

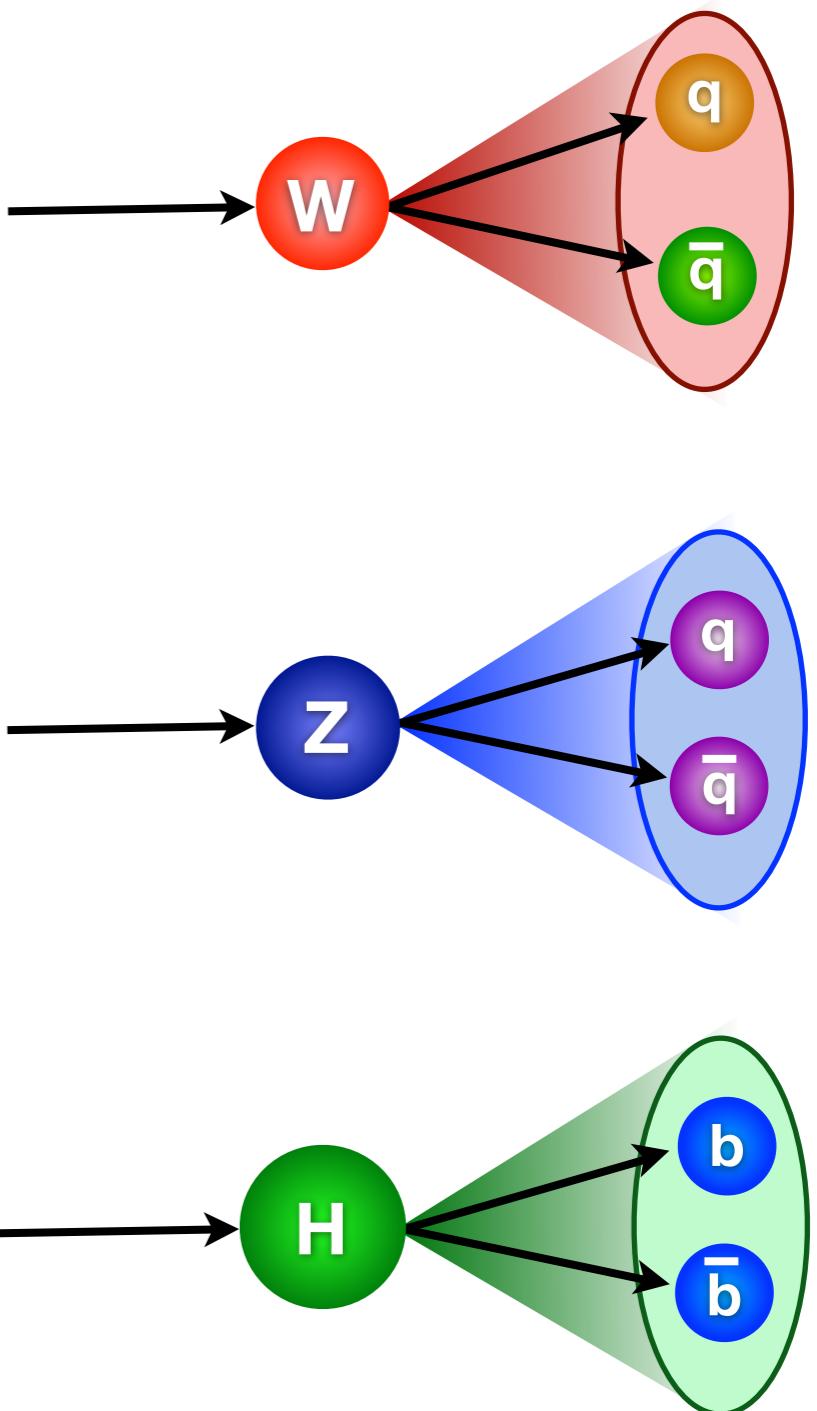


Boosted W/Z/H bosons in physics analyses at CMS

James Dolen (SUNY Buffalo)
On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

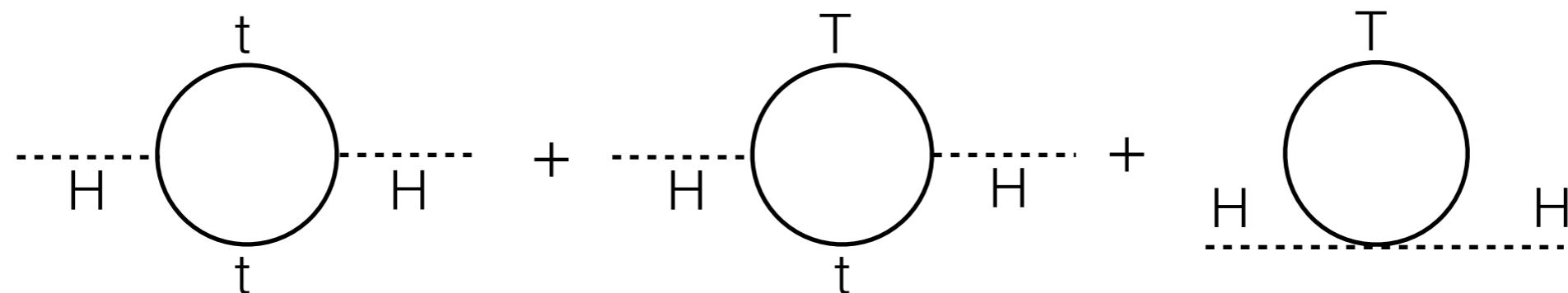
Introduction

- Searches with boosted bosons → decay products merged into a single jet (V jets)
- Techniques used to identify these objects will be discussed in detail in other talks this week (ex. Gregor, Caterina, Julien)
 - Only a quick summary today
- V jets occur in many BSM models, some of which have dedicated CMS talks at BOOST (WW resonances - Andreas, $V+MET$ - Kristian), therefore I will concentrate on top partner models which produce a very rich phenomenology containing boosted V



Motivation

- An abundance of models have been built to address naturalness (Little Higgs, Composite Higgs, extra dimensions, etc.)
- Many of these models consider heavy top partners in order to cancel the quadratically divergent contribution to the Higgs mass from top loops



- 4th generation chiral quarks highly disfavored by experiment, but vector-like quarks still allowed and motivated
- Vector-like top partner
 - Left handed and right handed charged currents
 - Acquire mass through mass term unlike other quarks which acquire mass through Yukawa couplings
- Heavy top partner decay \rightarrow standard model quark + W/Z/H boson
 - Rich phenomenology with boosted V jets!

Okada, Panizzi "LHC signatures of vector-like quarks" arxiv:1207.5607v3

Vector-like quark phenomenology

M. Buchkremer "Model independent analysis of heavy vector-like top partners"
Moriond 2014 arXiv:1405.2586v1

- VLQ top partners (minimal scenario)

- Mass eigenstates $T_{2/3}$, $B_{-1/3}$, $X_{5/3}$, $Y_{-4/3}$
- Isospin singlet, doublet, or triplet

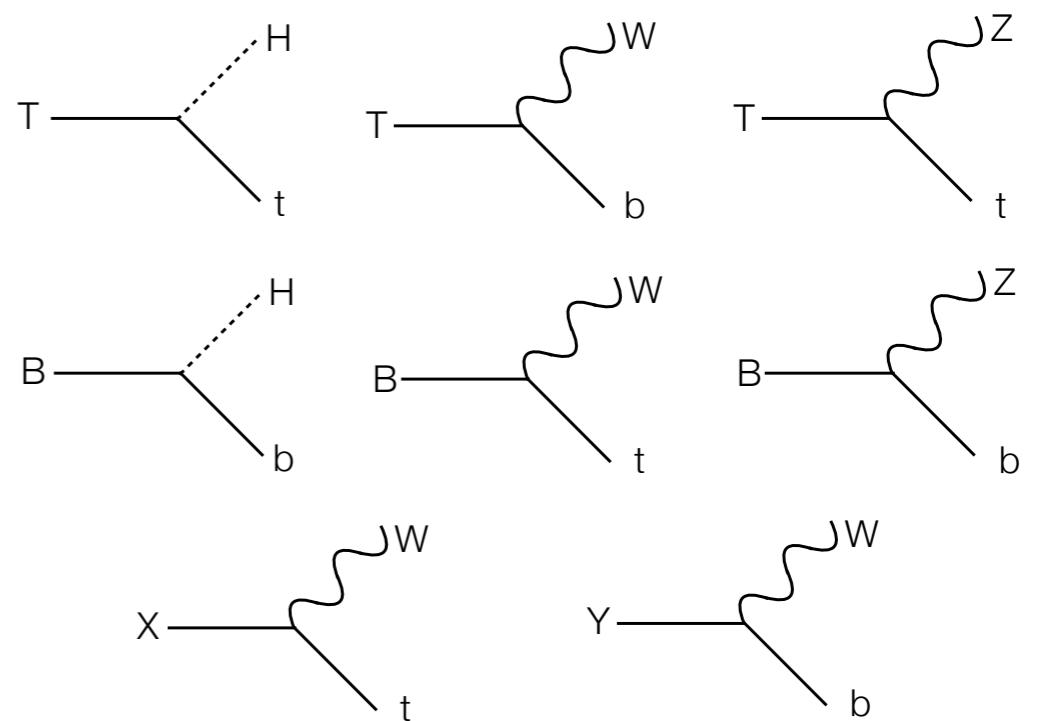
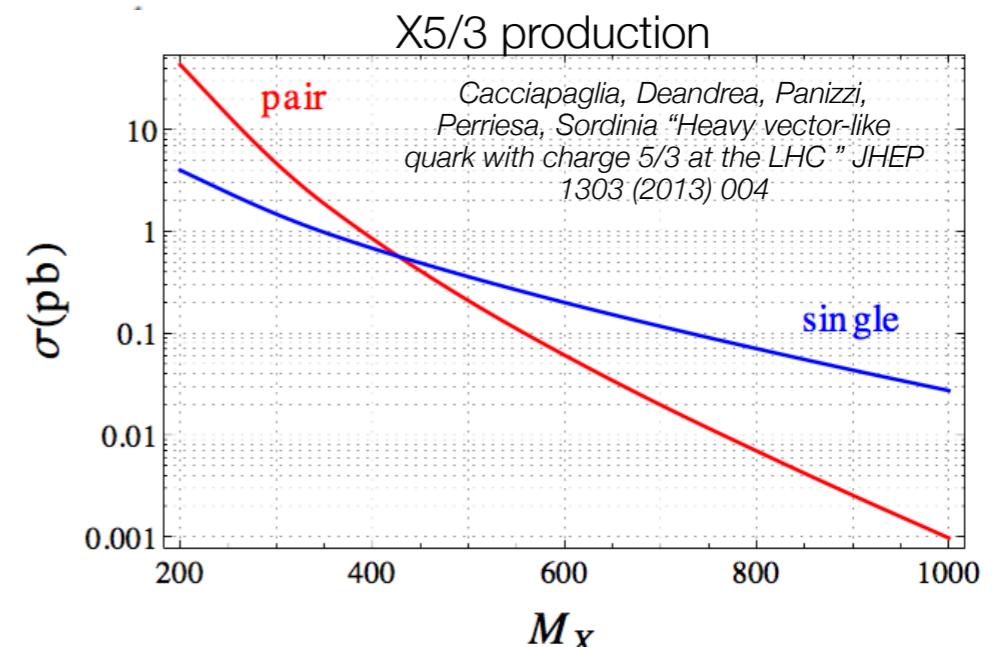
$T_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$B_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$\begin{pmatrix} X_{\frac{5}{3}} \\ T_{\frac{2}{3}} \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} T_{\frac{2}{3}} \\ B_{-\frac{1}{3}} \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} B_{-\frac{1}{3}} \\ Y_{-\frac{4}{3}} \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} X_{\frac{5}{3}} \\ T_{\frac{2}{3}} \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} T_{\frac{2}{3}} \\ B_{-\frac{1}{3}} \end{pmatrix}$
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- Production

- Pair production
 - › Focus of most run 1 analyses
- Single production
 - › Dominant at large mass (model dependent)
 - › Increasingly important in run 2

- Decay

- SM quark + SM boson
 - › Preferentially decay to 3rd generation quarks (t, b)
 - › Decay to light quarks constrained - could still have a sizable branching fraction
- If mass hierachal allows, could also decay to VLQ + SM boson



Example VLQ final states

Diagram based on talk by Luca Panizzi at
"Workshop on Vector-like Quarks 2014, DESY"

$T_{2/3}$ pair production

W^+j	W^-j	W^+j	W^-b	W^+j	Zj	W^+j	$Z\bar{t}$	W^+j	Hj	W^+j	$H\bar{t}$
W^+b	W^-j	W^+b	W^-b	W^+b	Zj	W^+b	$Z\bar{t}$	W^+b	Hj	W^+b	$H\bar{t}$
Zj	W^-j	Zj	W^-b	Zj	Zj	Zj	$Z\bar{t}$	Zj	Hj	Zj	$H\bar{t}$
Zt	W^-j	Zt	W^-b	Zt	Zj	Zt	$Z\bar{t}$	Zt	Hj	Zt	$H\bar{t}$
Hj	W^-j	Hj	W^-b	Hj	Zj	Hj	$Z\bar{t}$	Hj	Hj	Hj	$H\bar{t}$
Ht	W^-j	Ht	W^-b	Ht	Zj	Ht	$Z\bar{t}$	Ht	Hj	Ht	$H\bar{t}$

$B_{-1/3}$ pair production

W^-j	W^+j	W^-j	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	W^-j	Zj	W^-j	$Z\bar{b}$	W^-j	Hj	W^-j	$H\bar{b}$
W^-t	W^+j	W^-t	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	W^-t	Zj	W^-t	$Z\bar{b}$	W^-t	Hj	W^-t	$H\bar{b}$
Zj	W^+j	Zj	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	Zj	Zj	Zj	$Z\bar{b}$	Zj	Hj	Zj	$H\bar{b}$
Zb	W^+j	Zb	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	Zb	Zj	Zb	$Z\bar{b}$	Zb	Hj	Zb	$H\bar{b}$
Hj	W^+j	Hj	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	Hj	Zj	Hj	$Z\bar{b}$	Hj	Hj	Hj	$H\bar{b}$
Hb	W^+j	Hb	$W^{+\bar{t}}$	Hb	Zj	Hb	$Z\bar{b}$	Hb	Hj	Hb	$H\bar{b}$

$X_{5/3}$ pair production

W^+j	W^-j	W^+j	$W^-{\bar{t}}$
W^+t	W^-j	W^+t	$W^-{\bar{t}}$

$Y_{-4/3}$ pair production

W^-j	W^+j	W^-j	$W^{+{\bar{b}}}$
W^-b	W^+j	W^-b	$W^{+{\bar{b}}}$

Single $T_{2/3}$ production with t

$W^+j + tj$

$W^+b + tj$

$Zj + tj$

$Zt + tj$

$Hj + tj$

$Ht + tj$

Single $X_{5/3}$ production with t

$W^+j + tj$

$W^+t + tj$

Single $B_{-1/3}$ production with t

$W^-j + tj$

$W^-t + tj$

$Zj + tj$

$Zb + tj$

$Hj + tj$

$Hb + tj$

Single $Y_{-4/3}$ production with t

$W^-j + tj$

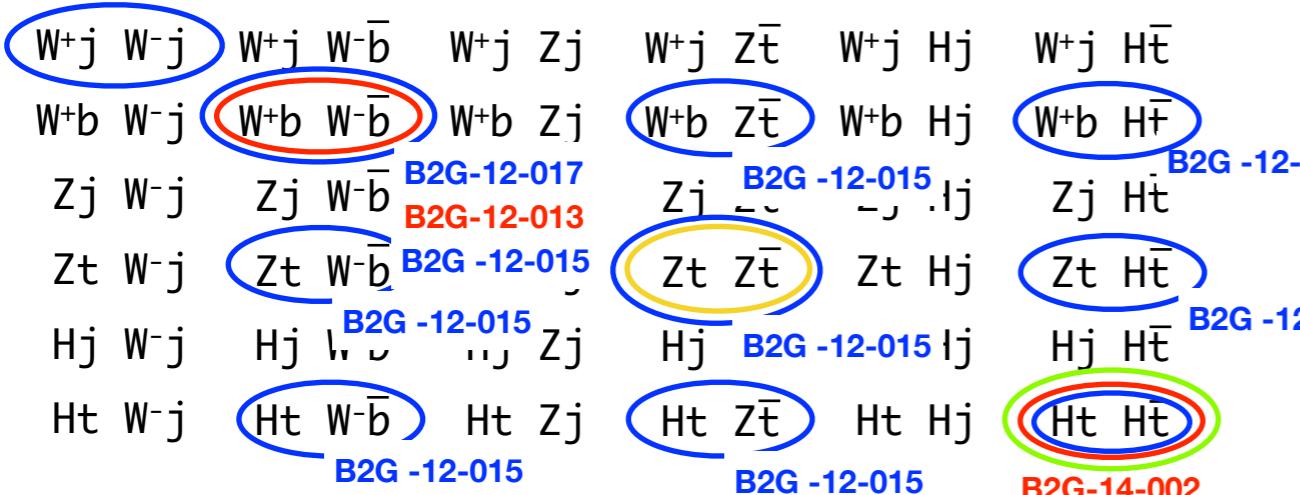
$W^-b + tj$

Single $T_{2/3}/B_{-1/3}/X_{5/3}/Y_{-4/3}$ production with $b/j/V$

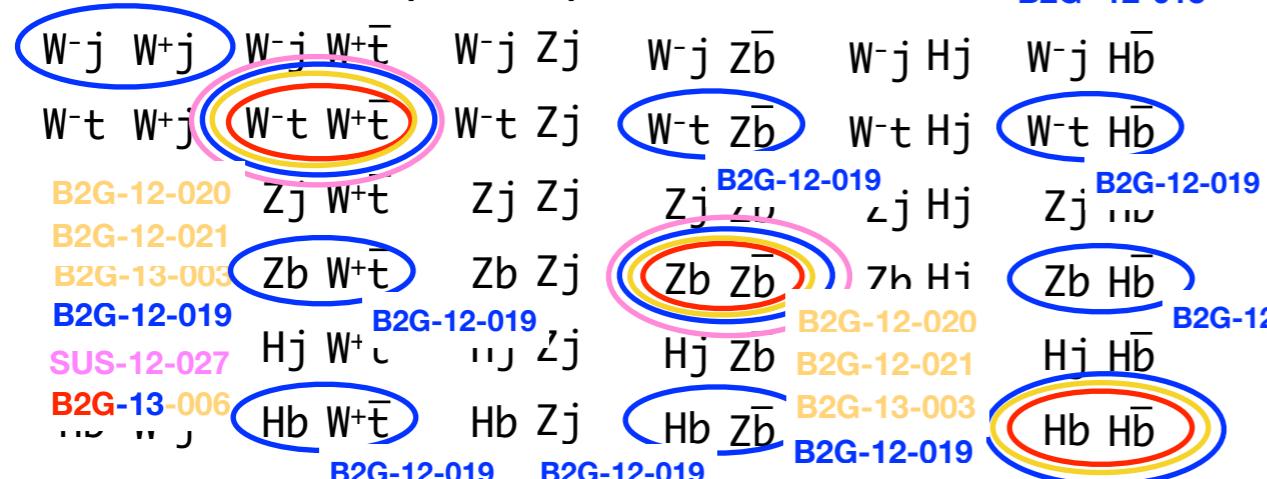
Dedicated searches at CMS

Diagram based on talk by Luca Panizzi at
"Workshop on Vector-like Quarks 2014, DESY"

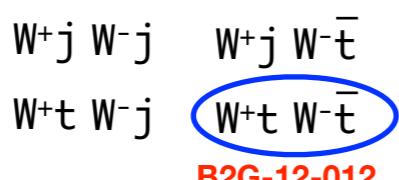
T_{2/3} pair production



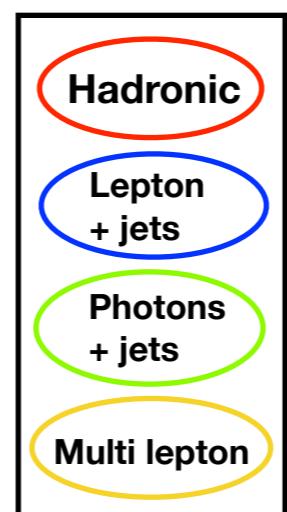
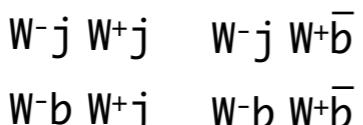
B_{-1/3} pair production



X_{5/3} pair production



Y_{-4/3} pair production



Single T_{2/3} production with t

- $W^+ j + tj$
- $W^+ b + tj$
- $Zj + tj$
- $Zt + tj$
- $Hj + tj$
- $Ht + tj$

Single X_{5/3} production with t

- $W^+ j + tj$
- $W^+ t + tj$

Single B_{-1/3} production with t

- $W^- j + tj$
- $W^- t + tj$
- $Zj + tj$
- $Zb + tj$
- $Hj + tj$
- $Hb + tj$
- $W^- j + tj$
- $W^- b + tj$

Single Y_{-4/3} production with t

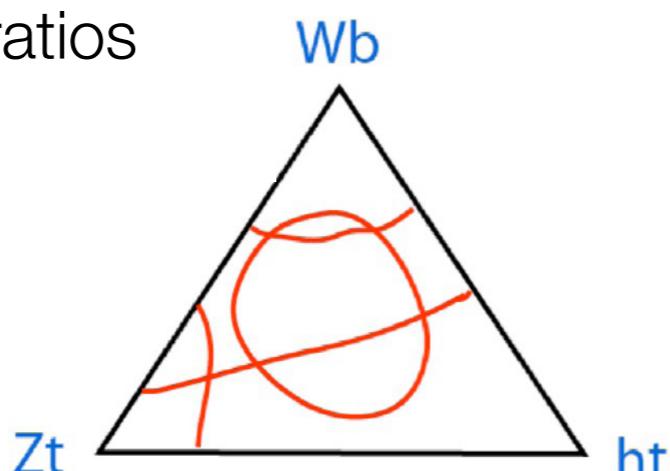
Single T_{2/3}/B_{-1/3}/X_{5/3}/Y_{-4/3} production with b/j/V

Note: This list of analyses is definitely incomplete

Run 1 VLQ searches at CMS

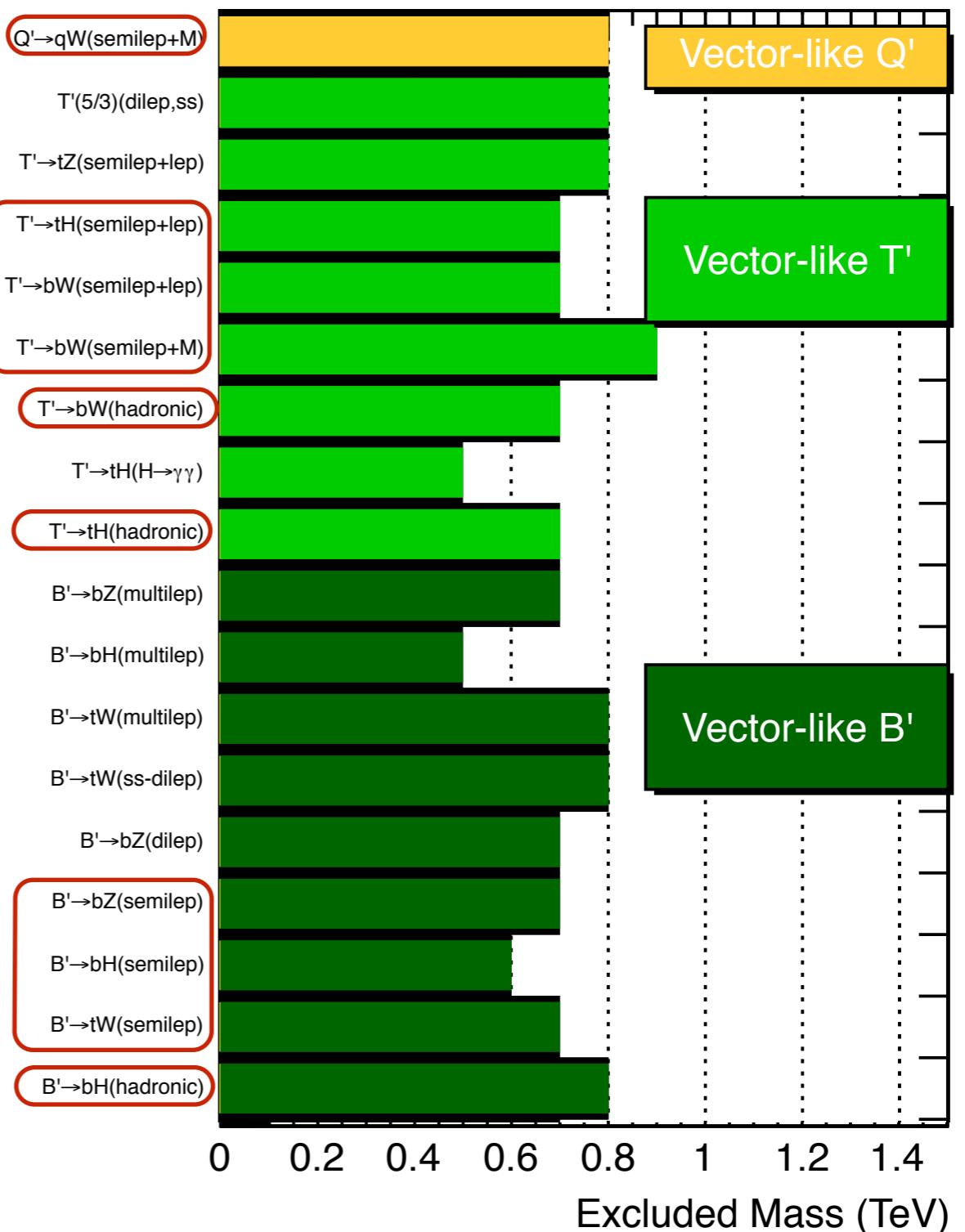
- Assume pair production and assume decay to third generation
 - $\text{BR}(Wb) + \text{BR}(tZ) + \text{BR}(tH) = 1$
- Analyses utilizing boosted V jets
 - $BB \rightarrow bHbH$ (all-hadronic)
 - $BB \rightarrow$ all decays (lepton + jets)
 - *BB legacy combination*
 - $TT \rightarrow tHtH$ (all-hadronic)
 - $TT \rightarrow bWbW$ (all-hadronic)
 - $TT \rightarrow bWbW$ (lepton + jets)
 - $TT \rightarrow$ all decays (leptons + jets)
 - *TT legacy combination*
- Exclusions with triangle diagram - 3 varying branching ratios

