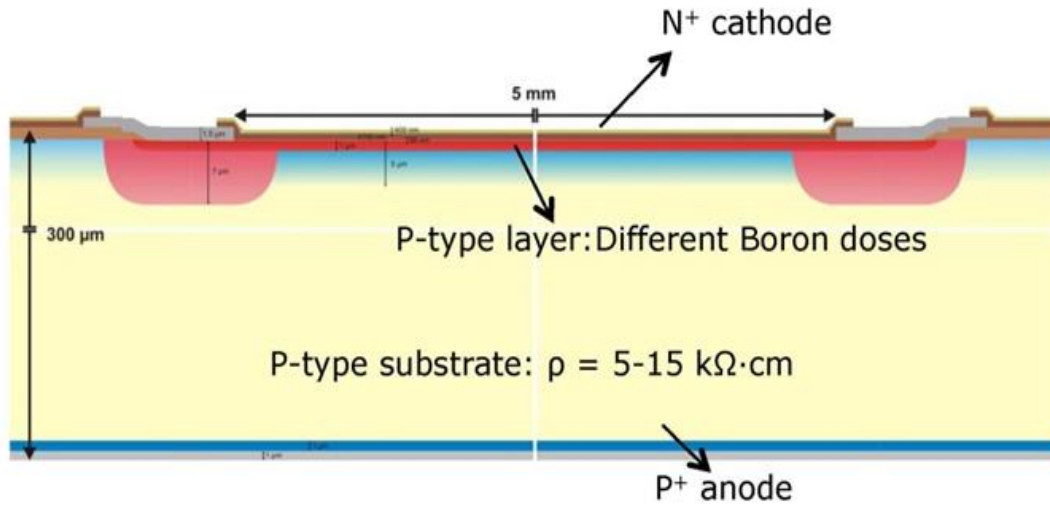


# Replacing Boron with Gallium

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# LGAD: Stack



## Doping

p bulk: FZ  $N_p = 1e12 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

n cathode: Phosphorus  $N_n \sim 1e19 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

## Surface passivation

bi-layer (from silicon surface to top: 800 nm thermal oxide + 40 nm deposited alumina).

## Phosphorous implantation:

First: Energy: 70 KeV. Dose:  $1E15 \text{ atm/cm}^2$ ; Second: Energy: 150 KeV. Dose:  $5E14 \text{ atm/cm}^2$

