Meeting on A Possible European SC-RF Infrastructure

CERN, 14 June 2006

# INFN-Italy SC-RF Infrastructures complementary to a possible European SC-RF Infrastructure

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## SC-RF Infrastructures in Italy at:

LNL - Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro dell'INFN

(Material from Vincenzo Palmieri)

Sezione INFN di Genova

(Material from Renzo Parodi)

LASA - Sezione INFN di Milano



## LNL: Ion Accelerator Complex

AN2000	CN		
>>> General Information  >>>> Beam Time Schedule  >>> Call for Proposals	Seneral Information Select Time Schedule Select for Proposals		
<ul> <li>Mainly used for solid state physics and applied physics experiments.</li> <li>Electrostatic accelerator, Van de Graaff type.</li> <li>Single stage-Belt charging system.</li> <li>Maximum terminal working voltage 2.5 MV.</li> <li>Available accelerated ions: <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>4</sup>He single charged</li> <li>Continuous beam.</li> <li>Maximum Ion Energy: 2.5 MeV</li> <li>1 experimental hall; 5 beam lines among which one dedicated to a microbeam facility.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mainly used for interdisciplinary research, neutron physics research and advanced educational purposes.</li> <li>Electrostatic accelerator, Van de Graaff type.</li> <li>Single stage-Belt charging system.</li> <li>Maximum terminal working voltage: 7 MV.</li> <li>Available accelerated ions: 1,2H, 3He, 4He single and double charged</li> <li>Continuous and pulsed beam.</li> <li>Maximum Ion Energy: 7 MeV for single charged 14 MeV for <sup>4</sup>He<sup>++</sup> 8 MeV for <sup>15</sup>N<sup>++</sup></li> <li>1 experimental hall; 7 beam lines.</li> </ul>		
TANDEM-XTU	ALPI		
3 General Information 3 Beam Time Schedule 3 Call for Proposals 3 Deadlines 3 List of Experiments 3 Reports			
<ul> <li>Mainly used for fundamental heavy-ions nuclear physics experiments.</li> <li>Electrostatic accelerator, Van de Graaff type.</li> <li>Double stage with two stripper stations (one at the terminal and one in the High Energy stage) - Laddertron charging system.</li> <li>Maximum working voltage: 15 MV.</li> <li>Available accelerated ions range from <sup>1</sup>H to <sup>197</sup>Au (see list with available currents).</li> <li>Continuous and pulsed beam.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mainly used for fundamental heavy-ions nuclear physics experiments at intermediate energy.</li> <li>Linear superconducting quarter-wave resonant cavities accelerator. At present ions are injected by Tandem</li> <li>Superconducting material: Lead and Niobium.</li> <li>Accelerated Ions: from <sup>28</sup>Si to <sup>197</sup>Au.</li> <li>Energy: about 20 MV multiplied the ion charge state.</li> <li>The total output energy of ions emerging from the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Energy: from 30 MeV/AMU for 1H to about 1.5 MeV/AMU for 197Au.</li> <li>3 experimental halls; 10 beam lines.</li> <li>At present the Tandem-XTU acts also as injector for ALPI.</li> </ul>	Tandem-Alpi complex is the sum of injection energy (Tandem acting as injector) and ALPI energy. Hence the total energy of the complex is about 35 x charge state (MeV). Experimental halls and beam lines: the same ones of Tandem-XTU.		

#### TABLE OF TANDEM-ALPI REPRESENTATIVE BEAMS

Beam	E [MeV] - (1 foil) with the most probable charge state	Average current on target [pnA] (1 foil)	E [MeV] (2 foils)
<sup>12</sup> C	251	10	288
<sup>16</sup> 0	303	30	342
<sup>32</sup> S	461	18	586
<sup>48</sup> Ca	457	1	648
<sup>58</sup> Ni	555	5	794
<sup>65</sup> Cu	543	2	794
<sup>74</sup> Ge	519	2	838
<sup>82</sup> Se	559	1	880
90Zr	526	1.5	976
<sup>104</sup> Ru	612	1	1008

