

# BFKL NLL phenomenology : forward jets and Mueller Navelet jets

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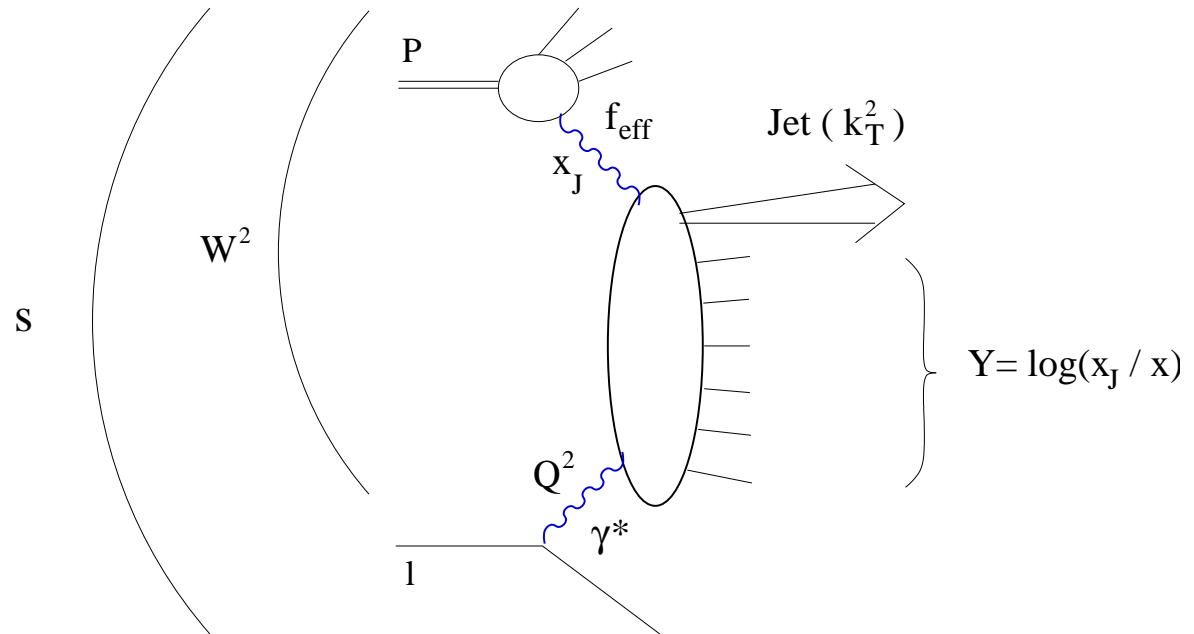
## Contents:

- BFKL-NLL formalism
- Fit to H1  $d\sigma/dx$  data
- Prediction for the H1 triple differential cross section
- Prediction for Mueller Navelet jets at the Tevatron/LHC

Work done in collaboration with O. Kepka, C. Marquet, R. Peschanski

Phys. Lett. B 655 (2007) 236; Eur. Phys. J. C55 (2008) 259, arXiv:0704.3409

## Forward jet measurement at HERA



- Typical kinematical domain where BFKL effects are supposed to appear with respect to DGLAP:  $k_T^2 \sim Q^2$ , and  $Q^2$  not too large
- LO BFKL forward jet cross section: 2 parameters  $\alpha_S$ , normalisation
- NLL BFKL cross section: one single parameter: normalisation ( $\alpha_S$  running via RGE)

## BFKL NLL and resummation schemes

- **NLO BFKL**: Corrections were found to be large with respect to LO, and lead to unphysical results
- **NLO BFKL kernels need resummation**: to remove additional spurious singularities in  $\gamma$  and  $(1 - \gamma)$
- **NLO BFKL kernel**: ( $\gamma$  and  $\omega$  associated to  $\log Q^2$  and rapidity after Mellin transform)

$$\chi_{NLO}(\gamma, \omega) = \chi^{(0)}(\gamma, \omega) + \alpha(\chi_1(\gamma) - \chi_1^{(0)}(\gamma))$$

- $\chi_1(\gamma)$ : calculated, NLO BFKL eigenvalues (Lipatov, Fadin, Camici, Ciafaloni)
- $\chi^{(0)}$  and  $\chi_1(0)$ : ambiguity of resummation at higher order than NLO, different ways to remove these singularities, not imposed by BFKL equation, Salam, Ciafaloni, Colferai
- **Transformation of the energy scale**:  $\gamma \rightarrow \gamma - \omega/2$  (Salam) needed for  $F_2$  but not for forward jet cross sections (the problem is symmetric contrary to  $F_2$ )
- **BFKL NLL full calculation available (no saddle point approximation)**: resolution of implicit equation performed by numerical methods

## BFKL NLL calculation

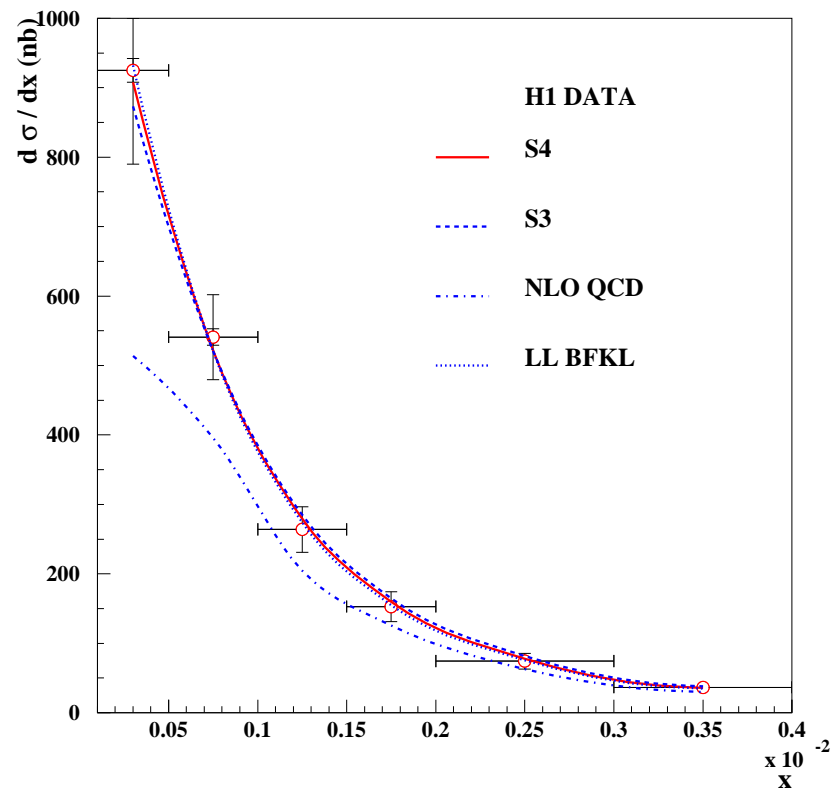
- Full BFKL NLL calculation available in S3 and S4 schemes for forward jet production (modulo the impact factors taken at LL)
- Equation:

$$\frac{d\sigma_{T,L}^{\gamma^* p \rightarrow JX}}{dx_J dk_T^2} = \frac{\alpha_s(k_T^2)\alpha_s(Q^2)}{k_T^2 Q^2} f_{eff}(x_J, k_T^2) \int \frac{d\gamma}{2i\pi} \left(\frac{Q^2}{k_T^2}\right)^\gamma \phi_{T,L}^\gamma(\gamma) e^{\bar{\alpha}(k_T Q)\chi_{eff}[\gamma, \bar{\alpha}(k_T Q)]Y}$$

- $\chi_{eff}$  computed using BFKL NLL formalism in the S3 and S4 schemes
- Implicit equation:  $\chi_{eff}(\gamma, \alpha) = \chi_{NLL}(\gamma, \alpha, \chi_{eff}(\gamma, \alpha))$  solved numerically

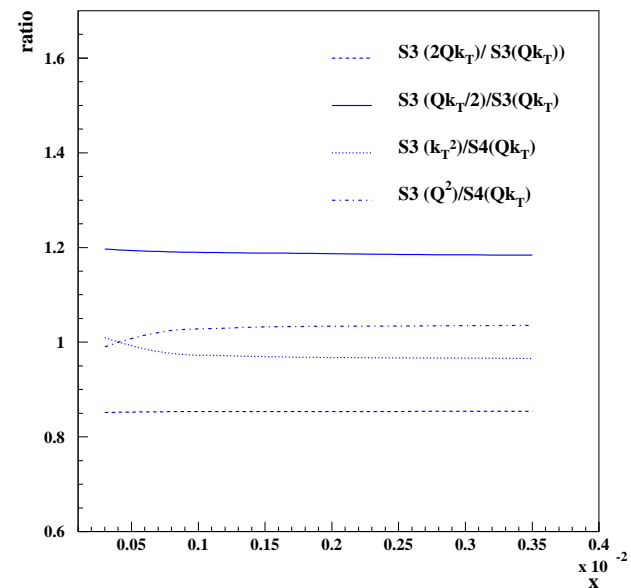
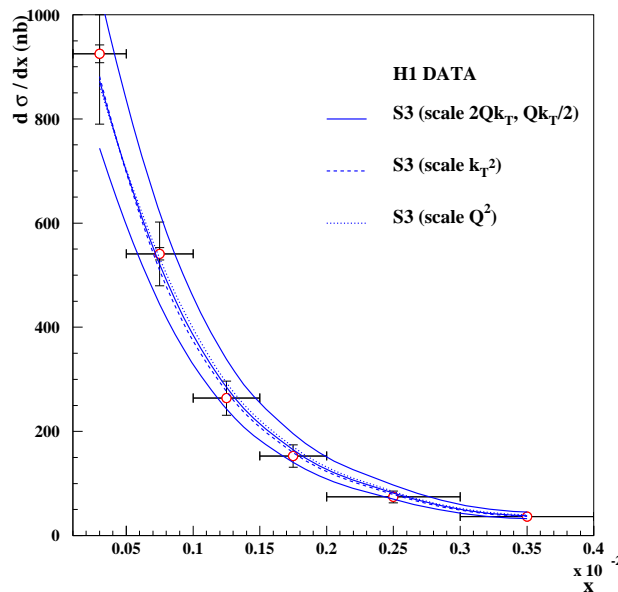
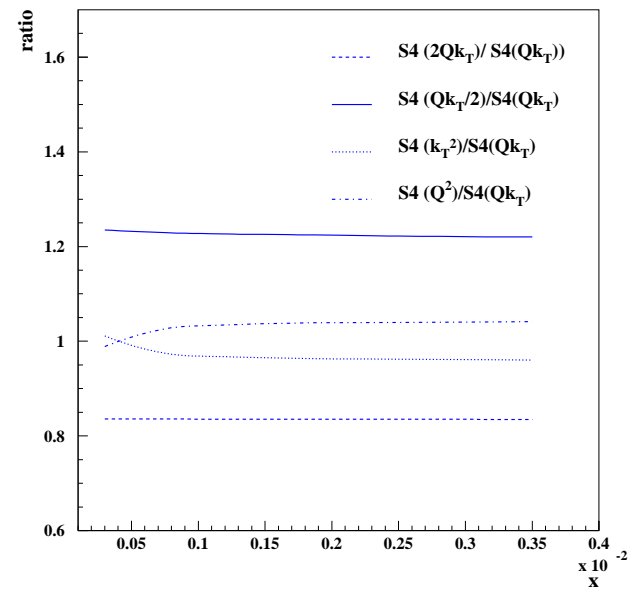
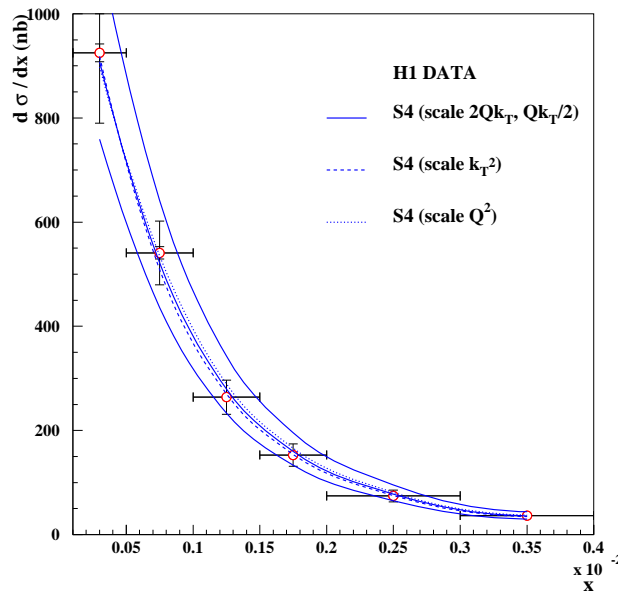
## Fit results

