

Composite Higgs Models and Fermionic Top Partners

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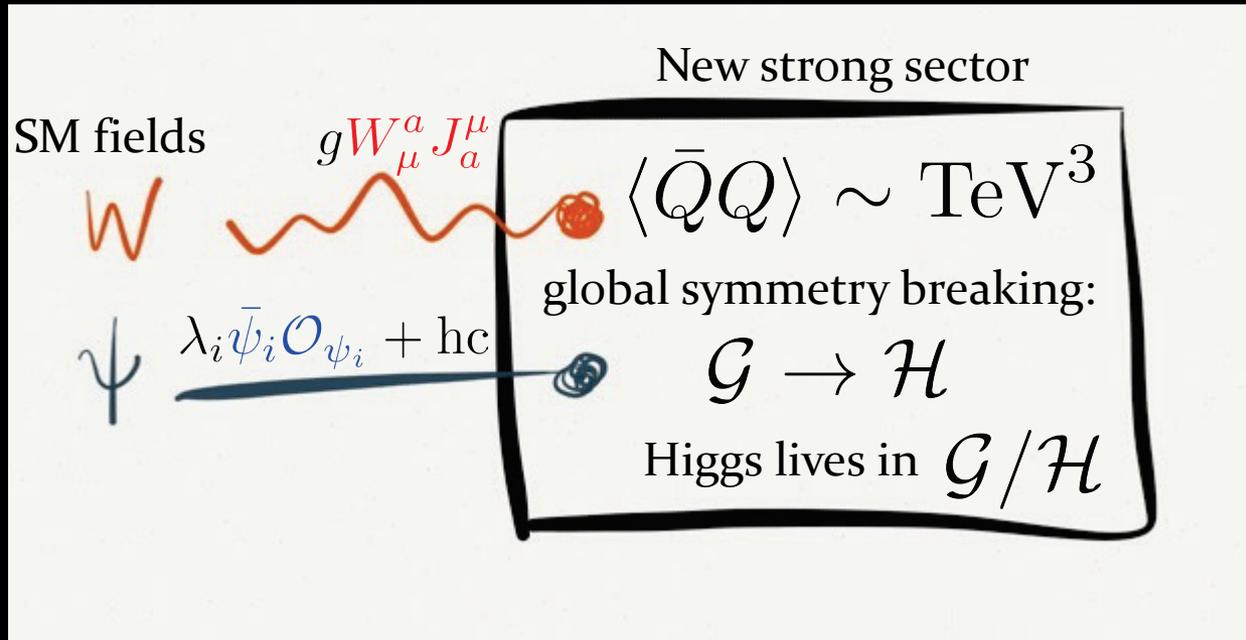
LHCP 2015 | St Petersburg

Outline

1. Main features of CHMs
2. Colliders hunting grounds + LHC8 results
3. LHC run 2 prospects

*Features of a
Composite Higgs*

Composite Higgs in a nutshell



Higgs is a pNGB and naturally light Georgi-Kaplan '84

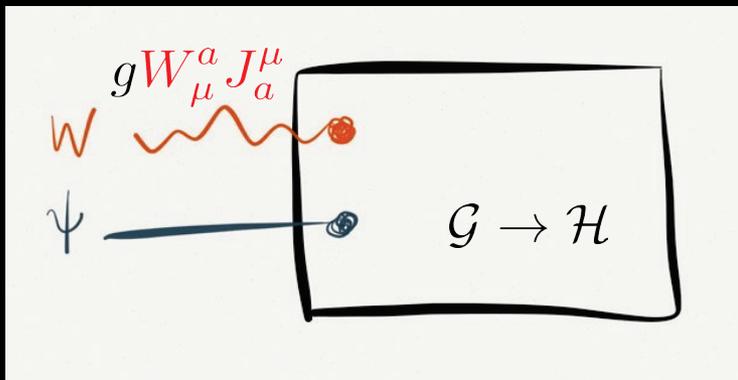
Higgs induced in a controllable way: $m_H^2 \sim \epsilon \Lambda^2$ $\Lambda \sim \text{TeV}$
 $\epsilon \ll 1$

