



Review of CMS and TOTEM results on Multi Parton Interactions, soft QCD and diffraction.



Grzegorz Brona
(University of Warsaw)
on behalf of

CMS Collaboration

30.06.2015

EDS BLOIS 2015

Borgo, France

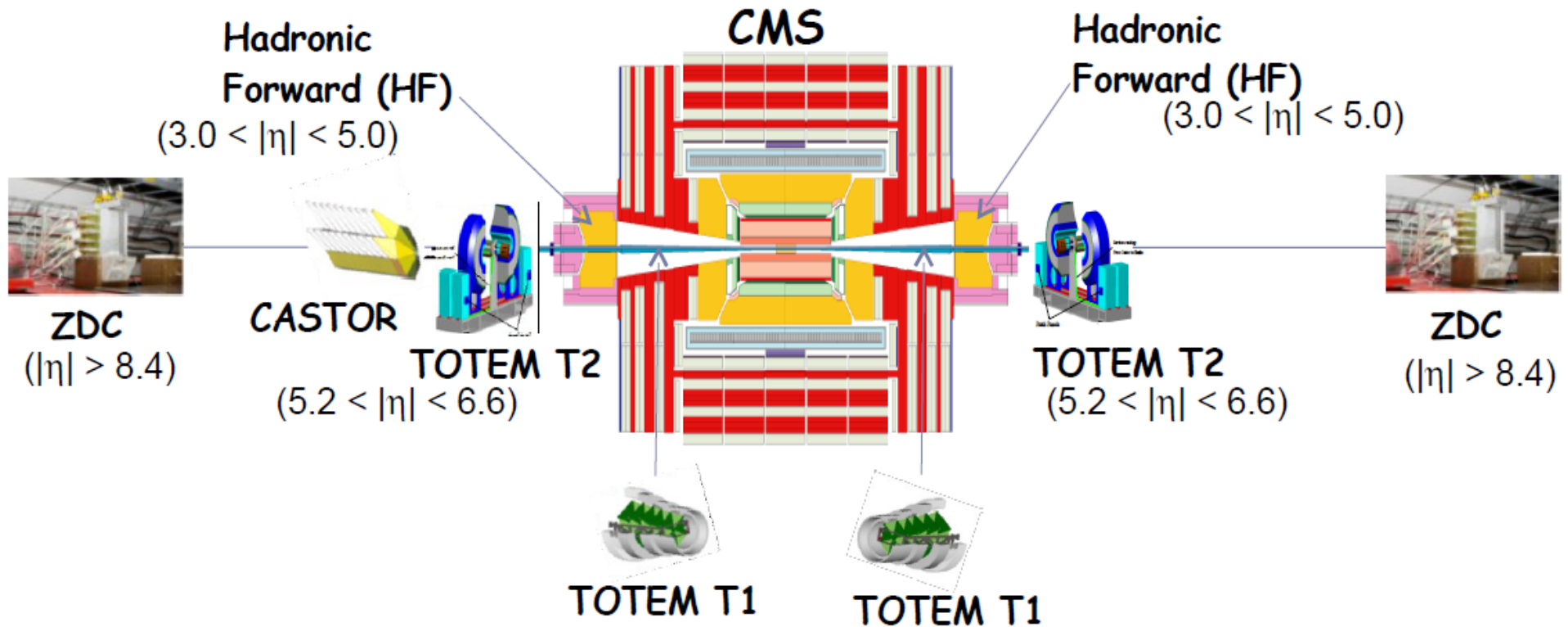


Outline

- CMS detector at forward rapidities
- Underlying event with leading tracks (PAS FSQ-12-020)
- Underlying event with leading track jets (PAS FSQ-12-025)
- Charged particles distributions (Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:3053)
- Soft diffraction results (PAS FSQ-12-005)
- TOTEM results on double diffractive disoc. (PRL 111 (2013) 262001)
- Summary

CMS at Forward Rapidities

2



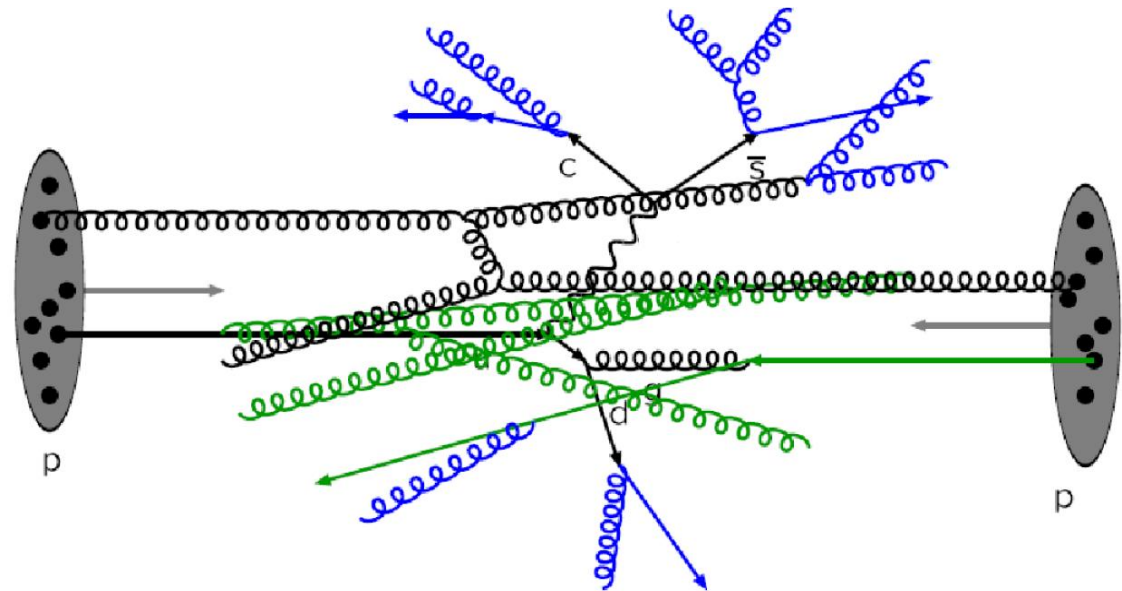
- Tracker $|\eta| < 2.4$, $p_T > 100$ MeV
- Electromagnetic calorimeter ECAL
- Hadronic Calorimeter HCAL
- Muon chambers
- **H**adronic **F**orward calorimeters (HF) $3 < |\eta| < 5$
- **V**ery **F**orward Calorimeter (CASTOR) $5.2 < |\eta| < 6.6$
- **Z**ero **D**egree **C**alorimeter (ZDC)
- **B**eam **S**cintillator **C**ounters BSC: $3.2 < |\eta| < 4.7$
- **F**orward **S**hower **C**ounters FSC: $6 < |\eta| < 8$

+ Totem (T1/T2 tracking detectors and RP roman pots) separate experiment

Underlying Event Activity

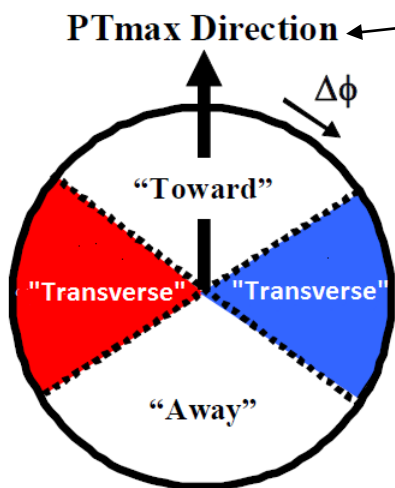
- **Hard scattering**

- Initial and final state radiation
- Multiple Parton Interaction (MPI)
- Beam-beam remnants



Underlying Event

Leading object in an event (track, jet)



- Toward: $|\Delta\phi| < 60^\circ$
- Away: $|\Delta\phi| > 120^\circ$
- Transverse: $60^\circ < |\Delta\phi| < 120^\circ$ – UE activity measured

Underlying Event with Leading Track or Track Jet

4

Data samples:

- Low pile-up runs
- For leading tracks: 0.9 TeV, 7 TeV
- For leading track jets: 2.76 TeV (0.9 TeV and 7 TeV: JHEP 1109 (2011) 109)
- Minimum Bias trigger (BSC) + + jet triggers (thresholds 20, 40 GeV)

Vertex requirements:

- Only one vertex within 10 cm around the interaction point

Leading tracks selection:

- $p_T > 0.5$ GeV and $|\eta| < 0.8$

Leading track jet selection:

- Leading track jet with $p_T > 1$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.0$, clustered with SISCone 0.5
- Tracks used: $p_T > 0.5$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$

Observables:

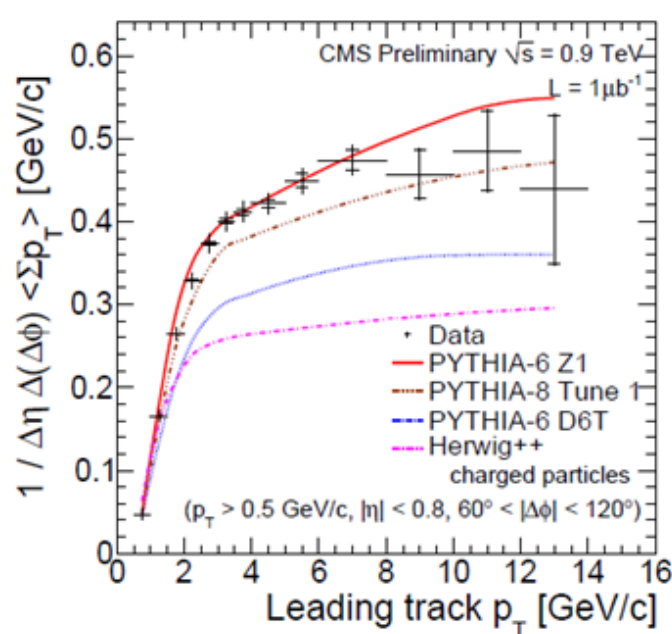
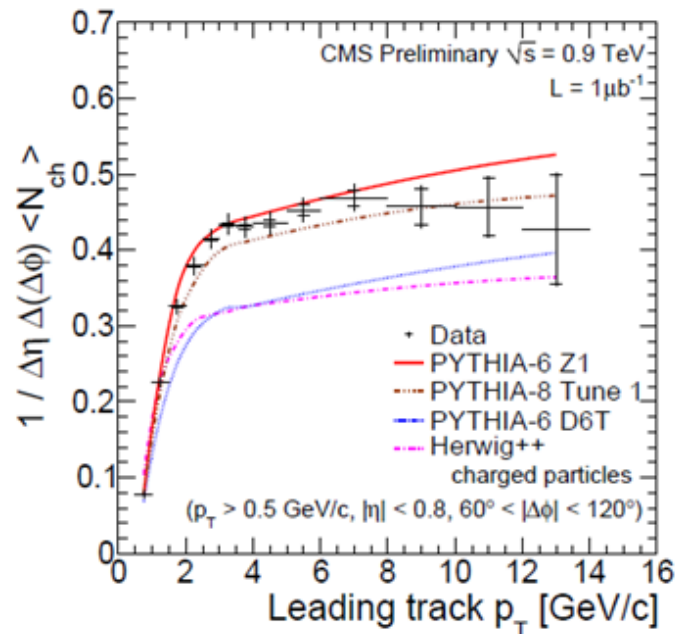
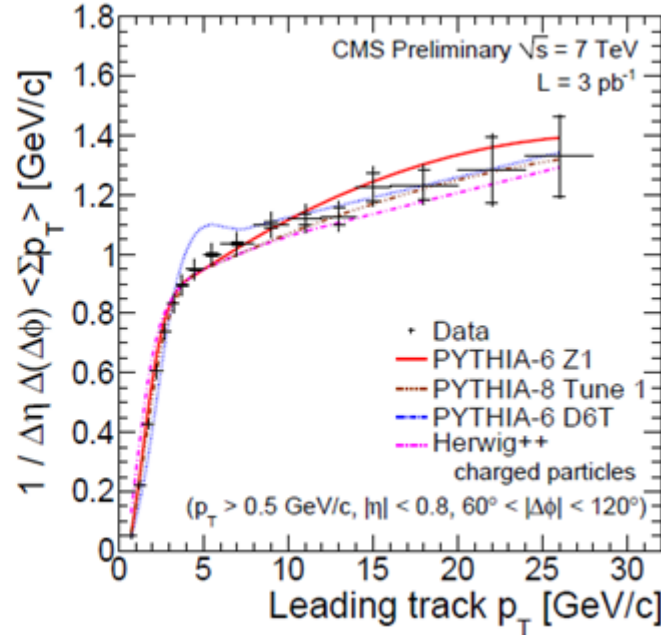
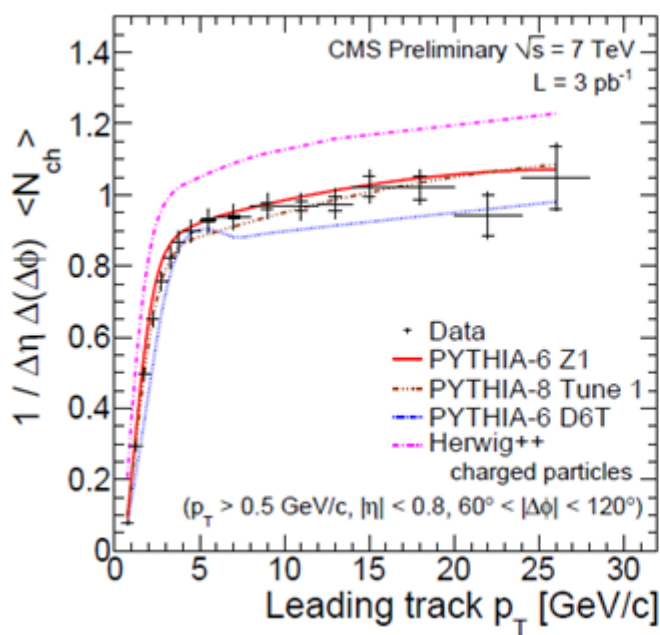
- The charge density: N_{ch}
- The transverse momentum density: $\sum p_T$



