

Wishlist from phenomenologists

Material needed for proper reinterpretations of LHC results

Fuks Benjamin

IPHC - U. Strasbourg

On behalf of the **ATOM**, **CHECKMATE** and **MADANALYSIS 5** collaborations

(by G. Chalons, K. De Causmaecker, B. Dumont, B. Fuks, I.W Kim, J.S. Kim,
S. Kraml, K. Sakurai, D. Schmeier, D. Sengupta, J. Tattersall)

Joint LPC & MC4BSM Data Challenge @ Fermilab, USA

21 May 2015

Implementing a new analysis in a recasting tool

◆ Picking up an experimental publication

- ❖ Reading
- ❖ Understanding

✓ Relatively easy

◆ Writing the analysis code in the tool internal language

✓ Relatively easy

◆ Getting the information missing from the publication for a proper validation

- ❖ **Efficiencies** (trigger, electrons, muons, b-tagging, JES, etc.)
 - ★ Including p_T and/or η dependence
 - ★ Accurate information
- ❖ Detailed **cutflows** for some well-defined **benchmark** scenarios
 - ★ Exact definition of the benchmarks (SLHA spectra)
 - ★ Event generation information (cards, tunes, LHE files if possible)
- ❖ Expected **number of events** in each region and **cross sections**
- ❖ **Digitized histograms** (e.g., on HEPDATA)

⚠ Essential
✗ Often difficult!

◆ Comparing tools and real life

Example 1: CMS-SUS-13-11 (stops with one lepton)

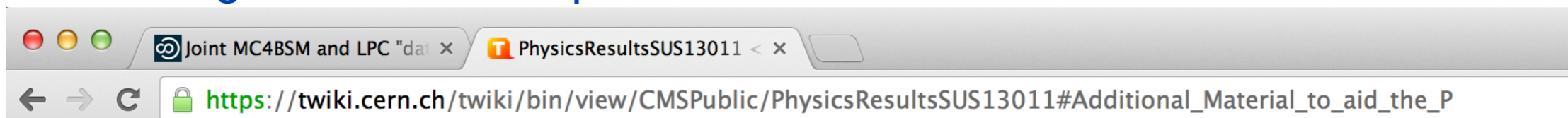
◆ Missing information for the validation

- ❖ Efficiencies
- ❖ Cutflows and Monte Carlo information for given benchmarks



Discussions with
CMS needed

◆ All missing information was provided



Additional Material to aid the Phenomenology Community with Reinterpretations of these Results

[Hide Details](#)

Summary of yields for the $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ model with $m_t = 650$ GeV and $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$ GeV. No trigger efficiency or ISR reweighting is applied. In the first block of the table, the first row shows the yield after requiring at least one analysis lepton, at least 4 jets, and $MET > 50$ GeV. In each subsequent row, the preselection requirements are added one at a time. In the second block of the table the low-mass (LM) signal region yields are indicated. In the third block the high-mass (HM) signal region yields are indicated. The number after LM or HM indicates the MET requirement. The latter results may be compared to the signal yields in Table 4 of <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1308.1586.pdf> but they are slightly higher ($\sim 10-20\%$) because the trigger and ISR weights are not applied. All uncertainties are statistical only. The bold entry indicates the signal region with the best sensitivity, i.e., the signal region used for limit-setting.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| $\ell + \geq 4$ jets + $MET > 50$ | 31.6 ± 0.3 |
| + $MET > 100$ | 29.7 ± 0.3 |



Update of the analysis wiki page
Shared LHE files and PYTHIA cards

Additional Table 1: Cut flow table for the $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decay mode, $m_{\text{stop}}=650$ GeV, $m_{\text{LSP}}=50$ GeV.

