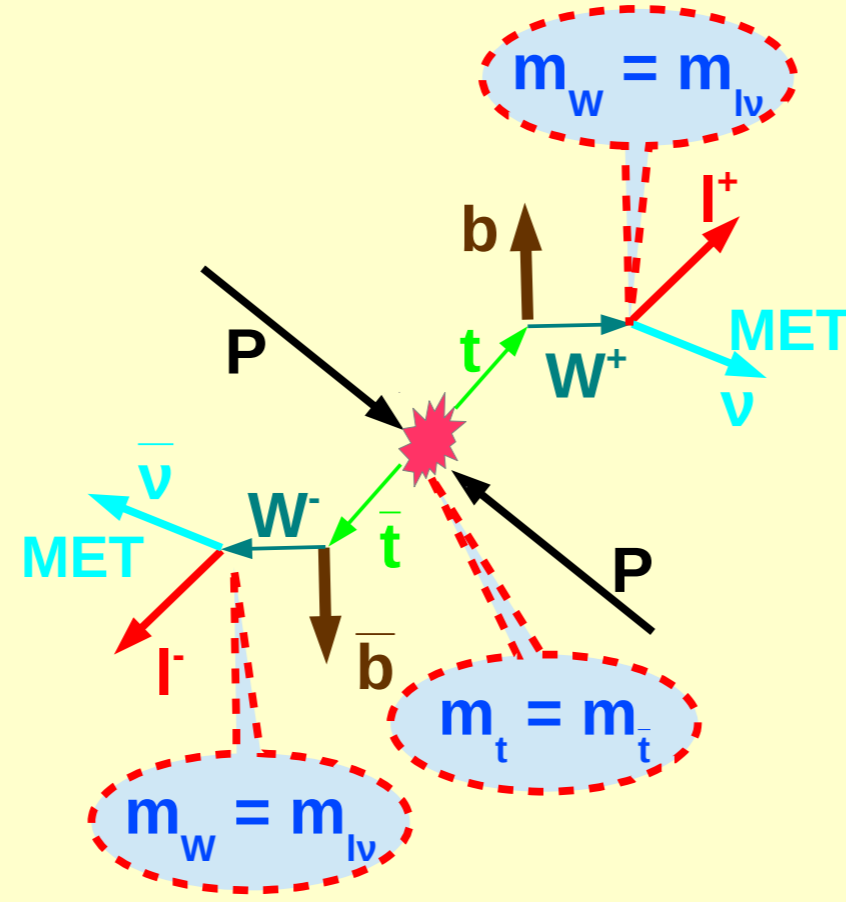


## Introduction

The top quark is important for various SM tests and sensitive to new physics.

The LHC is a top quark factory. The data set collected in 2012 with the center-of-mass energy  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV provides possibility for high precision measurement of top quark production cross sections and properties.

The present work is a measurement of single differential normalized cross sections of  $t\bar{t}$  pair production in the dilepton final state.



## Event selection

At least two opposite sign leptons

- $p_T > 20$  GeV/c
- $|\eta| < 2.4$
- $m_{ij} > 20$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

At least two jets

- $p_T > 30$  GeV/c
- $|\eta| < 2.4$

At least one jet b-tagged jet

For the same flavour channels

- $|m_{ij} - m_Z| > 15$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- $E_T^{\text{Miss}} > 40$  GeV/c

## Event reconstruction

The decay products of the top contain two undetectable neutrinos measured as one object (MET) → event reconstruction needed.

Additional constrains:

- $E_T^{\text{Miss}} = p_T(\nu) + p_T(\bar{\nu})$
- $m_W = 80.4$  GeV
- $m_t = m_{\bar{t}} = 172.5$  GeV

Correction for detector effects

- $m_t$  varied in 1 GeV steps, in range [100...300] GeV

Prefer solutions with:

- b-tagged jets
- most probable  $\nu$  spectrum

## Cross section determination

The normalized differential cross section in bins of the variable X is defined as:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma^i}{dX} = \frac{1}{\sigma} \sum_{i,j} A_{ij}^{-1} \frac{N_{data}^j - N_{bg}^j}{\Delta X^i \epsilon^i L}$$

correlation matrix, inclusive cross section, bin width, efficiency, number of signal events, luminosity

- Migration corrections:** Singular Value Decomposition Unfolding (based on MadGraph+Pythia 6)