#### TABLE OF CURRENTLY AVAILABLE PIAVE-ALPI BEAMS

Beam	Maximum energy [MeV]	Beam Current on target [pnA]
<sup>22</sup> Ne <sup>4+</sup>	147	10
<sup>40</sup> Ar <sup>9+</sup>	330	4÷10
<sup>84</sup> Kr <sup>15+</sup>	555	5÷10
<sup>132</sup> Xe <sup>18+</sup>	675	2

#### LNL: SC-RF Cavities Developed

β<1 resonators, beta ranging from 0.03 to 0.5 many different shapes and sizes



#### LNL: SC-RF Infrastructures



BCP and EP plant to treat copper



Ultrasonic Cleaning facility



chemical Treatment of a guarter-wave resonator



Ultra-pure water system (1200 l/h - 18  $M\Omega$  cm)

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#### LNL: R&D on single-cell 1.3 GHz cavities





## LNL: Film Deposition Systems



#### Large experience on film deposition

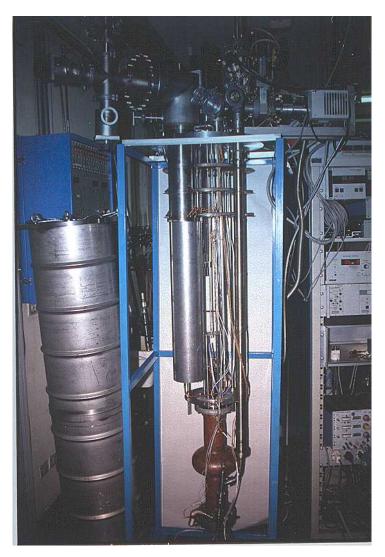
- Magnetron sputtering of Nb on Cu
- Thin film cathodic arc deposition
- High Tc exotic film deposition



### LNL: Vertical cryostats and inserts

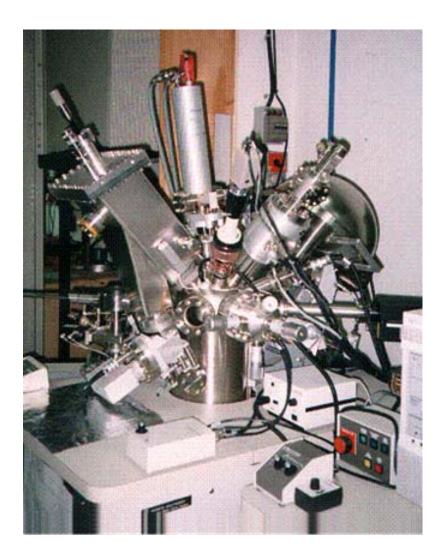
- Variety of cryostats and inserts for SC-RF tests
- The largest cryostat can accommodate a 9-cell ILC cavity:  $h = 3 m, \Phi = 500 mm (60 W, 1.8 K)$
- LNL Priority on ALPI and ion accelerators





#### Genova: Surface treatment and analysis

- Basic measurements on RF properties of Niobium and Nb based superconductors
- XPS-Auger apparatus dedicated to surface analysis of SC samples of Niobium and niobium on copper, treated in the lab.
- Test of 3GHz cavities to verify surface preparation receipts
- Long tradition in Multipactoring calculation (pioneering work from Genova in this field)



## LASA

#### LASA = Laboratorio Acceleratori e Superconduttività Applicata



Built in meddle Eighties for the construction and commissioning of the 800K Superconducting Cyclotron now in operation at INFN-LNS

~ 40 People: Researchers, Technician and Students

Since 15 years dedicated to contribute in big international accelerator projects based on Superconducting components: Magnets and Cavities





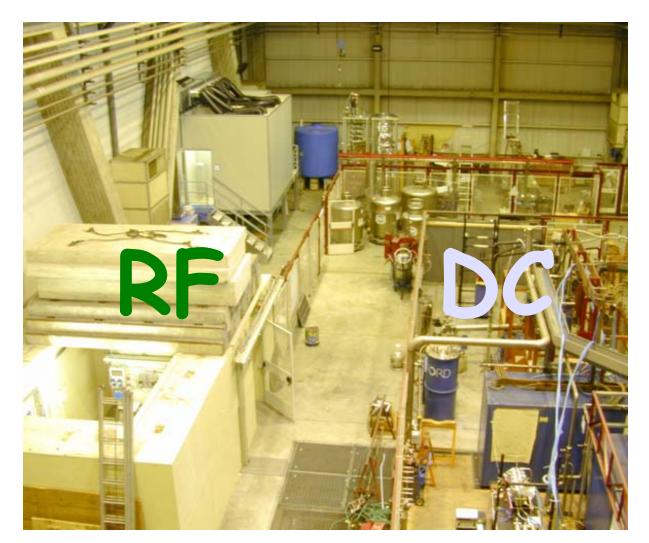
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#### LASA: SC Infrastructures