As a function of the leading object p_T

Underlying Event with Leading Track

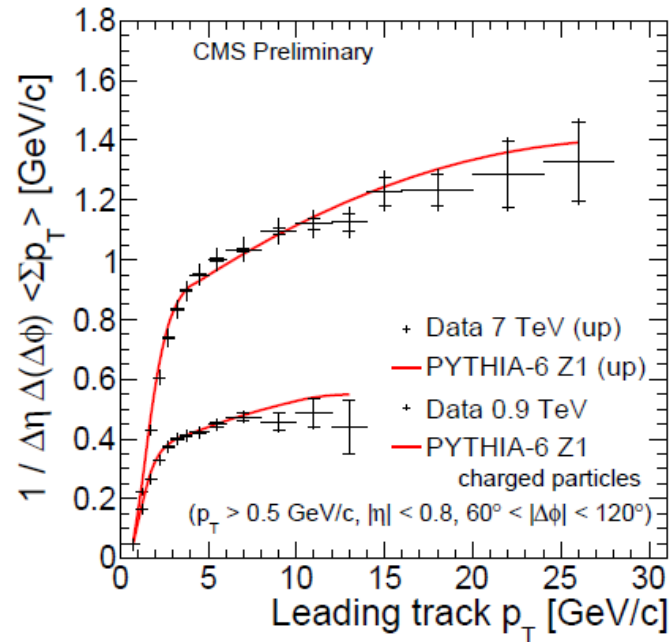
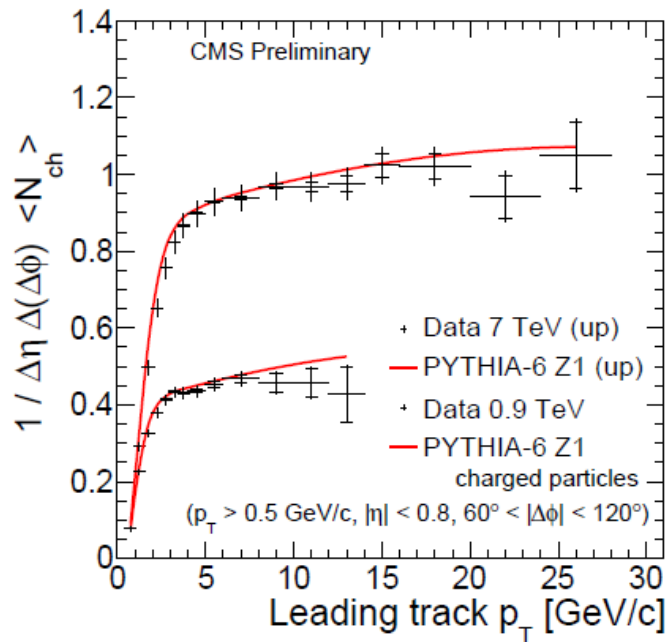
5



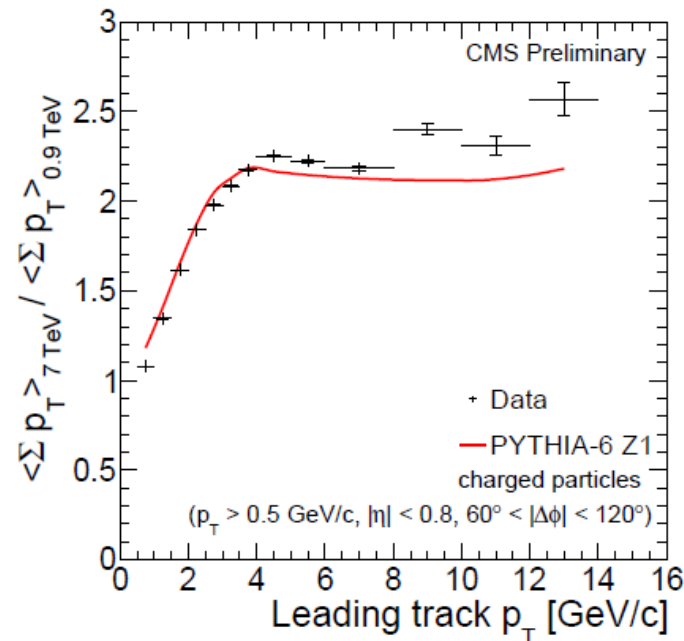
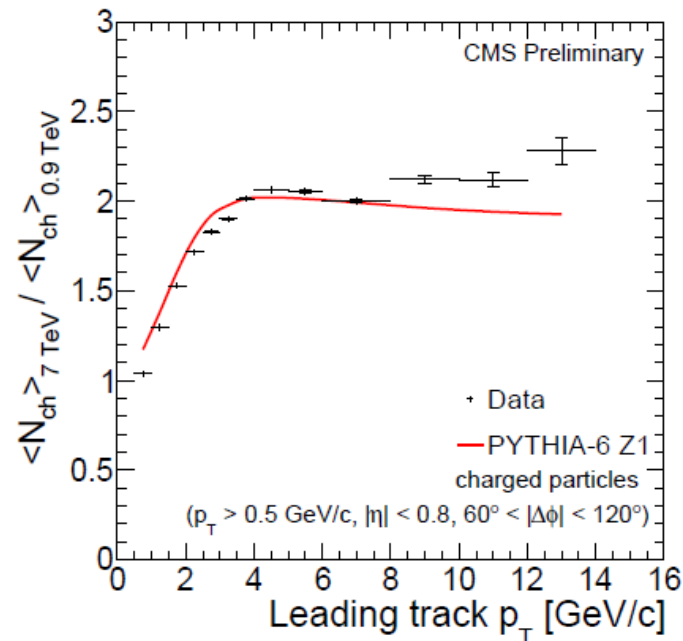
- Rapid raise for $p_T < 5 \text{ GeV}$
→ increase of MPI
corresponding to more central collisions
- Plateau region, slow increase of the UE activity due to radiative contributions, energy scale, harder fragmentation
- PYTHIA6-Z1 and PYTHIA8-T1 are in agreement with the data
- HERWIG++ predicts softer spectrum
- HERWIG++ , PYTHIA6-D6T predict much less activity

Underlying Event with Leading Track

6



- PYTHIA-Z1 selected for comparison – best description in both observables at both energies
- Increase 2-2.5 between the energies at the plateau region

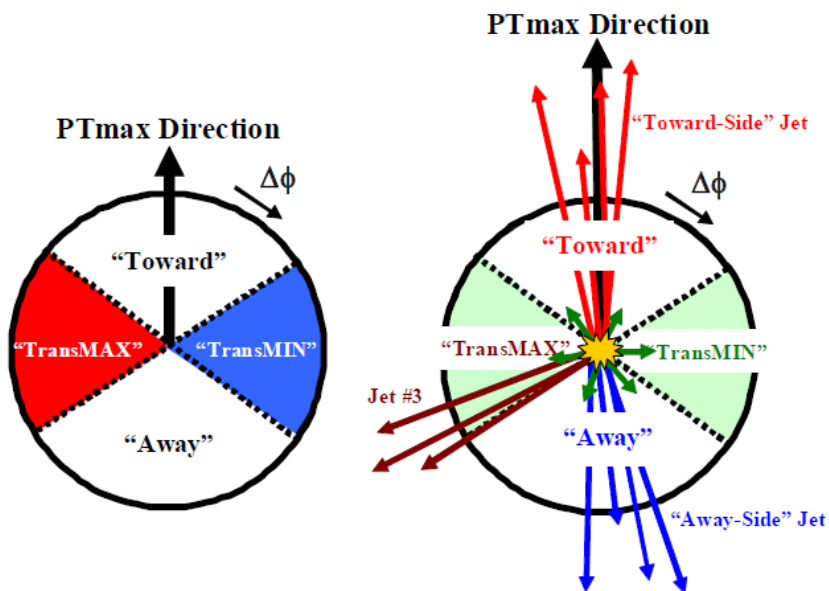


Underlying Event with Leading Track Jet

7

Leading object in an event – a charged particle jet

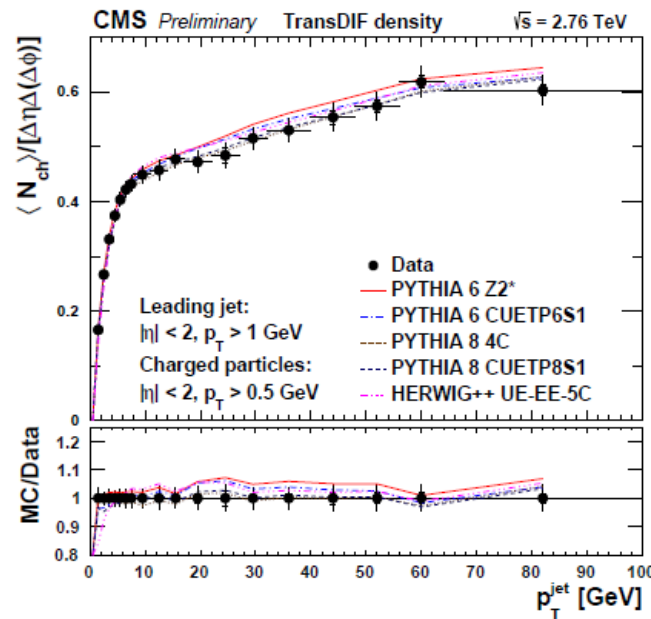
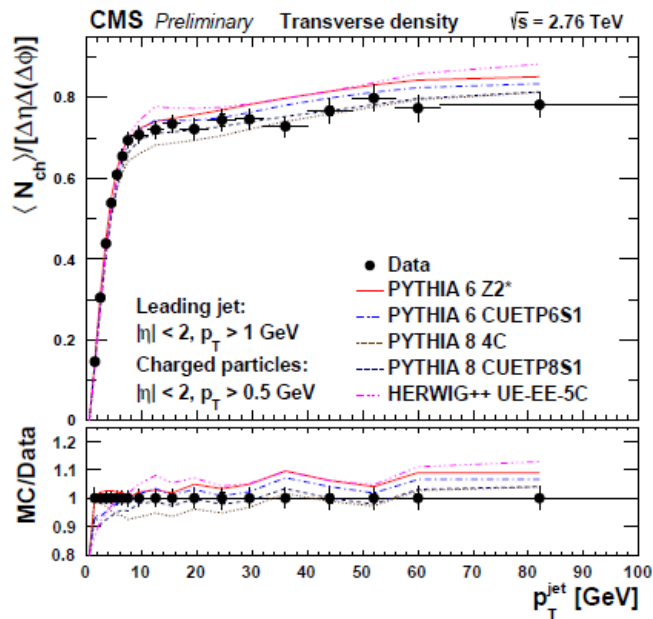
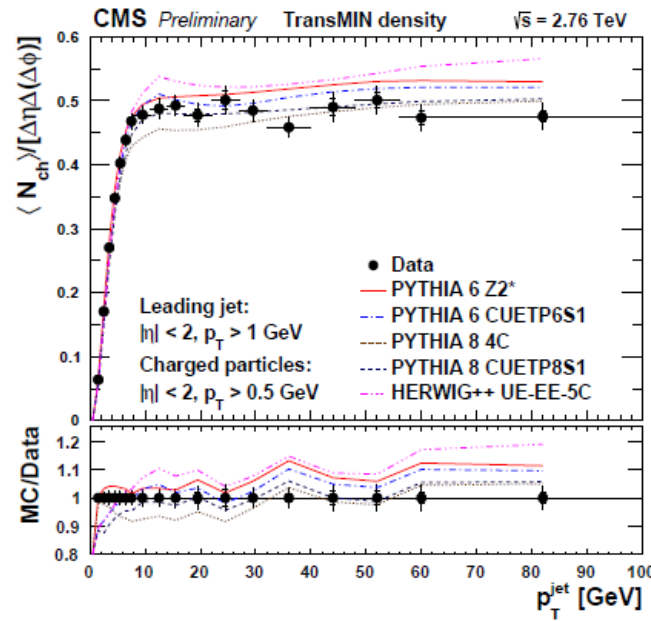
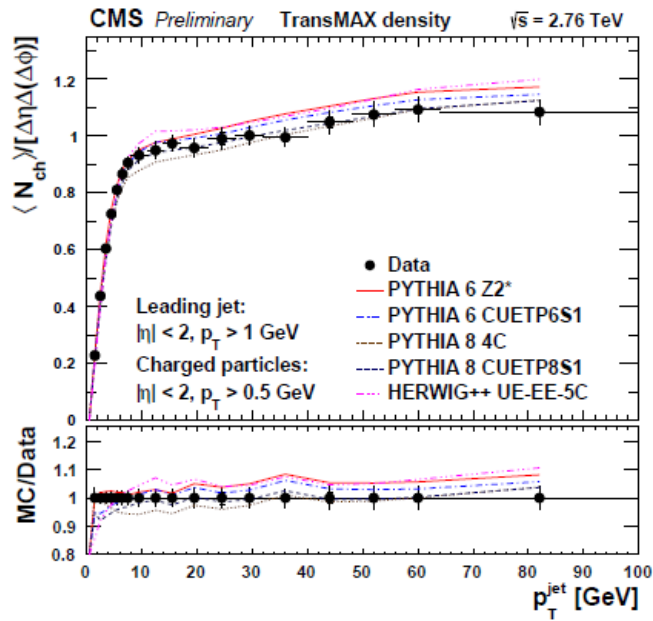
- Measurement up to higher p_T scales
- Decrease sensitivity to the hadronization and shower effects
- Jet clustering – based only on the information from tracker → access to lower p_T



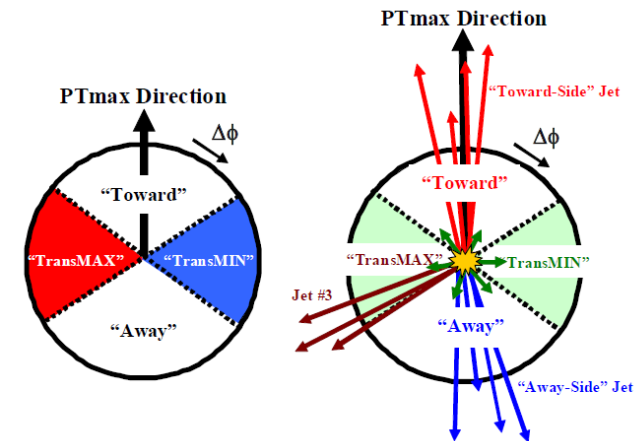
Transverse region divided:

- TransMIN – lower activity, sensitive to MPI + beam-beam remnants
- TransMAX – higher activity, sensitive to MPI + beam-beam remnants + **initial and final radiation**
- TransDIF = TransMAX – TransMIN, sensitive to initial and final radiation