- Fit of NLL BFKL calculation to the H1  $d\sigma/dx$  data: one single parameter, normalisation of cross section
- $\chi^2$  for S3: 29.5 (1.15), S4: 10.0 (0.48)
- Good description of H1 data using BFKL LO and BFKL NLL formalism, DGLAP-NLO fails to describe the data
- BFKL higher corrections found to be small (We are in the BFKL-LO region, cut on  $0.5 < k_T^2/Q^2 < 5$ )



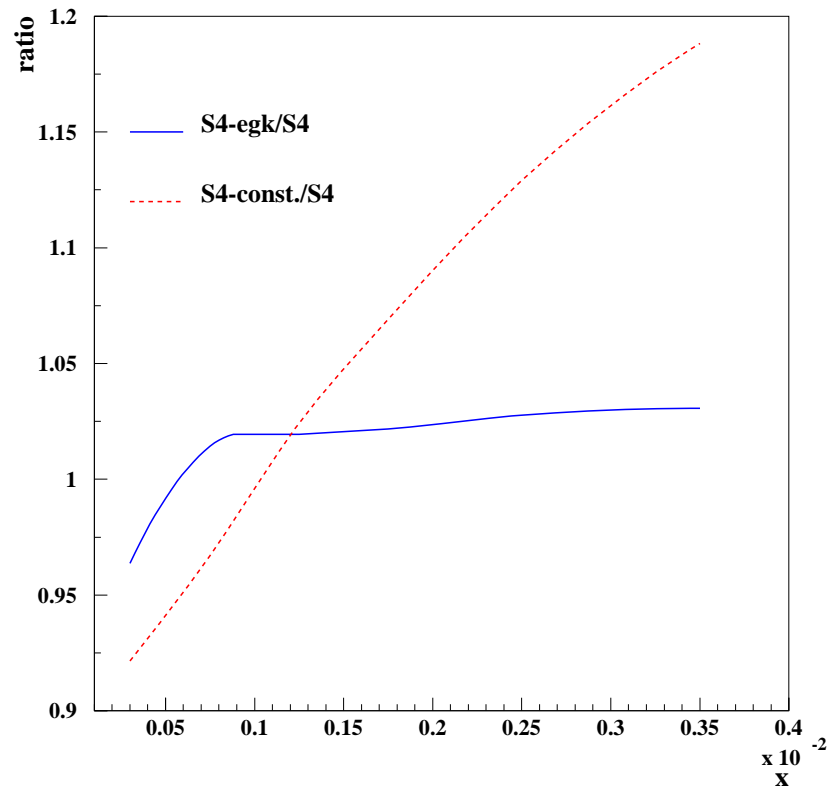
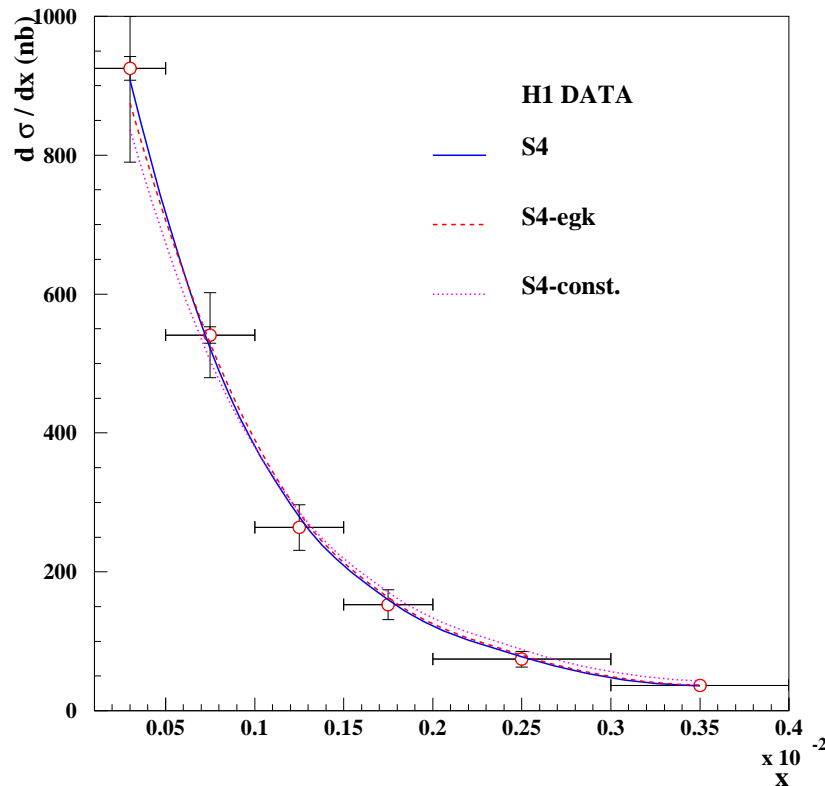
## Scale variation - Resummation model variation

- Scale dependence: variation of the scale between  $2Qk_T$ ,  $Qk_T/2$ ,  $Q^2$ ,  $k_T^2$ :  $\sim 20\%$  difference
- Resummation scheme dependence: Use S3 and S4, S4 is slightly better



