

Gauged SDFT and stable de Sitter in $d = 7$

Jose J. Fernández-Melgarejo

Harvard University

Based on 1505.01301: W. Cho, J.J. FM, I. Jeon, J.-H. Park (JHEP 2015)

1506.01294: G. Dibitetto, J.J. FM, D. Marqués (sub. JHEP 2015)

Duality symmetries in String and M-Theories
August 10, 2015

Our goals

- Goal 1: DFT from relaxed (SC) gauge principle. Uniqueness of the action upon what symmetries?

Cho,FM,Jeon,Park'15

- Generalised diffeomorphisms
 - Double Lorentz transformations
 - $O(D,D)$
 - ... SUSY?
- Goal 2: Half-maximal $d = 7$: natural continuation of previous results

Dibitetto,FM,Marqués'15

- Classification of deformations
- Vacua
- Mass spectrum

- 1** Twisted supersymmetric DFT (SDFT) [Cho,Jeon,FM,Park]
 - Relaxation approaches
 - Untwisted SDFT
 - Twisting

- 2** Stable de Sitter in half-maximal $d = 7$ [Dibitetto,FM,Marqués]

- 3** Conclusions

Outline

- 1** Twisted supersymmetric DFT (SDFT) [Cho,Jeon,FM,Park]
 - Relaxation approaches
 - Untwisted SDFT
 - Twisting
- 2** Stable de Sitter in half-maximal $d = 7$ [Dibitetto,FM,Marqués]
- 3** Conclusions

Geometric formulation

Jeon...'11, Hohm...'11, Hohm...'12

- $\mathcal{S}_{\text{DFT}}(\mathcal{H}_{AB}, d)$ as a curvature: S_{ABCD}

- Non-vanishing scalar curvatures

$$S_{ABCD} \left\{ \mathcal{H}^{AC} \mathcal{H}^{BD}, \quad \mathcal{J}^{AC} \mathcal{J}^{BD} \right\}$$

- Upon SC:

$$S_{ABCD} \mathcal{J}^{AC} \mathcal{J}^{BD} = -S_{ABCD} \mathcal{H}^{AC} \mathcal{H}^{BD}$$

- [DFT + SC] lacks some $O(d, d)$ gaugings

Aldazabal...'11, Geissbühler'11

- Relaxation of the SC?

Relaxation of the SC

Aldazabal... '11, Geissbühler '11, Graña... '12, Geissbühler... '13, Berman... '13

- Lower-dim SC stronger than quadratic constraints in half-maximal SUGRA
- $\mathcal{S}_{\text{DFT}} + \text{SC-terms}$
- $\mathcal{G}_{ABCD} = [S + \Delta]_{ABCD}$
- Geometric approaches $\Delta = \Delta(E_A^M)$
 - Weitzenböck connection
 - Generalised flux formulation
 - $\mathcal{G}_{ABCD}(\alpha \mathcal{H}^{AC} \mathcal{H}^{BD} + \beta \mathcal{J}^{AC} \mathcal{J}^{BD})$ such that half-max SUGRA
- DFT action fixed by first principles?

Supersymmetric theories

■ $N = 1$ SDFT

Siegel'93, Hohm... '12, Jeon... '12, Berman... '13

$$\{ d, V_{Ap}, \bar{V}_{A\bar{p}}, \rho^\alpha, \psi_{\bar{p}}^\alpha \}$$

■ $N = 2$ SDFT

Jeon... '12

$$\{ d, V_{Ap}, \bar{V}_{A\bar{p}}, C^{\alpha\bar{\alpha}}, \rho^\alpha, \rho'^{\bar{\alpha}}, \psi_{\bar{p}}^\alpha, \psi'_{\bar{p}}{}^{\bar{\alpha}} \}$$

■ Symmetries:

- $O(10,10)$
- Generalised diffeo's
- $\text{Spin}(1,9) \times \text{Spin}(9,1)$
- SUSY

SDFT - $\{V, \bar{V}\}$

■ Double vielbein formalism

Siegel, Hohm..., Jeon...