Minimal model w/ custodial symmetry: $H \in SO(5)/SO(4)$

Agashe-Contino-Pomarol '04

Composite Higgs in a nutshell

- EWSB through vacuum misalignment

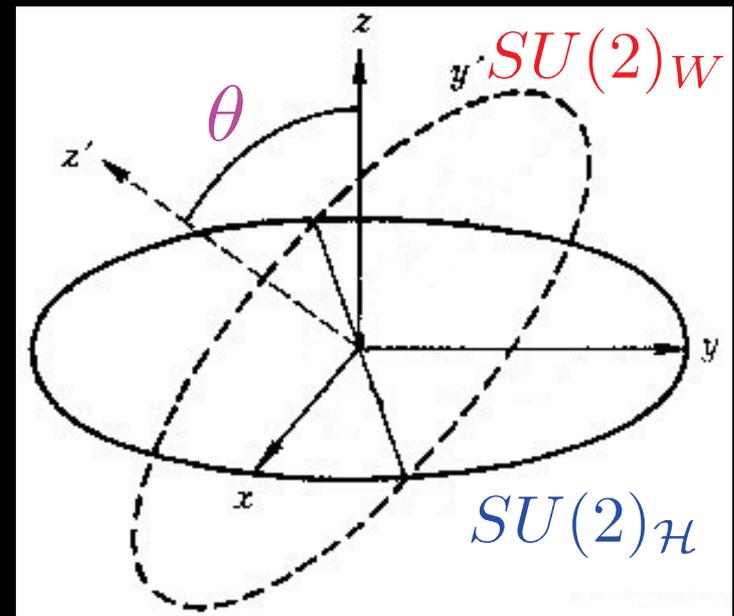


If $SU(2)_W$ not aligned with $SU(2)$ contained in \mathcal{H} , then $\mathcal{G} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$ breaking at scale f induces EWSB.

$$v = f \sin \theta$$

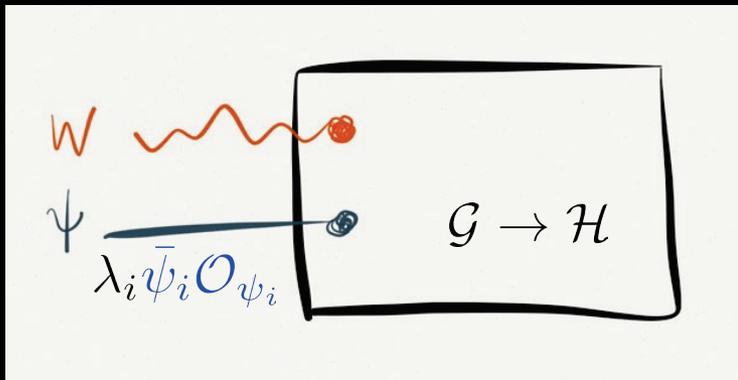
Generically, $v \sim f$

$$(\xi \equiv v^2 / f^2)$$



Composite Higgs in a nutshell

- Fermion masses from partial compositeness: Kaplan '91



Below the cutoff, \mathcal{O}_{ψ_i} interpolate to composite resonances, *linearly* mixed with the elementary ψ_i

$$\psi_i^{\text{SM}} = \cos \theta_i \psi_i + \sin \theta_i \Psi_i$$

degree of compositeness

$$\left(\sin \theta_i \sim \epsilon_i \equiv \frac{\lambda_i}{g_\rho f} \right)$$

