

# Effects of higher dimensional operators on the Higgs $p_T$ spectrum

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# Motivation

## Why effective operators?

- In LHC run 1 no signs of BSM physics
- Theory viewpoint: New Physics is required (hierarchy problem, dark matter, cosmology, ... )
- Possible: NP at high scales beyond reach of current experiments
- However: NP may appear indirectly as (small) deviations from the SM predictions
- Effective Field Theory approach to Beyond Standard Model Physics (BSMeff) (Buchmüller, Wyler '86; Grzadkowski, Iskrzynski '10):
  - is complementary to the direct search for New Physics (see talks by Shruti, Matias, Michele)
  - is model independent way to parametrise New Physics (see also talk by Raquel)



# Motivation

## Why Higgs $p_T$ spectrum?

- Sheds light on the Higgs coupling to gluons
- Some effect may be impossible to disentangle just by measuring total cross section
- More information than just one number:
  - shape
  - position of maximum
  - normalisation
- The resummation needed to correctly treat low  $p_T$  region
- $p_T$  spectrum is helpful in experimental analysis
- For a scalar: production and decay factorize



# Motivation

## Our goal

**Start from the best perturbative QCD prediction available for the  $p_T$  spectrum to incorporate BSM effects in a model independent way.**



# Effective Field Theory approach to Beyond Standard Model physics <sup>1</sup>

## Effective Field Theory

- Full theory consists of light and heavy ( $M_{high} \sim \Lambda$ ) degrees of freedom:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{low} + \mathcal{L}_{high} + \mathcal{L}^{int}$$

- When we consider the theory at the energy scales  $\ll \Lambda$  we can integrate out the heavy degrees of freedom
- That leads to infinite ladder of new operators

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{low}^{(4)} + \sum_{k=4}^{\infty} \sum_i \frac{\bar{c}_i^{(k)}}{\Lambda^{(k-4)}} \mathcal{O}_i^{(k)}$$

- The new operators  $\mathcal{O}_i^{(k)}$ :
  - consist of fields from  $\mathcal{L}_{low}$
  - are Lorentz and gauge invariant
  - have dimension  $> 4$
  - are nonrenormalizable

<sup>1</sup>see also talk by Raquel

# Effective Field Theory approach to Beyond Standard Model physics

## Effective Field Theory approach to Beyond Standard Model physics (BSMeff)

- As light fields all the Standard Model fields included:  $\mathcal{L}_{low} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}$
- Assumes scale separation between SM and NP: complementarity to direct search approach
- No mixing between light and heavy states
- From the SM fields we construct gauge invariant operators of higher dimension
- The experimental bounds on Wilson coefficients ( $\bar{c}_i^{(k)}$ ) after matching to full theory may be translated to constraints of model parameters
- For some specific models one may prefer to take other  $\mathcal{L}_{low}$  limits, e.g. MSSM  $\rightarrow$  2HDM, NMSSM  $\rightarrow$  2HDM+S



# Current status of Higgs production at hadron colliders

## Calculations of total cross-section

- Note: Higgs production via gluon fusion is loop process at LO
- Higher orders of  $\alpha_s$  corrections:
  - virtual: additional loop
  - real: additional parton in final state
- NLO corrections known from '90 (Ellis, Hinchliffe *et al.*'88; Baur, Glover '90; M.Spira *et al.*'91, '95; Dawson '91)
- NNLO corrections known in heavy top limit approximation (Harlander, Kilgore '02; Anastasiou, Melnikov '02; Ravindran, Smith, Van Neerven '03)
  - Approximate top mass effects (Marzani *et al.*'08; Harlander *et al.*'09,'10; Steinhauser *et al.*'09)
  - Inclusion of EW corrections (Aglietti *et al.*'04; Degrandi, Maltoni '04; Passarino '08)
- Recently, N<sup>3</sup>LO calculations (Anastasiou, Duhr, Mistlberger *et al.*'13-'15)



# The Higgs $p_T$ spectrum in QCD perturbation theory

## Fixed order calculations of $p_T$ spectrum

- LO  $p_T$  spectrum is at  $O(\alpha_s^3)$  (delta function at  $O(\alpha_s^2)$ ): need parton radiation in final state to get nonzero  $p_T$
- The contributions to LO  $p_T$  spectrum:



- $p_T$  spectrum at fixed order valid for  $p_T \gtrsim M_H$
- LO  $p_T$  spectrum known from '90 (Ellis, Hinchliffe *et al.*'88; Baur, Glover '90)
- NLO  $p_T$  spectrum calculations in the heavy top limit (de Florian, Grazzini, Kunszt '99; Glosler, Schmidt '02; Ravindran, Smith, Van Neerven '02)
  - approximate inclusion of top and bottom mass effects (Mantler, Wiesemann'12; Grazzini, Sargsyan '13)
- Results on Higgs + jet at NNLO (Boughezal, Caola, *et al.*'13; Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, Jaquier '14)



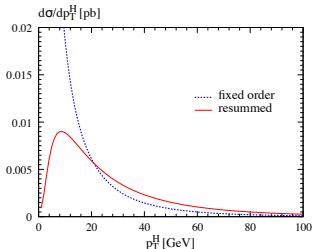
# The Higgs $p_T$ spectrum in QCD perturbation theory

## Low $p_T$ spectrum: resummation

- For  $p_T \ll M_H$  the perturbative expansion is affected by large logarithms  $\sim \ln^n(\frac{m_H^2}{p_T^2})$
- These terms can be systematically resummed by working in impact parameter b-space (Collins,Soper, Sterman '85)
- Then the two (resummed and fixed order) regions needs to be matched at intermediate  $p_T$  (Bozzi,Catani,de Florian,Grazzini '05)

$$\left[ \frac{d\sigma}{dp_T^2} \right]_{\text{f.o.}+\text{a.o.}} = \left[ \frac{d\sigma}{dp_T^2} \right]_{\text{f.o.}} - \left[ \frac{d\sigma^{(\text{res})}}{dp_T^2} \right]_{\text{f.o.}} + \left[ \frac{d\sigma^{(\text{res})}}{dp_T^2} \right]_{\text{a.o.}}$$

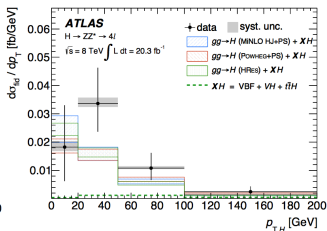
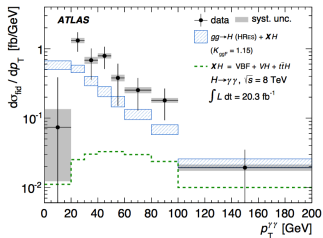
- The matched cross section satisfies the unitarity condition



from M. Wiesemann

# What was done previously in BSMeff context

- Full classification of dimension 5 and 6 BSMeff operators (Buchmüller, Wyler '86; Grzadkowski, Iskrzynski *et al.*'10)
- Bounds on the Wilson coefficients from EW and Higgs observables (e.g. Riva *et al.*'13-'14)
- Impact of dimension 6 and 8 operators on the Higgs high  $p_T$  spectrum at LO (e.g. dim6: Grojeana, Salvioni *et al.*'13; Azatov, Paul '13; dim8: Harlander, Neumann'13, Dawson, Lewis, Zeng'14)
- Discussion on strategy how to use BSMeff to determine if NP is weakly or strongly interacting (Contino, Ghezzi *et al.*'13)
- First data on Higgs  $p_T$  spectrum from ATLAS in diphoton and four lepton channel (1407.4222,1408.3226)



# Our approach

## BSM Effective Operators

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_i \bar{\mathcal{O}}_i$$

- Three new, gauge invariant, dimension 6 operators:

$$\bar{\mathcal{O}}_1 = \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} |H|^2 G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu}; \bar{\mathcal{O}}_2 = \frac{c_2}{\Lambda^2} |H|^2 \bar{Q}_L H^c u_R + h.c.; \bar{\mathcal{O}}_3 = \frac{c_3}{\Lambda^2} |H|^2 \bar{Q}_L H d_R + h.c.$$

- In case of single Higgs production these may be expressed as:

$$\bar{\mathcal{O}}_1 \rightarrow \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi v} c_g h G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu} \rightarrow \text{ggh point coupling}$$

$$\bar{\mathcal{O}}_2 \rightarrow \frac{m_t}{v} c_t h \bar{t} t \rightarrow \text{modification of top yukawa coupling}$$