Post P implant anneal: 1000 Celsius degrees for 44 min

## A few wafers had Boron replaced by Gallium

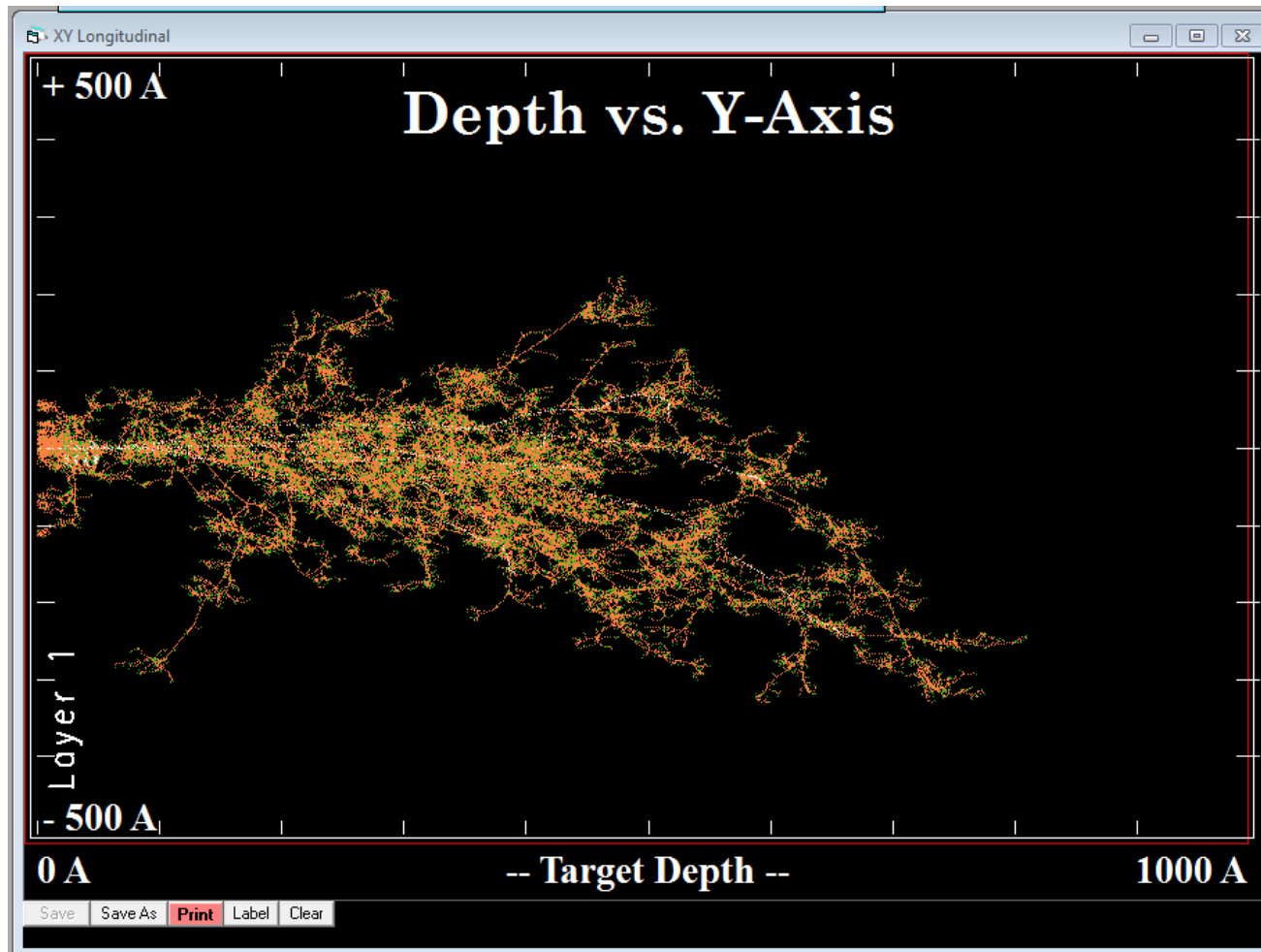
C-V on Ga implanted structures reveal the absence of the gain-layer

Maureen Petterson performed simulations with SRIM 2013 using two implantation energies (including 400 nm thermal oxide)

Original Gallium implantation: Energy: 60 KeV. Dose:  $1.4E13 \text{ atm/cm}^2$

Alternative Gallium Implantation: Energy: 1500 KeV. Dose:  $1.4E13 \text{ atm/cm}^2$

