



# Evolution of nuclear shape in the light Radon isotopes

***Andrew Robinson, David Jenkins, Stewart Martin-Haugh***

*University of York*

***Jarno Van De Walle***

*CERN*

***Panu Rahkila***

*University of Jyväskylä*

***Andrei Andreyev, Nick Bree***

*IKS K.U. Leuven*

***Peter Butler, Tuomas Grahn, Janne Pakarinen, Andrew Petts, Marcus Scheck***

*University of Liverpool*

***Douglas Dijulio, Andreas Ekstrom***

*Lund University*

***Alick Deacon, Sean Freeman***

*University of Manchester*

***Micheal Hass, Vivek Kumar, Kuljeet Singh***

*Weizmann Institute of Science*

***Baharak Hadinia, Riccardo Orlandi, John Smith***

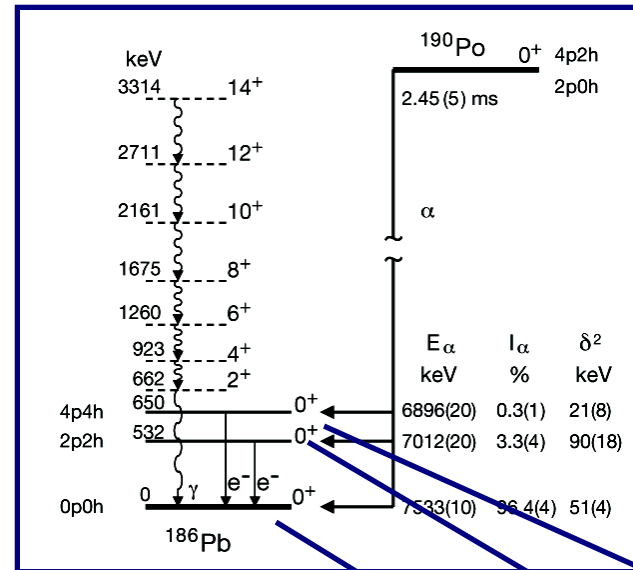
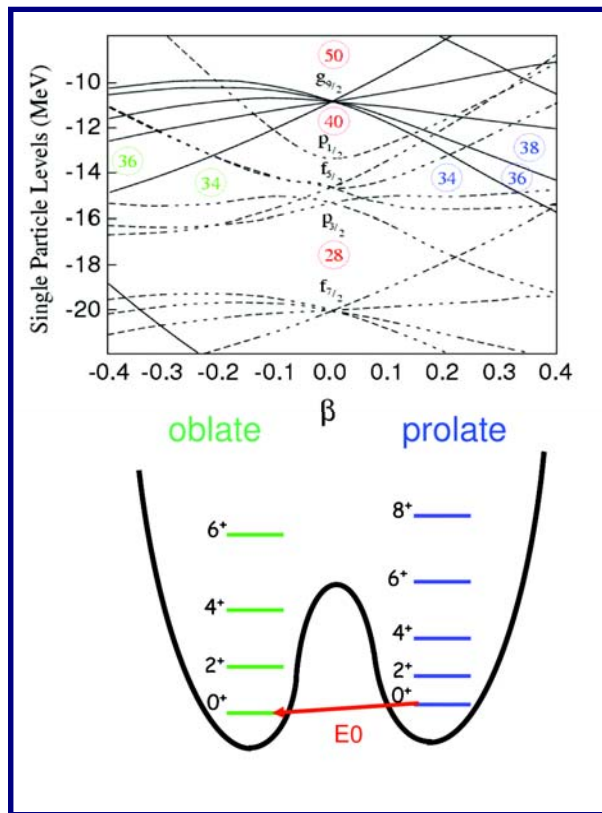
*University of the West of Scotland*

***The Miniball Collaboration***

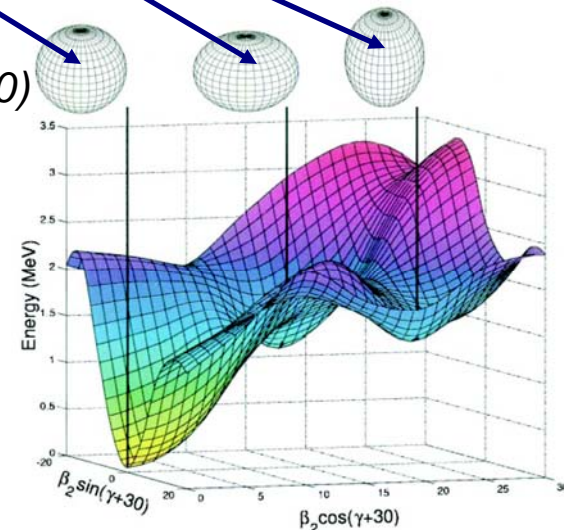


# Shape Coexistence

Atomic nucleus minimises its energy by adopting different deformed mean-field shapes.