$$V_{Ap} V^A{}_q = \eta_{pq},$$

$$\bar{V}_{A\bar{p}} \bar{V}^A{}_{\bar{q}} = \bar{\eta}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}},$$

$$V_{Ap} \bar{V}^A{}_{\bar{q}} = 0,$$

$$V_{Ap} V_B{}^p + \bar{V}_{A\bar{p}} \bar{V}_B{}^{\bar{p}} = \mathcal{J}_{AB}.$$

■ Projectors

$$P_{AB} = V_A{}^p V_{Bp}$$

$$\bar{P}_{AB} = \bar{V}_A{}^{\bar{p}} \bar{V}_{B\bar{p}}$$

■ $\mathcal{D} = \partial + \Gamma + \Phi + \bar{\Phi}$

$$\mathcal{D} \{V_{Ap}, \bar{V}_{A\bar{p}}, d, \mathcal{J}_{AB}\} = 0$$

■ Connections

$$\Gamma_{CAB}(V, \bar{V}, d)$$

Christoffel

$$\Phi_{Apq}(V, \bar{V}, d)$$

Spin(1,9)

$$\bar{\Phi}_{A\bar{p}\bar{q}}(V, \bar{V}, d)$$

Spin(9,1)

SDFT - $\{V, \bar{V}\}$

■ Field strengths

$$S_{ABCD} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{ABCD} + R_{CDAB} - \Gamma^E{}_{AB}\Gamma_{ECD})$$

$$\mathcal{F}_{ABCD} = 2\nabla_{[A}\Phi_{B]CD} - 2\Phi_{[A|C}{}^E\Phi_{|B]ED}$$

$$\bar{\mathcal{F}}_{ABCD} = 2\nabla_{[A}\bar{\Phi}_{B]CD} - 2\bar{\Phi}_{[A|C}{}^E\bar{\Phi}_{|B]ED}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{G}_{ABCD} &= \frac{1}{2} [(\mathcal{F} + \bar{\mathcal{F}})_{ABCD} + (\mathcal{F} + \bar{\mathcal{F}})_{CDAB} + (\Phi + \bar{\Phi})^E{}_{AB}(\Phi + \bar{\Phi})_{ECD}] \\ &= S_{ABCD} + \frac{1}{2}(V_A{}^P\partial_E V_{Bp} + \bar{V}_A{}^{\bar{P}}\partial_E \bar{V}_{B\bar{P}})(V_C{}^q\partial^E V_{Dq} + \bar{V}_C{}^{\bar{q}}\partial^E \bar{V}_{D\bar{q}})\end{aligned}$$

■ $(\delta_X - \mathcal{L}_X)\mathcal{G}_{ABCD} \sim (\delta_X - \mathcal{L}_X)S_{ABCD} \sim 0$

■ Non-vanishing Ricci $\mathcal{G}_{pr\bar{q}}{}^r$ $\mathcal{G}_{p\bar{r}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{r}}$

■ Non-vanishing scalar curvatures

$$\mathcal{G}_{pq}{}^{pq}$$

$$\mathcal{G}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{p}\bar{q}}$$

SDFT - RR sector

- O(10,10) scalar bispinor

$$C^{\alpha}_{\bar{\beta}} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \mathcal{F} := \mathcal{D}_+ \mathcal{C} \quad \bar{\mathcal{F}} := \bar{\mathcal{C}}_+^{-1} (\mathcal{F})^T C_+$$

where

$$\mathcal{D}_{\pm} \mathcal{T} := \gamma^p \mathcal{D}_p \mathcal{T} \pm \gamma^{(11)} \mathcal{D}_{\bar{p}} \mathcal{T} \bar{\gamma}^{\bar{p}}$$

- Gauge invariance upon nilpotency of \mathcal{D}_+

$$\delta \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{D}_+ \Lambda \quad \longrightarrow \quad \delta \mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{D}_+)^2 \Lambda \sim 0$$

