

# ATLAS Heavy Flavor production and decay properties

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THE THIRD ANNUAL CONFERENCE  
on Large Hadron Collider Physics

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on behalf of the **ATLAS Collaboration**

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St. Petersburg, 31 August 2015

# Outline

- ATLAS detector in Run2
- First Run2 HF results:
  - $J/\psi$  non-prompt production fraction in pp collisions at 13 TeV  
atlas-conf-2015-030
- New Run1 HF results:
  - Prompt and non-prompt  $J/\psi$  mesons and Z boson associated production at  $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$   
Eur.Phys.J.C (2015) 75:229
  - Measurement of  $b$ -quark fragmentation fractions  $f_s/f_d$   
arXiv:1507.08925, subm. to PRL
  - Observation and branching fraction of  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0$  decay  
arXiv:1507.08202, subm.to PLB

# More ATLAS HF results in presentations:

- *CP violation and rare B decays*

*V.Nikolaenko talk*

- *ATLAS HF spectroscopy and exotic states*

*S.Turchikhin talk*

- *Study of the  $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^+$  and  $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^{*+}$  with the ATLAS detector*

*S.Turchikhin poster*

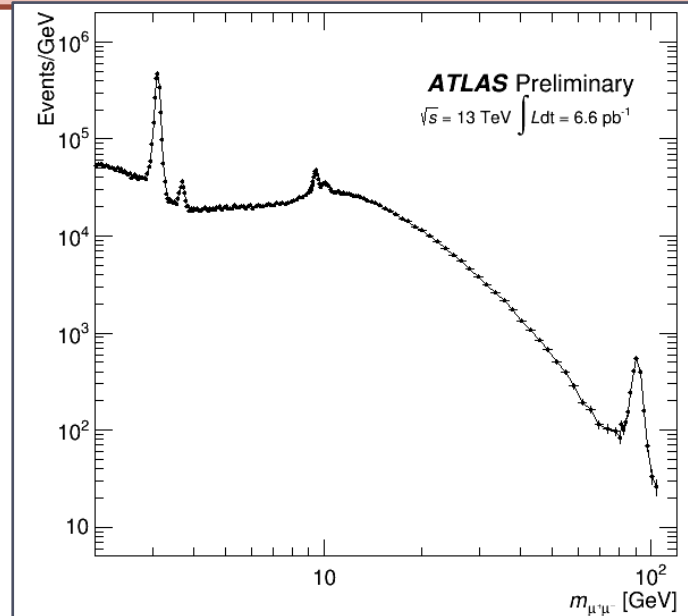
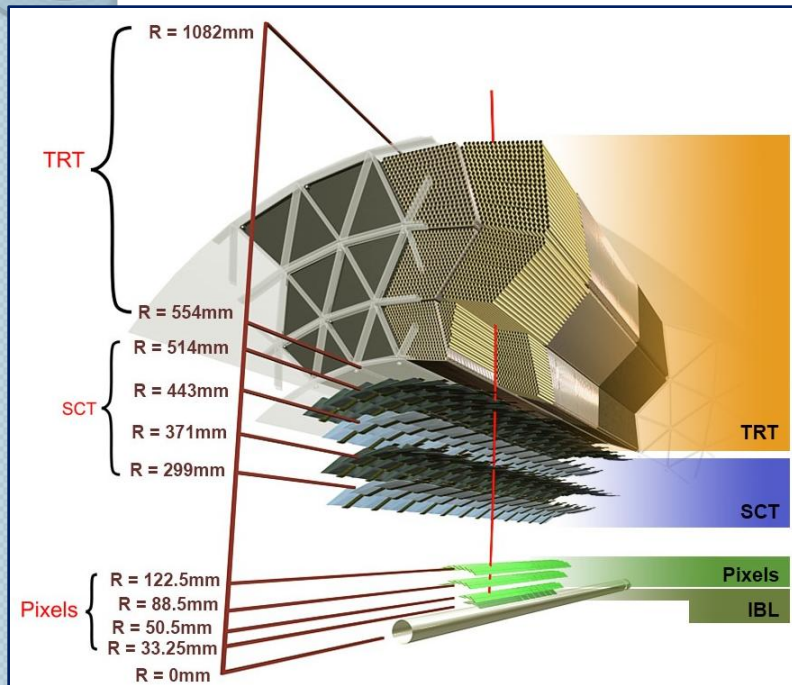
- *Flavour tagged time dependent angular analysis of the  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$  decay on Run I data in ATLAS*