- ✓ **Correlation between bins:** correlation matrix

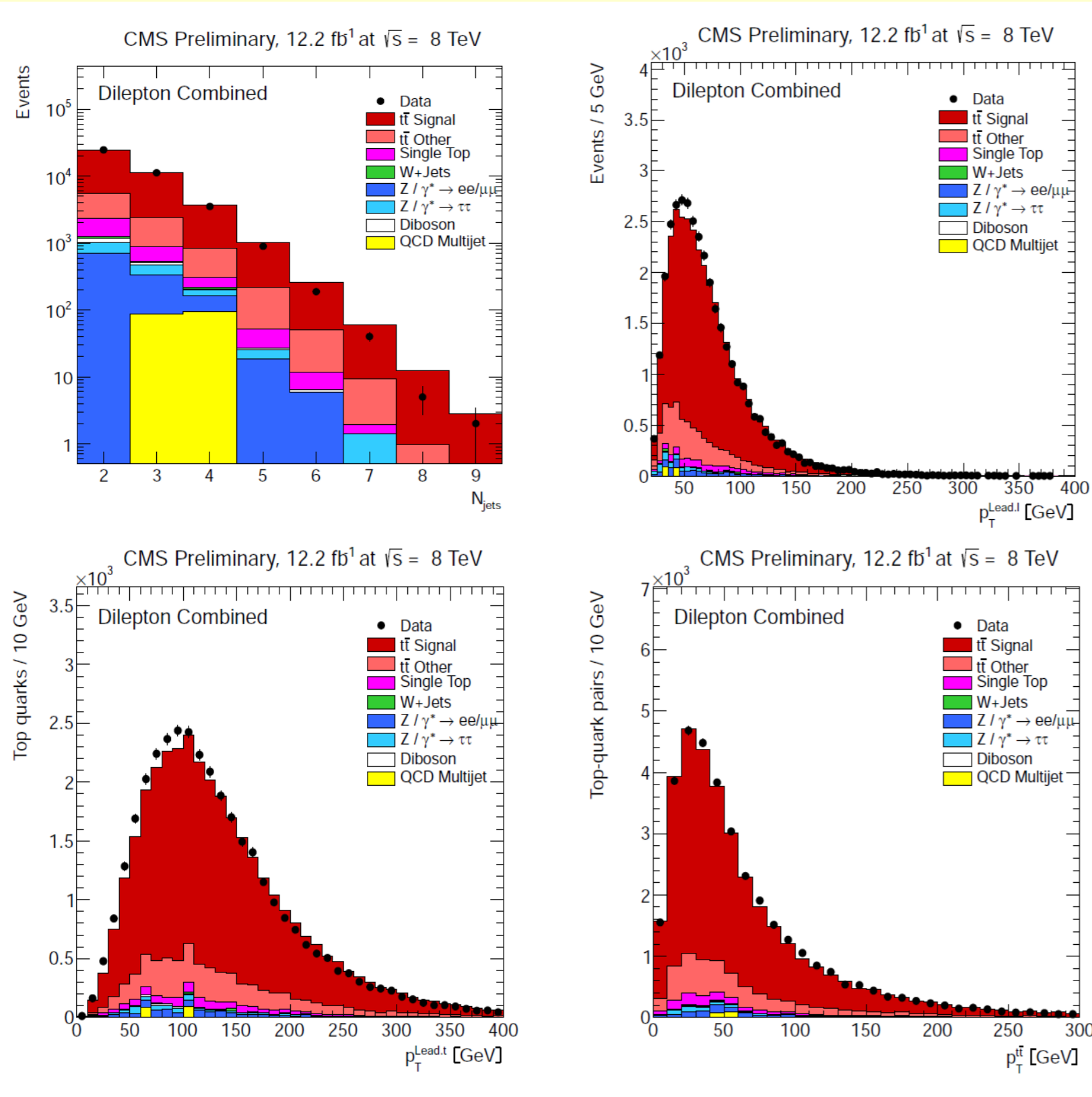
- Unfolding** performed separately for each decay channel
- Final result obtained from the **statistical combination** of all channels.

- Differential cross sections in bins of top quark quantities are corrected to the **full phase space**
- In bins of the lepton and b-jet variables measurement is done in the **visible phase space:**

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| For leptons    | For b-jets     |
| $p_T > 20$ GeV | $p_T > 30$ GeV |
| $ \eta  < 2.4$ | $ \eta  < 2.4$ |

## Control Plots

- Jet multiplicity (top left)
- Leading lepton  $p_T$  (top right)
- Leading top  $p_T$  (bottom left)
- $p_T(t\bar{t})$  (bottom center)
- top quark  $y$  (bottom right)