- Nilpotency upon strong constraint

$$(\mathcal{D}_{\pm})^2 \mathcal{T} \sim 0$$

Twisting

- Twisted fields

$$T_{A_1 \dots A_n}(X, Y) = e^{-2\omega\lambda(Y)} U_{A_1}^{\dot{A}_1}(Y) \dots U_{A_n}^{\dot{A}_n}(Y) \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n}(X)$$

- Twisting derivatives

$$\partial_C T_{A_1 \dots A_n} = e^{-2\omega\lambda} U_C^{\dot{C}} U_{A_1}^{\dot{A}_1} \dots U_{A_n}^{\dot{A}_n} \dot{D}_{\dot{C}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n}$$

where

$$\dot{D}_{\dot{C}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} := \partial_{\dot{C}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} - 2\omega \dot{\partial}_{\dot{C}} \lambda \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} + \sum_{i=1}^n \Omega_{\dot{C} \dot{A}_i}^{\dot{B}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{B} \dots \dot{A}_n}$$

$$\dot{\partial}_{\dot{C}} := (U^{-1})_{\dot{C}}^C \partial_C \quad \Omega_{\dot{C} \dot{A}}^{\dot{B}} := \left(U^{-1} \dot{\partial}_{\dot{C}} U \right)_{\dot{A}}^{\dot{B}}$$

- We define

$$f_{\dot{A} \dot{B} \dot{C}} := 3\Omega_{[\dot{A} \dot{B} \dot{C}]} \quad f_{\dot{A}} := \Omega_{\dot{B} \dot{A}}^{\dot{B}} - 2\dot{\partial}_{\dot{A}} \lambda$$

Consistency/twistability conditions

■ Twisted $\dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\dot{X}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\dot{X}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} &= e^{2\omega\lambda} (U^{-1})_{\dot{A}_1}{}^{A_1} \dots (U^{-1})_{\dot{A}_n}{}^{A_n} \mathcal{L}_X T_{A_1 \dots A_n} \\ &= \dot{X}^{\dot{B}} \dot{D}_{\dot{B}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} + \omega \dot{D}_{\dot{B}} \dot{X}^{\dot{B}} \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} \\ &\quad + \sum_{i=1}^n (\dot{D}_{\dot{A}_i} \dot{X}_{\dot{B}} - \dot{D}_{\dot{B}} \dot{X}_{\dot{A}_i}) \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_{i-1} \dot{A}_{i+1} \dots \dot{A}_n}\end{aligned}$$

■ Twisted C-bracket

$$\begin{aligned}[\dot{X}, \dot{Y}]_{\dot{C}}^{\dot{A}} &= (U^{-1})_{\dot{A}}{}^A [X, Y]_C^A \\ &= \dot{X}^{\dot{B}} \dot{D}_{\dot{B}} \dot{Y}^{\dot{A}} - \dot{Y}^{\dot{B}} \dot{D}_{\dot{B}} \dot{X}^{\dot{A}} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{Y}^{\dot{B}} \dot{D}^{\dot{A}} \dot{X}_{\dot{B}} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{X}^{\dot{B}} \dot{D}^{\dot{A}} \dot{Y}_{\dot{B}}\end{aligned}$$

■ Closure of the algebra

$$\left([\dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\dot{X}}, \dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\dot{Y}}] - \dot{\mathcal{L}}_{[\dot{X}, \dot{Y}]_{\dot{C}}} \right) \dot{T}_{\dot{A}_1 \dots \dot{A}_n} \neq 0$$

- SC for all the dotted twisted fields,

$$\dot{\partial}_{\dot{M}} \dot{\partial}^{\dot{M}} \equiv 0$$

- Orthogonality between connection and derivatives

$$\Omega^{\dot{M}}_{\dot{F}\dot{G}} \dot{\partial}_{\dot{M}} \equiv 0$$

- Constancy of $f_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}}$

$$\dot{\partial}_{\dot{E}} f_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} \equiv 0$$

