

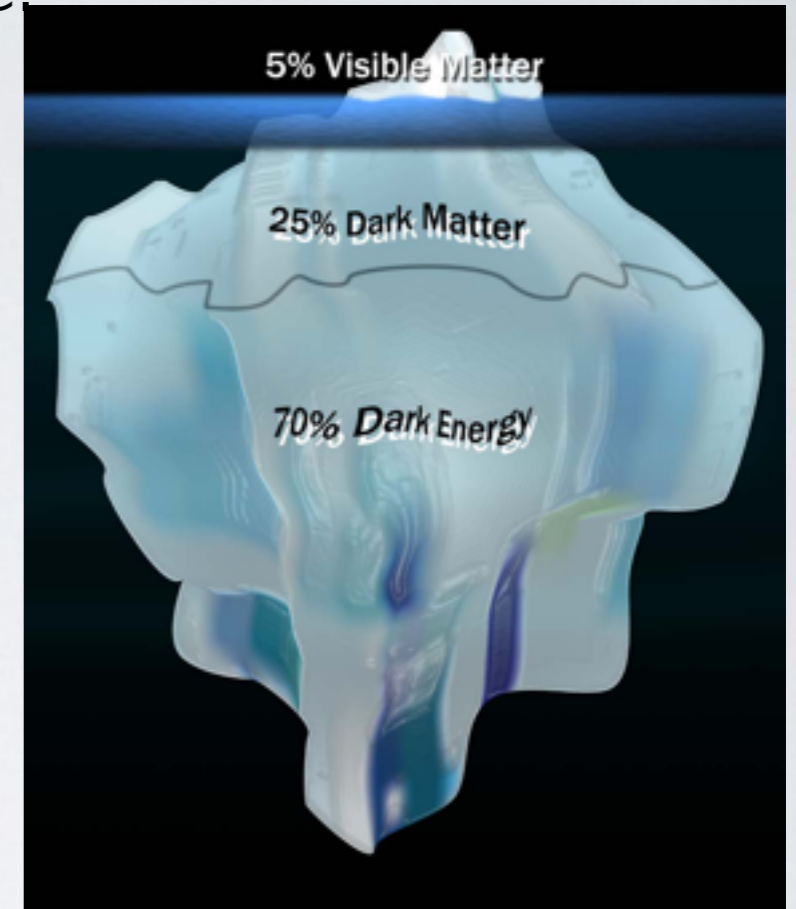
BOOSTED DARK MATTER FROM THE SUN ENHANCED WITH SELF- INTERACTIONS

Gopolang Mohlabeng
University of Kansas

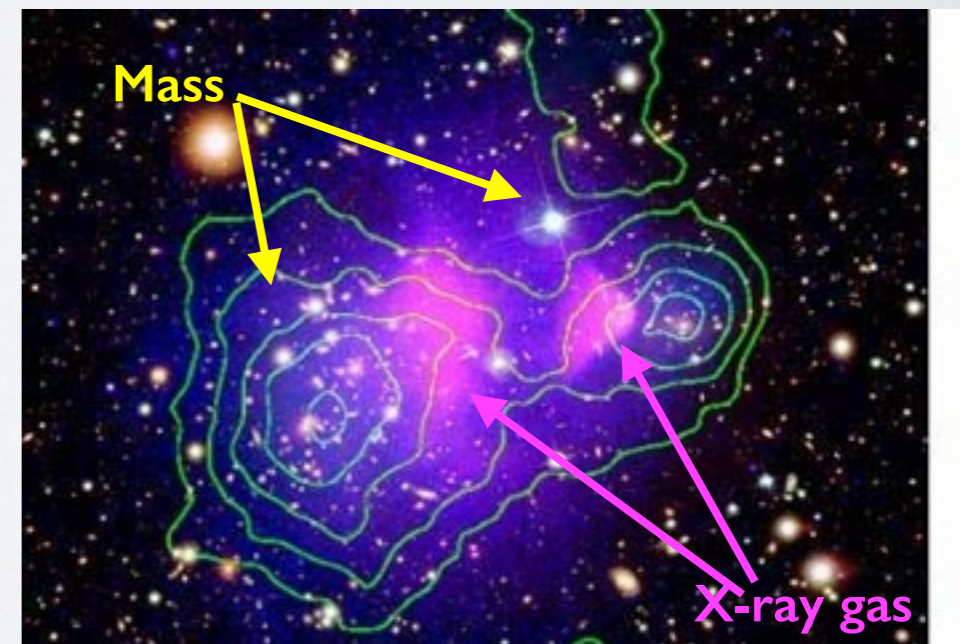
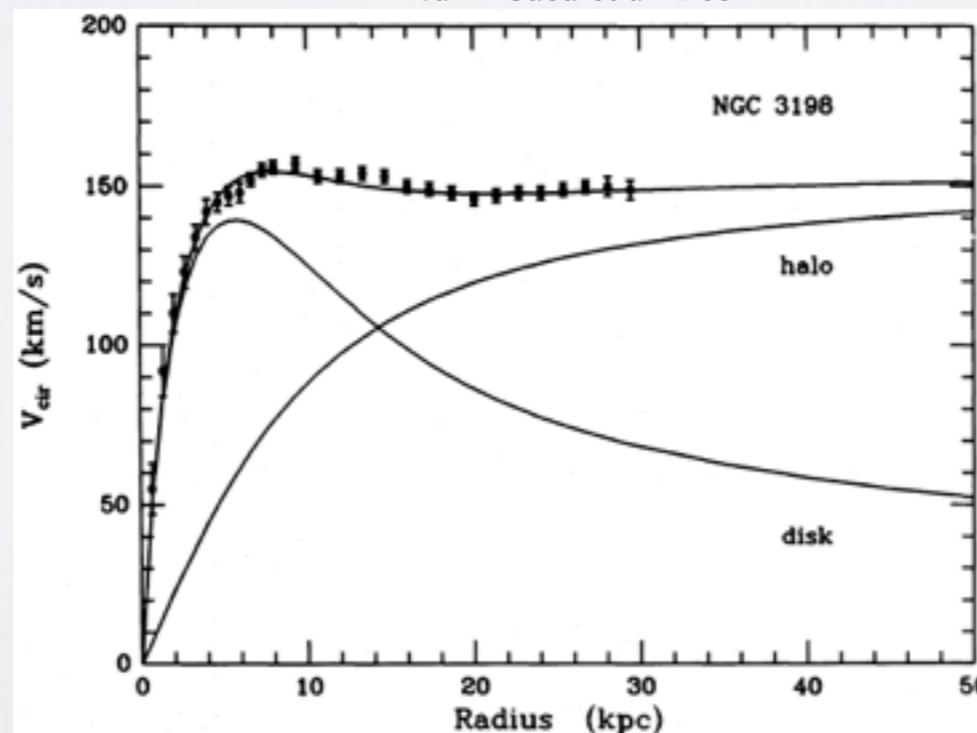
based on Phys. Lett. B 743(2015) 256-266 with K. Kong and JC Park

DARK MATTER

- Dark Matter comprises about 25% of our Universe
- Astrophysical and Cosmological evidence:
 - ★ Galaxy rotation curves.
 - ★ Gravitational Lensing.
 - ★ Bullet cluster.
 - ★ Dynamics of structure formation.
 - ★ Velocity dispersion
 - ★ CMB Maps.
 - ★ ...