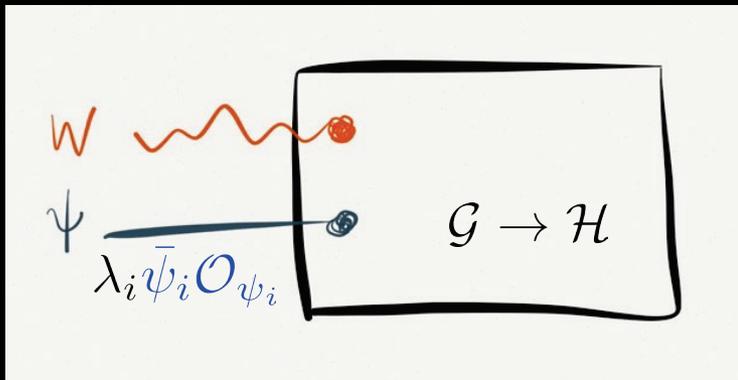
$$m_{\psi^{\text{SM}}} \sim v \epsilon_L g_\rho \epsilon_R$$

Generically, light fermions are \sim elementary,
while top is \sim composite $\epsilon_{t_L, t_R, b_L} \sim \mathcal{O}(1)$

(For fully composite t_R , gauge unification as good as in SUSY)

Composite Higgs in a nutshell

- EWSB from top compositeness: Agashe-Contino-Pomarol '04



ψ_i form *incomplete* irreps of \mathcal{H} , so λ_i breaks \mathcal{H} *explicitly*, inducing a potential à la Coleman-Weinberg

$$V \sim \alpha \sin^2 \frac{\langle h \rangle}{f} + \beta \sin^4 \frac{\langle h \rangle}{f}$$

for $\mathcal{O}_{q_L} \sim 5$, $\mathcal{O}_{t_R} \sim 5$, $\alpha \propto \lambda^2$, $\beta \propto \lambda^4$ hence FT $\sim \epsilon^2 \xi$ «double tuning»

instead for $\mathcal{O}_{q_L} \sim 14$, $\mathcal{O}_{t_R} \sim 1$, $\alpha \sim \beta \propto \lambda^2$ so FT $\sim \xi$ «minimal tuning»

Composite Higgs in a nutshell

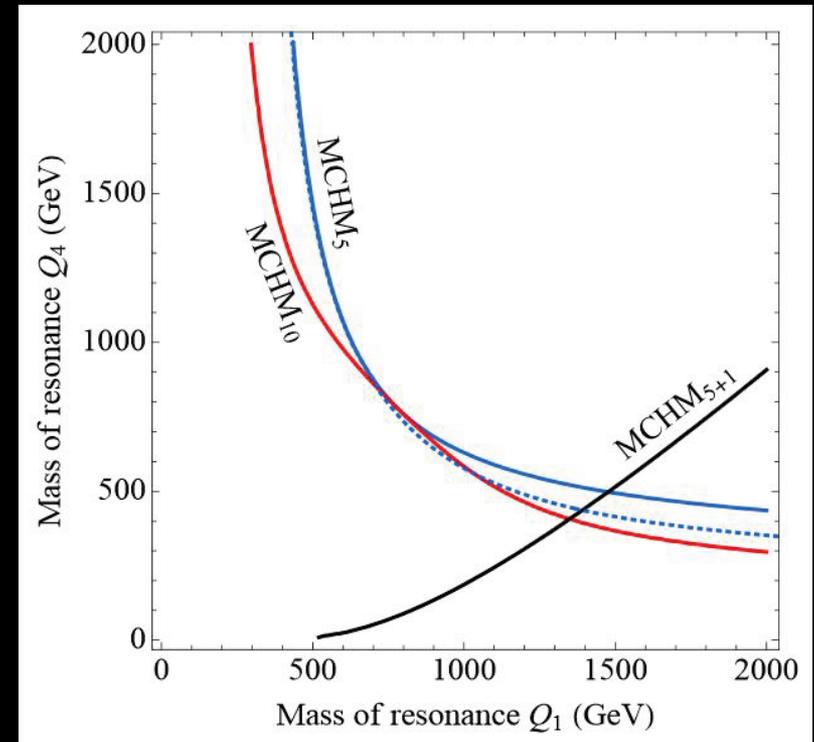
- Light top partners for a light composite Higgs*:

Using Weinberg's sum rules for e.g. 5 + 5 MCHM:

$$m_h^2 \simeq \frac{N_c m_t^2}{\pi^2 f^2} \frac{m_{Q_4}^2 m_{Q_1}^2}{m_{Q_1}^2 - m_{Q_4}^2} \log \frac{m_{Q_1}^2}{m_{Q_4}^2}$$

