

# Tagging Boosted Top Quarks and Higgs Bosons in ATLAS

BOOST 2015, University of Chicago

Matt LeBlanc, on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration  
10<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup> August 2015



University  
of Victoria



**NSERC**  
**CRSNG**

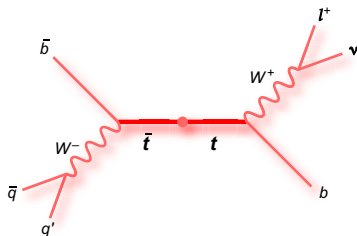
# Overview

- Run-I Top Tagging: [ATLAS-CONF-2015-36](#)
  - Tagging Techniques
  - Data/MC Comparisons
  - Efficiency and Fake Rate Measurements in Data
  - Performance Comparison in MC
- Run-II  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  Tagging: [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-035](#)
  - Developing the tagger
  - Systematics
- $W$  tagging and  $W/Z$  discrimination covered by [Julien!](#)

# Top Tagging Methods

- Comparison of different ATLAS Run I top taggers:

- Substructure Cut-Based<sup>1</sup>
- HEPTopTagger<sup>2</sup>
- Shower Deconstruction<sup>3</sup>
- HTT04

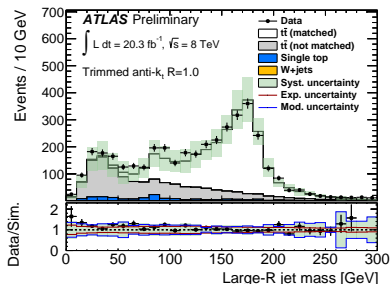
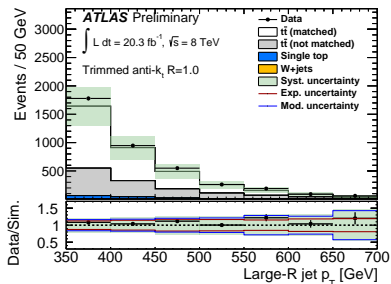


tagger	jet algorithm	grooming	radius parameter	$p_T$ range	$ \eta $ range
Tagger I-V $W'$ top tagger	anti- $k_t$	trimming	$R = 1.0$	$> 350 \text{ GeV}$	$< 2$
Shower Deconstruction	C/A	none	$R = 1.2$	$> 350 \text{ GeV}$	$< 2$
HEPTopTagger	C/A	none	$R = 1.5$	$> 200 \text{ GeV}$	$< 2$

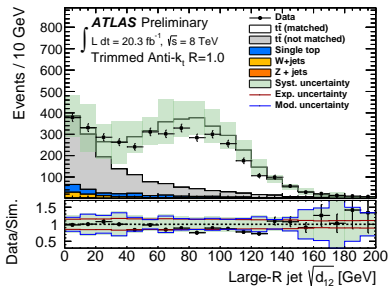
1.  $N$ -Subjettiness; Thaler & Van Tilberg
2. Plehn, Salam, Spannowsky, Takeuchi et al.
3. Soper & Spannowsky

# Selection

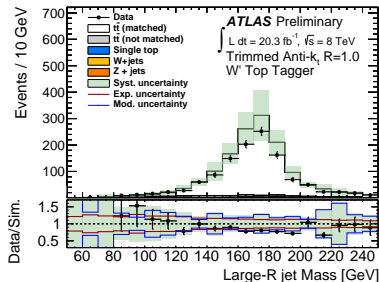
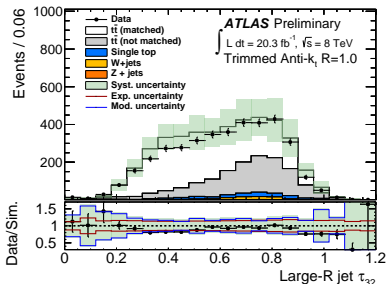
- Lepton+jets  $t\bar{t}$  selection.
  - 2  $b$ -tagged jets.
- Try tagging large- $R$  jet away from lepton.
- Decompose  $t\bar{t}$  into truth-matched (signal) and non-matched (background) components.