van Albada et al 1985



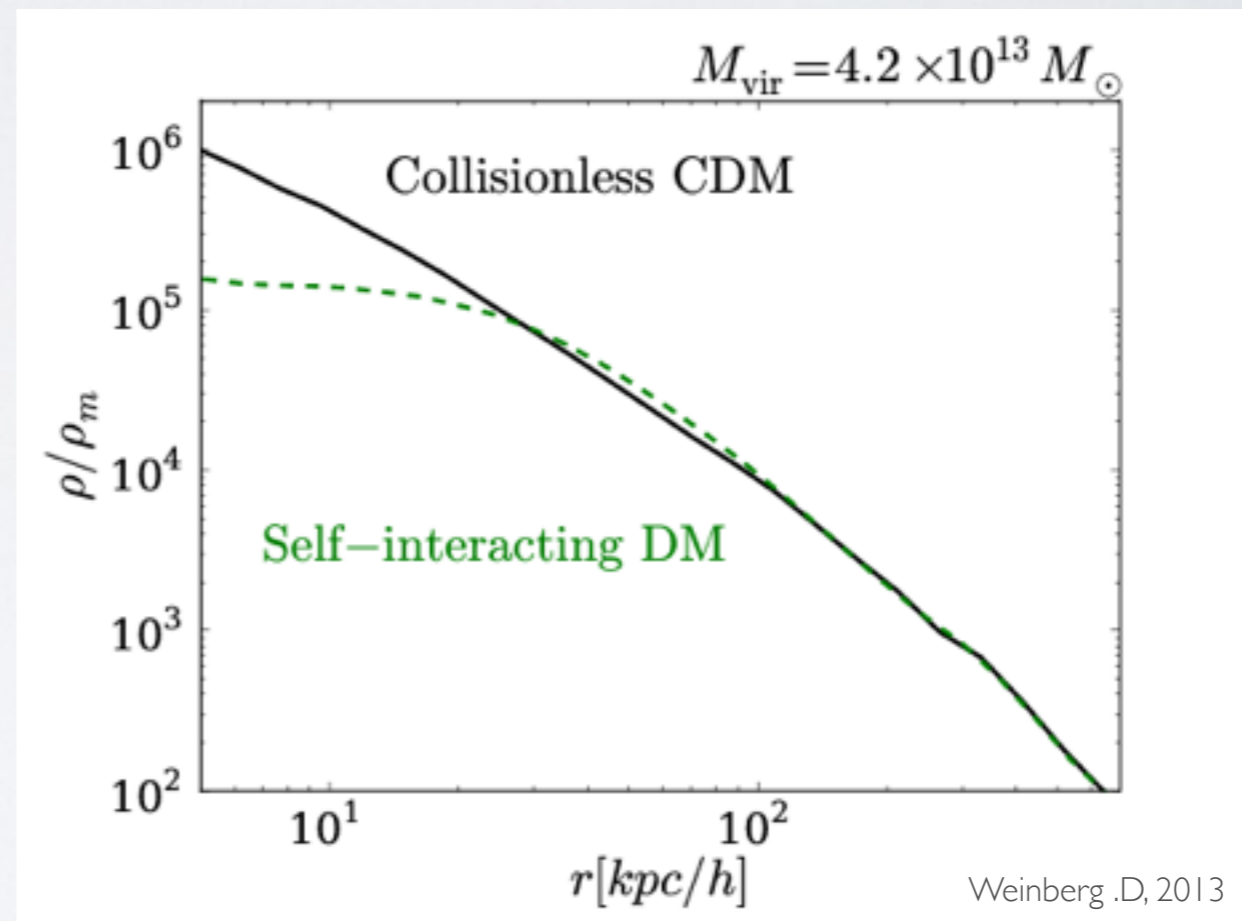
Clowe et al

- Nature of DM is unknown
- Compelling paradigm: CDM
- CDM simulations compare very well to observations at large scales.
- Few anomalies CDM cannot explain, especially at small scales:

- * Cusp-vs-cored problem.
- * Missing Satellites problem.
- * Too big to Fail problem.

Proposed Solutions

- Warm Dark Matter.
- Self Interacting Dark Matter.

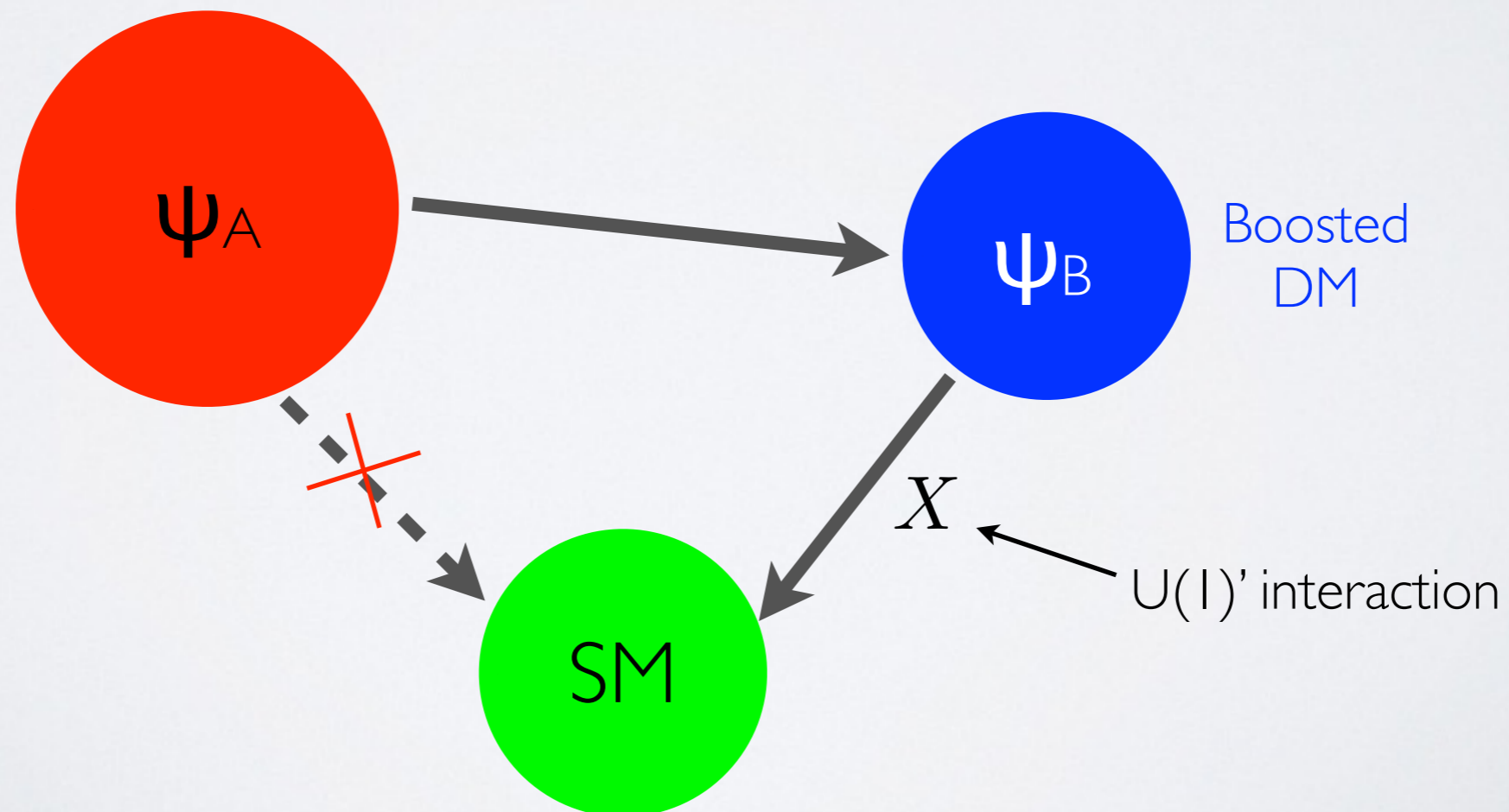


$$0.1 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g} < \sigma_{\chi\chi}/M_{\chi} < 1.25 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$$

BASIC SETUP

- Two species of DM: ψ_A and ψ_B with $M_A > M_B$. (eg. $U(1)' \otimes U(1)''$)
- ψ_A is dominant and has no direct coupling to SM.
- ψ_B is sub-dominant, direct coupling to SM.
- Existing relic ψ_B is small, freeze-out earlier.

