

# Dark matter (DM) gauge boson couplings

Uli Haisch, University of Oxford, 16<sup>th</sup> January 2015

based on Crivellin, UH & Hibbs, 1501.00907

[see also Cotta et al., 1210.0525; Carpenter et al., 1212.3352; Nelson et al., 1307.5064;  
Lopez et al., 1403.6734; ATLAS, 1404.0051]

# Motivation

“The weakness of interactions is often understood in field theory as a sign that the corresponding operators are irrelevant. Consequently, the “darkness” of DM may be naturally interpreted as a consequence of DM having only irrelevant interactions with light, and more generally with the electroweak gauge bosons.”

[Liu et al., 1303.4404]

# Motivation

In fact, in case of Majorana DM, dimension-5 operators of dipole type are absent, so leading  $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$  invariant interactions of DM with photons are dimension 7:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{k=B,W,\tilde{B},\tilde{W}} \frac{C_k(\mu)}{\Lambda^3} O_k$$

$$O_B = \bar{\chi}\chi B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu}, \quad O_W = \bar{\chi}\chi W_{\mu\nu}^i W^{i,\mu\nu},$$

$$O_{\tilde{B}} = \bar{\chi}\chi B_{\mu\nu}\tilde{B}^{\mu\nu}, \quad O_{\tilde{W}} = \bar{\chi}\chi W_{\mu\nu}^i \tilde{W}^{i,\mu\nu}$$

# Motivation

Latter operators special:

- annihilation into photon pairs velocity suppressed  
→ indirect detection probably never provide limits
- DM-nucleon interactions loop suppressed  
→ present direct detection bounds quite weak<sup>†</sup>
- for  $m_\chi < O(100 \text{ GeV})$  relic density too large  
→ additional operators or dark sector structure

<sup>†</sup>for future sensitivity see [\[Crivellin & UH, 1408.5046\]](#)

# Motivation

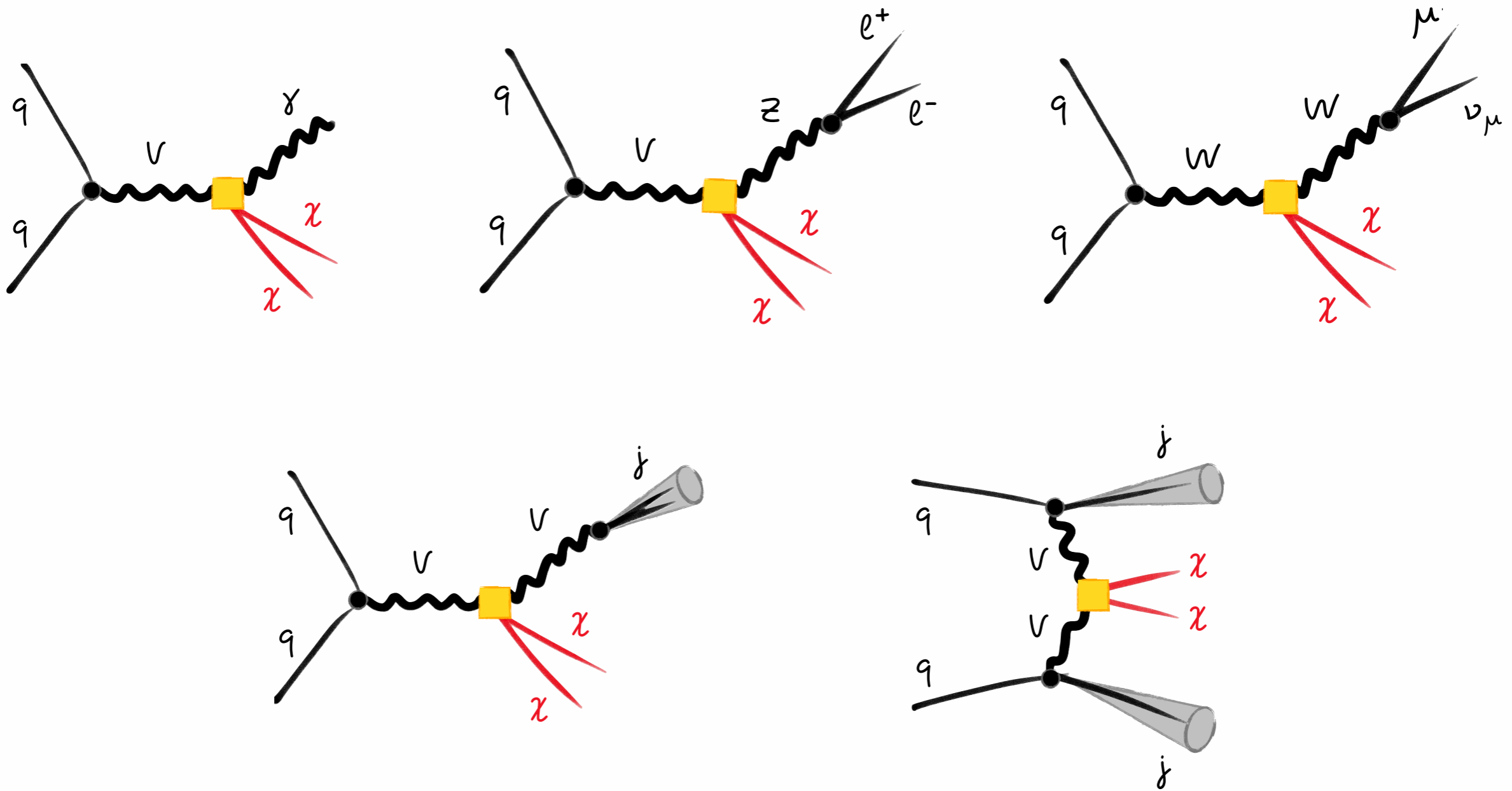
Latter operators special:

- annihilation into photon pairs velocity suppressed  
→ indirect detection probably never provide limits
- DM-nucleon interactions loop suppressed  
→ present direct detection bounds quite weak<sup>†</sup>

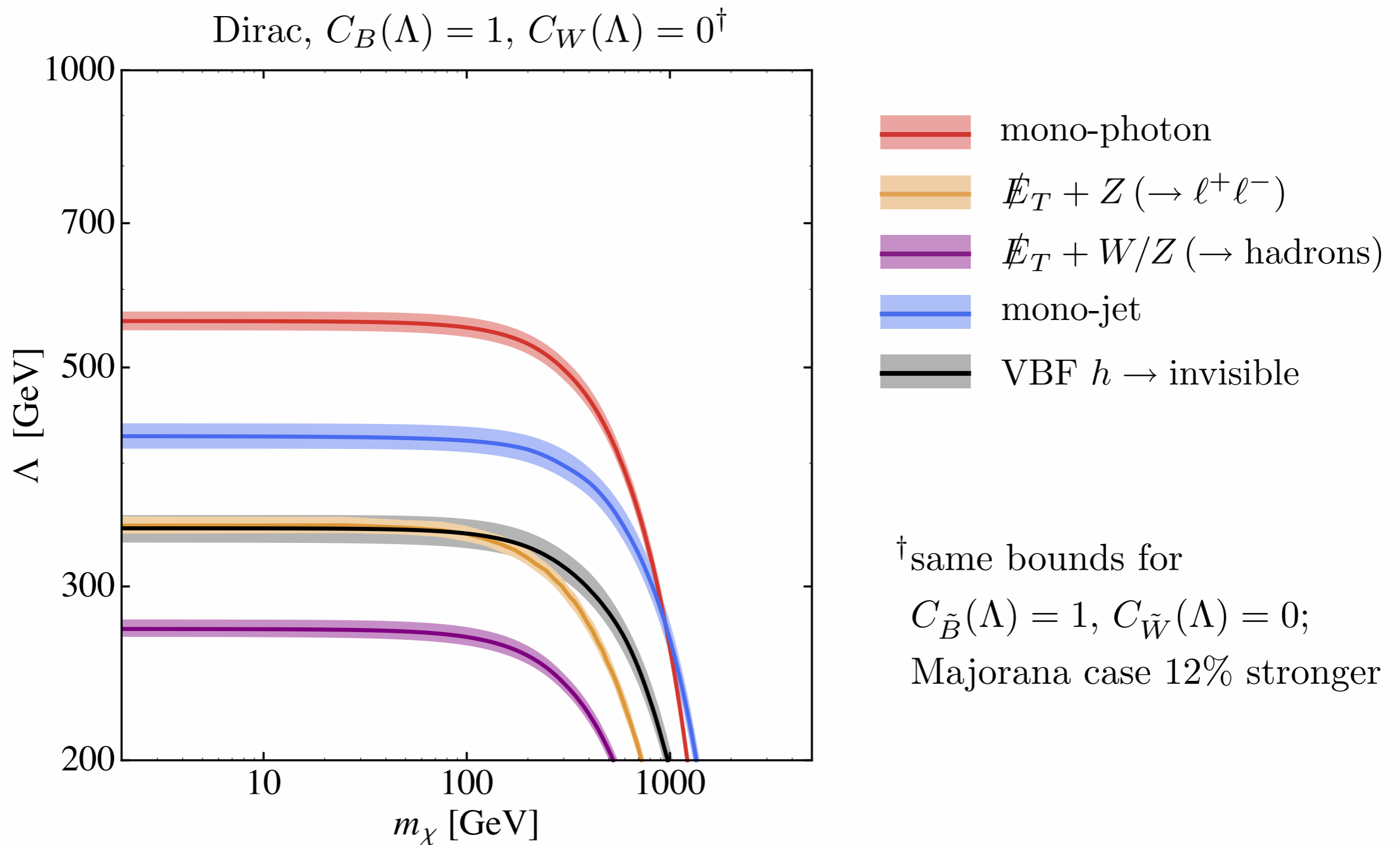
Attractive DM scenario with room to be explored by LHC

<sup>†</sup>for future sensitivity see [\[Crivellin & UH, 1408.5046\]](#)

