



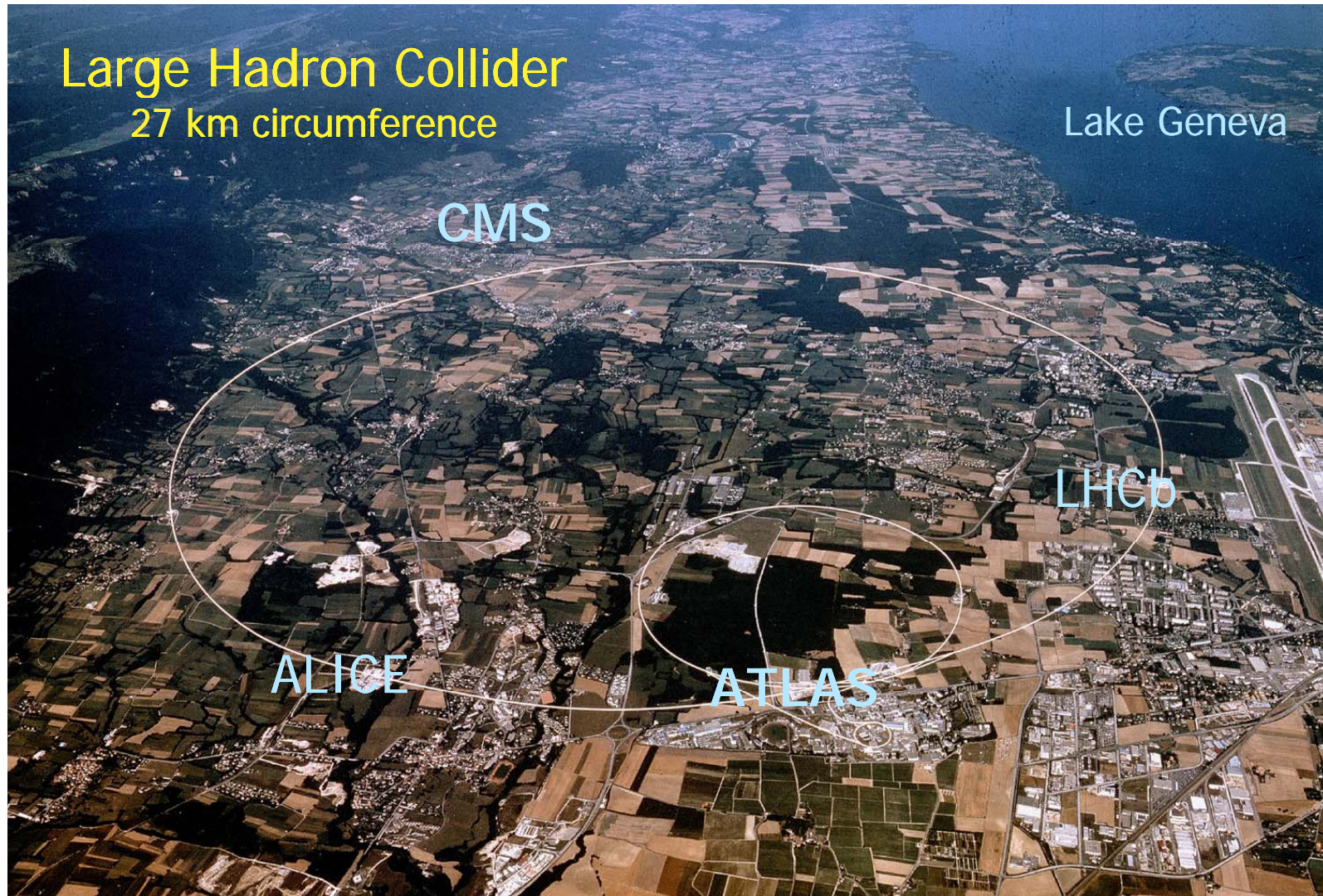
Status of CMS

**Nick Hadley
University of Maryland
On behalf of the CMS Collaboration**

**First USLUO Meeting
Fermilab
October 24, 2008**



CERN Site





CMS Collaboration

- CMS**

- 39 Countries**
- 181 Institutions**
- 1940 Scientific Authors total**
- 1283 paying M&O share**

- USCMS**

- 639 Scientific Authors**
- 442 with Ph.D (34.5%)**
- 197 Graduate Students**

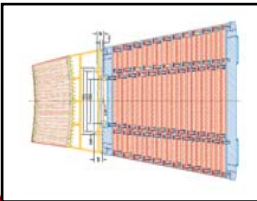
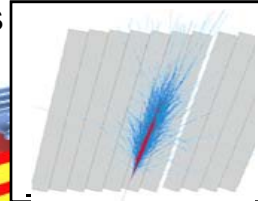


CMS Subsystems

SUPERCONDUCTING COIL

Total weight : 12,500 t
 Overall diameter : 15 m
 Overall length : 21.6 m
 Magnetic field : 4 Tesla

ECAL Scintillating PbWO₄ Crystals



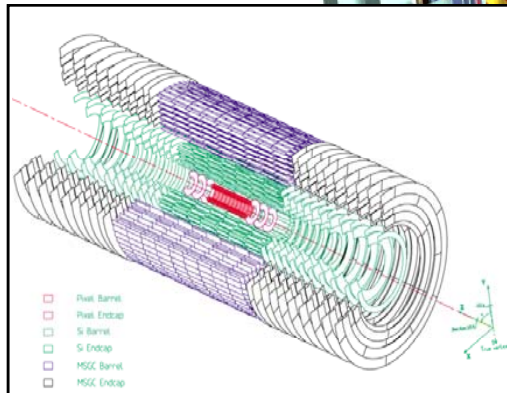
CALORIMETERS

HCAL

brass Plastic scintillator sandwich

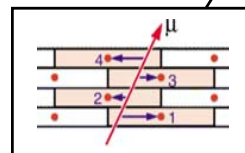
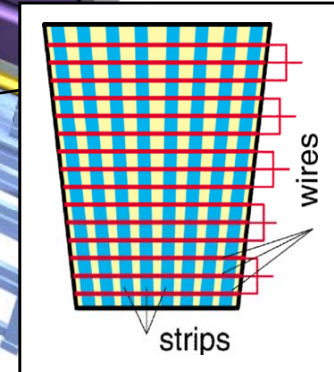
IRON YOKE

TRACKERS

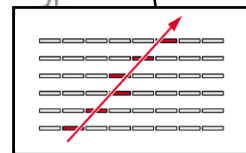


Silicon Microstrips
 Pixels

MUON ENDCAPS



Drift Tube
 Chambers (DT)



Resistive Plate
 Chambers (RPC)

Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC)
 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)

MUON BARREL



CMS Detectors

- Magnetic Field: 4 Tesla solenoid + return yoke, outside calorimeters
 - Stored energy 1.6GJ
- Tracker: Silicon pixels and strips, $\sigma/pt = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ pt} + 0.005$
- EM Calorimeter: PbWO_4 crystals, $\sigma/E = 3\%/E + 0.003$, $25X_0$
- Hadronic Calorimeter: Brass+Scintillator (7λ + HO catcher)
 - $\sigma/E = 100\%/E + 0.05 \text{ GeV}$
- Muon: $\sigma/pt = 1\% @ 50\text{GeV}$ to $10\% @ 1\text{TeV}$
 - DT/CSC+tracker, RPC for trigger
- Trigger: L1 (hardware) + HLT (farm)



US Contributions

- **US has major responsibility in many CMS Systems**
- **US led subsystems**
 - **HadronCalorimeter**
 - **EndcapMuons**
 - **Forward pixels**
 - **Trigger**
- **Systems with strong US participation**
 - **Data Acquisition**
 - **Silicon Strip Tracker**
 - **Electromagnetic Calorimeter**
- **Computing**
- **Physics Analysis**



US Leadership Positions

- **Deputy Spokesperson: Bob Cousins (UCLA) since 1/07**
- **Chair CMS Collaboration Board: Dan Green (FNAL) starting 1/09**
- **Deputy Physics Coordinator: Joe Incandela(UCSB)**
- **Trigger Coordinator: W. Smith (Wisc)**
- **Deputy Run Coordinator: D. Acosta (Fla)**
- **Deputy Computing Coordinator: P. McBride (FNAL)**
- **Physics Convenors**
 - **Higgs: A. Korytov (Fla)**
 - **SUSY: J. Richman (UCSB)**
 - **Exotica: G. Landsberg (Brown)**
 - **Top: C. Campagnari (UCSB)**
 - **Heavy Ions: G. Roland (MIT)**
 - **QCD: N. Verelas (UIC), V. Odell (FNAL)**
 - **EWK: S. Dasu (Wisc)**
- **Detector Project Managers**
 - **HCAL: A. Skuja (Maryland)/J. Spalding (FNAL)**
 - **ECAL: R. Rusack (Minn)**
 - **Endcap Muons: R. Loveless (Wisc)**



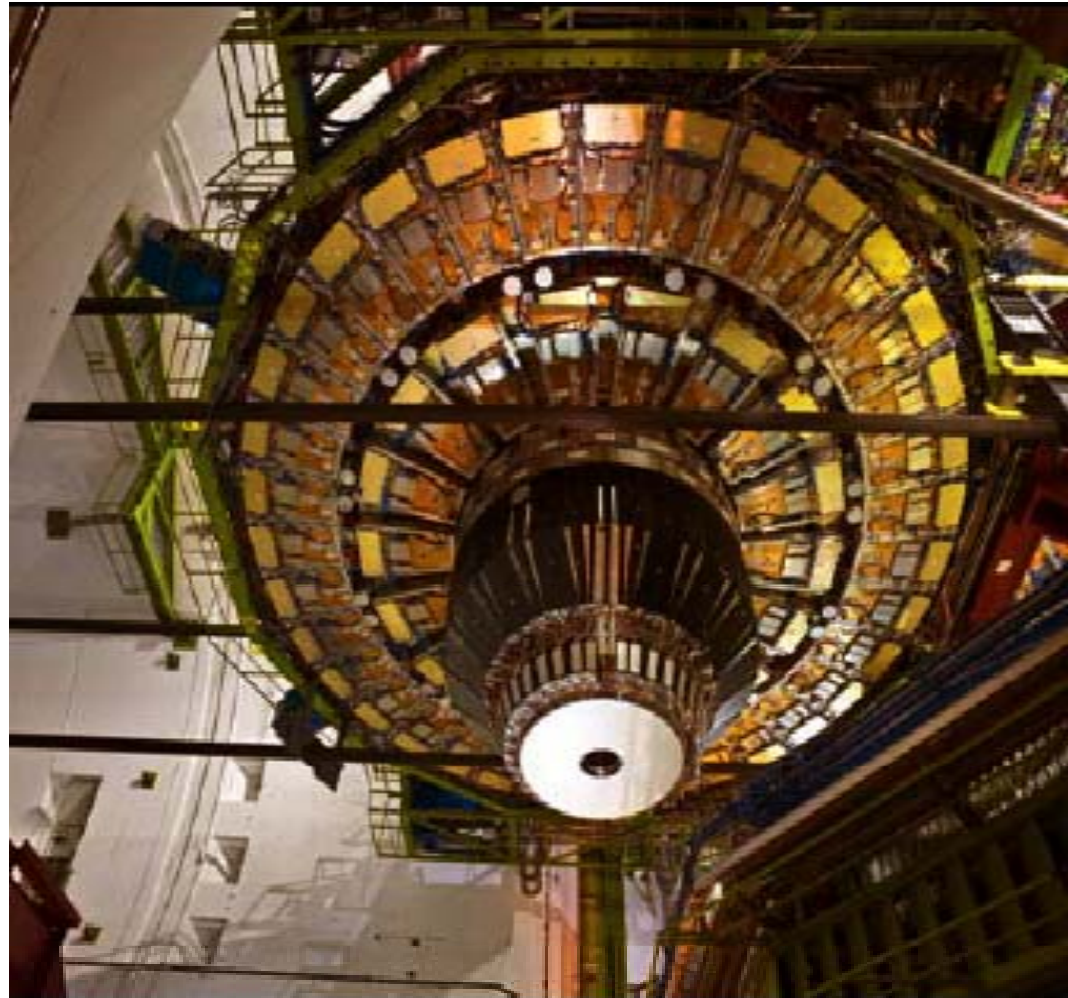
Design

- **The iron yoke is built in slices along the beam axis**
- **Barrel part in 5 wheels**
- **Central wheel fixed to the solenoid –YB0**
- **Endcap part 3 disks each end**
- **4th disk planned for highest luminosities**
- **Forward hadron calorimeter on each end**
- **Detector can be opened along the beam pipe**
- **Large pieces slide on air pads and grease pads**
- **Any single detector can be accessed and changed underground**
- **CMS is the first large HEP detector that has been assembled, cabled and tested on the surface and then brought underground**
- **Disentangle civil engineering underground from detector construction**
- **Much less space requirements underground**
- **Requires doubling some infrastructure on the surface for testing**