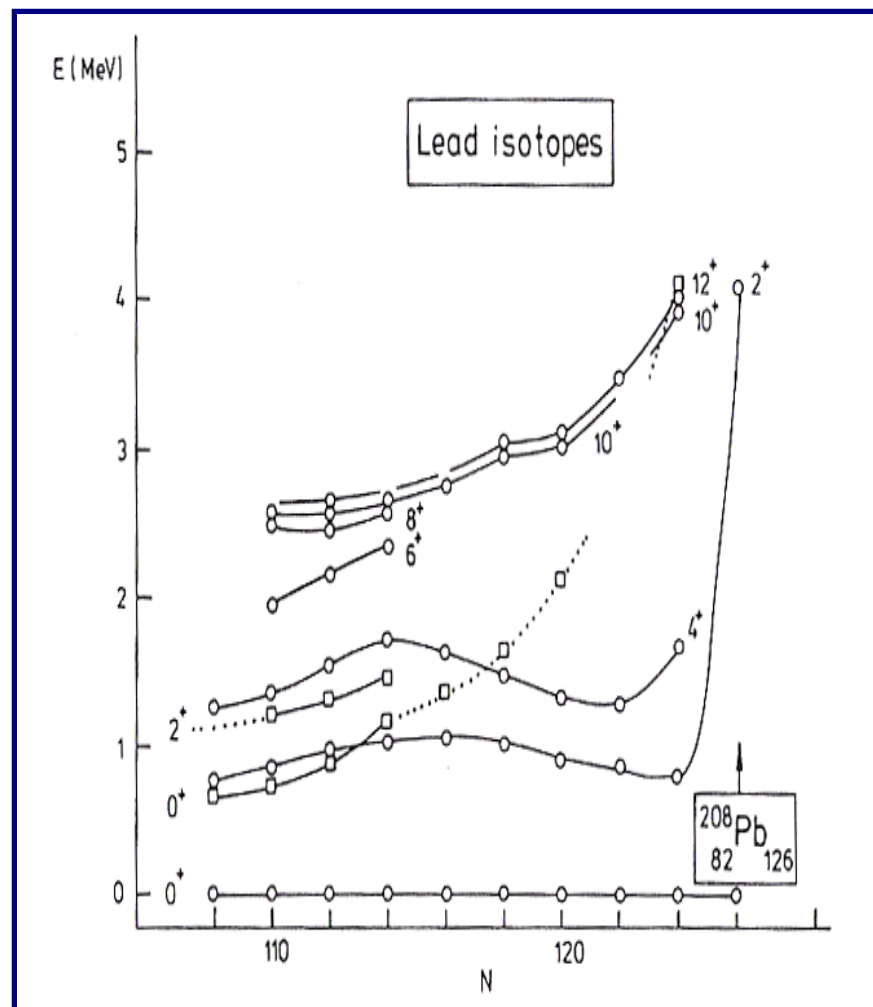
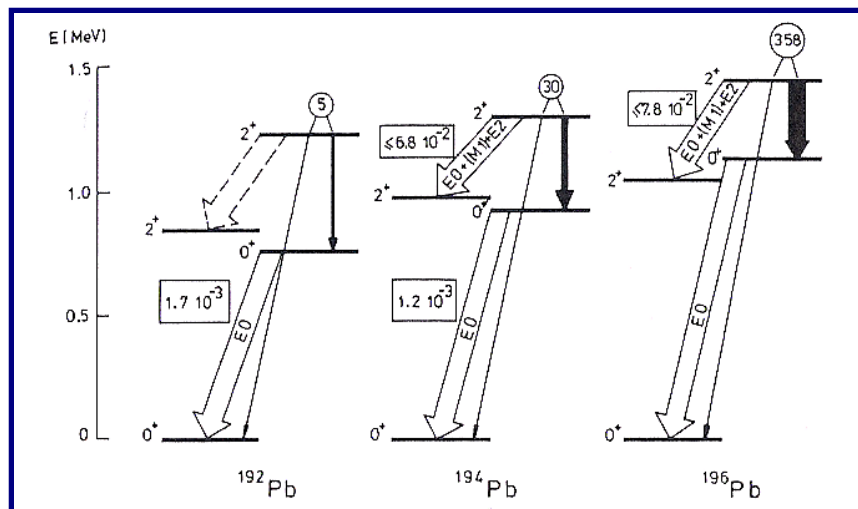
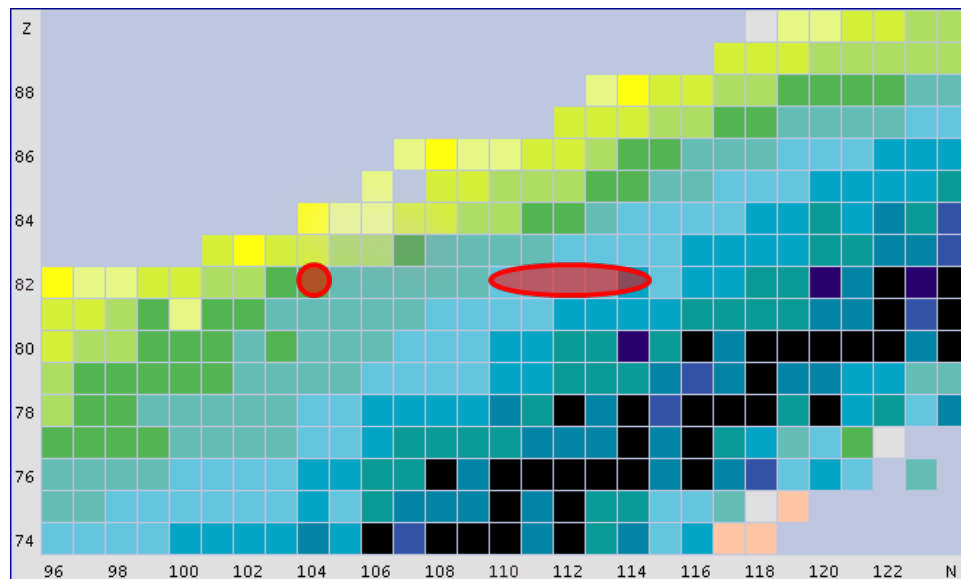


A. Andreyev et al.,  
*Nature* 405, 430 (2000)





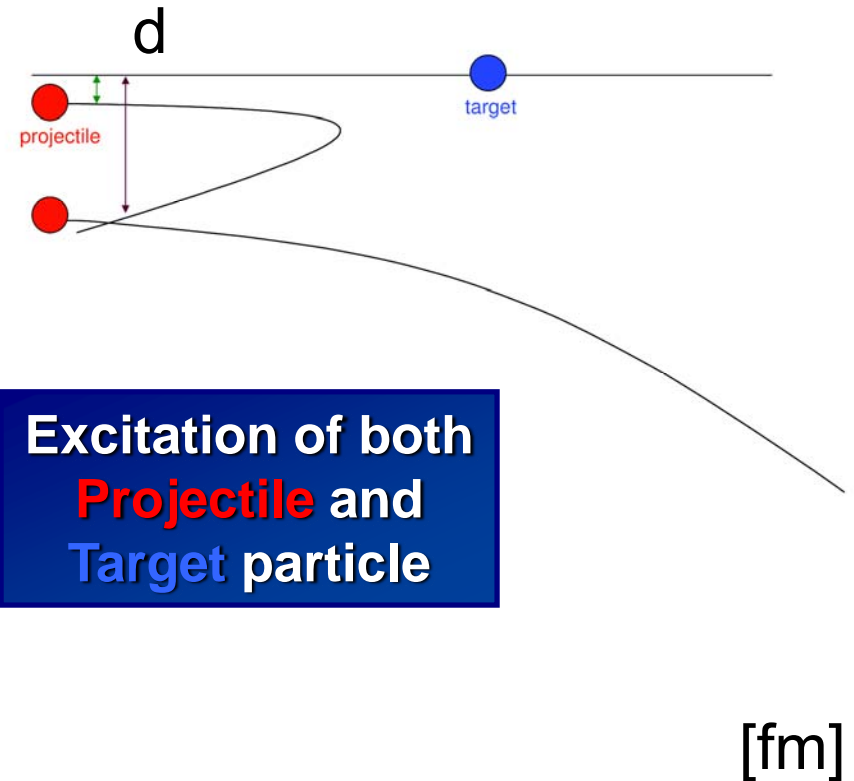
# Light Pb isotopes



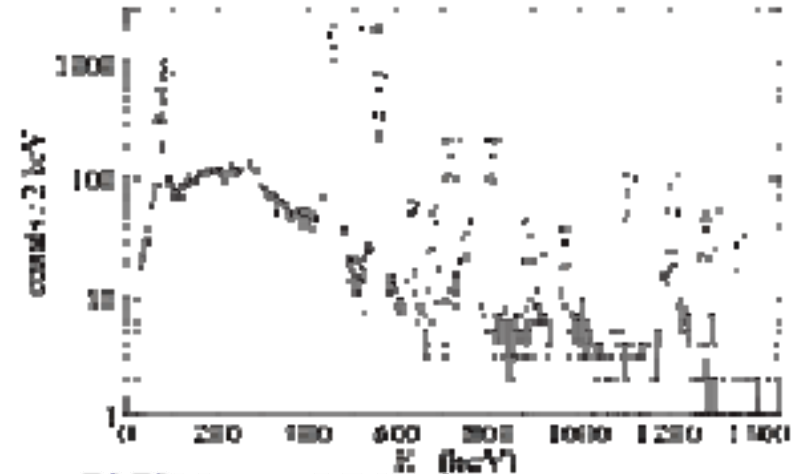


# Coulomb Excitation (Coulex)

- Probe **collectivity** in nucleus.
- Extraction of electromagnetic matrix elements –  **$B(E2)$** .
  - Sensitive to the sign of **spectroscopic quadrupole** moment.
  - Multi-step excitations.
- Preferentially excites states which are **strongly coupled** to the **ground state**.



