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Model Independent Analysis of the Proton Magnetic Radius

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The Proton is a fundamental constituent of matter. In contrast to other fundamental particles like the electron, it is an extended object and has a finite size that can be inferred with some degree of accuracy from several measurements. The electric radius can be extracted from electron-proton scattering experiments, ($r_E^p=0.871\pm 0.009$ fm) and Lamb shift in Muonic Hydrogen ($r_E^p=0.84184\pm 0.0006$ fm). The reason for the discrepancy between these values is still unknown. In the literature there also exist several values of the proton magnetic radius extracted using several model-dependent methods. We use constraints from the analytic behavior of the form factors to determine the proton magnetic radius in a model-independent way. Using existing datasets of electron-proton scattering we find $r_M^p=0.91^{(-0.06)}_{(+0.03)}\pm 0.02$ fm. When we include electron-neutron scattering data and pion data, we find $r_M^p=0.87^{(-0.05)}_{(+0.04)}\pm 0.01$ fm and $r_M^p=0.87^{(-0.02)}_{(+0.02)}$ fm respectively. We also extracted the neutron magnetic radius as $r_M^n=0.89^{(-0.03)}_{(+0.03)}$ fm combining all three datasets.

Oral or Poster Presentation

Oral

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