M. E. Peskin
SEARCH workshop
U of Maryland
March 2012



CMS Searches for New Physics Beyond Two Generations (B2G)

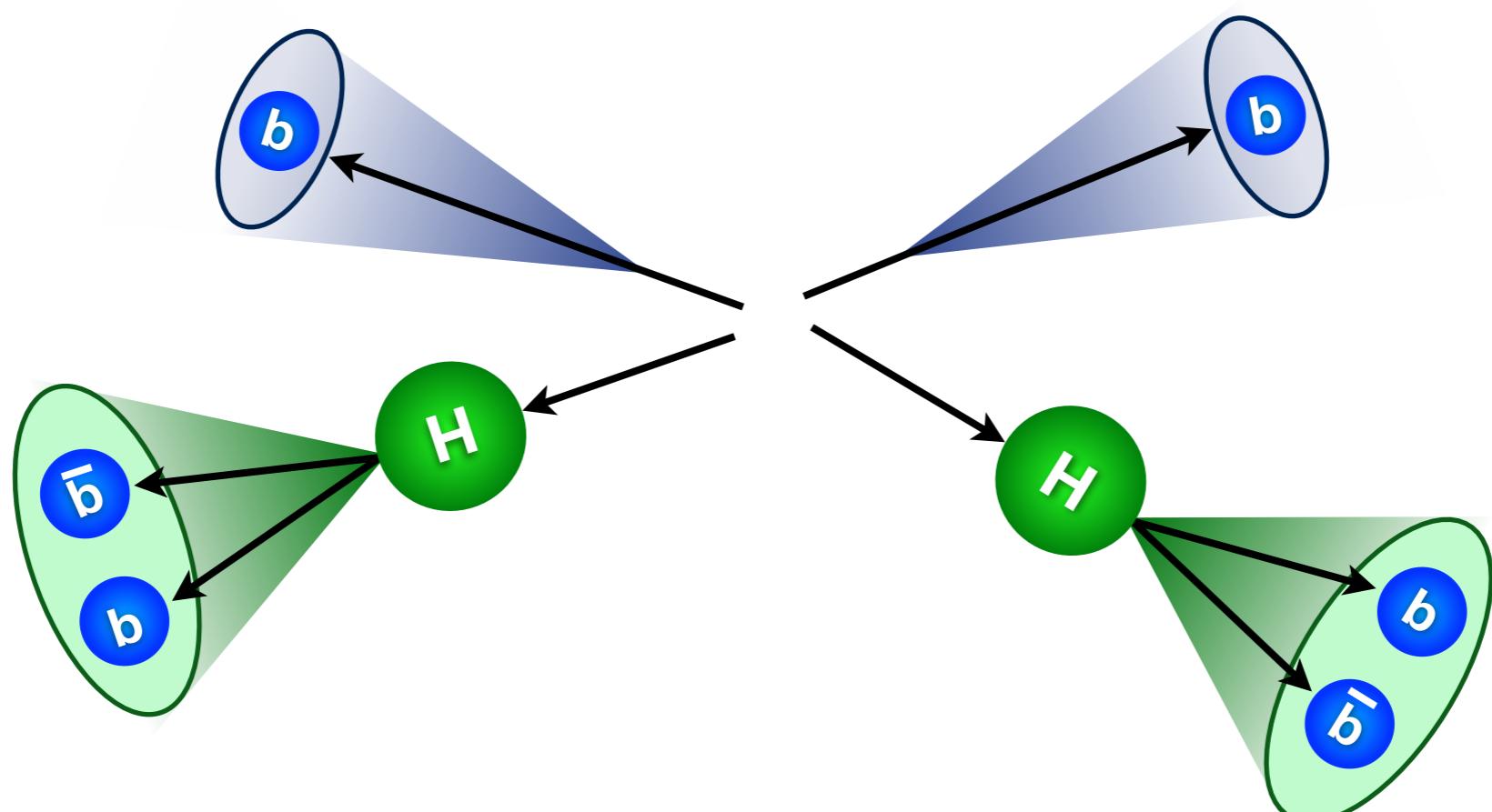
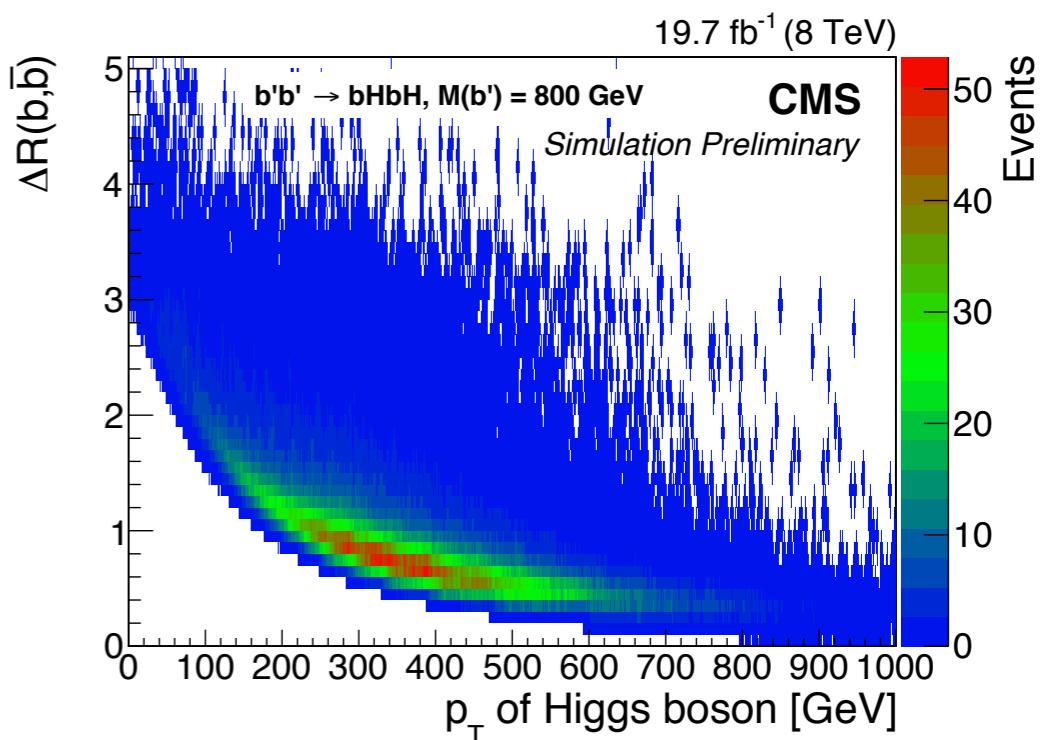
95% CL Exclusions (TeV)



$B_{-1/3} \bar{B}_{-1/3} \rightarrow bH\bar{b}H$ all-hadronic

CMS B2G-14-001

- Search for pair produced $B_{-1/3}$ (labeled b' in B2G-14-001)
- Optimized for the bH decay channel
- Consider hadronic decays of the H
- Utilize b -tagging and H -tagging



$BB \rightarrow bHbH$ analysis strategy

CMS B2G-14-001

- HT>750 trigger
- Selection
 - HT > 950 (scalar sum of all AK5 jet p_T)
 - At least 1 b-tagged AK5 jet
 - At least 1 H-tagged CA8 jet
 - $\Delta R(b \text{ jet}, \text{Higgs-tagged jet}) > 1.2$
- Categorize events with 1 b-tag and >1 b-tag
- Search performed using HT distribution

b-tag =

AK5 jet ($p_T > 80$) tagged with the combined secondary vertex algorithm medium operating point (CSV)

H-tag =

CA8 jet ($p_T > 300$)
 $90 < m_{\text{prune}} < 140$

$\tau_2/\tau_1 < 0.5$

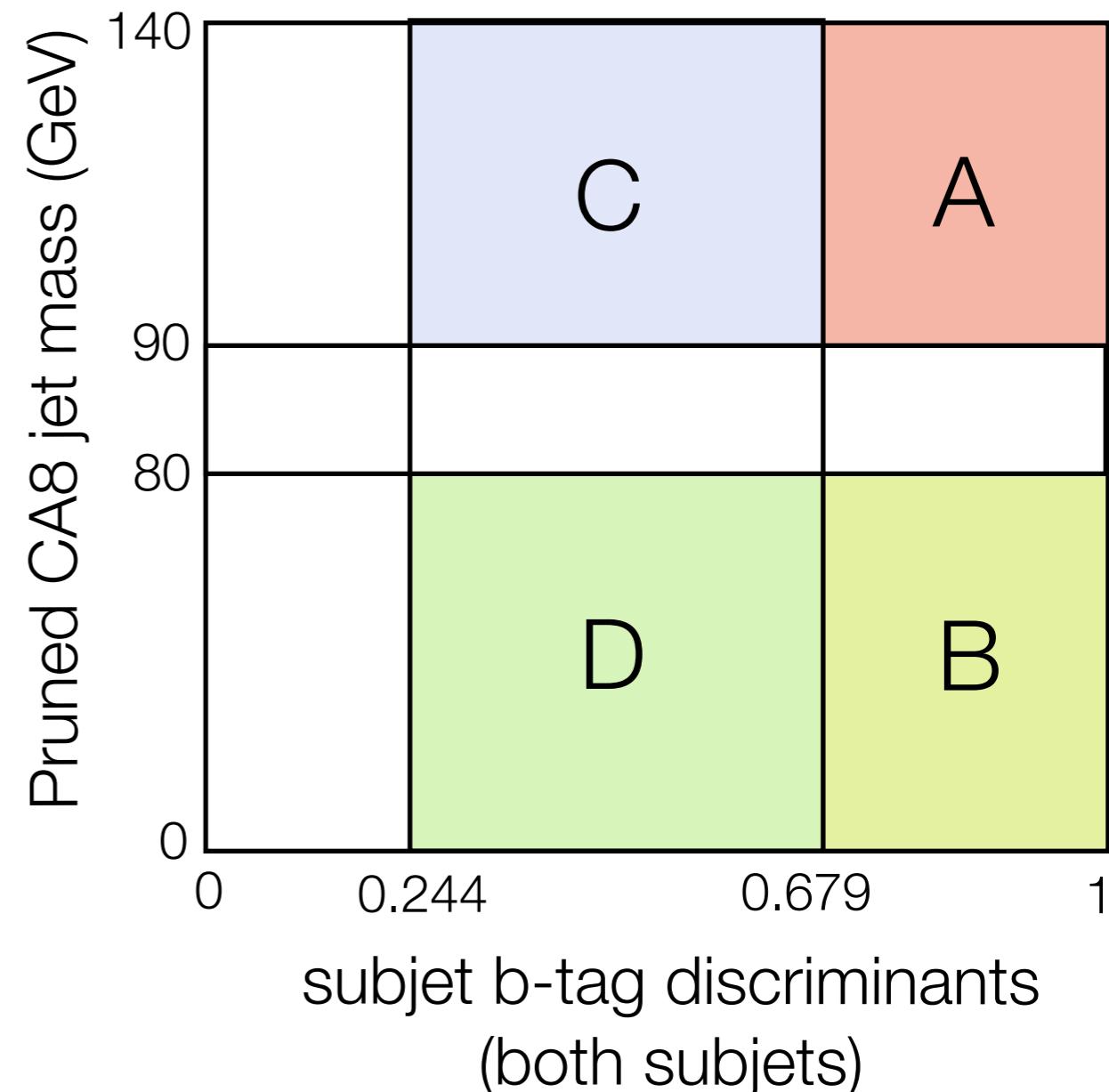
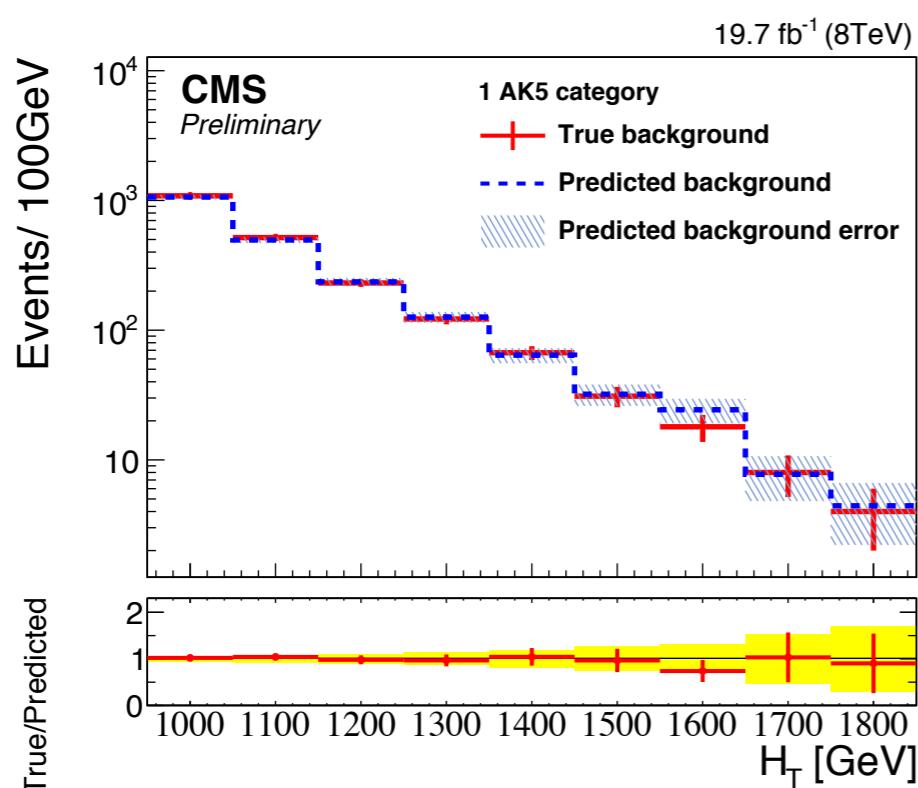
double subjet btag* (CSV)

*subjets required to have $\Delta R > 0.3$ separation in order to remove correlations from shared tracks

$BB \rightarrow bHbH$ multijet background estimation

CMS B2G-14-001

- ABCD method
- A = signal = events with at least 1 H-tagged jet
- B = events with at least one jet with a double b-tag but pruned mass < 80 GeV
- C = events with at least one jet with pruned mass in the H mass window and subjet b-discriminant $[0.244, 0.679]$
- D = events with at least one jet with two subjets which each have b-discriminant $[0.244, 0.679]$ and pruned jet mass < 80 GeV

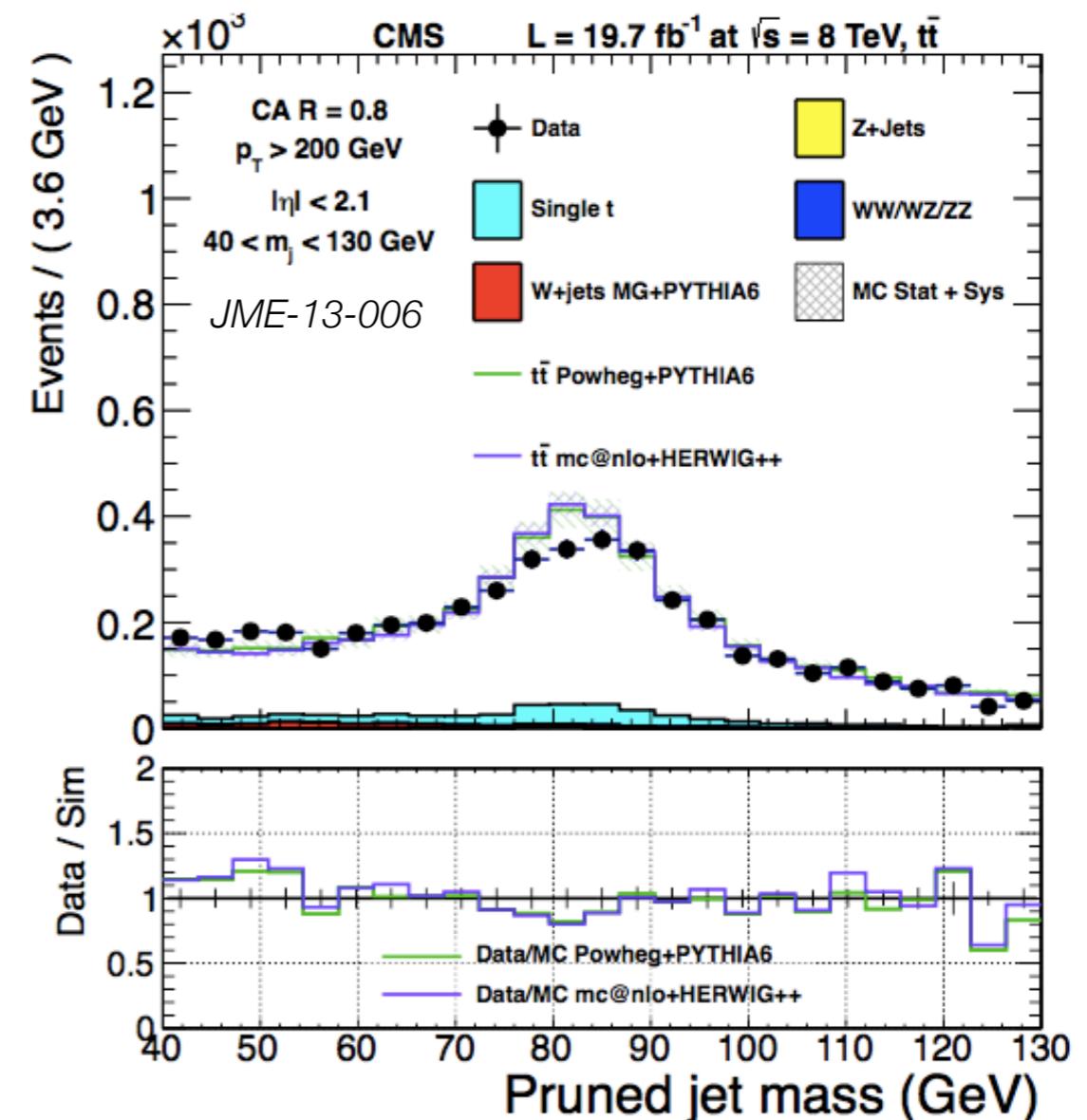
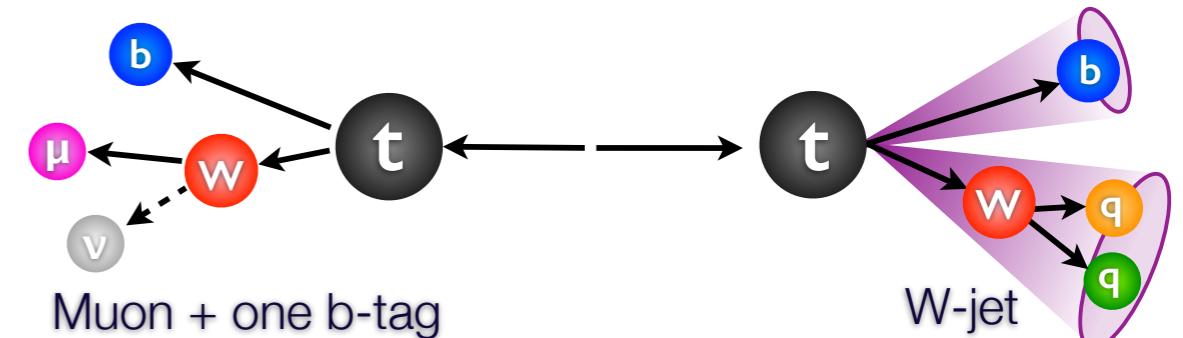