Agashe et al (arXiv: 1405.7370)

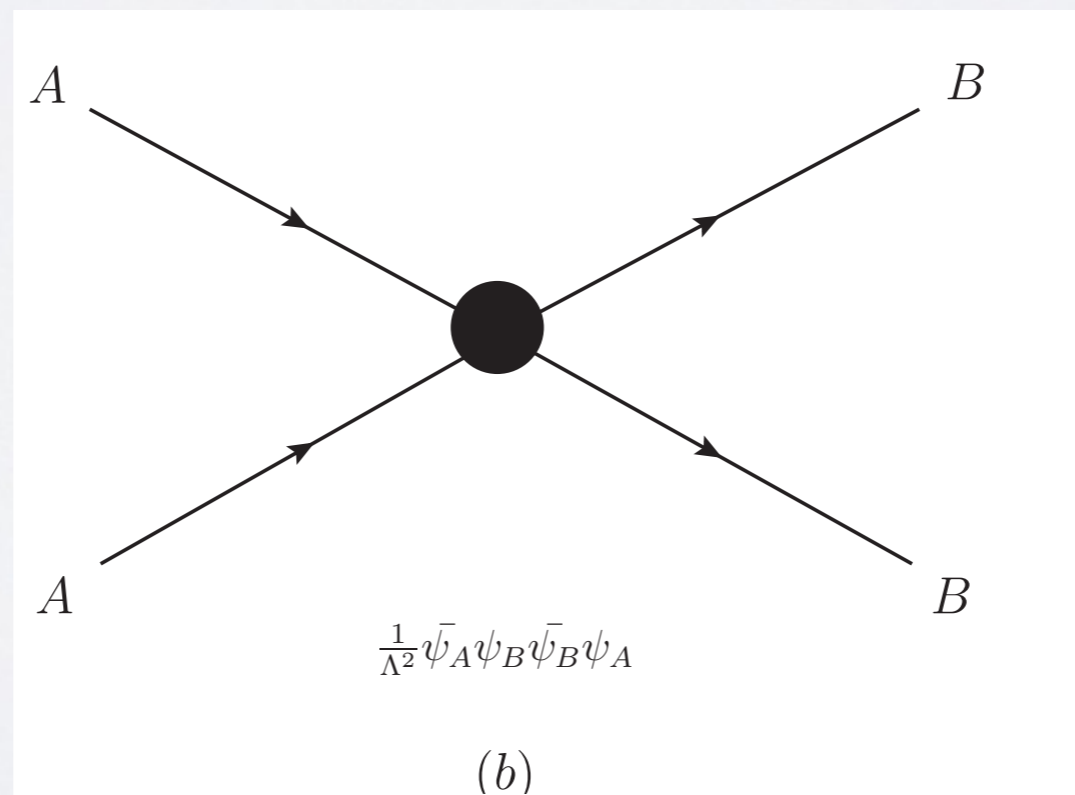


BASIC FEATURES

- Relic density of Ψ_A is set by annihilation into Ψ_B .

$$\psi_A \bar{\psi}_A \rightarrow \psi_B \bar{\psi}_B \quad \text{Assisted Freeze-out Mechanism}$$

- Annihilation products, Ψ_B are boosted with factor $\gamma = M_A/M_B$.
- ‘Boosted Dark Matter’
- Indirect detection of Ψ_A through boosted Ψ_B .

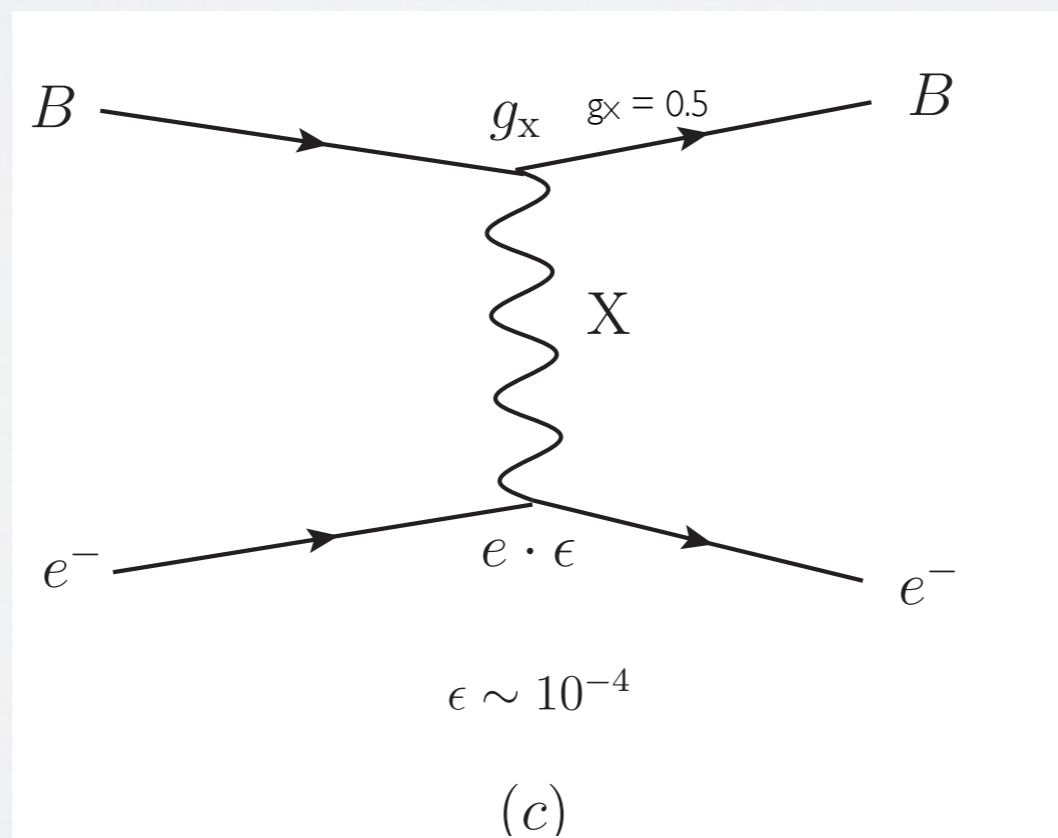


- Detect boosted ψ_B through its interaction with SM.

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{1}{2} \sin \epsilon X_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} \quad \text{Interaction of photon with hidden Boson}$$

- Via kinetic mixing of SM photon with hidden 'Dark' X.
- Direct detection of boosted ψ_B through SM.
- Indirect-direct detection of ψ_A .

Smoking Gun
for Non-Minimal
DM sector.



BOOSTED DM FROM THE SUN

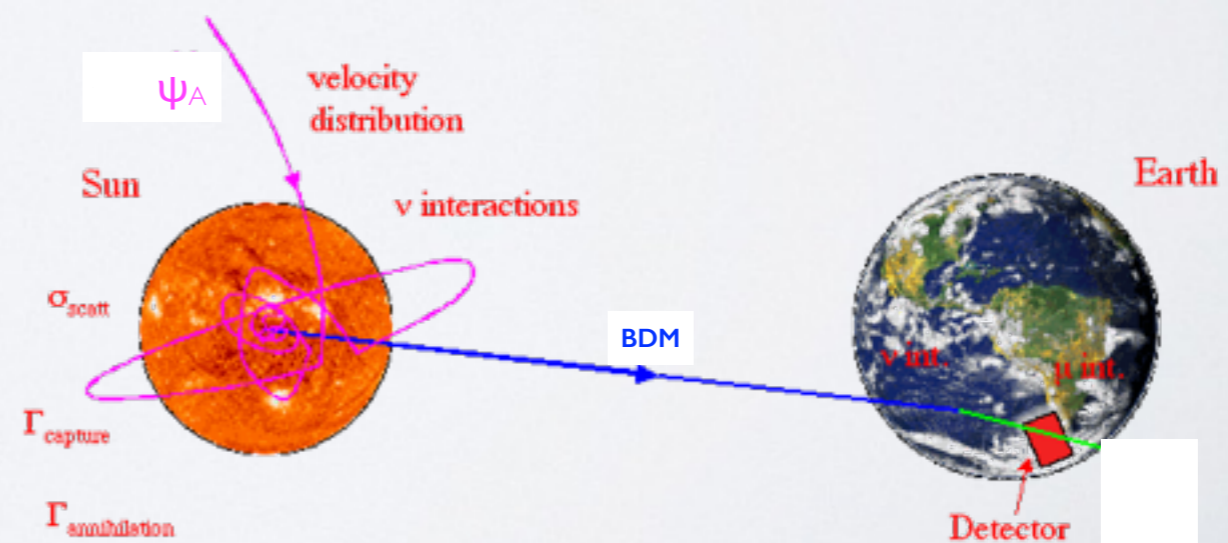
- Time evolution of number density of DM particles in sun is:

$$\frac{dN_\chi}{dt} = C_c + (C_s - C_e)N_\chi - (C_a + C_{se})N_\chi^2$$

Chen, Lee, Lin & Lin(2014)

- ♦ **C_c**: capture rate by nuclei inside Sun.
- ♦ **C_s**: capture rate by DM already captured in Sun.
- ♦ **C_e**: Evaporation rate due to DM-nuclei scattering.
- ♦ **C_{se}**: evaporation rate due to DM-self interaction.
- ♦ **C_a**: annihilation rate.