Underlying Event with Leading Track Jet

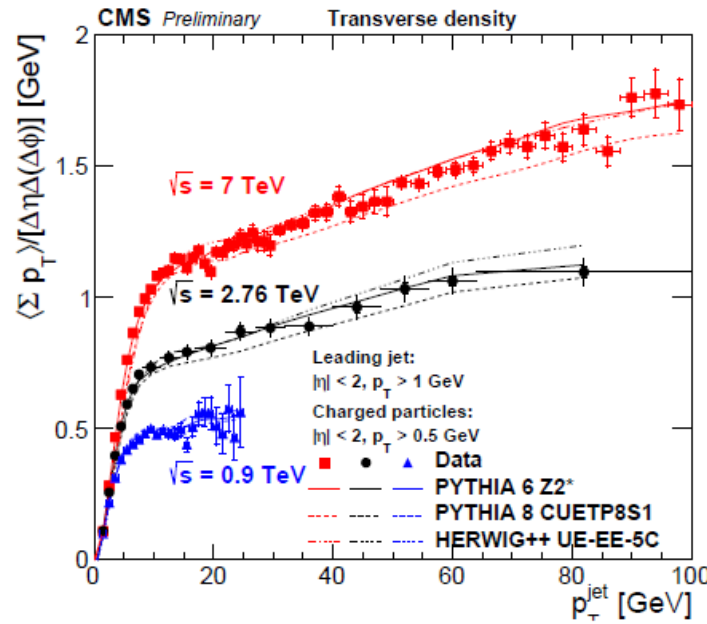
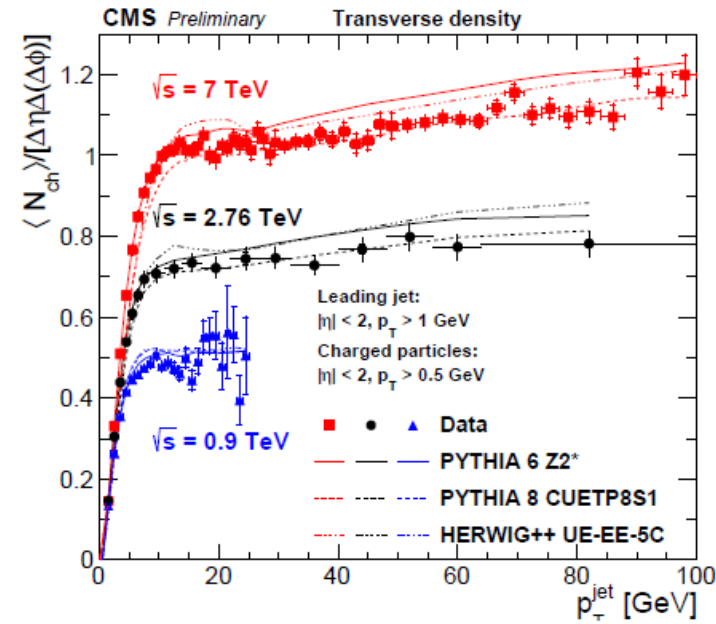


- In TransMAX slow rise at large p_T – increase of initial and final state radiation
- In TransMIN a plateau at large p_T visible - MPI and beam-beam remnant almost independent on the hard scale once the most central events selected
- The difference from initial and final state radiation - TransDIF

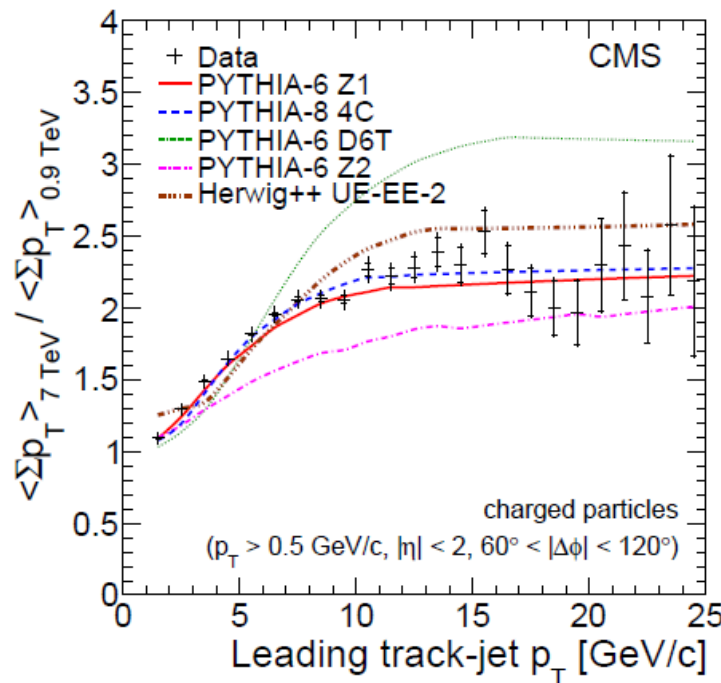
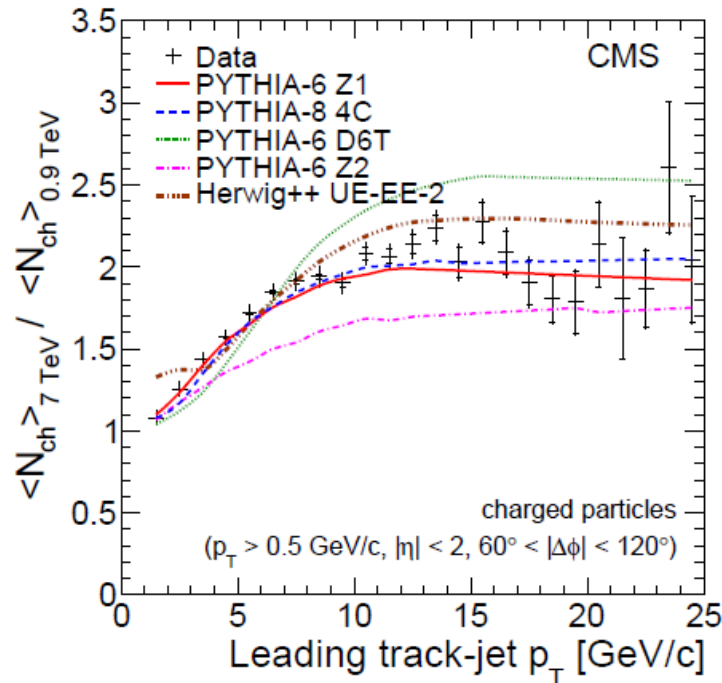


Underlying Event with Leading Track Jet

9



- Transverse density rises with energy
- The best description is obtained with new tunes, eg. PYTHIA8 CEUTP8S1 or PYTHIA6 Z2*
- Older tunes give much less accurate description



Charged particles distribution

10

Data sample:

- 8 TeV 2012 data, $17,4 \text{ nb}^{-1}$, $\beta^*=90 \text{ m}$
- Trigger provided by TOTEM T2 telescopes: charged track $p_T > 40 \text{ MeV}$ in $5.3 < |\eta| < 6.5$
- Data corrected to the stable particle level with Z2* PYTHIA6 tune
- Inclusive sample: track in at least one T2
- Non-single diffractive sample (NSD-enhanced): tracks in both T2s

Vertex requirements:

- Only one vertex within 15 cm around the interaction point

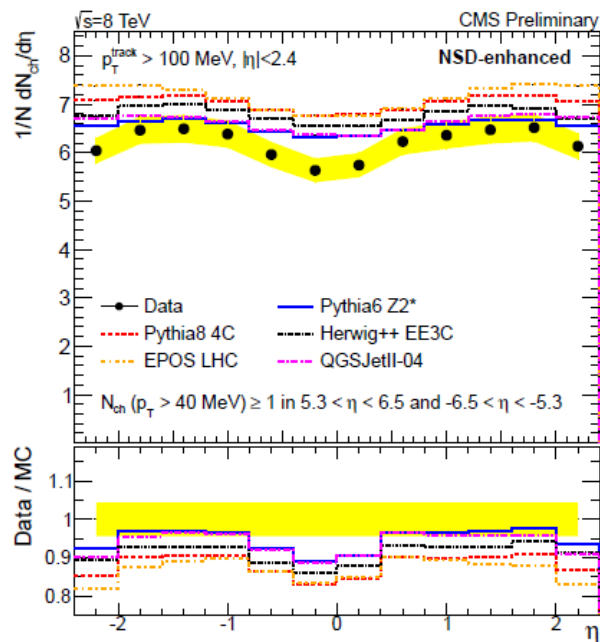
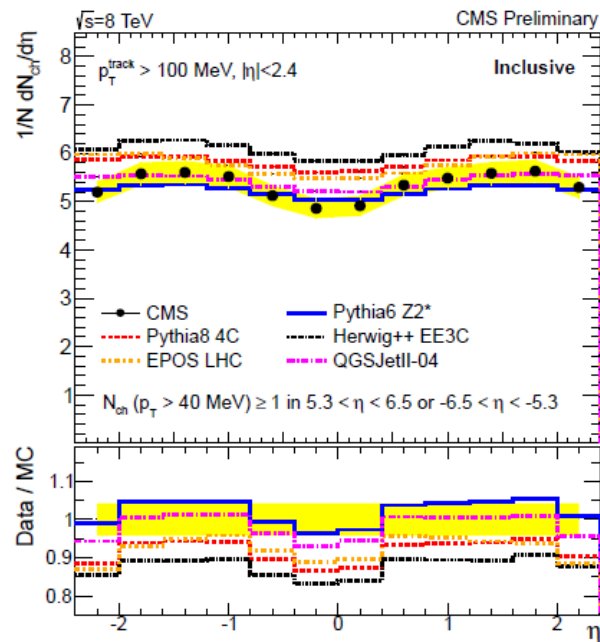
Tracks selection:

- $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$ and $p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Cut on the impact parameters – removal of the secondary tracks

Observables:

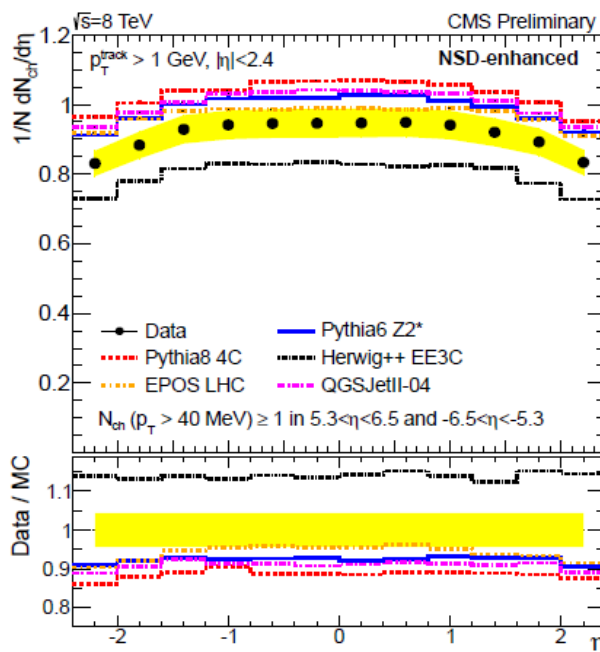
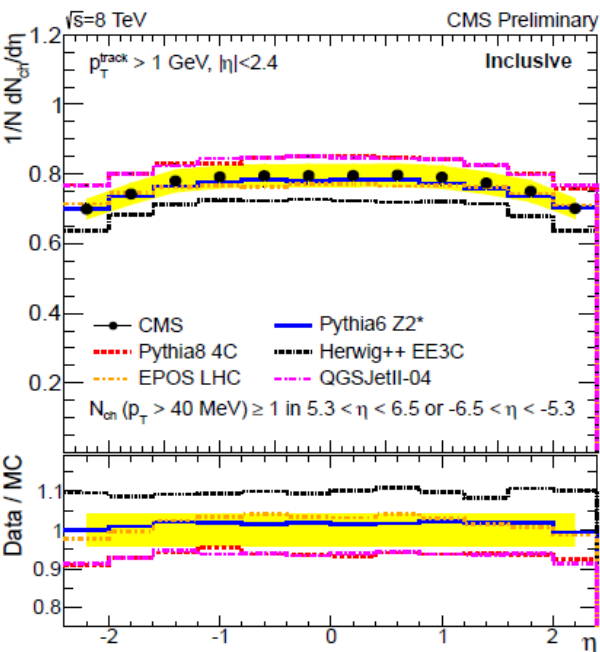
- Charged particle pseudorapidity distribution: $dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta$
- Leading-track transverse momentum distribution: $dN_{\text{ch}}/dp_{T,\text{leading}}$ (additional cut $p_T > 0.4 \text{ GeV}$)

Charged particles distribution



- The average multiplicity for inclusive sample for $p_T > 0.1$ GeV is 5.4 ± 0.2 , for $p_T > 1$ GeV is 0.78 ± 0.03

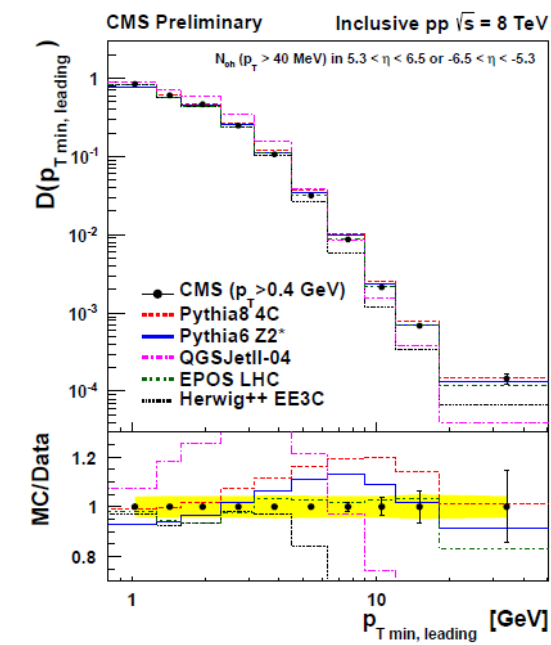
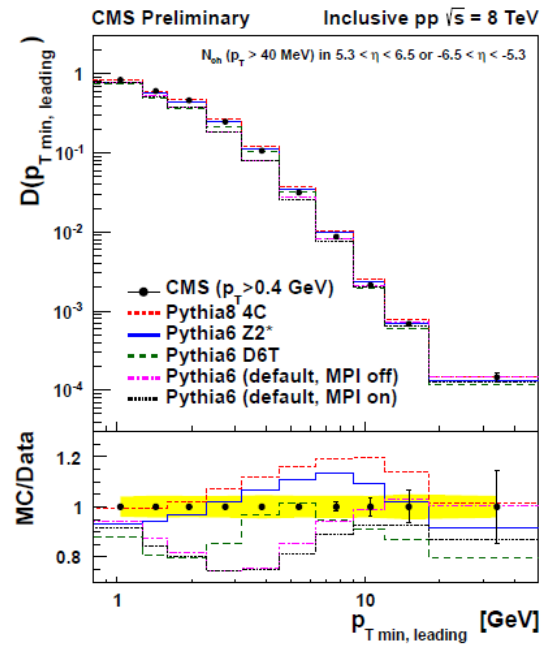
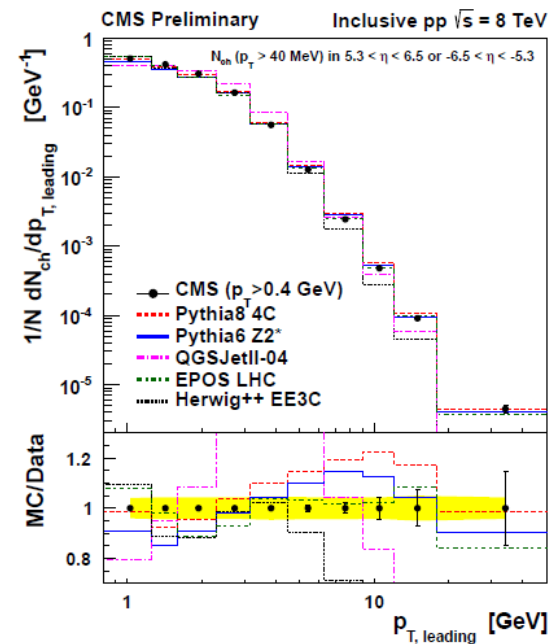
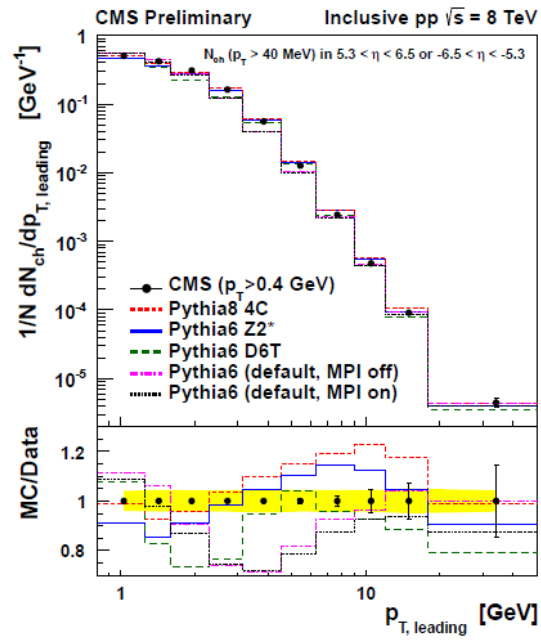
- The average multiplicity for NSD-enhanced sample for $p_T > 0.1$ GeV is 6.2 ± 0.3 , for $p_T > 1$ GeV is 0.93 ± 0.04



