✦ Decouple fitting from data source
    - ✦ fitter can be used on different data
    - ✦ fit results can be stored and retrieved
  - ✦ Minimal and generic function interface for model functions (pdf) and objective (minimization) functions
    - ✦ easier for user to plug-in their functions
    - ✦ easy to wrap and use pdf classes from *RooFit*
    - ✦ support for parallel fits (use it in a multi-threads environment)

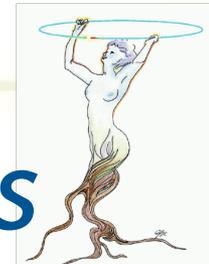


# Preliminary Fitter Design Proposal





# Status of ROOT Fit Extensions



- ★ Prototype Fitter working for Least Square and Unbinned Likelihood
- ★ Developed Minimizer interface
  - ★ implementations based on *Minuit*, *Minuit2* and *GSL*
  - ★ loading using the ROOT plug-in manager
- ★ First version soon in CVS
  - ★ use for Fit Panel (GUI)
  - ★ re-implement *Fit(...)* methods in ROOT data classes
  - ★ re-implement *TVirtualFitter* methods to maintain backward compatibility

```
// fit inputs
TH1 * h1 = .....
TF1 * func = .....

ROOT::Fit::BinData d;
// fill the data set from the histogram
ROOT::Fit::FillData(d,h1);

// create wrapped parametric function
ROOT::Math::WrappedTF1 f(*func);

// create fitter
ROOT::Fit::Fitter

// set minimizer and configuration
fitter.Config().SetMinimizer("Minuit2");

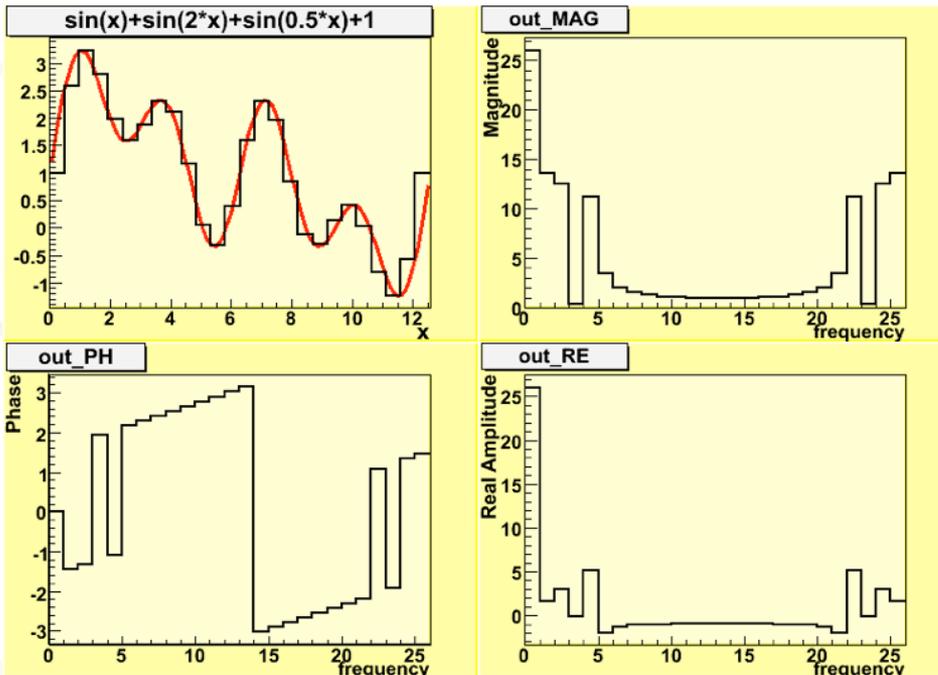
//perform the fit
bool ret = fitter.Fit(d,f);

//retrieve optionally the fit results
if (ret) fitter.Result().Print();
```

# Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT)



- ◆ Included in ROOT a common base class (*TVirtualFFT*)
  - ◆ add a functions to use it from TH1 (*TH1::FFT*)
- ◆ Implemented an interface to the popular *FFTW* package
  - ◆ support for one and multi-dimensional transforms
  - ◆ support for complex and real transformations



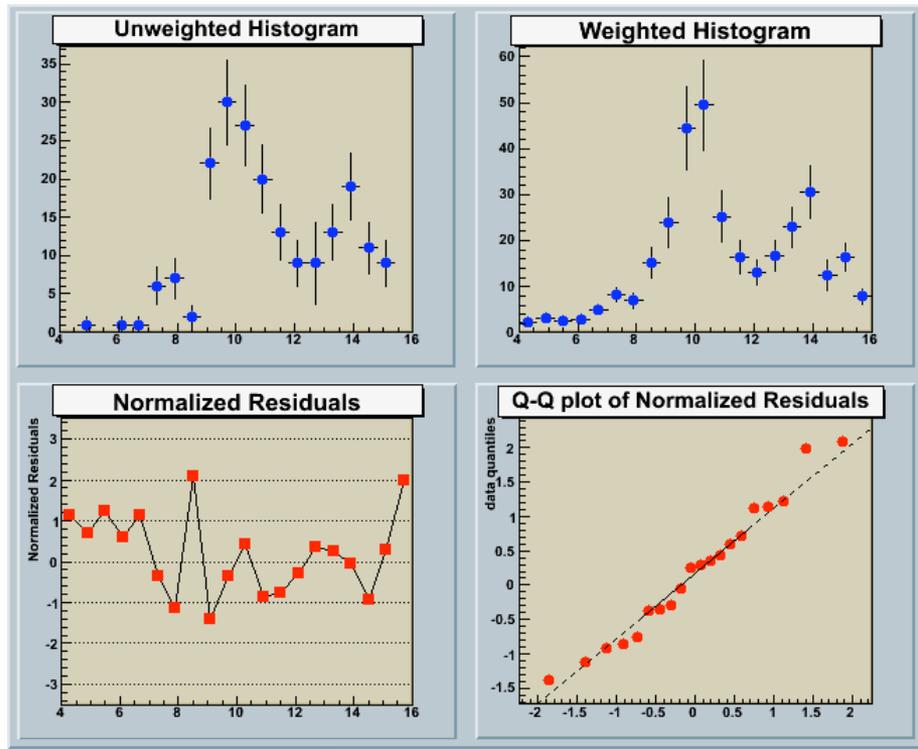
- ◆ *TFFTComplex* for complex input/complex output transforms
- ◆ *TFFTRealComplex* for real input/complex output
- ◆ *TFFTComplexReal* for complex input/real output
- ◆ *TFFTReal* for real input/output