Coulex with radioactive beams is a highly successful method for establishing the evolution of nuclear shape

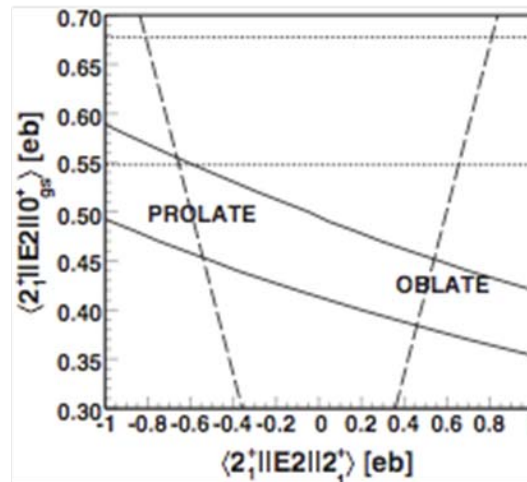
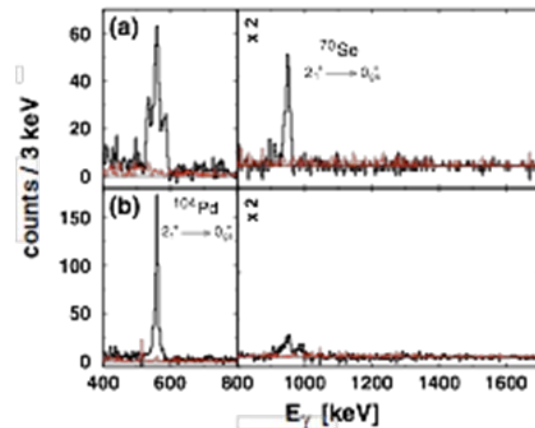


**$^{74,76}\text{Kr}$  at SPIRAL**

*E. Clement et al., PRC 75, 054313 (2007)*

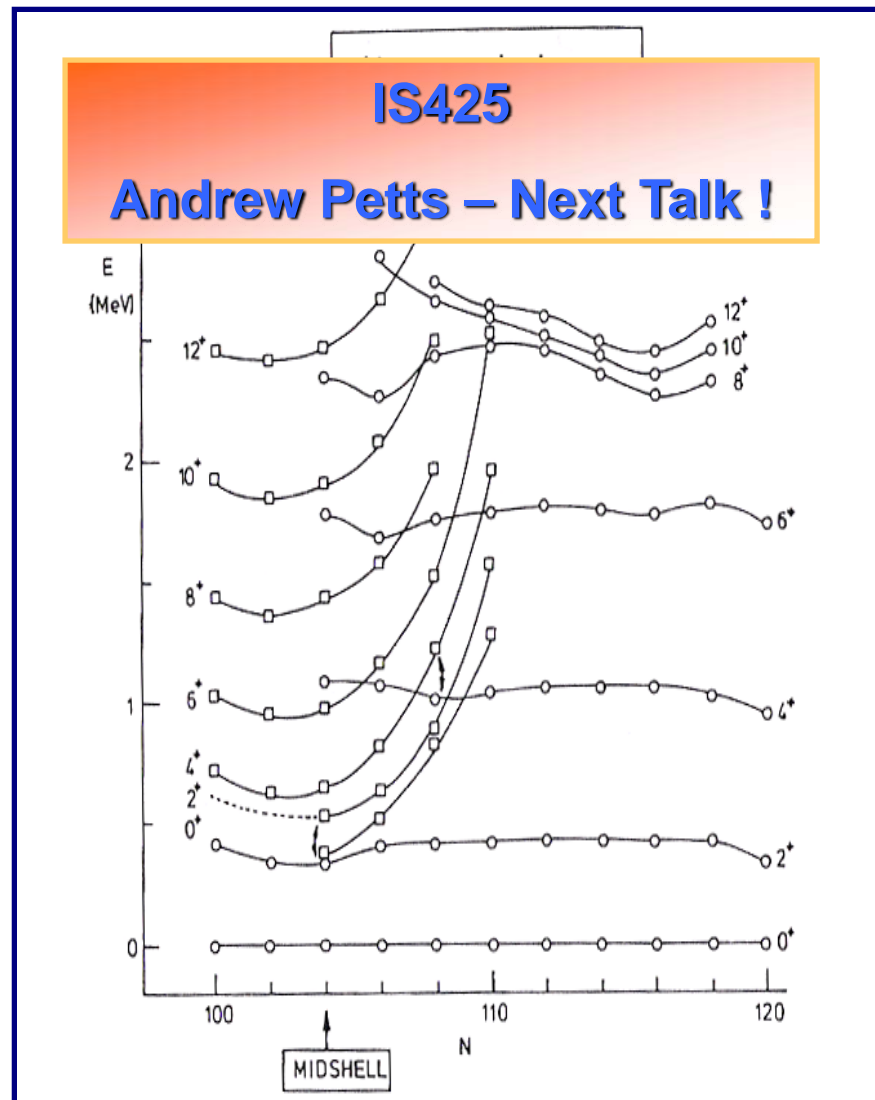
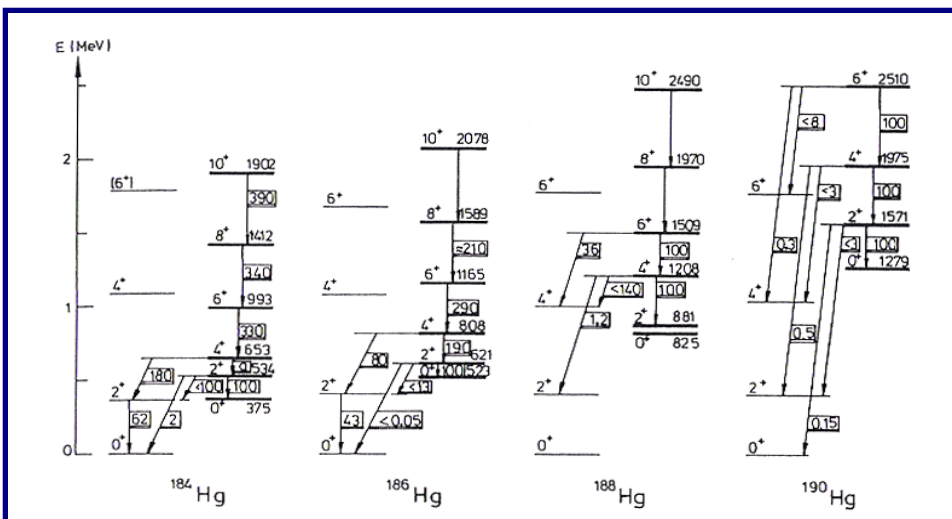
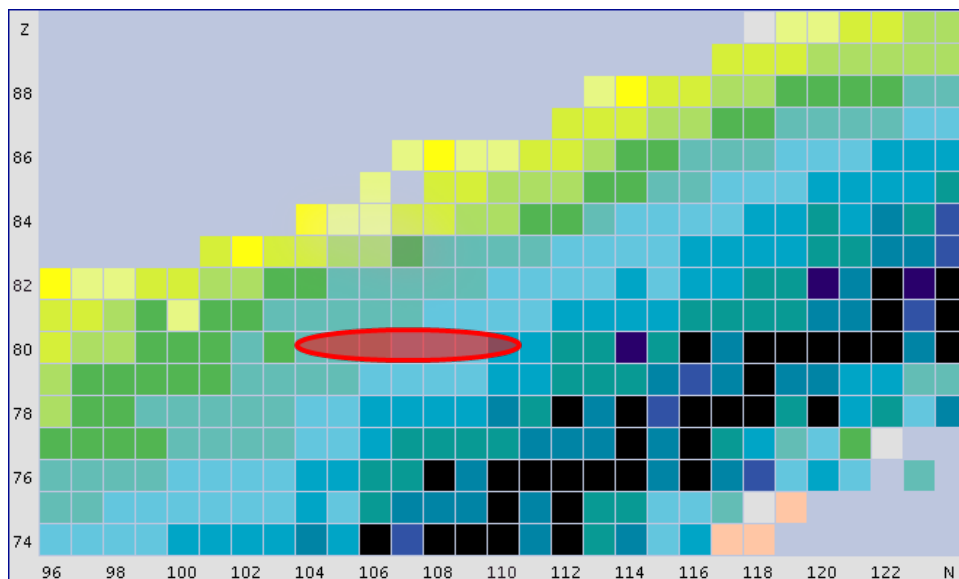
## **$^{70}\text{Se}$ at REX-ISOLDE**