Example 2: ATLAS-EXO-2014-04 (monophotons)

◆ Missing information

- ❖ Crack in the detector: no photons in the [1.37-1.52] η -range
- ❖ Tight photon requirements

✓ Discussions with ATLAS needed

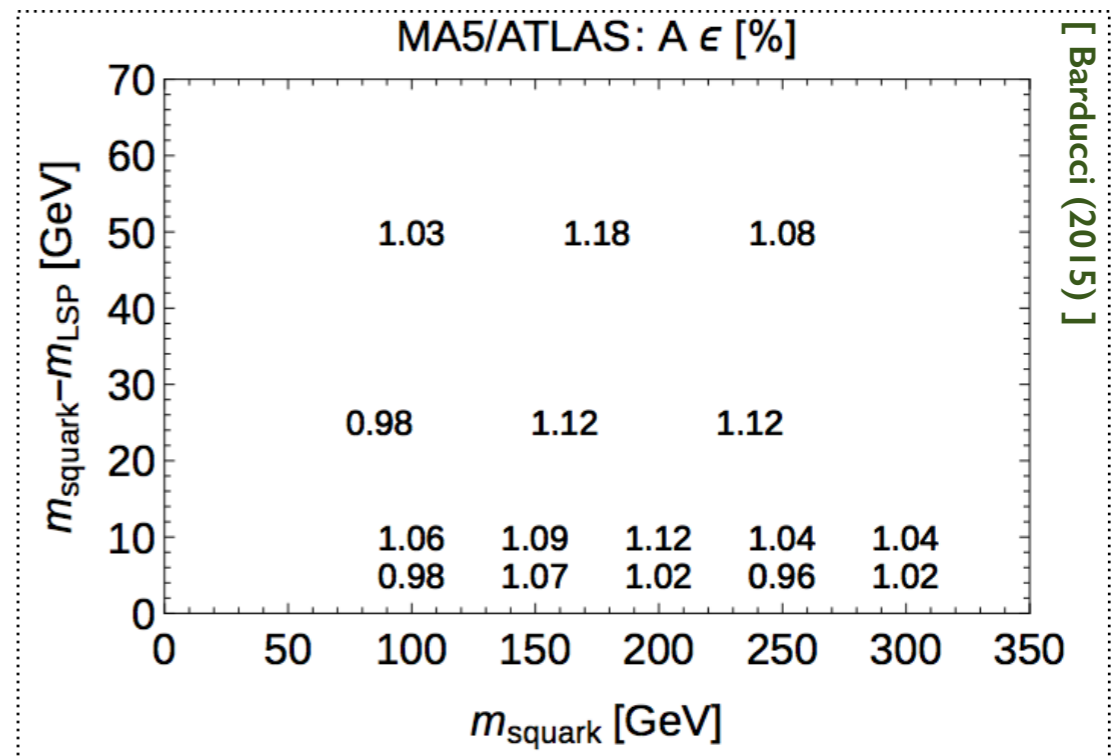
✓ In ATLAS-COM-PHYS-2014-542

◆ Event generation for the test benchmarks

- ❖ Monte Carlo information (cards, tunes, etc.)

✓ Kindly provided by ATLAS

Very good results
(ratio of efficiencies)