$$N_A = N_B \times \frac{N_C}{N_D}$$

Substructure tagging systematics

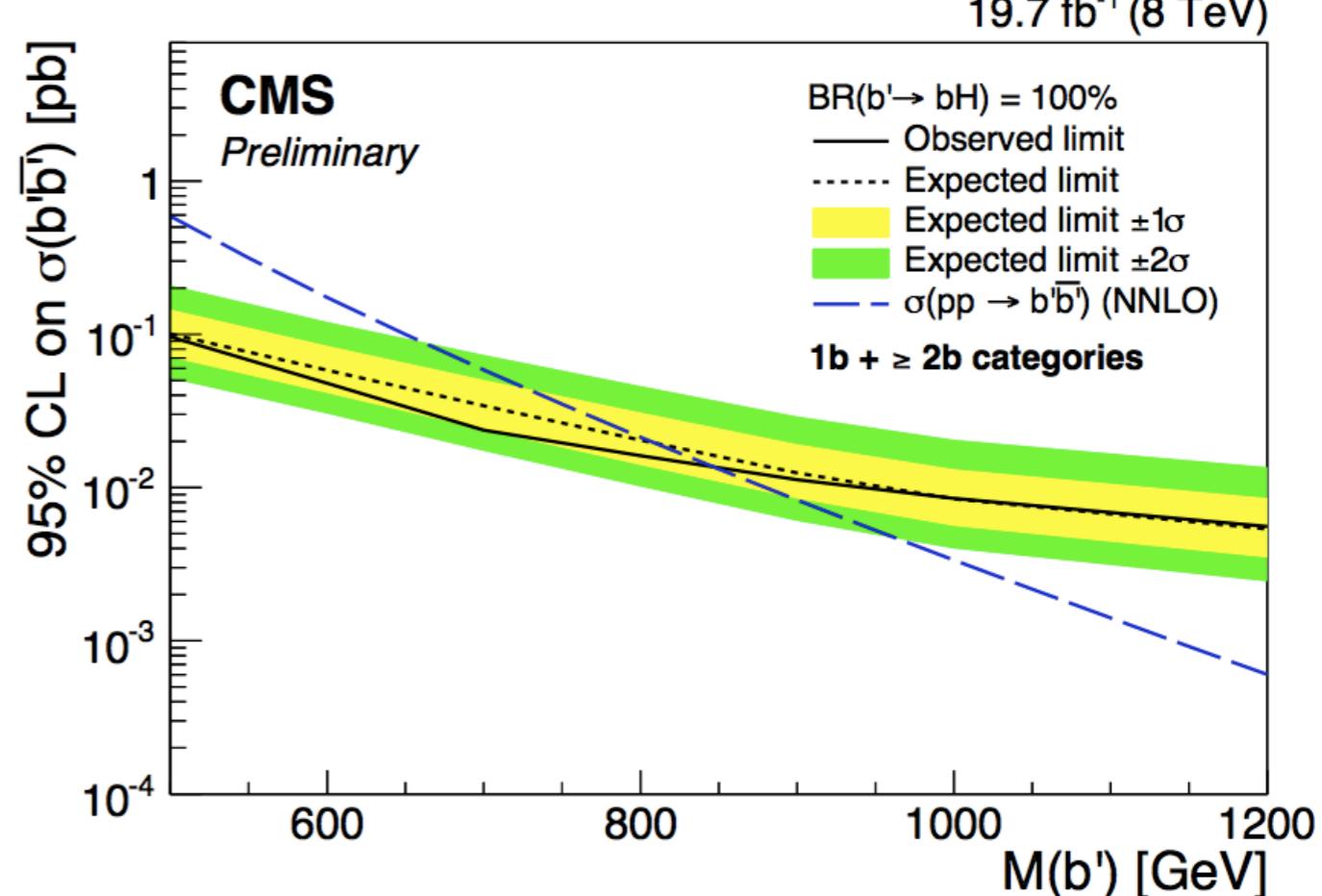
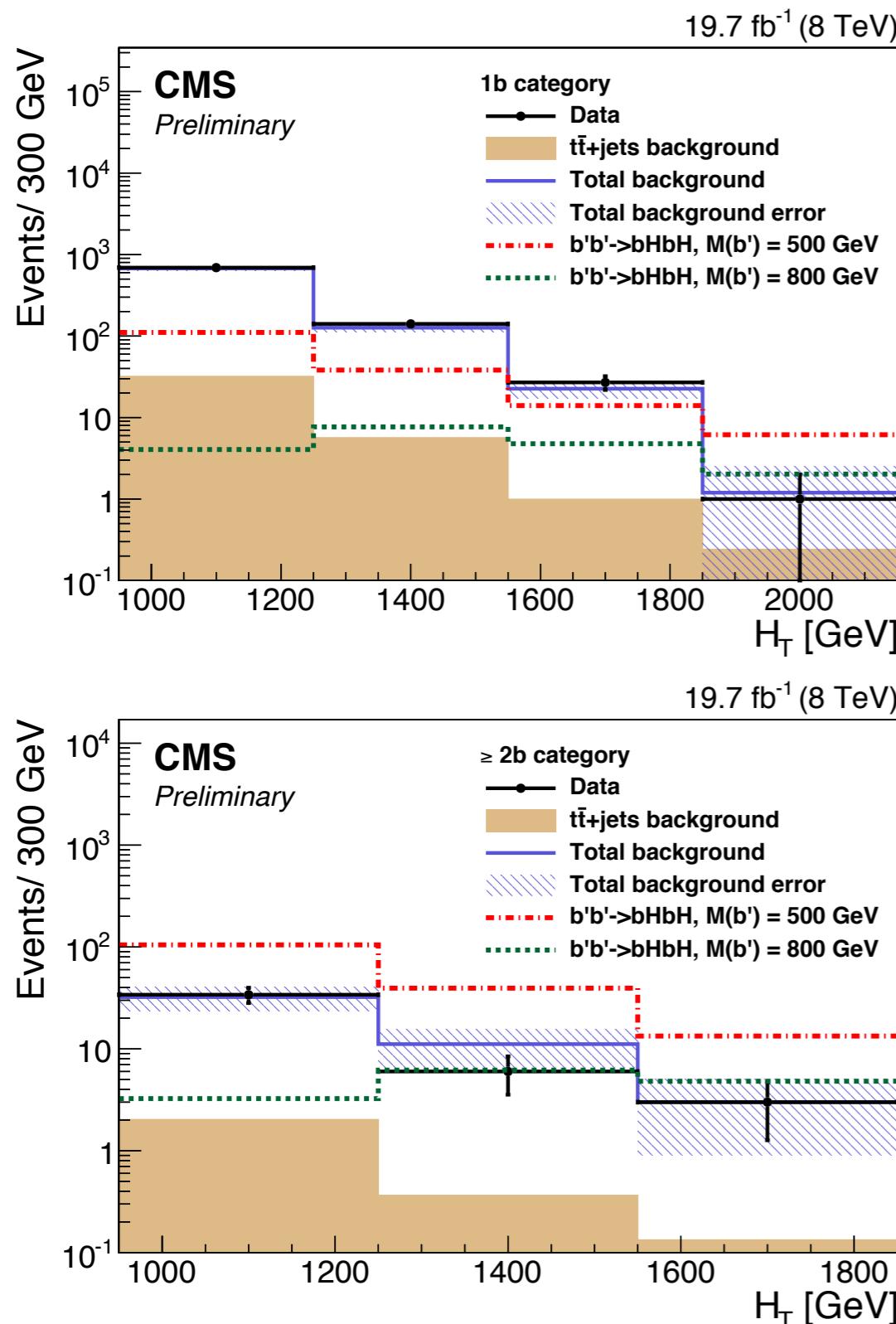
CMS B2G-14-001

- Obtain a sample of very pure boosted W's in semileptonic ttbar events
- Use the W-jet to measure scale factors for pruned jet mass and N-subjettiness
- Apply these scale factors to H-jets
 - Assign additional systematic uncertainty to account for the difference in the quark fragmentation in $H \rightarrow bb$ and $W \rightarrow qq$



$BB \rightarrow bHbH$ results

CMS B2G-14-001



No significant excess of events found.
 B excluded at 95% CL below a mass
 of 846 GeV (expected 811 GeV).

$B_{-1/3} \bar{B}_{-1/3}$ - all decays (single lepton)

CMS B2G-12-019

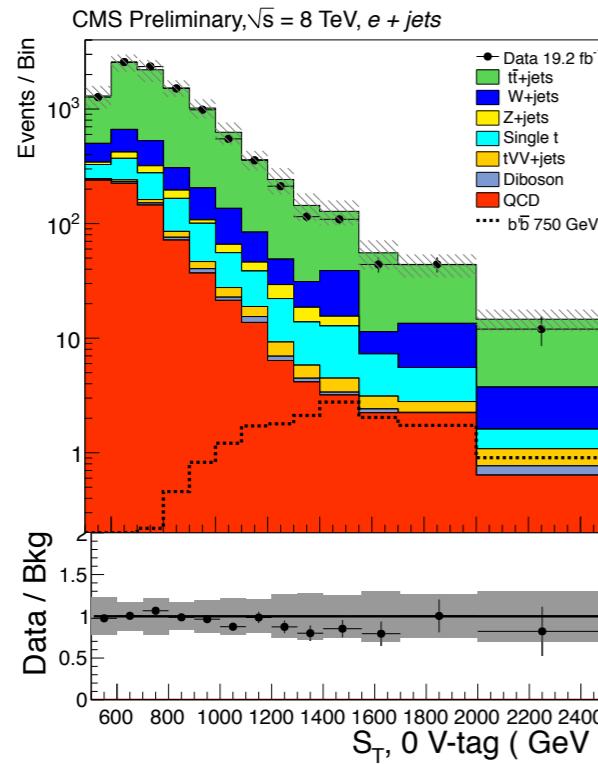
- Search for pair produced $B_{-1/3}$ with exactly 1 lepton + jets
 - $BB \rightarrow tWtW, tWbH, tWbZ, bZbZ, bZbH, bHbH$
- Selection
 - Exactly one isolated lepton
 - At least 4 AK5 jets
 - 1 b-tagged AK5 jet
 - Centrality > 0.4 ($\text{jet } \sum p_T / \sum E$)
 - MET > 20 GeV
- Categorize events based on the number of V tags
- Search in ST (scalar sum jet p_T + lepton p_T + MET)

V-tag =
CA8 jet ($p_T > 200$)
 $50 < m_{\text{prune}} < 150$
subjet mass drop < 0.4

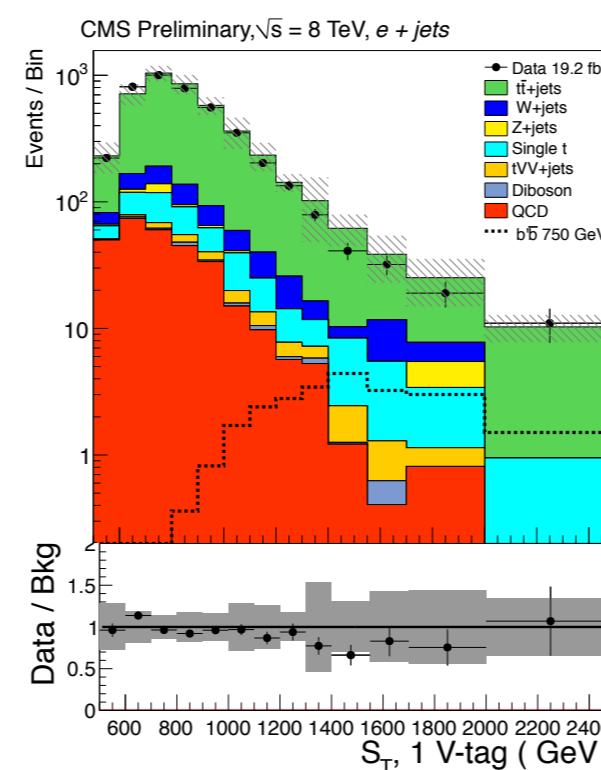
BB single lepton results

CMS B2G-12-019

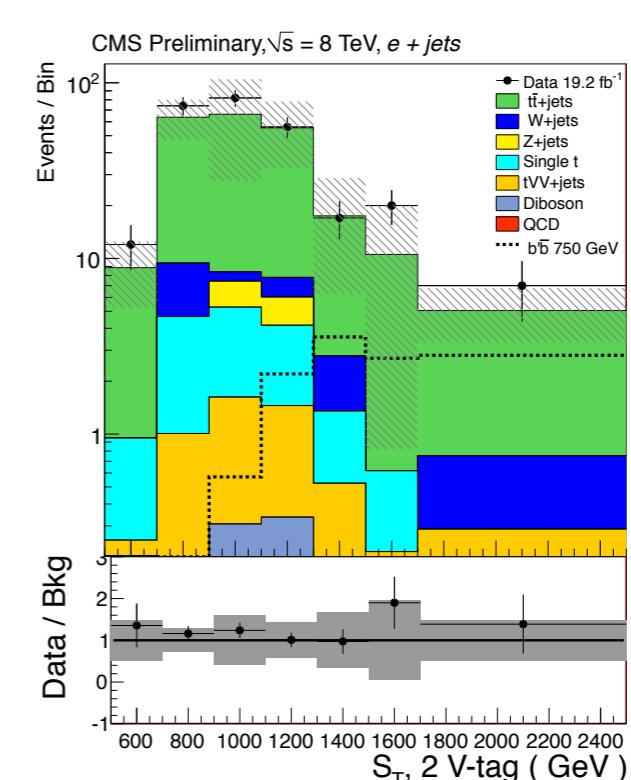
0 V tags



1 V tags

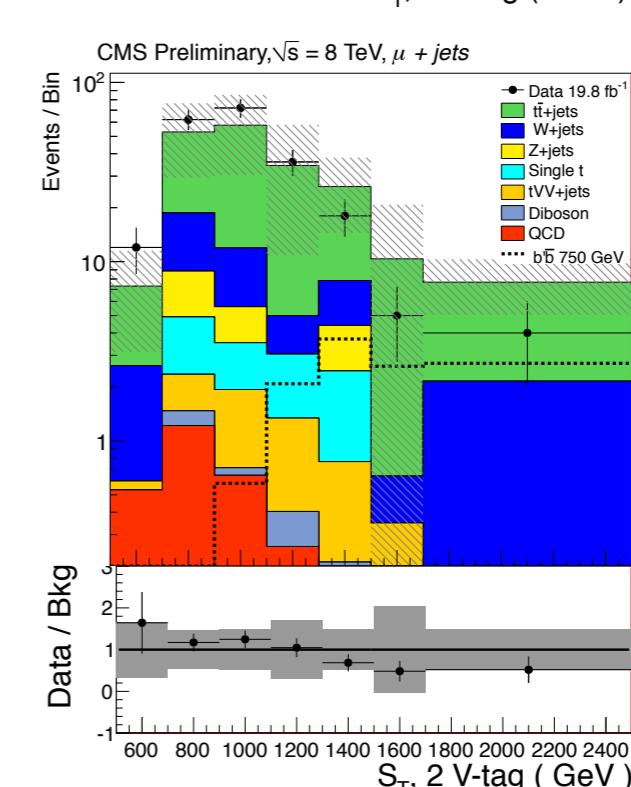
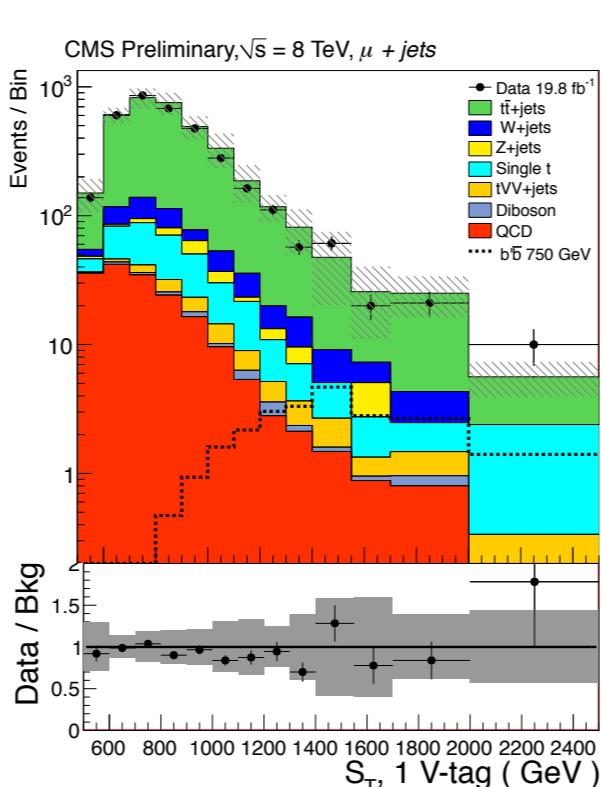
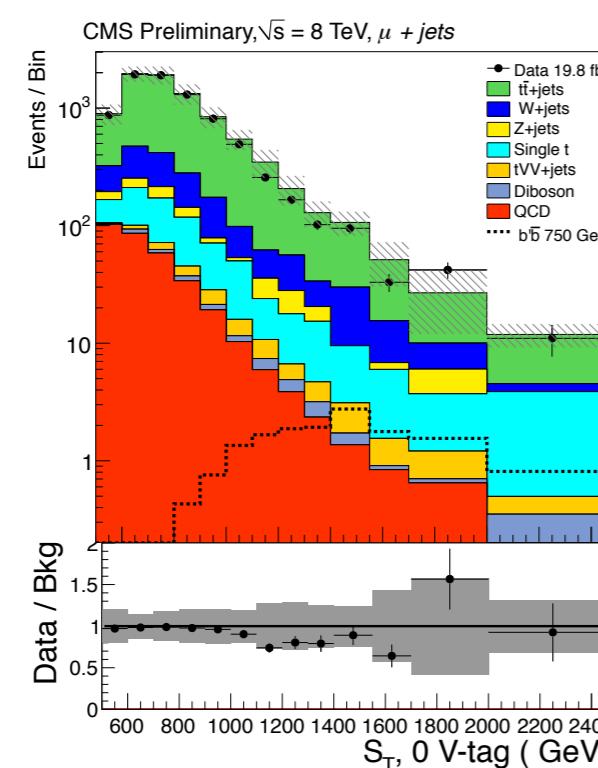


2 V tags



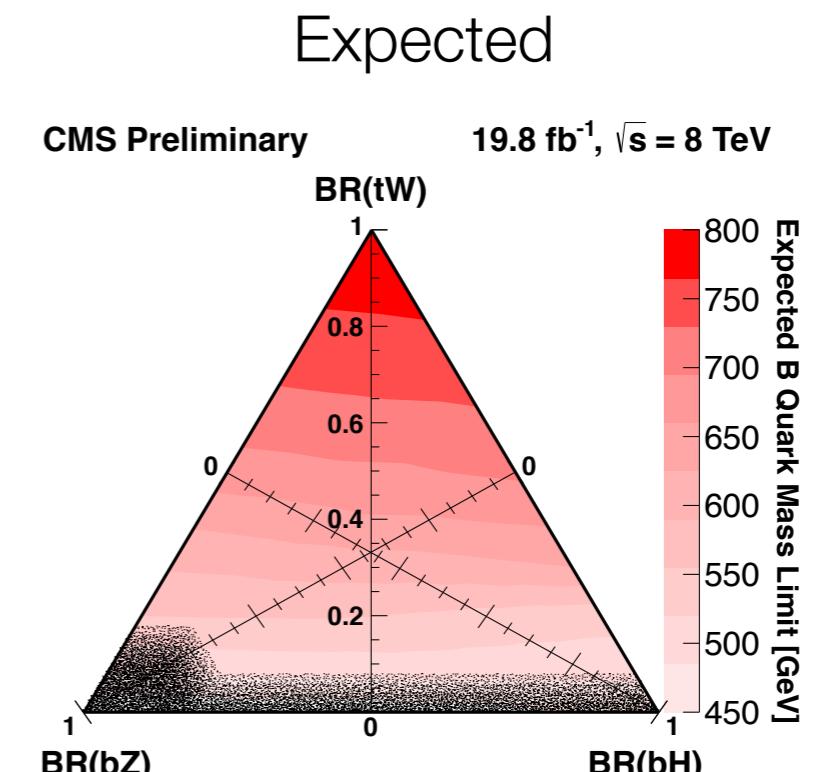
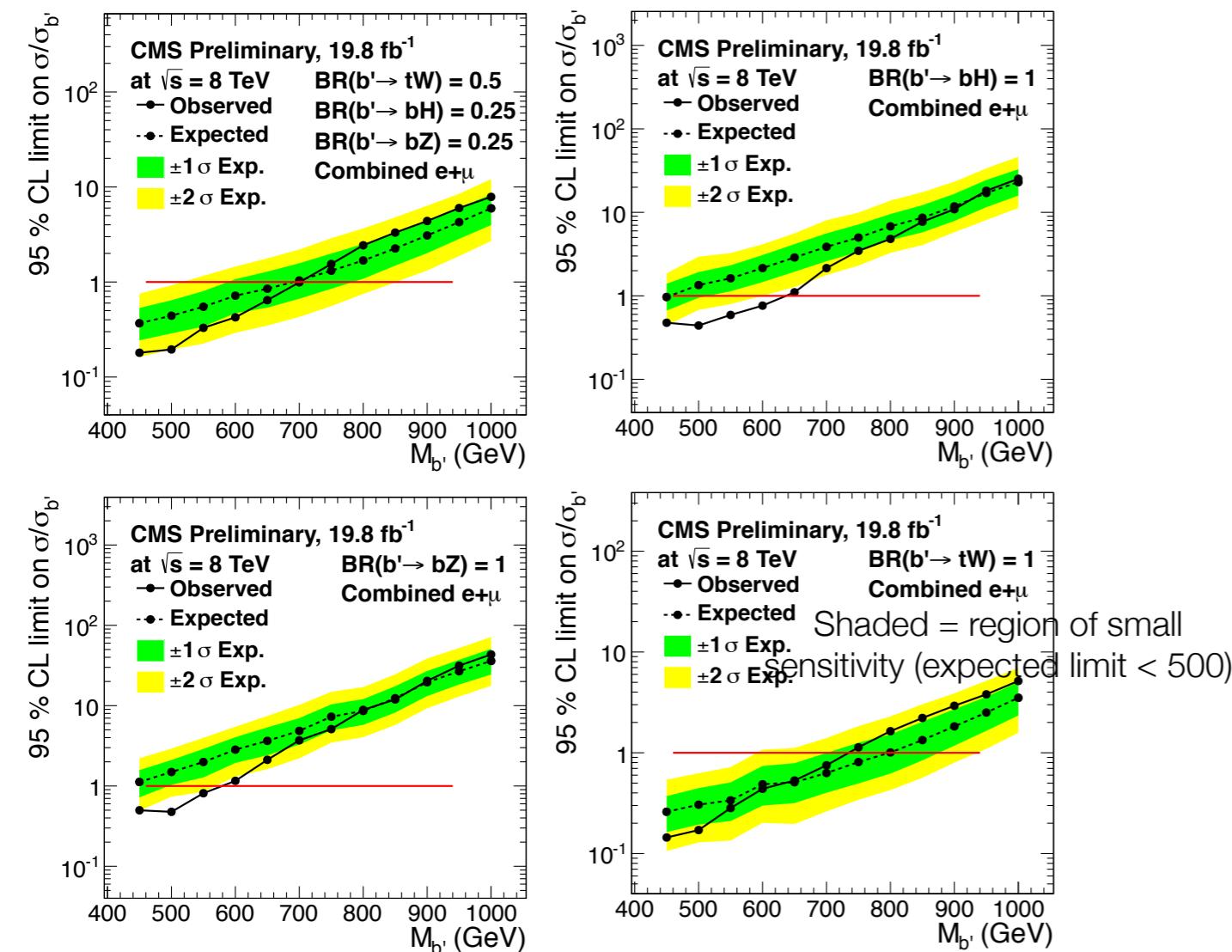
$e + jets$

$\mu + jets$

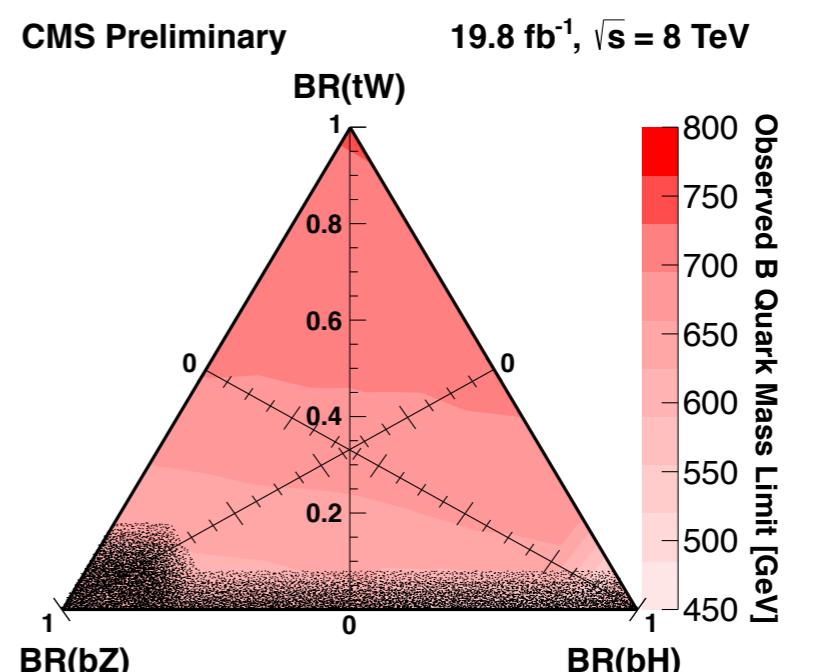


BB single lepton limits

CMS B2G-12-019



Observed



No significant excess of events found.