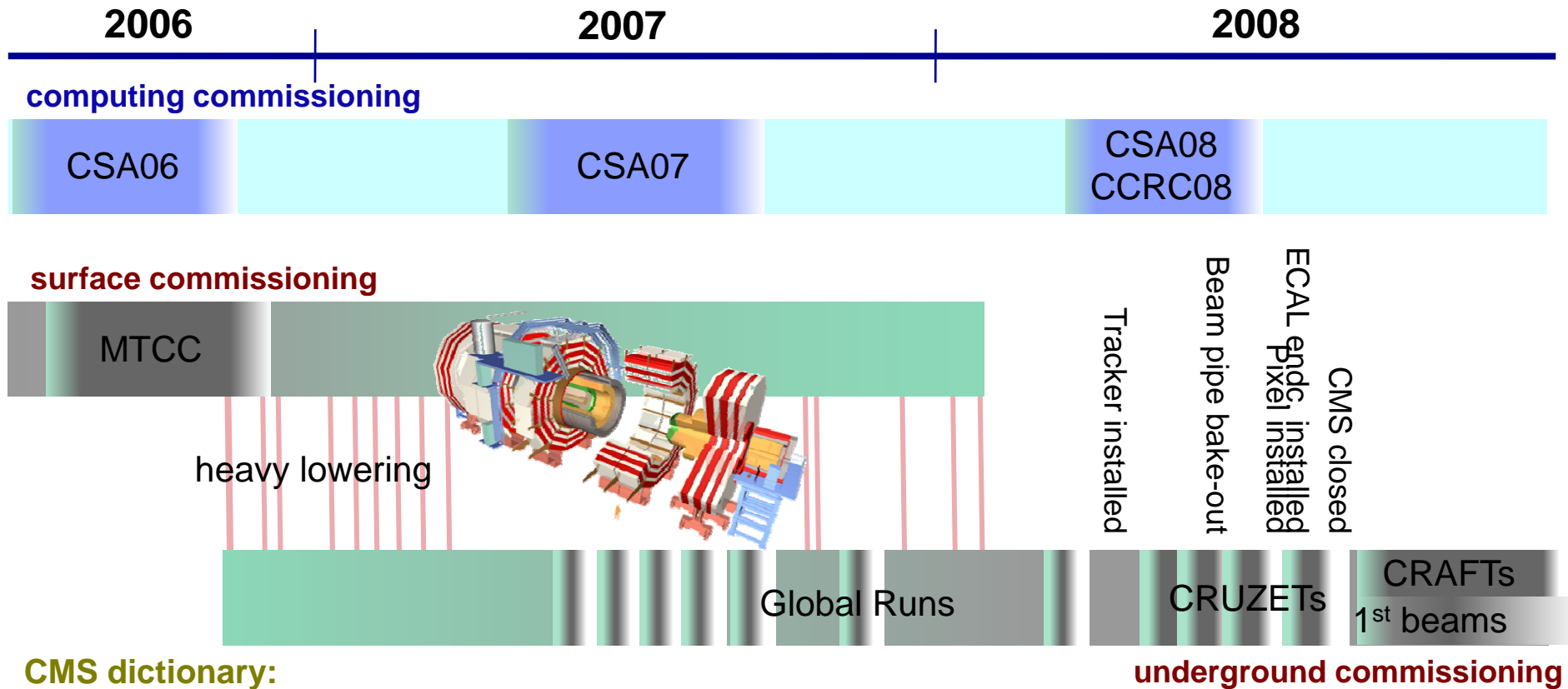
Heavy Lowering

- 13 Heavy Lowerings
- Masses between 400 tons and 1920 tons
- YE1 most difficult:
Mass 1430 tons
- Nose of 465 tons out of plane of disk –center of gravity in front of the the plane.





CMS commissioning overview

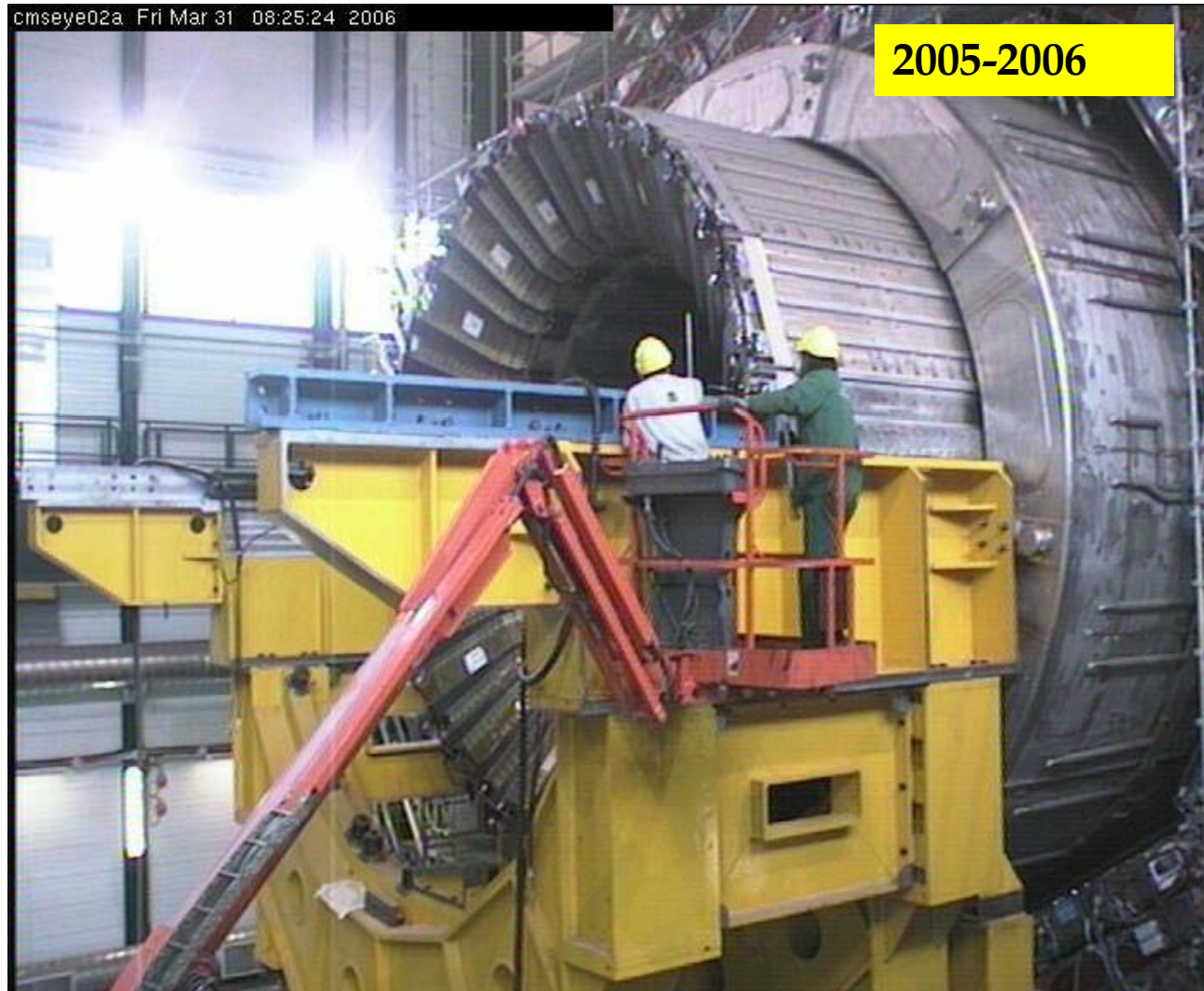


CMS dictionary:

- CSA** – Computing, Software and Analysis challenge
- CCRC** – Common Computing Readiness Challenges
- MTCC** – Magnet Test and Cosmic Challenge
- CRUZET** – Cosmic Run at Zero Tesla
- CRAFT** – Cosmic Run At Four Tesla

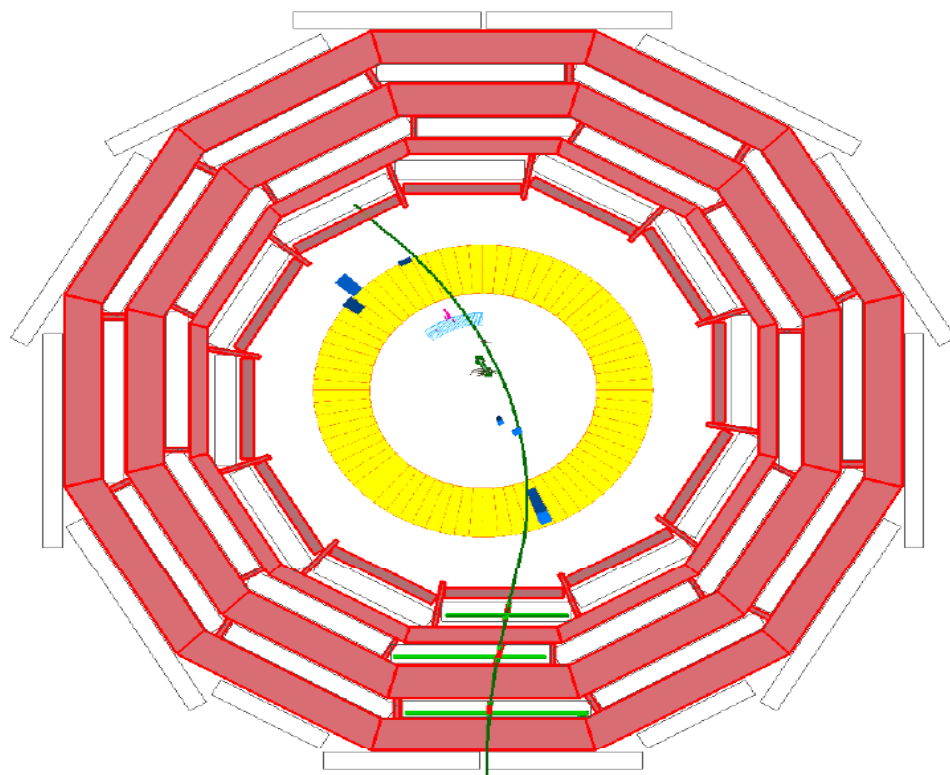


Assembly Hall – SX5

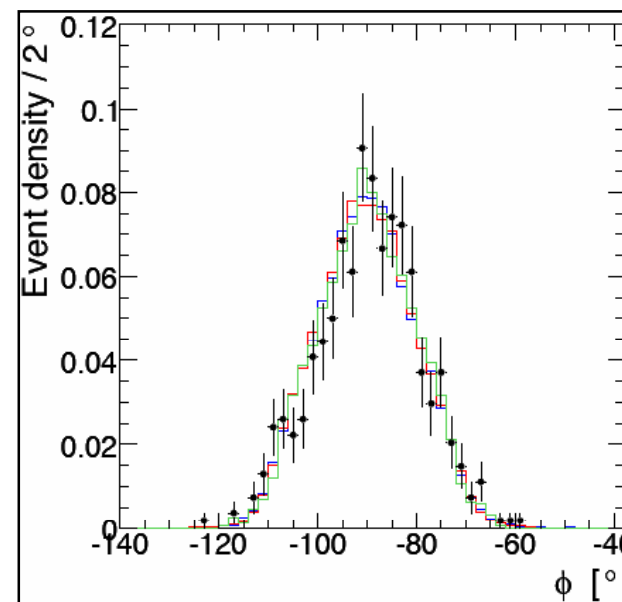
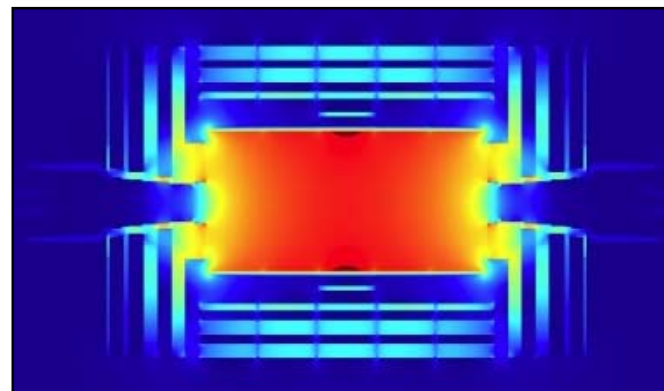




