

TASK 13.2.5

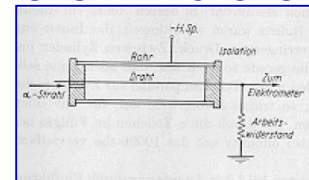
Development of high-gain MPGDs
based on advanced THGEMs and
hybrid MPGDs

TASK COORDINATOR:

Silvia Dalla Torre

PARTICIPANTS:

INFN - Trieste



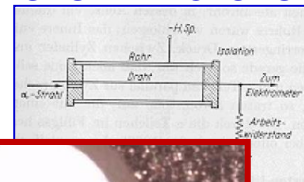
• STATUS & PERSPECTIVES – 1

■ MPGD GAIN FIGURES IN RUNNING EXPERIMENTS

- **MICROMEGAS trackers** at COMPASS: $G \sim 6400$ (D Thers et al., NIMA 469 (2001) 133)
- **MICROMEGAS TPC R-O** at T2K TPC: $G \sim 1500$ (N. Abgrall et al., NIMA 637 (2011) 25)
- **GEM trackers** at COMPASS: $G \sim 8000$ (B. Ketzer, private comm.)
- **GEM trackers** at LHCb: $G \sim 4000$ (M. Alfonsi NIMA 581 (2007) 283)
- **GEM trackers** at TOTEM: $G \sim 8000$ (G. Catanesi, private comm.)
- **GEM photodetectors** at Phenix HBD: $G \sim 4000$ (W. Anderson et al., NIMA 646 (2011) 35)

■ LARGER GAIN perspectives

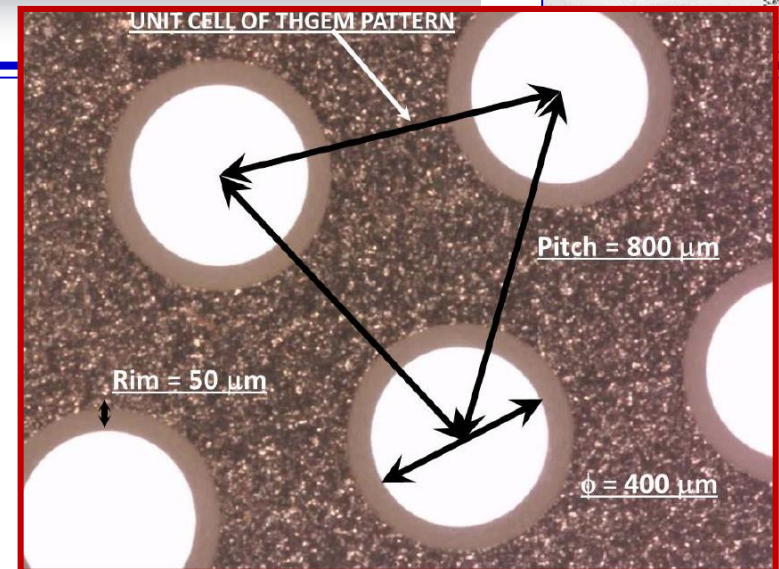
- **MPGDs with WELL-architectures, gain goals up to 10^5 :**
 - GEM based as in task 13.2.4 and in a CERN-BARI R&D
 - THGEM-based developed at Weizman
- **WP13-TASK 14.2.5 (this task), gain goal up to $O(10^6)$:**
 - By hybrid architectures (THGEM + MICROMEGAS) and improved THGEMs