*A.Maevskiy poster*

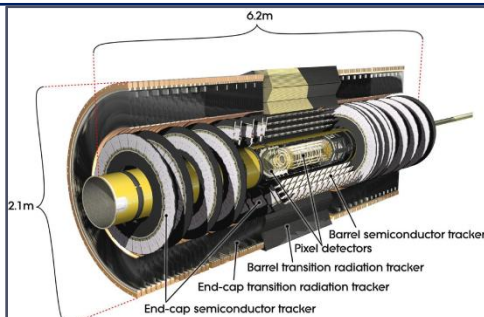
# ATLAS detector in Run2

New pixel IBL with  $R = 33.25$  mm in the Inner Detector improves vertex reconstruction resolution

Invariant mass of two oppositely charged muons with  $p_T > 4$  GeV/c



$J/\psi$ ,  $\Psi'$ ,  $\Upsilon$  resonances and  $Z$  are clearly visible in two muons invariant mass  $m_{\mu\mu}$  spectrum at  $|\eta| < 2.5$  in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with integrated luminosity 6.6 pb $^{-1}$

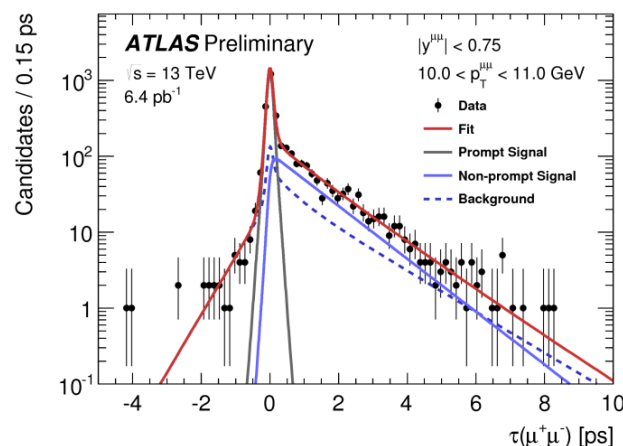
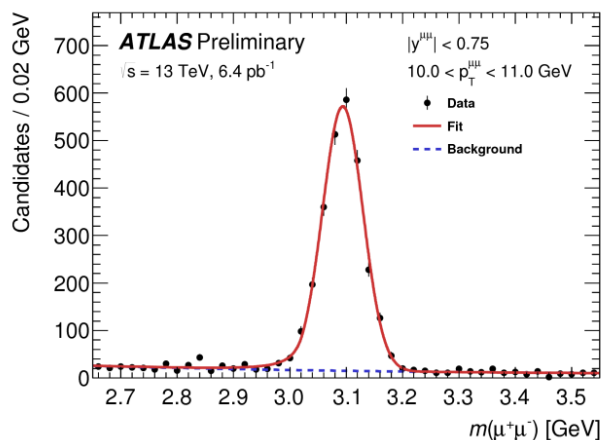


# J/ψ non-prompt production fraction in pp collisions at 13 TeV

atlas-conf-2015-030

- Integrated luminosity  $6.4 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ ;
- Two triggers: two oppositely charged muons, each with  $p_T^\mu > 4 \text{ GeV}$ , and a single muon with  $p_T^\mu > 14 \text{ GeV}$ ;
- J/ψ candidates: each muon has  $p_T^\mu > 4 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta^\mu| < 2.3$ ; dimuon pair has  $p_T > 8 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta| < 2$ ;
- Pseudo-proper decay time calculated  $\tau = L_{xy} m_{J/\psi}^{\text{PDG}} / p_T$ ;
- No geometric acceptance corrections
- About 70,000 di-muon candidates with  $2.5 < m(\mu^+\mu^-) < 4.2 \text{ GeV}$

