

### Facility for Rare Isotope Beam (FRIB) PLC Control Systems Introduction

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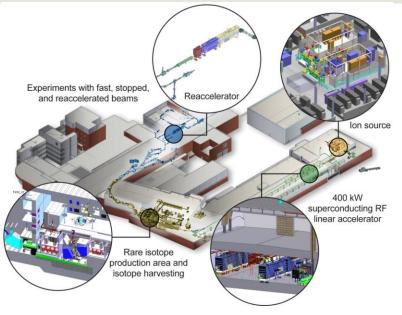
This material is based upon work supported by the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science under Cooperative Agreement DE-SC0000661, the State of Michigan and Michigan State University. Michigan State University designs and establishes FRIB as a DOE Office of Science National User Facility in support of the mission of the Office of Nuclear Physics.

## Outline

- FRIB project introduced
- PLC scope and application defined
- PLC Architecture defined
- Control Engineering Process defined
- Management of change workflow defined



## **FRIB Introduction**



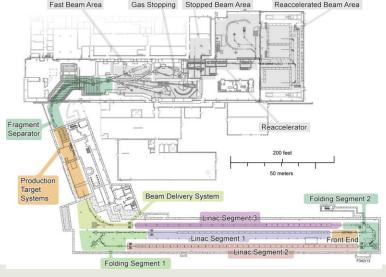
- The FRIB, is a new heavy ion accelerator facility currently under construction at Michigan State University
  - Replaces existing coupled cyclotrons in the National Superconducting Cyclotron Lab
- It is being built to provide intense beams of rare isotopes
- Funded by DOE–SC Office of Nuclear Physics with contributions and cost share from Michigan State University

- Serving over 1,400 users
- Key feature is 400 kW beam power for all ions, from H to <sup>238</sup>U with energies of no less than 200 MeV/u
- Provides separation of rare isotopes in-flight
  - Supplying fast, stopped, and reaccelerated beams to experimenters
- Scheduled completion, 2022

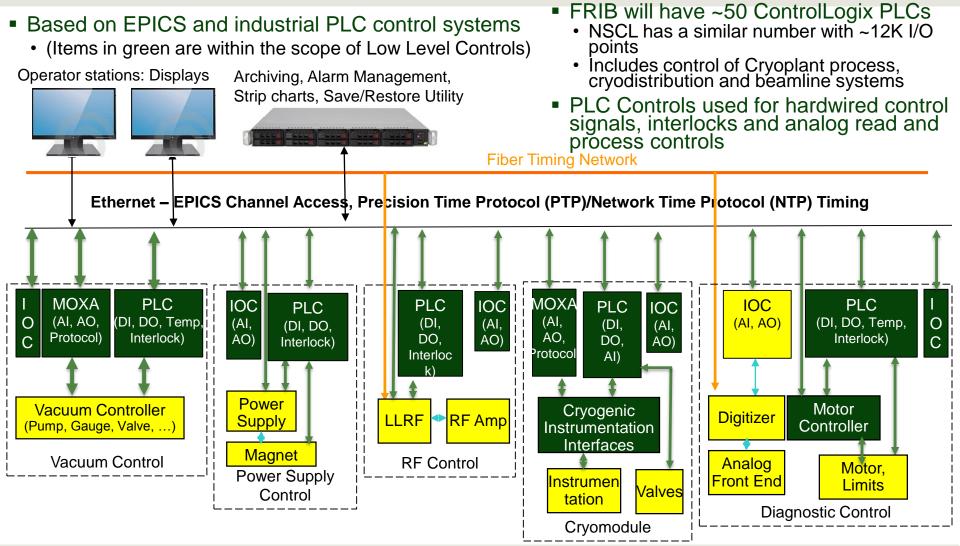


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#### FRIB Low Level Controls Scope and Application





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# **FRIB PLC Architecture Defined [1]**

#### Allen Bradley (AB) ControlLogix PLC

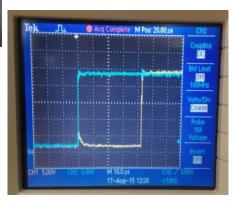
- Large installed base in local industry
- Already deployed and established as standard for NSCL projects since 2004
- Used at several other National labs
- Existing in-house expertise
- Excellent local support from manufacturer
- Provides the direct interface to the process devices via modular I/O
  - Interfaces with discrete logic signals via 24 VDC
  - Interfaces with analog signals via 4..20 mA current loops or +/- 10 VDC
  - Other signaling levels can be translated through appropriate signal conditioning
- Remote I/O
  - Ethernet connected chassis house I/O modules for host controllers
  - Use of off-chassis I/O transparent to the programmer
  - Programmable failure modes for loss-ofcommunication faults
- Use AB AssetCentre for version control
  - Nightly compares verifies no unauthorized changes



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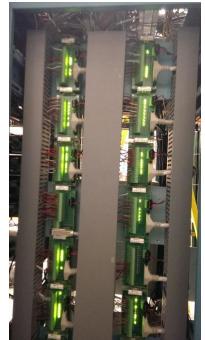


