

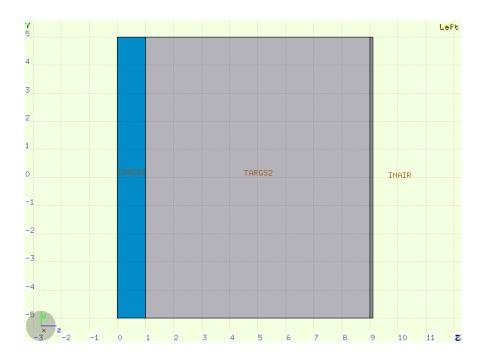
FLUKA Beginner's Course

Aim of the exercise:

- 1- More geometry practice
- 2- Use of Conditional Directives
- 3- Run parallel cases
- 4- See FLUKA capabilities on low energy neutrons

- Start from the solution of ex5 (copy both inp and flair files):

 mkdir ex9 ; cp ex5/ex5.inp ex9/ ; cp ex5/ex5.flair ex9/ex9.flair ; cd ex9
- Geometry modifications:
 - Increase TARGS2 size moving T2seg plane to z=9 cm
 - Squeeze TARGS3 to 100 microns moving ZThigh to z=9.01 cm

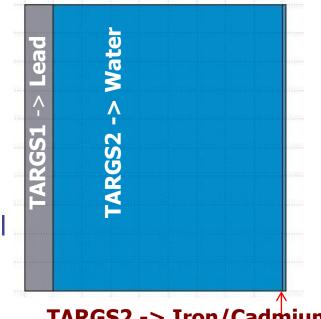


Material modifications:

- TARGS1 -> Lead
- TARGS2 -> Water
- TARGS3- > Iron/Cadmium

(use #if ... #else ... #endif)

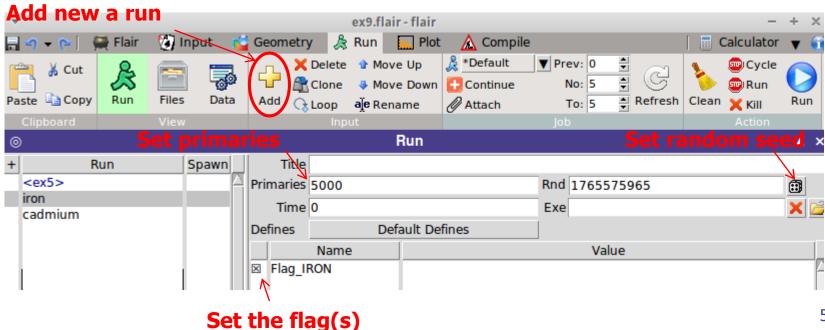
■ NB: Cd is not a FLUKA predefined material MATERIAL cast must be defined (you can try to use Flair to add it)



TARGS2 -> Iron/Cadmium

##define Flag_IRON	:		
If Flag_IRON is defined, then	Iron is assigned to the TARGS3 region other	wise Cadmium is assigned	
€ #if Flag_IRON ▼	,	_	
♠ ASSIGNMA	Mat: IRON ▼	Reg: TARGS3 ▼	to Reg: ▼
	Mat(Decay): ▼	Step:	Field: ▼
♠_#else			
♠ ASSIGNMA	Mat: CADMIUM ▼	Reg: TARGS3 ▼	to Reg: ▼
	Mat(Decay): ▼	Step:	Field: ▼
♦#endif			
♠ ASSIGNMA	Mat: CO2 ▼	Reg: INAIR ▼	to Reg: ▼
	Mat(Decay): ▼	Step:	Field: ▼

- Add boundary crossing scoring from TARGS3 to INAIR
 - Estimate neutron fluence (unformatted output on unit 53)
 - Use log energy binning down to the lowest energy group
- □ For both Fe and Cd: run 5 cycles, 5000 primaries each
- <u>WARNING</u>: do not overwrite results when running the 2nd case, create two runs in Flair and run them independently



Plot the results as a lethargy spectrum

```
( x-axis: E [GeV],
  y-axis: dN/d(logE) [cm-2 per proton] (Value:<X>*Y),
  both log axis )
```

For the Iron case:

Identify the peak in thermal part of the spectrum Note the automatic matching of neutron group structure

Compare with the results obtained in the Cadmium case