## Dependence on impact factor

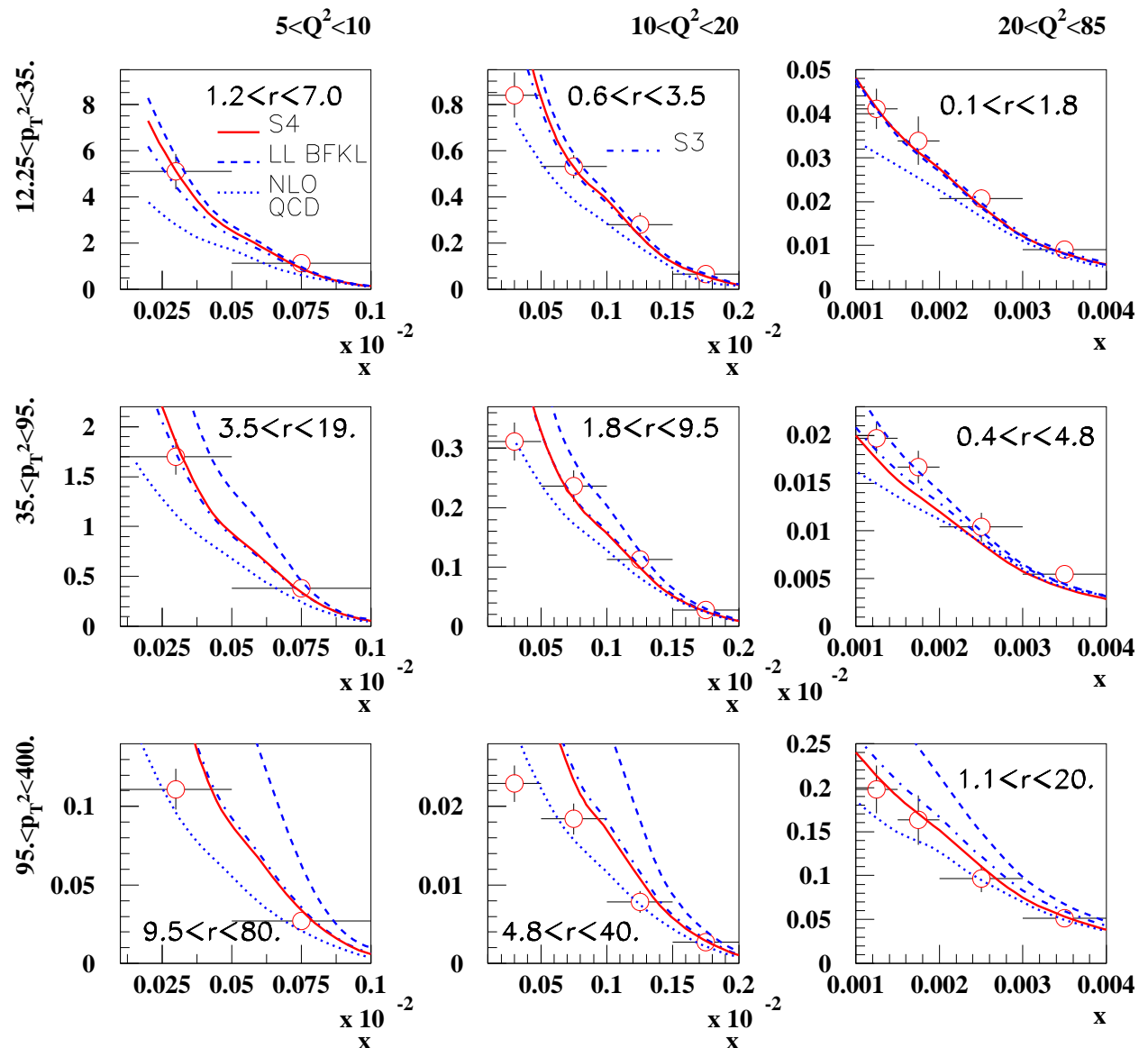
- Impact factor not yet fully known at NLL
- Variation of impact factor, 3 studies:  $h_T$ ,  $h_L(\gamma)$  at LO;  $h_T$ ,  $h_L(1/2)$  constant; implement the higher-order corrections in the impact factor due to exact gluon kinematics in the  $\gamma^* \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  transition (see C.D. White, R. Peschanski, R.S. Thorne, Phys. Lett. B 639 (2006) 652)



## Comparison with H1 triple differential data

- **Triple differential cross section:** Keep the normalisation from the fit to  $d\sigma/dx$  and predict the triple differential cross section
- **Good description over the full range**