- Jacobi identities

$$f_{[\dot{A}\dot{B}}^{\dot{E}} f_{\dot{C}]\dot{D}\dot{E}} \equiv 0$$

- Triviality of $f_{\dot{A}}$

$$f_{\dot{A}} = \Omega^{\dot{C}}_{\dot{C}\dot{A}} - 2\dot{\partial}_{\dot{A}} \lambda = \partial_C U^C_{\dot{A}} - 2\dot{\partial}_{\dot{A}} \lambda \equiv 0$$

Twisted connections and field strengths

- Connections ($\partial \rightarrow D$)

$$\{\Gamma, \Phi, \bar{\Phi}\} \quad \rightarrow \quad \{\dot{\Gamma}, \dot{\Phi}, \dot{\bar{\Phi}}\}$$

- (Semi-)covariant generalised curvature

$$(\delta_{\dot{X}} - \hat{\mathcal{L}}_{\dot{X}})\dot{\mathcal{G}}_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}\dot{D}} \equiv \dot{D}_{[\dot{A}}(\dot{P} + \dot{\bar{P}})_{\dot{B}]\dot{C}\dot{D}} + \dot{D}_{[\dot{C}}(\dot{P} + \dot{\bar{P}})_{\dot{D}]\dot{A}\dot{B}}$$

- Natural curvature \mathcal{G}_{ABCD}

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}[\dot{D}_p, \dot{D}_{\bar{q}}]T^p &\equiv \dot{\mathcal{G}}_{p\bar{q}}{}^r T^p \\ \frac{1}{2}[\dot{D}_p, \dot{D}_{\bar{q}}]T^{\bar{q}} &\equiv -\dot{\mathcal{G}}_{p\bar{r}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{r}} T^{\bar{q}} \end{aligned}$$

$N = 1$ twisted SDFT

- $N = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\text{Twisted SDFT}}^{\text{Half-maximal}} = e^{-2d} & \left[\frac{1}{4} \dot{\mathcal{G}}_{pq}{}^{pq} + i \frac{1}{2} \bar{\rho} \gamma^p \dot{\mathcal{D}}_{p\rho} \right. \\ & \left. - i \bar{\psi}^{\bar{p}} \dot{\mathcal{D}}_{\bar{p}\rho} - i \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi}^{\bar{p}} \gamma^q \dot{\mathcal{D}}_q \psi_{\bar{p}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

- Twisted transformations for fermions

$$\delta_\varepsilon \rho = -\gamma^p \dot{\mathcal{D}}_p \varepsilon, \quad \delta_\varepsilon \psi_{\bar{p}} = \dot{\mathcal{D}}_{\bar{p}} \varepsilon.$$

- $f_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} f^{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}}$ breaks \mathbb{Z}_2 symmetry

$$\dot{\mathcal{G}}_{pq}{}^{pq} + \dot{\mathcal{G}}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{p}\bar{q}} = \frac{1}{6} f_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} f^{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}}$$

where

Aldazabal... '11, Dibitetto... '12

$$f_{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} f^{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} = -3 \partial_D U_A{}^{\dot{A}} \partial^D (U^{-1})_{\dot{A}}{}^A - 24 \partial_D \lambda \partial^D \lambda$$

$N = 2$ twisted SDFT

■ $N = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\mathcal{L}}_{\text{Twisted SDFT}}^{\text{Maximal}} &= e^{-2d} \left[\frac{1}{8} (\dot{G}_{pq}{}^{pq} - \dot{G}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{p}\bar{q}}) + \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}(\dot{\mathcal{F}}\dot{\bar{\mathcal{F}}}) \right. \\ &\quad + i\frac{1}{2} \bar{\rho} \gamma^p \dot{D}_p \rho - i\frac{1}{2} \bar{\rho}' \bar{\gamma}^{\bar{p}} \dot{D}_{\bar{p}} \rho' \\ &\quad - i\frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi}^{\bar{p}} \gamma^q \dot{D}_q \psi_{\bar{p}} + i\frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi}'^p \bar{\gamma}^{\bar{q}} \dot{D}_{\bar{q}} \psi'_p \\ &\quad \left. - i\bar{\rho} \dot{\mathcal{F}} \rho' + i\bar{\psi}_{\bar{p}} \gamma_q \dot{\mathcal{F}} \bar{\gamma}^{\bar{p}} \psi'^q - i\bar{\psi}^{\bar{p}} \dot{D}_{\bar{p}} \rho + i\bar{\psi}'^p \dot{D}_p \rho' \right]\end{aligned}$$