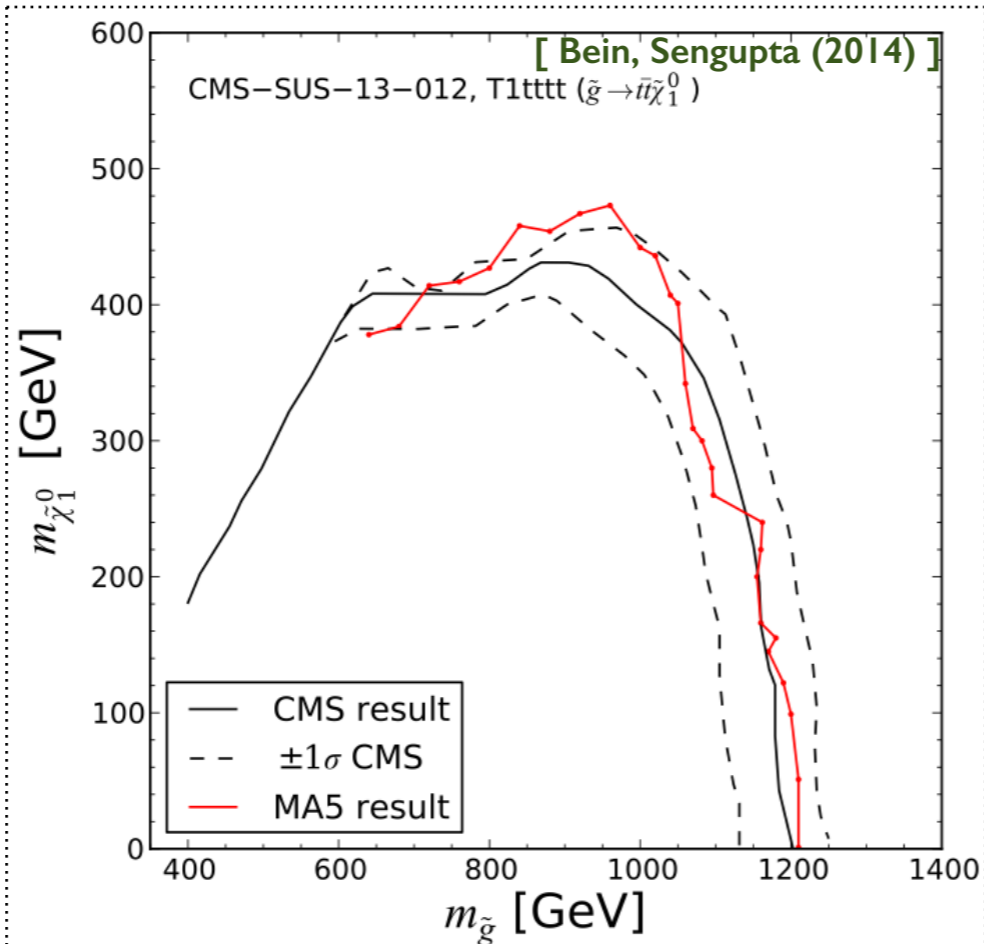


Example 3: CMS-SUS-13-12 (susy with jets and MET)

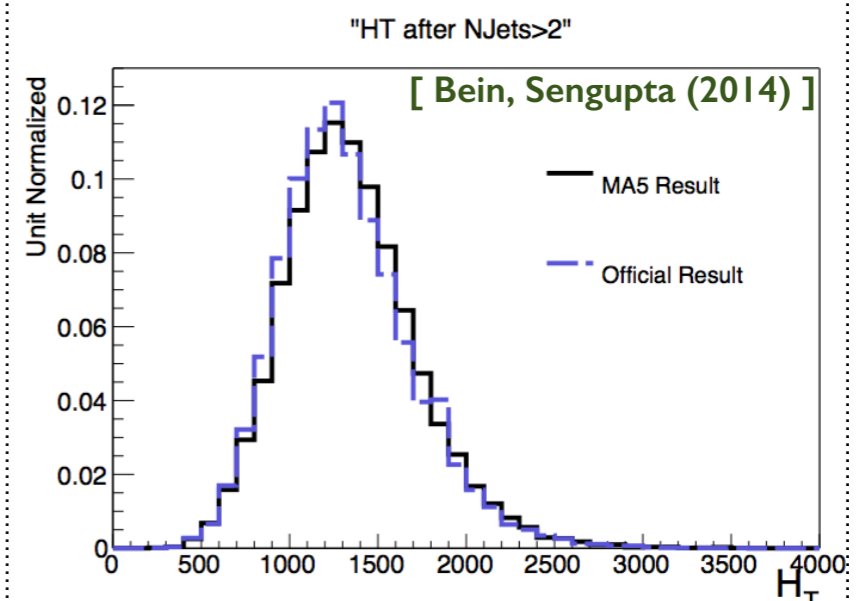
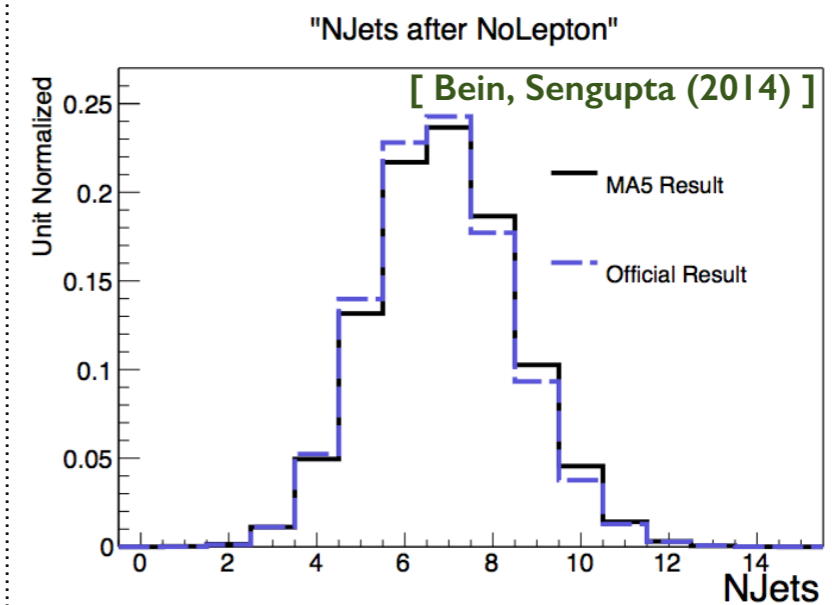
◆ Implementation by a CMS person who took part to the CMS analysis