Magnet Test – Fall 2006

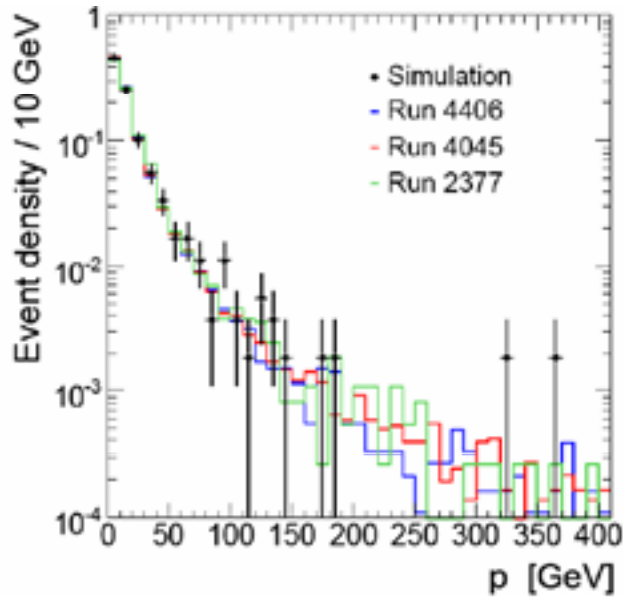


**Field map, muon RECO, HCAL
readout**



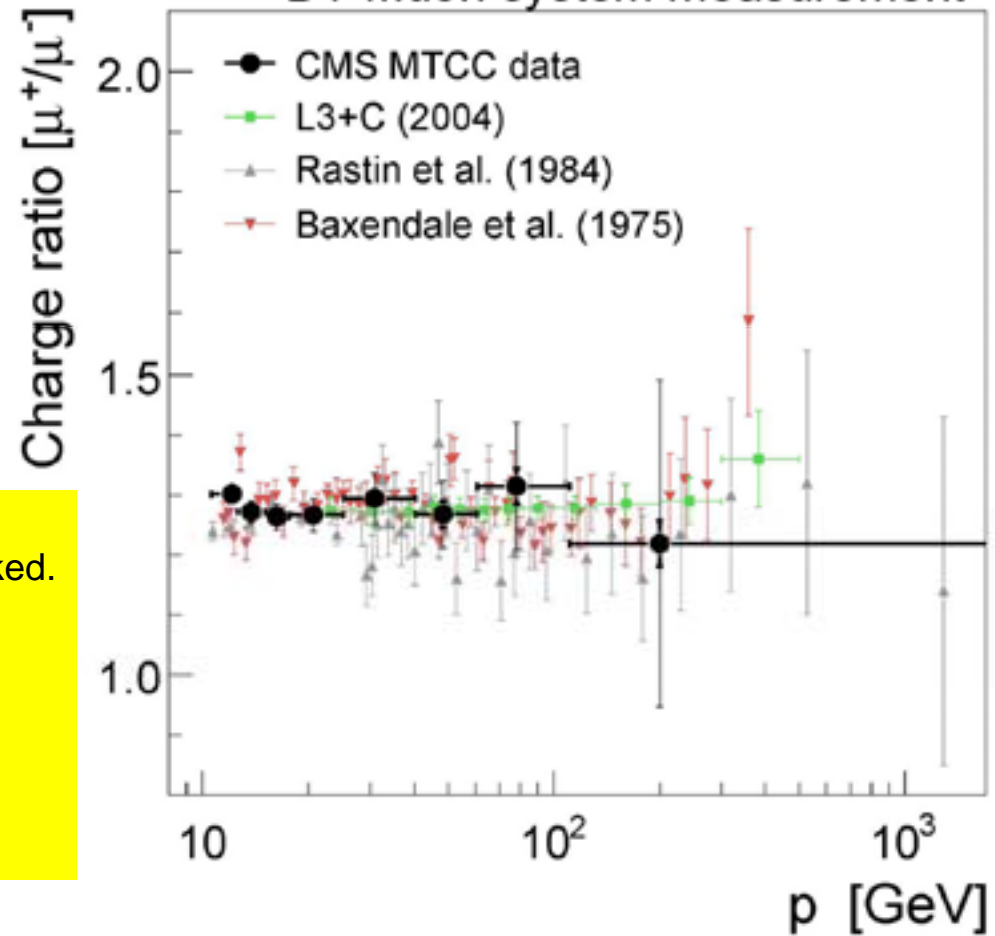


Cosmic Muon - Spectra



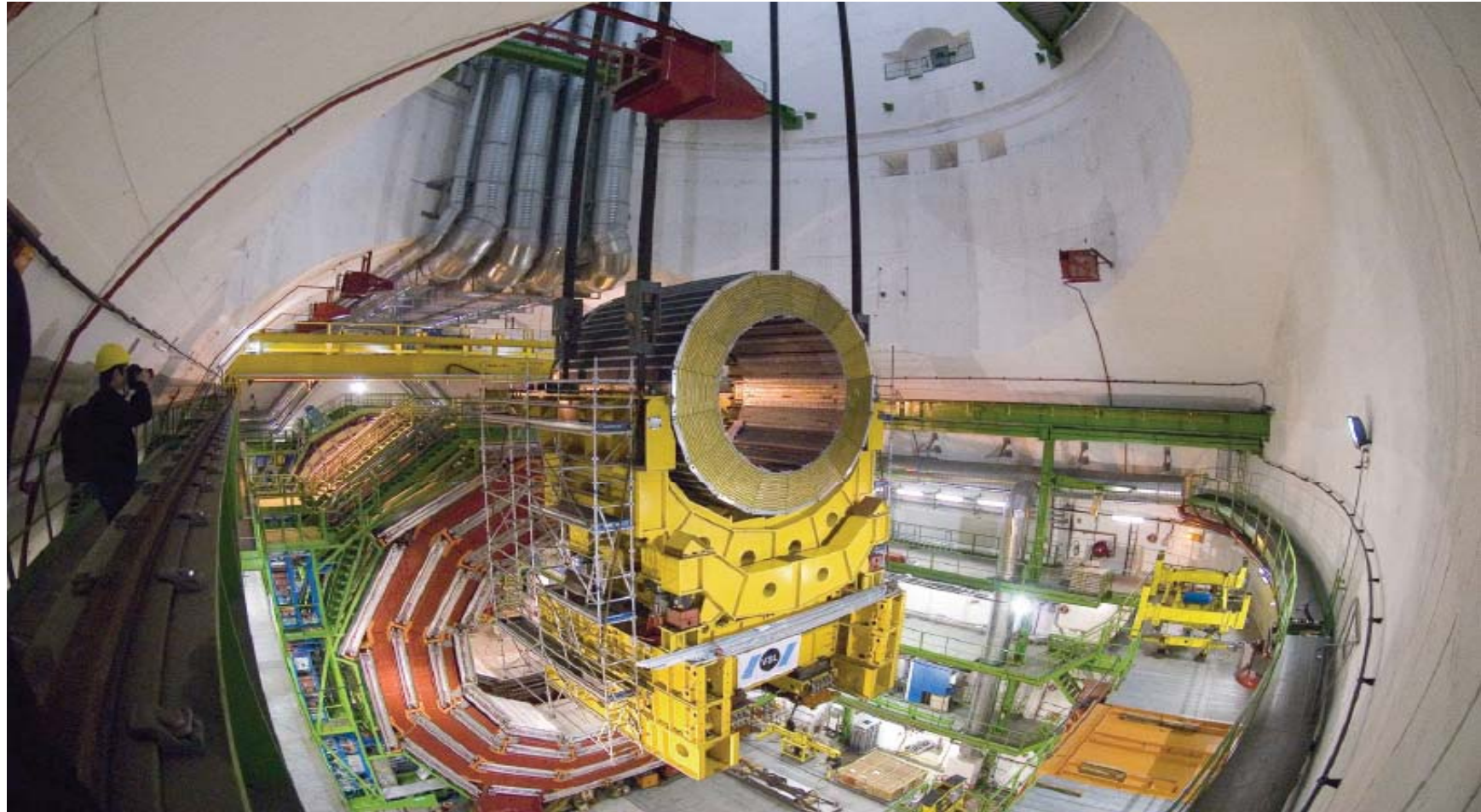
- Magnet test: alignment of the muon system. Movement in 3.8 T field tracked. Check to be “elastic”

CMS NOTE-2008/016
DT Muon system measurement





HB – Feb, 2007

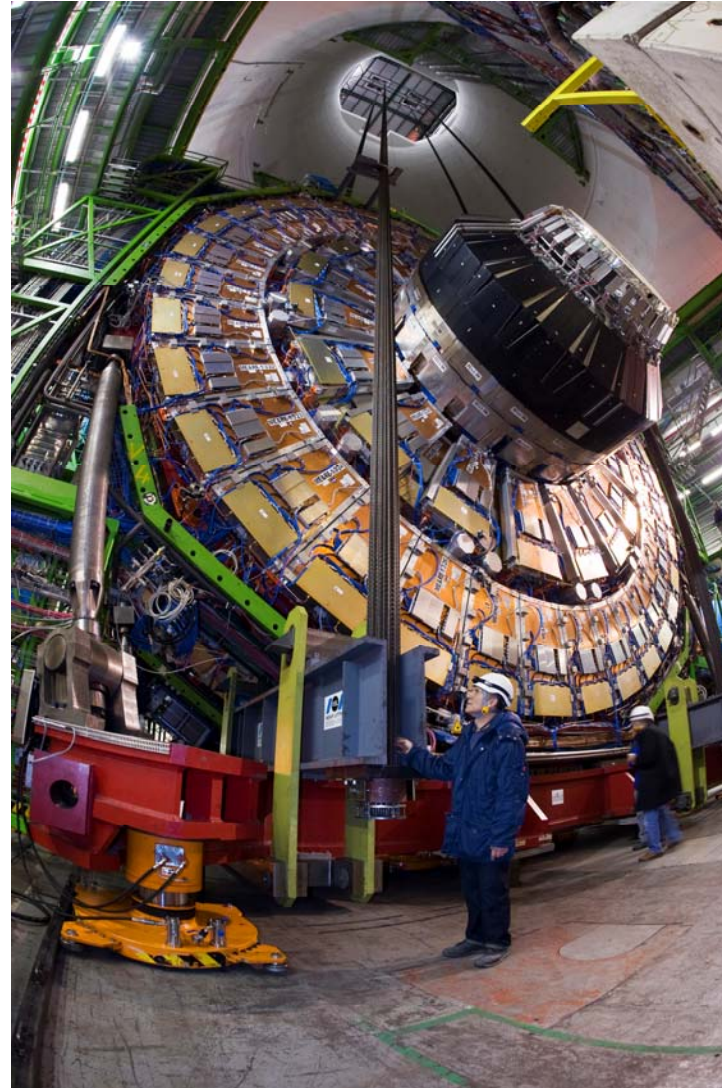




Jan., 2008 - Lowering of YE-1

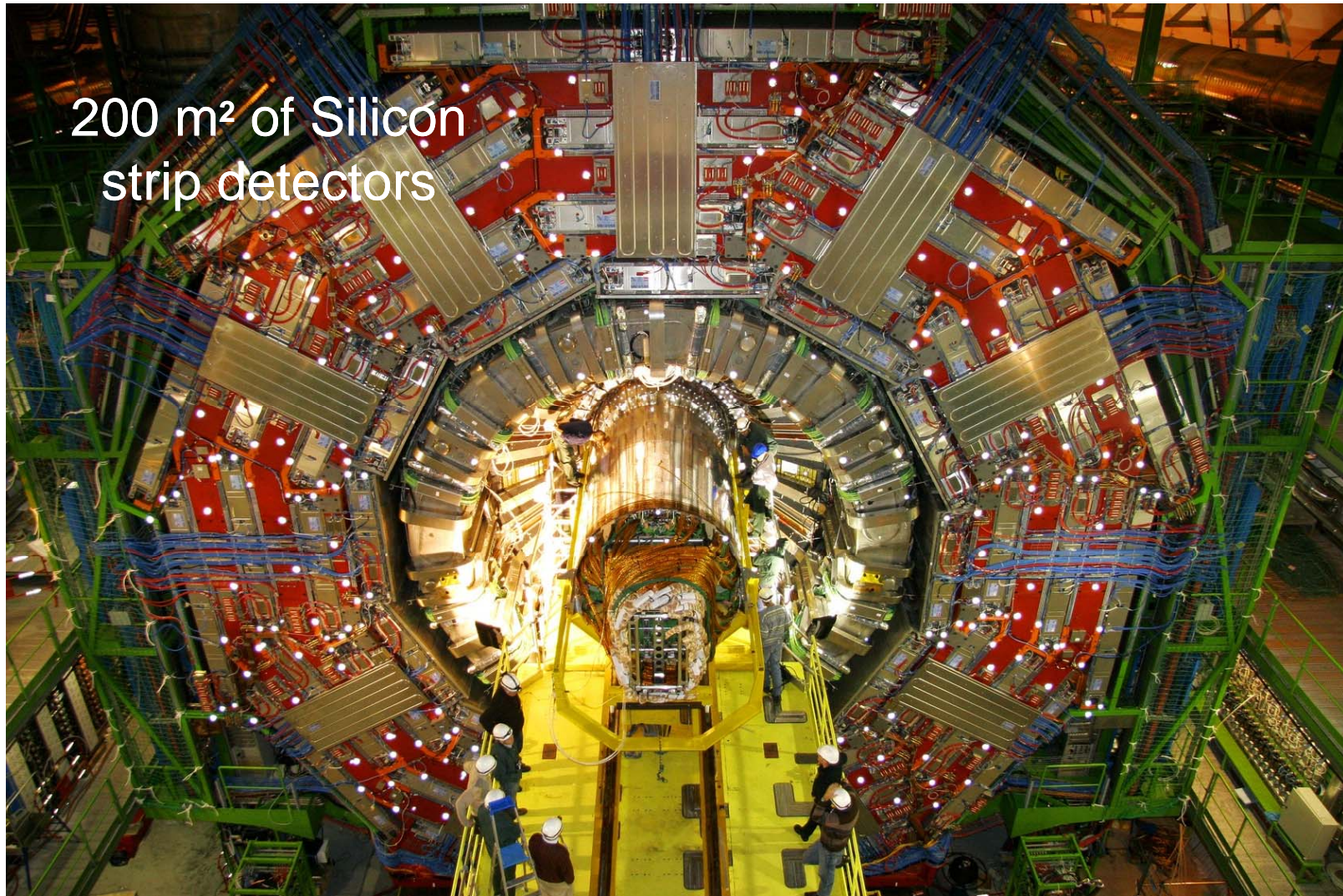
January, 2008

The last heavy element of CMS is lowered into the collision hall. The silicon strip Tracker, the silicon Pixels and the endcap ECAL remain to be installed.