- Sun is point source.

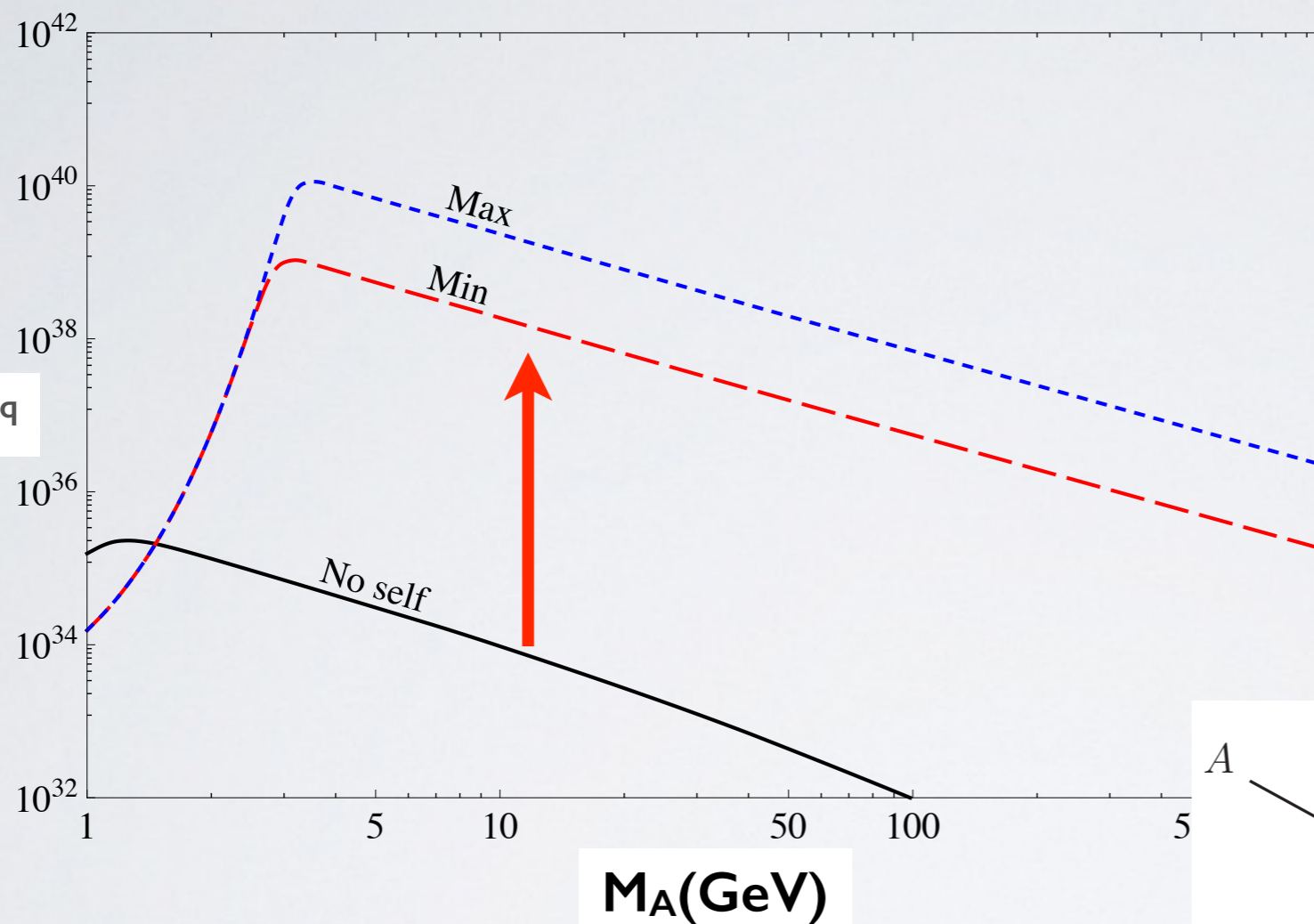


Berger et al (arXiv:1410.2246)

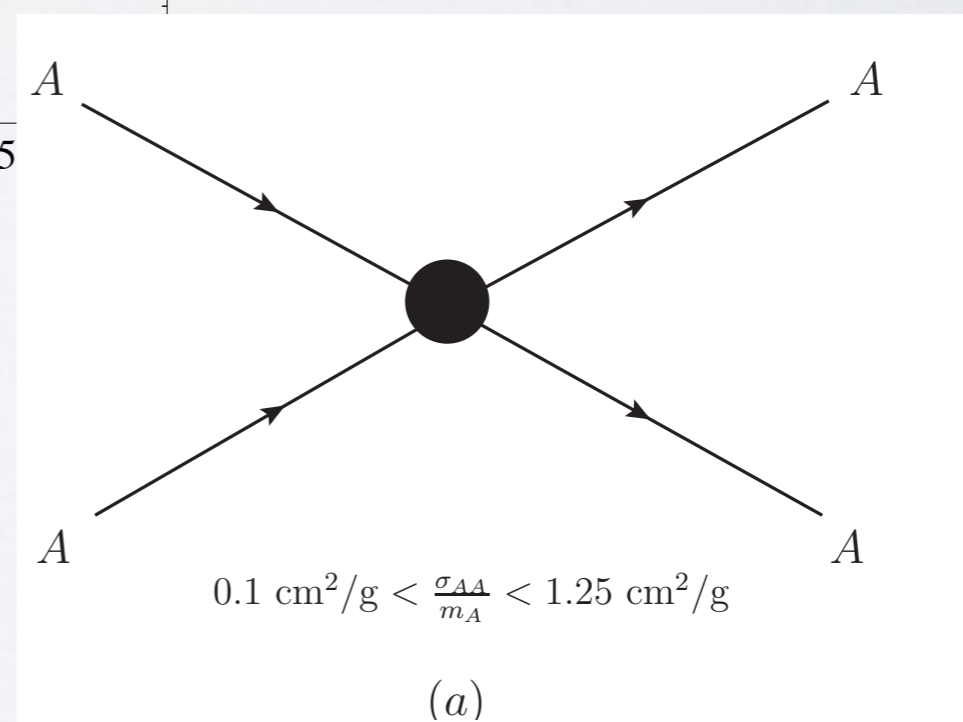
$$N_X(t) = \frac{C_c \tanh(t/\tau_{\text{eq}})}{\tau_{\text{eq}}^{-1} - (C_s - C_e) \tanh(t/\tau_{\text{eq}})/2}$$

$$\tau_{\text{eq}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C_c(C_a + C_{se}) + (C_s - C_e)^2/4}},$$

N_A^{eq} : $m_B=0.2$ GeV, $m_X=20$ MeV, $\epsilon=10^{-4}$, $g_X=0.5$




Importance of Self-Interaction



Flux of boosted DM particles

- Flux of boosted ψ_B from the Sun:

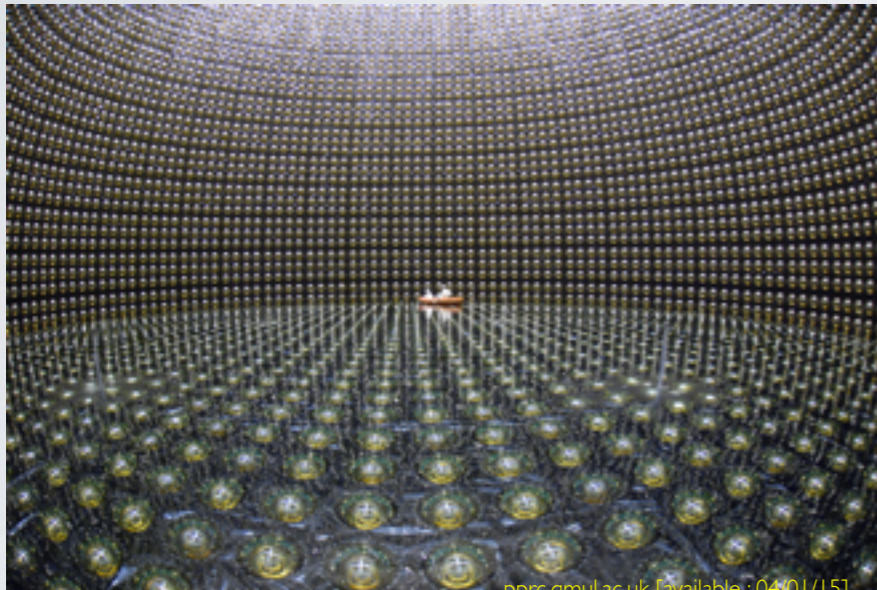
$$\frac{d\Phi_B^{\text{Sun}}}{dE_B} = \frac{\Gamma_A^{\psi_A}}{4\pi R_{\text{Sun}}^2} \frac{dN_B}{dE_B} \quad \Gamma_A^{\psi_A} = \frac{C_a}{2} N_{\psi_A}^2$$