*A.M. Hurst et al., PRL 98, 072501 (2007)*



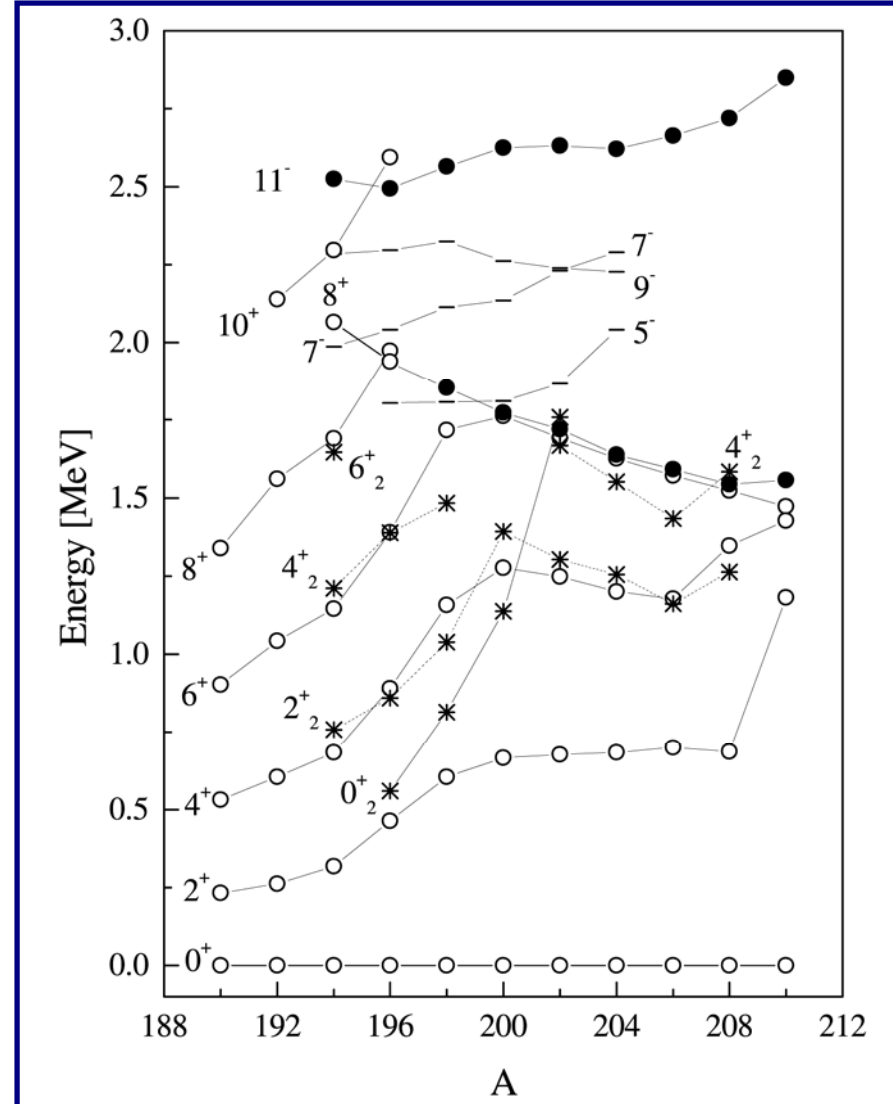
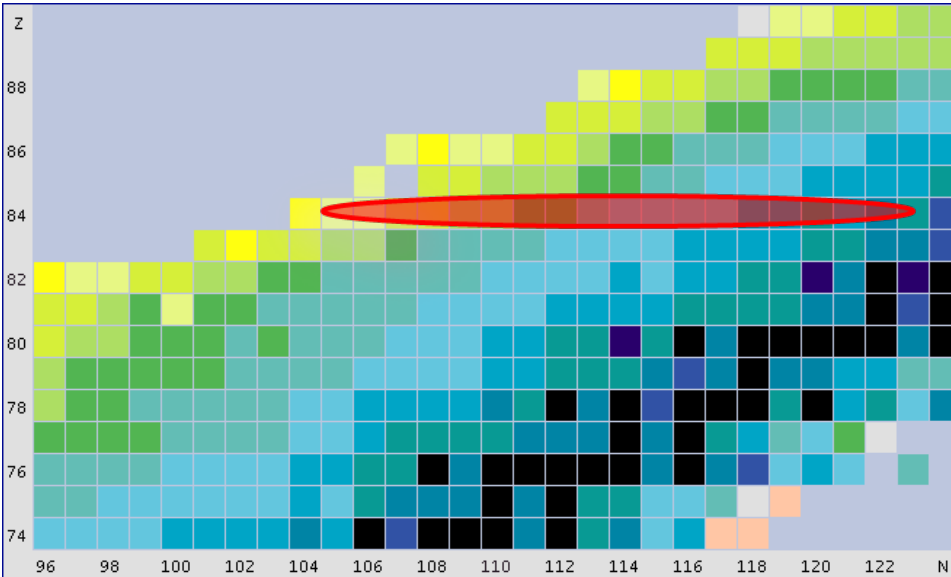