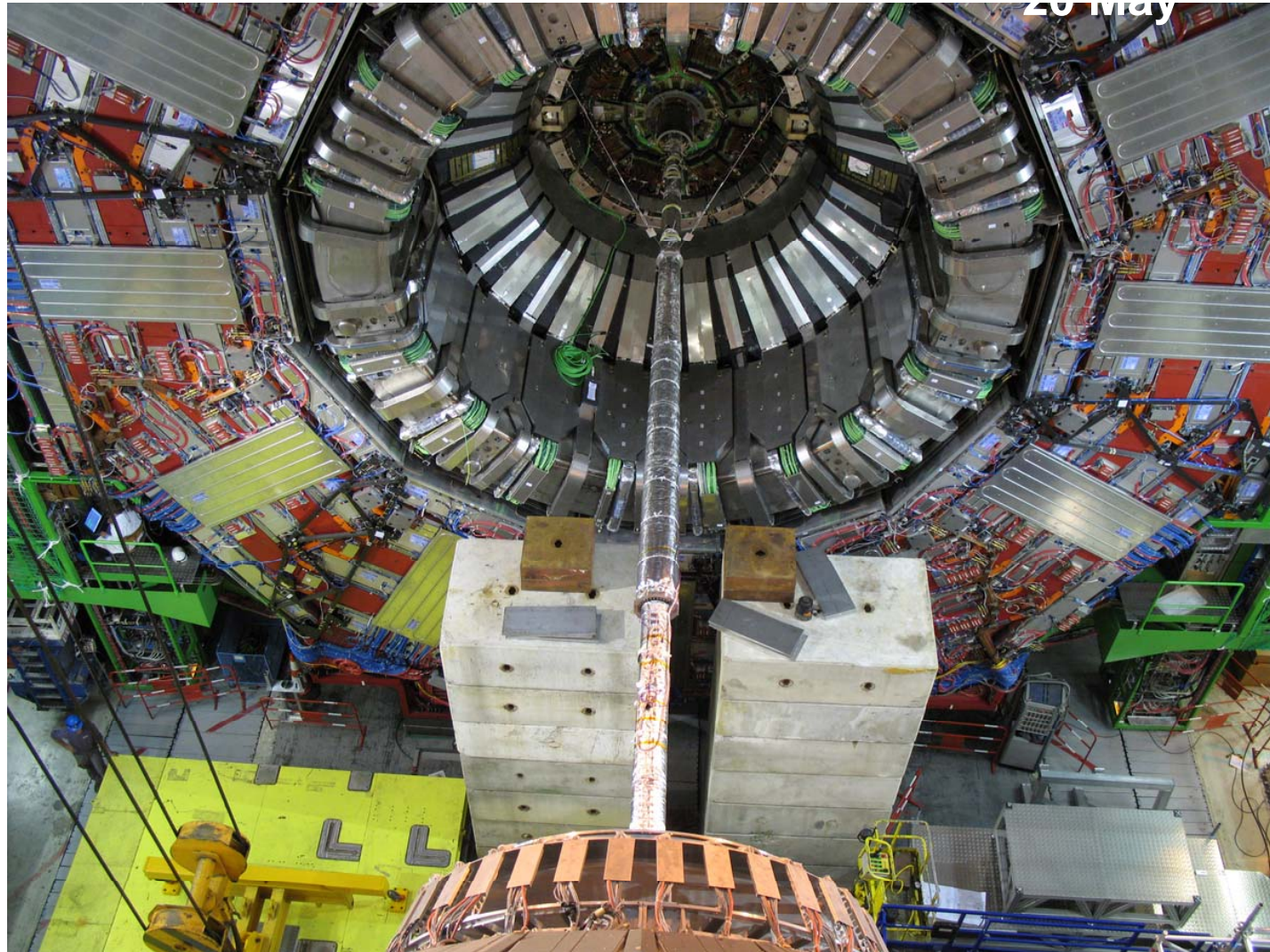
Tracker Insertion (15 Dec'07)



200 m² of Silicon
strip detectors

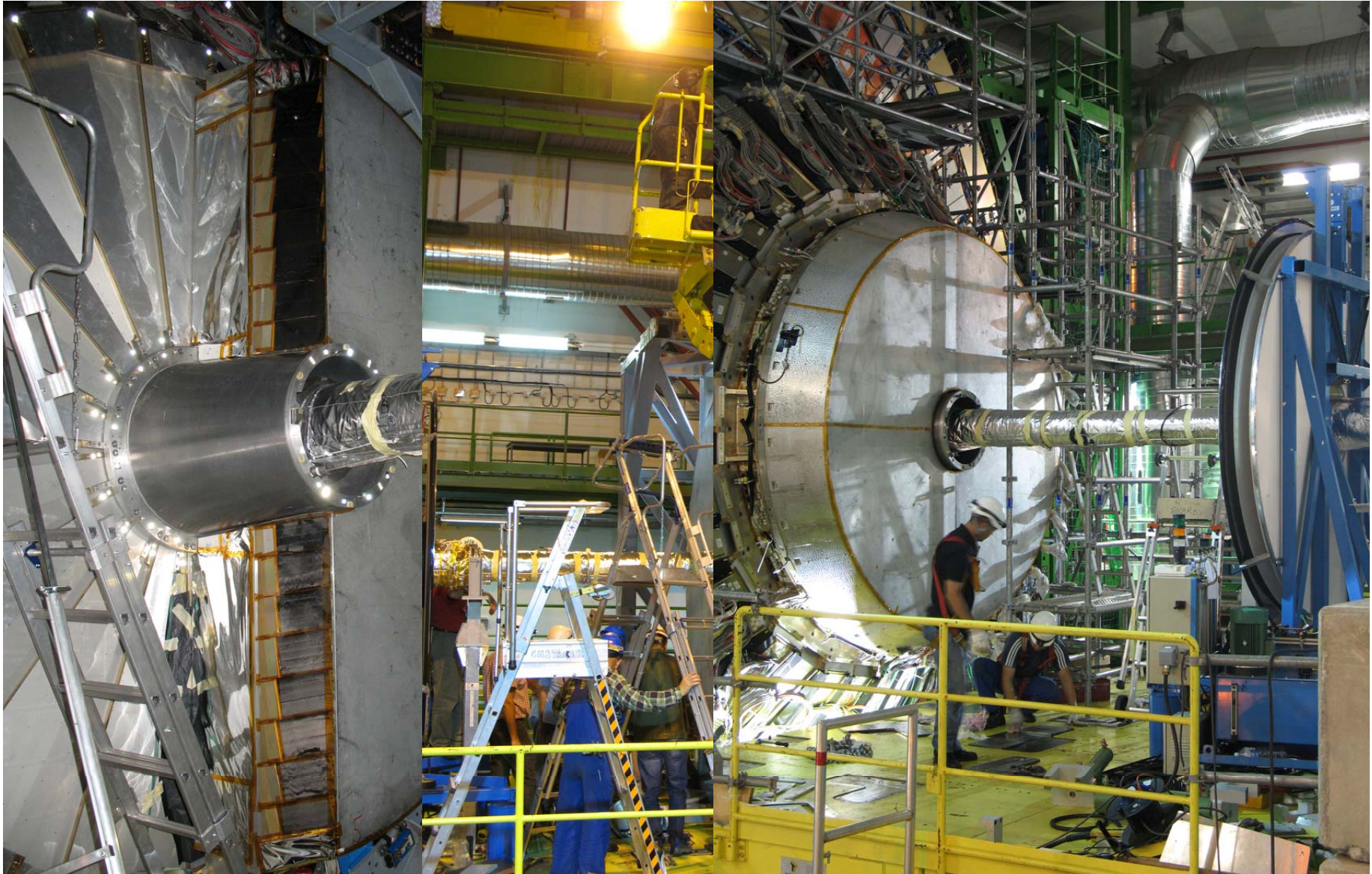


Beam-pipe Installed, May' 08



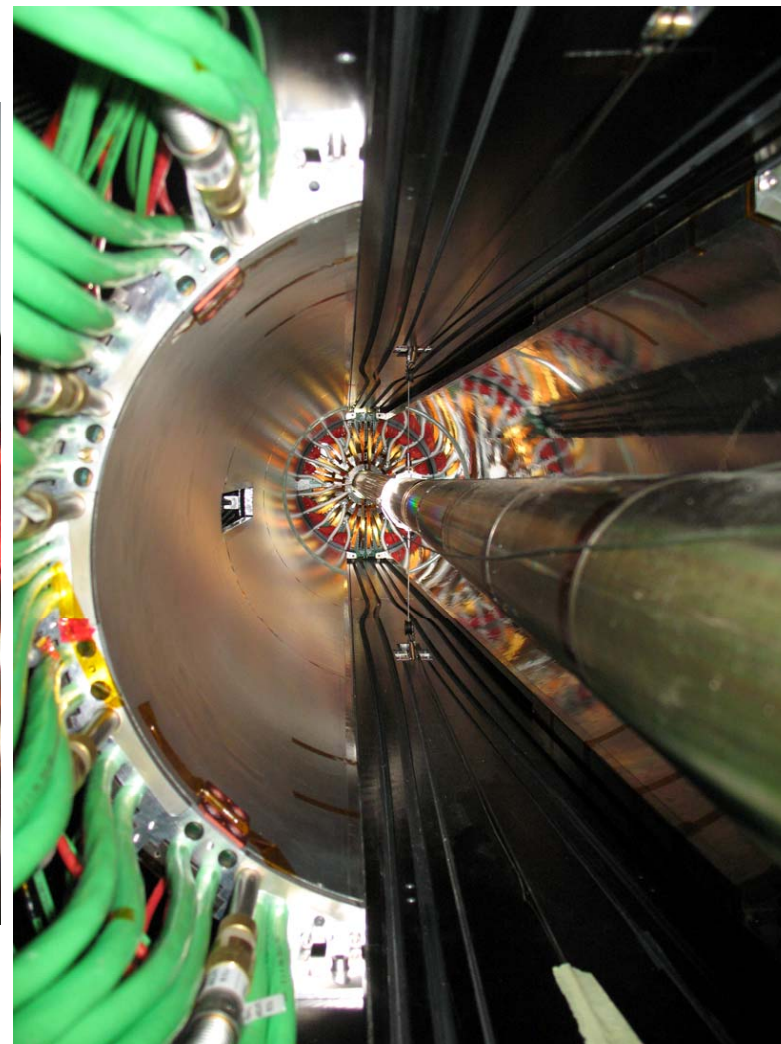
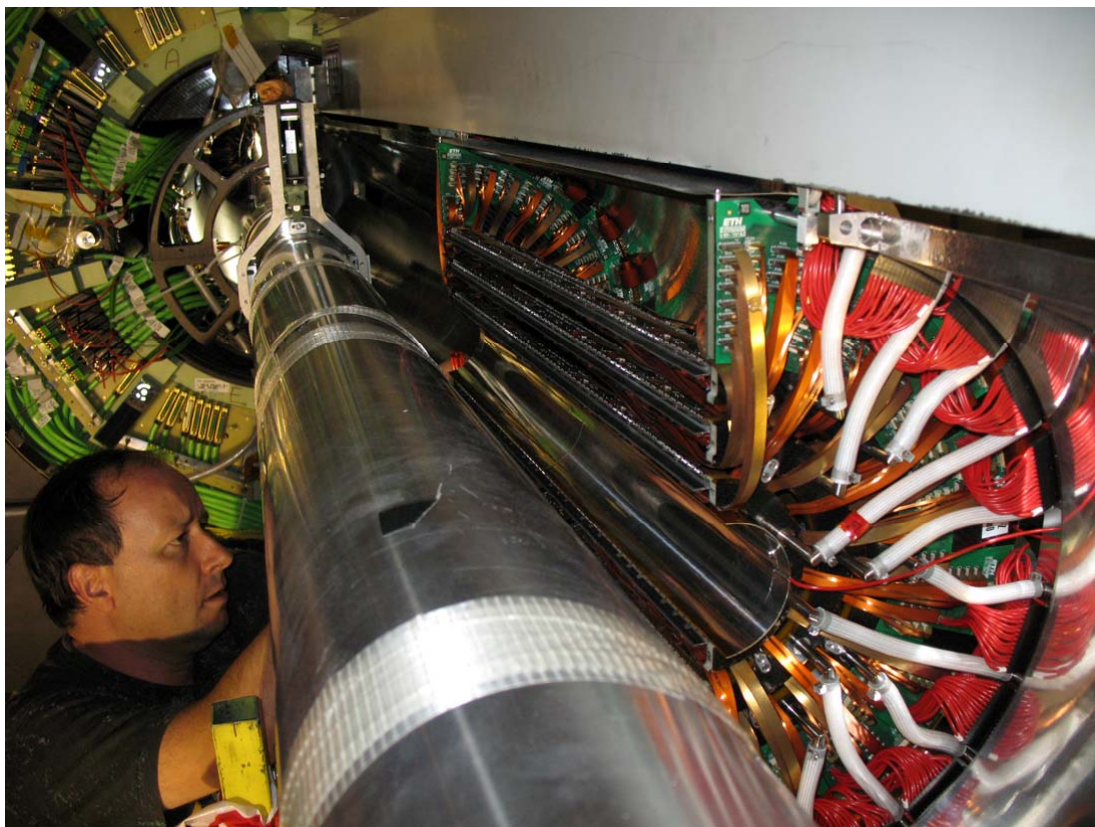