$$\frac{dN_B}{dE_B} = 2\delta(E_B - m_A)$$


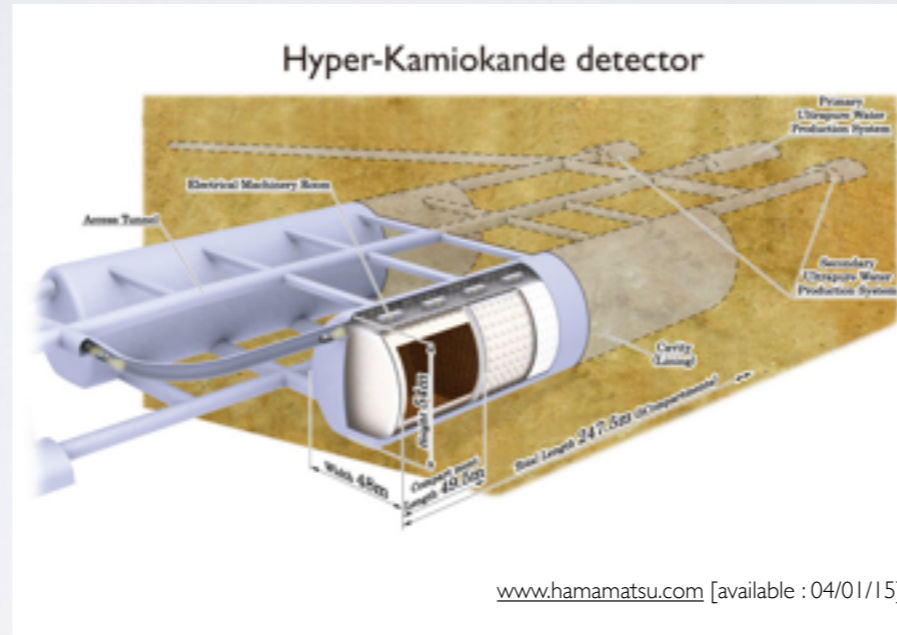
- Annihilation of ψ_A produces 2 mono-energetic boosted ψ_B 's.
- Take into account other factors, e.g. energy loss of the ψ_B particles during propagation through the sun.

DETECTION OF BDM

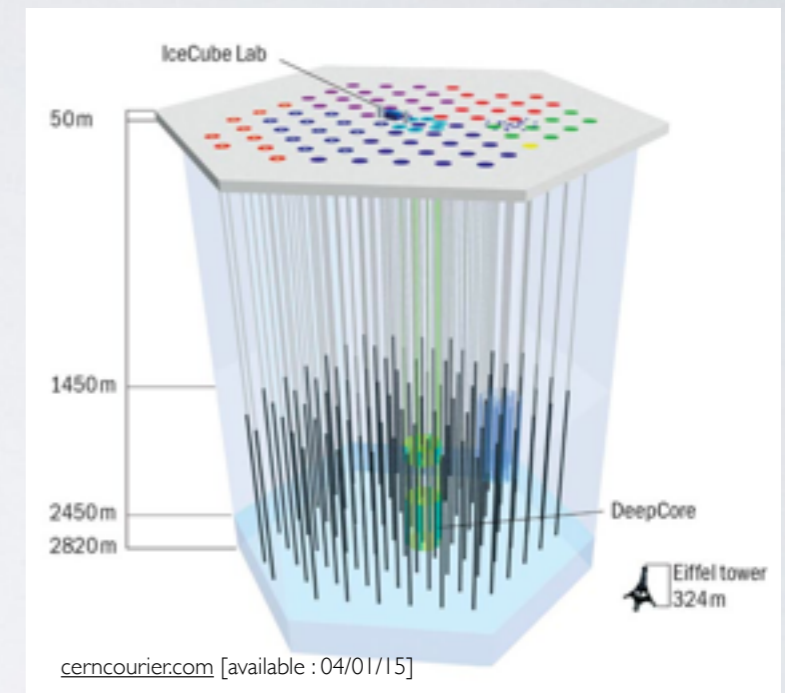
- large volume neutrino detectors detect: $\nu_e n \rightarrow e^- p$



Super-K



Hyper-K



PINGU/Ice-Cube

- In same light BDM detected through $\psi_B e^- \rightarrow \psi_B e^-$
- Energetic electrons would produce Cherenkov light.
- BDM signal seen as single Cherenkov ring.

- Focus on Super-K, Hyper-K and PINGU.

Experiment	Volume (Mton)	Ethres(GeV)	res(deg)
Super-K	0.0224	0.01	3
Hyper-K	0.56	0.01	3
PINGU	0.5	1	23
Ice-Cube	1000	100	30

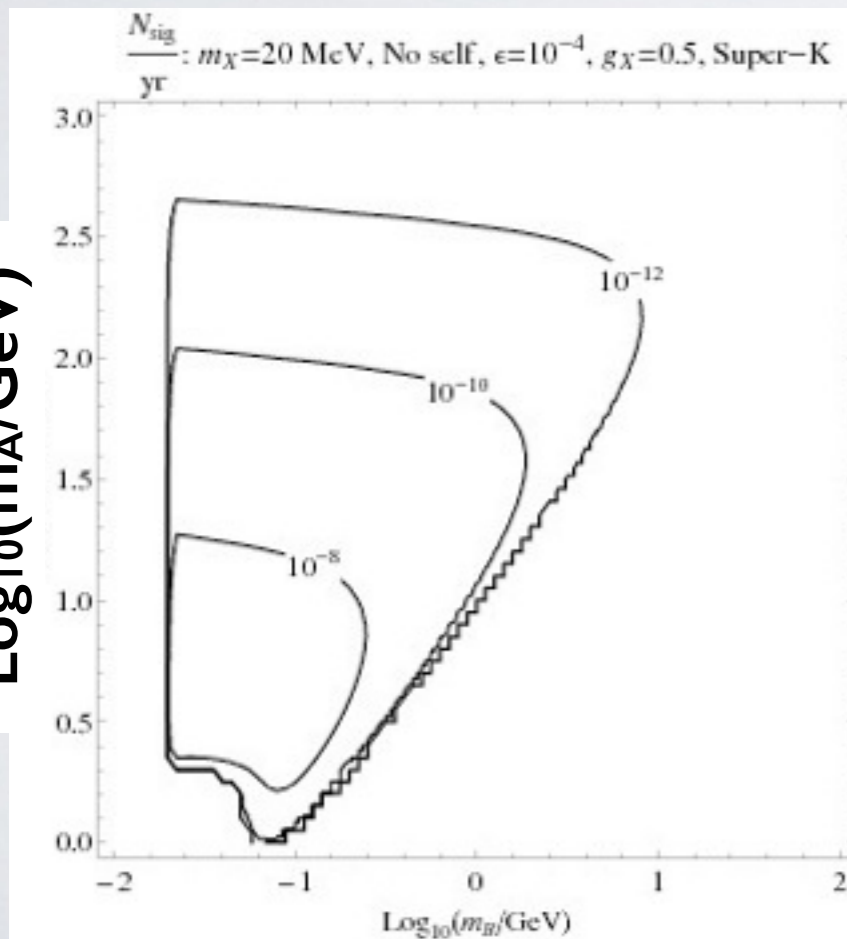
- Angular resolution and energy threshold **important** for distinguishing Neutrino backgrounds.