An unweighted two-dimensional maximum likelihood fit for muon pairs with  $2.65 < m(\mu^+\mu^-) < 3.55 \text{ GeV}$  and  $-5.0 < \tau(\mu^+\mu^-) < 15.0 \text{ ps}$  used to distinguish prompt and non-prompt J/ψ production and eliminate background in 11 intervals of  $p_T$  in range 8 - 40 GeV and three intervals in rapidity:  $|\eta| < 0.75$ ;  $0.75 < |\eta| < 1.5$ ;  $1.5 < |\eta| < 2.0$

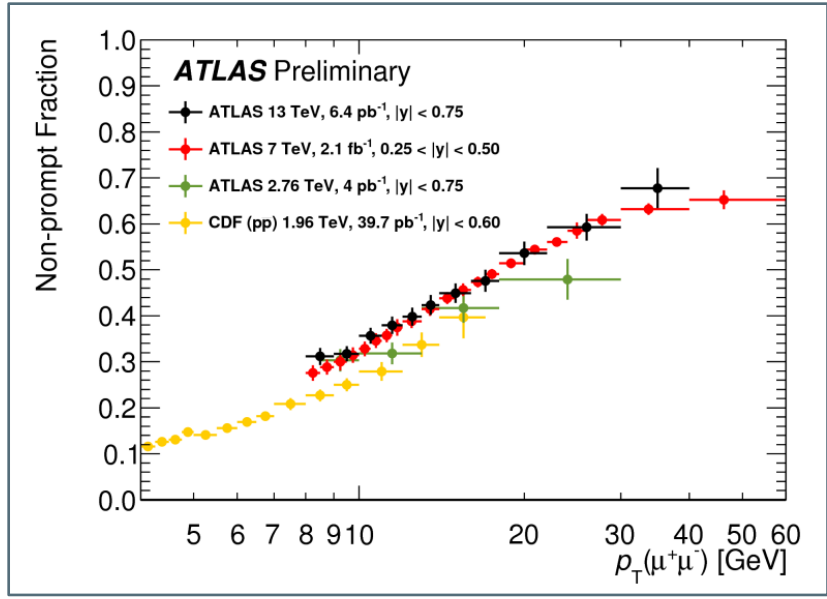
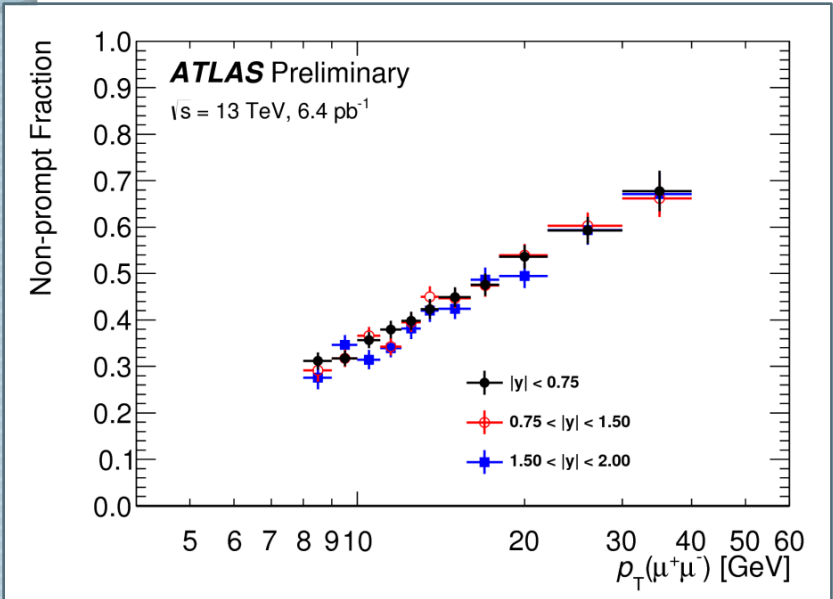


Fit results for dimuon mass  $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$  distribution (left) and  $\tau(\mu^+\mu^-)$  (right) for  $10 < p_T < 11 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta| < 0.75$  intervals

# J/ψ non-prompt production fraction in pp collisions at 13 TeV

$$f_b^{J/\psi} \equiv \frac{pp \rightarrow b + X \rightarrow J/\psi + X'}{pp \xrightarrow{\text{Inclusive}} J/\psi + X'} = \frac{N_{J/\psi}^{\text{NP}}}{N_{J/\psi}^{\text{NP}} + N_{J/\psi}^{\text{P}}}$$