ECAL EE



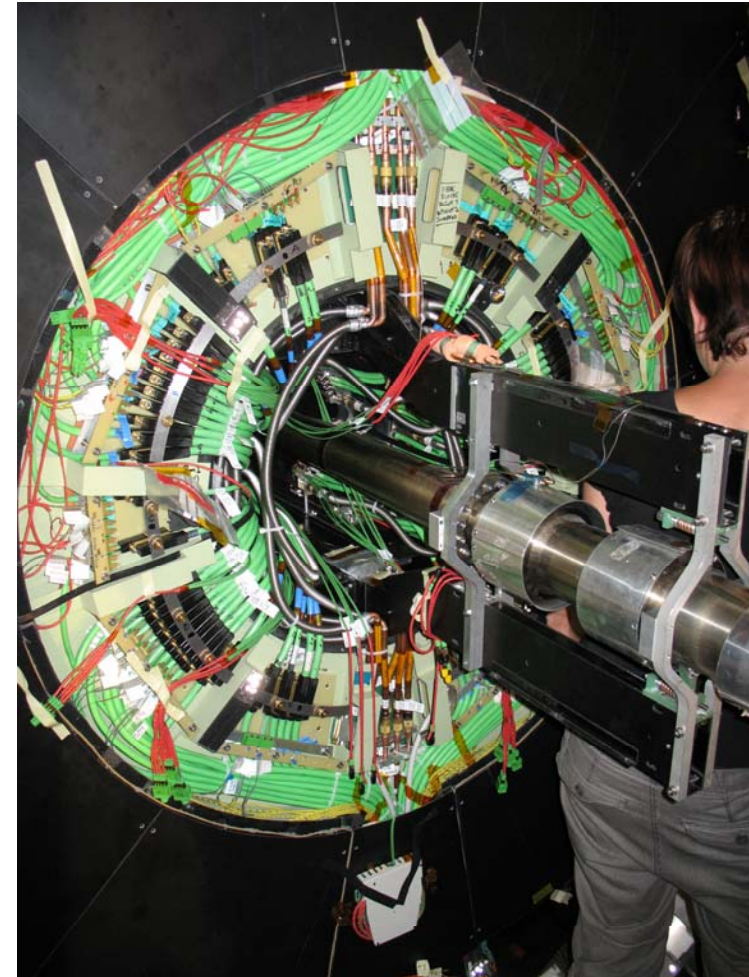


Barrel Pixels





Forward Pixels



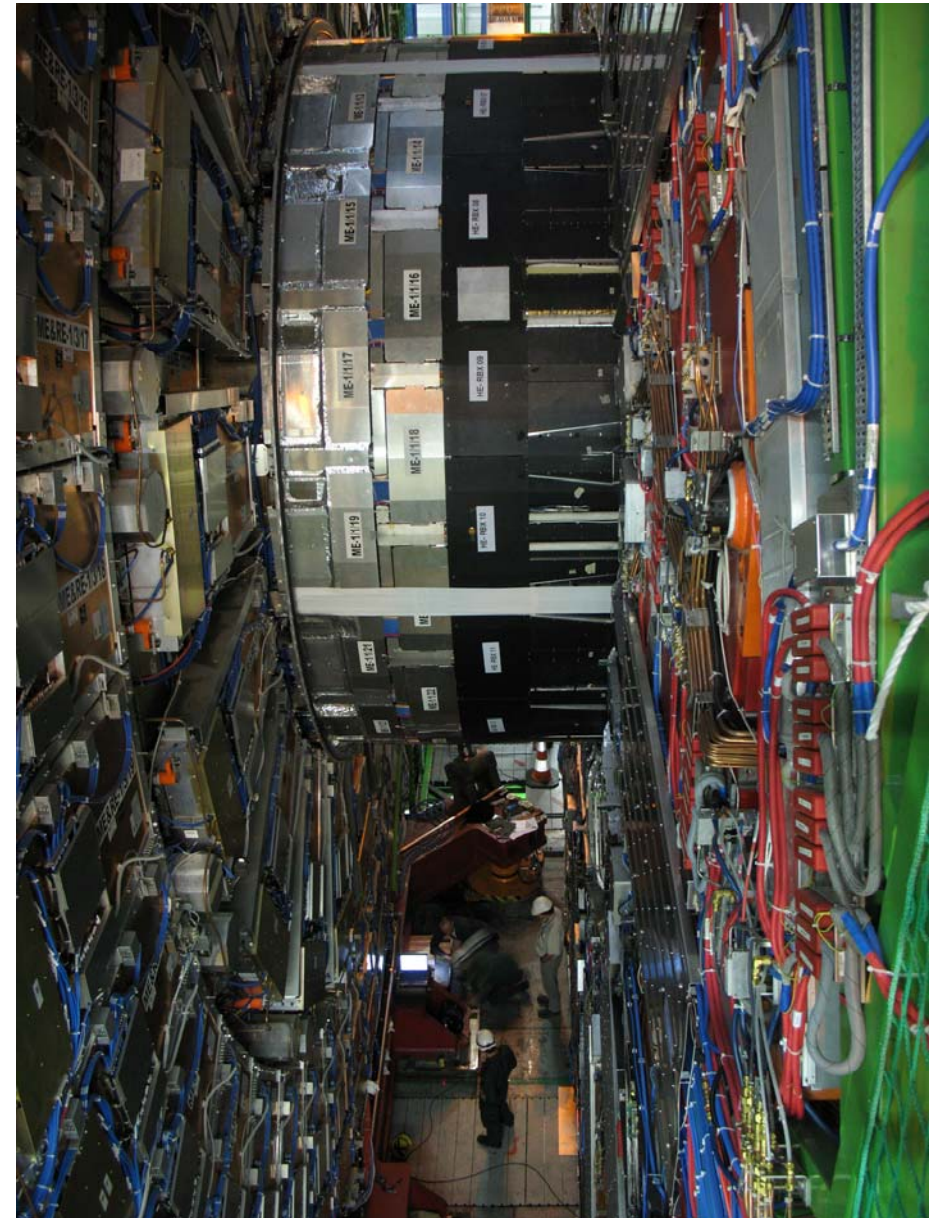
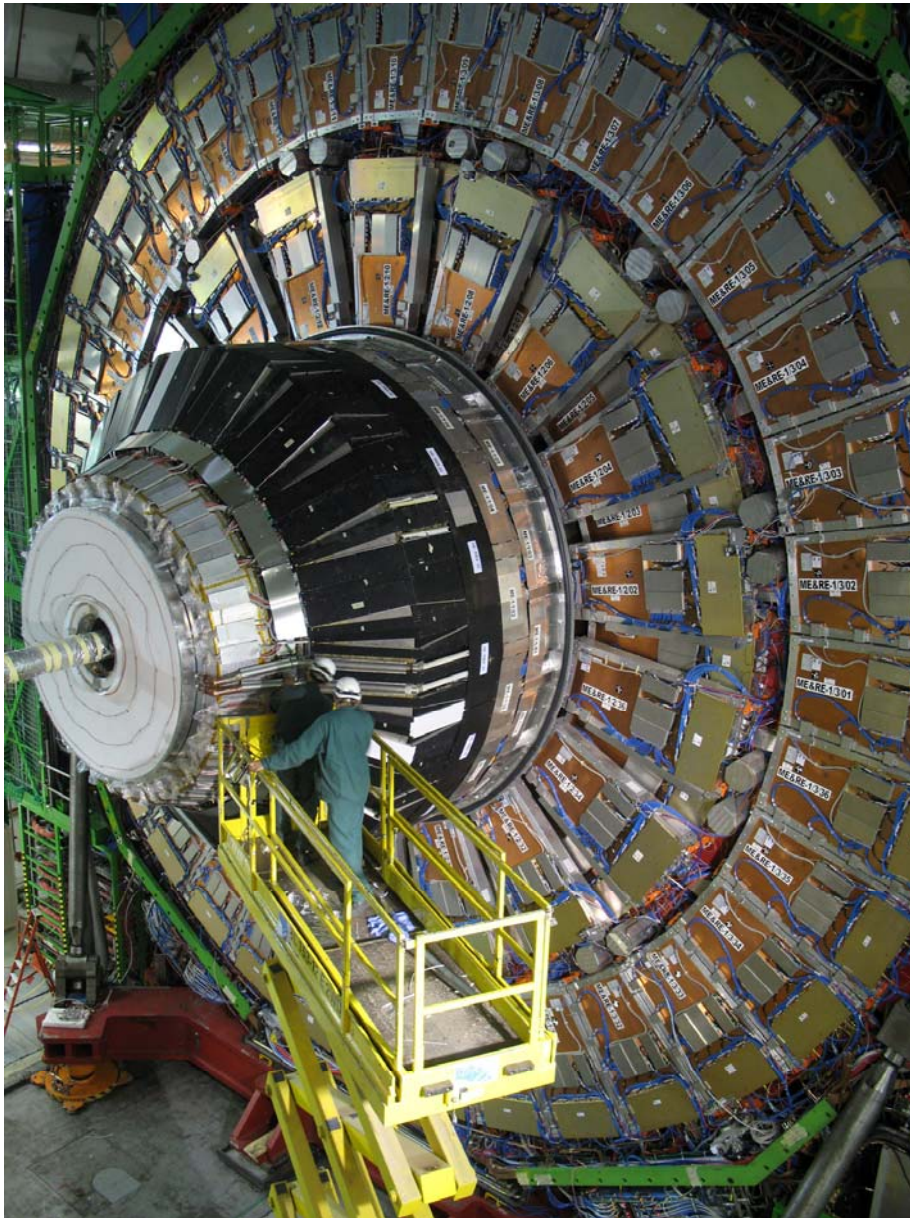


Minus End before Closure



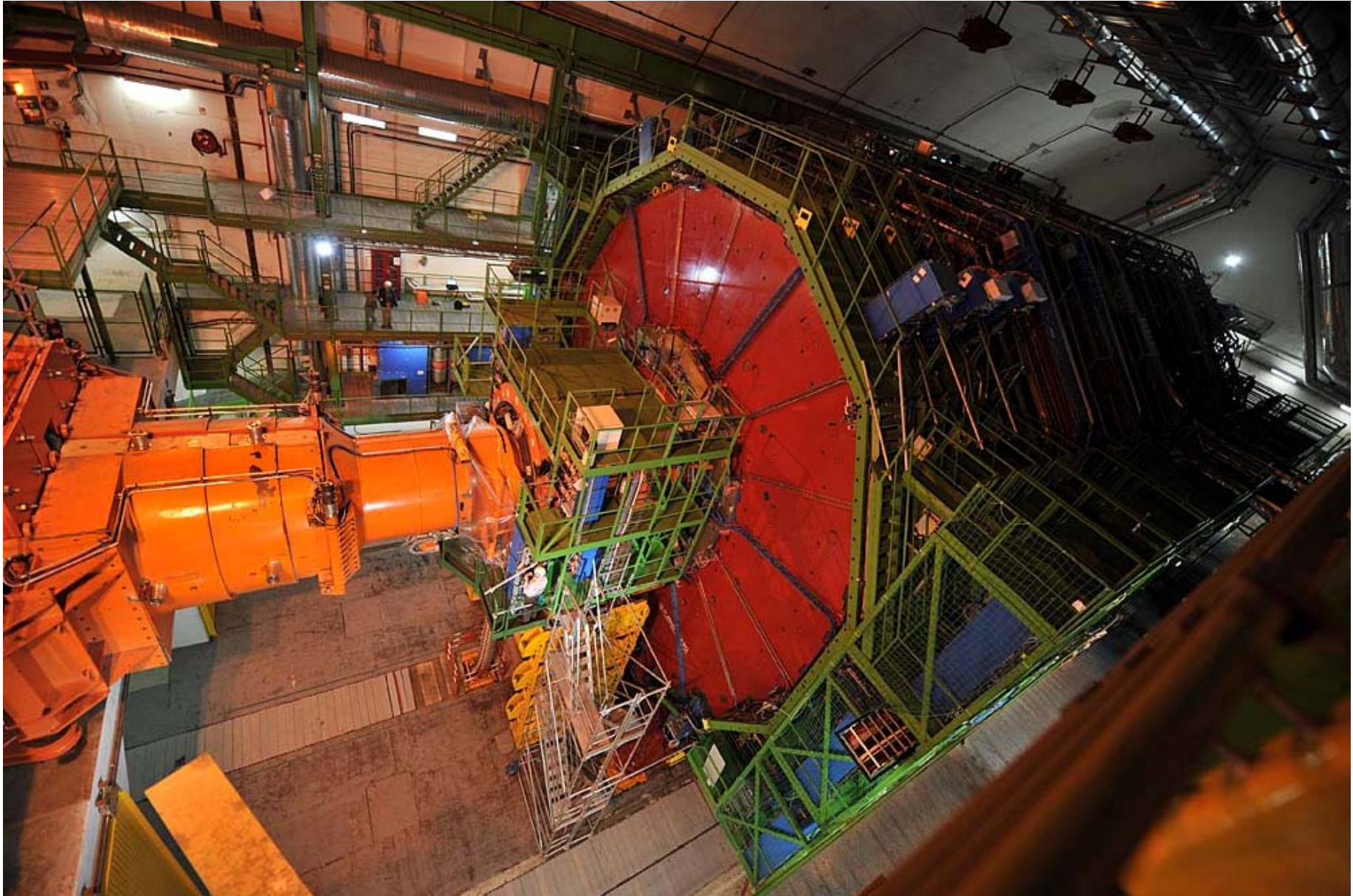


Minus End & Closure





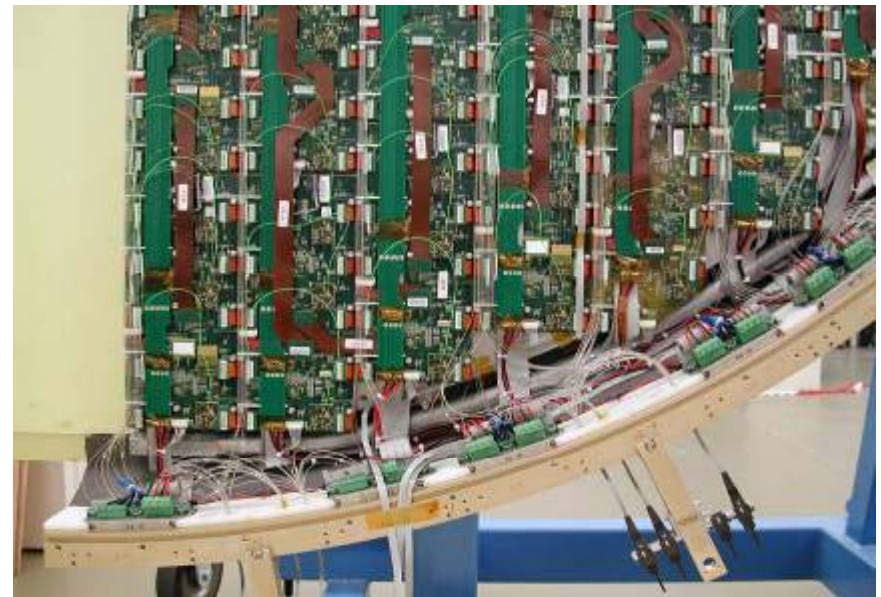
Final Closure





ECAL ES: Preshower Progress (1)

- Needed (4288) micromodules assembled and tested
- About 500 ladders assembled and stress-tested (~520 required)
- Ladders mounted, cabled and tested on 3 of 8 absorbers. All channels (~50k silicon strips) operational.
- 1 of 8 fully connected to outer drum (vertical) including spliced optical fibre bunches