✓ Easy implementation & validation

Very good results



⚠ Better limits: need for the statistical model used by CMS to combine all 36 signal regions



Example 4: When things are borderline... (1/2)

◆ Large differences are found

- ❖ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047 (multijet + missing energy)
 - ★ Large differences for one or two signal regions (out of 8)
 - ★ The reinterpretation cannot be totally wrong as 6 regions are fine
 - ★ Issues related to the jets (smearing, Monte Carlo details)



Monte Carlo info
is desirable



Jet smearing info
is desirable

| # | Cut Name | ϵ_{ATLAS} | $\epsilon_{\text{Atom}} \pm \text{Stat}$ | $\epsilon_{\text{Atom}}/\epsilon_{\text{ATLAS}}$ |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | base: pTj1 > 130 | 100. | 100. \pm | |
| 2 | base: pTj2 > 60 | 99.37 | 99.94 \pm 1.44 | 1.01 |
| 3 | pTj3 > 60 | 79.02 | 95.88 \pm 1.41 | 1.21 |
| 4 | B base: dphi_min_23 > 0.4 | 69.1 | 79.96 \pm 1.28 | 1.16 |
| 5 | BT: MET/meff_3j > 0.4 | 33.19 | 26.14 \pm 0.73 | 0.79 |
| 6 | BT: meff_inc > 1800 | 23.8 | 19.09 \pm 0.63 | 0.8 |

| # | Cut Name | ϵ_{ATLAS} | $\epsilon_{\text{Atom}} \pm \text{Stat}$ | $\epsilon_{\text{Atom}}/\epsilon_{\text{ATLAS}}$ |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | base: pTj1 > 130 | 100. | 100. \pm | |
| 2 | base: pTj2 > 60 | 94.5 | 93.96 \pm 1.08 | 0.99 |
| 3 | pTj3 > 60 | 44.12 | 35.26 \pm 0.66 | 0.8 |
| 4 | pTj4 > 60 | 14.38 | 8.87 \pm 0.33 | 0.62 |
| 5 | C base: dphi_min_23 > 0.4 | 12.62 | 7.82 \pm 0.31 | 0.62 |
| 6 | C base: dphi_min_inc > 0.2 | 11.63 | 7.39 \pm 0.3 | 0.64 |
| 7 | CM: MET/meff_4j > 0.25 | 9. | 5.86 \pm 0.27 | 0.65 |
| 8 | CM: meff_inc > 1200 | 3.75 | 2.55 \pm 0.18 | 0.68 |

Example 5: When things are borderline... (2/2)

◆ ATLAS-EXOT-2014-04 (monophotons)

❖ Effects non-reproducible with DELPHES (cleaning cuts, triggers, good vertexing)

◆ ATLAS-SUS-2013-09 (stops in the dilepton channel)

❖ Information on effects non-reproducible with DELPHES lost (student has quit physics)