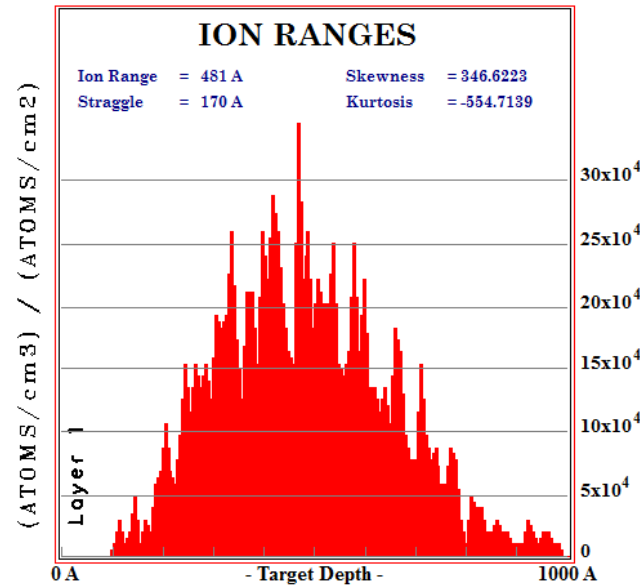
# 60keV Ga into Si: Cascades



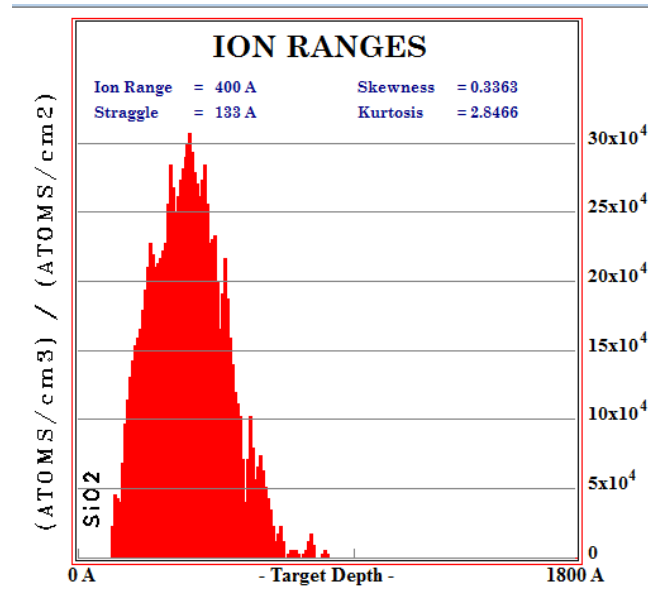
A few selected events shown

SRIM 2013: Stopping Ranges of Ions in Matter  
Damage Calculation: Full Cascades

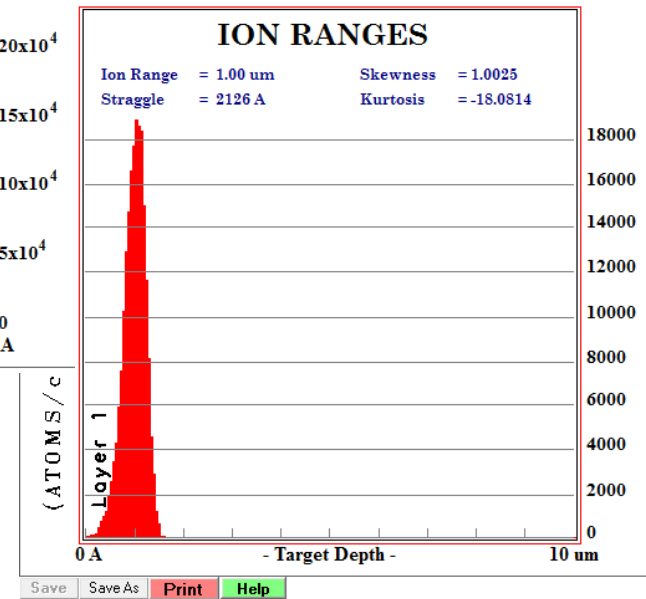
# Ga into Si/SiO<sup>2</sup>: Ion Distribution



60keV Ga into Si  
 Mean  $\approx 0.05\mu\text{m}$   
 Max  $\approx 0.1\mu\text{m}$