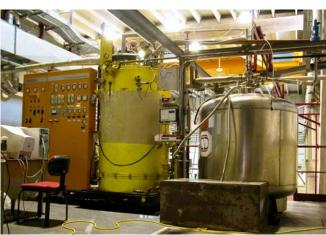
LASA SC area and general services

- Experimental area:
   2000 m<sup>2</sup>, served by a
   50 t crane.
- Installed electrical power: 1.6 MVA
- · 100/ Mbit/s 1 Gbit LAN
- Machine workshop
- · Radiochemistry Lab.



# LASA: Cryogenics

- He liquefier: 40 l/h (with LN<sub>2</sub> precooling)
- Liquid Storage: 4.000 l
- LHe distribution lines
- He Gas Recovery and storage:
  - Max recovery rate: 60 m<sup>3</sup>/h (NTP)
  - 1.000 m<sup>3</sup> storage balloon
- He purification system
- 15 bar He gas storage:
   2.800 m<sup>3</sup> (NTP)



40 l/h He liquefier

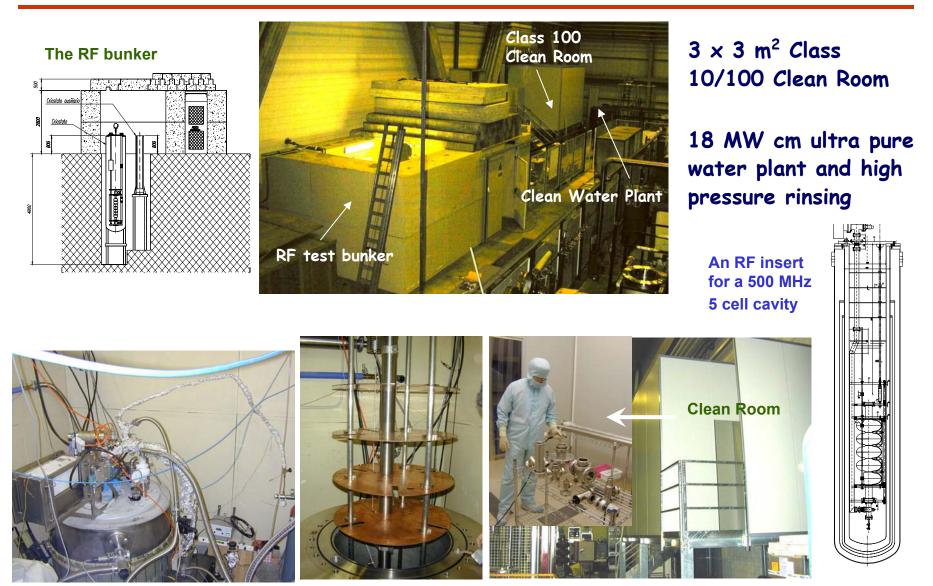


Main He compressor



He gas storage

## LASA: SRF Cavity Test Facility



#### LASA: U-Pure Water and HPR Systems









# My Conclusions

- LNL: fully dedicated to ALPI and to the development of ion accelerators for nuclear physics as SPES, Eurisol
  - LNL prefers contributing to R&D programs on SRF basics
- Genova: since a few years concentrated its SC activity on magnets and gravitational wave detectors, de facto abandoning SC-RF.
  - In case of an European infrastructure Genova is willing to contribute with its surface analysis equipment and experience
- LASA: 15 year experience in contributing, with Industry, to large accelerator projects based on Superconducting RF: LEP, LISA/ARES, TTF, ADS/TRASCO, SNS, SPL, etc.
  - The existing SC-RF infrastructure is tuned to be complementary to larger infrastructures
  - The SRF group at INFN LASA is strongly supporting the new European infrastructure at CERN.