

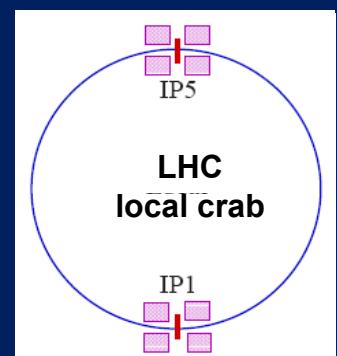
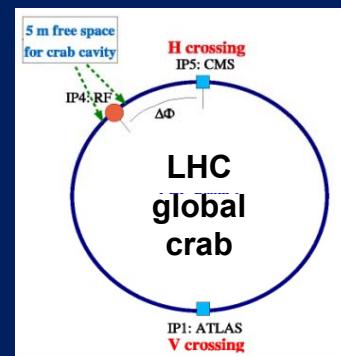
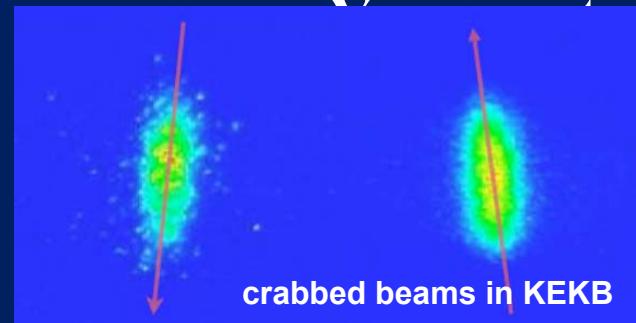
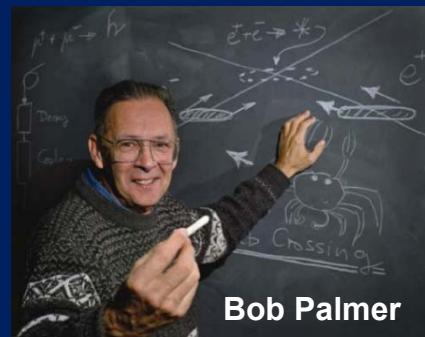


Welcome **H H H** →  
CARE-HHH  
*LHC Crab Cavity Validation*  
Mini-Workshop



Organizers: Rama Calaga, Rogelio Tomas, Frank Zimmermann

Acknowledgements: Walter Scandale, Yi-Peng Sun, Jean-Pierre Koutchouk, Ilan Ben-Zvi, Steve Peggs, Katsunobu Oide, Akira