Generically, there's a light partner:

$$m_Q \lesssim 1 \text{ TeV}$$



Pomarol-Riva '12

*see also Matsedonskyi-Panico-Wulzer '12

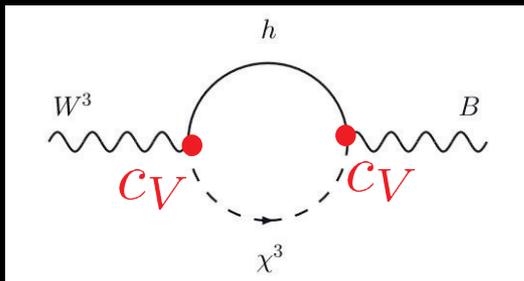
*Composite Higgs'
hunting grounds at colliders*

Composite Higgs hunting grounds

- LEP EW precision measurements:
Higgs-to- VV reduced:

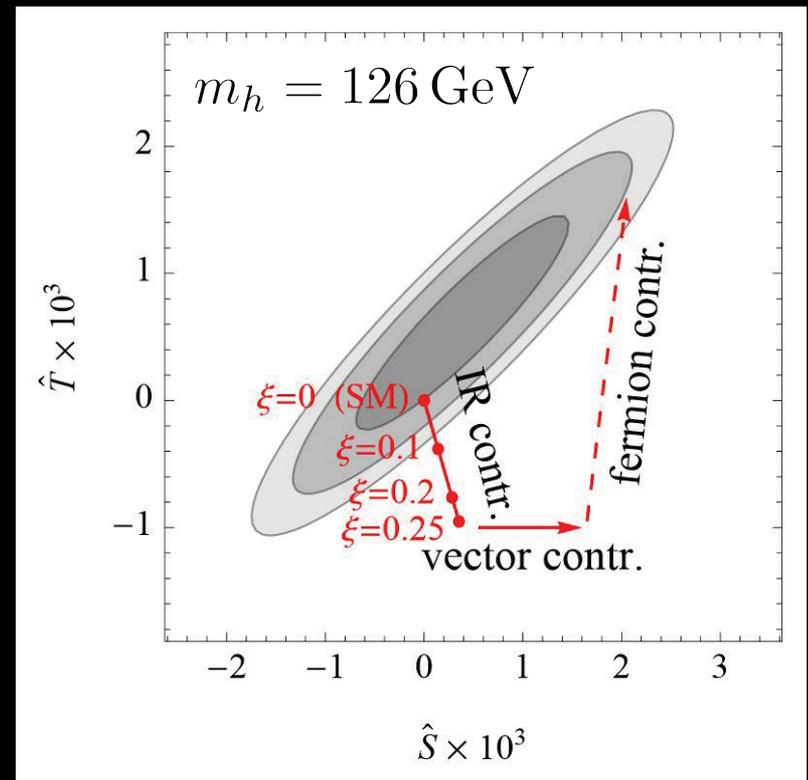
$$c_V = \sqrt{1 - \xi}$$

leading to oblique shifts:



roughly $\xi \lesssim 0.1$

or $f \gtrsim 800 \text{ GeV}$



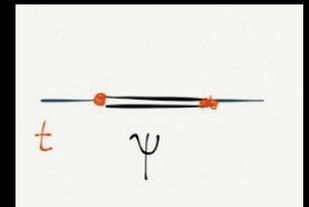
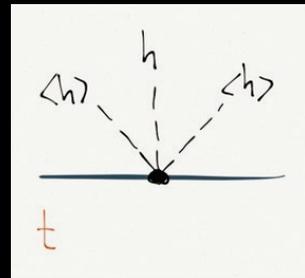
Grojean-Matsedonskyi-Panico '12

Composite Higgs hunting grounds

- LHC Higgs measurements:

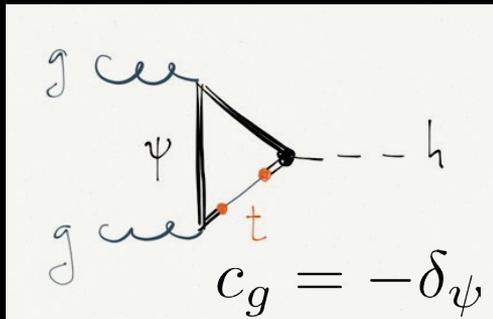
- Higgs-to- $t\bar{t}$ coupling:

$$c_t = \frac{1 - n\xi}{\sqrt{1 - \xi}} + \delta_\psi$$



- Higgs production:

$$\mathcal{O}_g = \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h (G_{\mu\nu}^a)^2$$



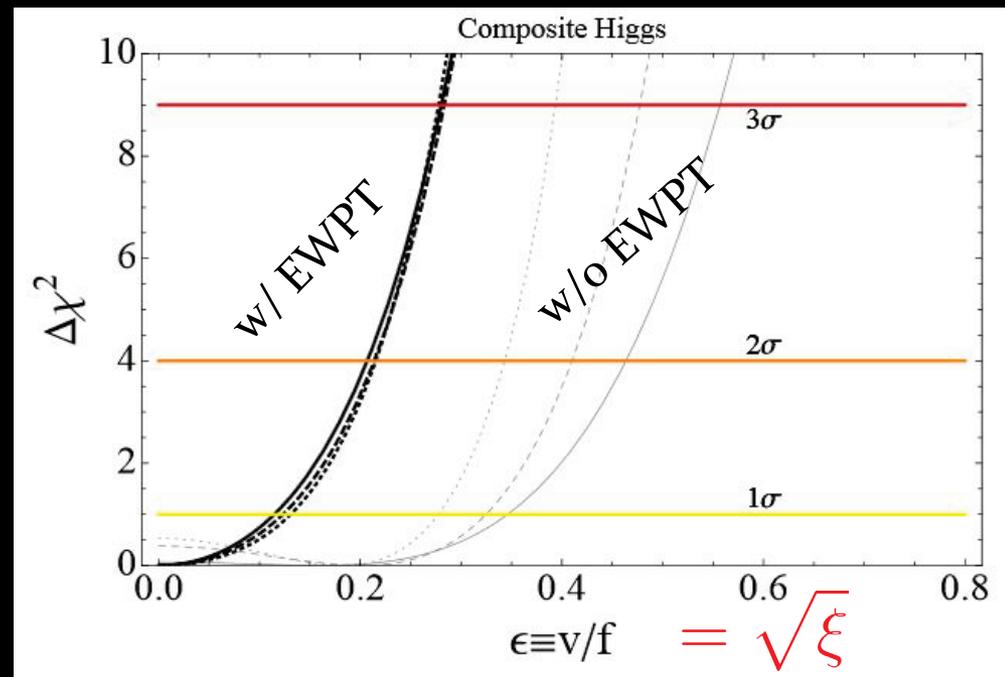
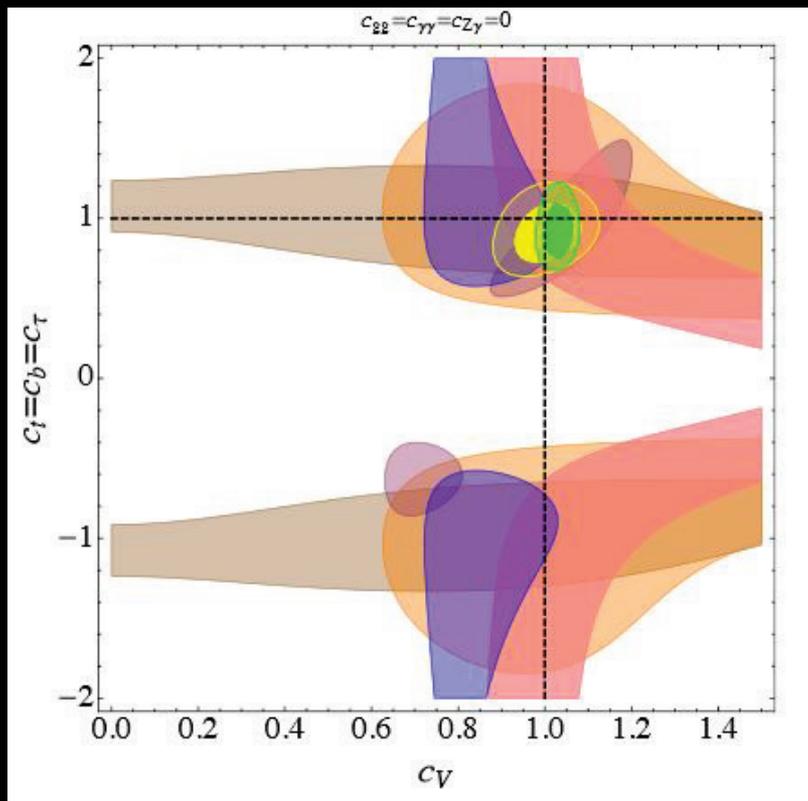
top partner accidentally cancel out