$f_b^{J/\psi}$  in different rapidity intervals and compared with other measurements at  $|y| < 0.75$



*Non-prompt J/ψ production fraction increases from 0.25 at  $p_T$  8 GeV to 0.65 at 40 GeV with no observed variation in rapidity*

*No significant change in non-prompt fraction from 7 to 13 TeV, contrary to the significant difference between 7 TeV and lower energies*

# Prompt and non-prompt $J/\psi$ mesons and $Z$ boson associated production in pp collisions at 8 TeV

First observation

Eur. Phys. J.C (2015) 75:229

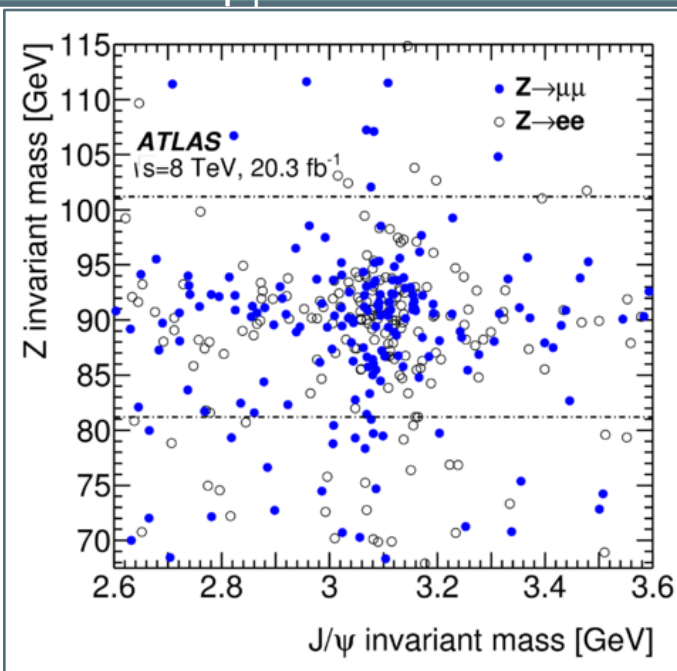
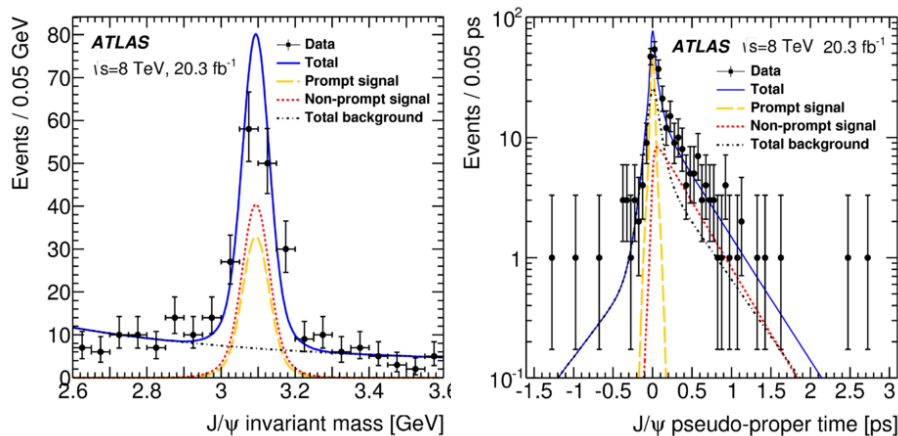
Measurements are important for many processes:

- a)  $ZZ^* \rightarrow Z(Z^* \rightarrow c\bar{c})$ ;
  - b) Bkg to  $Z \rightarrow l^+l^- J/\psi$ ;  $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$
  - c) Higgs boson charm coupling and CP properties;
- and are sensitive to DPS

Total integrated luminosity 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>