- Baseline I/O Modules
  - Analog Input 1756-IF16
  - Analog Output 1756-OF8
  - Digital Input 1756-IB16IF
  - Digital Output 1756-OB16IEF
  - RTD Input 1756-IRT8I
- Using High Speed Digital I/O modules
  - Lower Cost than diagnostic modules
  - Modules can place timestamps on data
  - Ability for higher speed reaction to inputs with bypassing CPU (<= 150  $\mu$  S, Tested at 40-60  $\mu$ S)

# **PLC Architecture Defined [2]**

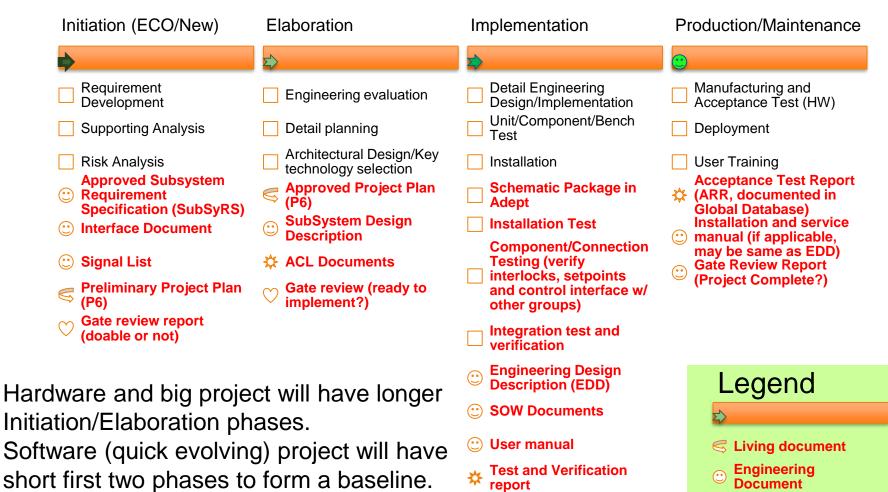
- Interface Modules (IFMs) will be used as the connection point between the 1756 ControlLogix PLC Input and Output modules and signals from devices in the field
  - Designed to interface with specific Allen Bradley I/O modules and pre-wired terminal blocks
    - » Reduces cabinet installation time from ~40 hours to 10 hours
    - » Reduces wiring errors
    - » Reduces cost vs commercial option
    - » Provides 24 V or Com for every signal (Module Type Dependent)
    - » Provides extra 24 V, Com Connections
  - One module for each IO type
    - » Analog Input
    - » Analog Output
    - » Digital Input
    - » Digital Output
  - Uniform design across PLC systems for simplified spare inventory
  - Uses commercial pre-wired cables from I/O module to terminal blocks







# FRIB Controls Engineering Workflow, SOP



**Gate Review report** 

(ready for production?)

ECO process covered by FRIB Document



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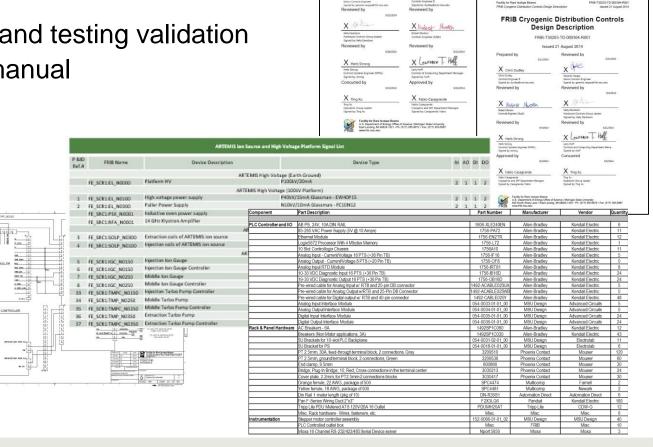
**Q/A document** 

**Gate review** 

## **Controls Engineering Deliverables**

#### Final designs include:

- Interface, requirements, design description documents
- Signal lists, interlock, and testing validation documents, support manual
- Unique schematics
- BOM
- Rack layouts





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FRIB Cryoplant Controls Design Description

### **FRIB Work Control Procedures**

- Work control procedures for control changes are documented
  - Changes are to follow both software configuration management plan, or Engineering Change order process, FRIB/NSCL PLC Change Control Procedure and work control plan
  - Communication with System Owner defined and required
    - » Role of System Owner defined
    - » Area Manager identifies System Owner for the work
    - » Discussion on the risk with System Owner required
    - » Ownership handover procedure with System Owner defined
  - Peer review required before installation
  - Adequate validation after the work
- Developing online change control request system to get system/area managers approval ahead of work planning
- Access restrictions at various level are in place
  - Physical access granted only to those with appropriate site training
  - Work after hours/weekends on FRIB site must be pre-approved
  - Access to FRIB Controls and Test Network limited to personnel with business need and appropriate qualifications
  - Access to PLC and GIT repositories are also restricted to appropriate personnel



## Summary

- PLCs have a large scope and application within FRIB
- PLC Architecture has been determined, made use of time saving designs and has been a very stable platform
- Control Engineering Process defined
- Management of change workflow is defined and undergoing improvements



#### **Backup Slides**



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