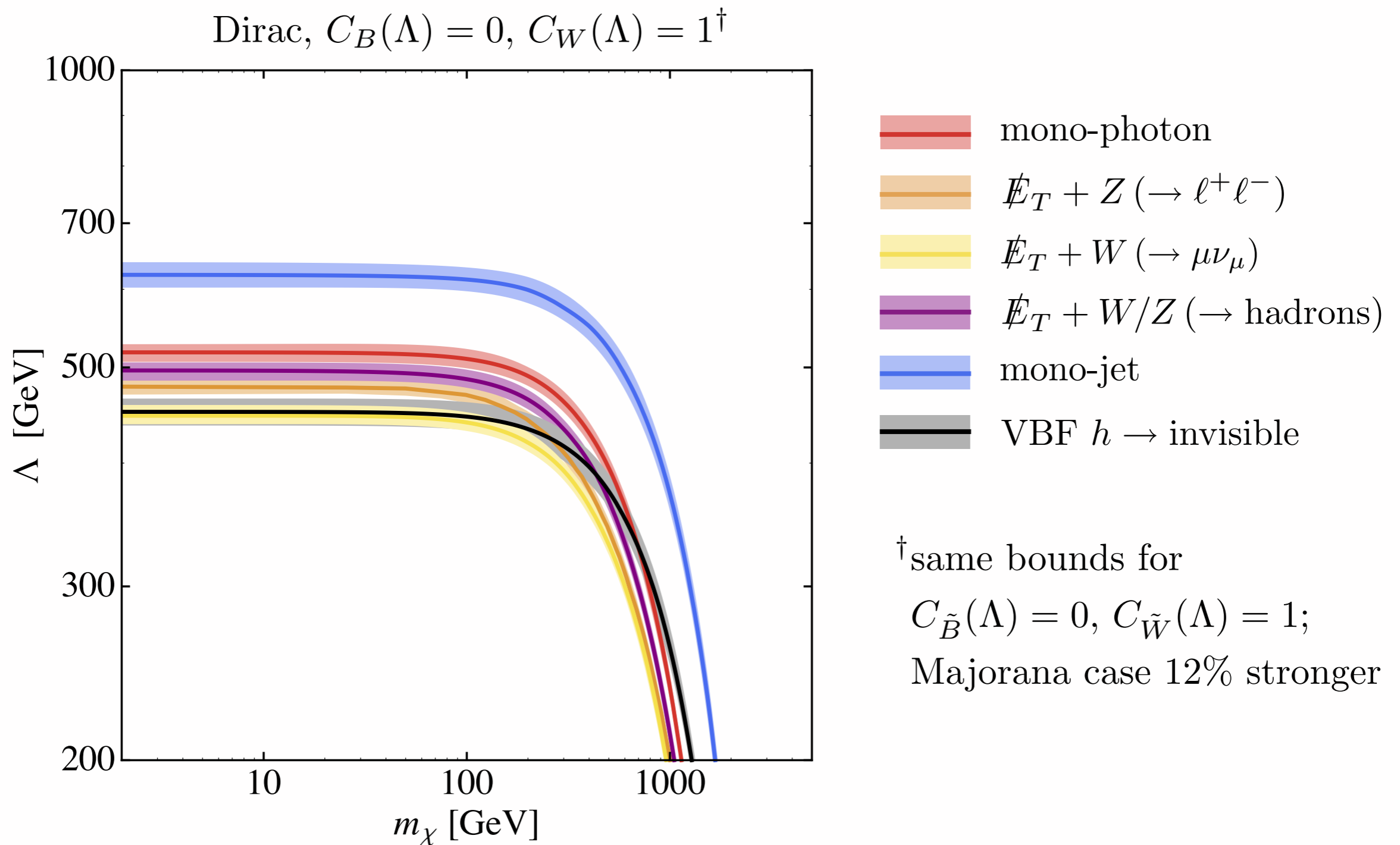
# LHC signals & searches



# Bounds on new-physics scale



# Bounds on new-physics scale





# LHC 14 TeV forecast

Limits improve by factor of at least 2 in first year. Then progress slows down given imperfect understanding of SM background (assumed to be known to 5% accuracy)<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup>findings agree with [\[ATL-COM-PHYS-2014-549\]](#)

8 TeV LHC,  $20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  :  
 $\Lambda \gtrsim 600 \text{ GeV}$



14 TeV LHC,  $25 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  :  
 $\Lambda \gtrsim 1.3 \text{ TeV}$



14 TeV LHC,  $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  :  
 $\Lambda \gtrsim 1.5 \text{ TeV}$

# Jet-jet angular correlations

Imposed VBF cuts :