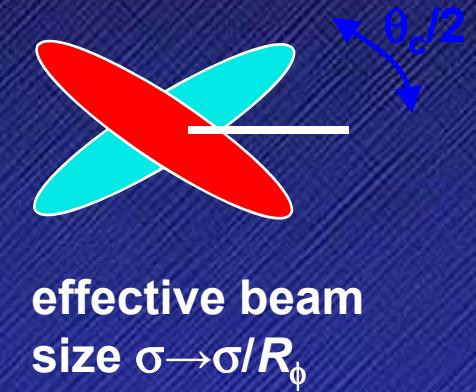
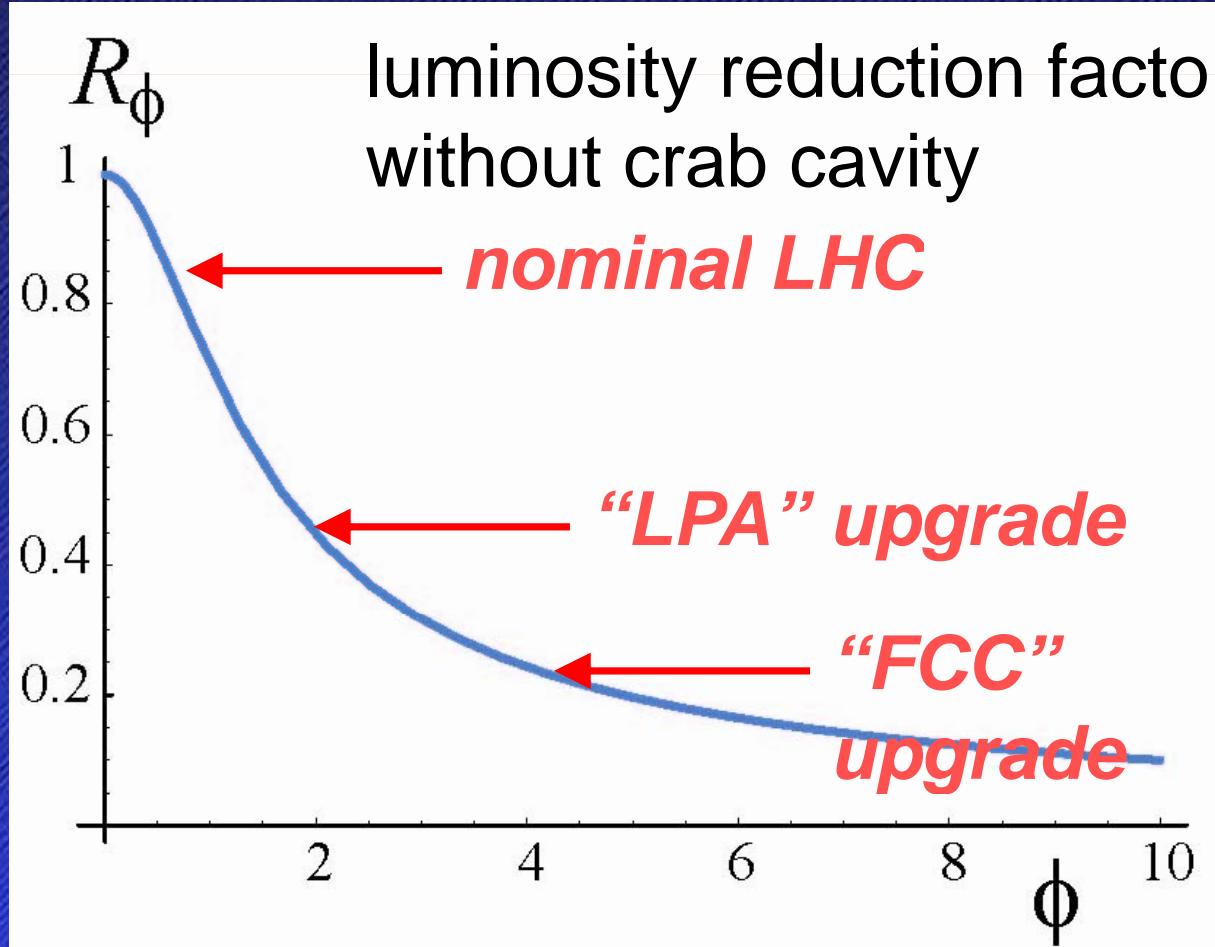
We acknowledge the support of the European Community-Research Infrastructure Activity under the FP6 "Structuring the European Research Area" programme (CARE, contract number RI3-CT-2003-506395)



# motivation



$$R_\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\phi^2}}; \quad \phi \equiv \frac{\theta_c \sigma_z}{2\sigma_x} \quad \text{"Piwinski angle"}$$





# brief history



1970s : CERN/Karlsruhe s.c. deflecting cavities for Kaon separation (2.86 GHz)

1988: Bob Palmer proposes crab cavities for linear colliders

1989: proposal of crab cavities for e+e- factories (Katsunobu Oide & Kaoru Yokoya)

1991: Cornell 1.5 GHz scaled model crab cavity

1993: KEK 500 MHz crab cavity with extreme polarization

2001: crab cavity option in LHC upgrade feasibility study , LHC Project Report 626

2004-2006: LHC crab cavities in CARE-HHH workshops HHH-2004, LUMI-05, LUMI-06

2006/07: launch of US-LARP crab activities

2007: KEKB crab cavity operation

2007: launch of LHC-ILC crab collaboration & LHC-crab twiki pages

2008: 25-26. February, Joint BNL/US-LARP/CARE-HHH mini-workshop on LHC crab cavities, LHC-CC08

2008: April, ICFA Mini-Workshop on Deflecting/Crabbing Cavities, Shanghai

2008: July, launch of joint CERN-KEK crab cavity meetings

2008: 20. August LHC Crab-Cavity Validation Mini-Workshop



# Piwinski angles in LHC and KEKB

	LHC nominal	LHC “ultimate”	LHC “FCC” upgrade	LHC “LPA” upgrade	KEKB	Super- KEKB
$\sigma_z$ [mm]	75.5	75.5	75.5	118.0	7.0	3.0
$\sigma_x^*$ [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	16.6	15.8	6.3	11.2	103	69.3
$\theta_c$ [mrad]	0.285	0.315	0.673	0.381	22.0	30.0
$\phi$	0.64	0.75	4.1 (w/o crab)	2.0	0.75 (w/o crab)	0.65 (w/o crab)