Signal Rates

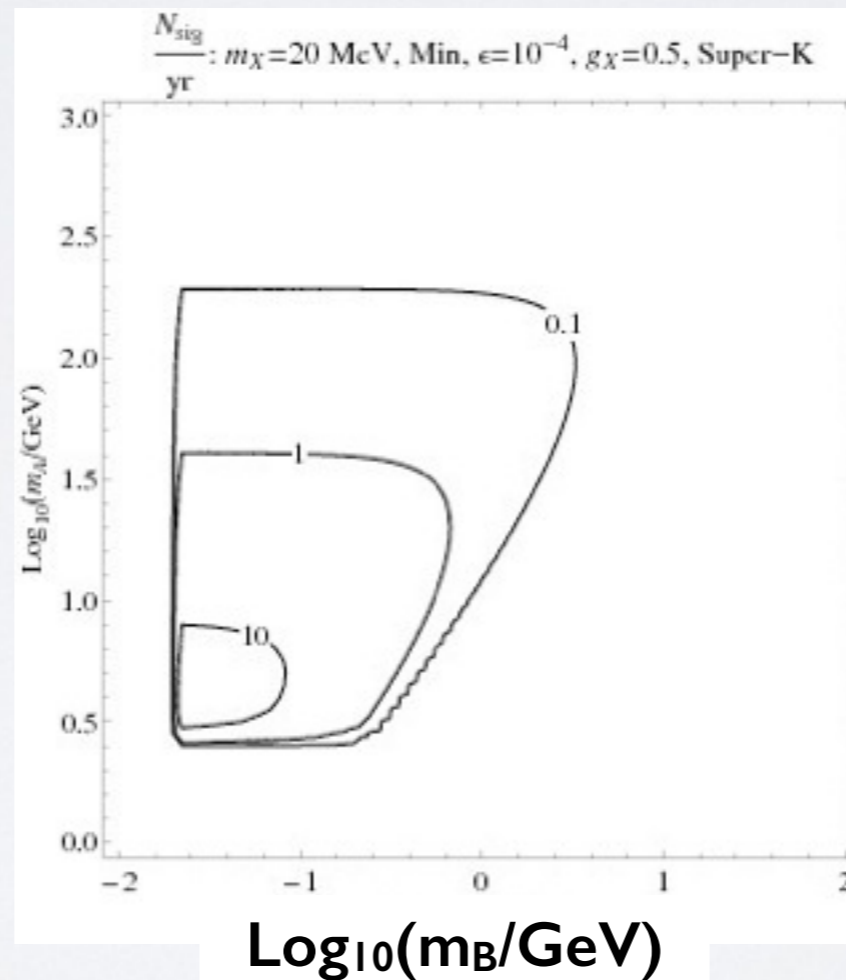
$$N_{\text{sig}} = \Delta T \frac{10 \rho_{\text{target}} V_{\text{exp}}}{m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} \frac{2\Gamma_A^{\psi_A}}{4\pi R_{\text{Sun}}^2} \int_{E_e^{\text{min}}}^{E_e^{\text{max}}} dE_e \frac{d\sigma_{Be^- \rightarrow Be^-}}{dE_e}$$

- For Super-K.

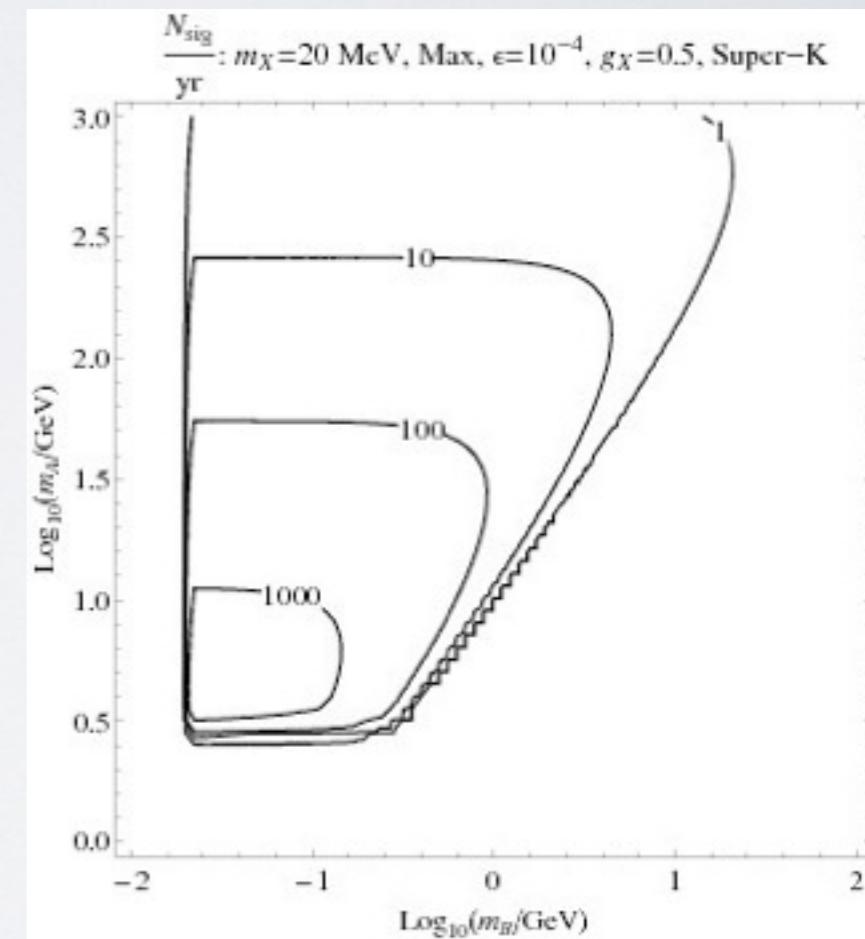
Log₁₀(m_A/GeV)