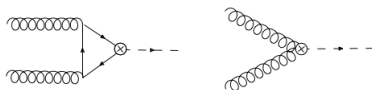
$$\bar{\mathcal{O}}_3 \rightarrow \frac{m_b}{v} c_b h \bar{b} b \rightarrow \text{modification of bottom yukawa coupling}$$

- Note: ggh coupling has same structure as the heavy top limit ( $m_t \rightarrow \infty$ ) in SM

# Our approach

## BSMeff Effective Operators

- BSMeff Leading Order contributions:



- Note: Total cross section does not give information about  $c_s$  separately:

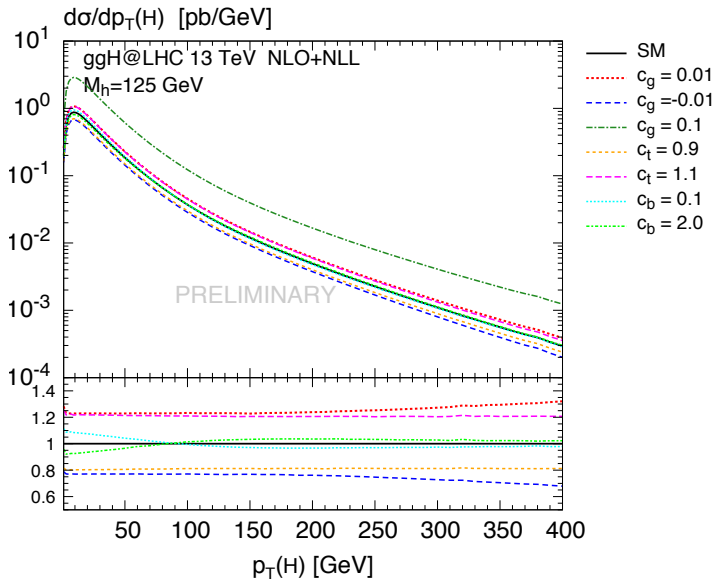
$$\sigma \approx |12c_g + c_t|^2 \sigma_{SM}$$

- $c_t$  may be measured by  $t\bar{t}h$  channel, but doesn't give limit on  $c_g$

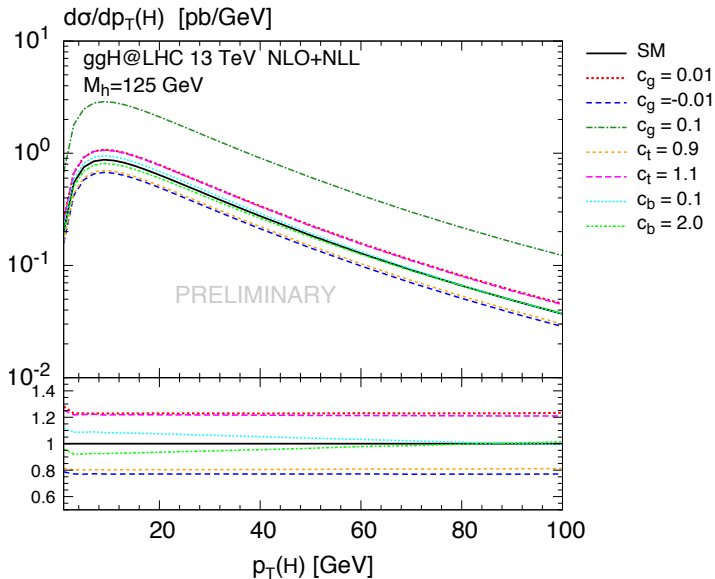
## Our implementation

- Effective operators implemented in the HqT program up to NLO+NLL accuracy
- Cross-checked with independent implementations in HIGLU and HNNLO at fixed order