# mini-workshop goals



- ✓ discuss prospects of crab cavities in LHC upgrades
- ✓ review status of cryomodule development and beam dynamics
- ✓ establish validity requirements for crab cavities necessary prior to their installation into the LHC
- ✓ provide guidance & coordination for global collaborators



# statistics & organization

- 28 registered participants  
16 CERN, 4 KEK, 2 CI/DL, 2 BNL, 2 SLAC, 1 FNAL, 1 NIKHEF, 1 Oslo
- some US + additional KEK participation via WebEx
- 4 sessions, each ending with 30-60 minutes discussion
- possibility of no-host dinner if interest

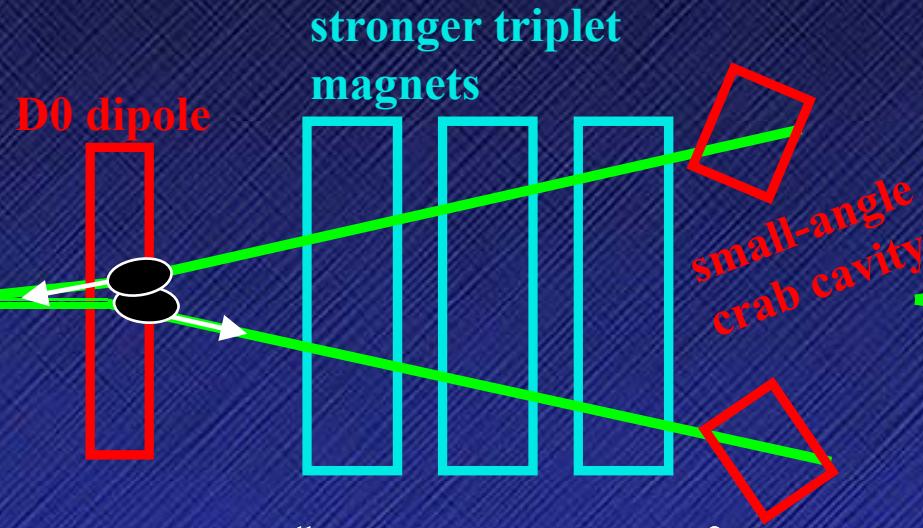


*thank you for attending  
& good luck!*

# Reminder: LHC upgrade paths

## early separation (ES)

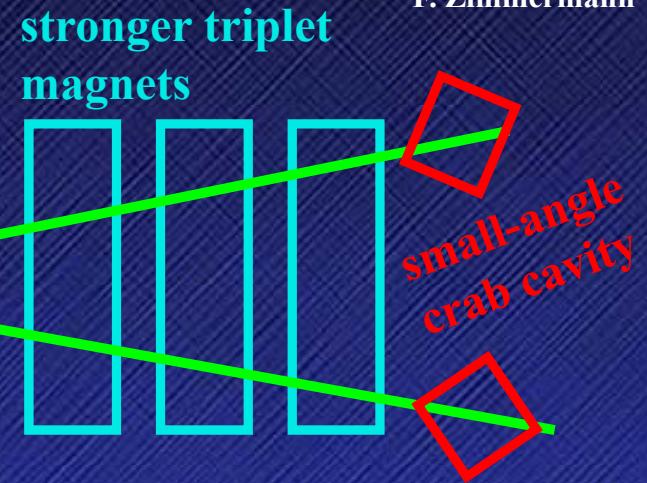
J.-P. Koutchouk



- ultimate beam ( $1.7 \times 10^{11}$  protons/bunch, 25 spacing),  $\beta^* \sim 10$  cm
- early-separation dipoles in side detectors , crab cavities
  - hardware inside ATLAS & CMS detectors,
  - first hadron crab cavities; off- $\delta \beta$