- PYTHIA6 Z2* describes the data in inclusive sample best

- In NSD-enhanced sample for $p_T > 0.1$ GeV all models overshoot the data, for $p_T > 1$ GeV all models except for HERWIG++ overshoot the data

Charged particles distribution

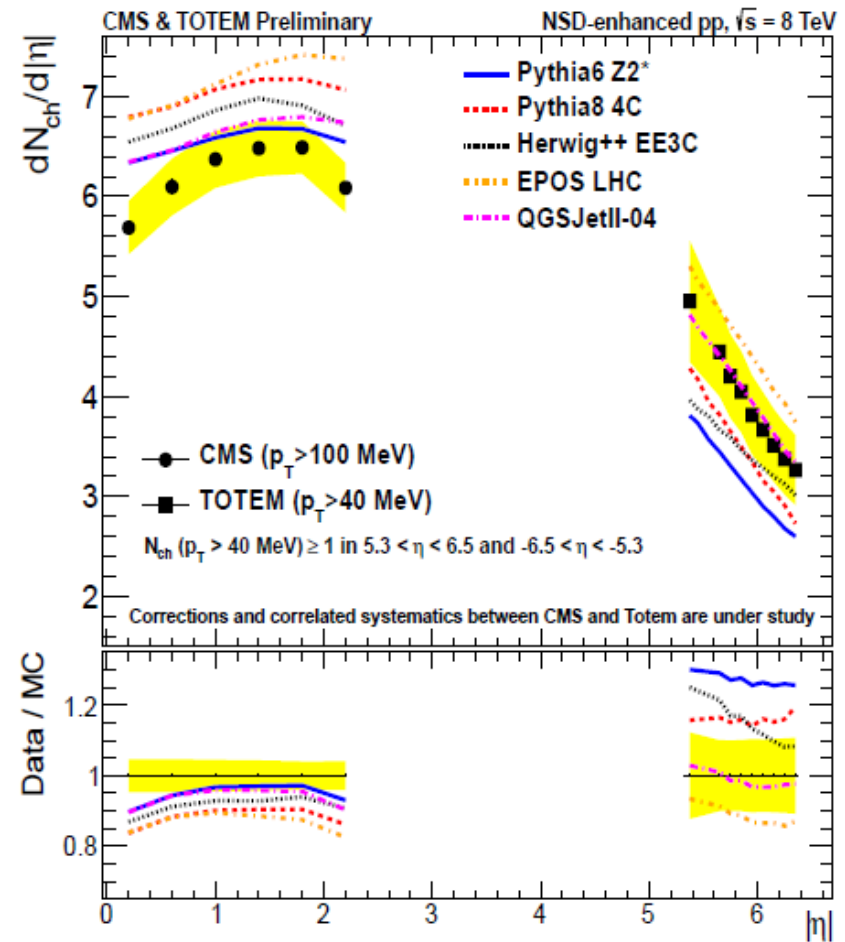
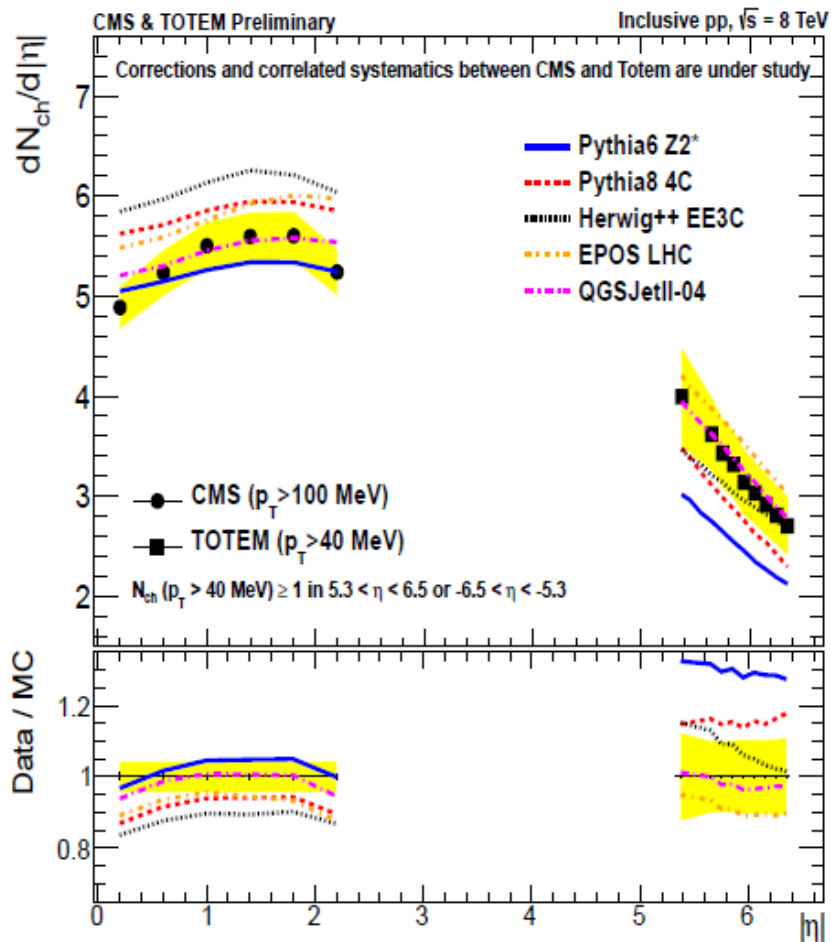


- The shape of the distributions is not well described by any of the models
- Effect of MPI has a small impact
- EPOS LHC seems to describe the data best

$$D(p_{T,min}) = \frac{1}{N_{events}} \sum_{p_{T,leading} > p_{T,min}} \Delta p_{T, leading} \left(\frac{dN_{ch}}{dp_{T,leading}} \right)$$

- The same conclusions holds

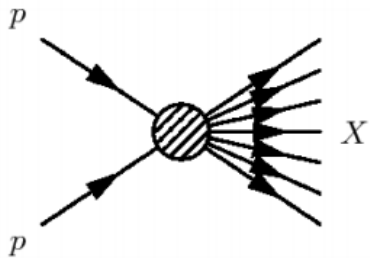
Charged particles distribution



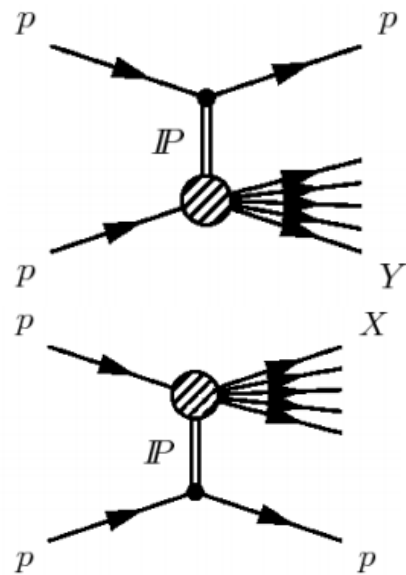
At central detector $p_T > 100$ MeV cut, while in TOTEM $p_T > 40$ MeV cut

Soft Diffraction

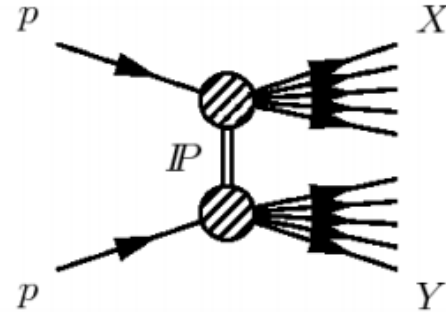
non-diffraction



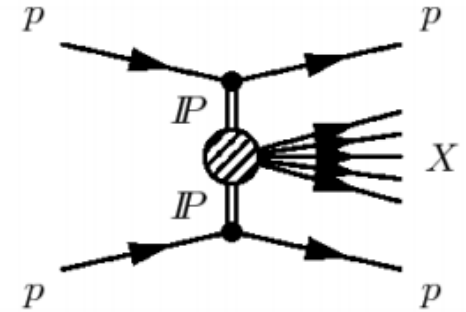
single diffractive dissociation (SD)



double diffractive dissociation (DD)



central diffraction

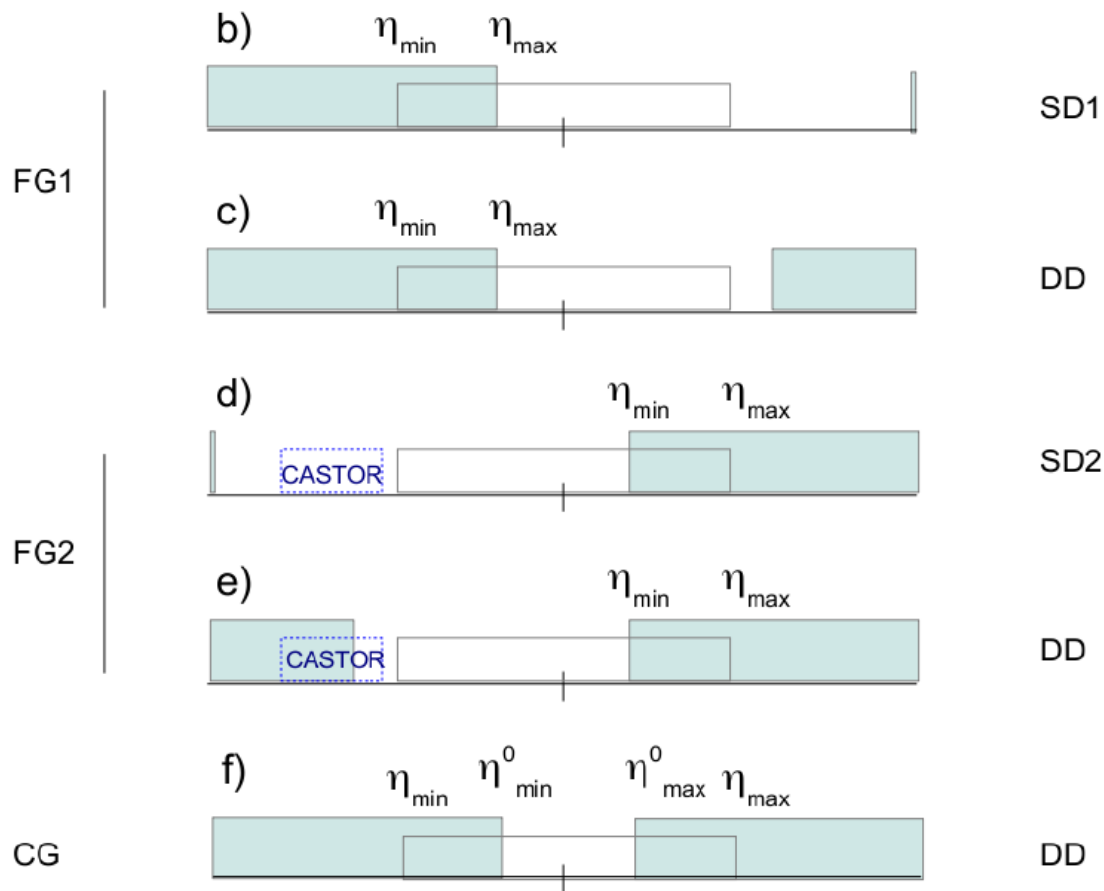


send to PRD,
arXiv:1503.08689
CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-005

Selection:

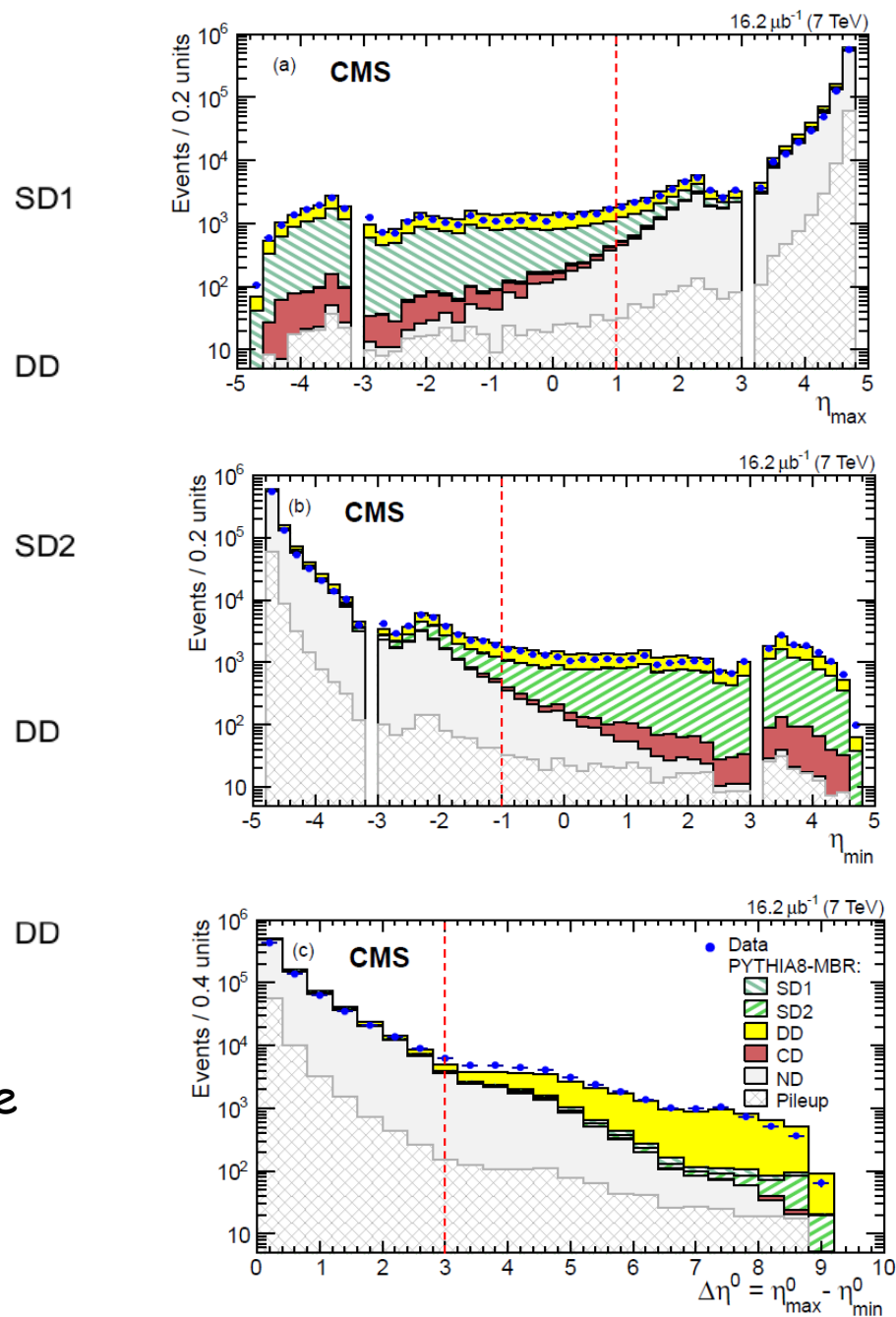
- $\sim 20 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ of low pile-up data ($\mu=0.14$), from 2010
- Online: activity in either of the BSC - Minimum Bias trigger
- No vertex requirement (low diffractive masses $12 < M_X < 100 \text{ GeV}$ accepted)
- Diffractive offline selection: Large Rapidity Gaps within $|\eta| < 4.7$

Diffractive event topologies

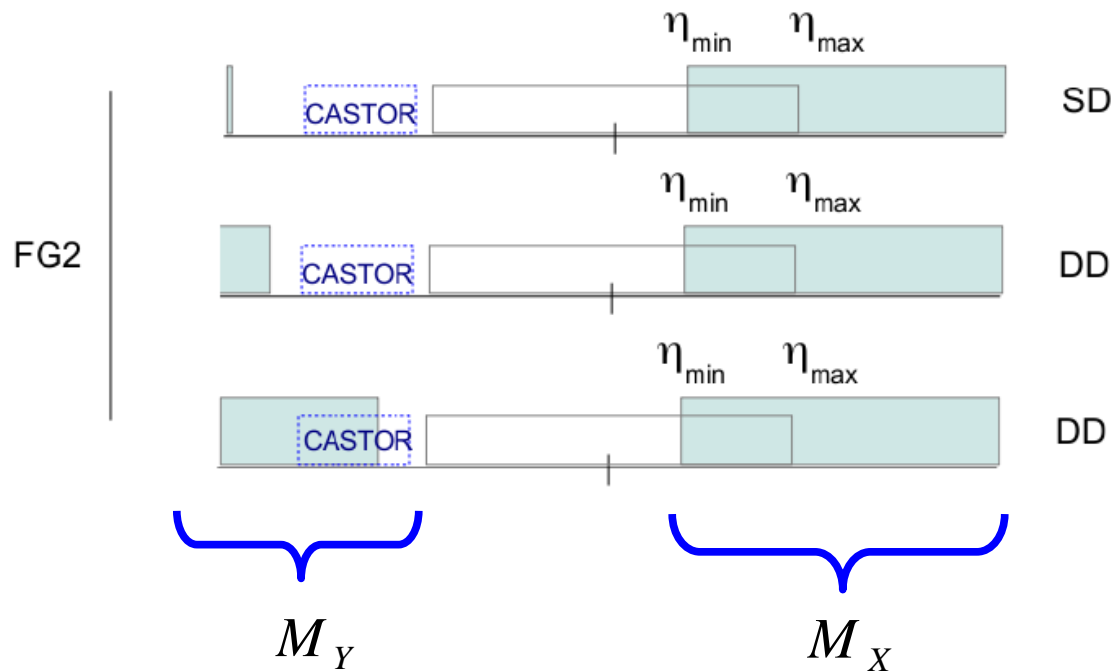


- η_{\max} (η_{\min}) highest (lowest) η of the particle candidate with $|\eta| < 4.7$

- $\Delta\eta = \eta^0_{\max} - \eta^0_{\min}$



Forward gap



$$\log_{10} M_Y < 0.5$$

$$0.5 < \log_{10} M_Y < 1.1$$

M_X, M_Y in GeV

- Variable ξ defined as:

$$\xi_X = \frac{M_X^2}{s}$$

- Reconstructed:

$$\xi_X^{rec} = \frac{\sum (E^i - p_z^i)}{\sqrt{s}}$$

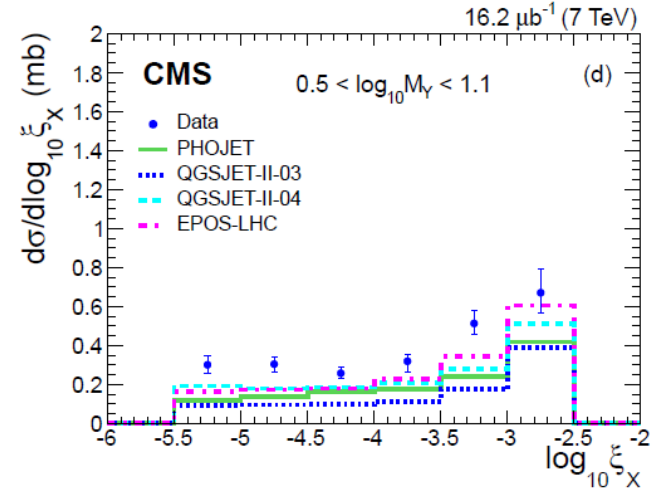
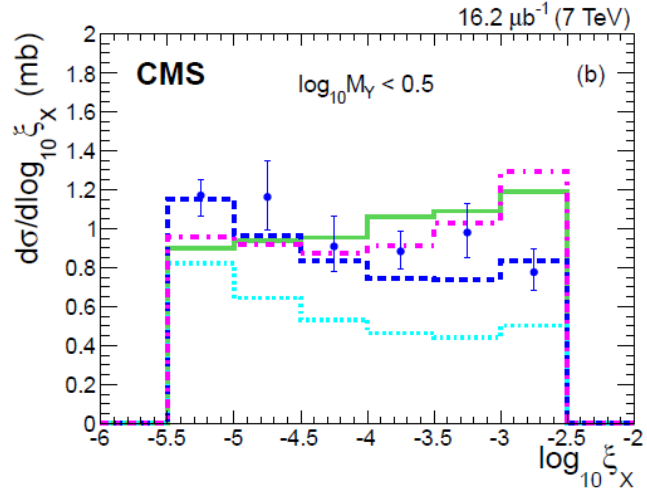
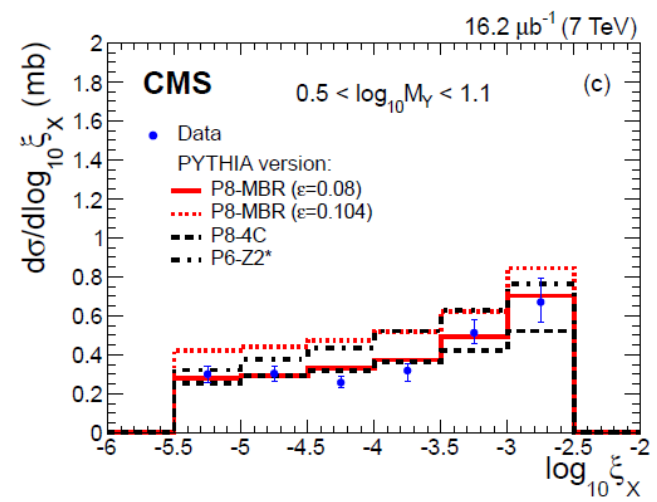
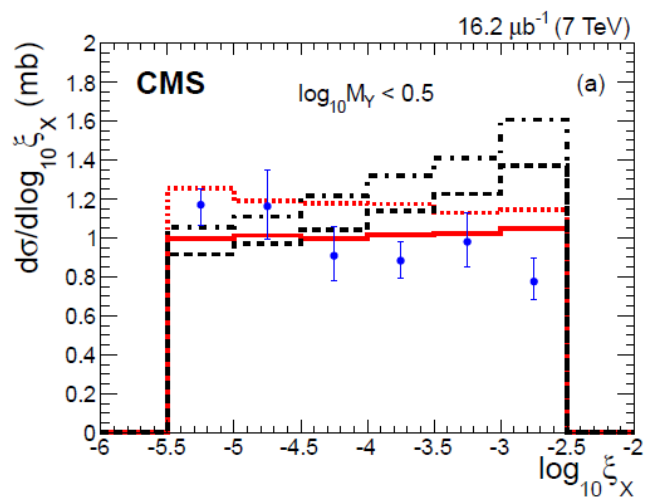
- And corrected for undetected particles:
(PYTHIA 8 MBR)

$$\log_{10} \xi_X^{cal} = \log_{10} \xi_X^{rec} + C(\xi_X^{rec})$$

Forward gap

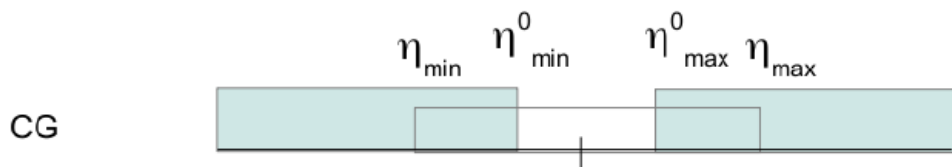
no-CASTOR tag

Castor tag



- Data with tag favor $\epsilon = 0.08$
- PYTHIA8-4C and PYTHIA6-2Z* higher than data in no-CASTOR tag
- PYTHIA8-4C and PYTHIA6-2Z* predicts raising behavior in no-CASTOR tag
- PHOJET, QGSJET, EPOS cannot describe data in tag sample

Central gap



DD Range: $\log_{10} M_X > 1.1$
 $\log_{10} M_Y > 1.1$

$$\Delta\eta = \eta_{max}^0 - \eta_{min}^0$$

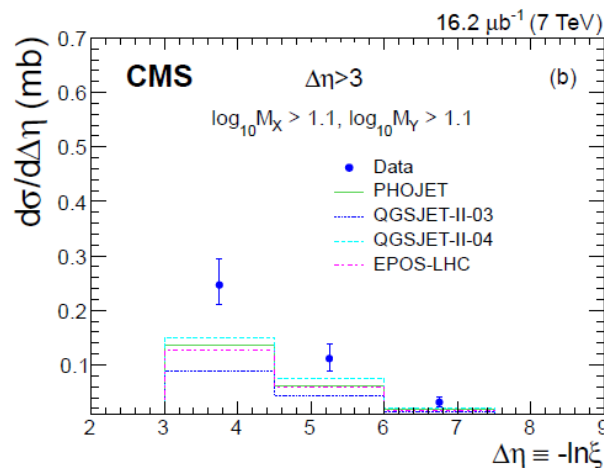
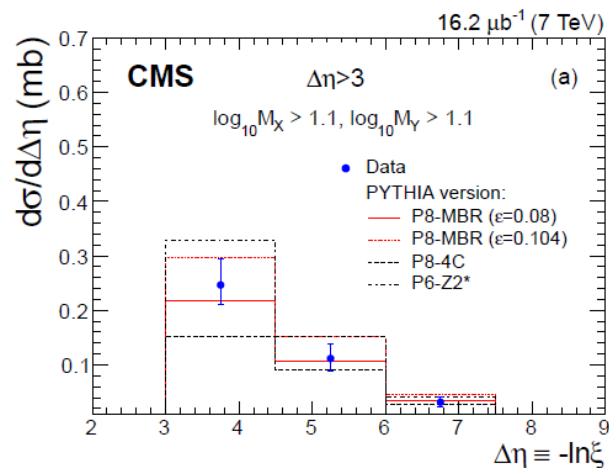
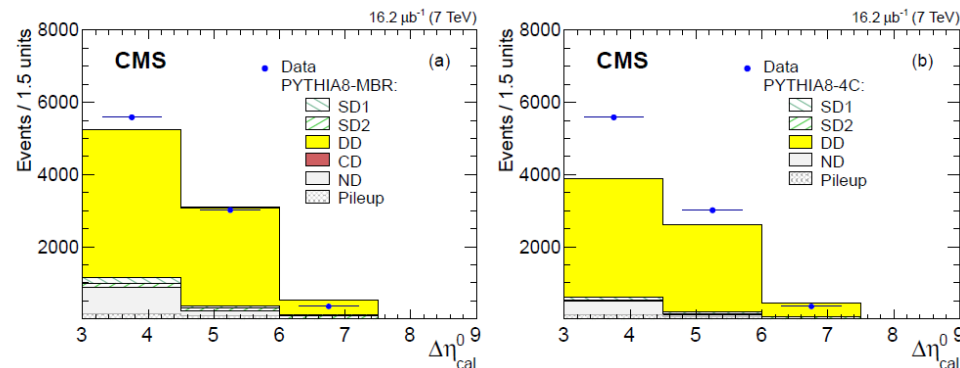
- Reconstructed:

$$\Delta\eta_{rec}$$

- And corrected for detector effects:

$$\Delta\eta_{cal} = \Delta\eta_{rec} - C$$

- Unfolding (response matrix from PYTHIA MBR)