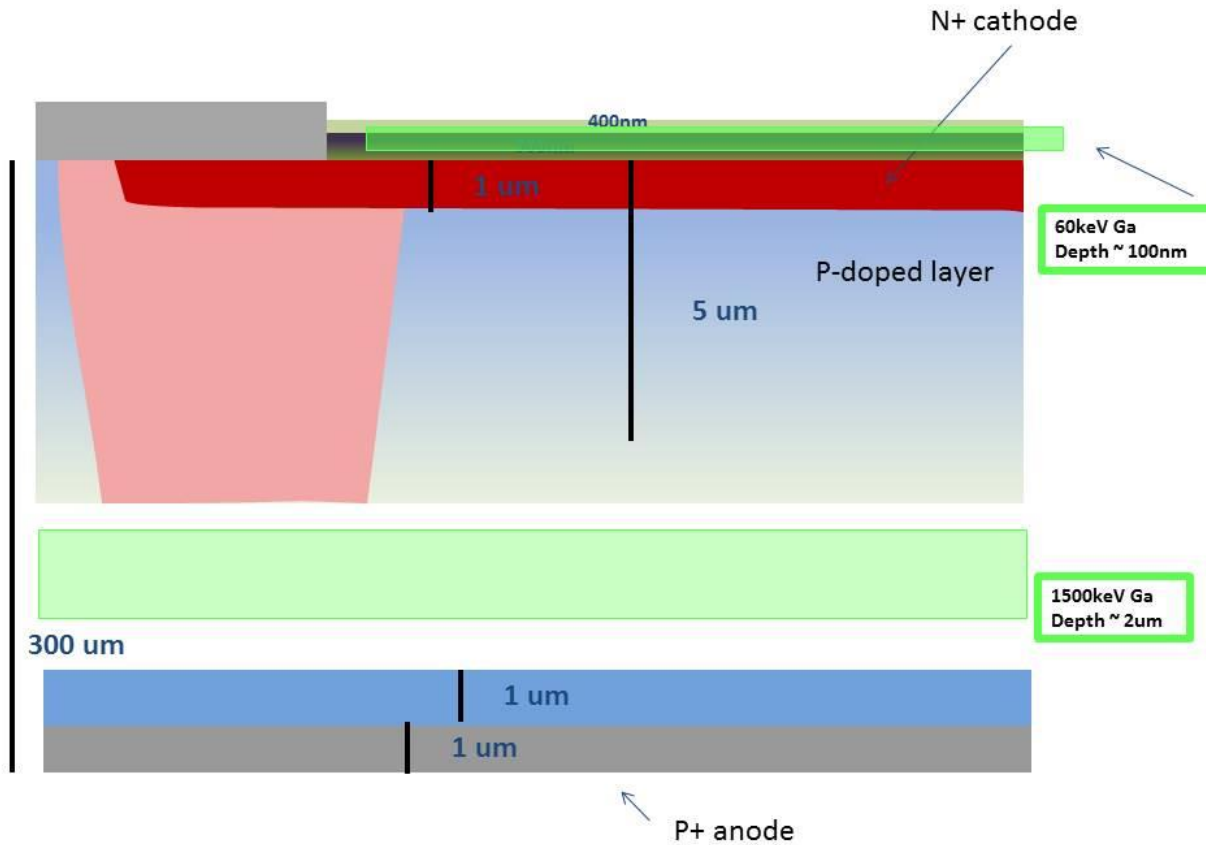


60keV Ga into SiO<sub>2</sub>  
 Mean  $\approx 0.04\mu\text{m}$   
 Max  $\approx 0.08\mu\text{m}$



1500keV Ga into Si  
 Mean  $\approx 1\mu\text{m}$   
 Max  $\approx 1.4\mu\text{m}$

# Ga into LGAD: Ion Distribution



Ion Penetration:  
60keV Ga into SiO<sub>2</sub>  
Max Depth ≈ 0.1 μm  
i.e. all end up within SiO<sub>2</sub>

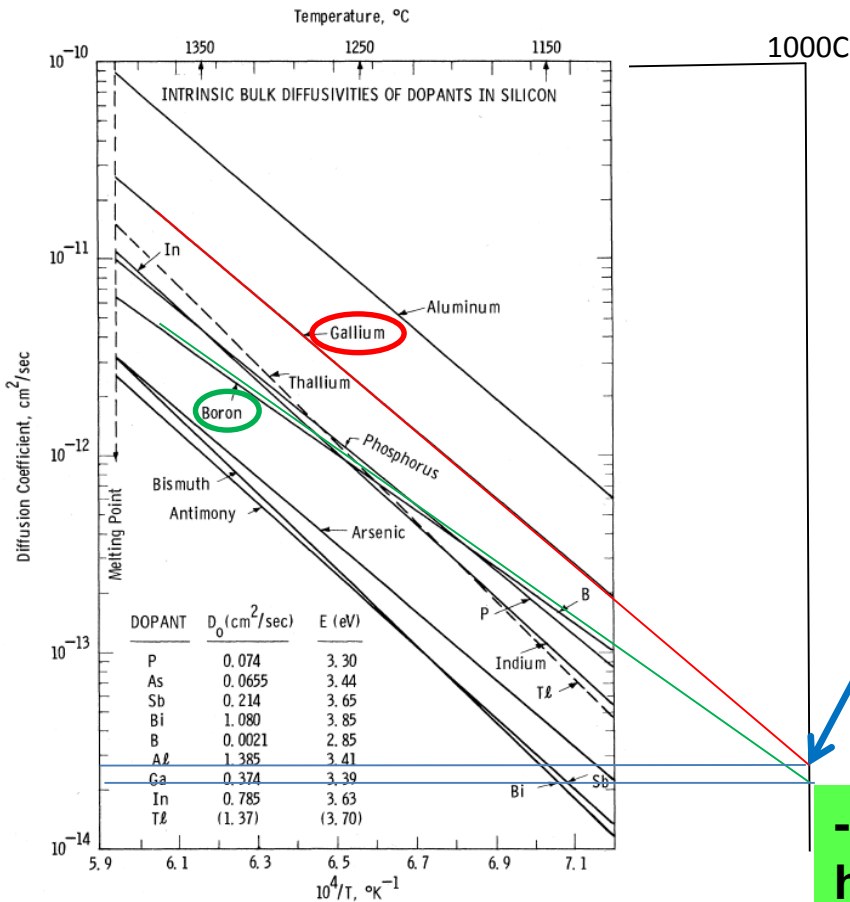
Ion Penetration:  
1500keV Ga into SiO<sub>2</sub>/Si  
Max Depth ≈ 2 μm  
i.e. Large fraction ends up within Si