# Substructure-Based Top Tagging

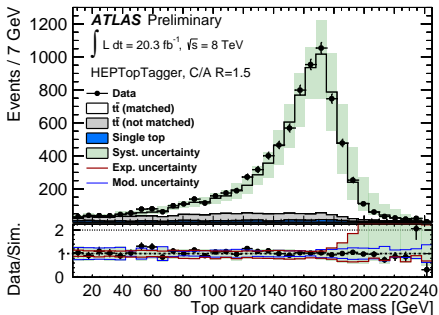
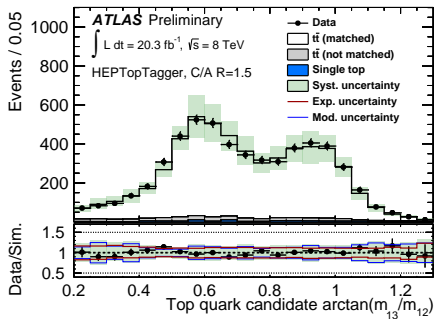


tagger	top tagging criterion
Substructure tagger I	$\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$
Substructure tagger II	$m > 100 \text{ GeV}$
Substructure tagger III	$m > 100 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$
Substructure tagger IV	$m > 100 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sqrt{d_{23}} > 10 \text{ GeV}$
Substructure tagger V	$m > 100 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sqrt{d_{23}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
W' top tagger	$\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ and $0.4 < \tau_{21} < 0.9$ and $\tau_{32} < 0.65$



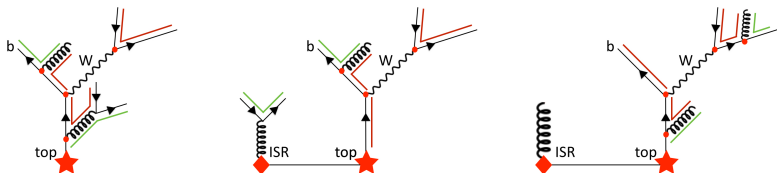
# HEPTopTagger

- HTT explained elsewhere (cf. **Torben's** talk later today, and the **CMS talk by Justin** from yesterday).
- Parameters used here:  $m_{\text{cut}} = 50$  GeV,  $N_{\text{filt}} = 5$ ,  $R_{\text{max}^{\text{filt}}} = 0.25$ ,  $f_W = m_W \times (1 \pm 0.15)$ .
- Operates at lower  $p_T$  than other taggers (C/A  $p_T > 200$  GeV).

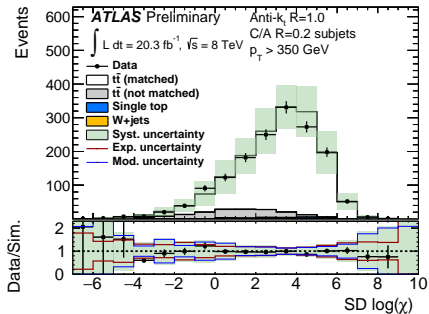
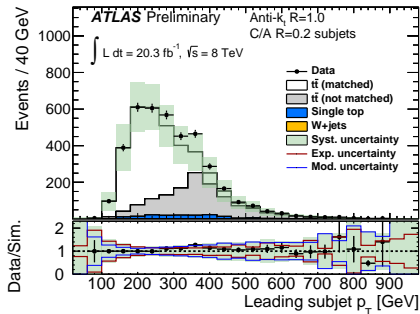


# Shower Deconstruction

- Calculate, for each subset of the input, the probability that the subset is associated with a certain source of radiation (ISR, light quark, etc.).
  - ... for signal (top) and background (QCD).
  - ... for all possible combinations of radiation sources and subsets.
- Discriminant  $\chi$  is ratio of sum of signal probabilities to sum of background probabilities.