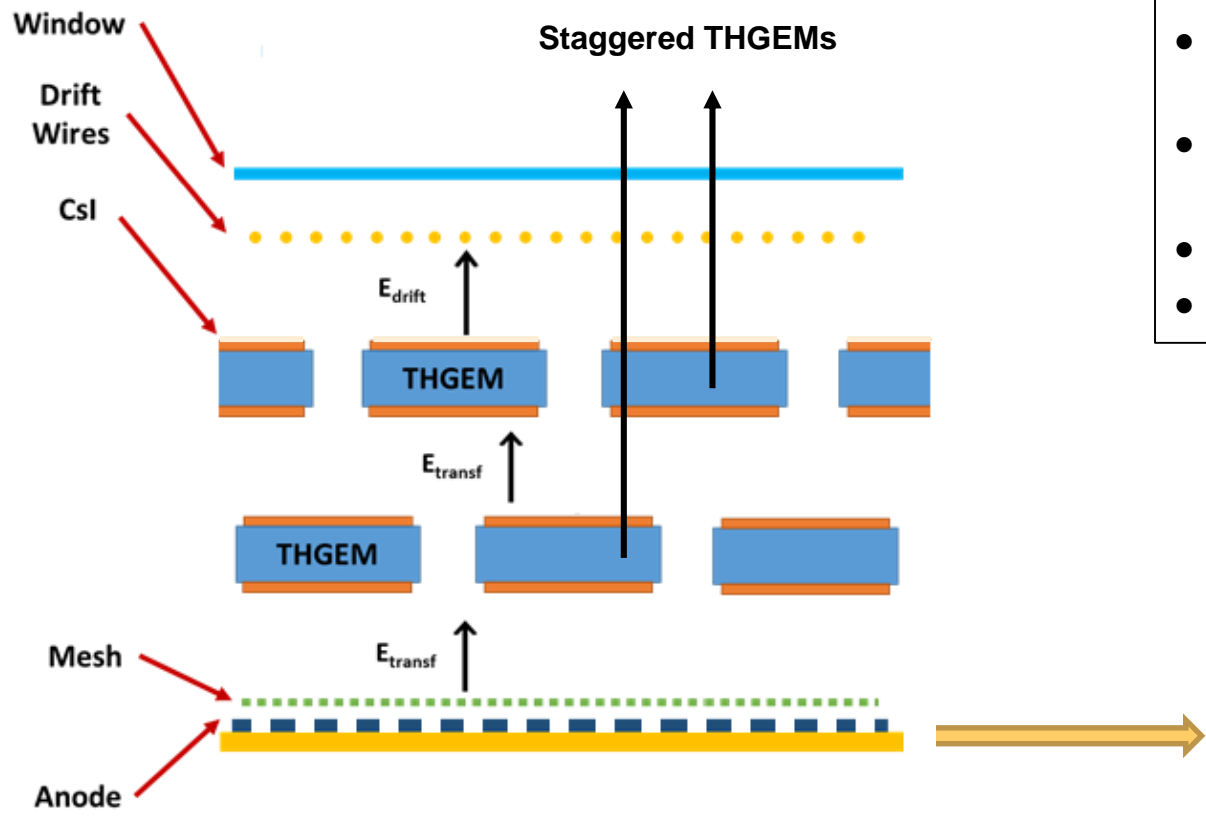
STATUS & PERSPECTIVES – 2

THGEMS (also called LEMs)

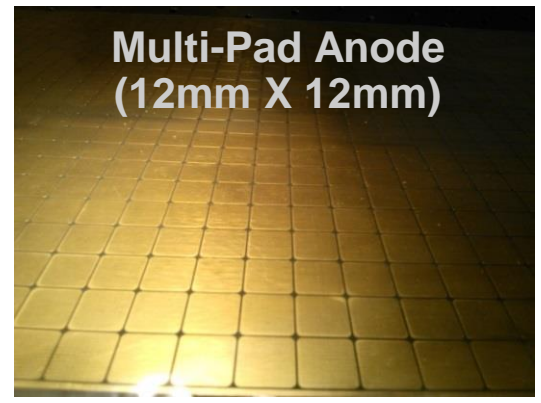
- introduced in // by different groups:
 - L. Periale et al., NIM A478 (2002) 377.
 - P. Jeanneret, PhD thesis, Neuchatel U., 2001.
 - P.S. Barbeau et al, IEEE NS50 (2003) 1285
 - R. Chechik et al., NIMA 535 (2004) 303
- deep studies of characterization & development by the Weizmann group
- further characterization and engineering towards large size by the INFN-Trieste group:
 - Geometrical parameters, in particular the role of the rim
 - Advantages and limitations of the standard PCB approach
 - Polishing protocol to raise the discharge limit
- Other approaches
 - glass GEMs by Photo Etchable Glass (University of Tokyo)
- **WP13-TASK 14.2.5 (this task), progress in THGEM technology**
 - By improved production process and novel materials



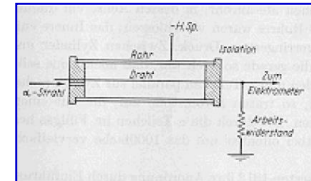
Hybrid Detector (2 x THGEMs + Micromesh)