# Histogram Comparison

- ◆ Improvements in Chi2 test for comparing histograms
  - ◆ algorithm from *N. Gagunashvili* and implemented in C++ by *D. Haertl*

- ◆ add possibility to use weighted histograms
- ◆ comparison of histograms with different scales
- ◆ produce normalized residuals





# New Statistical Tools

- ★ Package for multi-variate analysis: **TMVA** (see J. Stelzer's talk)
  - ★ various tools for multi-variate signal/background discrimination
    - ★ likelihood estimator, neural networks, decision trees, etc..
    - ★ common interface to all the methods
- ★ Evaluate other MVA packages (*StatPatternRecognition*)
  - ★ ROOT interface has been already developed
- ★ Re-organization of statistical tools in ROOT
  - ★ driven by requirements from LHC experiments
  - ★ on-going developments for a statistical framework for evaluating discovery significances and confidence levels
    - ★ based on *Roofit*
    - ★ support for Frequentists and Bayesian techniques
    - ★ easy way to share and combine results between experiments
- ★ Planning to introduce new statistical algorithms
  - ★ multi-dim smoothing, density estimators, cluster analysis



# Future Work

- ◆ Complete integration with existing ROOT Math functionality
  - ◆ add common interfaces to various implementations
  - ◆ remove duplication (obsolete algorithms or functions)
- ◆ Complete improvements in fitting and minimization classes
  - ◆ improve as well goodness of fit tests
  - ◆ add constraint minimization
- ◆ Developments of new statistical tools for LHC data analysis
  - ◆ collaborating with LHC experiments
    - ◆ facilitate user contributions with new tools
  - ◆ tools required for visualization of multi-dimensional data-sets
- ◆ Work on requests and feedback from LHC experiments



# Conclusions

- ✦ Large collection of math and statistical tools available
  - ✦ working on improving them for better usability and for easier integrations of new tools
- ✦ Considerable efforts from external contributors in developing tools for LHC analysis
  - ✦ complex fitting (*RooFit*)
  - ✦ multivariate analysis (*TMVA*)
  - ✦ new statistical tools for discovery, confidence levels and result combination
- ✦ Important to ensure the correctness of tools we are using
  - ✦ need to improve validation and test suites
  - ✦ good documentation for reference and maintainability
- ✦ Need continuously the feedback from users and experts



# Documentation

- ✦ Online reference documentation
  - ✦ class description with *THtml* and *Doxygen*
  - ✦ for example (*MathCore*):
    - ✦ [http://root.cern.ch/root/html/doc/MATHCORE\\_Index.html](http://root.cern.ch/root/html/doc/MATHCORE_Index.html)
- ✦ Maintain inventory of all Math functions and algorithms with links to ROOT online doc and CERNLIB
  - ✦ <http://www.cern.ch/mathlibs/mathTable.html>
- ✦ Written a new Math chapter in the ROOT User Guide (*chapter 13, 227-248*)
  - ✦ describe random numbers, *MathCore* (*GenVector*), mathematical functions, *SMatrix*
  - ✦ see <ftp://root.cern.ch/root/doc/13MathLibraries.pdf>
- ✦ Separate user guides exist also for other packages
  - ✦ *Minuit2*, *RooFit*, *TMVA*



# References



- ✦ *ROOT* online doc :
  - ✦ Class doc: <http://root.cern.ch/root/html/ClassIndex.html>
  - ✦ *MathCore* online doc: <http://www.cern.ch/mathlibs/sw/MathCore/html/index.html>
  - ✦ *MathMore* online doc: <http://www.cern.ch/mathlibs/sw/MathMore/html/index.html>
  - ✦ *SMatrix* online doc: <http://www.cern.ch/mathlibs/sw/SMatrix/html/index.html>
  - ✦ *Minuit2* online doc: <http://www.cern.ch/mathlibs/sw/Minuit2/html/index.html>
- ✦ *RooFit* homepage: <http://roofit.sourceforge.net/>
- ✦ *TMVA* homepage: <http://tmva.sourceforge.net/>
- ✦ *FFTW* homepage: <http://www.fftw.org/>
- ✦ Histogram comparison paper: <http://arxiv.org/abs/physics/0605123>
- ✦ *UNURAN* homepage: <http://statmath.wu-wien.ac.at/unuran/>