No self-interaction



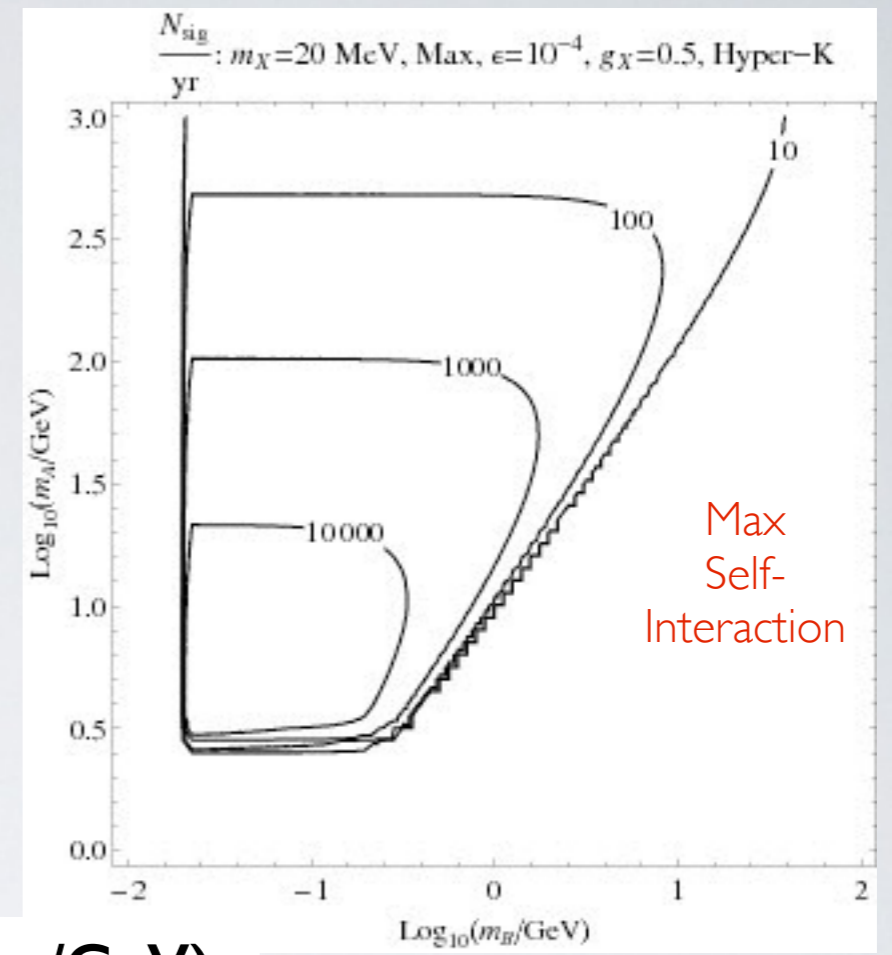
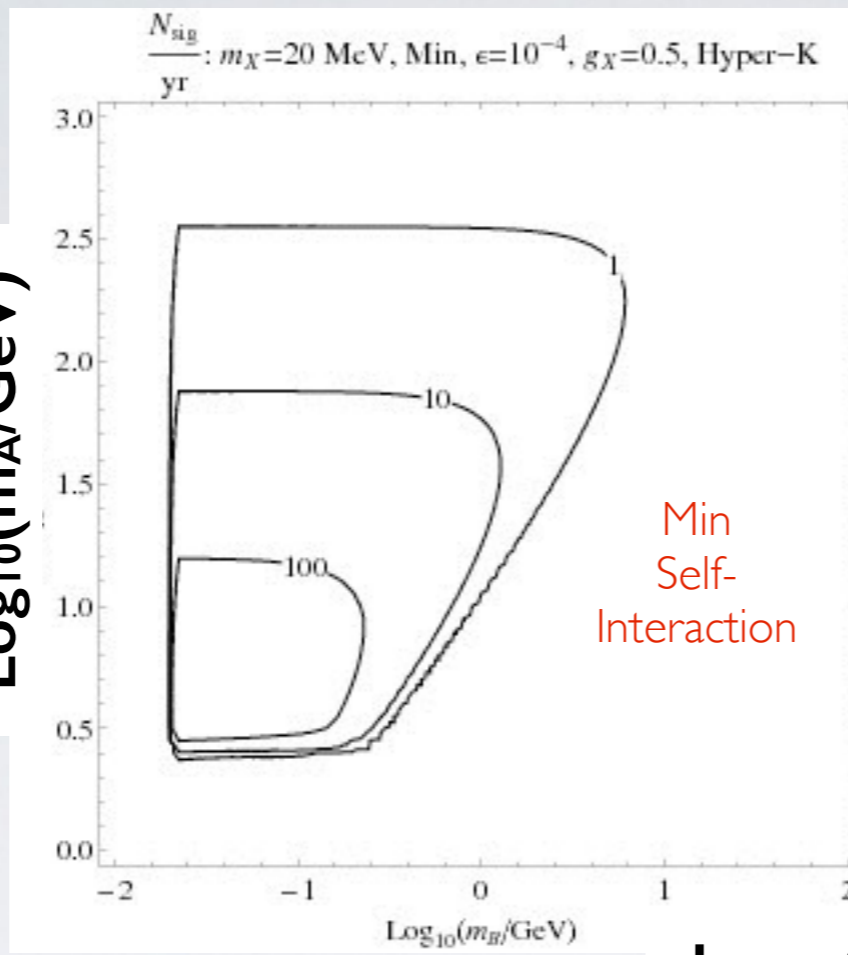
Min self-interaction



Max self-interaction

- For Hyper-K

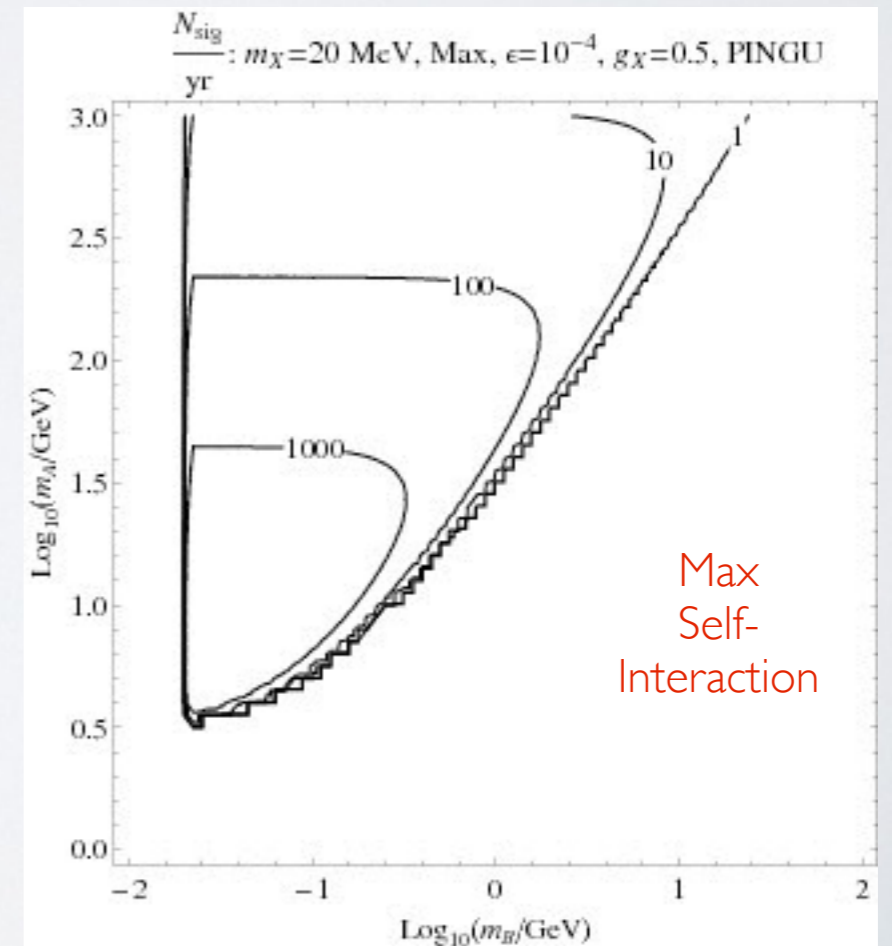
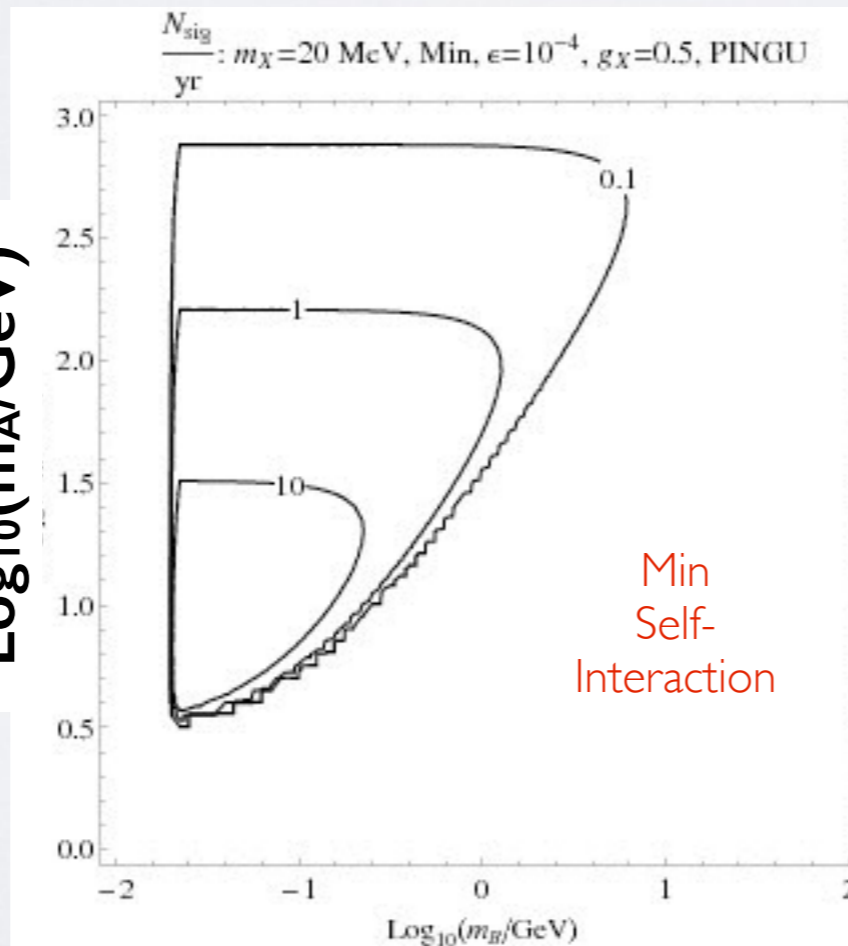
Log₁₀(m_A/GeV)