Trigger: at least one lepton with  $p_T > 24$  GeV

## Prompt and non-prompt $J/\psi$ contributions

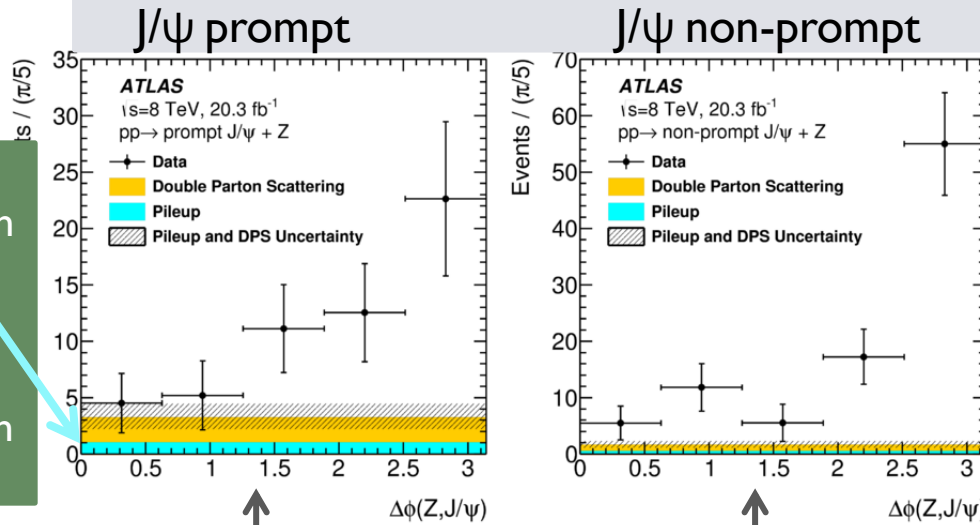


$J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)$  candidates:  $8.5 < p_T < 100$  GeV,  $|y| < 2.1$

Selected 290 Z and  $J/\psi$  events with 139  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and 151  $Z \rightarrow ee$ . Bkg. only hypothesis excluded at  $5\sigma$

# DPS in Z + J/ψ (is counted as part of the signal)

$\Delta\phi$  between Z and J/ψ :



$$P_{J/\psi|Z}^{ij} = \sigma_{J/\psi}^{ij} / \sigma_{\text{eff}}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 15 \pm 3 \text{ (stat.) } +5_{-3} \text{ (sys.) mb}$$

ATLAS Collab., New J. Phys. 15, 033038 (2013), (DPS xsec. from W+2jets)

Both SPS and DPS contribute to Z+J/ψ

$$R_{Z+J/\psi} = Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu) \cdot (\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z+J/\psi) / \sigma(pp \rightarrow Z))$$