■ Twisted SUSY transformations for fermions

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_\varepsilon \rho &= -\gamma^p \dot{D}_p \varepsilon & \delta_\varepsilon \rho' &= -\bar{\gamma}^{\bar{p}} \dot{D}_{\bar{p}} \varepsilon' \\ \delta_\varepsilon \psi_{\bar{p}} &= \dot{D}_{\bar{p}} \varepsilon + \dot{\mathcal{F}} \bar{\gamma}_{\bar{p}} \varepsilon' & \delta_\varepsilon \psi'_p &= \dot{D}_p \varepsilon' + \dot{\bar{\mathcal{F}}} \gamma_p \varepsilon\end{aligned}$$

■ R-R sector

$$\delta \mathcal{C} = \dot{D}_+ \Lambda \quad \longrightarrow \quad \delta \dot{\mathcal{F}} = (\dot{D}_+)^2 \Lambda \equiv -\frac{1}{24} f_{ABC} f^{\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}} \Lambda \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

■ $\dot{G}_{pq}{}^{pq} + \dot{G}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{p}\bar{q}} = 0$

Fixing the actions

■ $N = 1 \quad \longrightarrow \quad \mathbb{Z}_2$ transformation

■ $\mathcal{J} \rightarrow -\mathcal{J} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad B^{(2)} \rightarrow -B^{(2)}$

■ $\overline{\mathcal{L}}_{\text{Twisted SDFT}}^{\text{Half-maximal}} (d, V_{Ap}, \bar{V}_{A\bar{p}}, \rho'^{\bar{\alpha}}, \psi'_p{}^{\bar{\alpha}})$

■ $N = 2 \quad \longrightarrow \quad \mathbb{Z}_2$ unbroken

■ $\mathcal{G}_{pq}{}^{pq} = -\mathcal{G}_{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{}^{\bar{p}\bar{q}}$

■ SC relaxation

■ genuinely non-geometric configurations (deformations)

■ stringy origin? Level-matching conditions

Outline

- 1 Twisted supersymmetric DFT (SDFT) [Cho,Jeon,FM,Park]
 - Relaxation approaches
 - Untwisted SDFT
 - Twisting
- 2 Stable de Sitter in half-maximal $d = 7$ [Dibitetto,FM,Marqués]
- 3 Conclusions

Half-maximal $d = 7$ SUGRA

■ $\mathbb{R}^+ \times SL(4)$

■ Field content $\left\{ e_\mu{}^a, A_\mu{}^{[mn]}, B_{\mu\nu}, \Sigma, \mathcal{V}_m{}^{\alpha\hat{\alpha}}, \psi_{\mu\alpha}, \chi_\alpha, \lambda^{\alpha\hat{\alpha}\hat{\beta}} \right\}$

■ Embedding tensor

$$\Theta \in \underbrace{\mathbf{1}_{(-4)}}_{\theta} \oplus \underbrace{\mathbf{10}'_{(+1)}}_{Q_{(mn)}} \oplus \underbrace{\mathbf{10}_{(+1)}}_{\tilde{Q}^{(mn)}} \oplus \underbrace{\mathbf{6}_{(+1)}}_{\xi_{[mn]}}$$

■ Previous work: $\mathbf{10} \oplus \mathbf{10}'$

Dibitetto, FM, Marqués, Roest'12

■ Scalar potential

$$\begin{aligned} V = & \frac{1}{4} Q_{mn} Q_{pq} \Sigma^{-2} (2M^{mp} M^{nq} - M^{mn} M^{pq}) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} \tilde{Q}^{mn} \tilde{Q}^{pq} \Sigma^{-2} (2M_{mp} M_{nq} - M_{mn} M_{pq}) + Q_{mn} \tilde{Q}^{mn} \Sigma^{-2} \\ & + \theta^2 \Sigma^8 - \theta \left(Q_{mn} M^{mn} - \tilde{Q}^{mn} M_{mn} \right) \Sigma^3 + \frac{3}{2} \xi_{mn} \xi_{pq} \Sigma^{-2} M^{mp} M^{nq} \end{aligned}$$