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# Annealing of B/Ga in Si/SiO<sub>2</sub>

## Diffusion Constant D for Si/SiO<sub>2</sub>

	D(1000°C) [cm <sup>2</sup> /sec]	
	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Si
B:	< 6e-18	2e-14
Ga:	< 6e-18	3e-14



In Si, 1000°C:

$$D(B, Si) \approx D(Ga, Si)$$

Si vs. SiO<sub>2</sub>:

$$D(B, SiO_2) < 3 \cdot 10^{-4} D(B, Si)$$

$$D(Ga, SiO_2) < 2 \cdot 10^{-4} D(Ga, Si)$$

**Ions implanted in SiO<sub>2</sub> can't anneal out!**

**-> Ga implantation needs to be made at higher Energy (~1500 keV)**

**-> Doping Concentration Test structures need to include the entire stack (SiO<sub>2</sub> & Si)**

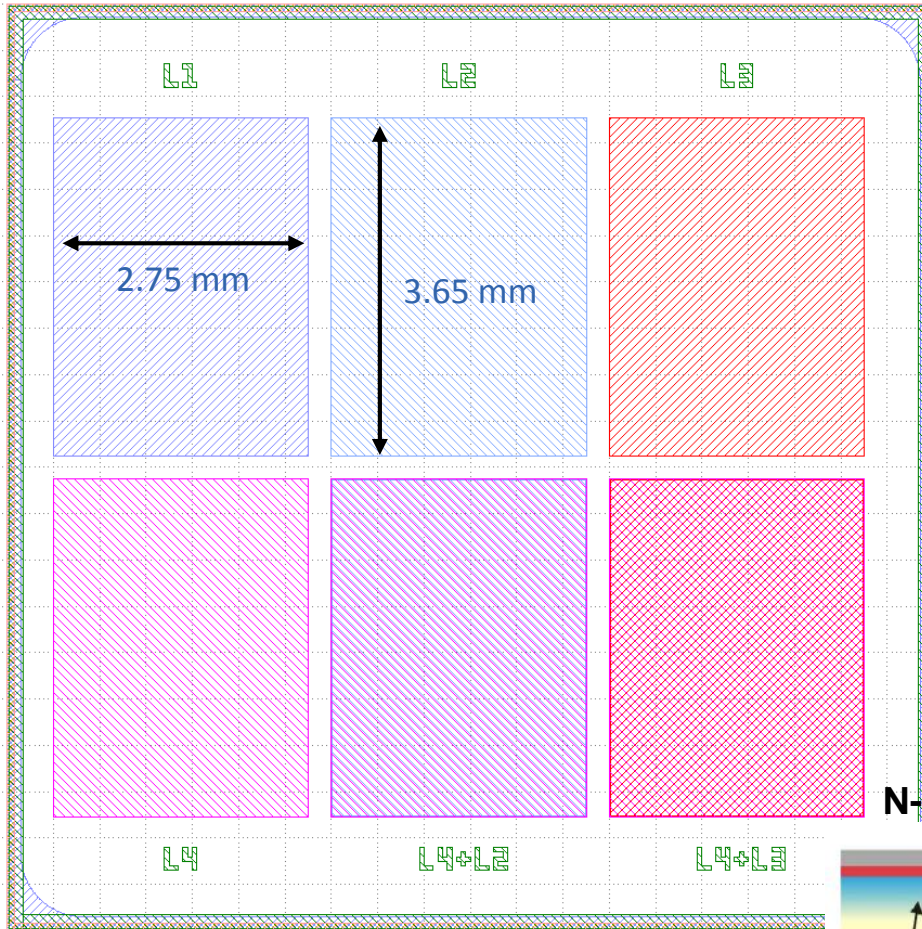
SiO<sub>2</sub> data from

H. G. Francois-Saint-Cyr et al.

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# Specific Test Structure. SRP, SIMS, XPS



- L1 P-Stop, C-Stop Well
- L2 P-Well (P Multiplication)
- L3 JTE
- L4 N-Well
- L4 + L2 N-Well over P-Well
- L4 + L3 N-Well over JTE

The bevel angle  $\alpha$  determines the depth  $d$  of probing:  
 $\alpha = 1 \text{ deg } d = 3\text{mm} * 0.017 = 50 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\alpha = 4 \text{ deg } d = 200 \mu\text{m}$