- P8-MBR describes the data
- P8-4C underestimates
- P6-Z2* overestimates
- PHOJET, QGSJET, EPOS underestimates

Cross section

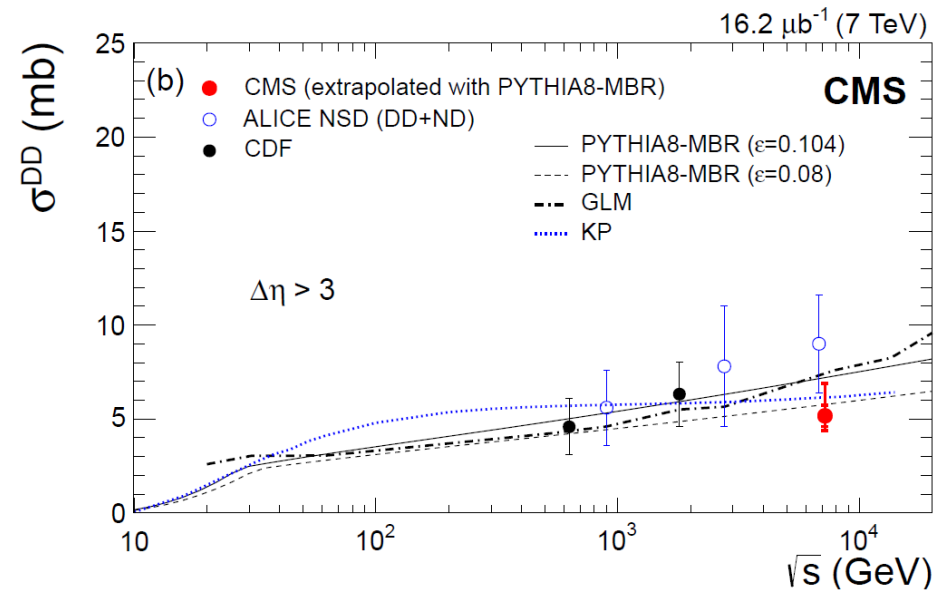
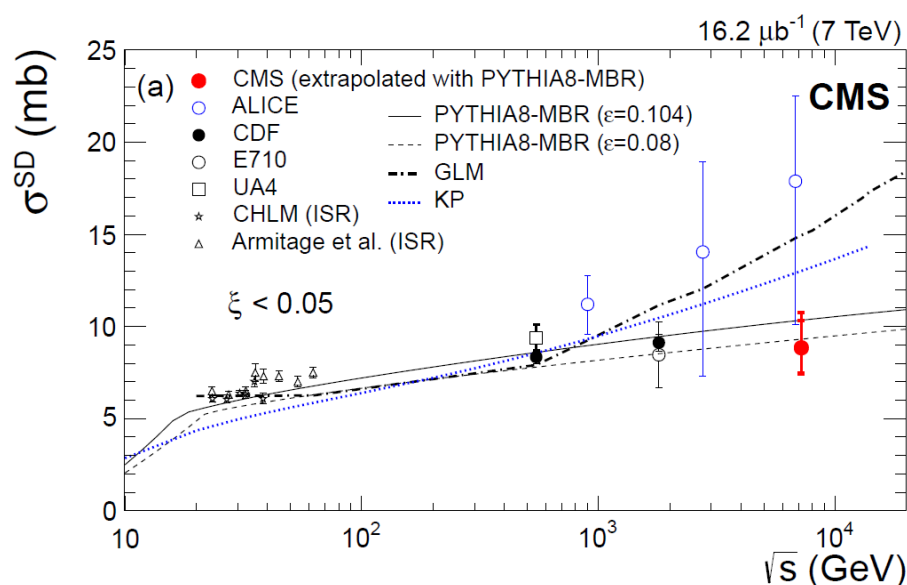
Extrapolation to the not observed region: PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.08$)

$$\sigma^{SD} = 8.84 \pm 0.08 (stat)_{-1.38}^{+1.49} (syst)_{-0.37}^{+1.17} (extr) mb$$

$$\xi_{X(Y)} < 0.05$$

$$\sigma^{DD} = 5.17 \pm 0.08 (stat)_{-0.57}^{+0.55} (syst)_{-0.51}^{+1.62} (extr) mb$$

$$\Delta\eta > 3$$

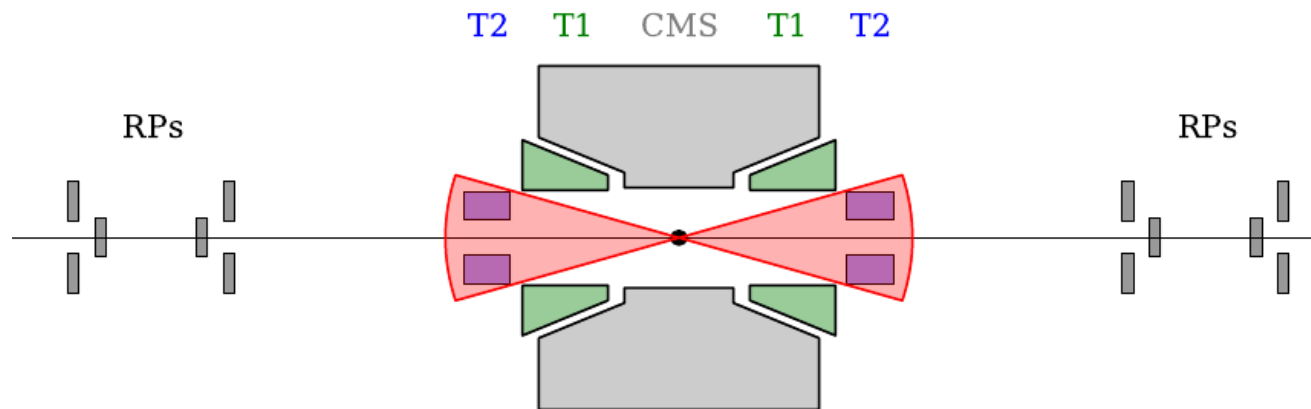


CMS results consistent with MBR predictions - SD cross section weakly rising with energy

CMS results consistent with MBR and KP model predictions - DD cross section weakly rising with energy

Double diffraction with TOTEM

20



- Tracks in both T2: $5.3 < |\eta| < 6.5$
- Veto on tracks in T1: $3.1 < |\eta| < 4.7$
- Corrected to: $4.7 < |\eta| < 6.5 \longrightarrow 3.4 \text{ GeV} < M < 8 \text{ GeV}$

Total cross section:

$$\sigma_{DD(4.7 < |\eta_{\min}| < 6.5)} = 116 \pm 25 \mu\text{b}$$

Pythia 8

$$\sigma_{DD(4.7 < |\eta_{\min}| < 6.5)} = 159 \mu\text{b}$$

Phojet

$$\sigma_{DD(4.7 < |\eta_{\min}| < 6.5)} = 101 \mu\text{b}$$

- A large set of observables sensitive to UE and MPI available
- Models can be tuned to describe the observables
- CMS is ready for 13/14 TeV data taking
- CMS performed measurement of diffractive dissociation cross section in pp
- Extrapolation of the SD and DD to the regions $\xi < 0.05$ and $\Delta\eta > 3$ gave:

$$\sigma^{SD} = 8.84 \pm 0.08 (stat)_{-1.38}^{+1.49} (syst)_{-0.37}^{+1.17} (extr) mb$$

$$\sigma^{DD} = 5.17 \pm 0.08 (stat)_{-0.57}^{+0.55} (syst)_{-0.51}^{+1.62} (extr) mb$$

- PYTHIA8-MBR describes the data in all the measured regions
- TOTEM published DD results, more results on SD, CD to come

Spares

Underlying Event with Leading Track

4

Leading object in an event – a track with the highest p_T

Data samples:

- 2010 low pile-up
- 0.9 TeV $\rightarrow 1 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$, negligible pile-up
- 7 TeV $\rightarrow 3 \text{pb}^{-1}$, 1.05 collisions per event
- Minimum Bias trigger (BSC)

Vertex requirements:

- Only one vertex within 10 cm around the interaction point

Tracks selection:

- $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 0.8$
- Quality filters used – only high purity tracks retained
- Cut on the impact parameters – removal of the secondary tracks

Observables:

- The charge density: N_{ch}
 - The transverse momentum density: $\sum p_T$
- } As a function of the leading track p_T

Underlying Event with Leading Track Jet

9

Leading object in an event – a charged particle jet

Data samples:

- New results: 2.76 TeV, 2011, 0.3 nb^{-1} , negligible pile-up
- For comparison: 0.9 TeV and 7 TeV → **JHEP 1109 (2011) 109**
- Minimum Bias trigger (BSC) + jet triggers (thresholds 20, 40 GeV)

Vertex requirements:

- Only one vertex within 10 cm around the interaction point

Tracks selection:

- $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.0$
- Quality filters used – only high purity tracks retained
- Cut on the impact parameters – removal of the secondary tracks

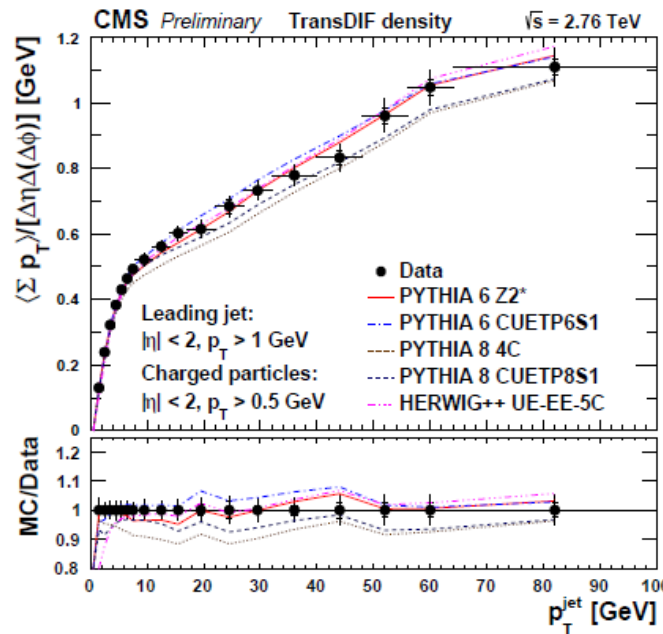
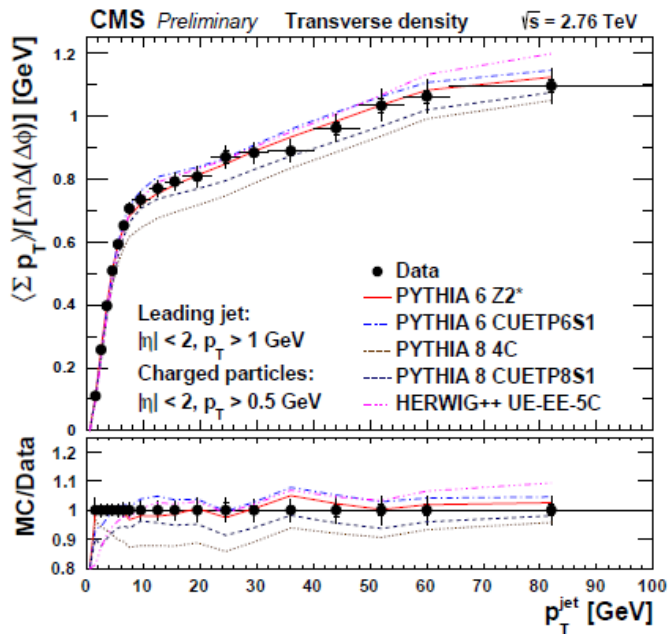
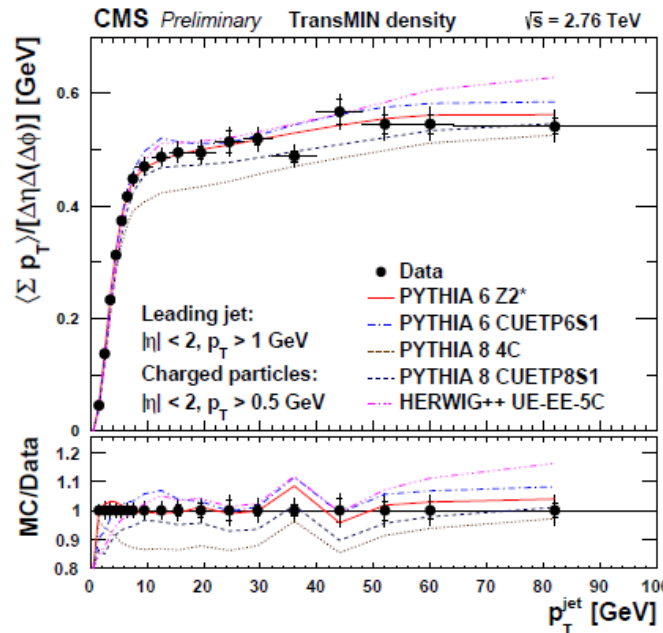
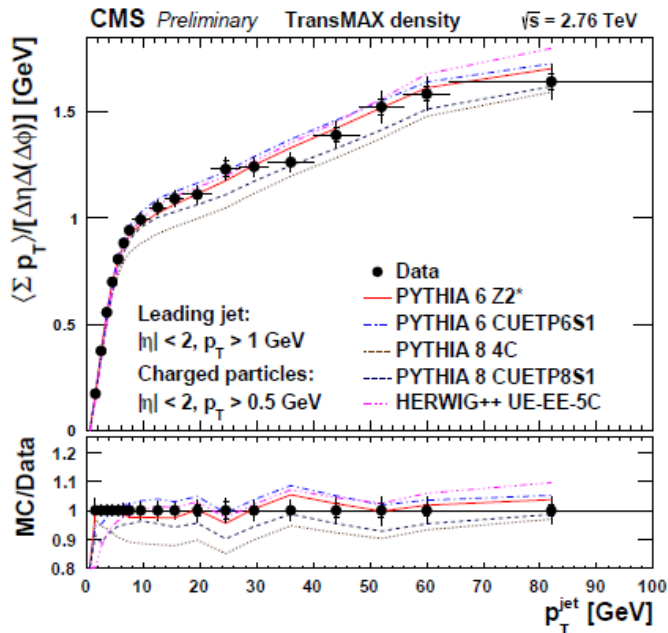
Jet requirements:

- Leading track jet with $p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.0$, clustered with SISCone 0.5
- Tracks used: $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.5$

Observables:

- The same as in leading track analysis

Underlying Event with Leading Jet

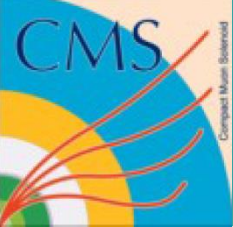


- The same trend
- In TransMAX much faster rise at large p_T
- average momentum of particles rises
- Best description: PYTHIA6 with Z2*
- All models and tuned predicts similar behaviour
- MPI and beam-beam remnant almost independent on the hard scale once the most central events selected $p_T > 8$ GeV
- Initial and final state radiation increase with p_T