$d\sigma/dx dp_T^2 dQ^2$  - H1 DATA

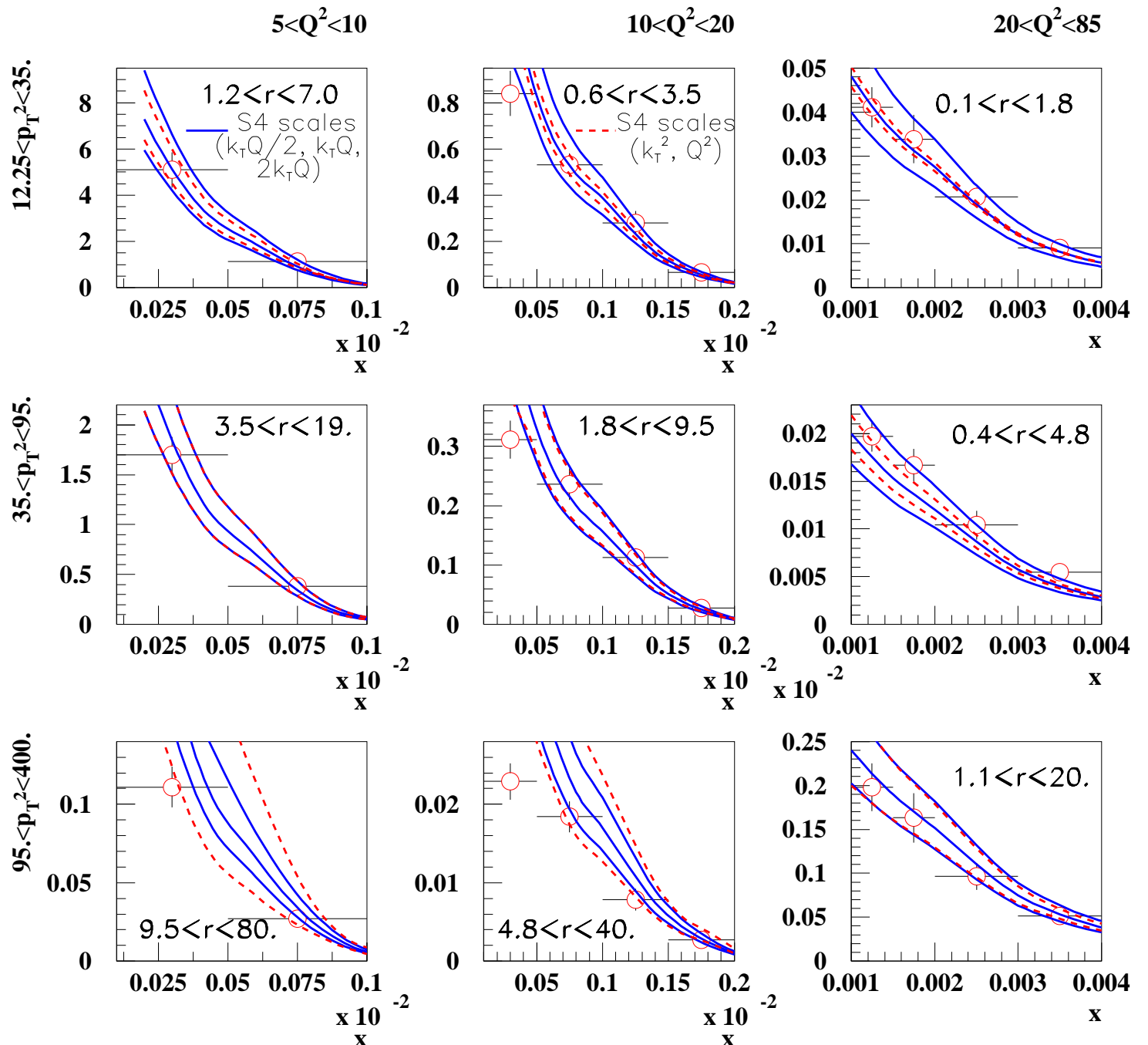




## Comparison with H1 triple differential data

Study of scale variation: 20% at low  $p_T^2$ ,  $> 70\%$  at higher  $p_T^2$   
as for DGLAP