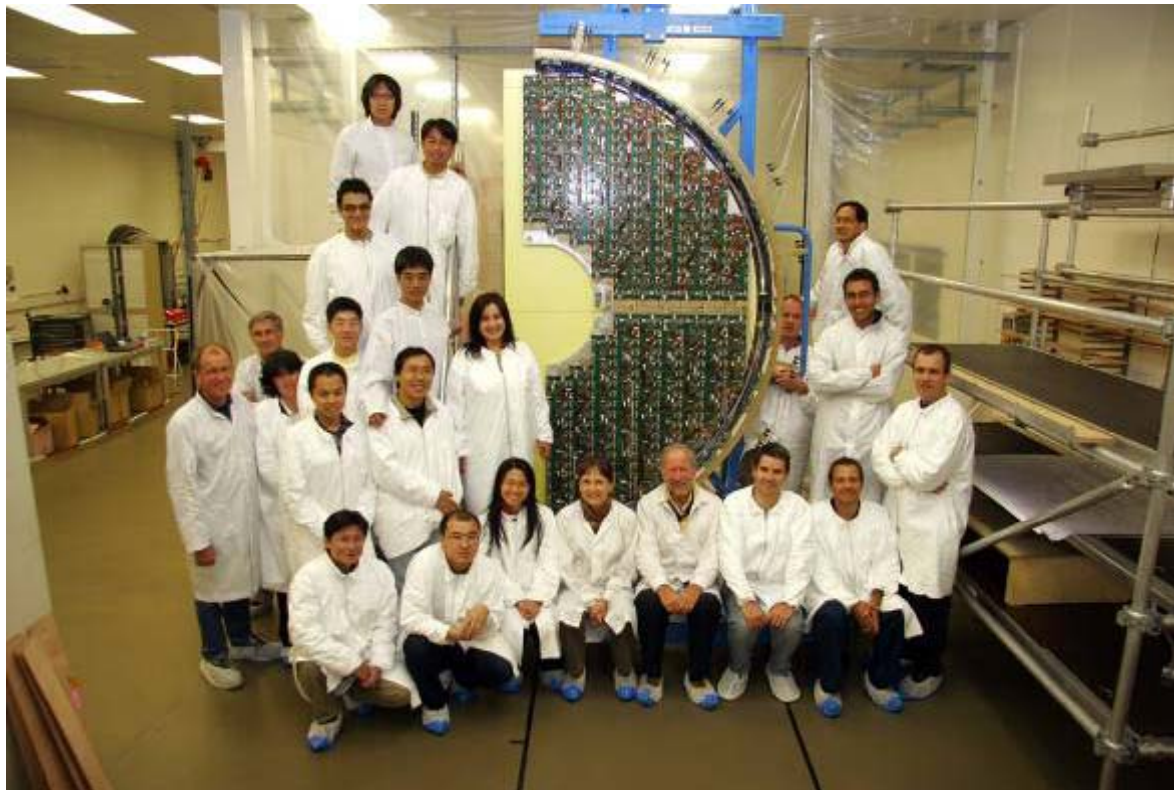
ECAL ES: Preshower Progress (2)

First stuffed absorber now inside an environment-controlled tent (in the old “TIF”)

Starting full tests with final off-detector electronics, DAQ software etc.

Will cool to -15 degrees and re-test etc.

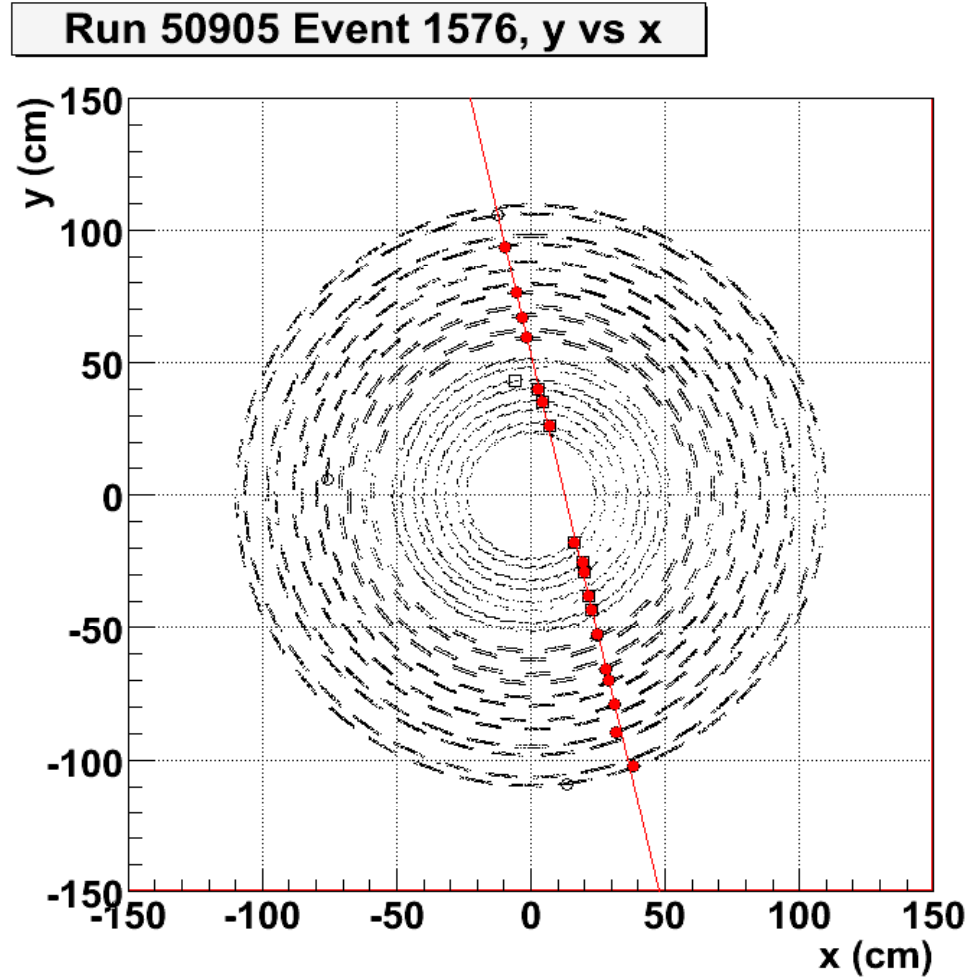
Target: get ES ‘ready for installation’ by the end of 2008.



Members of the ES team prior to moving the absorber into the tent

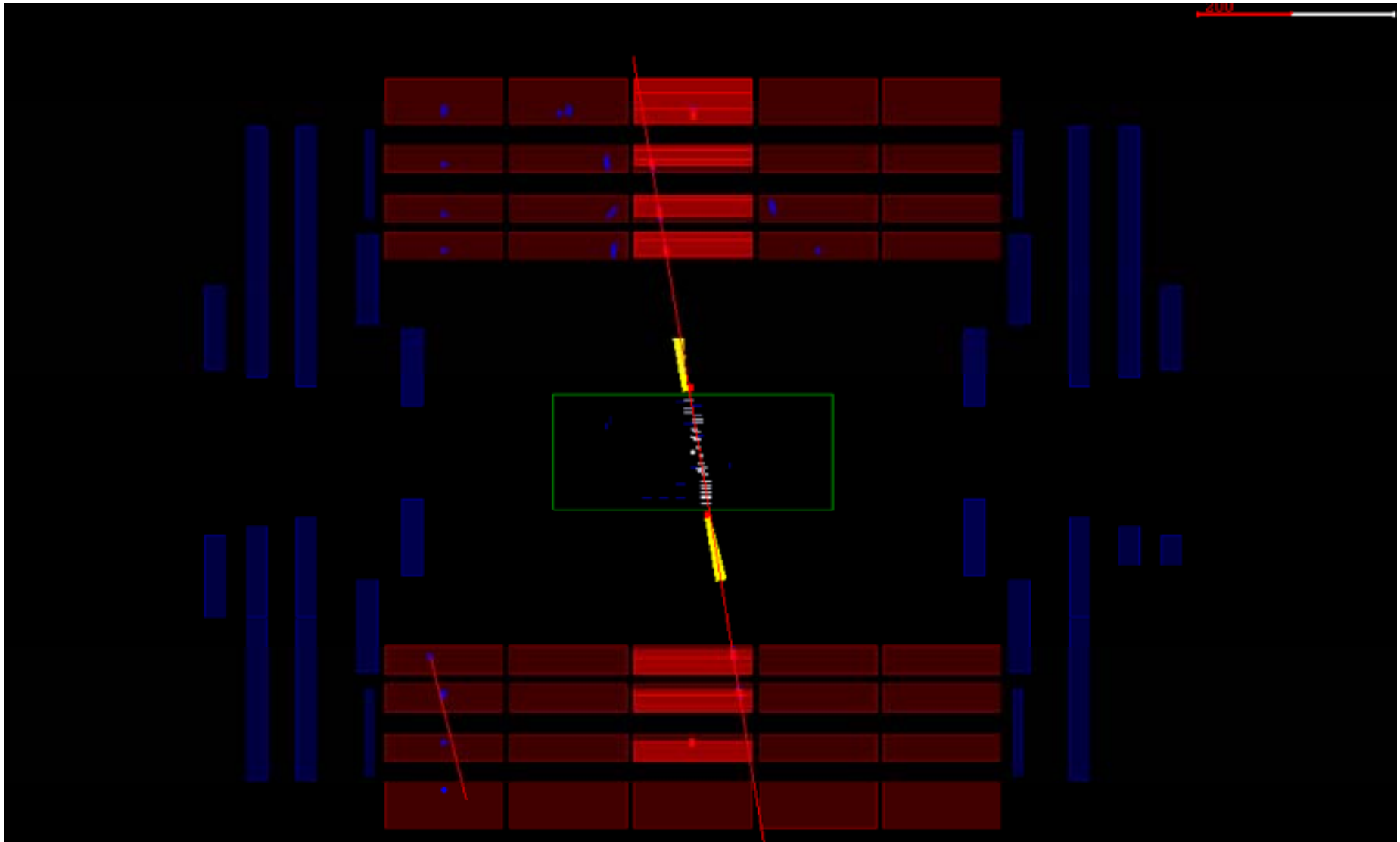


CRUZET3: Cosmic Rays in the Tracker





CRUZET4: Events





Recent CMS Progress

- **CMS low luminosity Detector ready:** includes pixels, Si strip Tracker, barrel and endcap crystals ECAL, HCAL (barrel, endcap and forward), Muons (DTs, CSCs and RPCs), Level-1 Trigger, 50 kHz DAQ
- **Solenoid:** The coil is operational at 3.8T in final configuration.
- **Tracker:** The full Si Tracker and the full pixels detector have been installed, commissioned and are operational.
- **ECAL:** Both ECAL endcaps installed, commissioned and operational.
- **In situ Commissioning.**
 - 24/7 run made mid-August (CRUZET4) with the whole experiment switched on.
 - Currently 24/7 runs with magnet on (CRAFT)
- **Software & Computing Infrastructure:** The final releases for data taking deployed. Simulation of the 10 TeV datasets has started.
- **Preparation for physics** consolidating the analyses for up to 100 pb⁻¹.



First Beams

**After almost 20 years of design and construction
CMS started taking data with LHC beams.
(Congratulations to the Machine)**

- **Sun/Mon, 7-8 Sept.**

- Single shots of Beam 1 (clockwise via ALICE) onto collimator 150m upstream of CMS, ~ 1 hour
- Large CSC events require CSC FEDs to be taken out of readout... (later solved, and CSCs go to reduced HV for subsequent dumps)
- Allows synchronization of BPTX trigger (good prep for Wed.)

- **Tues, 9-Sept**

- 20 shots of Beam 1 onto collimator 150m upstream of CMS

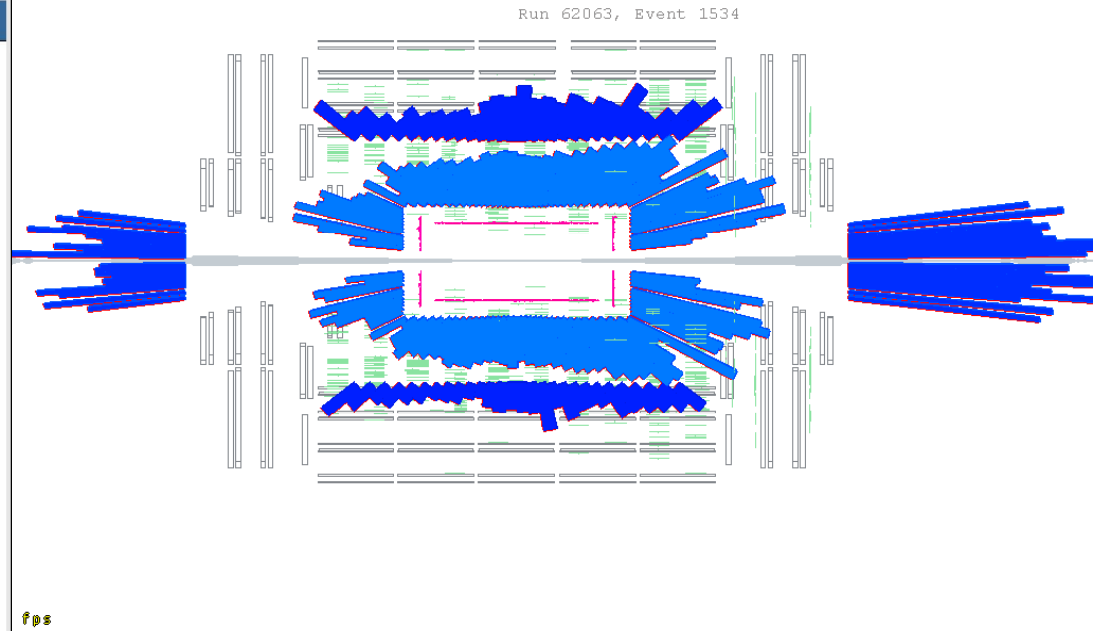
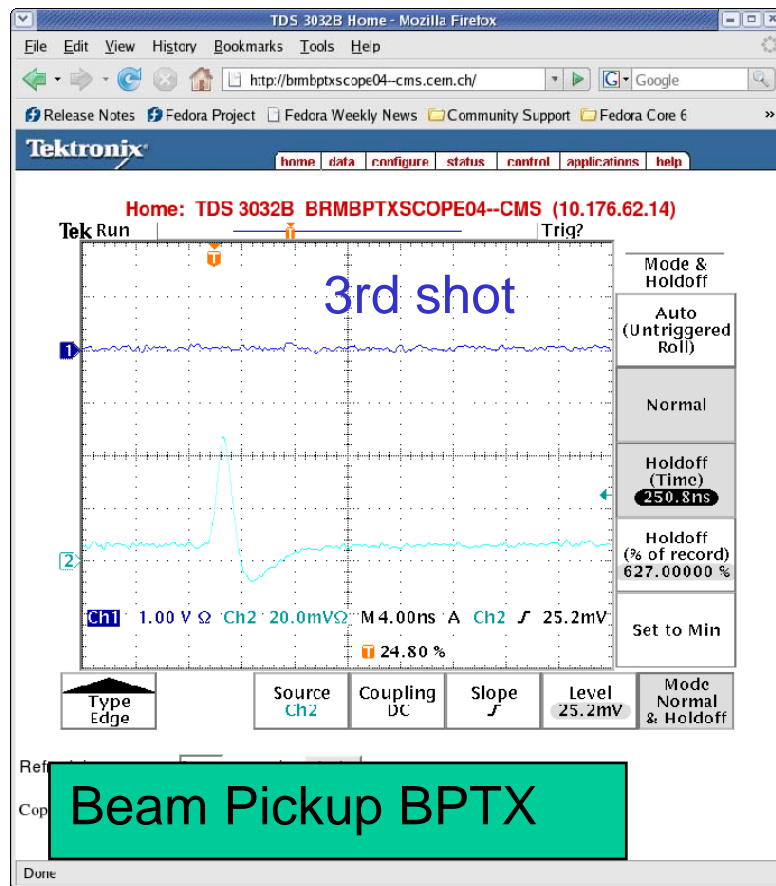
- **Wed., 10 Sept.**