Orbit classification of deformations ($\theta \xi_{mn} = 0$)

■ branch 1 ($\theta = 0$): $\mathbf{6} \oplus \mathbf{10} \oplus \mathbf{10}'$

Dibitetto, FM, Marqués'15

ID	ξ_{mn}	$Q_{mn}/\cos\alpha$	$\tilde{Q}^{mn}/\sin\alpha$	gauging
1	0_4	$\mathbf{1}_4$	$\mathbf{1}_4$	$SO(4)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$
2		$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, -1)$	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, -1)$	$SO(3)$, $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
3		$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, -1)$	$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, -1)$	$SO(2, 2)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$ $SO(2, 1)$, $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
4	0_4	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	$CSO(3, 0, 1)$
5		$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, 0)$		$CSO(2, 1, 1)$
6	$\xi_0 \left(\begin{array}{c c} \epsilon_2 & \\ \hline & 0_2 \end{array} \right)$	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, 1)$	$CSO(2, 0, 2)$, $ \xi_0 < 1$ $\mathfrak{f}_1(\text{Solv}_6)^*$, $ \xi_0 = 1$
7			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, -1)$	$CSO(2, 0, 2)$, $ \xi_0 < \sqrt{\cos(2\alpha)}$ $CSO(1, 1, 2)$, $ \xi_0 > \sqrt{\cos(2\alpha)}$ $\mathfrak{g}_0(\text{Solv}_6)^*$, $ \xi_0 = \sqrt{\cos(2\alpha)}$
8			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	$\mathfrak{h}_1(\text{Solv}_6)^*$
9			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, 1)$	$\mathfrak{f}_2(\text{Solv}_6)^*$
10	$\xi_0 \left(\begin{array}{c c} \epsilon_2 & \\ \hline & 0_2 \end{array} \right)$	$\text{diag}(1, -1, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, -1)$	$CSO(1, 1, 2)$
11			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	$\mathfrak{h}_2(\text{Solv}_6)^*$
12	$\xi_0 \left(\begin{array}{c c} \epsilon_2 & \\ \hline & 0_2 \end{array} \right)$	$\text{diag}(1, 0, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	$\mathfrak{l}(\text{Nil}_6(3))^*$, $\xi_0 \neq 0$ $CSO(1, 0, 3)$, $\xi_0 = 0$
13	$\xi_0 \left(\begin{array}{c c} \epsilon_2 & \\ \hline & 0_2 \end{array} \right)$	0_4	0_4	$(\mathbb{R}^+ \times (\mathbb{R}^+)^3) \times U(1)^2$

Orbit classification of deformations ($\theta \xi_{mn} = 0$)

■ branch 2 ($\xi_{mn} = 0$): $\mathbf{1} \oplus \mathbf{10} \oplus \mathbf{10}'$

Dibitetto, FM, Marqués'15

ID	θ	$Q_{mn}/\cos\alpha$	$\tilde{Q}^{mn}/\sin\alpha$	gauging
1	κ	$\mathbb{1}_4$	$\mathbb{1}_4$	$SO(4)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$ $SO(3)$, $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
2		$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, -1)$	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, -1)$	$SO(3, 1)$
3		$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, -1)$	$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, -1)$	$SO(2, 2)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$ $SO(2, 1)$, $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
4	κ	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 1, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	$CSO(3, 0, 1)$
5		$\text{diag}(1, 1, -1, 0)$		$CSO(2, 1, 1)$
6	κ	$\text{diag}(1, 1, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, 1)$	$CSO(2, 0, 2)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$ \mathfrak{f}_1 (Solv ₆) [*] , $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
7			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, -1)$	$CSO(2, 0, 2)$, $ \alpha < \frac{\pi}{4}$ $CSO(1, 1, 2)$, $ \alpha > \frac{\pi}{4}$ \mathfrak{g}_0 (Solv ₆) [*] , $ \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
8			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	\mathfrak{h}_1 (Solv ₆) [*]
9	κ	$\text{diag}(1, -1, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 1, -1)$	$CSO(1, 1, 2)$, $\alpha \neq \frac{\pi}{4}$ \mathfrak{f}_2 (Solv ₆) [*] , $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
10			$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	\mathfrak{h}_2 (Solv ₆) [*]
11	κ	$\text{diag}(1, 0, 0, 0)$	$\text{diag}(0, 0, 0, 1)$	\mathfrak{l} (Nil ₆ (3)) [*] , $\alpha \neq 0$ $CSO(1, 0, 3)$, $\alpha = 0$