Log₁₀(m_B/GeV)

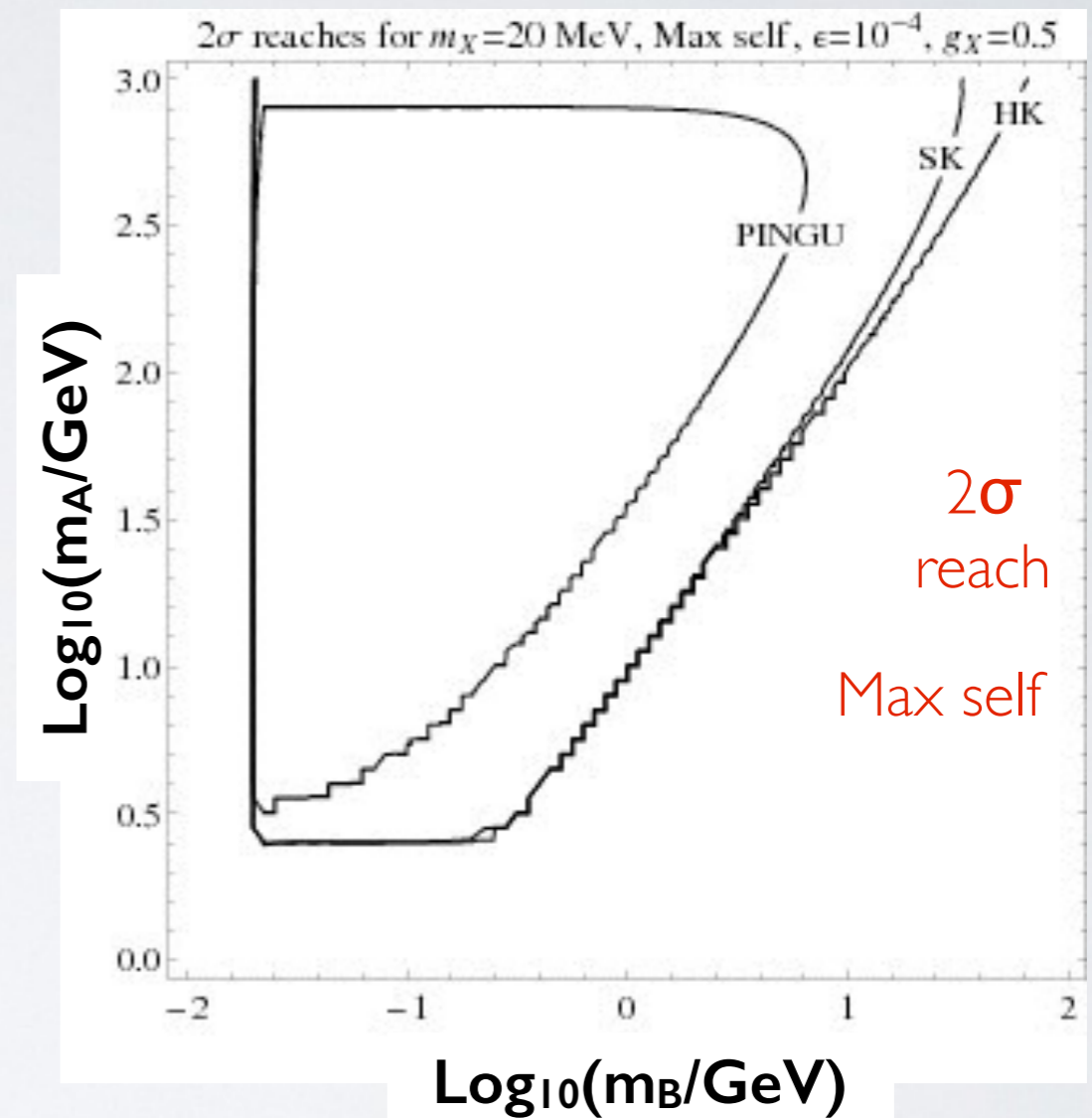
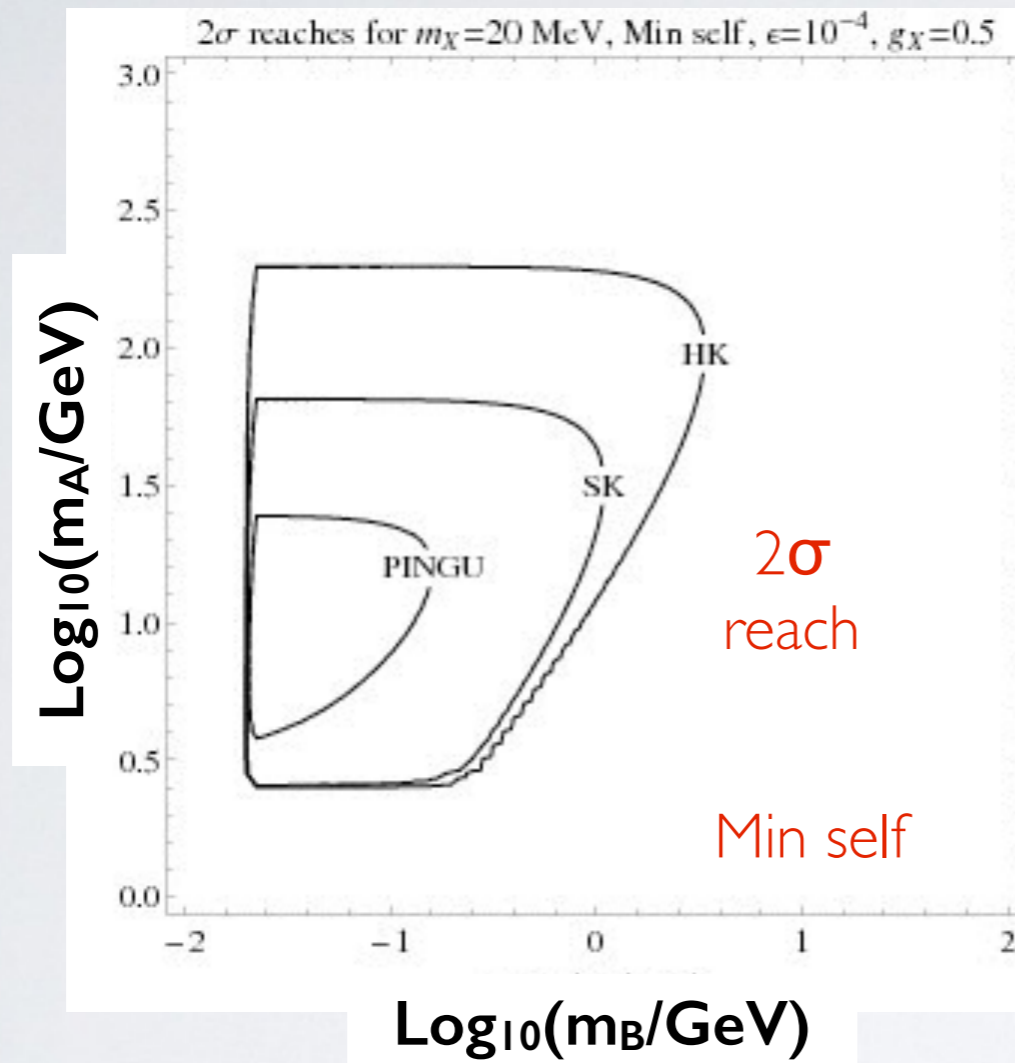
- For PINGU

Log₁₀(m_A/GeV)



Experimental Reach

- 2σ sensitivity for 10 years of Data.



- Left Edge: $m_B > m_X$,

Top Edge: number density n_{DM}

- Right Edge: $E_{max} > E_{min}$

Bottom Edge: Evaporation i.e. drop in N_A^{eq}

CONCLUSIONS & FUTURE WORK

- Self-interacting multi-component DM provides insight into several unanswered cosmological questions.
- Self interaction helps enhance flux of Boosted DM.
- Hyper-K is so far the best prospect for boosted DM detection, it has large volume, lower threshold and low angular resolution.
- Consider Ice-Cube/PINGU:
 - Effective volume $V_{\text{eff}}(E)$.
 - Angular res $\theta_{\text{res}}(E)$.
- Proper modeling of energy loss inside Sun.
- Improve Boosted DM signal.

THANK YOU