- Nice splash events observed when beam onto collimators (as before), 100-1000 TeV observed in ECAL-HCAL
- Halo muons observed once beam started passing through CMS



First Events: Collimators Closed

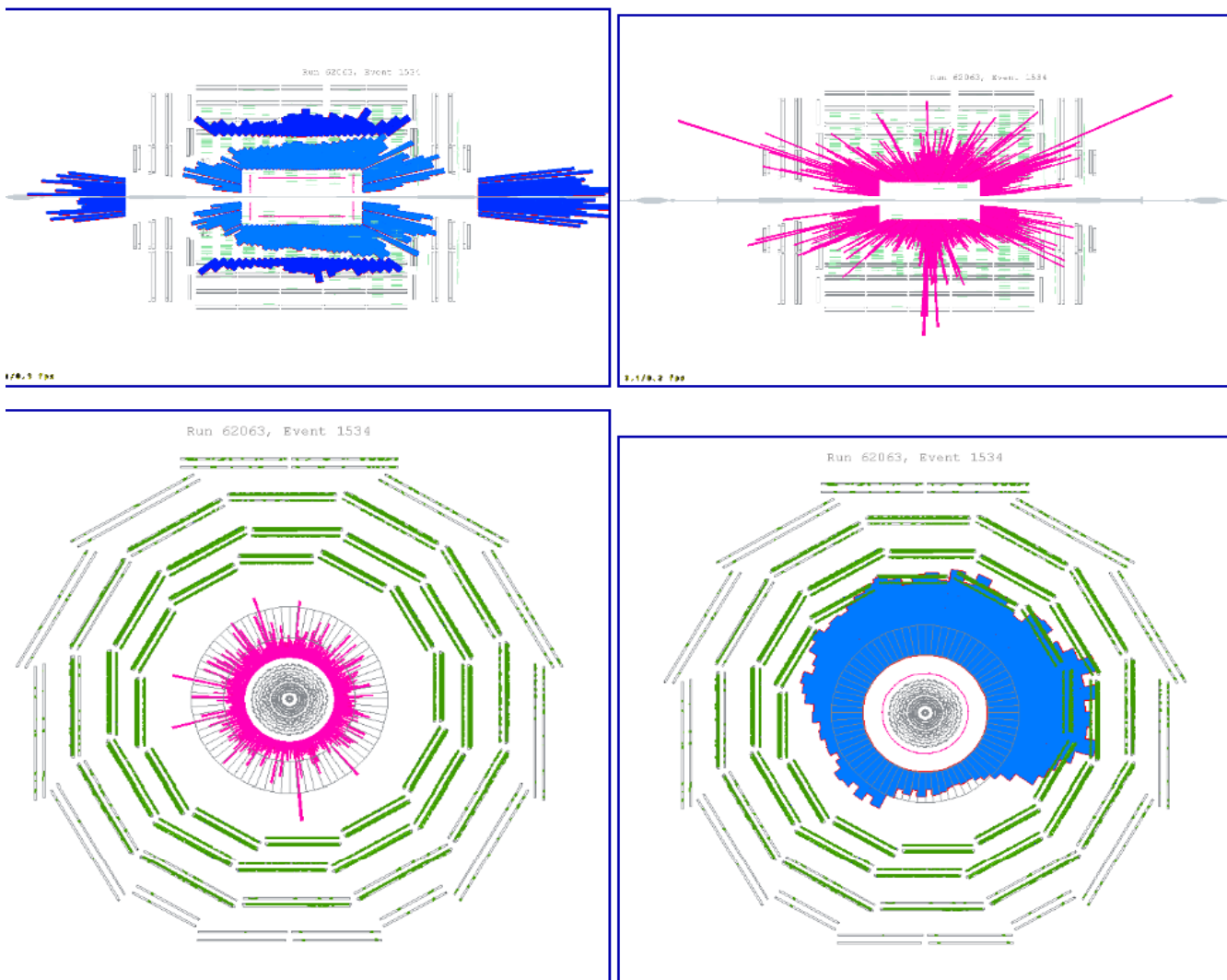
~ $2 \cdot 10^9$ protons on collimator ~150 m upstream of CMS





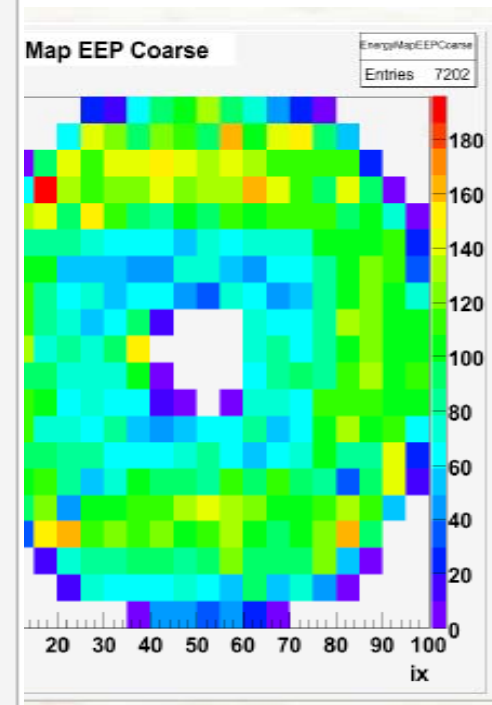
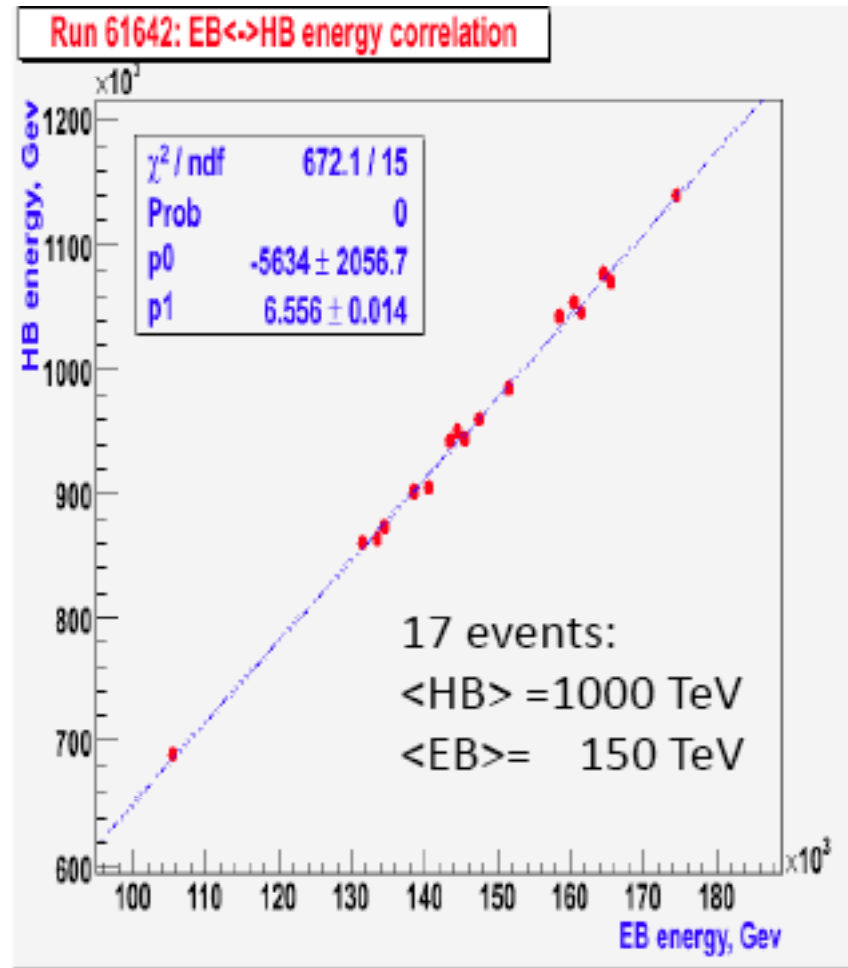
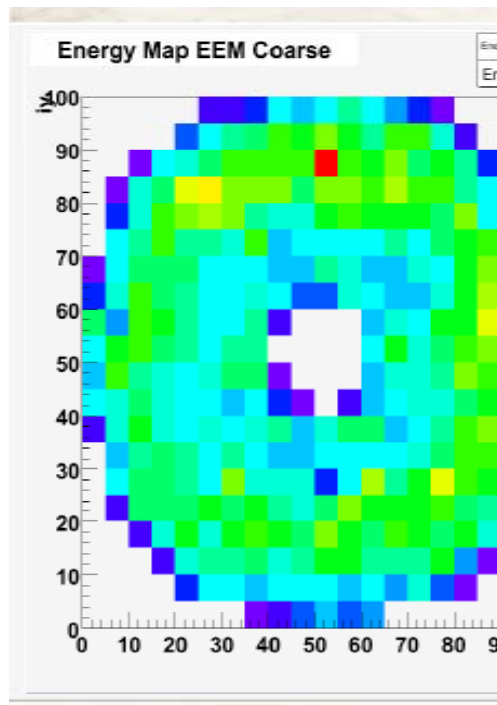
First Events: Collimators Closed

$\sim 2 \cdot 10^9$ protons on collimator ~ 150 m upstream of CMS
ECAL- pink; HB,HE - light blue; HO,HF - dark blue; Muon DT - green; Tracker Off