# Shower Deconstruction

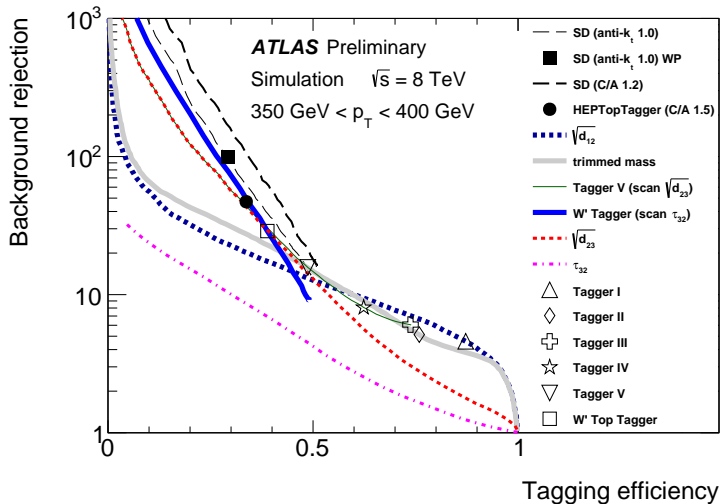




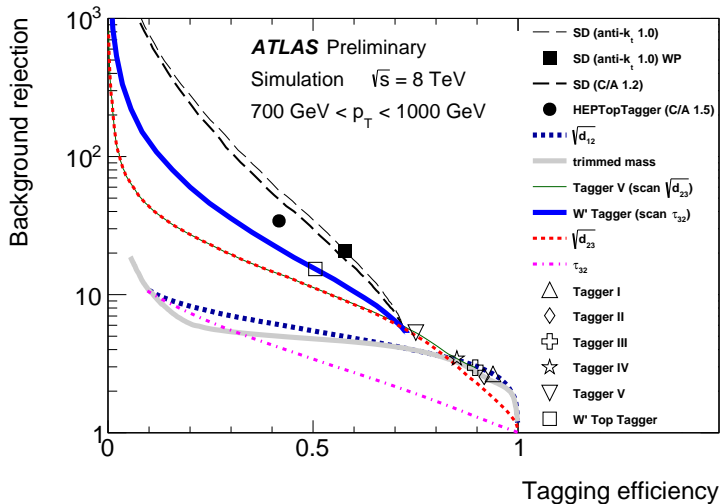
# Performance Comparison in Simulation

- Characterising different taggers in terms of their tagging efficiency & background rejection.
- ROC curves made in many  $p_T$  bins.
- Which one is best?
  - ... this depends on what you want to do, of course!

# Performance Comparison in Simulation



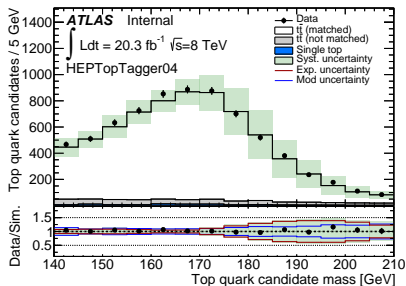
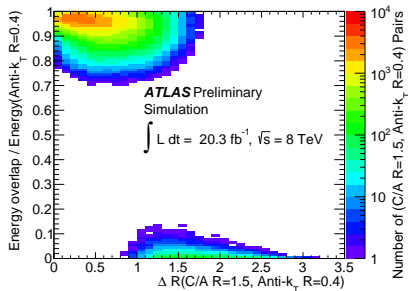
# Performance Comparison in Simulation



# HEPTopTagger04

- Also studied here: HTT04, a modified approach to the HTT method which uses anti- $k_T$   $R = 0.4$  jets as inputs, rather than C/A  $R = 1.5$ .
- Designed for busy environments, e.g.

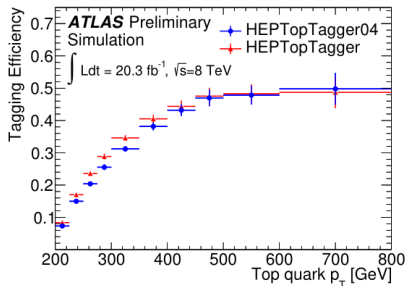
$$pp \rightarrow H^+ \bar{t} b \rightarrow t \bar{b} \bar{b}$$



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# Top Tagging Efficiency Measurement