$$\Delta\eta_{j_1 j_2} > 2,$$

$$m_{j_1 j_2} > 1100 \text{ GeV}$$

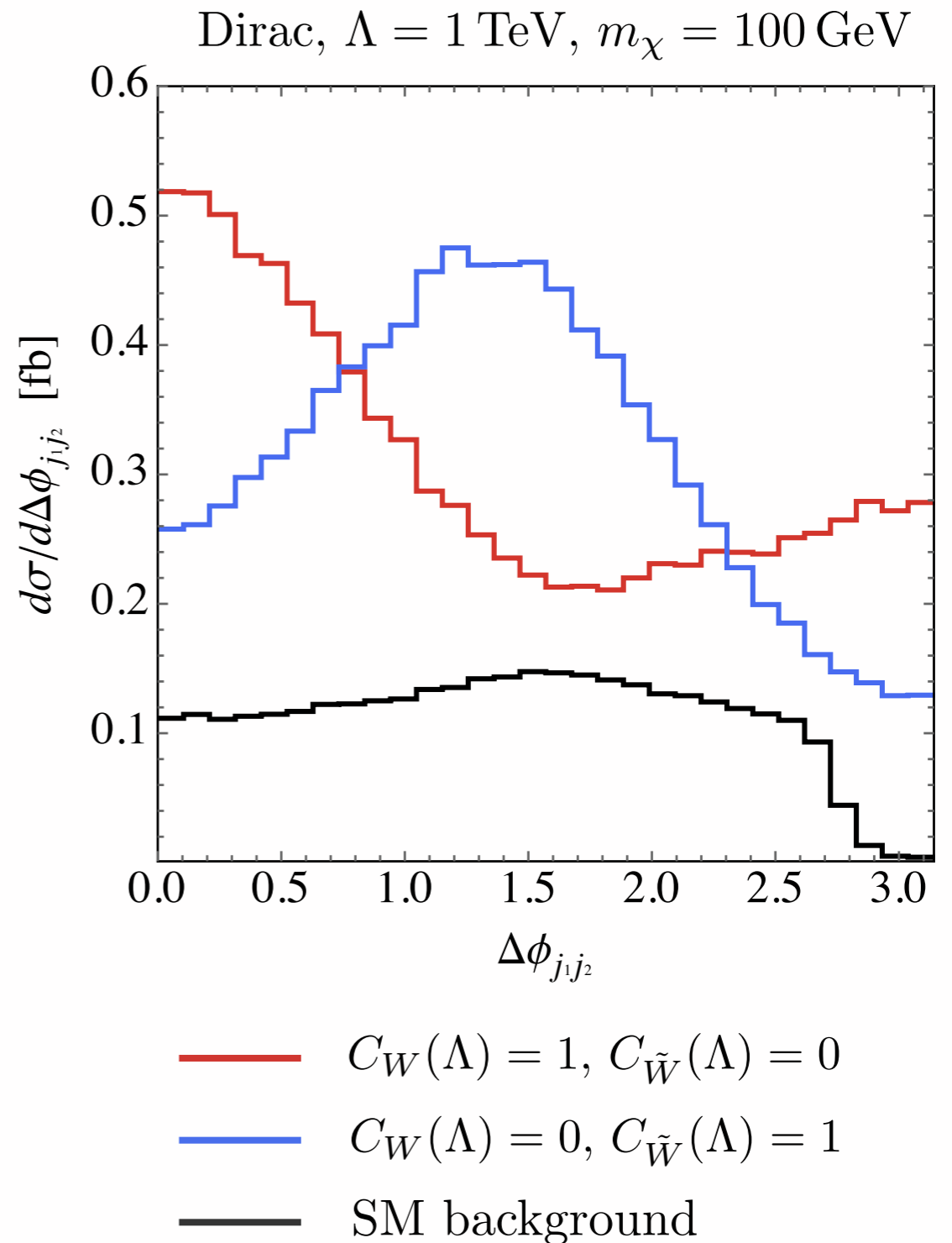


$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow \cancel{E}_T + 2j) = 1.0 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow Z (\rightarrow \bar{\nu}\nu) + 2j) = 0.35 \text{ fb}$$

$$S/\sqrt{B} = 8.4 \quad (25 \text{ fb}^{-1}),$$

$$S/\sqrt{B} = 29 \quad (300 \text{ fb}^{-1})$$



# Jet-jet angular correlations

Angular decomposition :

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\phi_{j_1 j_2}} = \sum_{n=0}^2 a_n \cos(n\Delta\phi_{j_1 j_2})$$