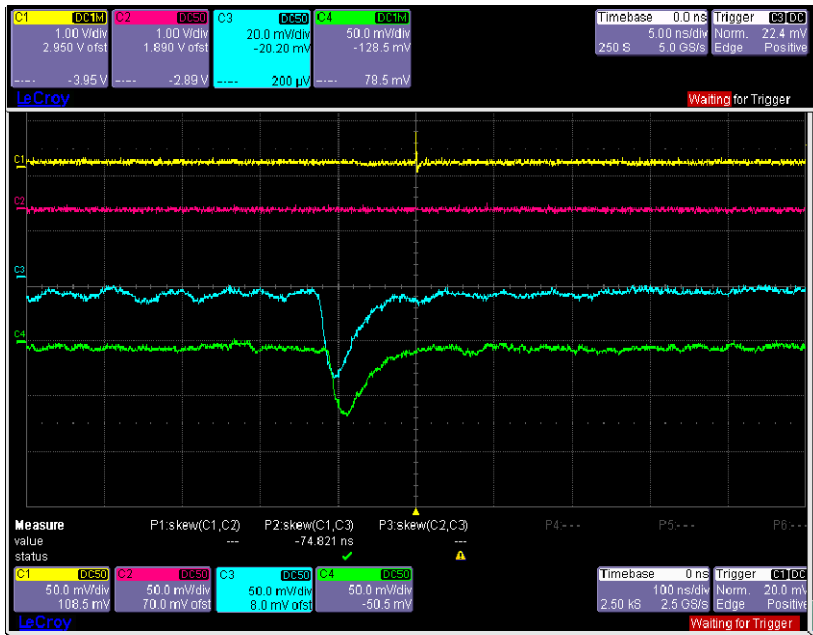


Beam Dumped in Collimator

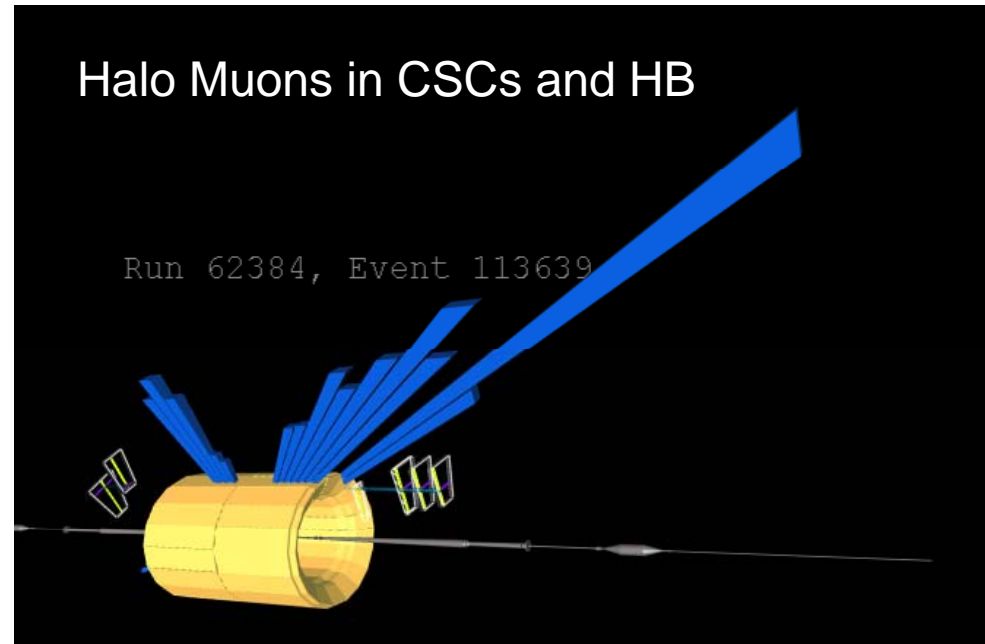




First Events: Beam going through CMS



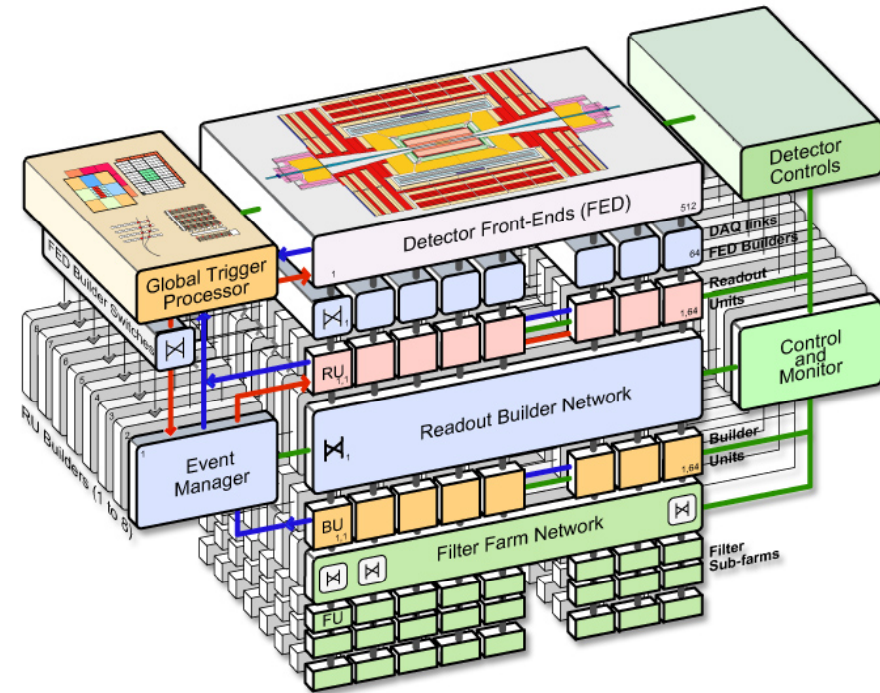
Beam Pickup (ch1) CMS Beam Condition Monitors (ch 3, 4)





CMS DAQ and Trigger System

- Trigger Tables are Defined
- Trigger on “minbias” for LHC startup
- Data Quality and trigger Monitoring are in place
- DAQ at ~ 50 kHz has been “stress tested”





Tier-1 Facility at FNAL

- The FNAL Tier-1 has reached the end of the 4 year procurement ramp
 - Meeting the obligations of the U.S. to CMS Computing and providing analysis resources for the LPC
 - The remaining equipment is primarily analysis computing for the LPC which will be available this month and in production before the run

FNAL Tier-1 and LPC Summer 2008	CPU T1	5.5MSI2k	Tier-1 Processing Nodes
	CPU LPC	240 Nodes	Dedicated to Local Analysis
	Disk T1	2.0PB	dCache (1600MB/s IO)
	Disk LPC	0.5PB	Dedicated to Local Analysis
	Network	15Gb/s	CERN to FNAL
	People	30FTE	Includes Developers and Ops

- The baseline in 2009 is the Tier-1 facility to go to maintenance for CPU (replace nodes) and continue to grow for analysis
- Target: disk at ~ one third of CMS requirements for Tier-1 Capacity



Tier-2 Facilities in the US

- The US Tier-2s have been extensively used for both simulation and analysis processing.
- The goal is for all the US Tier-2 sites to reach the nominal capacity in 2008
- All US Tier-2s met the milestone
 - T2_US_Caltech, T2_US_Florida, T2_US_MIT, T2_US_Nebraska, T2_US_Purdue, T2_US_UCSD, T2_US_Wisconsin
 - The Tier-2 sites well prepared for the start of data taking and simulated event production for start-up

US-CMS Tier-2 Summer 2008	CPU T2	1MSI2k	Tier-2 Processing Nodes
	Disk T2	200TB	dCache (200MB/s IO)
	Network	10Gb/s	WAN Networking



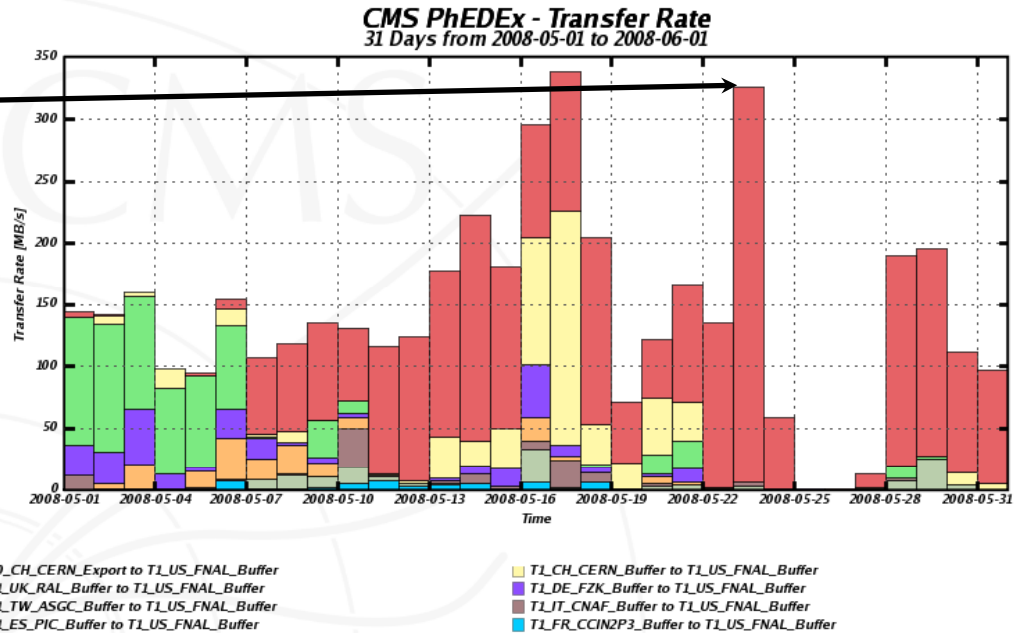
Use of the T1 Facility

•The Tier-1 Facility Performed very well during the two Challenges

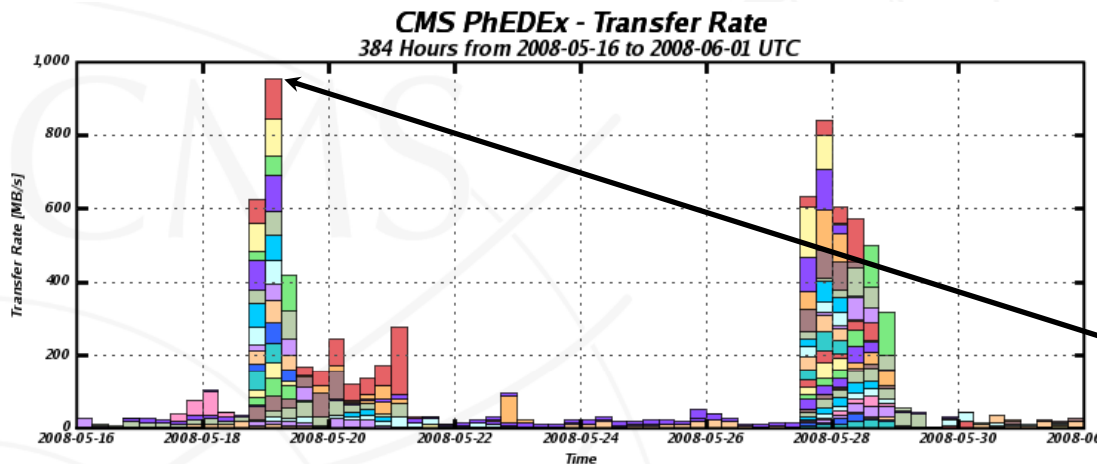
– Transfers

300MB/s from CERN

Import Metrics met
Transfer metric for
FNAL from CERN was
168MB/s averaged
over 3 days.



15 MB/s, Minimum: 0.01 MB/s, Average: 142.91 MB/s, Current: 97.40 MB/s



Export Metrics Exceeded
FNAL exported to
31 Tier-2 sites
peak rate reached 950MB/s

950MB/s from FNAL



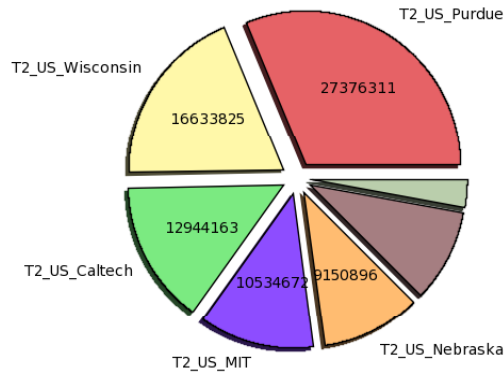
Tier-2s

- US Tier-2s Performed well during the 2008 challenge

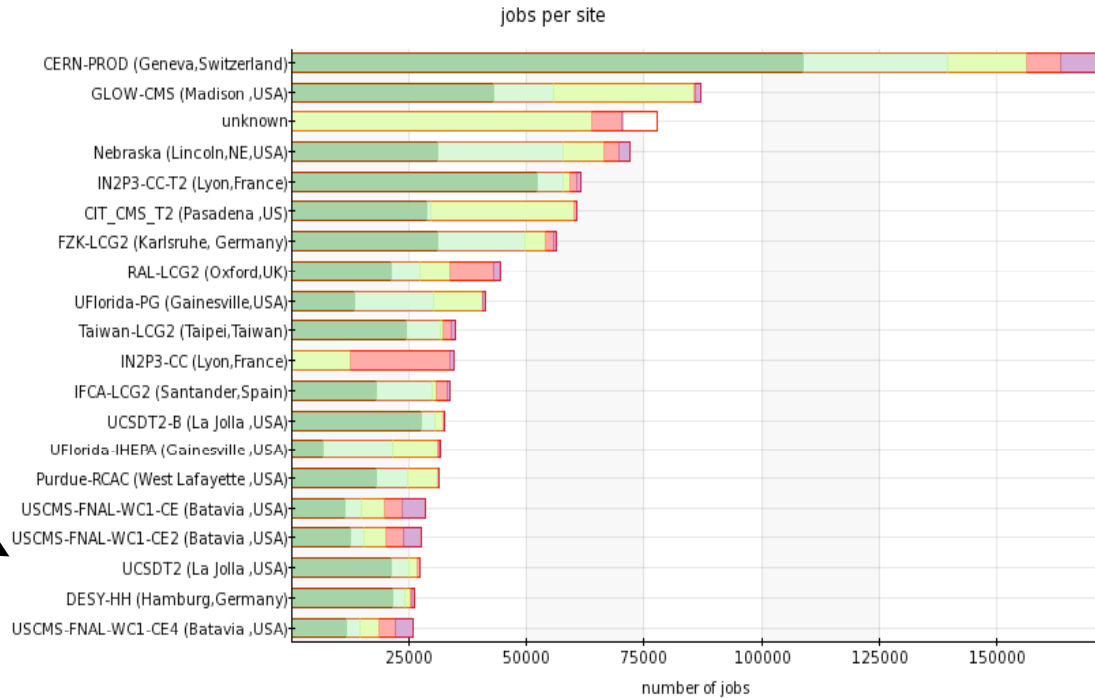
Analysis
Jobs Submitted in May
Top 25 Sites

US Tier-2
Sites

Merge events written (Sum: 87490146)



■ T2_US_Purdue (27376311)
 ■ T2_US_Wisconsin (16633825)
 ■ T2_US_Caltech (12944163)
 ■ T2_US_MIT (10534672)
■ T2_US_Nebraska (9150896)
 ■ T2_US_Florida (8351950)
 ■ T2_US_UCSD (2498329)



■ submitted
 ■ app-succeeded
 ■ app-failed
 ■ app-unknown
 ■ pending
 ■ running
 ■ aborted
 ■ cancelled

US Sites produced almost half the MC produced at Tier-2 centers before and during the challenge
- Good balance of site usage



Offline Status

- **Global runs have been an excellent test-bed for preparation and testing of the offline workflows**
- **Prompt reconstruction at Tier-0**
- **Reconstruction software supports several different configurations**
Cosmics, beam-halo, pp collisions - with/without B-field
- **CRUZET data have been reprocessed several times to benefit from improved calibrations and alignments**
- **A first working Offline DQM infrastructure has been deployed and used during Global Runs**



Remote Operation Centers



The LHC is a discovery machine and we need to be ready on “day one”. Remote Operations Centers allow more of CMS to be engaged. Data transfer and data quality monitoring and remote data analysis tested in cosmic and beam runs. Centers at Fnal and DESY. DQM shifts in progress.



Shutdown Plan

- **Until mid-November, take 300 million events of cosmic ray data at 3.8T with all detectors included in the run**
- **Maintenance of the cooling system will then begin, followed by a program of carefully selected repairs, interleaved with installation of the Preshower.**
- **CMS will then be closed up and returned to a state of cosmic data-taking with and without the magnet on, well before the re-start of the LHC.**



Conclusions

- CMS was ready for first LHC beam
- Practically all detectors fully integrated
 - Missing channels at few % level or less
 - Synchronization at few ns level or better
 - One RPC endcap to be integrated
 - Pre-shower to be installed
- Magnet operational at 3.8T underground
- Trigger ready and synchronized to ~1 bx
 - Fine tuning to be done with beam
- DAQ shown to be capable of handling startup LHC data
 - Final High Level Trigger farm to be commissioned
- Alignment and calibration workflows in place
- Offline SW and data handling ready for beam, monitoring and prompt analysis in operation