$$\sigma_{gg \rightarrow h} \propto |c_t + c_g|^2 \sim F(\xi) < 0$$

Composite Higgs hunting grounds

- Global fits to Higgs data:

Falkowski-Riva-Urbano '13



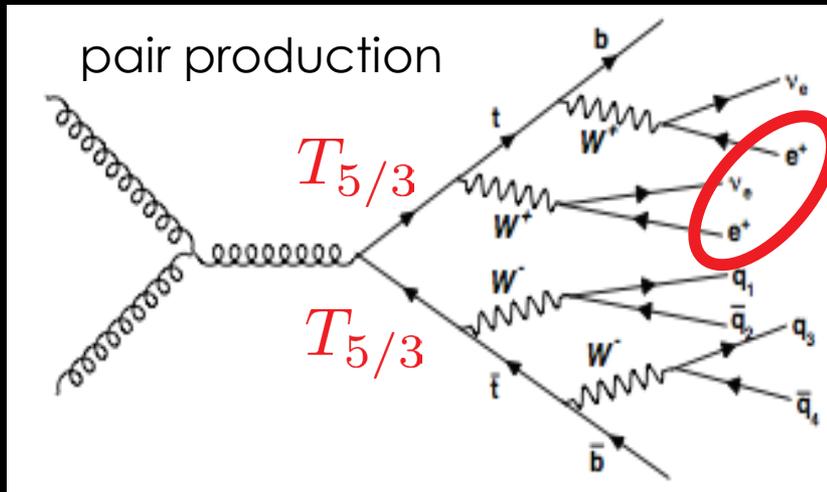
Composite Higgs hunting grounds

- Top partner searches:
 - exotic charges \rightarrow SS dilepton

$$5 = 4 + 1 \in T_{5/3}$$

$$14 = 9 + 4 + 1$$

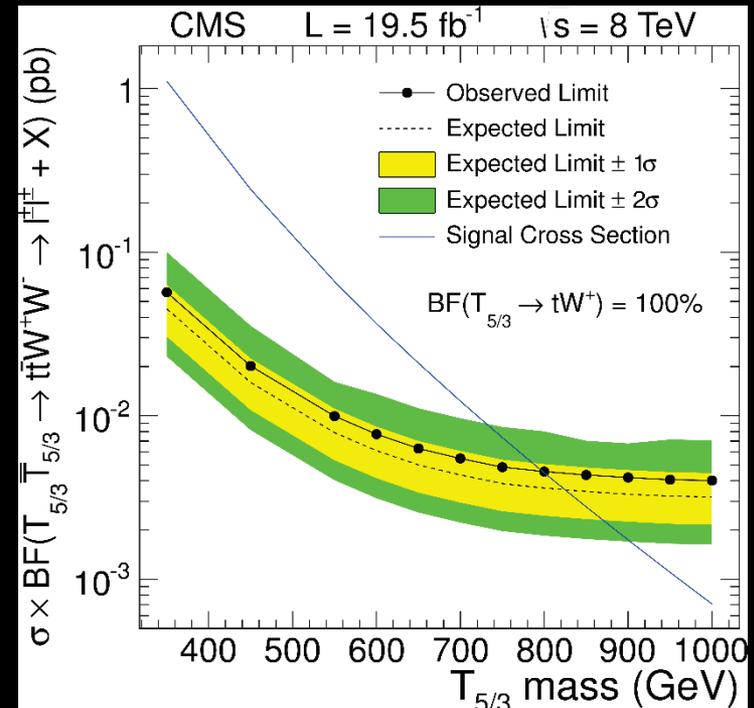
$$\in T_{5/3}, T_{8/3}$$



$$m_{T_{5/3}} \gtrsim 800 \text{ GeV} \quad (95\% \text{CL})$$

(stronger limit for 9: $m_{T_{8/3}} \gtrsim 940 \text{ GeV}$)

Matsedonskyi-Riva-Vantalón '14