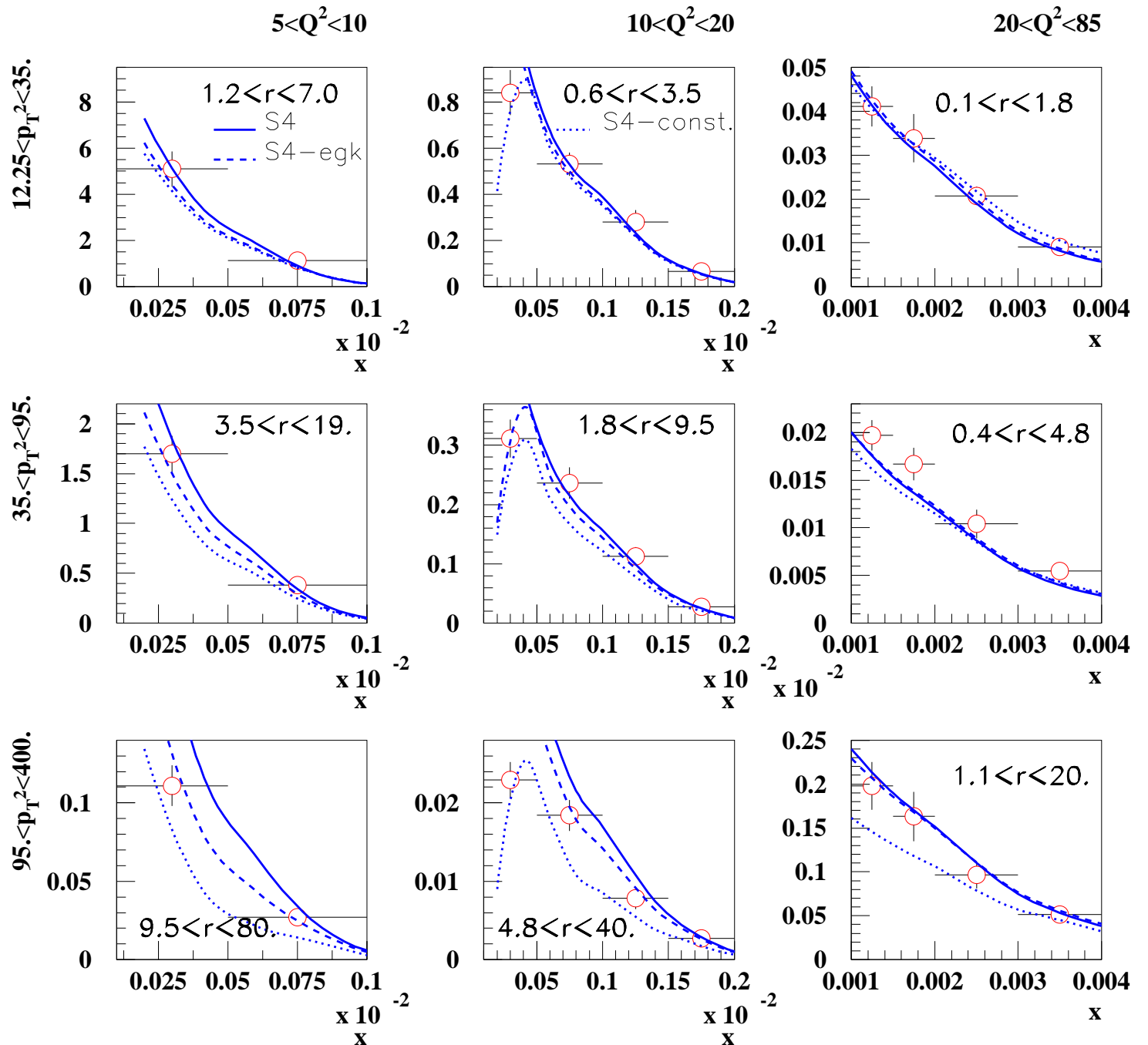
**$d\sigma/dx dp_T^2 dQ^2$  - H1 DATA**



# Comparison with H1 triple differential data

## Study of dependence on impact factor

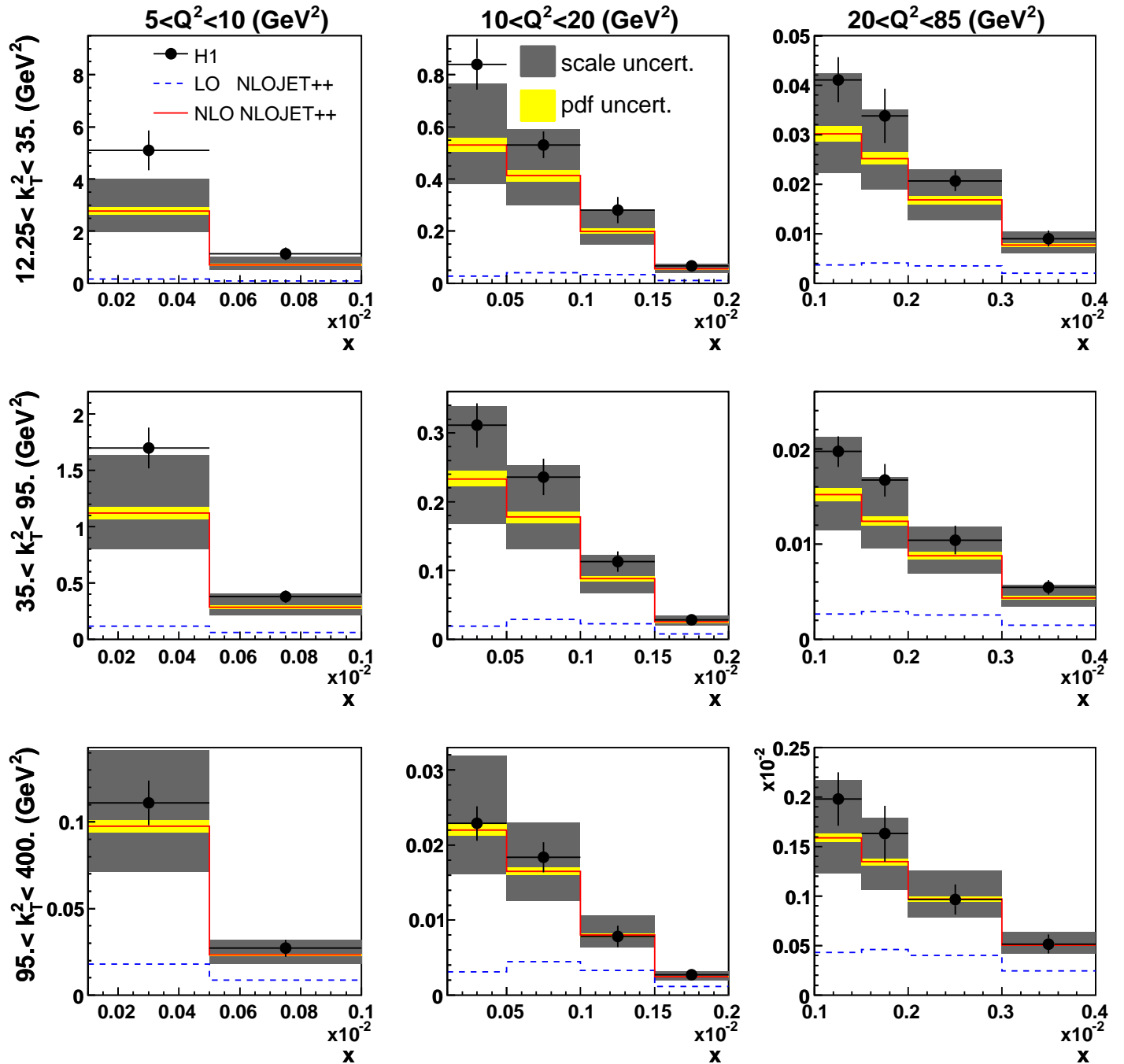
$d\sigma/dx dp_T^2 dQ^2$  - H1 DATA



# Comparison with H1 triple differential data

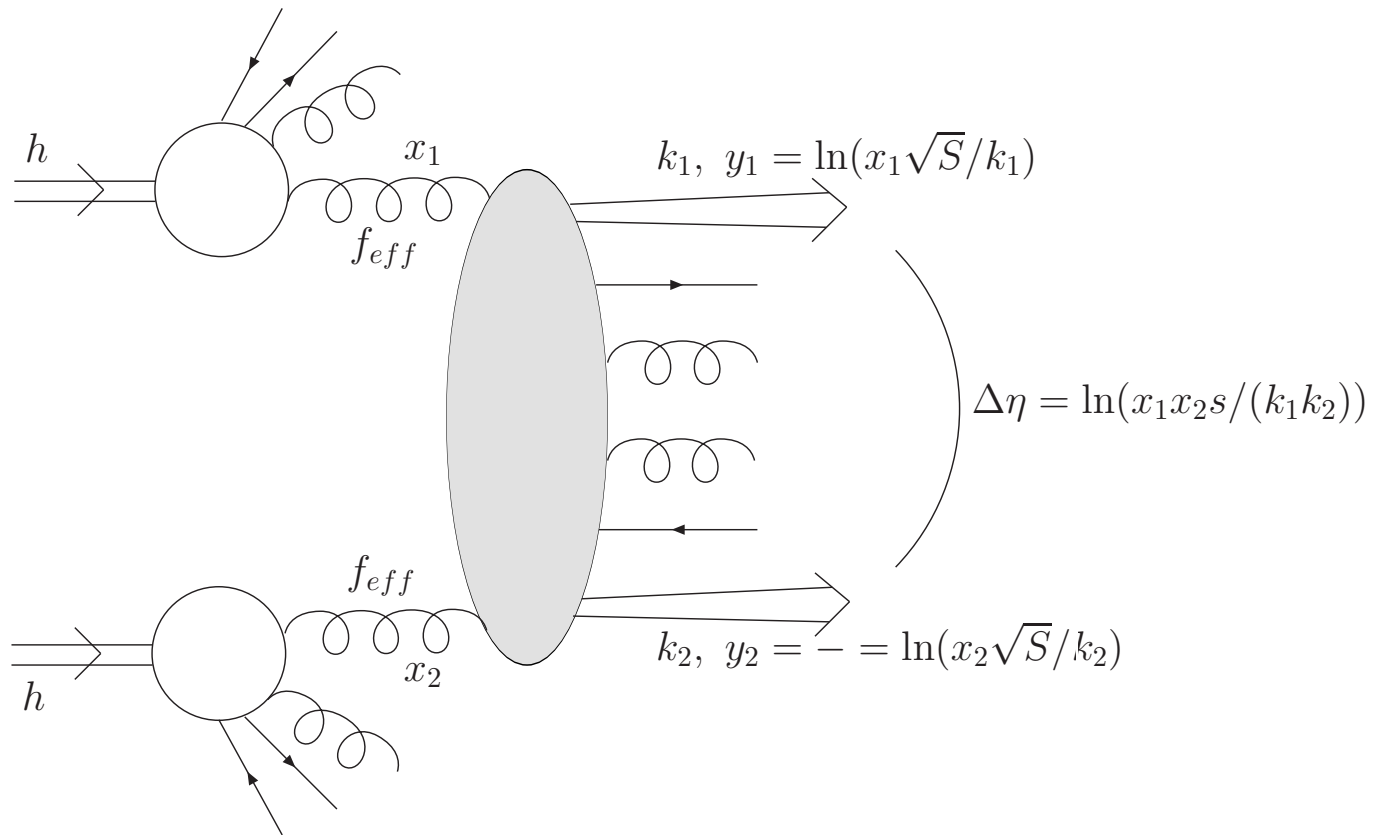
## DGLAP study: large scale dependence

$d\sigma/dx dk_T^2 dQ^2$  - H1 DATA



## Mueller Navelet jets

Same kind of processes at the Tevatron and the LHC



- Same kind of processes at the Tevatron and the LHC: Mueller Navelet jets
- Study the  $\Delta\Phi$  between jets dependence of the cross section:

## Mueller Navelet jets: $\Delta\Phi$ dependence

- Study the  $\Delta\Phi$  dependence of the relative cross section
- Relevant variables:

$$\Delta\eta = y_1 - y_2$$

$$y = (y_1 + y_2)/2$$

$$Q = \sqrt{k_1 k_2}$$

$$R = k_2/k_1$$

- Azimuthal correlation of dijets:

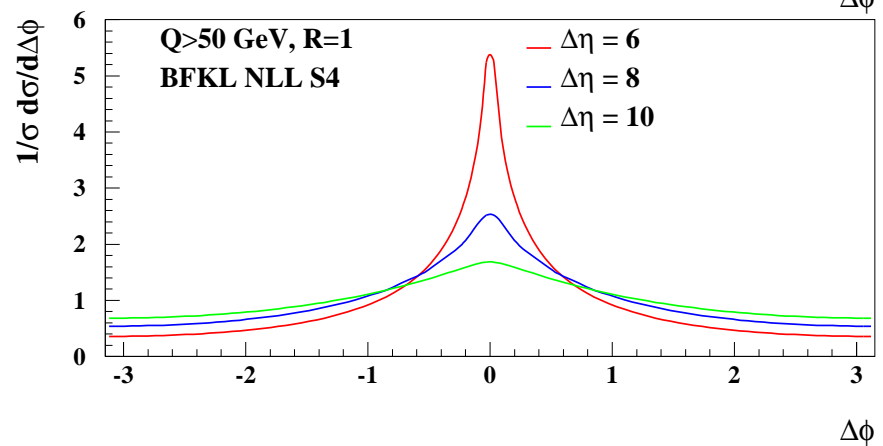
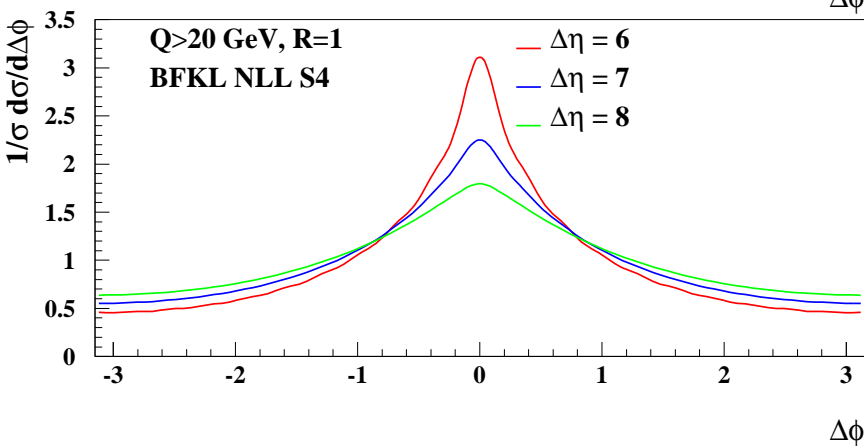
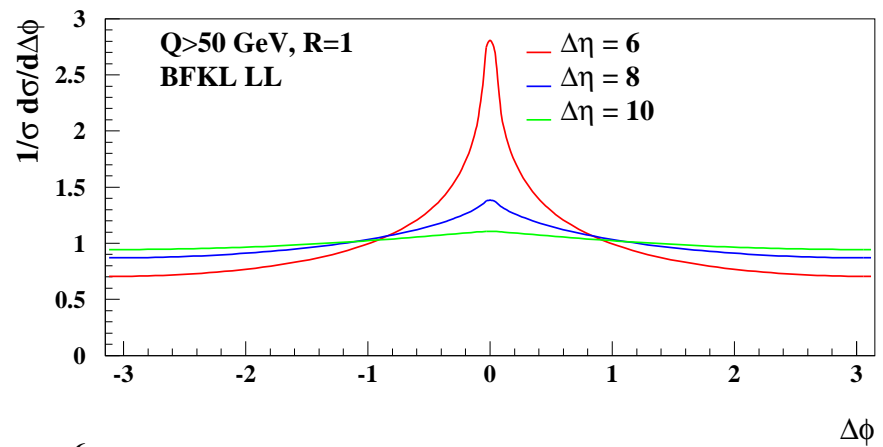
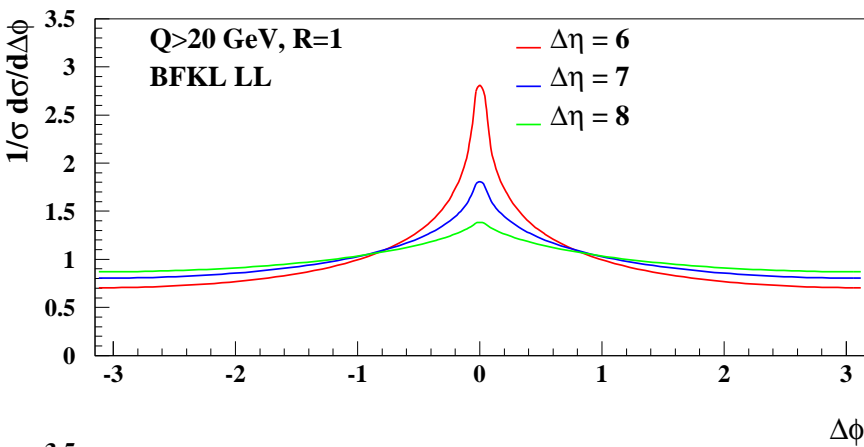
$$2\pi \frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\eta dR d\Delta\Phi} \bigg/ \frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\eta dR} = 1 + \frac{2}{\sigma_0(\Delta\eta, R)} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \sigma_p(\Delta\eta, R) \cos(p\Delta\Phi)$$