Critical points

■ Equations

- scalar potential
- eom's for the scalar fields
- masses

■ Results

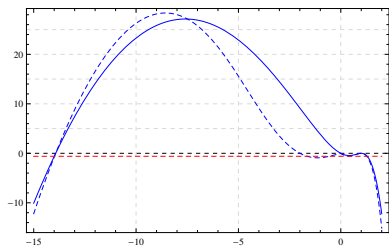
- branch 1 ($\theta = 0$): no-go argument for $\Lambda \neq 0$

$$V = \Sigma^{-2} V_0(M_{mn}) \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{eom}(\Sigma) = 0 \quad \text{if} \quad \Lambda = 0$$

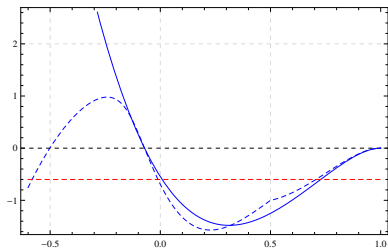
- branch 2 ($\xi_{mn} = 0$):
 - non-semisimple gaugings: no-scale Mkw and AdS
 - $\tilde{Q}^{mn} = 0$: upliftable to maximal $d = 7$ Samtleben, Weidner'05
 - semisimple in the $\mathbf{10} \oplus \mathbf{10}'$
 - Study of $SO(3,1)$ gauging (genuinely non-geometric)
 - AdS \leftrightarrow Mkw \leftrightarrow dS and stable dS

Stable dS in SO(3,1): two branches (\pm)

$$Q_{\pm} = \text{diag}(1, \lambda, \lambda, \lambda) \quad \tilde{Q}_{\pm} = f_{\pm}(\lambda)\text{diag}(\lambda, 1, 1, 1) \quad \theta_{\pm} = g_{\pm}(\lambda)$$



$$-7 - 4\sqrt{3} < \lambda < \mu_+$$



$$\mu_- < \lambda < -7 + 4\sqrt{3}$$

■ Example in branch (+): $\lambda = -3$

- Cosmological constant $V_0 = \frac{16}{5} (52 - 7\sqrt{46})$

- Mass spectrum

$$0 (\times 3) \quad , \quad \frac{28 + \sqrt{46}}{15} (\times 5) \quad , \quad \frac{1}{90} \left(212 - 13\sqrt{46} \pm \sqrt{61310 - 7504\sqrt{46}} \right) (\times 1)$$

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Conclusions

- Gauged SDFT
 - $N = 1, N = 2$ twisted SDFT
 - Relaxation of the section condition
 - $N = 1$: Action fixed (still allows for field redefinitions)
 - $N = 2$: Transparent (R-R sector kills the unique \mathbb{Z}_2 odd term)
 - Outlook
 - Relaxation from a stringy viewpoint
 - Twisting of R-R sector
- Half-maximal $d = 7$ SUGRA
 - Exhaustive classification of deformations
 - Critical points
 - $\theta = 0$: no-scale Mkw
 - Non-semisimple gaugings: full classification
 - $SO(3,1) + \theta$: two families of stable dS solutions
 - First stable dS solutions in half-maximal SUGRA
 - Outlook
 - Exhaustive vacua classification
 - Stable dS solutions in $N = 4 = D$

Thanks