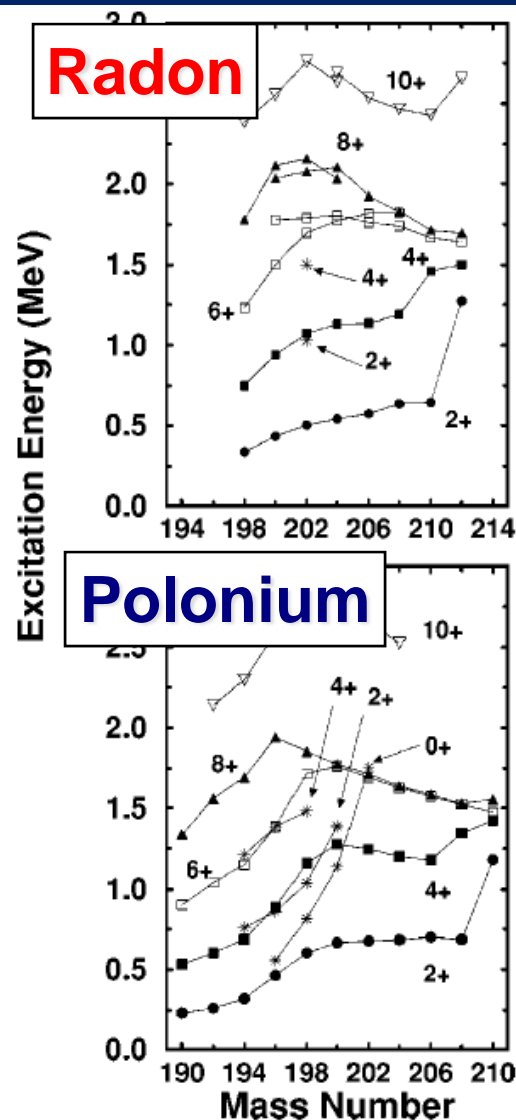
# Mercury Isotopes





# Light Polonium Isotopes





Macroscopic-microscopic models predict that **deformed ground states** exist beyond  $^{202}\text{Rn}$ .

$E(4+)/E(2+)$  ratio for  $^{198,200,202}\text{Rn}$  typical of an **anharmonic vibrational** system.

*S.J. Freeman et al., PRC 50 R1754 (1994)*

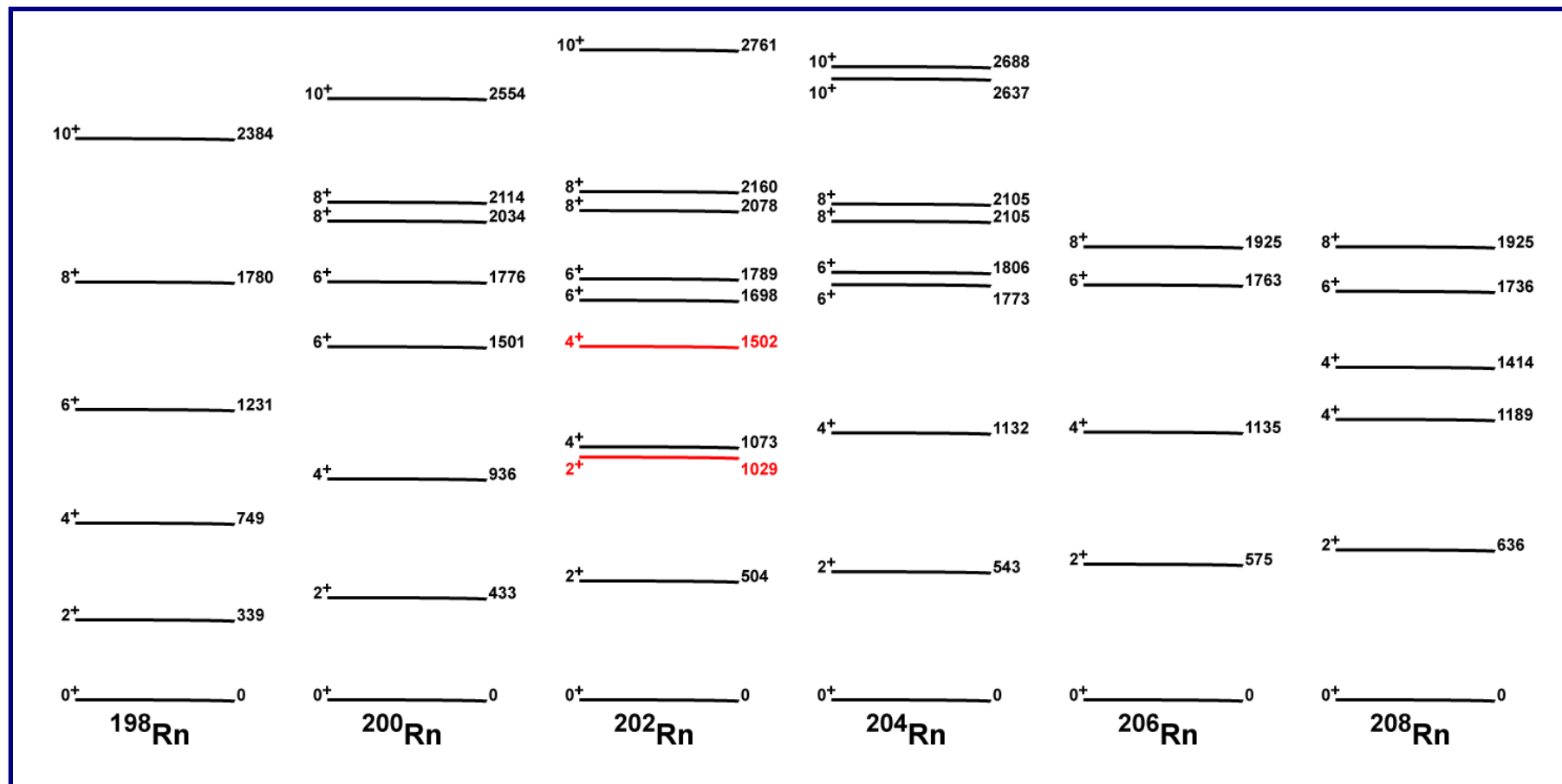
*R.B.E. Taylor et al., PRC 54, 2926 (1996); PRC 59, 673 (1999)*

Evidence found for deformed intruder states in  $^{202,204}\text{Rn}$  which coexist with spherical ground state.

