

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT

European Laboratory for Particle Physics



Particle Accelerator Physics Laboratory

Accelerator R&D

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Accelerators R&D, CHIPP at EPFL, September'08, L. Rivkin, PSI&EPFL

Some Accelerator R&D in Switzerland

CERN

- LHC and its upgrades
- e⁺e⁻ linear collider, CLIC @ 3 TeV, ILC @ 500 GeV
- Neutrinos

PSI

- X-ray Free Electron Laser: PSI-XFEL
- High intensity proton beams for neutron sources (towards 1.8 MW average power beam, new targets)
- Medical applications (mainly proton therapy)



LHC Upgrades

Currently 12 EPFL doctoral students

Some examples:

- Beam beam interaction simulations (T. Pieloni)
- Smaller beam size at the IP (R. de Maria)
- Dipole first ,D0' (G. Sterbini)
- Injector chain upgrade, SPS intensity limit (B. Salvant)

Example : CERN SPS bottleneck



B. Salvant **CERN** Accelerator Complex CMS LHC North Area ALICE LHCb TT40 **TT41** SPS neutrinos TI2 ATI SPS TT10 CNGS Gran Sasso TT60 AD 1999 (182 m) TT2 BOOSTER ISOLDE 1989 East Area PS n-ToF 1959 (628 m) CTF3 LINAC 2 neutrons Leir LINAC 3 2005 (78 m) lons ▶ p [proton] ▶ ion ▶ neutrons ▶ p (antiproton) → +→ proton/antiproton conversion ▶ neutrinos ▶ electron LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF3 Clic Test Facility CNGS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINear Accelerator n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight

The SPS is now the last accelerator in the LHC injector chain.

Proton source \rightarrow LINAC 2 \rightarrow PS Booster \rightarrow PS \rightarrow SPS \rightarrow LHC 26 GeV/c 450 GeV/c



Layout

PM18



SPS Fast Instability at injection

B. Salvant

To stabilize the low emittance high intensity single bunch of protons at injection in the SPS, the vertical chromaticity ξ_v has to be increased.

FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE



Upgrade of the LHC injector complex (4 10¹¹ p/b) → Need to understand this instability → Also, observing TMCI would a way to measure SPS impedance characteristics



Results: HEADTAIL simulations



B. Salvant **HEADTAIL** simulated coherent bunch transverse position at a BPM location **HEADTAIL simulation parameters:** 0.01 - Broadband impedance Ib = 0.007 mA0.0075Bunch horizontal Position in m - Round beam pipe 0.005 - No space charge, no spread, no chromaticity 0.0025 - Linear longitudinal restoring force 0 -0.0025HEADTAIL Simulated mode spectrum -0.005-0.0075102000 8000 4000 6000 10000 Number of turns (Log: 0.01 SIX Re[(Q-Q_x)/Q_s] FFT Spectrum Amplitude or 0.00001 **SUSSIX** $1.\!\times\!10^{-8}$ -30.10.50.20.30.4HEADTAIL predicts a TMCI: $I_{\rm b}$ (mA) 4 coupling between transverse modes -2 and -3 O.



- Demonstrate feasibility of CLIC technology
 - Major key issues addressed in CTF3
- Design of a linear Collider based on CLIC technology http://clic-study.web.cern.ch/CLIC-Study/Design.htm
- Estimation of its cost in the CERN area
- CLIC Physics study and detector development: http://clic-meeting.web.cern.ch/clic-meeting/CLIC_Phy_Study_Website/default.html
- Conceptual Design Report including cost by 2010

CLIC and ILC

Design towards 3 TeV, detailed case of 500 GeV

• E.g. AC power (MW): need to work on efficiency!

LHC	ILC	CLIC	CLIC	
		(500 GeV)	(3 TeV)	
120	220	120	390	

- 12 GHz RF accelerating structures
- Generation of extremely bright e⁺e⁻ beams

CLIC upgrade scenario









Center-of-mass energy	CLIC 500 G		CLIC 3 TeV	
Beam parameters	Conservative	Nominal	Conservativ	Nominal
Accelerating structure	502		G	
Peak luminosity (1% of energy)	1.0·10 ³⁴	2.0-10 ³⁴	1.1.10 ³⁴	2·10 ³⁴
Repetition rate (Hz)	50			
Loaded accel. gradient MV/m	80		100	
Main linac RF frequency GHz	12			
Overall linac length km	4.4		20.8	
Bunch charge10 ⁹	6.8			3.72
Bunch separation ns	0.5			
Beam pulse duration (ns)	177		156	
Beam power/beam MWatts	4.9		14	
Hor./vert. norm. emitt (10 ⁻⁶ /10 ⁻⁹)	3 / 40	1 / 30	1 / 30	0.66 / 20
Hor/Vert FF focusing (mm)	8 / 0.1		4 / 0.1	
Hor./vert. IP beam size (nm)	221 / 2.8	128 / 2.5	70 / 1.1	40 / 1
Total site length km	12.8		48.3	
Wall plug to beam transfer eff	7.8%		7.2%	
Total power consumption MW 125.6		5.6	389	

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CLIC <

Nominal Structure Performance demonstrated





CLIC @ 12 GHz: synergies with PSI-XFEL

CLIC 100 MeV/m accelerating structures development needs stand alone klystron source:

ordered 1 from SLAC (Swiss host country contribution within the White Paper budget increase is used in part for this)

PSI – XFEL also needs such sources ordered 2 from SLAC

Testing is done at SLAC and KEK for now... two beam test stand at the CTF3 test facility at CERN



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Beam emittances at Damping Rings







Handling of high power proton beams

LHC design: collimators @ 0.5 MW!



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Rolf Wideröe's notebook

Straale transformator. 15-3-23 (Förste ich hösten 1922) at de blev he Hook vakine . ikke d B = variabil -tat; a Heteström Konne Sortset Je tilst Bo ma til at E. Provolgikt Kunsty bevist eller ha Straale transformatoren blev uttaufet ungine for at skaffe tilstrekkilig koncentrerte atom ty.