Integrated cross section measured for 3 samples:

- *FG2*, no-CASTOR tag $-5.5 < \log_{10} \xi_X < -2.5$ $\log_{10} M_Y < 0.5$
- *FG2*, CASTOR tag $-5.5 < \log_{10} \xi_X < -2.5$ $0.5 < \log_{10} M_Y < 1.1$
- *CG* $\Delta\eta > 3$ $\log_{10} M_X > 1.1$ $\log_{10} M_Y > 1.1$

Cross section	$\sigma_{\text{no-CASTOR}}$ (mb) SD dominated	σ_{CASTOR} (mb) DD dominated	σ_{CG} (mb) DD dominated
Data	$2.99 \pm 0.02^{+0.32}_{-0.29}$	$1.18 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.13$	$0.58 \pm 0.01^{+0.13}_{-0.11}$
PYTHIA 8 MBR	3.05	1.24	0.54
PYTHIA 8 4C	3.31	1.10	0.40
PYTHIA 6 Z2*	3.86	1.52	0.78
PHOJET	3.06	0.63	0.32
QGSJET-II 03	2.63	0.48	0.22
QGSJET-II 04	1.70	0.78	0.37
EPOS	2.99	0.85	0.31



Cross section

From no-CASTOR tag sample, visible SD cross section:

- Subtraction of DD component \rightarrow from PYTHIA 8 MBR

$$\sigma^{SDvis} = 4.06 \pm 0.04 (stat)_{-0.63}^{+0.69} (syst) mb \quad -5.5 < \log_{10} \xi_X < -2.5$$

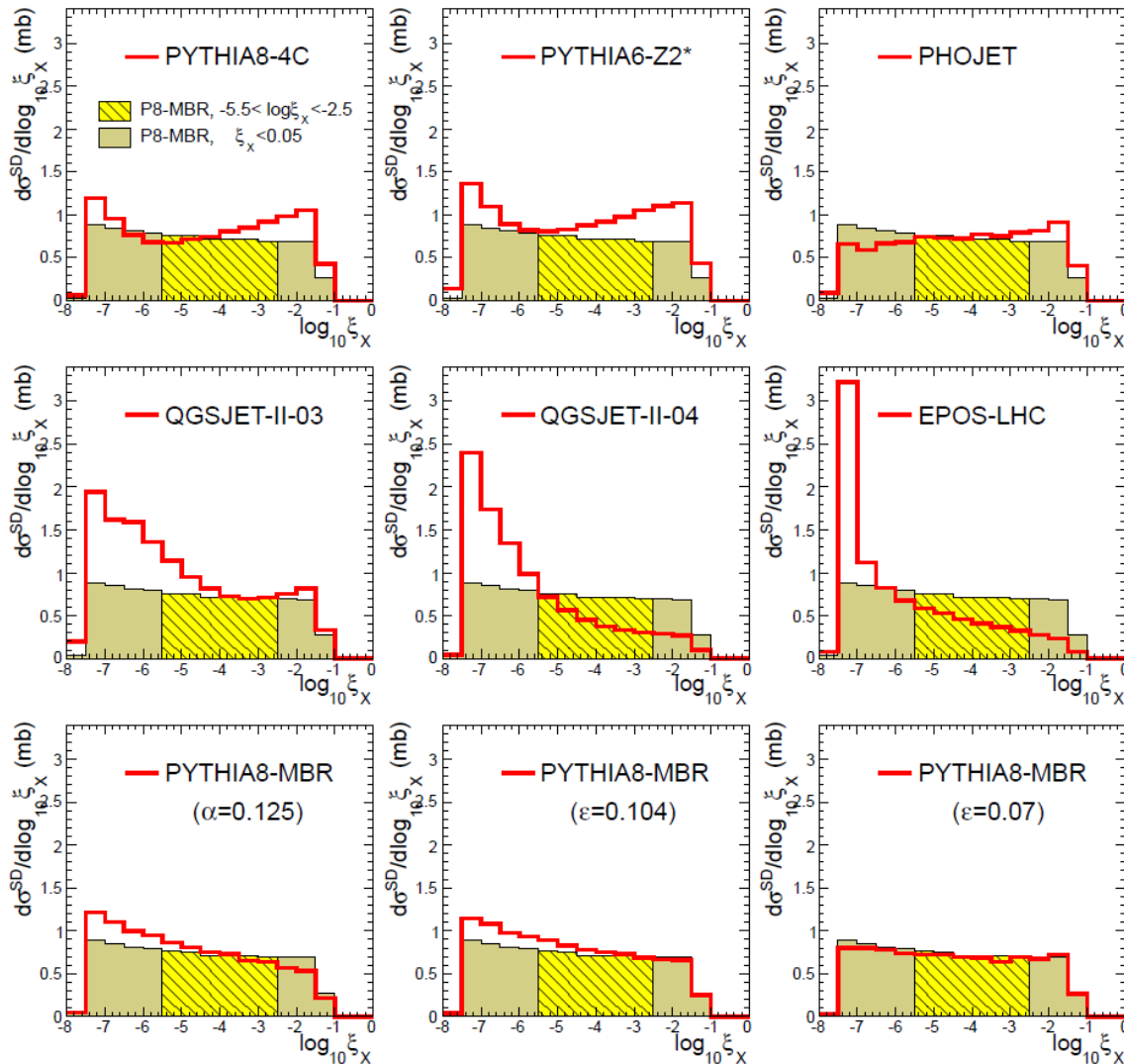
From CASTOR tag sample, visible DD cross section:

$$\sigma_{CASTOR}^{DDvis} = 1.06 \pm 0.02 (stat) \pm 0.12 (syst) mb \quad -5.5 < \log_{10} \xi_X < -2.5$$
$$0.5 < \log_{10} M_Y < 1.1$$

From CG sample, visible DD cross section:

$$\sigma_{CG}^{DDvis} = 0.56 \pm 0.01 (stat)_{-0.13}^{+0.15} (syst) mb \quad \Delta\eta > 3$$
$$\log_{10} M_X > 1.1$$
$$\log_{10} M_Y > 1.1$$

Extrapolation

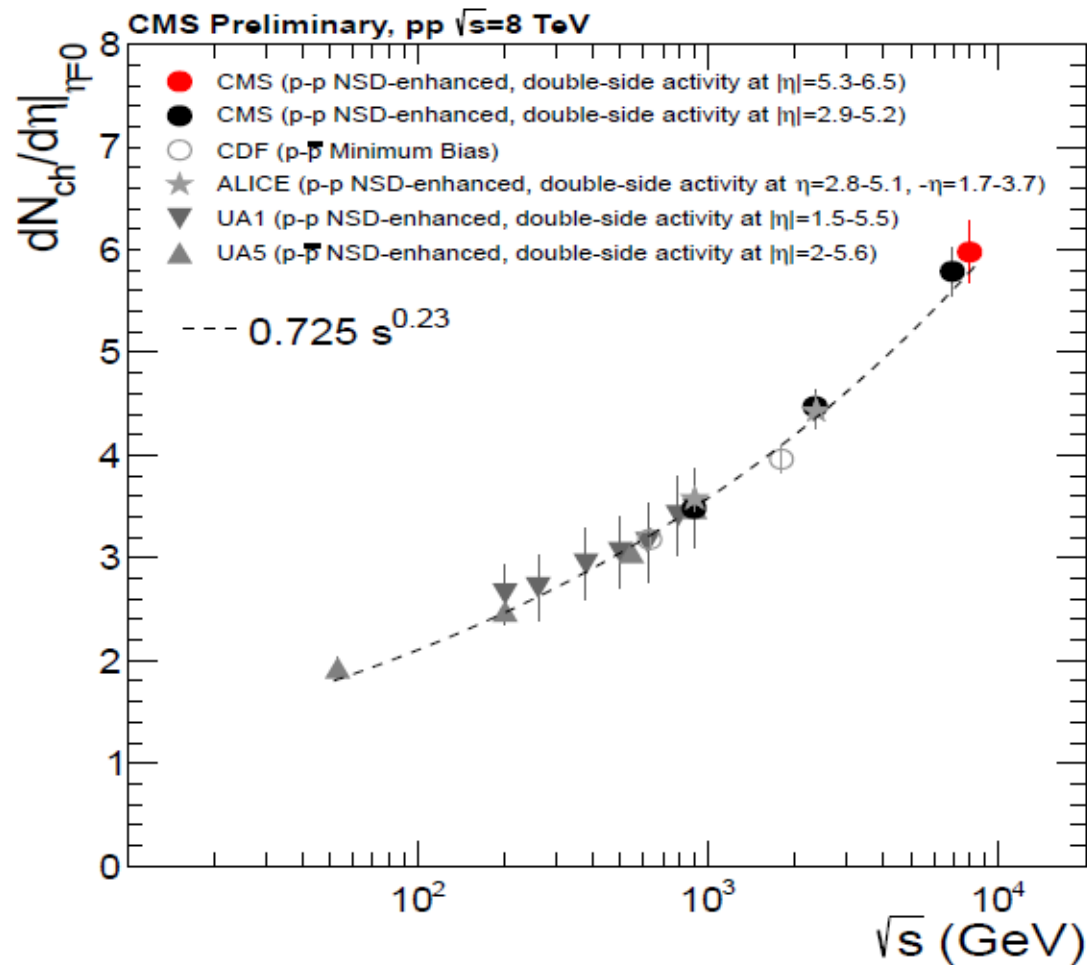


i	MC model	f^{SD}	f_{MBR}^{SD}
1	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.08$)	2.18 (1.00)	2.18 (1.00)
2	PYTHIA 8 4C	2.32 (1.06)	2.51 (1.15)
3	PYTHIA 6 Z2*	2.29 (1.06)	2.89 (1.34)
4	PHOJET	2.06 (0.95)	2.18 (1.00)
5	QGSJET-II 03	2.72 (1.25)	3.19 (1.46)
6	QGSJET-II 04	3.62 (1.66)	2.30 (1.06)
7	EPOS	3.44 (1.58)	2.15 (0.99)
8	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\alpha' = 0.125$)	2.27 (1.04)	2.34 (1.07)
9	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.104$)	2.23 (1.03)	2.42 (1.11)
10	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.07$)	2.16 (0.99)	2.09 (0.96)

i	MC model	f^{DD}	f_{MBR}^{DD}
1	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.08$)	1.92 (1.00)	1.92 (1.00)
2	PYTHIA 8 4C	2.52 (1.32)	1.86 (0.97)
3	PYTHIA 6 Z2*	2.39 (1.25)	2.15 (1.13)
4	PHOJET	1.80 (0.94)	0.60 (0.31)
5	QGSJET-II 03	—	—
6	QGSJET-II 04	2.04 (1.07)	0.94 (0.49)
7	EPOS	4.73 (2.47)	1.93 (1.01)
8	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\alpha' = 0.125$)	1.97 (1.03)	2.32 (1.21)
9	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.104$)	2.00 (1.04)	2.37 (1.24)
10	PYTHIA 8 MBR ($\epsilon = 0.07$)	1.88 (0.98)	1.73 (0.90)

Charged particles distribution

17



- Comparison for NSD sample
- Previous CMS results extrapolated to $p_T=0$ GeV.
- Extrapolation factor $\sim 5\%$
- The same used for 8 TeV
- $dN_{ch}/dn|_{\eta=0} \sim s^\epsilon$, $\epsilon \approx 0.23$

MC Models

Monte Carlo:

- PYTHIA8-4C
 - diffraction generated according to Schuler&Sjostrand model from PYTHIA6
 - SD and DD cross sections scaled down by 10% and 12%
 - PYTHIA8-MBR (Minimum Bias Rockefeller model)
 - diffraction generated based on renormalized Regge theory model
 - developed for CDF
 - linear parametrization of the Pomeron trajectory $\alpha(t) = 1 + \epsilon + \alpha' t$
 - $\alpha' = 0.25 \text{ GeV}^{-2}$, $\epsilon = 0.08$ or 0.104
 - DD cross section scaled down by 15%
 - PYTHIA6-Z2*
 - PHOJET
 - QGSJET-II
 - EPOS
- } cosmic rays MC

