

NEW PHYSICS SEARCH IN MONO-JET FINAL STATES WITH THE ATLAS EXPERIMENT AT THE LHC

The Mono-jet analysis is a search for events with a high transverse momentum jet and missing transverse energy (E_T^{miss}) in the final state. This topology constitutes a clean and distinctive signature in searches for new physics beyond the Standard Model (SM) at colliders.



The Mono-jet final state has more statistics with respect to other Mono-X (Mono- γ , Mono-Higgs etc.) final states @LHC ($\alpha_s >> \alpha_{FW}$). It is sensitive to New Physics predicted by many theories such as cold Dark Matter candidates, SUSY, extra spatial dimensions and invisible Higgs decays.

Run1 Analysis Strategy
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Selection criteria
Primary vertex
$E_{\rm T}^{miss} > 150,, 700~{ m GeV}$
Jet quality requirements
At least one jet with $p_{\mathrm{T}} > 30 \ \mathrm{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 4.5$
Lepton and isolated track vetoes
The leading jet with $p_{\rm T} > 120~{ m GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.0$
Leading jet $p_{\rm T}/E_{\rm T}^{miss} > 0.5$
$\Delta \phi({ m jet},E_{ m T}^{miss})>1.0$

Z(vv)+jets and $W(\tau v)$ +jets dominant bkas estimated by W(µv) and W(ev) Control Regions (CRs) respectively.

Other sources of bkg coming from V+jets are estimated by Z(II), W(Iv)CRs (defined as the SRs with the request of one or two isolated leptons), top and di-boson processes by MC simulations and the multi-jet bkgs are based on the data.





 1030 ± 60

 97 ± 14

ATLAS

√s=8 TeV. 20.3 fb

The Dark Matter paradigm

The existence of a Dark Matter (DM) particle is a well-established hypothesis that explains a range of astrophysical

and cosmological measurements. None of the known SM particles provides suitable candidates for DM, but several



theories beyond the SM postulate the existence of new particles that are stable (or at least long-lived) and neutral, thus fulling two important requirements for being the DM in the universe.



The detection of DM candidates in a collider can give complementary results with respect to the

direct (DAMA, LUX etc.) and indirect experiments (AMS, Ice-Cube etc.) and this kind of analysis is sensitive in the low

DM Contact interaction in the Effective Field Theory (EFT) can be considered if

 $M_{med} = M^* (g_{SM} g_{DM})^{1/2} >> \sqrt{s} >> 2m_{\chi}$

Several operators that describe the type of interaction are investigated considering the DM a Dirac fermion or scalar WIMP...



But @LHC we can do more! In fact it is also possible to probe the couplings ($\sqrt{g_{SM}g_{DM}}$) studying the relation between M* and M_{med} choosing a particular kind of mediator (Simplified Models)

M_{med}



Limits on DM particles which couple to SM quarks via a Z' boson





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