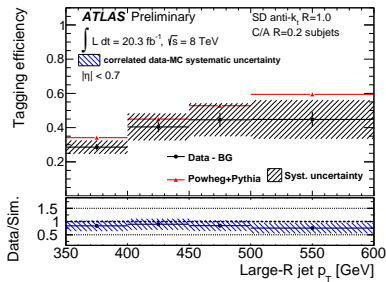
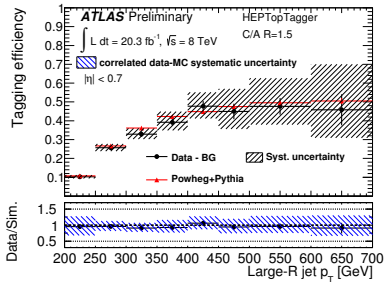
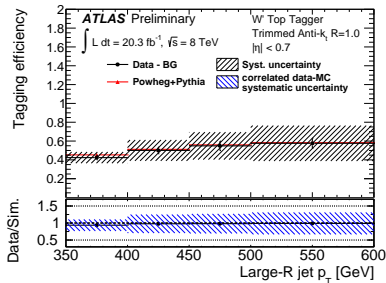
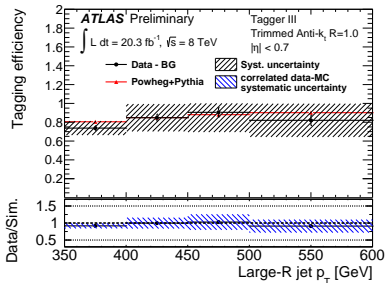
- Efficiency calculated as the fraction of tagged to preselected large- $R$  jets.
- For measurement in data, backgrounds are statistically subtracted.
- For measurement in simulation, only truth-matched  $t\bar{t}$  is considered.

$$f_{\text{data}} = \left( \frac{N_{\text{data}}^{\text{tag}} - N_{t\bar{t} \text{ unmatched}}^{\text{tag}} - N_{\text{non-}t\bar{t}}^{\text{tag}}}{N_{\text{data}} - N_{t\bar{t} \text{ unmatched}} - N_{\text{non-}t\bar{t}}} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$f_{\text{MC}} = \left( \frac{N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{tag}}}{N_{\text{MC}}} \right) \quad (2)$$

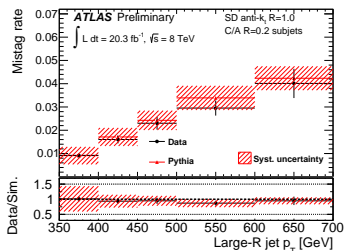
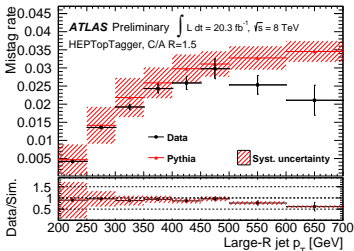
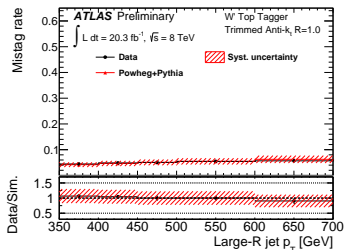
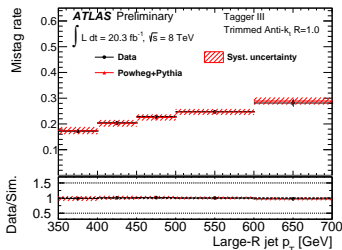
- Unfortunately, systematic uncertainties **do not** fully cancel in this ratio!

# Top Tagging Efficiencies in Data



# Top Tagging Fake Rates in Data.

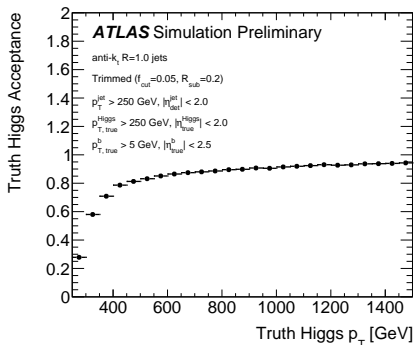
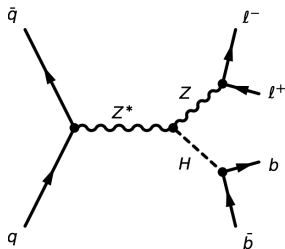
- Fake rates measured in QCD-enriched sample 'with small top contamination.'