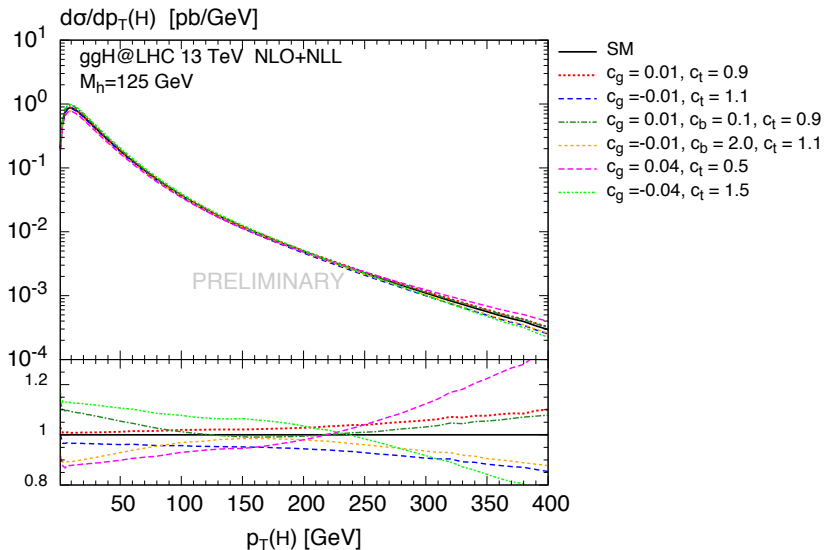
## Results



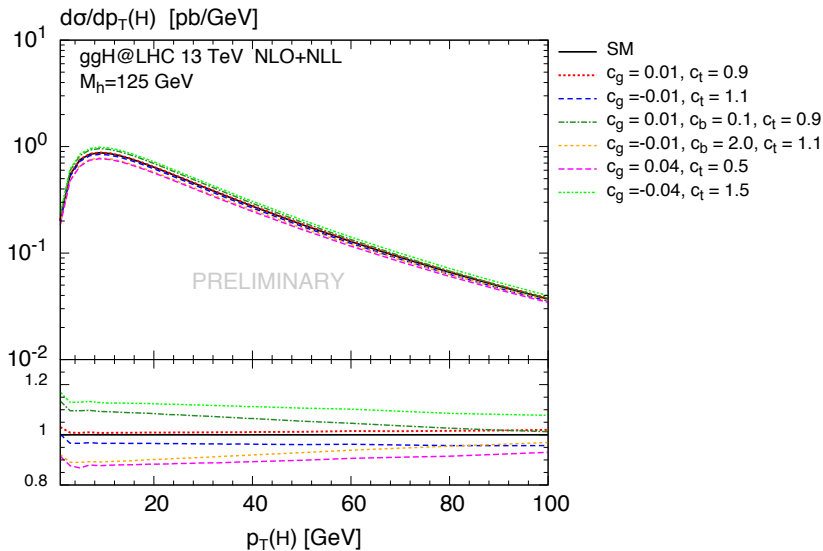
## Results



## Results



## Results





# Outlook

- Make our implementation bulletproof - crosschecks with other codes, compare results with existing ones
- Add higher order in QCD, i.e. NLO  $p_T$  distribution, NNLO total cross section, to obtain state of the art NNLO+NNLL calculations of  $p_T$  spectrum
- Add dimension 8 operators:
  - choice of operator basis
  - completely new operators - new tensor structures

# Summary

- Effective Field Theory can be used to parametrise in model independent way the effects of high scale BSM physics
- We accomplished implementation of dimension 6 operators relevant for Higgs boson production at NLO+NLL level
- The  $p_T$  spectrum including these operators valid for whole  $p_T$  range is now available



# BACKUP



# Comparison with HIGLU and HNNLO

## Comparison with HIGLU

at $p_T = 300$ GeV, gg channel		
Couplings	HIGLU	Our implementation
$c_t=2; c_b=1; c_g=0$	0.1763 E-02	0.1764 E-02
$c_t=100; c_b=1; c_g=0$	4.359	4.360
$c_t=1; c_b=2; c_g=0$	0.4559 E-03	0.4561 E-03
$c_t=1; c_b=100; c_g=0$	0.2332 E-02	0.2333 E-02
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=0.001$	0.4570 E-03	0.4573 E-03
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=0.1$	0.2292 E-02	0.2291 E-02

# Comparison with HIGLU and HNNLO

## Comparison with HNNLO

C1 virtual correction		
Couplings	HNNLO	Our implementation
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=1.2$	8.7067	8.7067
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=12$	7.6256	7.6256
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=120$	7.4263	7.4263
$c_t=5; c_b=1; c_g=12$	8.2506	8.2507
$c_t=1; c_b=1; c_g=0.001$	7.6257	7.6257
$\sigma_{NLO}^{tot}(gg)$		
Couplings	HNNLO	Our implementation
SM	14.78 pb	14.78 pb
$c_t=1.1; c_b=1; c_g=0.1$	21.02 pb	21.00 pb