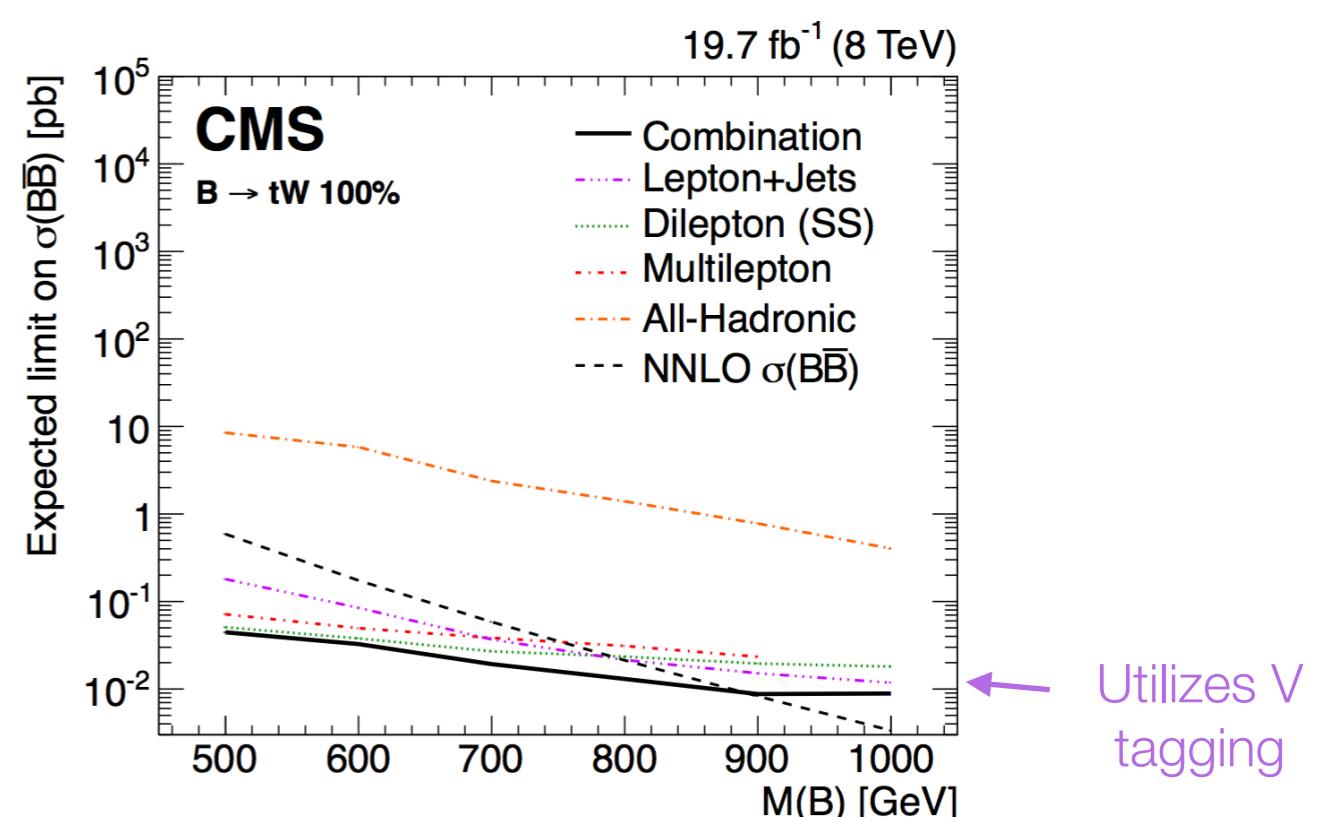
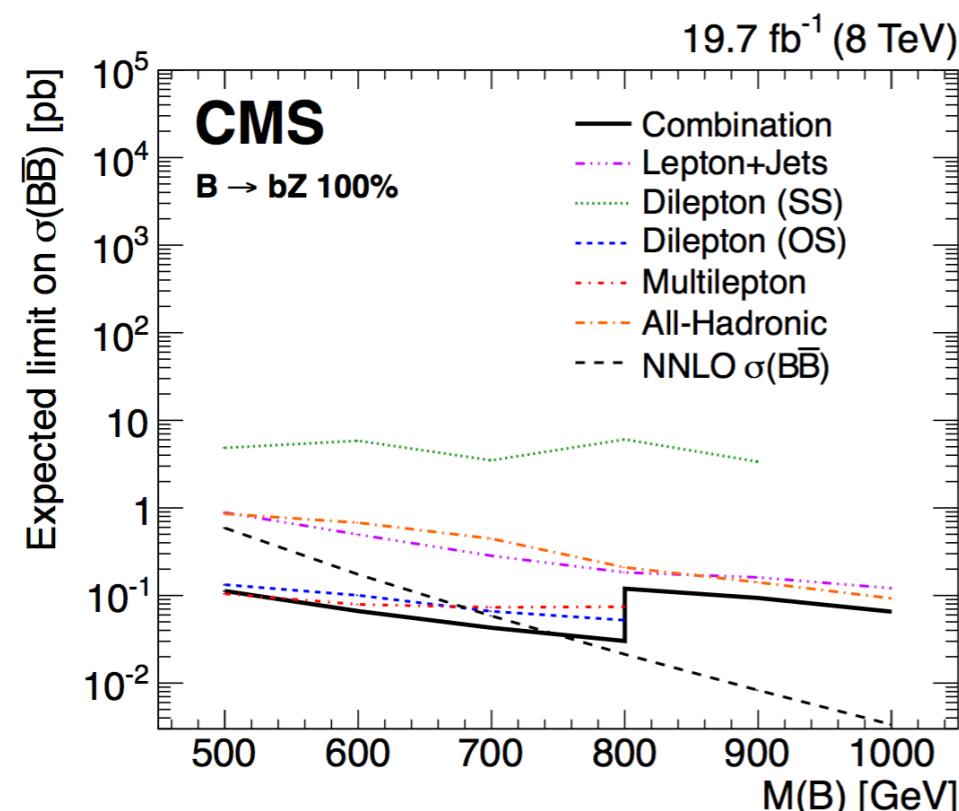
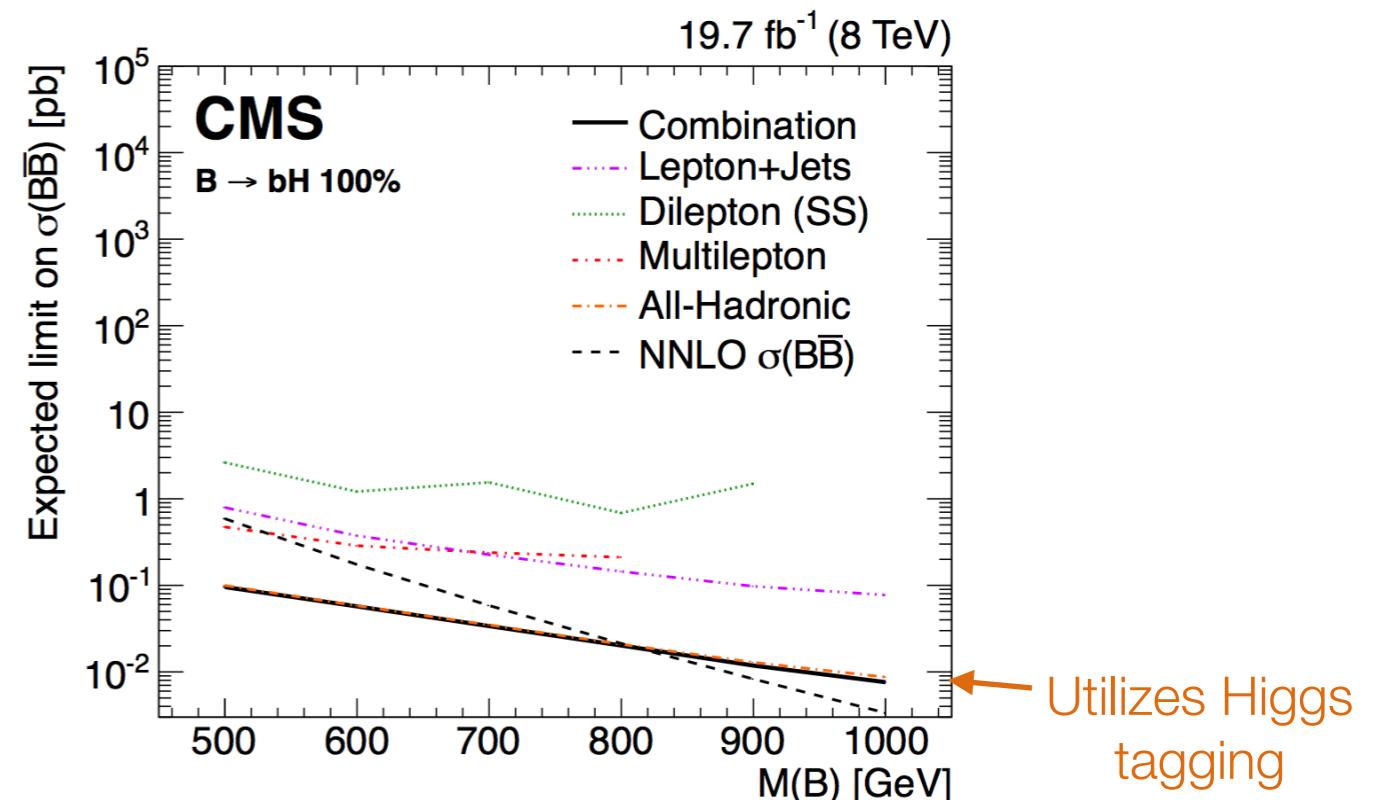
B excluded at 95% CL below 582-732 GeV
(depending on the branching ratio)

This analysis is most sensitive to the $b' \rightarrow tW$ decay
(more boosted V \Rightarrow better signal/background)

BB legacy combination

CMS B2G-13-006

- Combine all BB analyses
 - Lepton + jets
 - Same sign lepton pair
 - Opposite sign lepton pair
 - Multilepton
 - All-hadronic ($T \rightarrow bH$)



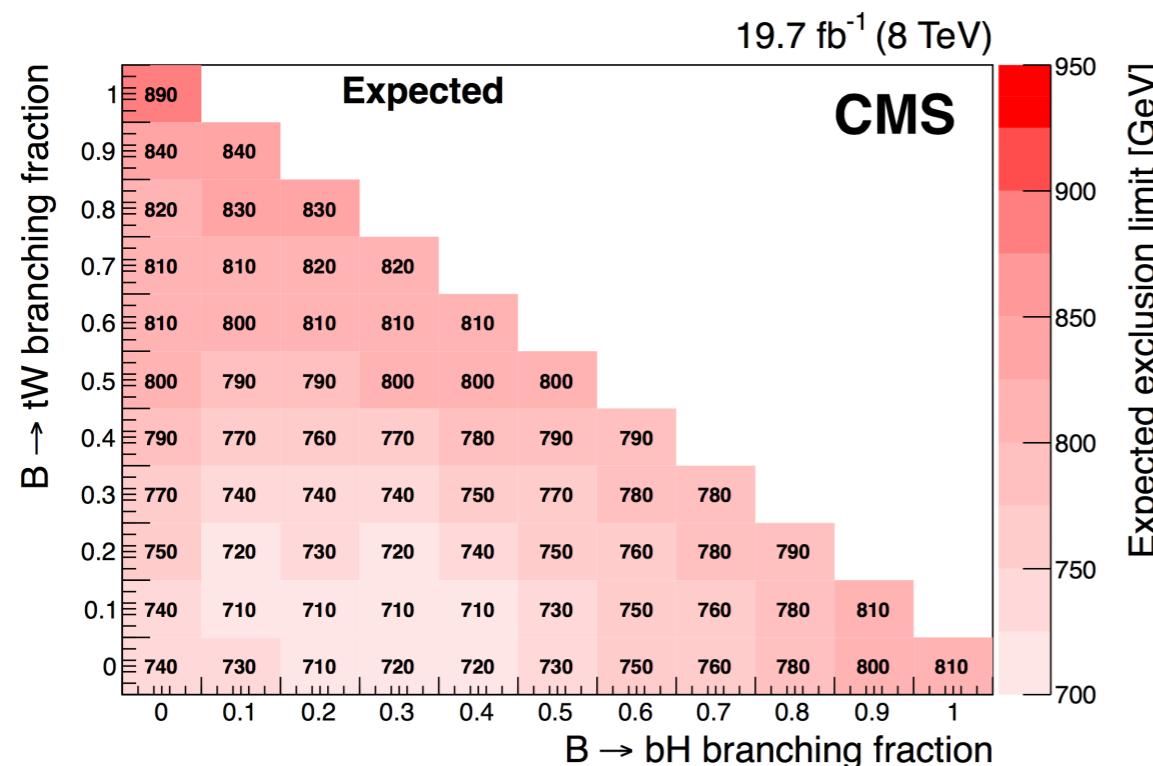
BB legacy combination results

No significant excess of events found

B quark is excluded at 95% CL below
740-900 GeV (depending on the
branching ratio)

Limits assuming 100% BR to the
following channels

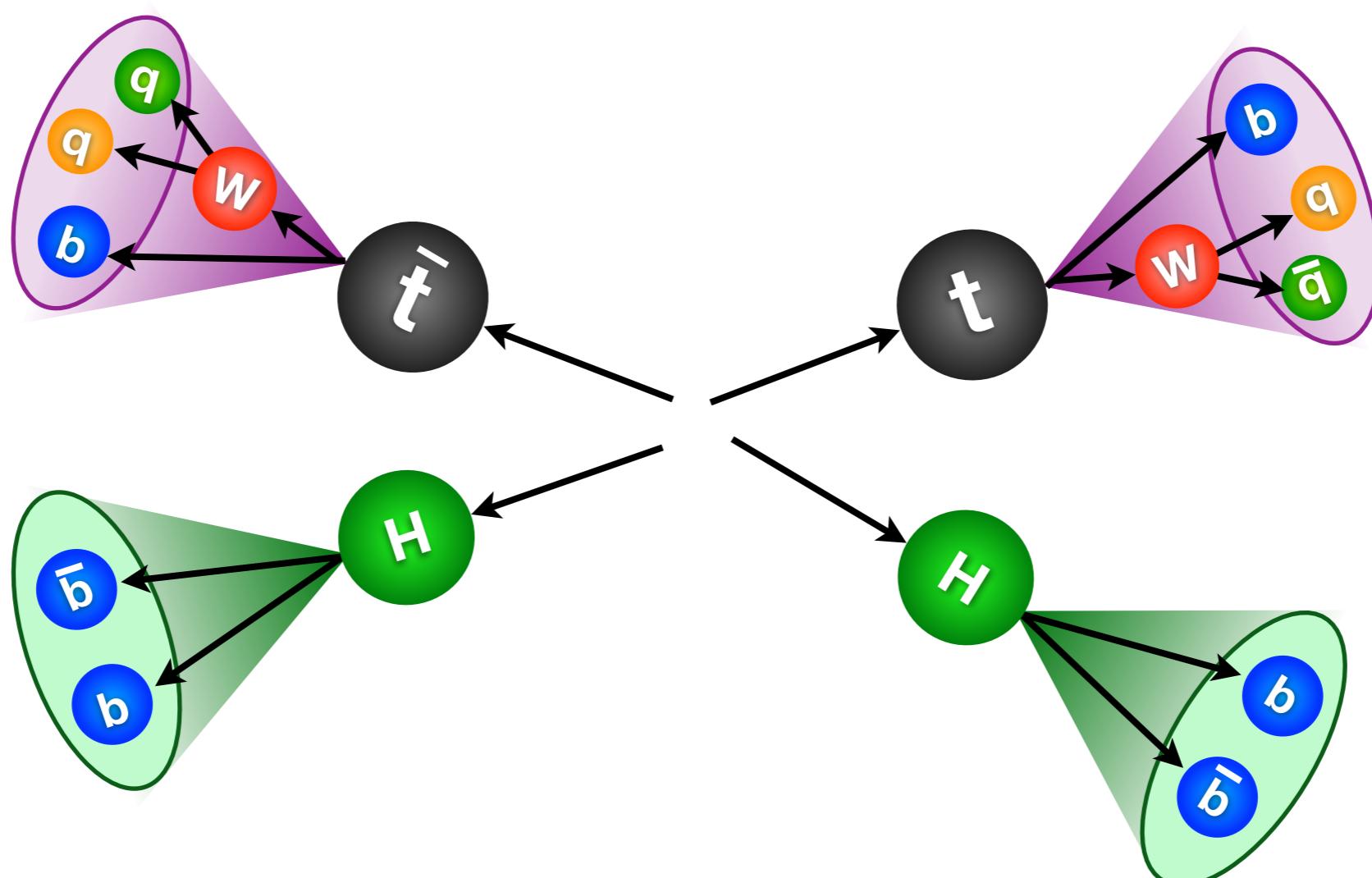
95% CL $M(B)$ exclusion limit [GeV]		
	Expected	Observed
$B \rightarrow tW$	890	880
$B \rightarrow bH$	810	900
$B \rightarrow bZ$	740	750



$T_{2/3} \bar{T}_{2/3} \rightarrow tH\bar{t}H$ all-hadronic

- Search for pair produced $T_{2/3}$
- Optimized for the tH decay channel
- Consider hadronic decays of both t and H
- $T_{2/3}$ is heavy $\Rightarrow t$ and H will be boosted \Rightarrow utilize t -tagging and H -tagging

CMS B2G-14-002



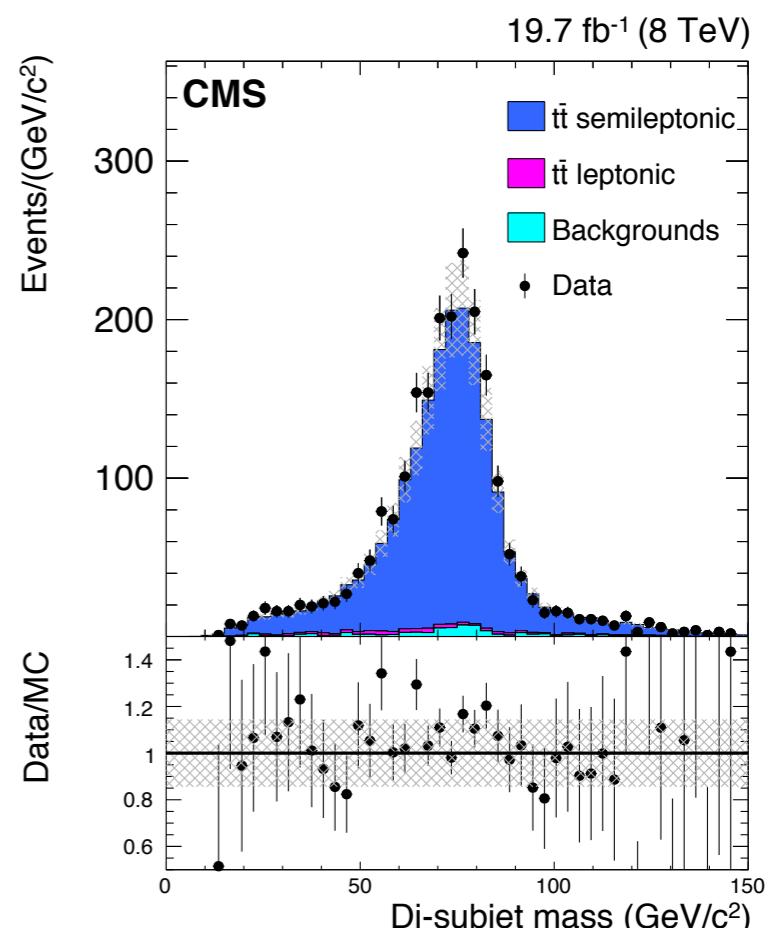
$T\bar{T} \rightarrow tH\bar{t}H$ analysis strategy

CMS B2G-14-002

- Cluster with large R jets (Cambridge Aachen R=1.5)
- Apply jet filtering (R=0.3, N=3)
- Basic selection
 - $\text{HT} > 720 \text{ GeV}$ ($\text{HT} = \text{sum } p_T \text{ of all subjets contained within CA15 } p_T > 150 \text{ jets}$)
 - 1 t-tagged jet with $p_T > 200$
 - 1 H-tagged jet with $p_T > 150$
- Split the events passing the basic selection into two categories:
 1. Events with 1 H-tag
 2. Events with ≥ 2 H-tags
- Search in HT and m_{bb} (combined into a single discriminant with a likelihood ratio)

t-tag = CA15 jet tagged with HEP Top Tagger (HTT) and one filtered subjet b-tag

H-tag = CA15 jet with 2 filtered subjet b-tags and pairwise b-tagged subjet mass $> 60 \text{ GeV}$

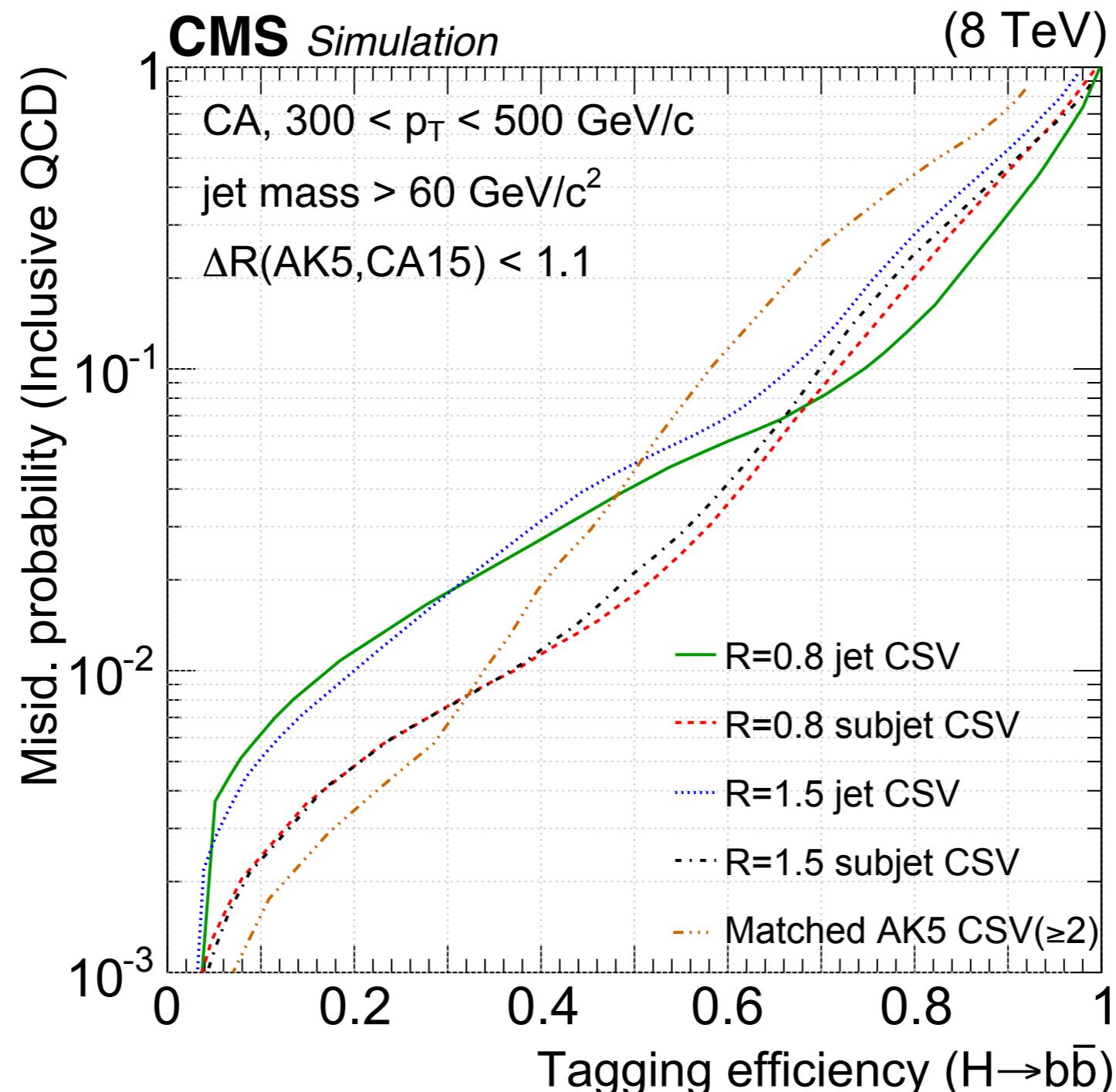


Higgs tagging with b -tagged subjets

CMS B2G-14-002

see also

CMS BTV-13-001



For 50% Higgs tagging efficiency:

Double subjet b -tag > 2 matched AK5 b -tagged jets > 1 b -tagged fat jet

$T\bar{T} \rightarrow tH\bar{t}H$ background estimation

CMS B2G-14-002

D = signal

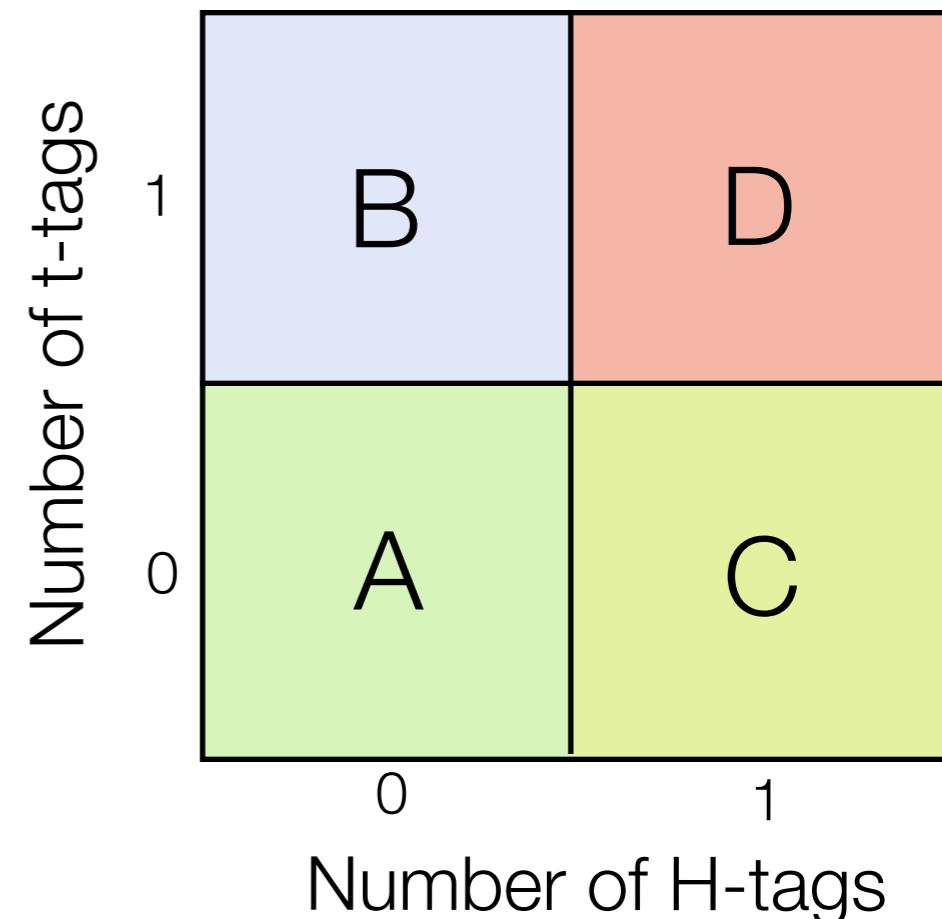
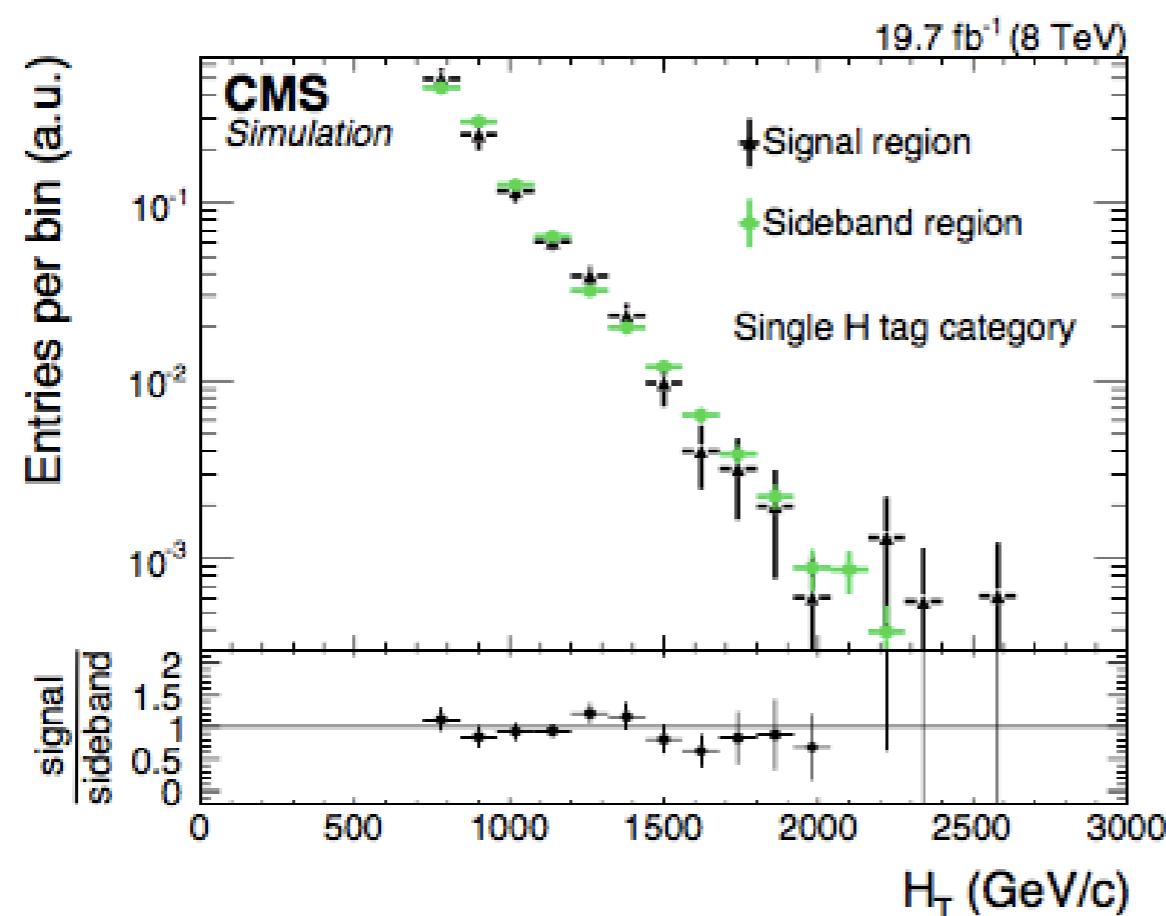
C - Invert T-tag (HTT top mass window and W mass window)

Require 1 H-tag

B - Invert H tag mass requirement (keep double b-tag)

Require 1 t-tag

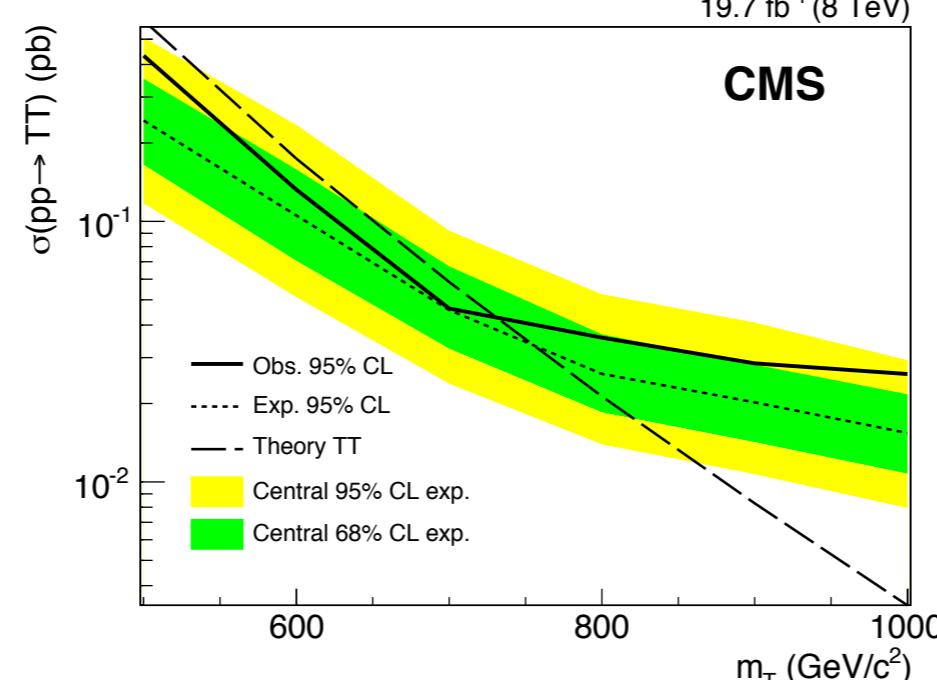
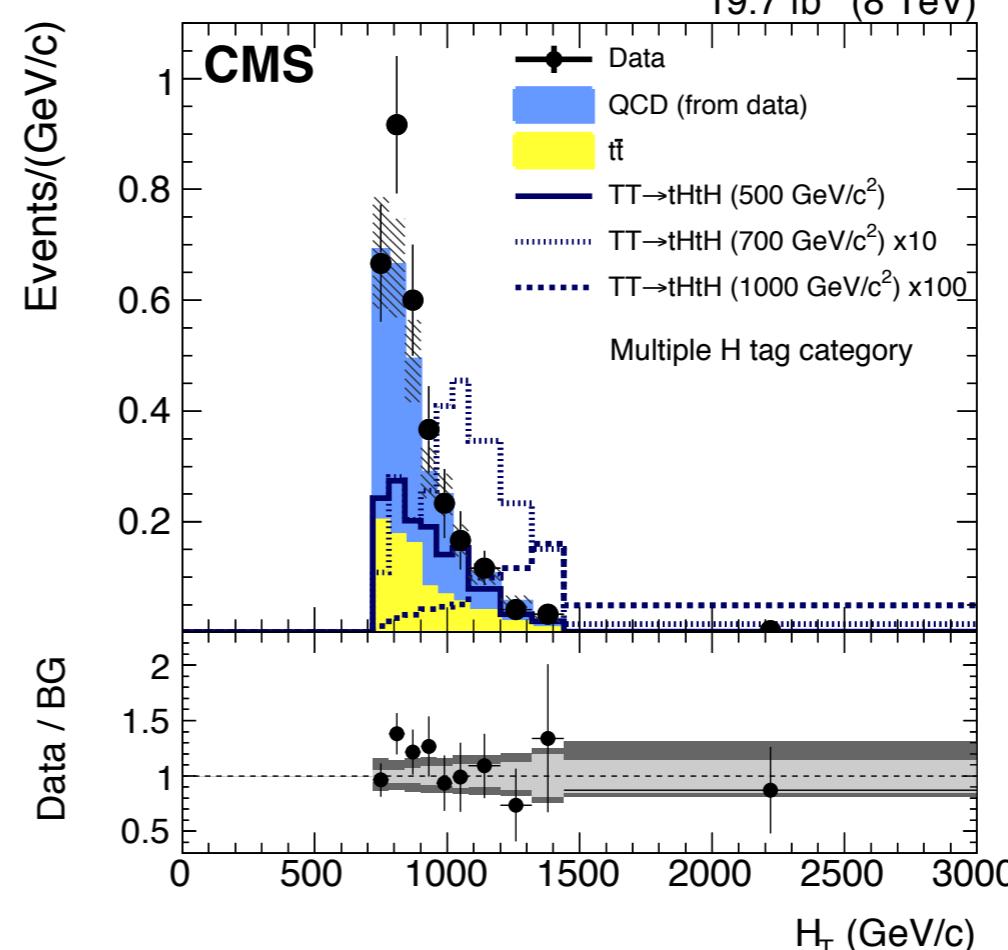
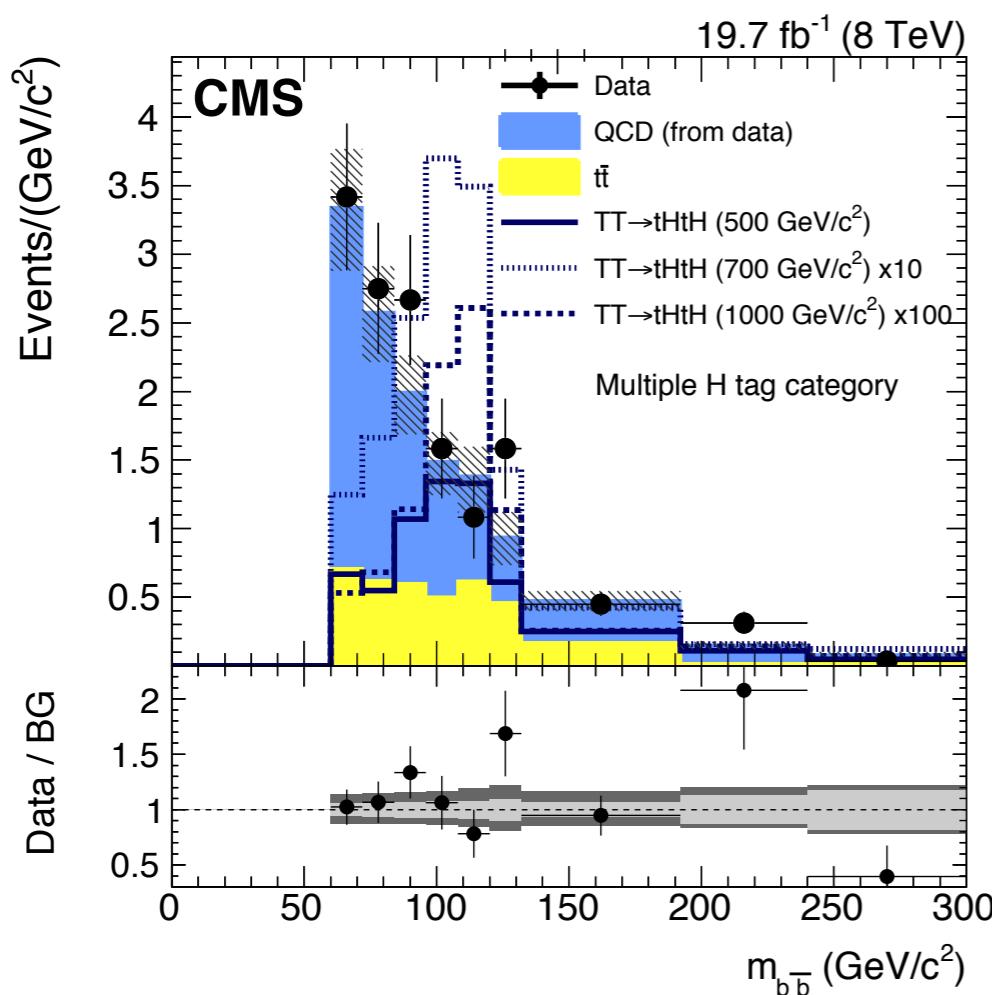
A - Invert H tag and t tag



$$R_D = R_B \frac{R_C}{R_A}$$

$T\bar{T} \rightarrow tHtH$ results

CMS B2G-14-002

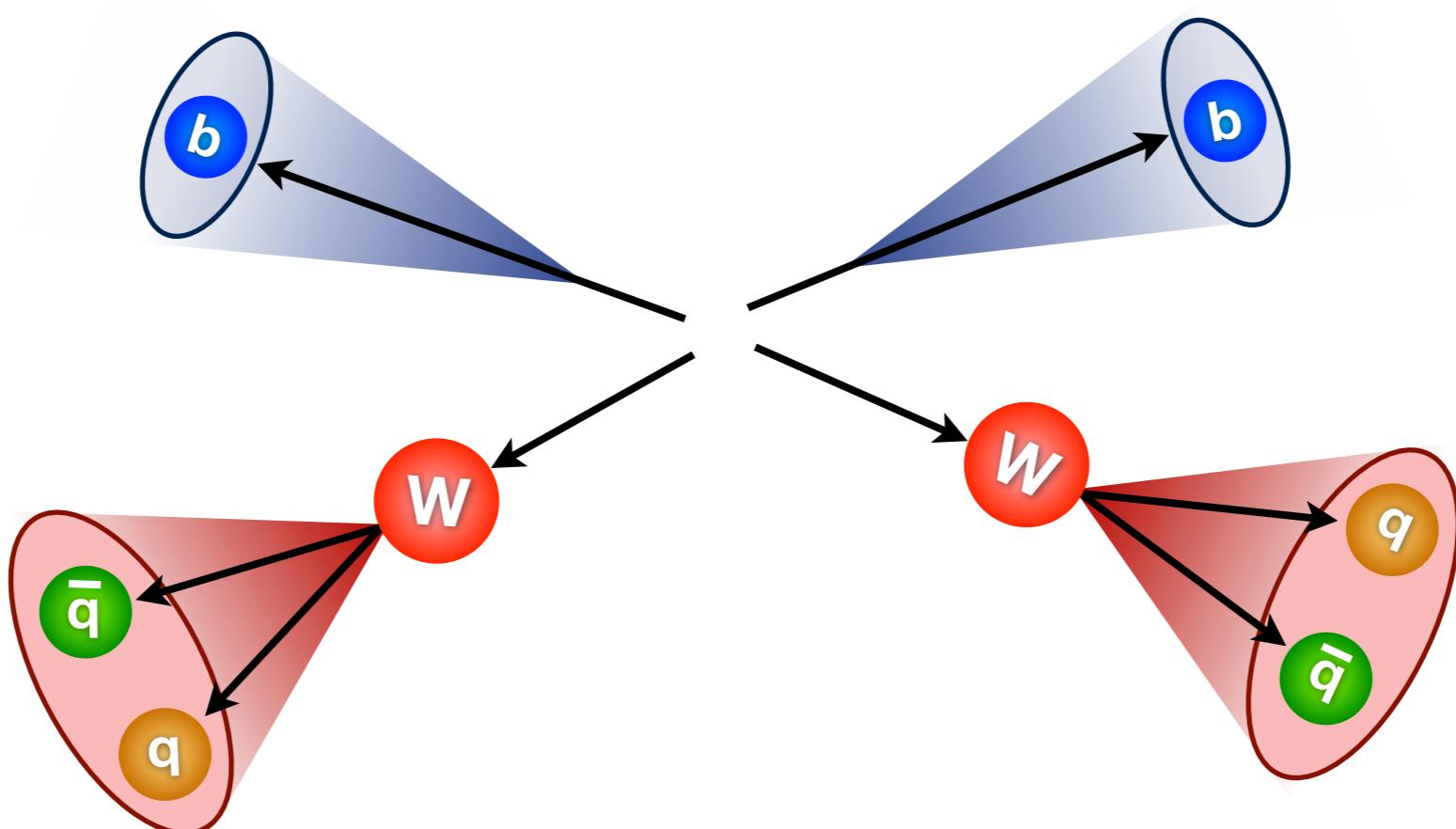


For $\text{BR}(tH)=100\%$
Exclude below 745 GeV at 95%
confidence level
Expected limit 773 GeV

$T_{2/3} \bar{T}_{2/3} \rightarrow bW\bar{b}W$ all-hadronic

- Search for pair produced $T_{2/3}$
- Optimized for the bW decay channel
- Consider hadronic decays of both b and W
- $T_{2/3}$ is heavy $\Rightarrow W$ will be boosted \Rightarrow utilize W -tagging

CMS B2G-12-013

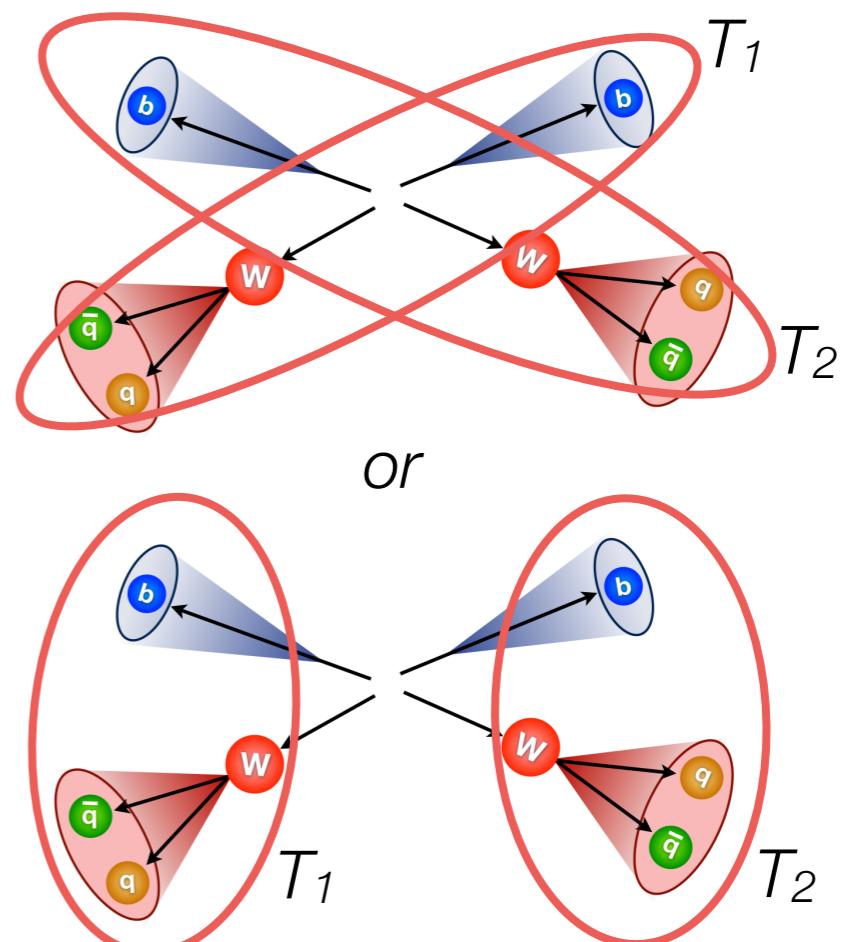


$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ analysis strategy

CMS B2G-12-013

- Trigger $\text{HT} > 750 \text{ GeV}$
- Cluster with CA $R=0.8$ and AK $R=0.5$ algorithms
- Basic selection
 - 2 W-tagged CA8 jets ($p_T > 150$)
 - 2 AK5 jets ($p_T > 50$) with $\Delta R(\text{CA8}, \text{AK5}) > 0.8$
 - Define 2 T quark candidates by minimizing the mass difference between all combinations of 1 CA8 jet and 1 AK5 jet
 - Require T quark candidate mass $> 200 \text{ GeV}$
 - Require azimuthal separation for T quark candidates $\Delta\phi(T_1, T_2) > 5\pi/6$
 - Both T candidates should be close in mass
 - Require fractional mass difference $a_f < 0.1$
 - $a_f \equiv |(m_{T_1} - m_{T_2})| / (m_{T_1} + m_{T_2})$
 - $\text{ST} > 1000 \text{ GeV}$
- Define 2 categories $N_{\text{btag}} = 1$ and $N_{\text{btag}} \geq 2$

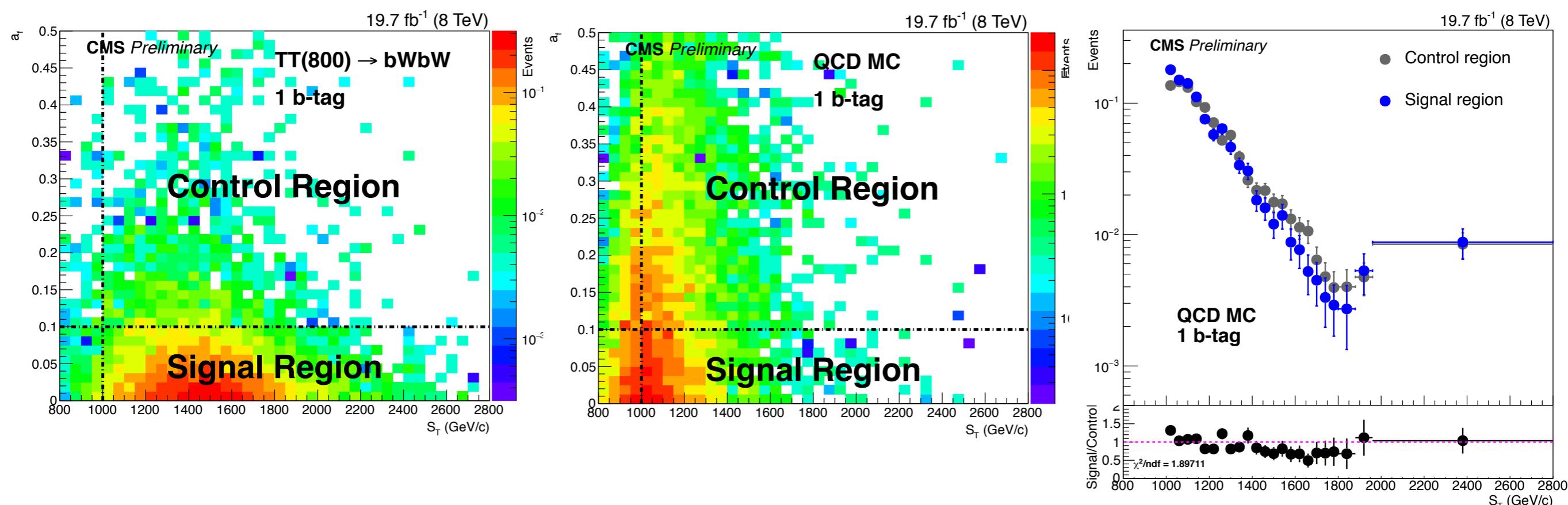
W-tag =
CA8 jet ($p_T > 150$)
 $60 < m_{\text{prune}} < 100$
subjet mass drop < 0.4



$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ QCD multijet background estimation