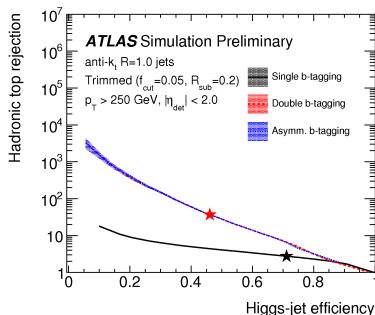
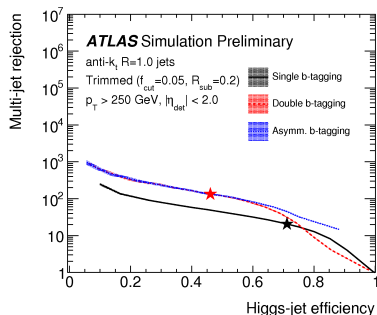
# Tagging Boosted $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

- Want to identify boosted  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  reconstructed as trimmed anti- $k_t$   $R = 1.0$  jet.
- Backgrounds considered:
  - Multi-jet events.
  - Boosted, hadronically decaying top quarks.
- Three handles for S/B discrimination:
  - Heavy flavour content of large- $R$  jet.
  - Large- $R$  jet mass.
  - Large- $R$  jet substructure.



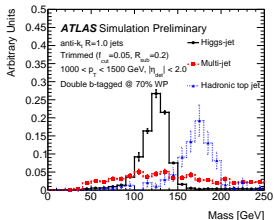
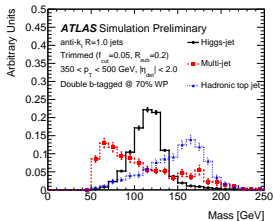
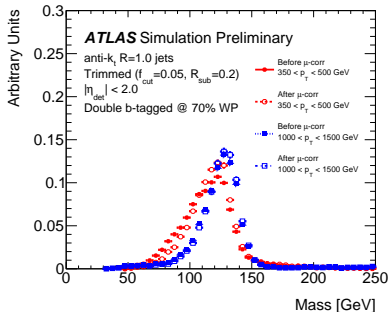
# $b$ -Tagging in Large- $R$ Jets

- Find leading pair of anti- $k_t$   $R = 0.2$  track jets ghost-associated with a large- $R$  jet (recall **Michael's** talk from yesterday).
- Attempt to tag track jets with MV2c20 algorithm. Study single, double and one-tight-one-loose scenarios.



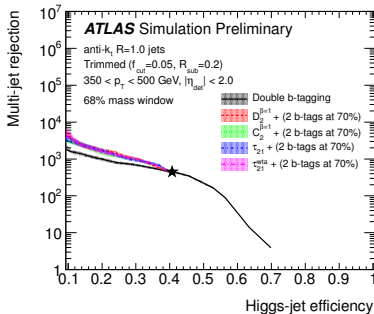
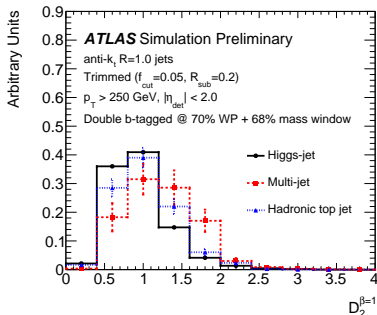
# Mass Window and Muon-in- $b$ -Jet Correction

- Before setting mass window, can increase mass resolution by correcting for semi-leptonic  $b$  hadron decays to muons.



# Including Substructure Information

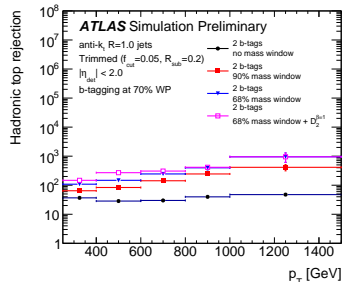
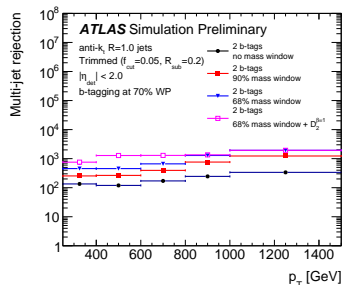
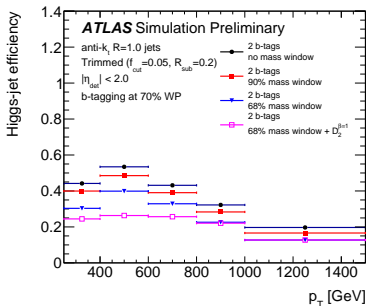
- Examined performance of tagger with 68% mass window and  $b$ -tagging WP fixed at 70% efficiency, when scanning additionally on one of three jet substructure variables:  $D_2^{\beta=1}$ ,  $C_2^{\beta=1}$  and  $\tau_{21}^{\text{wta}}$ .
  - Performance similar for all variables considered,  $D_2^{\beta=1}$  provides slightly better improvement overall.