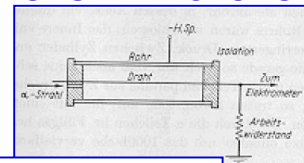
- Simple; robust; cheap;
- Signals \rightarrow Electrons drift $\rightarrow \sigma \approx 10 \text{ ns}$;
- Cascade \rightarrow high gain, **present figure: $G \approx 10^5$ in beam**
- IBF < 5%;
- Stability: time & high rates



Double THGEM: $t = 0.4 \text{ mm}$; $p = 0.8 \text{ mm}$; $h = 0.4 \text{ mm}$



- **Large gain-values**
 - facilitate the detection of signals when the initial charge is modest, in particular in case of single photon detection where a single photoelectron must be detected
 - make it possible the use of simple, digital read-out systems, making affordable both from the point of view of the costs and from that of the simplicity
 - large detection systems and
 - applications beyond fundamental research.
- **Another relevant feature is the use, as first multiplier, of a rigid element, namely the THGEM substrate:**
 - this element is the ideal substrate of converting layers, as required both for photon detection and neutron detection.



• 1st YEAR

- ACTIVITY: Detailed characterization of the discharge sources in the hybrid MPGD architecture and discharge propagation in the hybrid MPGD architecture
- MILESTONE: ready to publish the obtained results, M12

• 2nd YEAR

- ACTIVITY: New candidate materials for THGEM substrate and improved production techniques are qualified by THGEM prototyping.
- MILESTONE: **MS13.4**, Qualification of the new candidate materials for THGEM substrate, M26, Report to StCom

OFFICIAL
MILESTONE

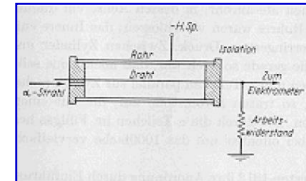
• 3rd YEAR

- ACTIVITY: The qualification of the new candidate materials for the high-gain performance of hybrid MPGDs is demonstrated by small size prototyping. Resistive MICROMEGAS will be employed
- MILESTONE: M36, ready to publish the obtained results

• 4th YEAR

- ACTIVITY: An engineered large-size high-gain hybrid MPGD prototype is realised and validated by laboratory and test-beam measurements
- MILESTONE: **D13.5**, Prototype of a large-size high-gain MPGD (a large-size fully engineered and validated prototype of the a high-gain MPGD), M44, DEM

OFFICIAL
DELIVERABLE



- **1st YEAR**

- **ACTIVITY:** Detailed characterization of the discharge sources in the hybrid MPGD architecture and discharge propagation in the hybrid MPGD architecture

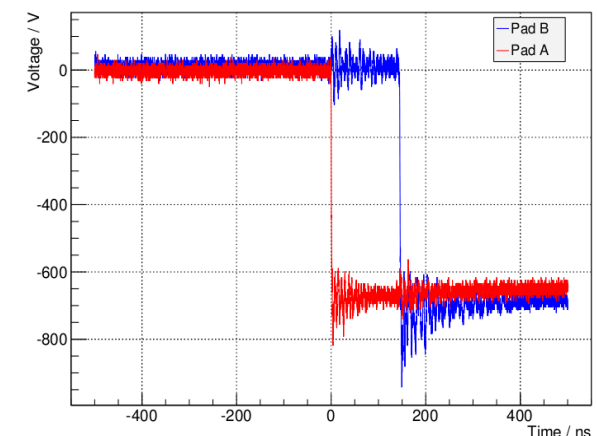
- **It includes:**

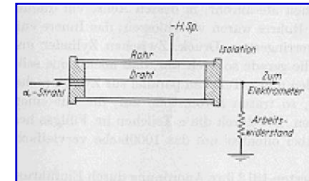
- Discharges in MM related to HV and gain
- Propagation of discharges within the MM
- Discharges in THGEM related to HV and gain
- Propagation of discharges from a THGEM layer to the next one
- Propagation of discharges between MICROMEGAS and THGEMS in a hybrid architecture

- **Studies already started !**

Time and space correlation of trips in MICROMEGAS

Trips in Pad A and B





- **STAFF PERSONNEL from INFN**
 - 6 scientists at 20% over the four years of the AIDA2020 project
 - 2 units of technical personnel at 25% over the four years of the AIDA2020 project

- **Financial resources from INFN**
 - A 4-year project dedicated to R&D items in the MPGD sector is being submitted to INFN
 - It includes the high-gain hybrid MPGD task