Forward gap

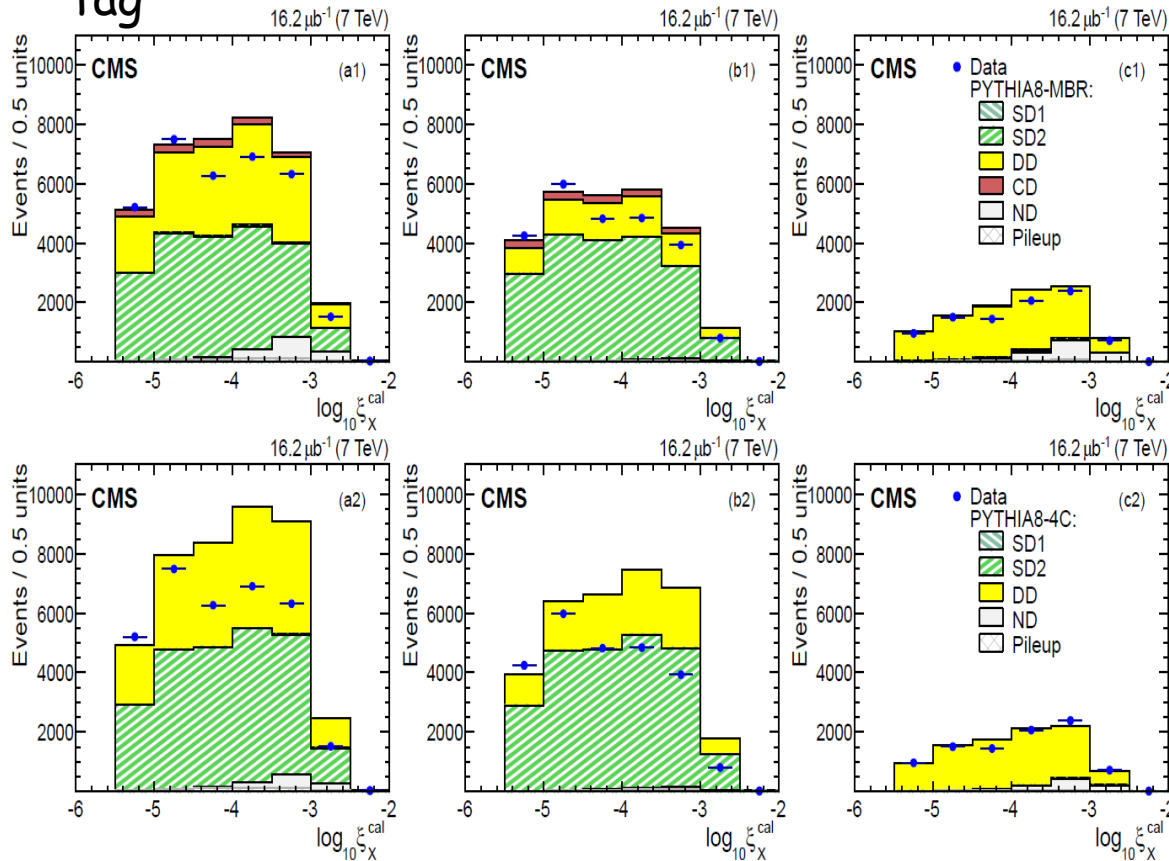
Detector level distributions

Cross section measured in bins of ξ_X

full sample
tag

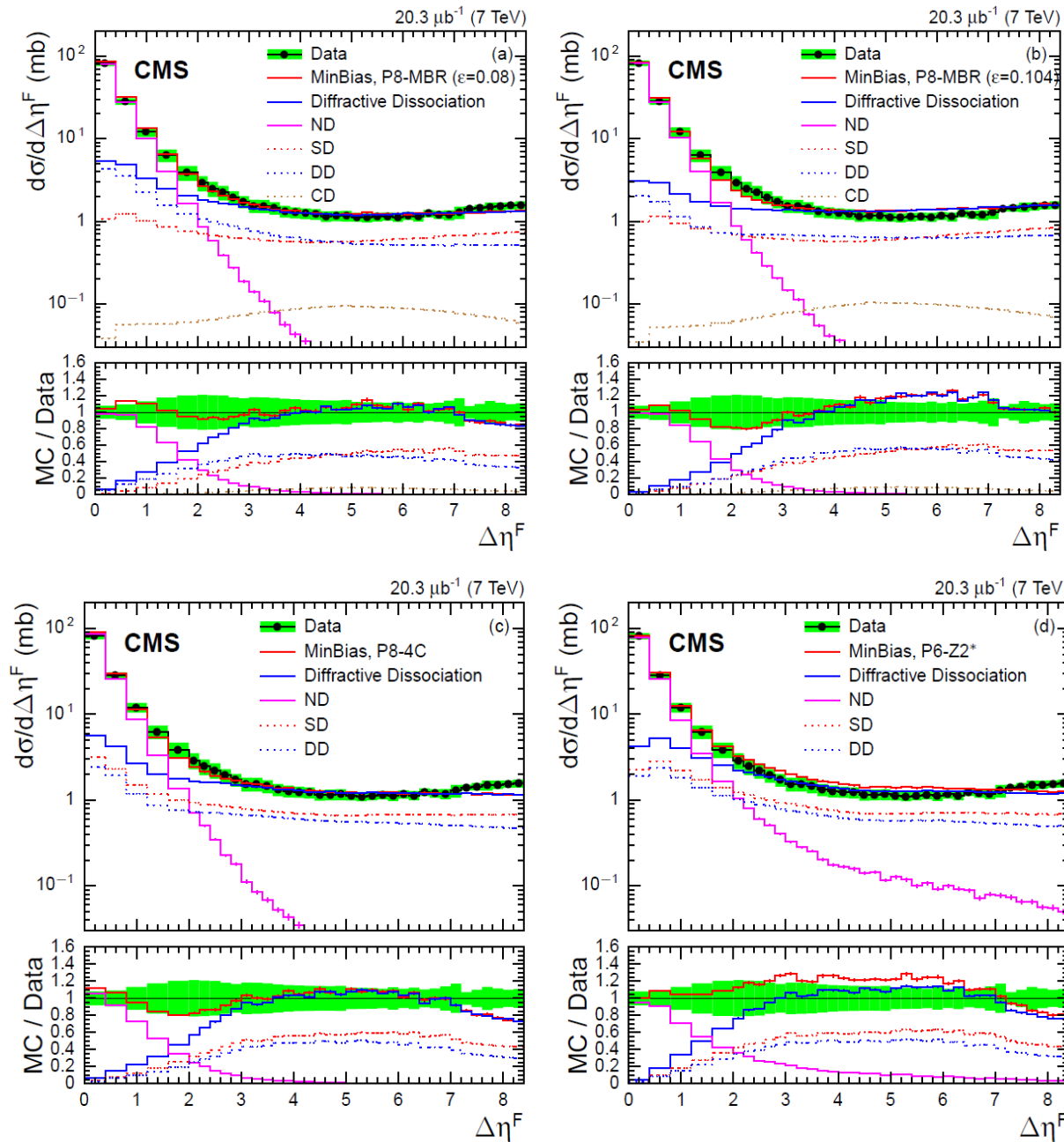
no-CASTOR tag

CASTOR

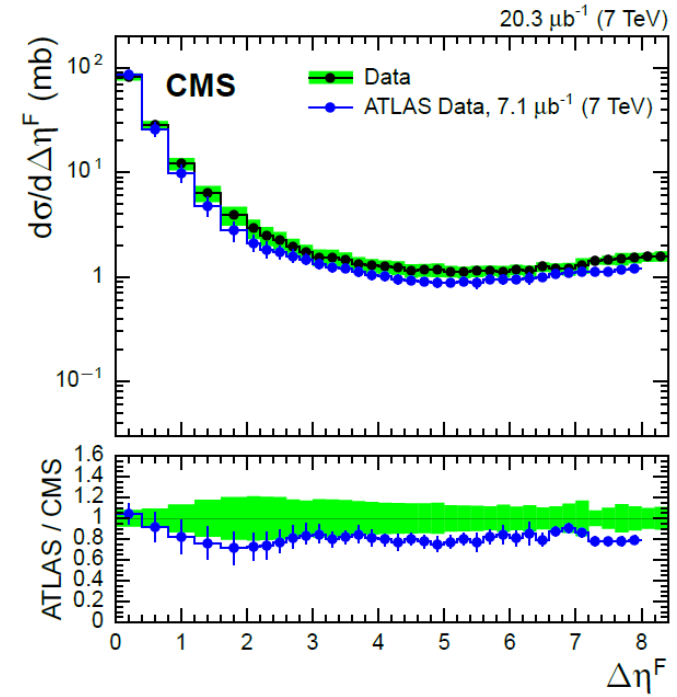


- Data unfolded (acceptance and migration corrections)
- PYTHIA 8 MBR
- Corrections for pile-up

Pseudorapidity gap cross section



- Exponential falling non-diffractive contribution
- Diffractive plateau at $\Delta\eta_F > 3$
- mixture of SD and DD events
- Best described: PYTHIA8+MBR with 0.08 intercept.



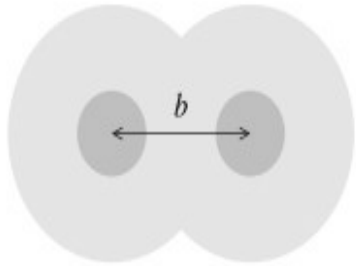
Differences in acceptance

Underlying Event at Forward Rapidities

13

Measurement of energy density at forward rapidities with CASTOR: $-6.6 < \eta < -5.2$

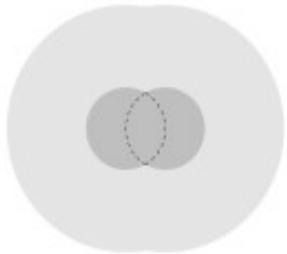
Minimum bias



BSC trigger

Energy density not much affected by MPI

Hard scale \hat{p}_T



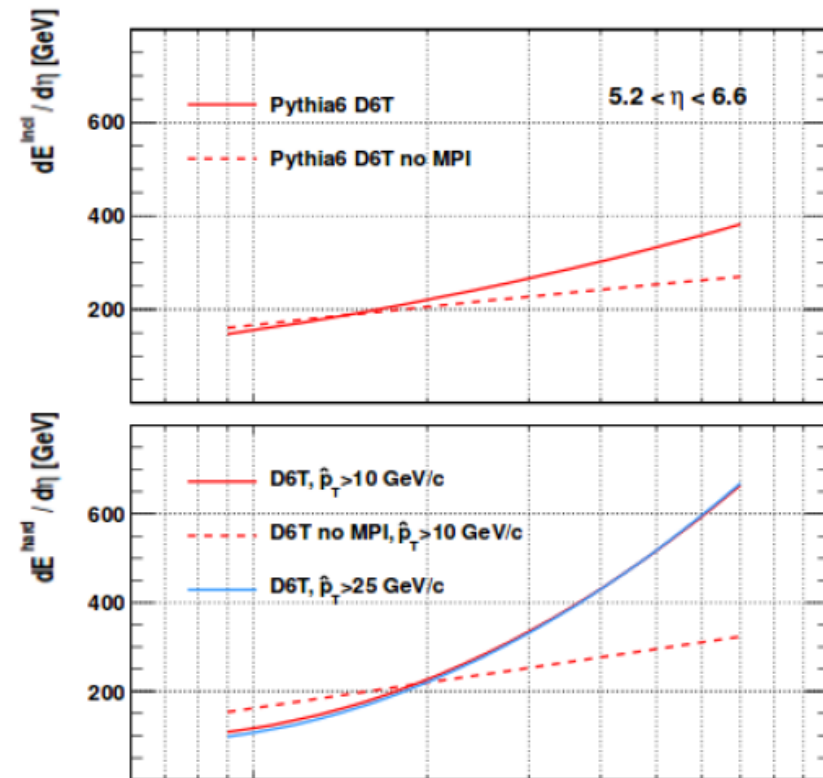
Central jet: $|\eta| < 2$

Track-jet algorithm

$p_T > 1$ GeV

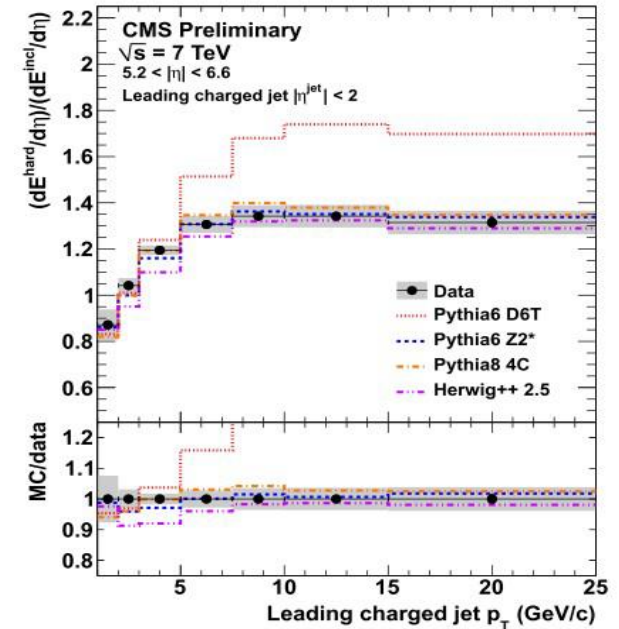
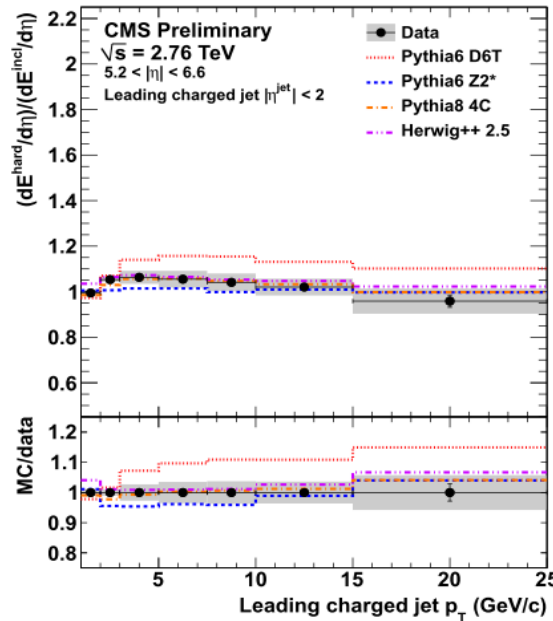
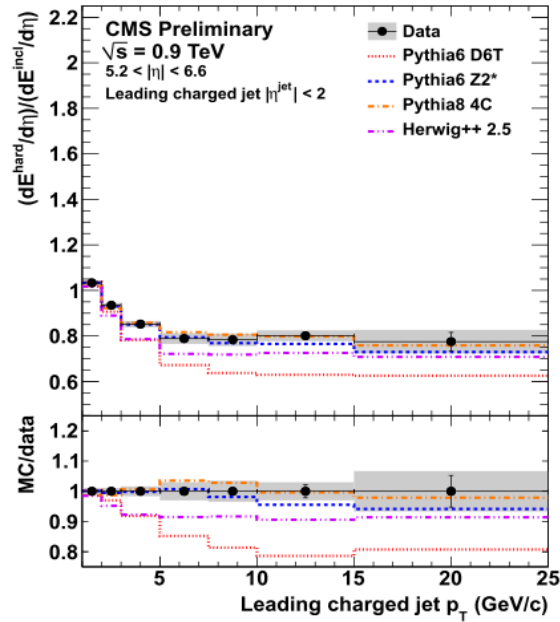
Energy flow in CASTOR as a function of jet p_T

Energy flow strongly affected by MPI



- Three energies: 0.9, 2.76 and 7 TeV
- Results quoted as ratios $E(\text{hard})/E(\text{MB})$ – removal of most of the systematic effects
- Factorization of MPI contribution

Underlying Event at Forward Rapidities



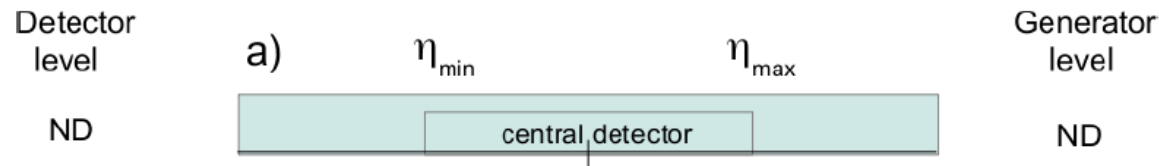
- $E(\text{MB}) > E(\text{hard scale})$
- Increase in central activity depletes proton remnant

- $E(\text{MB}) \approx E(\text{hard scale})$

- $E(\text{MB}) < E(\text{hard scale})$
- Fast rise of forward activity at small p_T
- plateau at higher p_T

- Good description by the PYTHIA LHC tunes: Z2*, 4C
- Pre-LHC tunes fail: D6T
- Herwig++ 2.5 describe the data well

Diffraction event topologies



Three experimental topologies based on the position of the LRG without CASTOR information