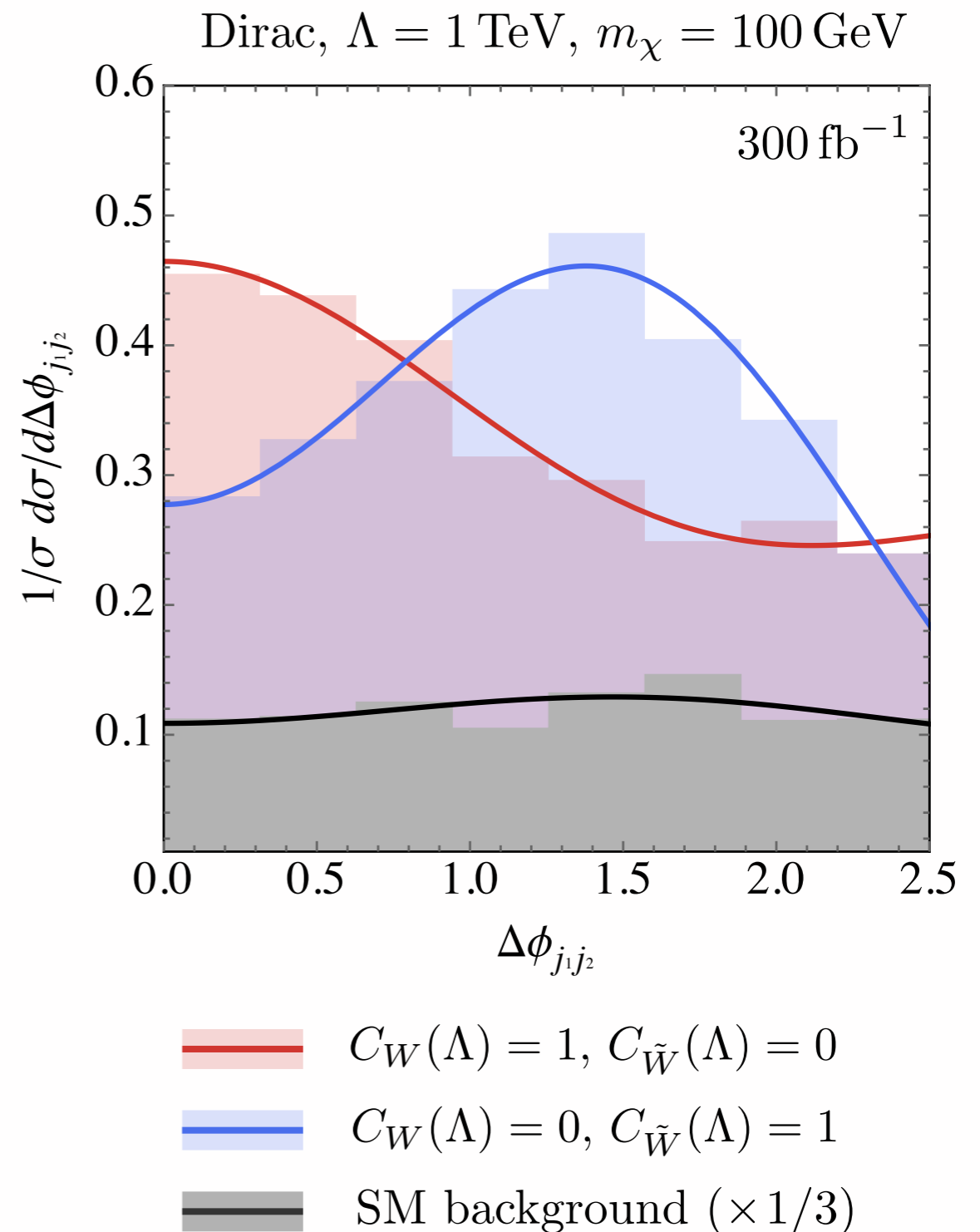
↓ 300 fb<sup>-1</sup>

$$(a_2/a_0)_{W+SM} = 0.15 \pm 0.10,$$

$$(a_2/a_0)_{\tilde{W}+SM} = -0.45 \pm 0.14,$$

$$(a_2/a_0)_{SM} = -0.12 \pm 0.22$$

significance : 2.7, 2.4, 5.1





A \$295K backup

# Jet-jet angular correlations

Angular decomposition :