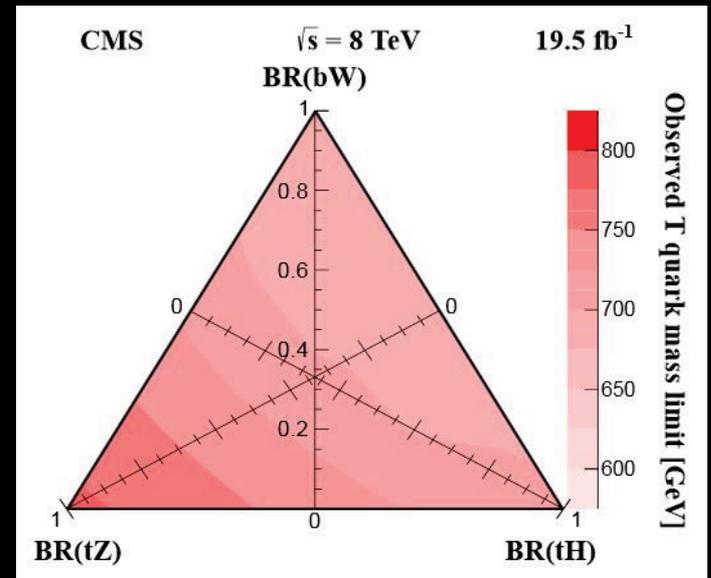
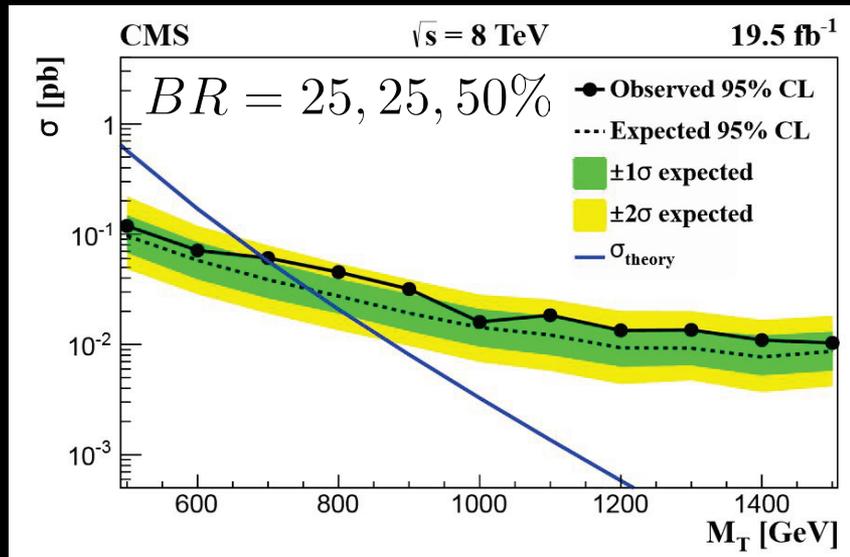
Composite Higgs hunting grounds

- Top partner searches:
 - top-like charge

$$T_{2/3} \rightarrow tZ, th, bW$$

$$5 = 4 + 1$$

$$14 = 9 + 4 + 1$$



weakest limit:

$$m_{T_{2/3}} \gtrsim 687 \text{ GeV}$$

LHC8 implications

- LEP lesson reinforced: $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ fine-tuning needed
minimal FT in models with top partners in **14** of $SO(4)$

$$f \gtrsim 800 \text{ GeV}$$

- Top partners might not be colored after all:
 - Neutral naturalness, twin-CH?