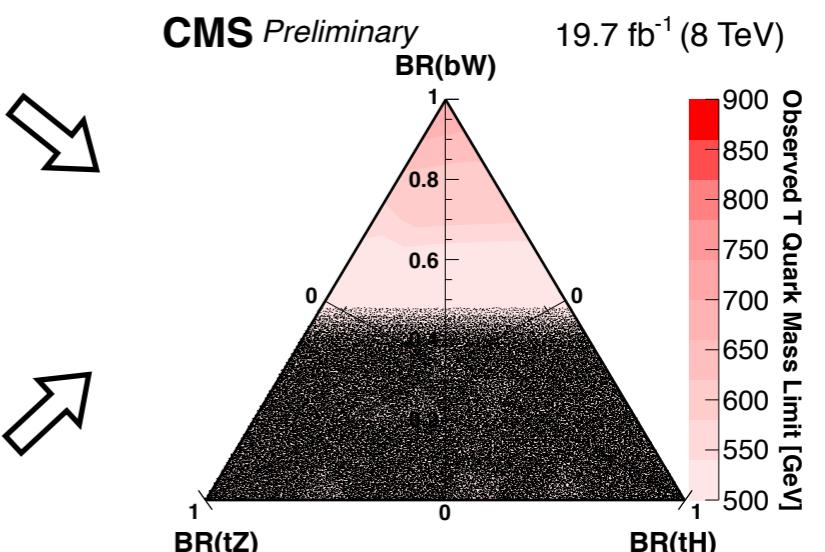
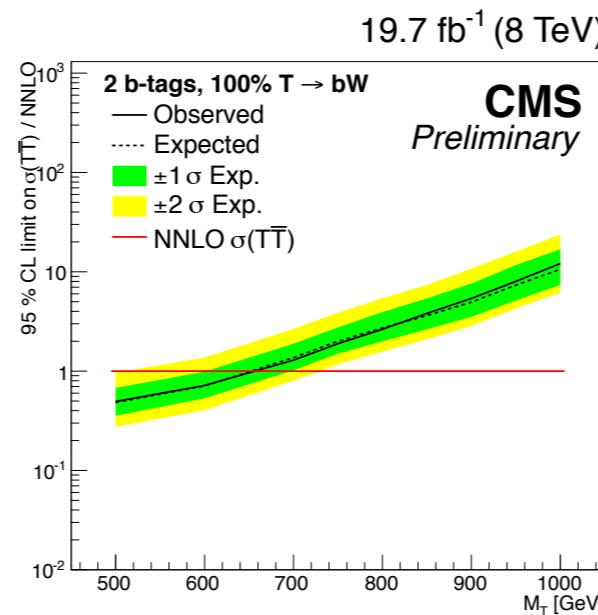
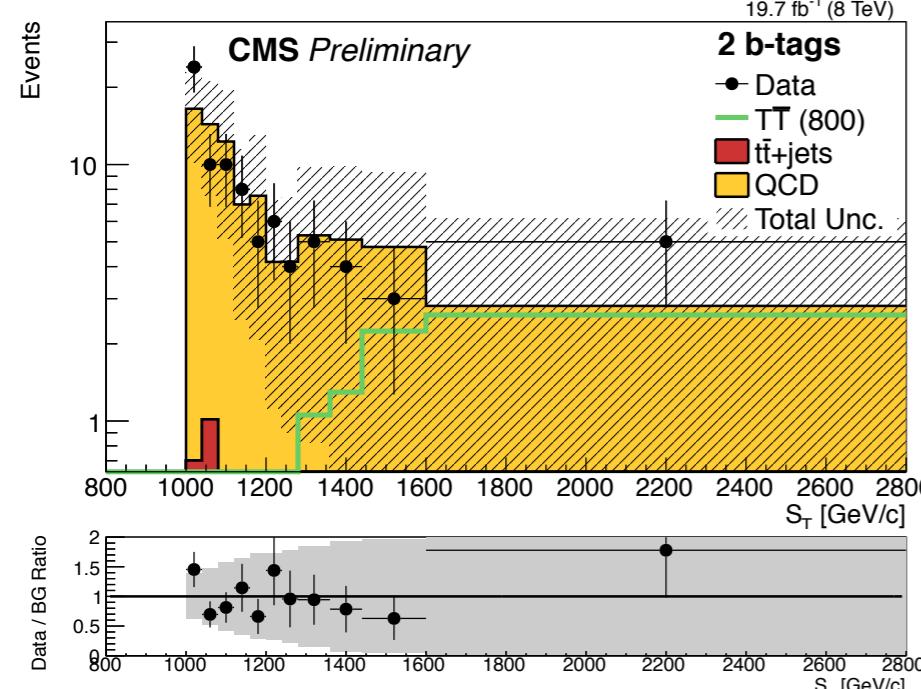
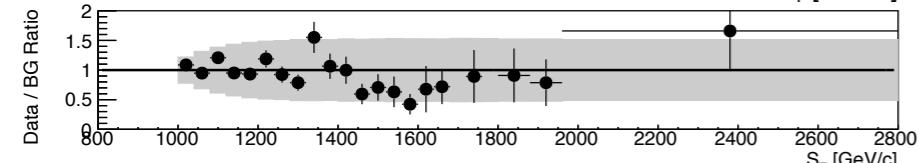
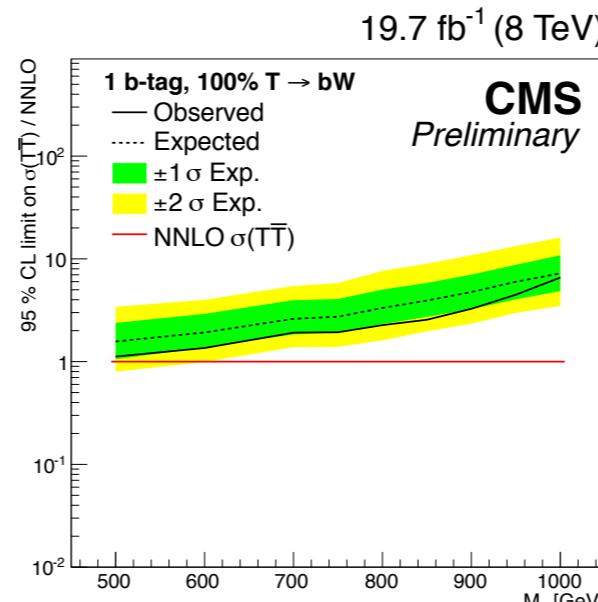
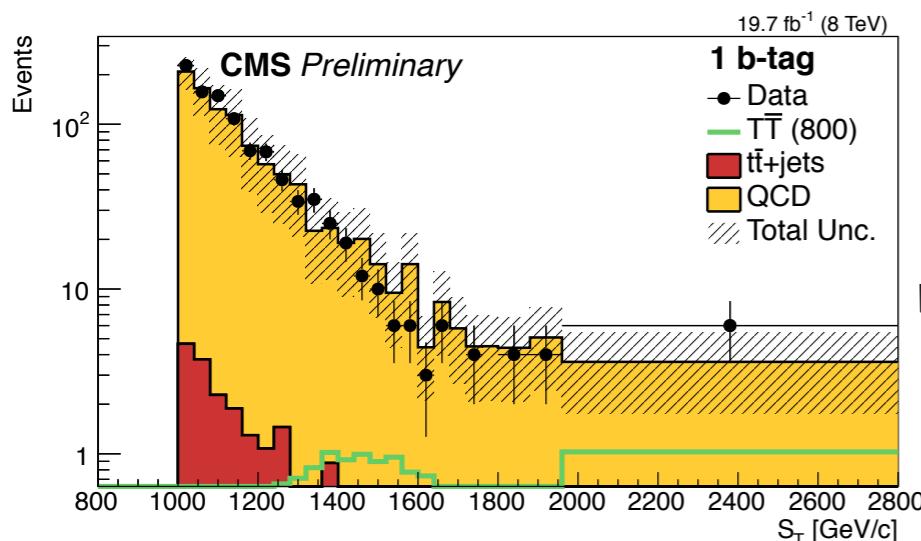
CMS B2G-12-013

- Define a control region by inverting the fractional mass difference requirement
 - Signal: $a_f < 0.1$
 - Control: $a_f > 0.1$
- Use control region ST distribution to estimate the QCD background shape. Allow normalization to float during the limit setting.
 - Use the shape difference between the CR and SR in QCD MC as a systematic uncertainty



$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ results

CMS B2G-12-013



For $\text{BR}(bW) = 100\%$
 T quarks with masses below
 $705 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ are excluded at
the 95% confidence level

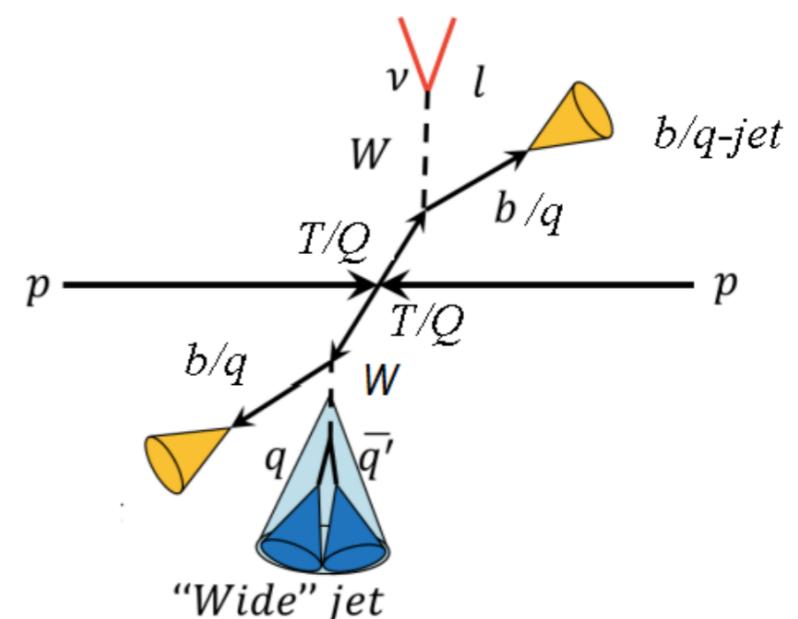
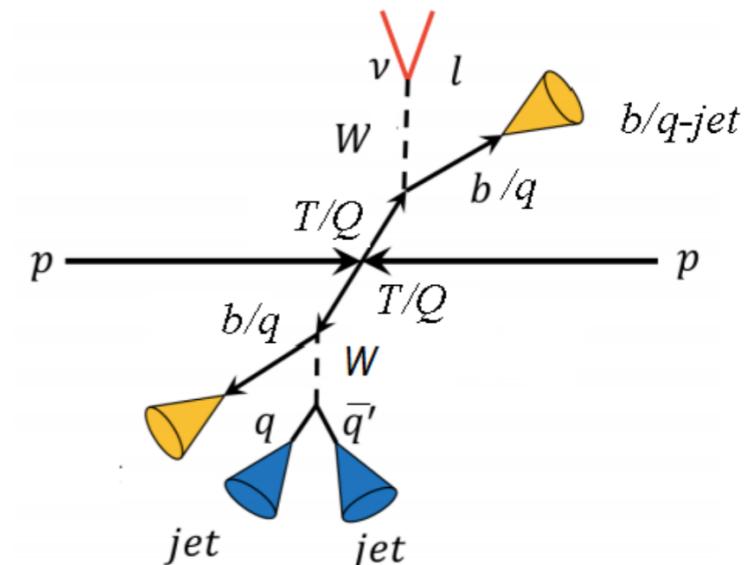
$T_{2/3} \bar{T}_{2/3} \rightarrow bW\bar{b}W$ lepton + jets

CMS B2G-12-017

- Search for pair produced $T_{2/3}$ or $Q_{2/3}$
- Optimized for the bW decay channel
- Lepton + jets final state
- $T_{2/3}$ is heavy $\Rightarrow W$ will be boosted \Rightarrow utilize W-tagging
 - Novel hybrid resolved+boosted approach (kinematic fitter with subjets)

Two decay hypotheses:

- (1) $T\bar{T} \rightarrow bW^+\bar{b}W^- \rightarrow b\ell\nu\bar{b}q\bar{q}'$
- (2) $Q\bar{Q} \rightarrow qW^+\bar{q}W^- \rightarrow q\ell\nu\bar{q}q\bar{q}'$



- b-tag - main background = $t\bar{t}$
- anti b-tagged - main background = $W+jets$

$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ lepton + jets analysis strategy

CMS B2G-12-017

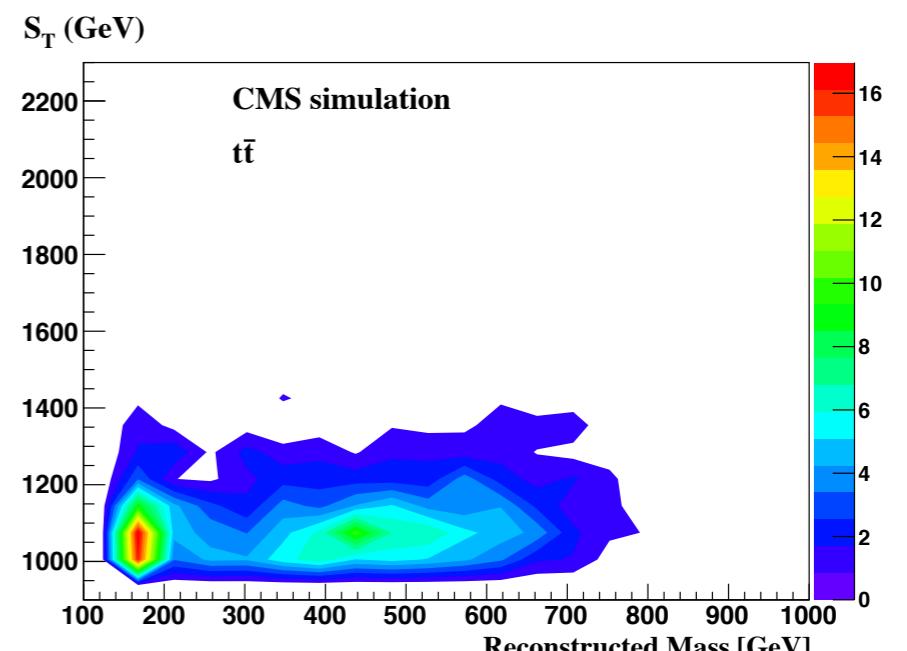
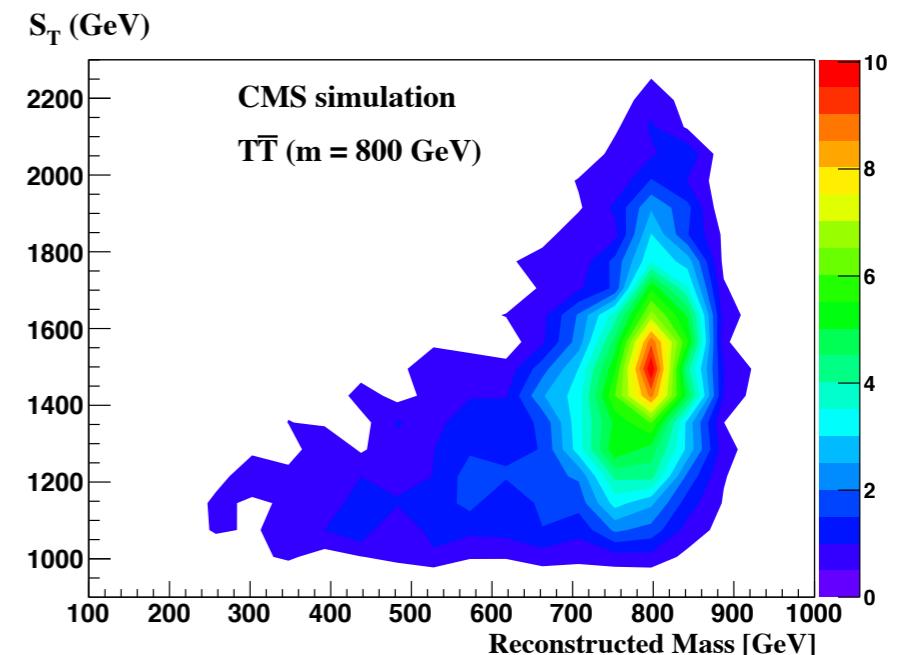
- Event selection

- 1 lepton + 4 jets + MET
 - Either 4 AK5 jets or 3 AK5 jets + 1 CA8 jet
- $S_T > 1000$ GeV
- If there is overlap with a CA8 W-tagged jet ($60 < m_{\text{prune}} < 100$, $p_T > 200$), replace AK5 jets with pruned CA8 subjets
 - After substitution of subjets, the highest p_T jets/subjets must satisfy $p_T > 120, 90, 50, 30$ GeV
- Constrained kinematic fit used to group the objects and determine the T/Q mass (M_{fit})
- Use the M_{fit} and S_T to search for signal

$$S_T = p_T^\ell + E_T^{\text{miss}} + p_T^{J_1} + p_T^{J_2} + p_T^{J_3} + p_T^{J_4}$$

$$m(\ell\nu b) = m(q\bar{q}'b) = M_{\text{fit}}$$

$$m(\ell\nu q) = m(q\bar{q}'q) = M_{\text{fit}}$$



$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ lepton + jets mass reconstruction

- Kinematic fit

- If $N_{\text{jets}} > 4$, use only 5 highest p_T jets. Check all combinations of 4 jets
- Subjets are used to decrease the combinatorics (assigned to be W decay quarks)
- b-tagging used for $T\bar{T}$ hypothesis
- quark/gluon discrimination used for QQ hypothesis

CMS B2G-12-017

$$m(\ell\nu) = M_W,$$

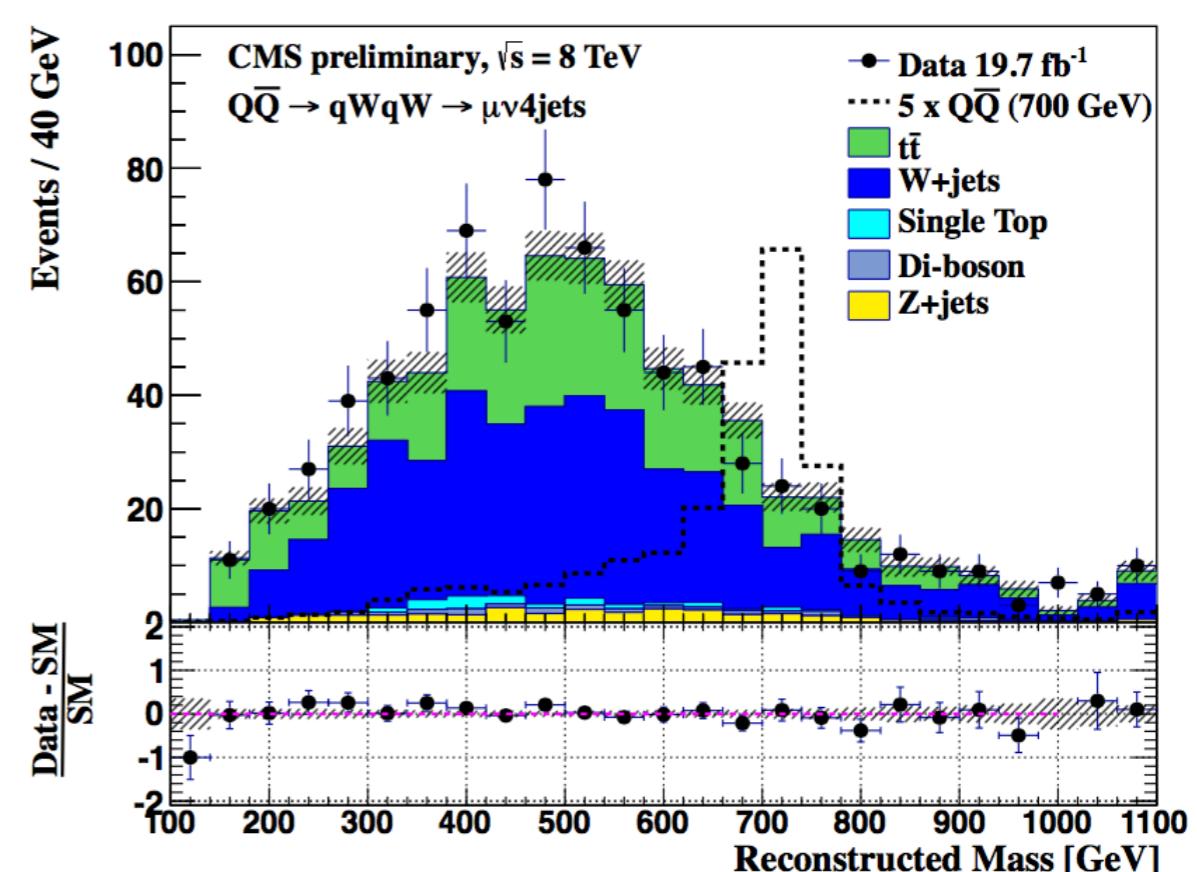
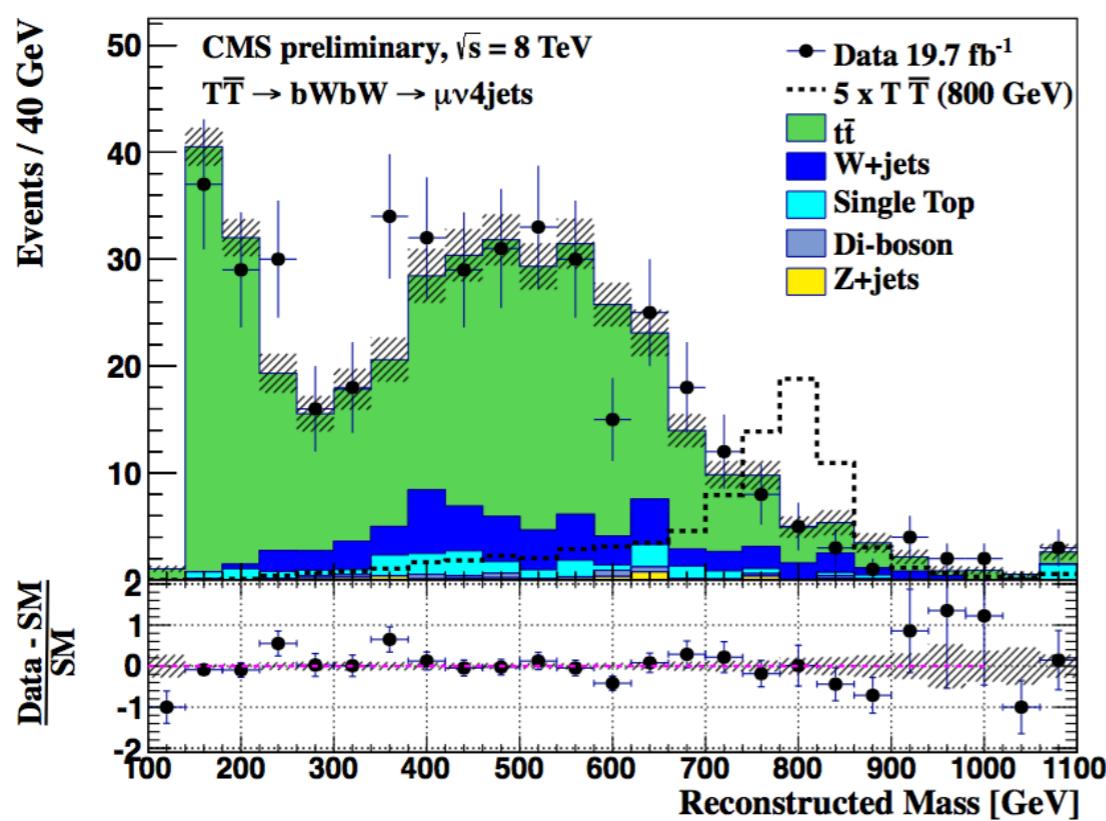
$$m(q\bar{q}') = M_W,$$

$$m(\ell\nu b) = m(q\bar{q}' b) = M_{\text{fit}}$$

$$(\text{or } m(\ell\nu q) = m(q\bar{q}' q) = M_{\text{fit}}),$$

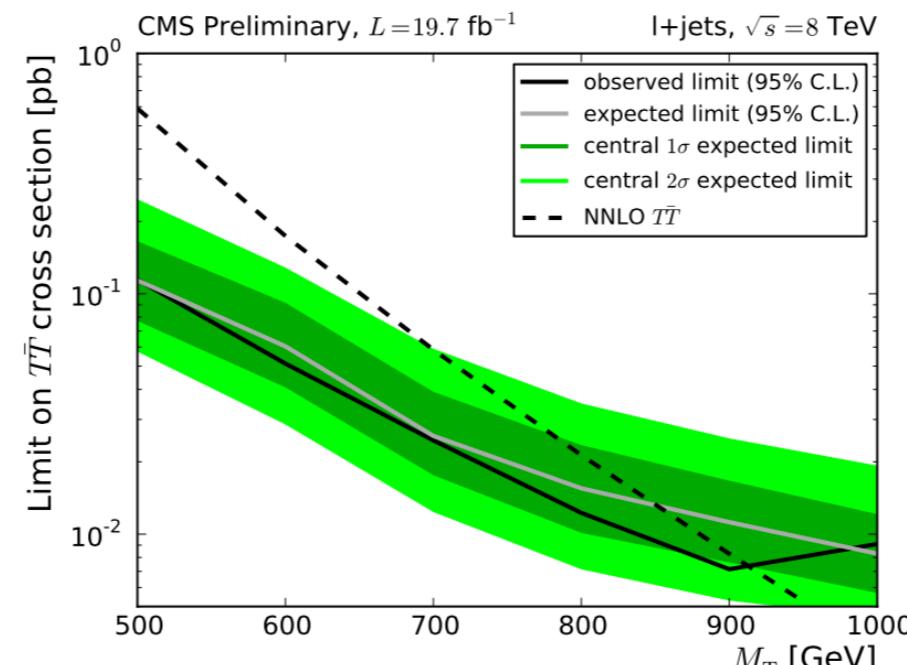
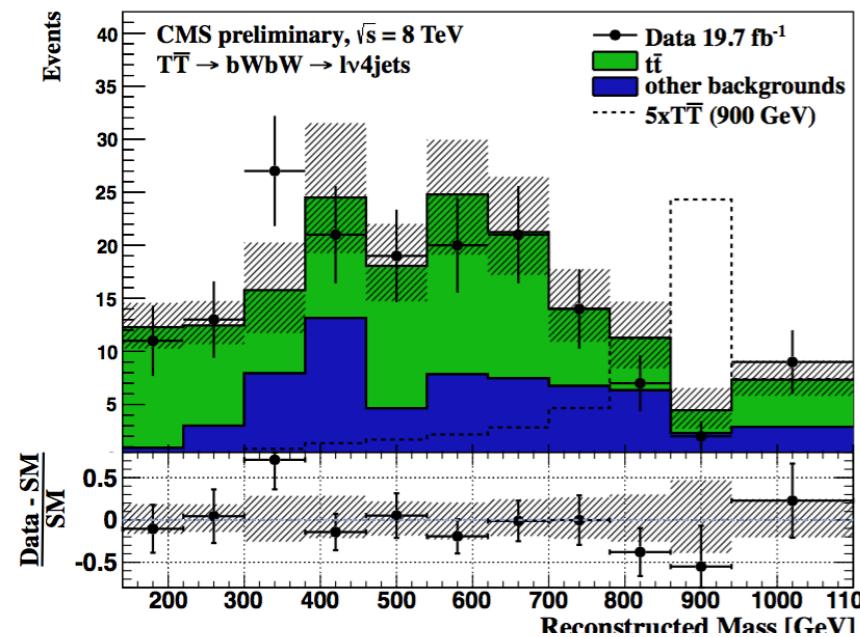
Two decay hypotheses:

- (1) $T\bar{T} \rightarrow bW^+ \bar{b}W^- \rightarrow b\ell\nu \bar{b}q\bar{q}'$
- (2) $Q\bar{Q} \rightarrow qW^+ \bar{q}W^- \rightarrow q\ell\nu \bar{q}q\bar{q}'$

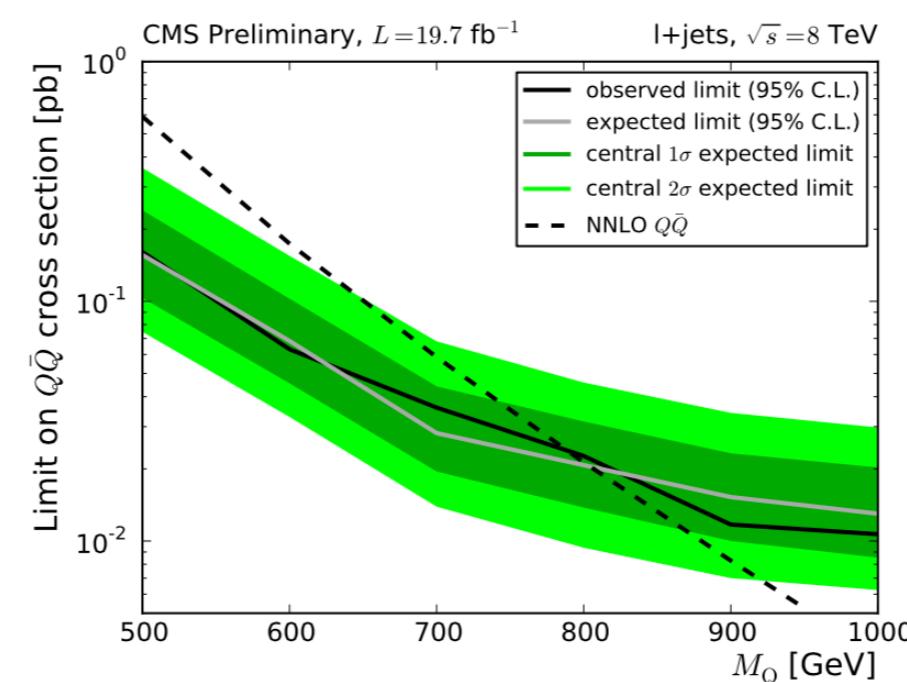
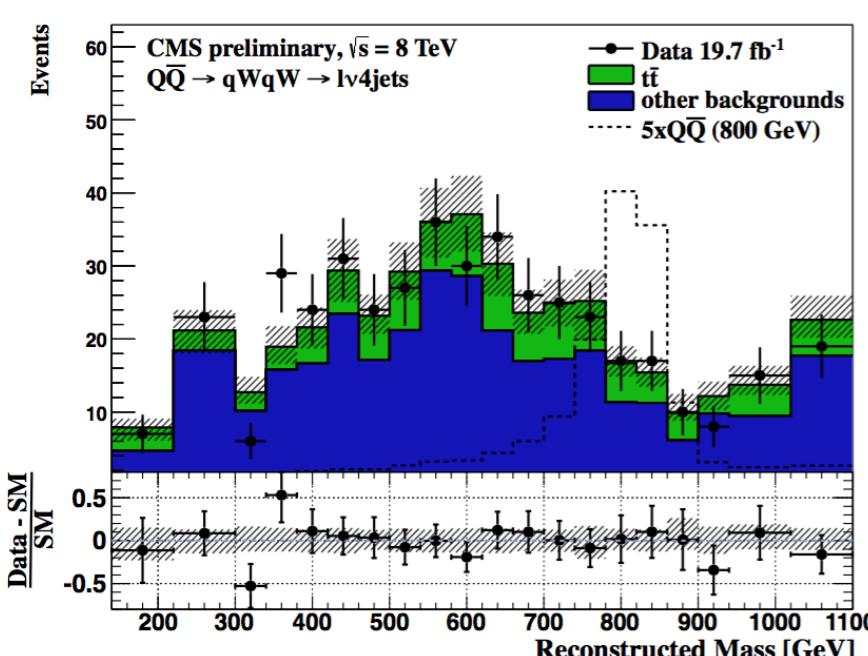


$T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW$ lepton + jets mass results

CMS B2G-12-017



Assume $\text{BR}(T \rightarrow bW) = 100\%$,
lower limit on T quark mass at
95% C.L. = 912 GeV



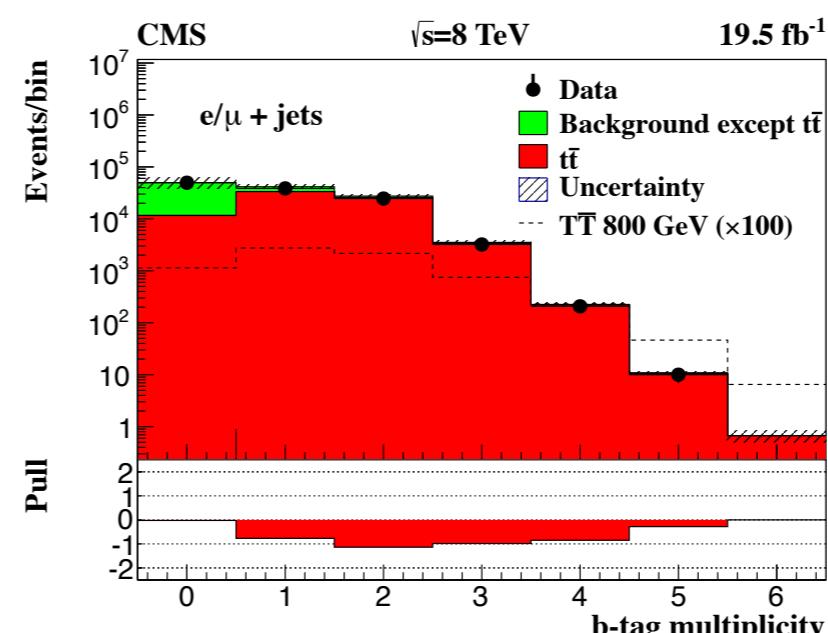
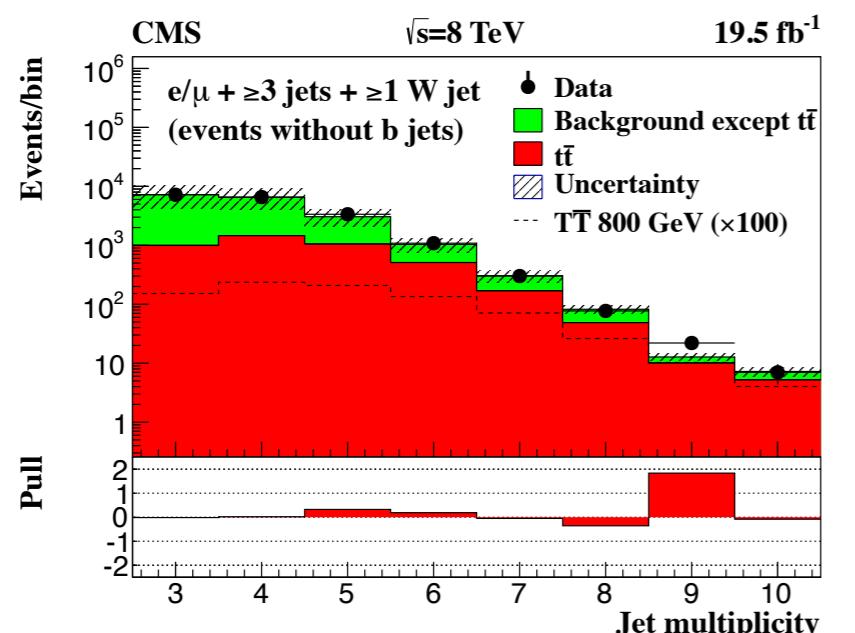
Assume $\text{BR}(Q \rightarrow bW) = 100\%$,
lower limit on Q quark mass at
95% C.L. = 788 GeV

$T_{2/3}T_{2/3}$ inclusive

CMS B2G-12-015

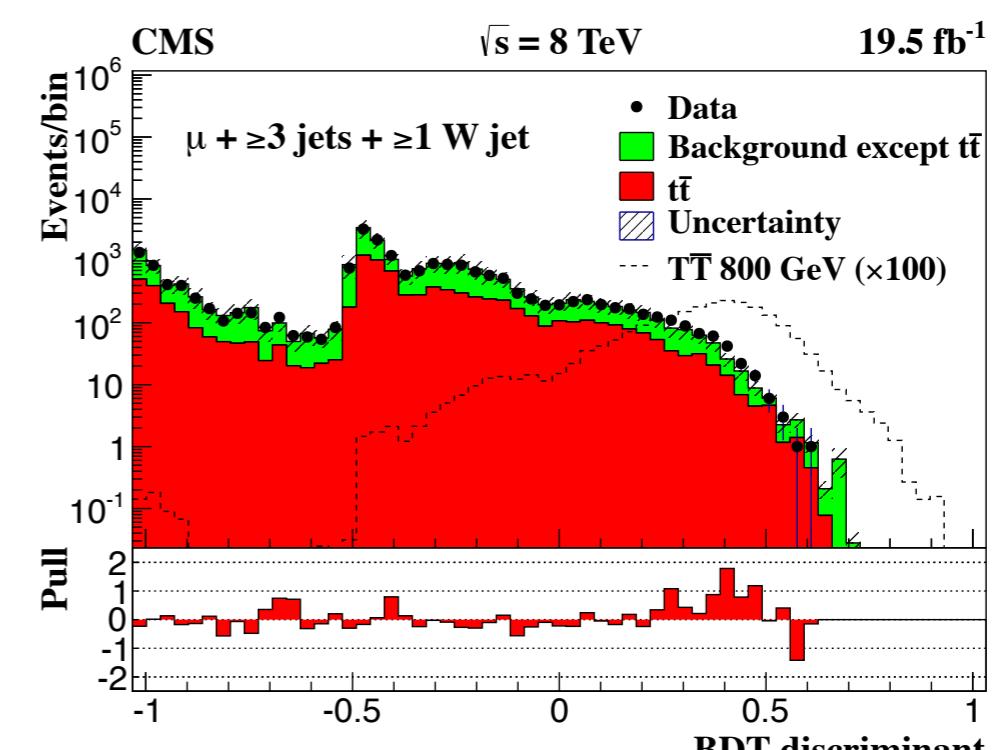
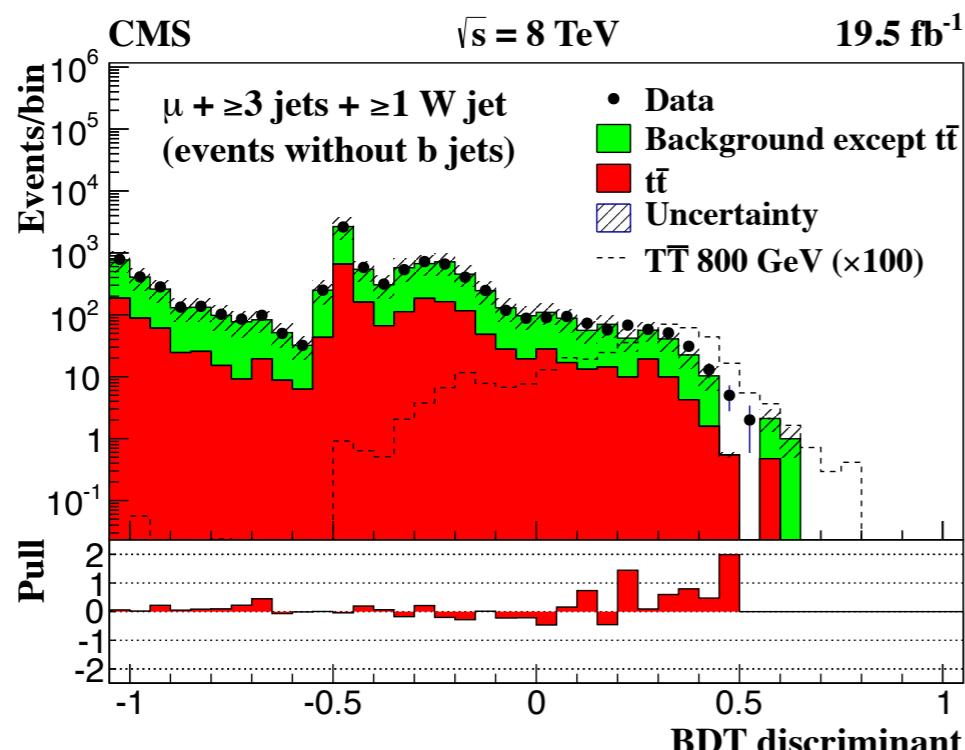
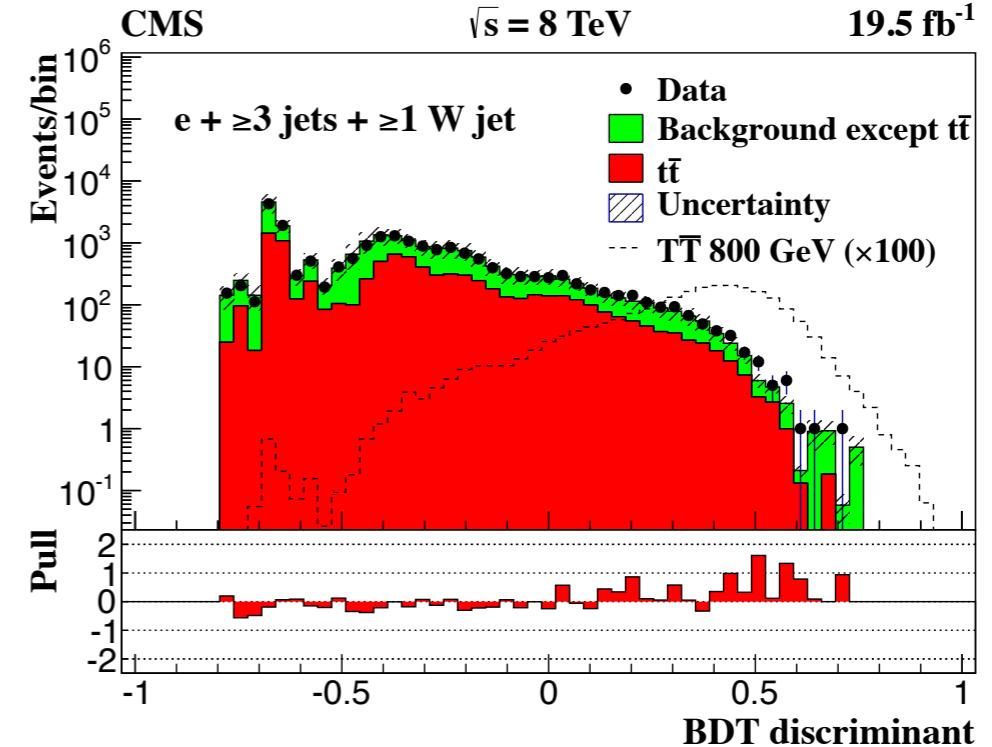
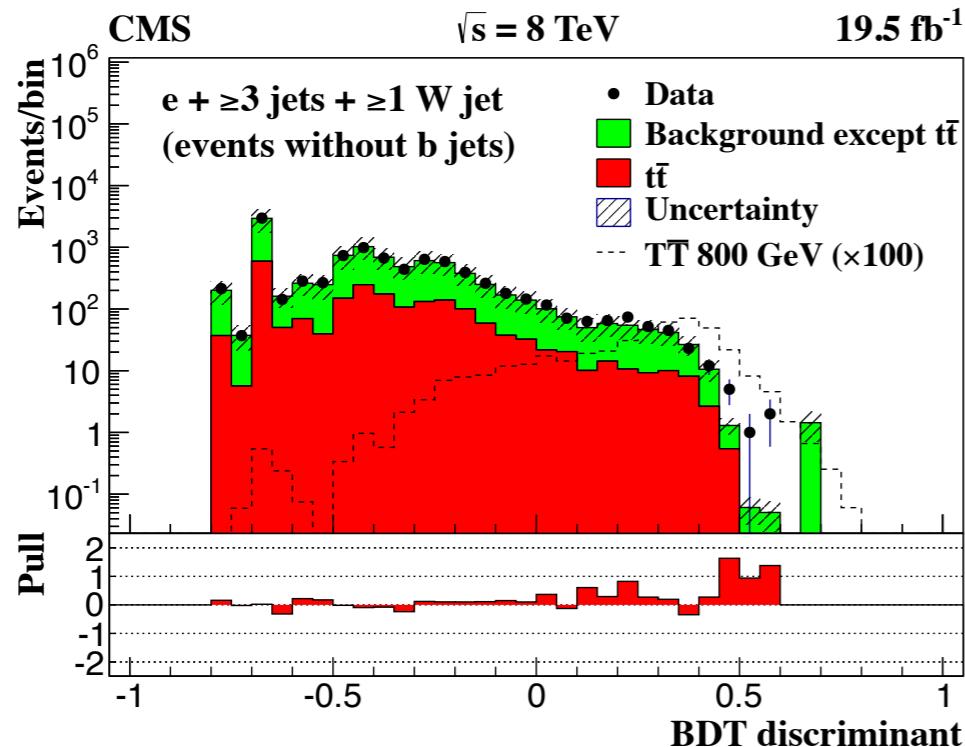
- Search for pair produced $T_{2/3}$ with ≥ 1 lepton + jets
 - $T\bar{T} \rightarrow bWbW, bWtH, bWtZ, tZtZ, tZtH, tHtH$
- Single lepton event selection
 - Isolated muon or electron ($p_T > 32$)
 - At least 3 jets ($p_T > 120, 90, 50$ GeV)
 - At least one W jet or a 4th jet with $p_T > 35$
 - MET > 20 GeV
- Multilepton event selection
 - Doesn't use V-tagging so I'll skip it

W-tag =
 $CA8$ jet ($p_T > 200$)
 $60 < m_{\text{fat}} < 130$



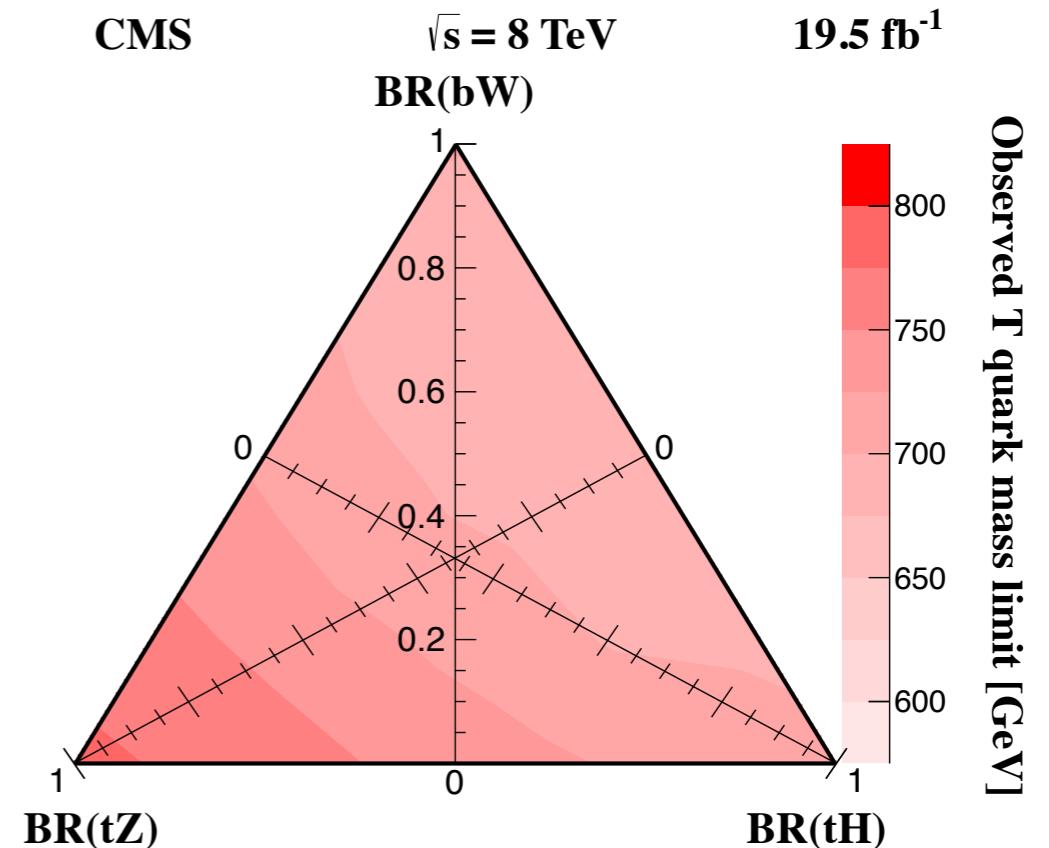
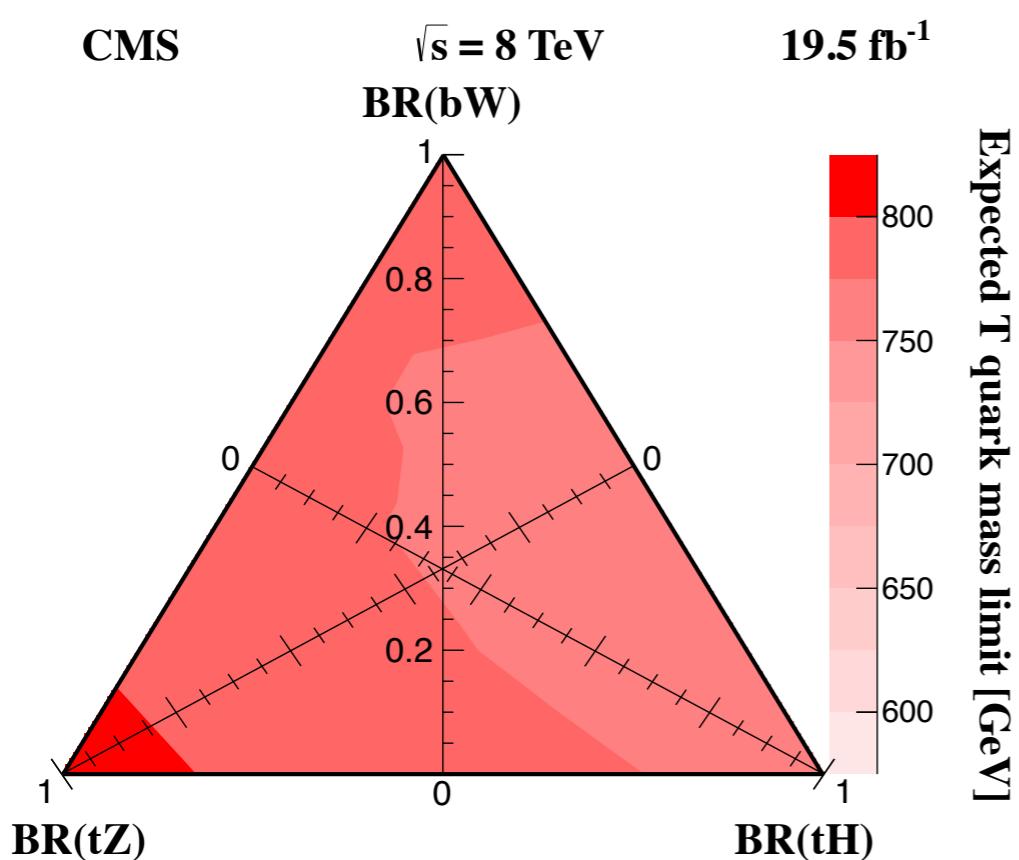
$T\bar{T}$ lepton + jets results