Efficiencies computed by hand
Maybe model-dependent

Very good results
(for a SUSY benchmark)

| Signal region | H160: 2 b-jets, 2 SF leptons | |
|--|---|------------|
| Process | $\bar{t} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow bW^{(*)}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ | |
| Point | $m(\bar{t}) = 300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) = 150 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 50 \text{ GeV}$ | |
| Source | ATLAS | CheckMATE |
| Generated events | 157106.0 | 50000.0 |
| Total Events | 157106 ± 0 | - |
| Generator Filter* | 100000 ± 190 | - |
| Cleaning Cuts* ? | 990930 ± 0 | - |
| Trigger* | 49660 ± 180 | - |
| Two 10 GeV SF leptons | 3668.1 ± 60 | 3670 ± 18 |
| Isolation | 2844.6 ± 53 | 3270 ± 18 |
| opposite sign | 2805.2 ± 52 | 3270 ± 18 |
| $m_{\ell\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ | 2744.7 ± 52 | 3150 ± 18 |
| Trigger lepton p_T requirements | 2613.5 ± 51 | 2980 ± 18 |
| 2 b-jets | 1074.1 ± 33 | 1190 ± 13 |
| $m_{T2}^{\text{b-jet}} \geq 160 \text{ GeV}$ | 151.9 ± 12 | 182 ± 5.4 |
| $m_{T2} \leq 90 \text{ GeV}$ | 147.6 ± 12 | 175 ± 5.3 |
| leading lepton $p_T < 60 \text{ GeV}$ | 75.3 ± 8.7 | 60.3 ± 3.1 |

[Kim (2015)]

Example 6: some of the not so good guys...

◆ Missing or incomplete validation information

❖ CMS-SUS-12-028 (α_T)

- ★ No cutflows; no answers from CMS to requests

✗ Dead end!

❖ CMS-SUS-13-007 (1 lepton+b-jets+met)

- ★ Semi-official validation material provided (that cannot be used in the public validation)
- ★ No cutflows
- ★ Messy definition of the benchmark points

! We'll do our best...

◆ Missing or incomplete analysis information

! Too vague!

❖ ATLAS-EXOT-2013-10 (monolepton)

- ★ The average trigger efficiency is 80%–90% in the muon channel”
- ★ 80% of the muons are reconstructed with most of the loss coming from...
- ★ No precise information on signal event generation
- ★ No signal distributions on HEPDATA

Unfortunately: many more examples!

The wishlist - part I

◆ Analysis description

- ❖ **Clear description of the selections**, including their sequence
 - ★ A tabulated form would be appreciable (possibly on the analysis wiki pages)
- ❖ **Efficiencies for physics** (electrons, muons, jets, taus, b-tagging, mistagging rates, etc.)
 - ★ Including p_T and η dependence
 - ★ Or a reference with the information
- ❖ **Efficiencies for triggers, event cleaning, etc.**
 - ★ Effects that cannot be modeled in our fast simulation
- ❖ **Digitized figures**
 - ★ Missing in particular the performance results (reading off log-scale histograms...)
 - ★ ROOT format, text format, etc.
- ❖ **Special variables** (e.g., the CMS razor)
 - ★ Providing snippets of code would be highly appreciated
 - ★ Some variables have different definitions in different analyses (e.g., asymmetric M_{T2})

The wishlist - part 2

◆ Validation material ➤ quality of the reinterpretation

❖ Benchmark scenarios

- ★ Spectra and decay tables (under an SLHA-form)
- ★ Several scenarios are appreciable
- ★ Publicly available on the wiki pages or HEPDATA

❖ Monte Carlo tools configuration

- ★ Cards, tunes, merging information, etc.
- ★ Better, the CMS way: LHE files with shower inputs (no new source of discrepancies)
- ★ Publicly available on the wiki pages or HEPDATA

❖ Detailed cutflows for the benchmarks, with the correct selection ordering

- ★ Including each step of the (pre)selection
- ★ For several benchmarks
- ★ The more steps are available, the better (even the preselection, the cleaning, etc.)
(pin-down the differences in our machinery, in the fastsim vs. CMS-ATLAS simulation)

❖ Kinematical distributions at different steps of the selection

- ★ Extra cross-check of our machinery

The wishlist: summary

◆ Analysis description

- ❖ Clear description of the selections, including their sequence
- ❖ Efficiencies for physics
- ❖ Efficiencies for triggers, event cleaning, etc.
- ❖ Digitized figures
- ❖ Special variables

◆ Validation material

- ❖ Benchmark scenarios
- ❖ Monte Carlo tools configuration
- ❖ Detailed cutflows
- ❖ Kinematical distributions

Reproducibility is the ability of an entire experiment to be reproduced, possibly by an independent (pheno) study