where

$$\sigma_p = \int_{E_T}^{\infty} \frac{dQ}{Q^3} \alpha_s(Q^2/R) \alpha_s(Q^2 R) \left( \int_{y_<}^{y_>} dy x_1 f_{eff}(x_1, Q^2/R) x_2 f_{eff}(x_2, Q^2 R) \right) \int_{1/2-\infty}^{1/2+\infty} \frac{d\gamma}{2i\pi} R^{-2\gamma} e^{\bar{\alpha}(Q^2) \chi_{eff}(p) \Delta\eta}$$

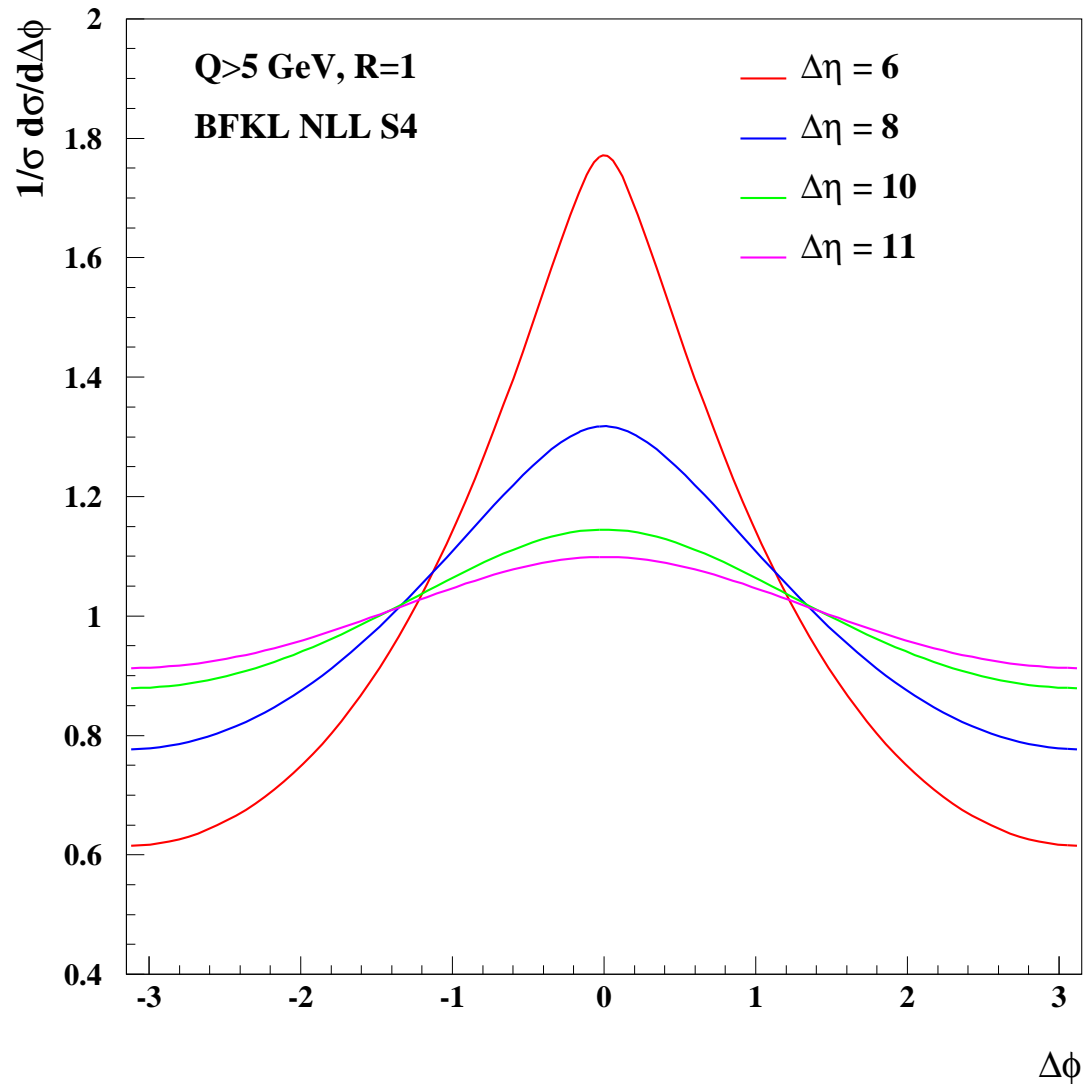
## Mueller Navelet jets: $\Delta\Phi$ dependence

- $1/\sigma d\sigma/d\Delta\Phi$  spectrum for BFKL LL and BFKL NLL as a function of  $\Delta\Phi$  for different values of  $\Delta\eta$
- Measurement to be performed at the Tevatron/LHC



## Mueller Navelet jets in CDF

Possibility to measure  $\Delta\Phi$  distribution in CDF for large  $\Delta\eta$  and low jet  $p_T$  ( $p_T > 5$  GeV) using the CDF miniPLUG calorimeter



## Conclusion

- DGLAP NLO fails to describe forward jet data
- BFKL NLL description of H1 and ZEUS forward jet data: very good description using full BFKL-NLL kernel and LO impact factors
- Study scale dependence and also dependence on assumption of impact factor: typically  $\sim 20\%$  uncertainty, larger at high  $p_T$
- Mueller Navelet jets: Full calculation available using S3 and S4 schemes
- Mueller Navelet jets  $\Delta\Phi$  dependence: weak dependence even after NLL corrections, little sensitivity to chosen scale
- Mueller Navelet jets: Very nice measurement to be performed at the Tevatron/LHC, special use of CDF forward miniPLUG calorimeter which gives a good acceptance at large  $\eta$  and small  $p_T$  for jets