# Benchmark $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Selections

Selection	double $b$ -tagging	large- $R$ jet Mass	$D_2^{(\beta=1)}$
Loose	70% WP	90% window, $m \in [76, 148]$ GeV	-
Medium	70% WP	68% window, $m \in [95, 137]$ GeV	-
Tight	70% WP	68% window, $m \in [95, 137]$ GeV	$p_T$ -dependent cut

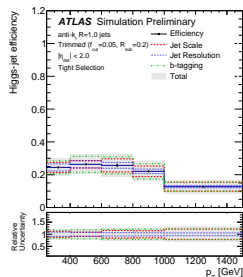
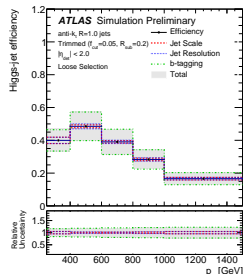
Table 1: Criteria used for the different Higgs-jet tagging selections.



# Systematic Uncertainty Estimates on $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Tagging

	Loose	Medium	Tight
efficiency	$0.41 \pm 0.07$	$0.32 \pm 0.06$	$0.25 \pm 0.05$
Multi-jet rejection			
Inclusive	$260 \pm 50$	$460 \pm 90$	$800 \pm 210$
Light-flavor	$\mathcal{O}(10^5)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^5)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^6)$
$cl$	$\mathcal{O}(10^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^4)$
$bl$	$\mathcal{O}(10^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^3)$
$bc$	$\mathcal{O}(10)$	$\mathcal{O}(10)$	$\mathcal{O}(10^2)$
$cc$	$250 \pm 150$	$480 \pm 310$	$1200 \pm 900$
$bb$	$11 \pm 2$	$19 \pm 4$	$31 \pm 9$
Hadronic top rejection			
Inclusive	$67 \pm 17$	$110 \pm 30$	$160 \pm 50$
$bl$	$360 \pm 230$	$660 \pm 460$	$810 \pm 600$
$bc$	$24 \pm 6$	$39 \pm 11$	$53 \pm 16$

- For loose working point,  $b$ -tagging uncertainties largest.
- With tigher working points, jet scale & resolution uncertainties increase.



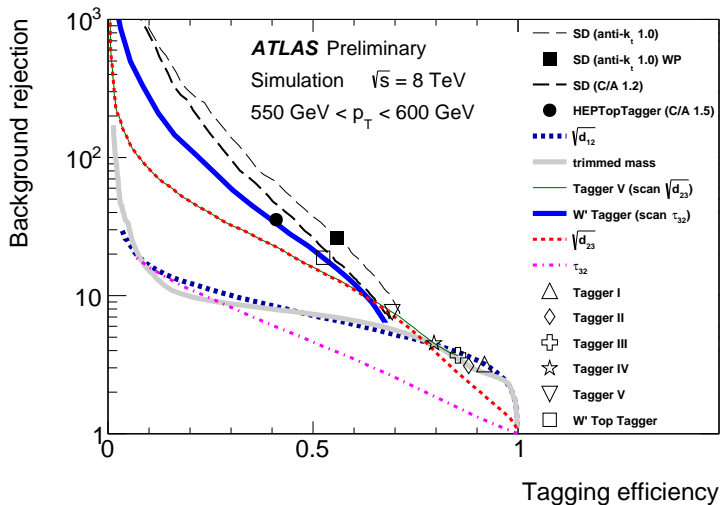
# Concluding Remarks

- Thorough performance comparisons for several different methods of top-tagging utilized by ATLAS in run I.
  - New in-situ efficiency and fake rate measurements in data for different taggers: substructure-based, HTT and SD.
    - Performance of HTT04 studied in the context of a high jet multiplicity final state (charged Higgs search).
  - ROC curve sets comparing tagger performance in simulation produced in many  $p_T$  bins.
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  tagger developed for use in run-II analyses.
  - Tagging efficiency and background rejection for QCD multijet and  $t\bar{t}$  backgrounds evaluated in simulation.
  - Expected performance studied in terms of three benchmark selections.
  - Estimates of systematics based on extrapolations from Run I.