## full crab crossing (FCC)

L. Evans,  
W. Scandale,  
F. Zimmermann



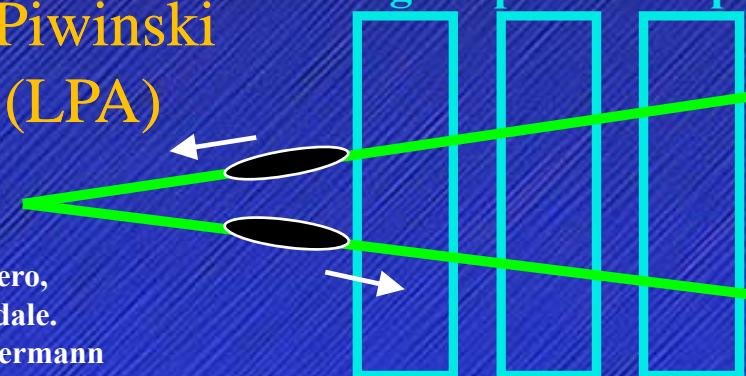
- ultimate LHC beam ( $1.7 \times 10^{11}$  protons/bunch, 25 spacing)
- $\beta^* \sim 10$  cm
- crab cavities with 60% higher voltage
  - first hadron crab cavities, off- $\delta \beta$ -beat

## large Piwinski angle (LPA)

F. Ruggiero,  
W. Scandale.  
F. Zimmermann

## larger-aperture triplet magnets

wire  
compensator



- 50 ns spacing, longer & more intense bunches ( $5 \times 10^{11}$  protons/bunch)
- $\beta^* \sim 25$  cm, no elements inside detectors
  - long-range beam-beam wire compensation
    - novel operating regime for hadron colliders,
    - beam generation

parameter	symbol	nominal	ultimate	Early Sep.	Full Crab Xing	L. Piw Angle
transverse emittance	$\epsilon$ [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	3.75	3.75	<b>3.75</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>3.75</b>
protons per bunch	$N_b$ [ $10^{11}$ ]	1.15	1.7	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>
bunch spacing	$\Delta t$ [ns]	25	25	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>50</b>
beam current	I [A]	0.58	0.86	<b>0.86</b>	<b>0.86</b>	<b>1.22</b>
longitudinal profile		Gauss	Gauss	<b>Gauss</b>	<b>Gauss</b>	<b>Flat</b>
rms bunch length	$\sigma_z$ [cm]	7.55	7.55	<b>7.55</b>	<b>7.55</b>	<b>1.8</b>
beta* at IP1&5	$\beta^*$ [m]	0.55	0.5	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.25</b>
full crossing angle	$\theta_c$ [ $\mu\text{rad}$ ]	285	315		0	<b>381</b>
Piwinski parameter	$\phi = \theta_c \sigma_z / (2 * \sigma_x^*)$	0.64	0.75		0	<b>2.0</b>
hourglass reduction		1	1	<b>0.86</b>	<b>0.86</b>	<b>0.99</b>
peak luminosity	$L$ [ $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	1	2.3	<b>5.5</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>10.7</b>
peak events per #ing		19	44	<b>294</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>403</b>
initial lumi lifetime	$\tau_L$ [h]	22	14	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>
effective luminosity ( $T_{\text{turnaround}}=10$ h)	$L_{\text{eff}}$ [ $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	0.46	0.91	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.5</b>
	$T_{\text{run,opt}}$ [h]	21.2	17.0	<b>6.6</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>9.5</b>
effective luminosity ( $T_{\text{turnaround}}=5$ h)	$L_{\text{eff}}$ [ $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	0.56	1.15	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.5</b>
	$T_{\text{run,opt}}$ [h]	15.0	12.0	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>6.7</b>
e-c heat SEY=1.4(1.3)	P [W/m]	1.07 (0.44)	1.04 (0.59)	<b>1.04 (0.59)</b>	<b>1.04 (0.59)</b>	<b>0.36 (0.1)</b>
SR heat load 4.6-20 K	$P_{\text{SR}}$ [W/m]	0.17	0.25	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.36</b>
image current heat	$P_{\text{IC}}$ [W/m]	0.15	0.33	<b>0.33</b>	<b>0.33</b>	<b>0.78</b>
gas-s. 100 h (10 h) $\tau_b$	$P_{\text{gas}}$ [W/m]	0.04 (0.38)	0.06 (0.56)	<b>0.06 (0.56)</b>	<b>0.06 (0.56)</b>	<b>0.09 (0.9)</b>
extent luminous region	$\sigma_l$ [cm]	4.5	4.3	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>5.3</b>
comment		nominal	ultimate	<b>D0 + crab</b>	<b>crab</b>	<b>wire comp.</b>