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\phi_{j_1 j_2}} = \sum_{n=0}^2 a_n \cos(n\Delta\phi_{j_1 j_2})$$

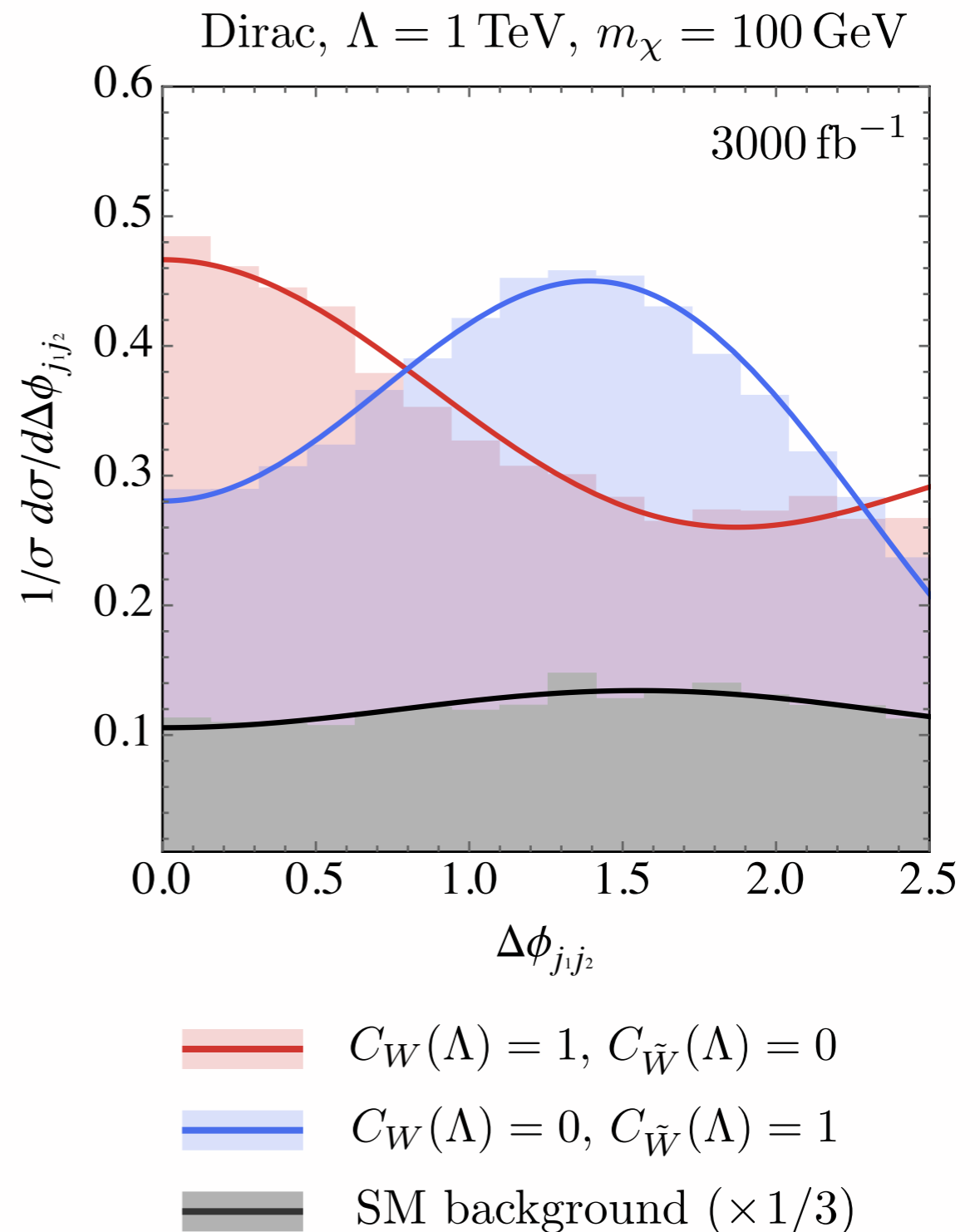
↓ 3000 fb<sup>-1</sup>

$$(a_2/a_0)_{W+SM} = 0.18 \pm 0.03,$$

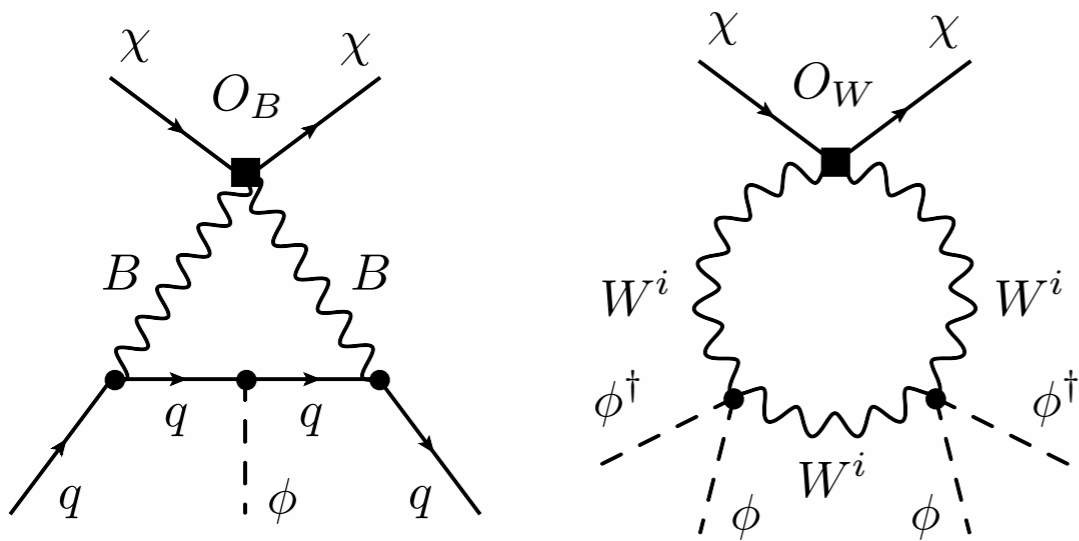
$$(a_2/a_0)_{\tilde{W}+SM} = -0.40 \pm 0.04,$$

$$(a_2/a_0)_{SM} = -0.13 \pm 0.07$$

significance : 10.3, 6.8, 17.1



# Loop-induced direct detection



$$O_B \xrightarrow{\text{mixing}} O_q = y_q \bar{\chi} \chi \bar{q} \phi q,$$

$$O_W \xrightarrow{\text{mixing}} O_\phi = \bar{\chi} \chi (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2$$

$$C_q(\mu_l) \simeq \left( \frac{3Y_{qL} Y_{qR} \alpha_1}{\pi} C_B(\Lambda) + \frac{9\alpha_2^2}{2} \frac{v^2}{m_h^2} C_W(\Lambda) \right) \ln \left( \frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} \right) + \dots,$$

$$C_G(\mu_l) \simeq -\frac{1}{12\pi} \left\{ \left( \frac{\alpha_1}{2\pi} C_B(\Lambda) + \frac{27\alpha_2^2}{2} \frac{v^2}{m_h^2} C_W(\Lambda) \right) \ln \left( \frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} \right) + \dots \right\}$$

$$\sigma_N^{\text{SI}} \simeq \frac{m_{\text{red}}^2 m_N^2}{\pi \Lambda^6} \left| \sum_{q=u,d,s} f_q^N C_q(\mu_l) - \frac{8\pi}{9} f_G^N C_G(\mu_l) + \dots \right|^2$$

[Crivellin & UH, 1408.5046]

# Bounds on $\Omega_B$ & $\Omega_W$

[Crivellin & UH, 1408.5046]