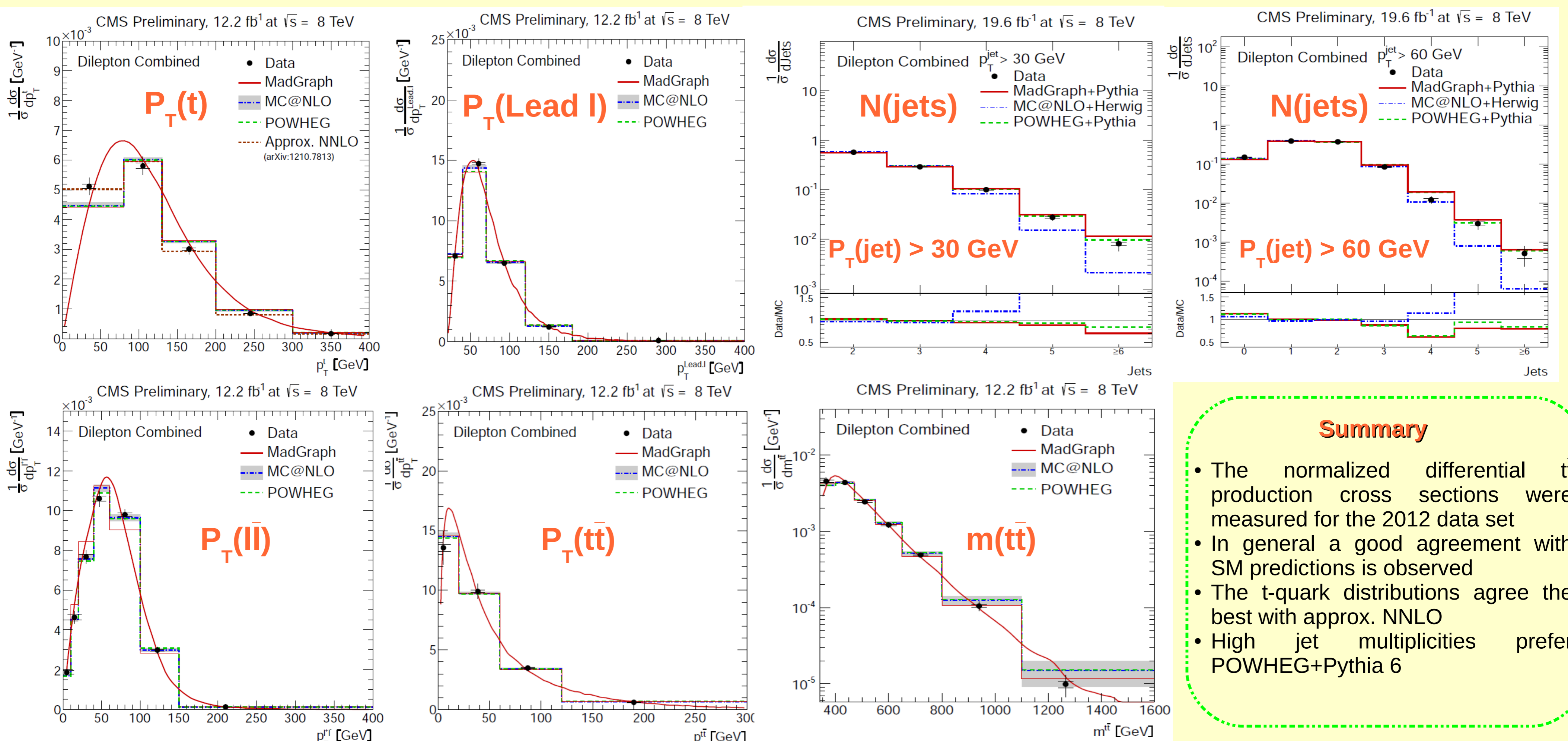


## RESULTS

The measurement of the normalized differential cross sections of  $t\bar{t}$  production is shown in bins of  $p_T(t)$ ,  $p_T(\text{leading } l)$ , jet multiplicity,  $p_T(l\bar{l})$ ,  $p_T(t\bar{t})$  and  $m(t\bar{t})$ .

The 2012 data set was used.

The systematic uncertainties are determined separately for each bin by variation of efficiency correction factors, signal simulation with varied simulation parameters, jet-parton matching scale,  $Q^2$ -scale, top quark mass. The main source of systematic uncertainties are the  $Q^2$ -scale variation (typically 4%), JES variation (typically 3%) and matching (typically 3%).



## Summary

- The normalized differential  $t\bar{t}$  production cross sections were measured for the 2012 data set
- In general a good agreement with SM predictions is observed
- The t-quark distributions agree the best with approx. NNLO
- High jet multiplicities prefer POWHEG+Pythia 6