Chacko-Harnik '06
Rattazzi et al. '15
Tesi et al. '15

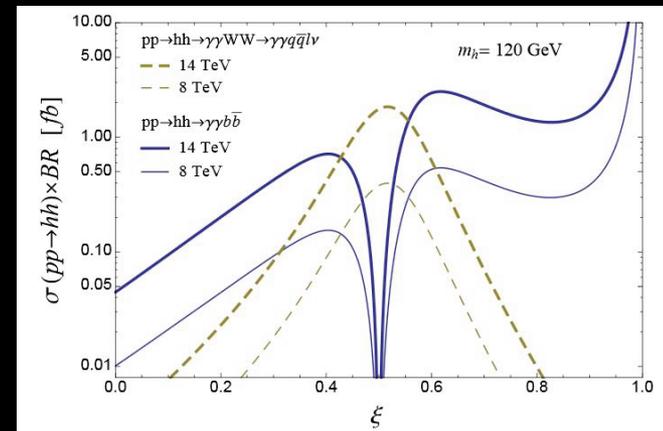
*What's up
for LHC13?*

Unexplored channels

- $h \rightarrow Z\gamma$: $\mathcal{O}(1)$ deviation possible Azatov-Contino-DiIura-Galloway '13
- double Higgs production:

Contino et al. '10
Gillioz et al. '12
Contino et al. '12

$\mathcal{O}(1)$ deviation also possible



- $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} + h$
- Higgs+hard jet: challenging, resolve $c_t - c_g$?

Banf-Martin-Sanz '13
Grojean-Salvioni-Schlaffer-Weiler '13
Spannowsky et al. '13

More exotic signatures

If other SM fermions are composite:

- top FCNC decays: $BR(t \rightarrow cZ) \sim 10^{-5}$, $BR(t \rightarrow ch) \sim 10^{-6}$
Azatov-Panico-Perez-Soreq '14
- $h \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ and $pp \rightarrow h + c$:
 $y_{c\bar{c}}$ could be as large as $y_{b\bar{b}}$
Delaunay-Golling-Perez-Soreq '13
Perez et al. '15
Goertz-Isidori '15
- light generation partners: $pp \rightarrow QQ \rightarrow VVjj, hhjj$
 $m_{C_{2/3}} \gtrsim 400 \text{ GeV}$
Delaunay et al. '13
Flacke et al. '13

charm tagging?

Non-minimal top partner decays

Suppress canonical tZ, th, bW by opening new decay

- Next-to-minimal models: $SO(6)/SO(5) \in H + \eta$
Gripaios-Pomarol-Riva-Serra '09 *pseudoscalar singlet*

(some) partners have significant BR into $T_{2/3} \rightarrow t\eta$ Serra '15
(see also Anandakrishnan et al. '15)

- Flavored naturalness: (see Blanke et al. '13 for SUSY)

add non-trivial flavor mixing leading to significant

$$T_{2/3} \rightarrow cZ, ch, sW \quad \text{or} \quad T_{5/3} \rightarrow cW$$

Blanke-Delaunay-Martin-Perez 'in progress

*Concluding
remarks*

Conclusions

- Composite pNGB Higgs remains an attractive solution to weak scale naturalness
- LEP+LHC8 imply a generic fine-tuning of 10%, comparable to natural SUSY.
- Still many possibilities for unveiling compositeness at run 2+
- Three scenarios:
 - Canonical top partners are around LHC13 corner: Wait and see.
 - Non-minimal models are realized, more subtle decays: Work harder.
 - Naturalness, but uncolored (“neutral”) partners: Work very hard (ILC?)