*D.J. Dobson et al., PRC 66 064321 (2002)*



# Low Lying Levels in Rn Isotopes



**Noble gas** – easily purified using  
**Plasma cooled** transfer line.

PS Booster and ThC target:

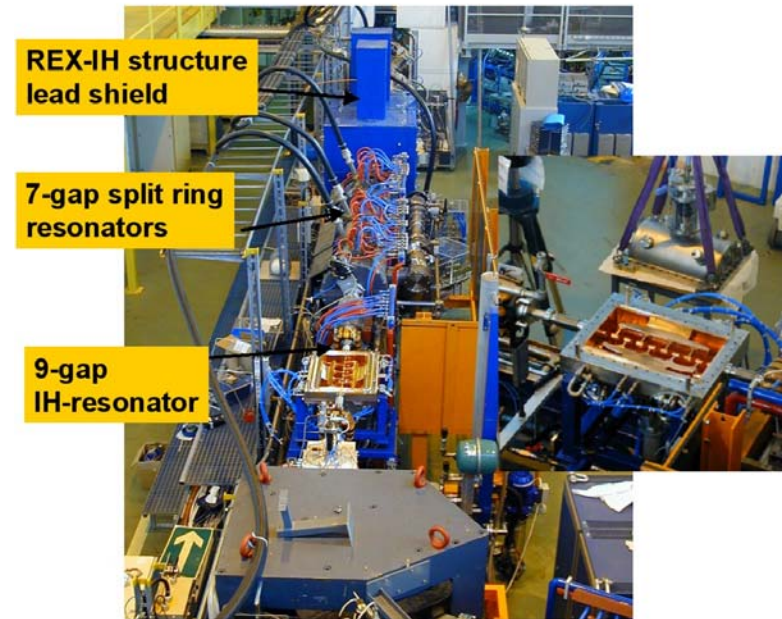
$^{202}\text{Rn}$  -  $9 \times 10^5$  ions/ $\mu\text{C}$