CMS B2G-12-015



$T\bar{T}$ lepton + jets limits

CMS B2G-12-015

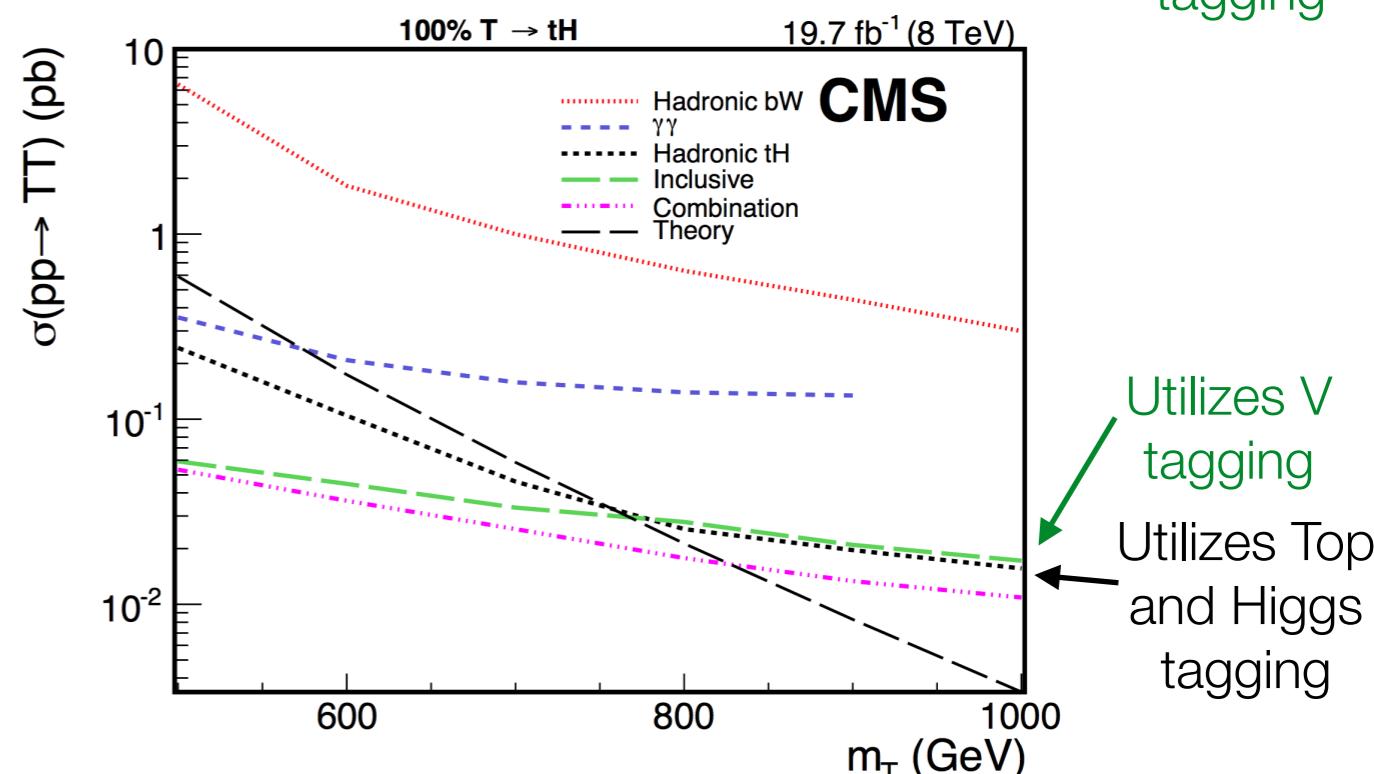
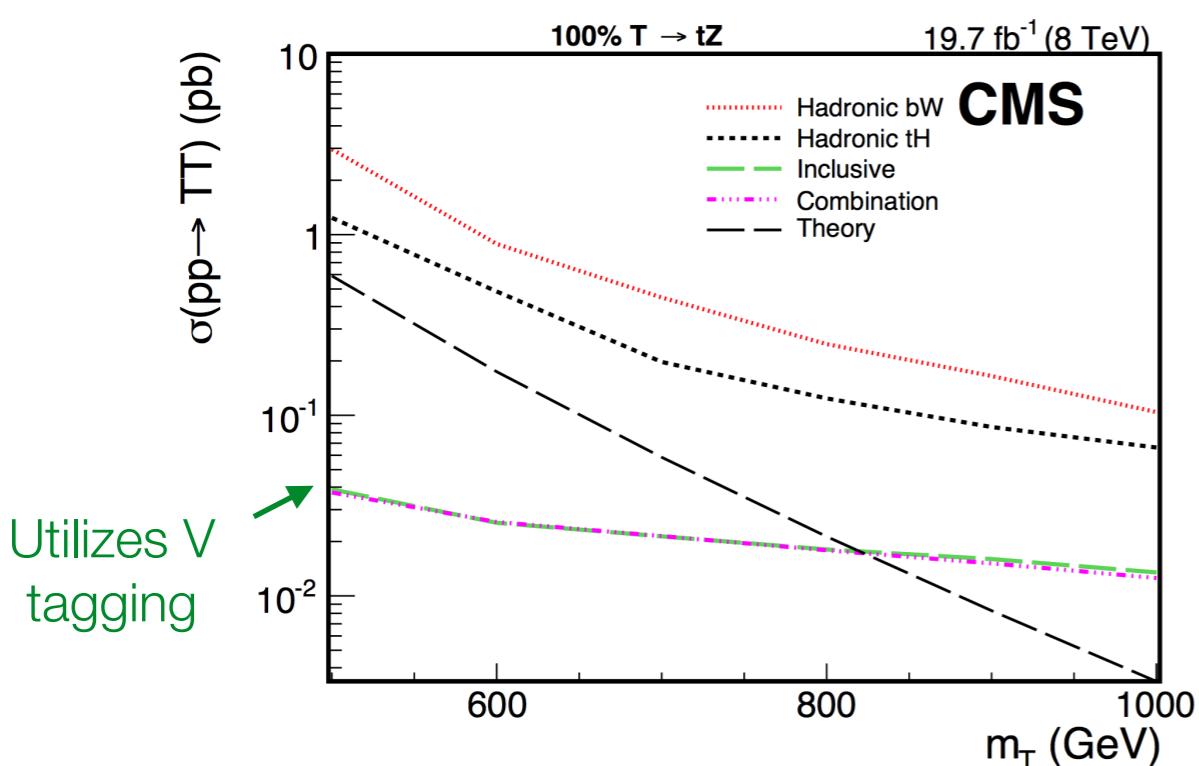
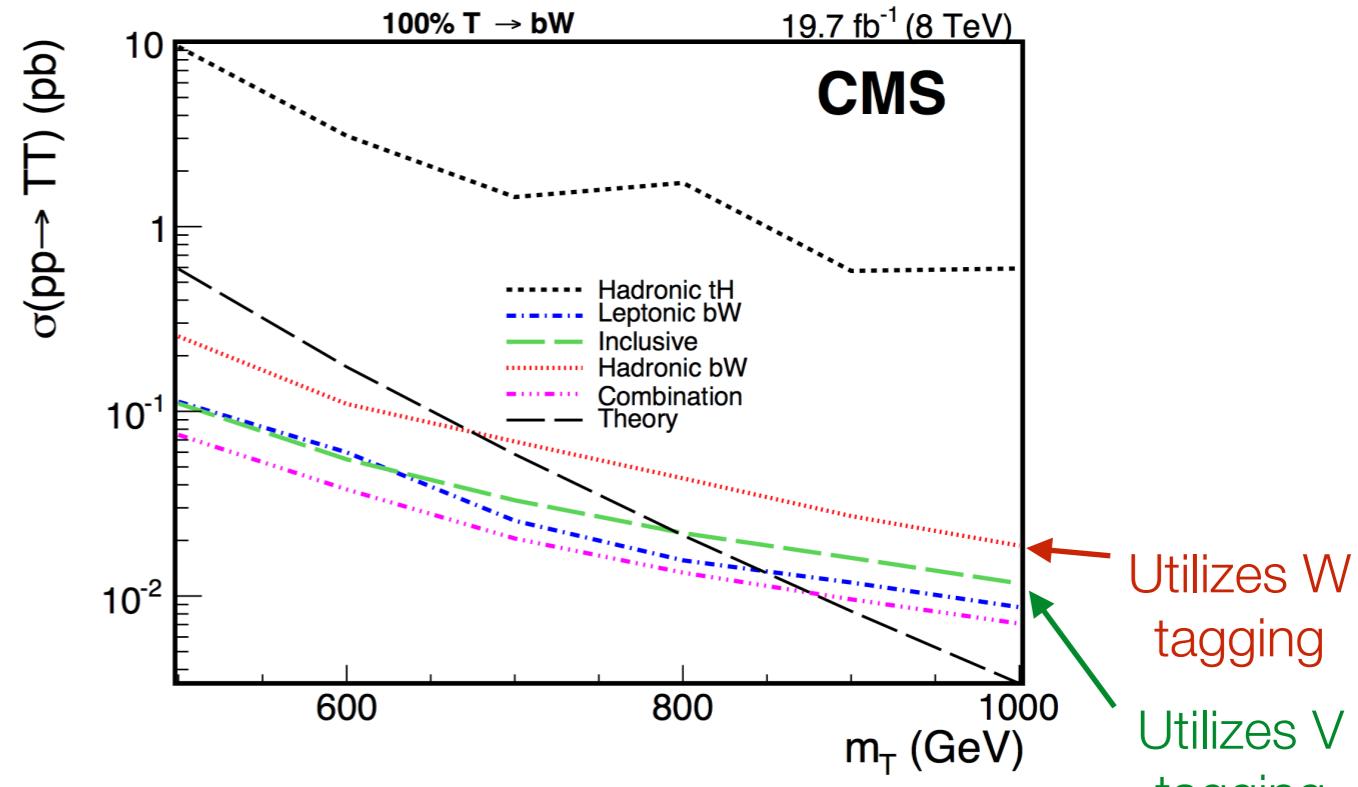


T quarks with masses below 687 - 782 GeV/c² (depending on the BR) are excluded at the 95% confidence level

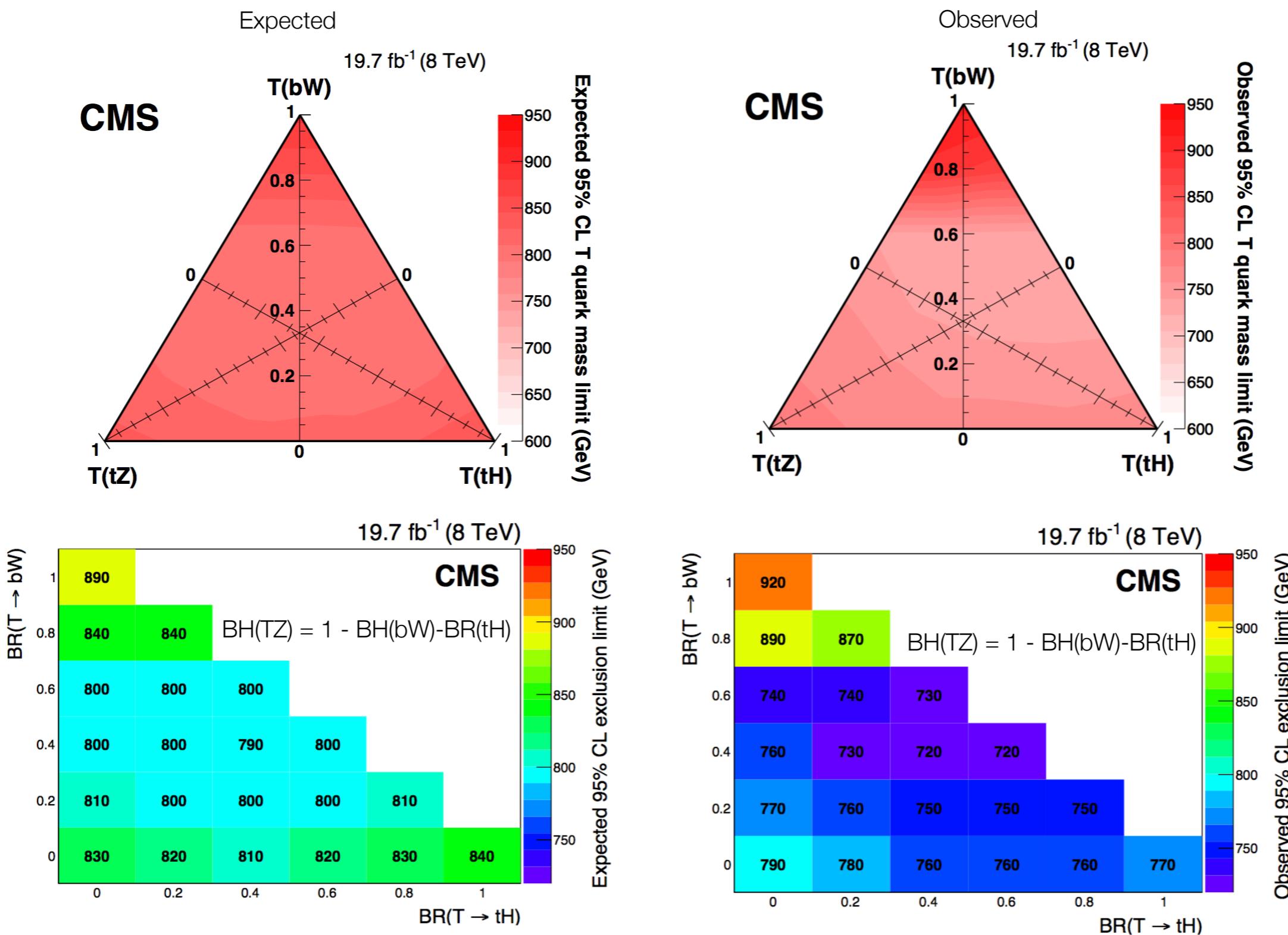
$T_{2/3} \bar{T}_{2/3}$ legacy combination

CMS B2G-13-005

- Search for pair produced $T_{2/3}$ decaying to bW tZ or tH
- Combination of 5 analyses:
 - all-hadronic bW
 - all-hadronic tH
 - single-lepton
 - multi-lepton
 - $tH, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



T combination limits



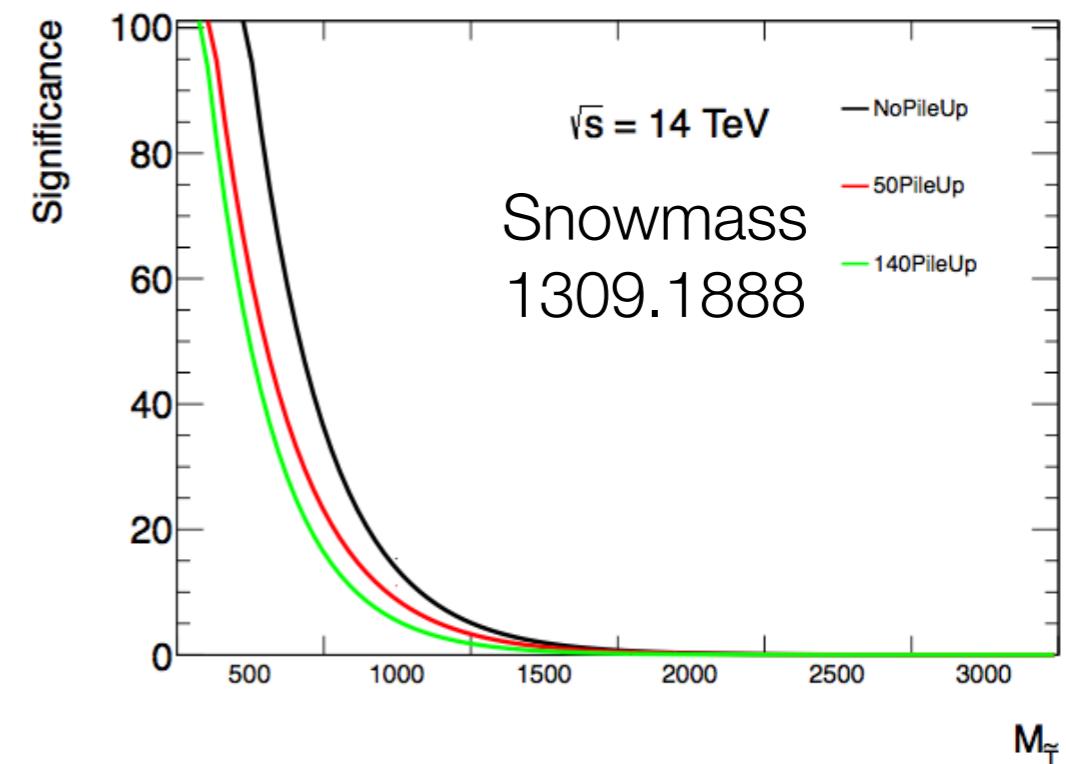
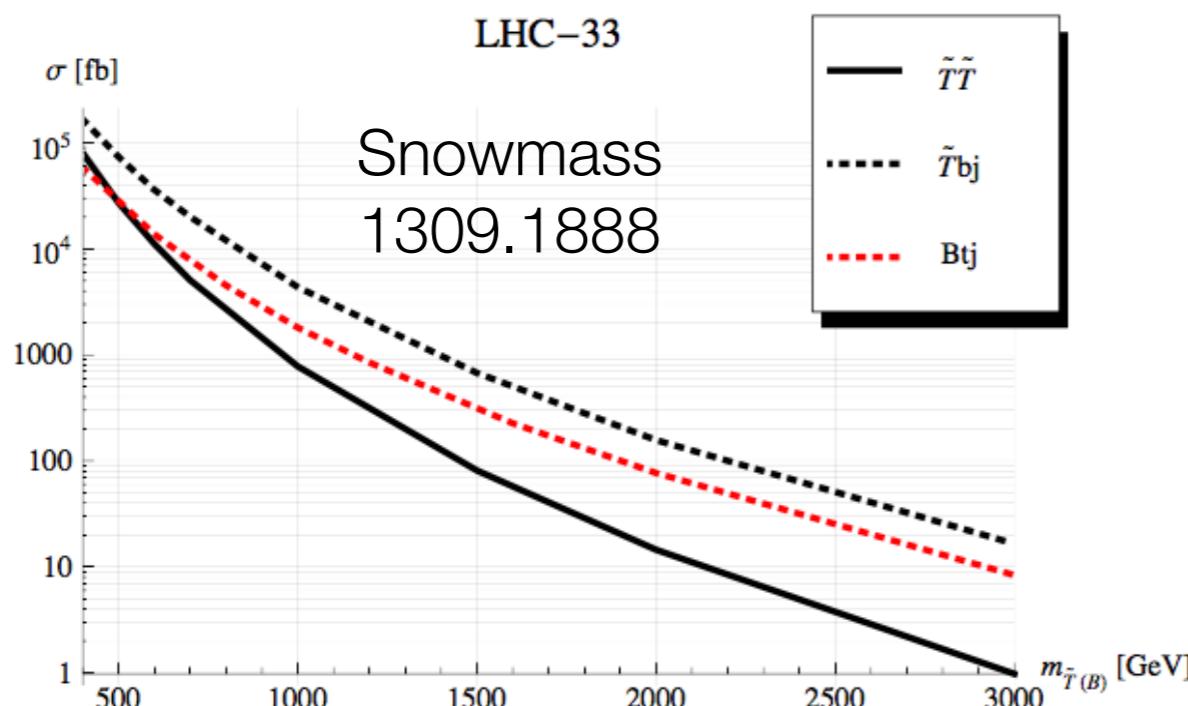
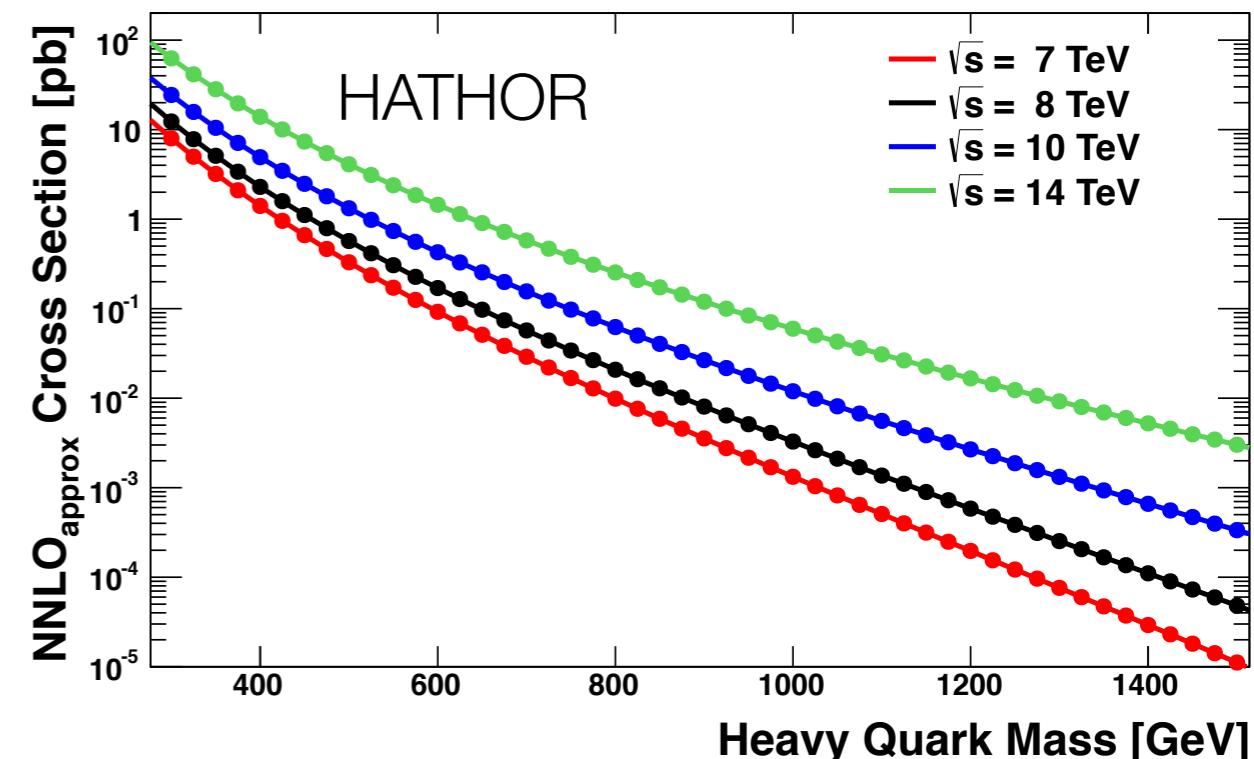
Expected lower limits on
T mass 790-890 GeV

Observed limits on T
mass 720-920 GeV

Run 2 prospects

CMS FTR-13-026

- Large increase in cross section
- Run 2 analyses
 - Expand the number of considered channels (single production etc.)
 - Tools to reduce pileup and tag boosted objects become necessary



Conclusions

- VLQs provide an exciting array of final states
- Impressive search program at CMS
- Legacy combinations of run 1 analyses provide strong limits for all possible branching fraction of VLQs
- Boosted tools increasingly necessary

Backup

Vector like quark production

VLQs can have CC and NC decays: the branching ratios are constrained by the relation:

$$\text{BR(Wb)} + \text{BR(tZ)} + \text{BR(tH)} = 1$$