SPS at  $\Delta\phi \approx \pi$

Pile-up contribution estimated and subtracted bin-by-bin in final xsec

DPS estimation  $11.1^{+5.7}_{-5.0}$  and  $5.8^{+2.8}_{-2.6}$  ev. flat

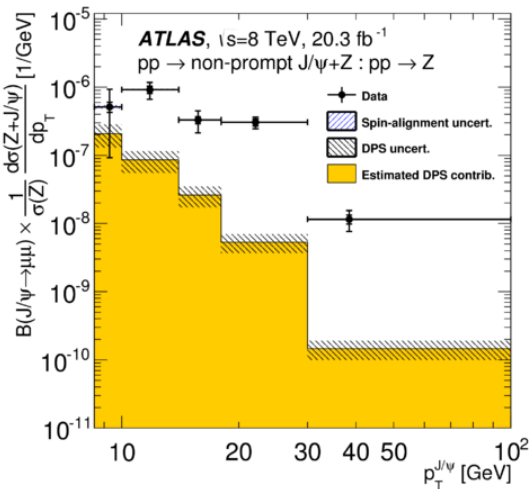
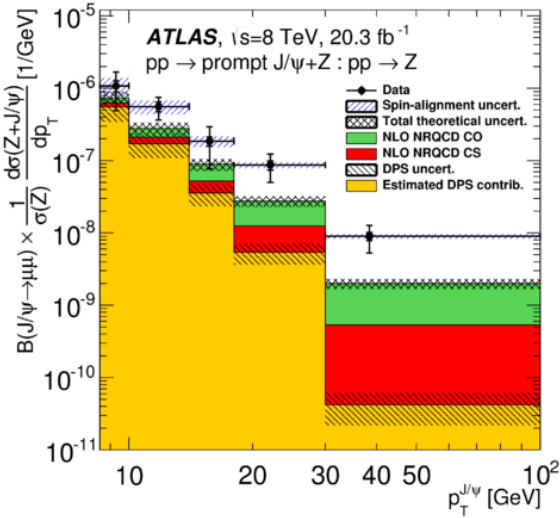
	$R_{Z+J/\psi}^{\text{fid}}$	$R_{Z+J/\psi}^{\text{incl}}$	DPS-subtracted
Prompt cross-section ratio			
$y_{J/\psi}$	Fiducial [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst)	Inclusive [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst) $\pm$ (spin)	DPS-subtracted [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst) $\pm$ (spin)
$ y_{J/\psi}  < 1.0$	$7.6 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.5$	$13.9 \pm 4.6 \pm 0.8 \pm 3.4$	$9.4 \pm 4.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 3.4$
$1.0 <  y_{J/\psi}  < 2.1$	$9.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.3$	$15.8 \pm 4.5 \pm 2.1 \pm 3.5$	$12.0 \pm 4.5 \pm 2.7 \pm 3.5$
Non-prompt cross-section ratio			
$y_{J/\psi}$	Fiducial [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst)	Inclusive [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst) $\pm$ (spin)	DPS-subtracted [ $\times 10^{-7}$ ] value $\pm$ (stat) $\pm$ (syst) $\pm$ (spin)
$ y_{J/\psi}  < 1.0$	$18.0 \pm 3.3 \pm 0.6$	$29.9 \pm 5.0 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.1$	$27.8 \pm 5.0 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.1$
$1.0 <  y_{J/\psi}  < 2.1$	$13.5 \pm 2.9 \pm 1.9$	$19.3 \pm 5.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.8$	$17.5 \pm 5.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.8$



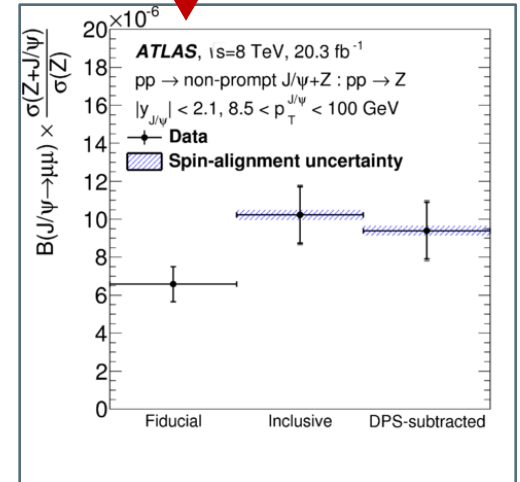
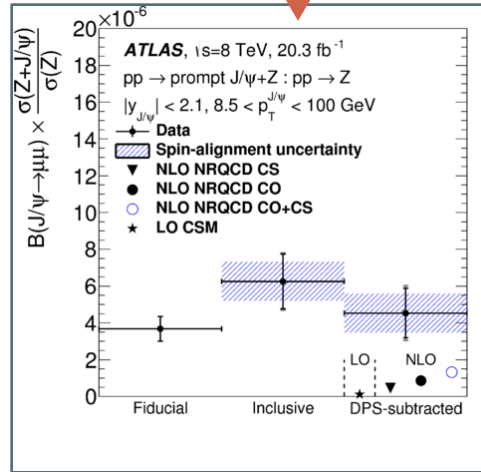
# Z+J/ψ ratios R

Fid., incl. and DPS subst. Ratios for prompt and non-prompt J/ψ + Z

## Differential Ratios



DPS contribution is softer than data



- Z+ prompt J/ψ is compared to LO color singlet (CS) mechanism (B.Gong et al., JHEP 1303, 115 (2013)) and NLO NRQCD for CS + color-octet (CO) contributions (S.Mao et al., JHEP 1102, 071 (2011)) : expected CS+CO xsection is lower than the data by a factor from 2 to 5 at  $8 < p_T^{J/\psi} < 100 \text{ GeV}$

$$R^{\text{incl}} = (63 \pm 13_{\text{stat}} \pm 5_{\text{syst}} \pm 10_{\text{spin}}) \cdot 10^{-7}$$

DPS contribution is  $(29 \pm 9)\%$ ;