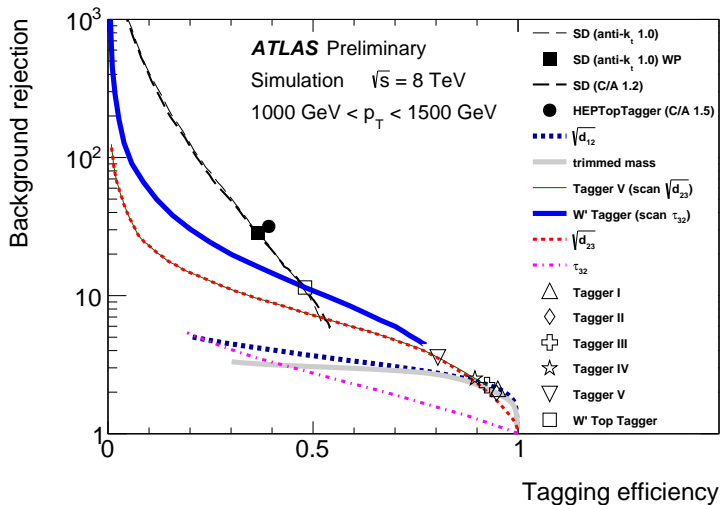
## Supplemental Material



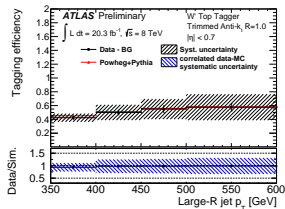
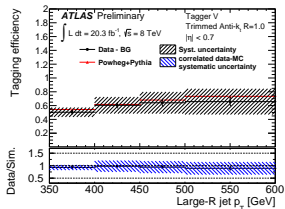
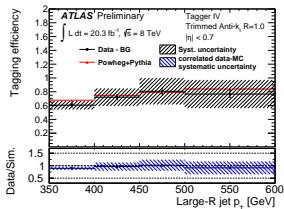
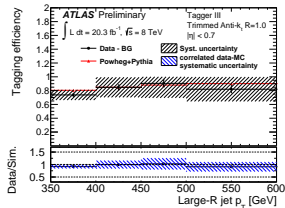
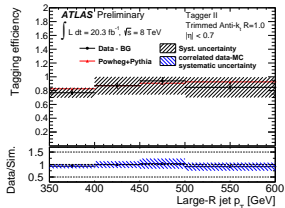
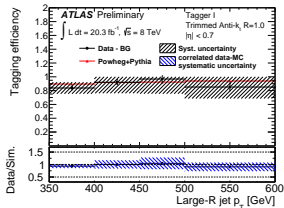
# Performance Comparison



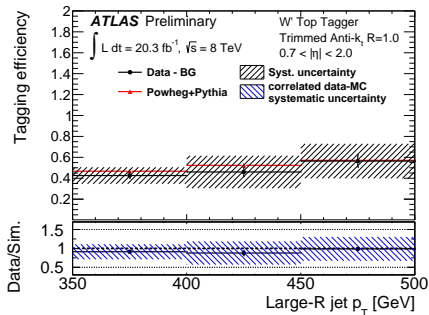
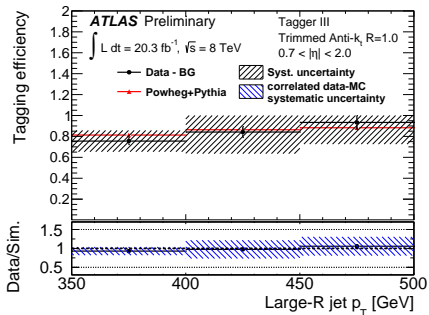
# Performance Comparison



# Substructure-Based Top Tagging: Forward Tagging Efficiency in Data.



# Substructure-Based Top Tagging: Forward Tagging Efficiency in Data.



# HEPTopTagger & SD: Forward Tagging Efficiencies in Data