$^{204}\text{Rn}$  -  $2 \times 10^7$  ions/ $\mu\text{C}$

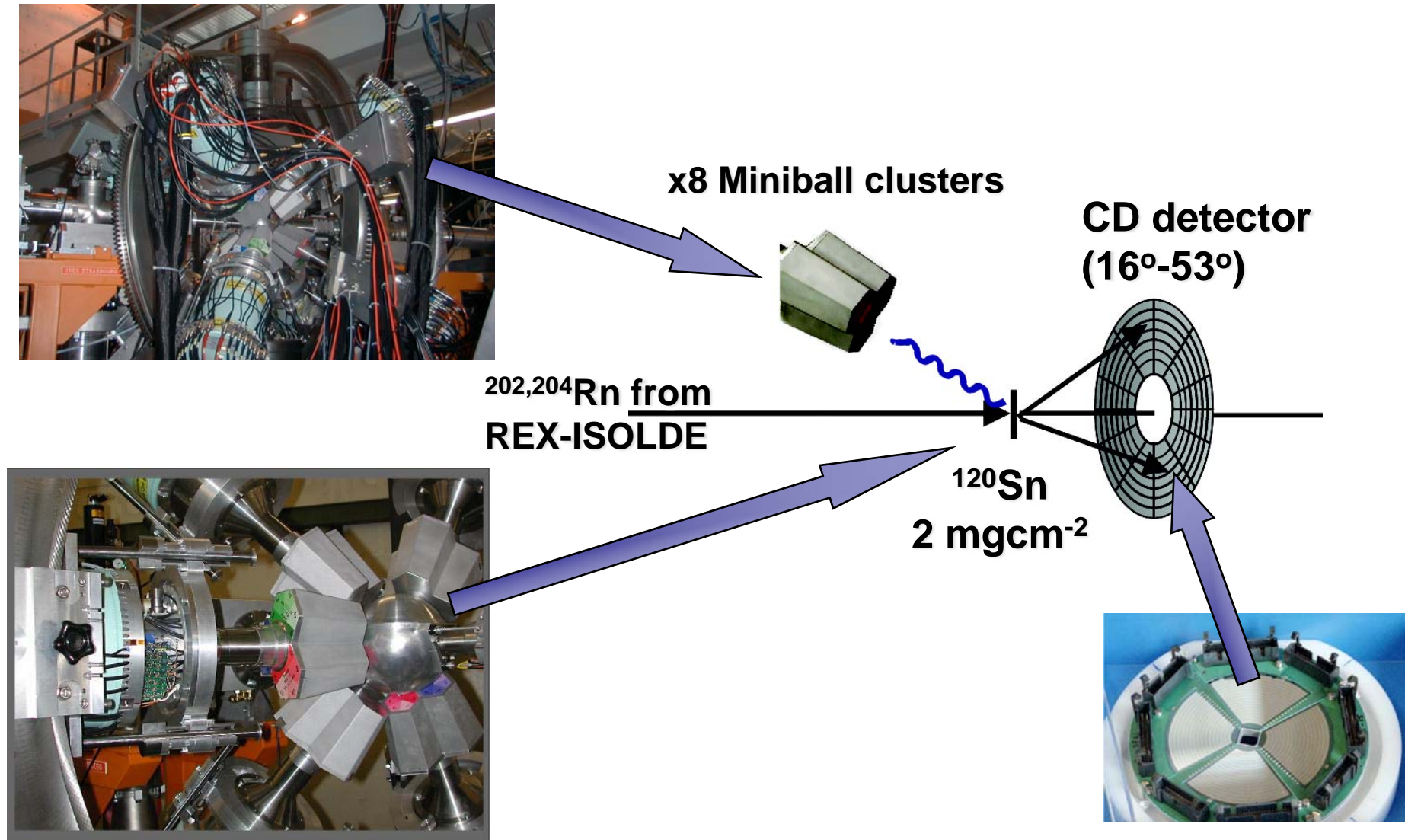
**Intensity at Miniball:**

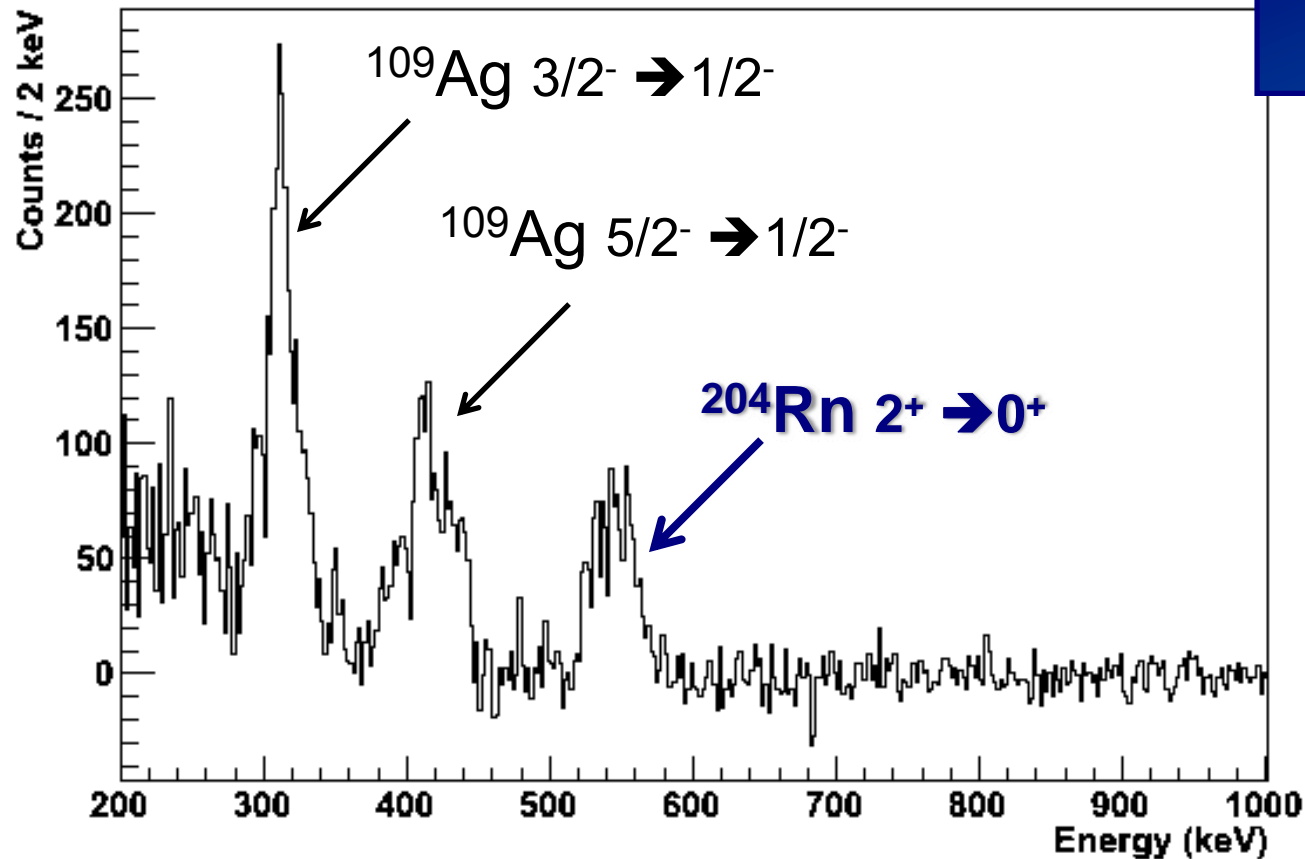
$^{202}\text{Rn}$  –  $3 \times 10^4$  ions / s

$^{204}\text{Rn}$  –  $2 \times 10^5$  ions / s



	Energy	Hours
$^{204}\text{Rn}$	2.9 MeV / u	69
$^{202}\text{Rn}$	2.9 MeV / u	16
$^{202}\text{Rn}$	2.28 MeV / u	26





$^{204}\text{Rn} + ^{109}\text{Ag}$

2.9 MeV / u

$6^+$  1806  
 $6^+$  1773

$4^+$  1132

589

$2^+$  543

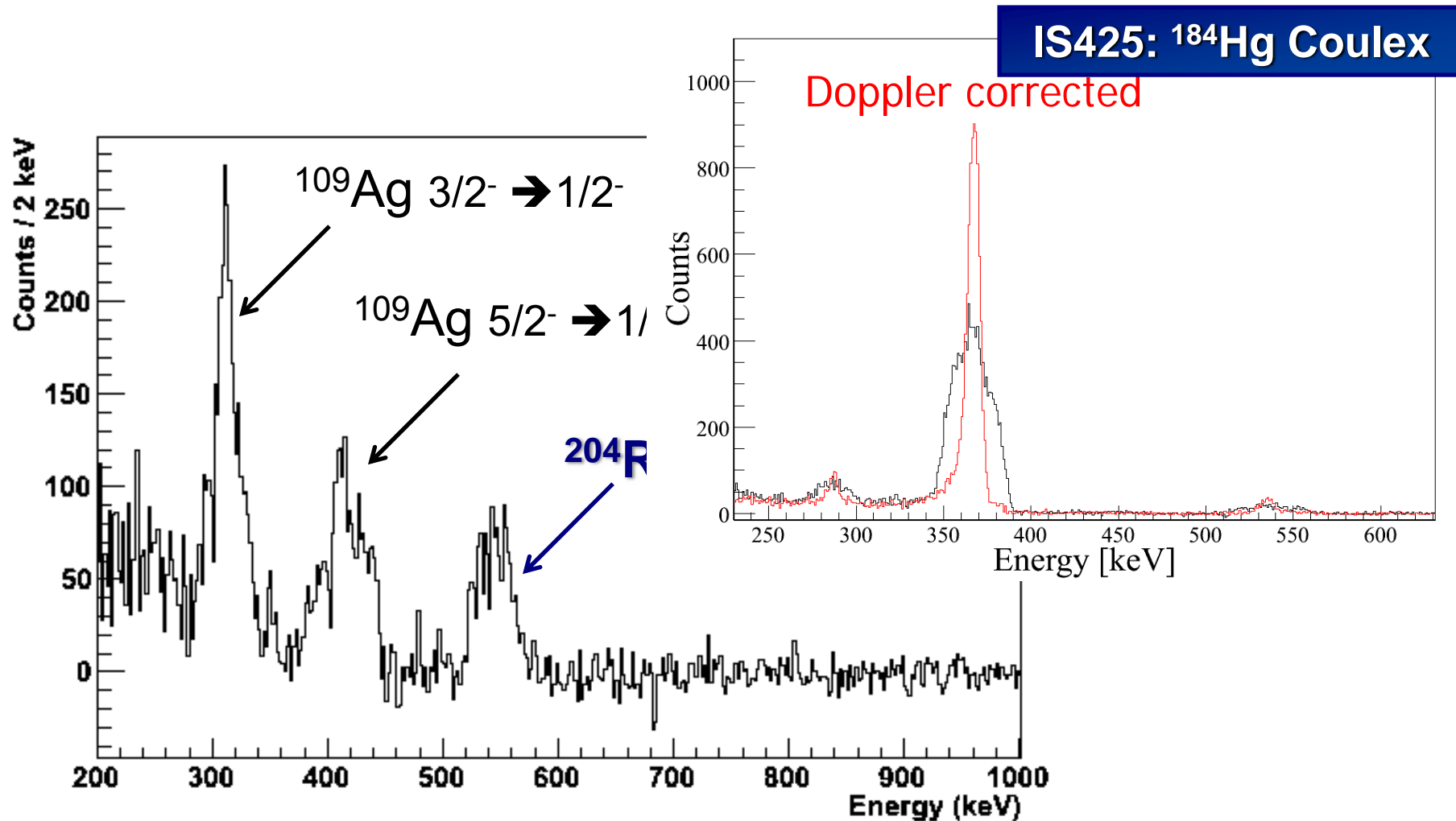
543

$0^+$  0

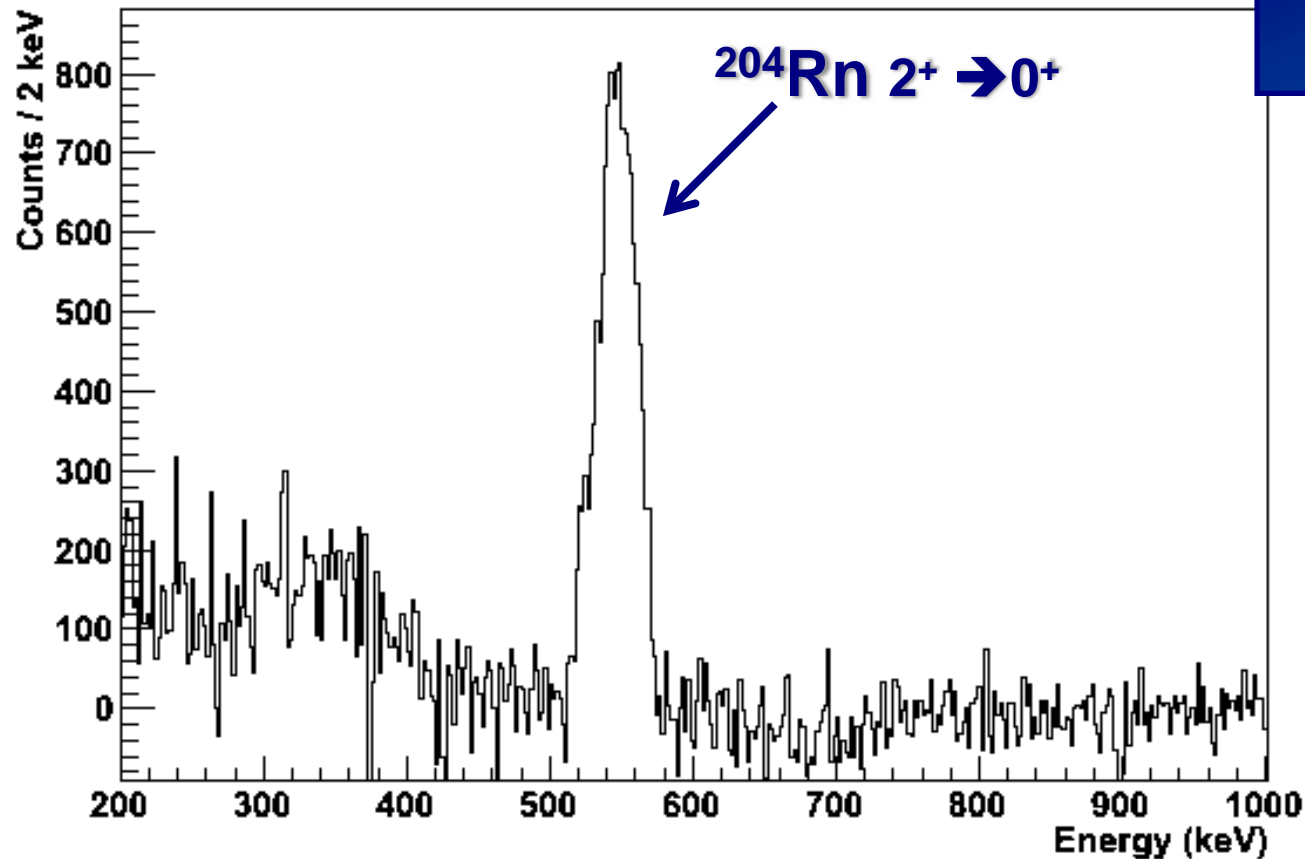
$^{204}\text{Rn}$



# Preliminary Results: $^{204}\text{Rn}$



# Preliminary Results: $^{204}\text{Rn}$



$^{204}\text{Rn} + ^{120}\text{Sn}$

2.9 MeV / u

$6^+$  ————— 1806  
 $6^+$  ————— 1773

$4^+$  ————— 1132

589

$2^+$  ————— 543

543

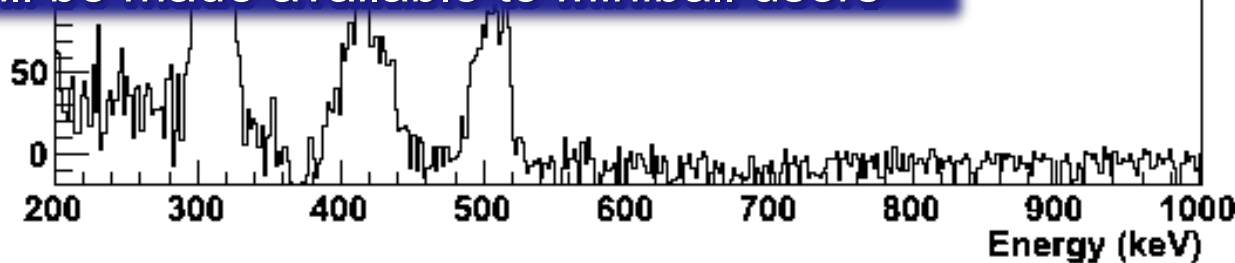
$0^+$  ————— 0

$^{204}\text{Rn}$



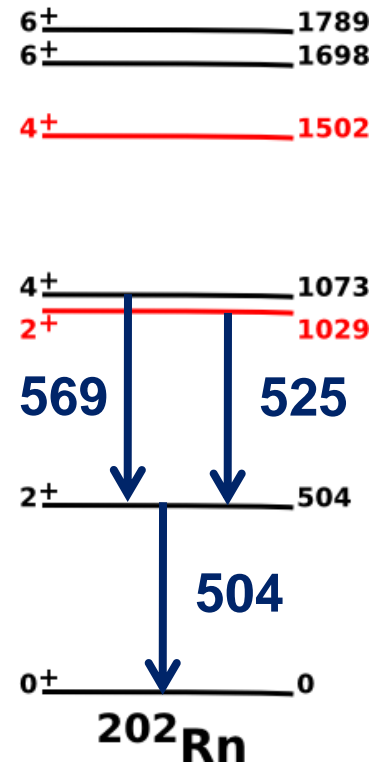
## New Sorting Routine

- med file → ROOT tree
- **General purpose** sorting routine, **easily adapted** to variety of experiments.
- **Quick** → allow analysis of data during run.  
(Possibility to adapt for true online sort)
- Will be made available to Miniball users



$^{202}\text{Rn} + ^{109}\text{Ag}$

2.9 MeV / u



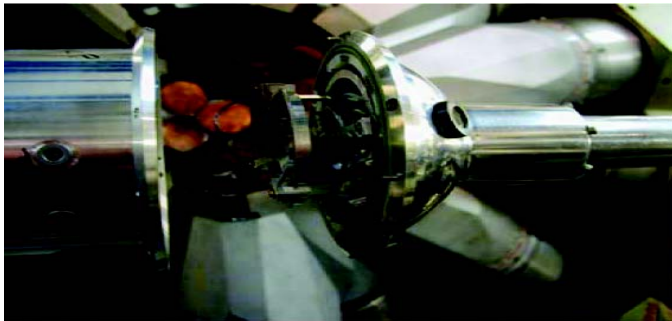


- Successfully post-accelerated  $^{204}\text{Rn}$  and  $^{202}\text{Rn}$  – **heaviest radioactive beam.**

- Observed Coulomb of  $^{204}\text{Rn}$  &  $^{202}\text{Rn}$ .

Analysis is ongoing

- Good data on  $^{204}\text{Rn}$  - extend work to  $^{202}\text{Rn}$  Summer 2009



**Recoil Distance Method (RDM)** measurements with plunger to obtain **independent lifetimes.**

**Conversion electron** studies, help to determine properties of **excited  $0^+$**  states and  **$E0$**  content of  **$j \rightarrow j$**  transitions, related to **rms charge radius.**