- Z+ non-prompt J/ψ

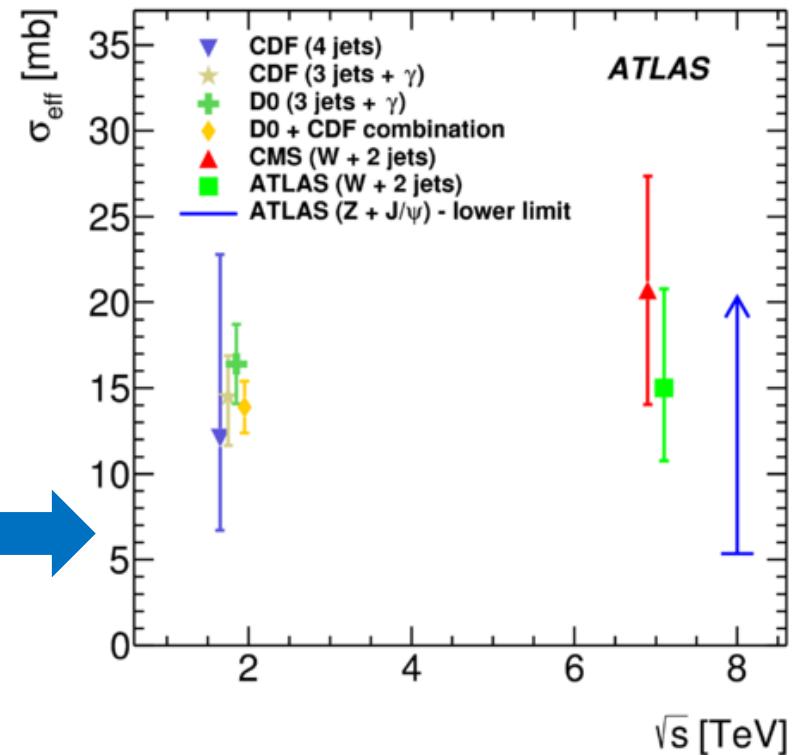
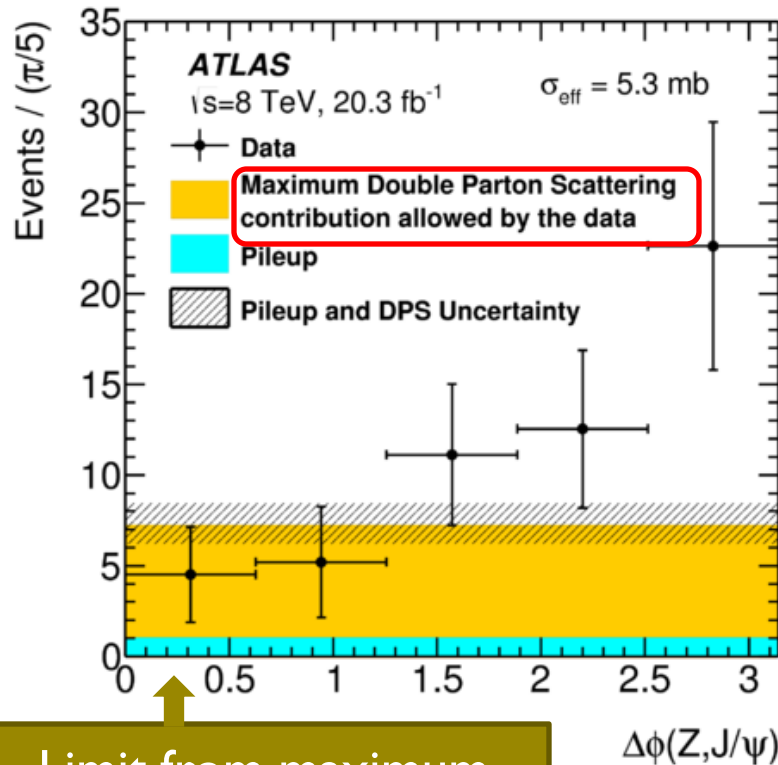
$$R^{\text{incl}} = (102 \pm 15 \pm 5 \pm 3) \cdot 10^{-7},$$

(spin-alignment uncertainty is shown in Figs)  
 DPS contribution is  $(8 \pm 2)\%$

# DPS $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$ estimation from Z + prompt J/ $\Psi$

$\sigma_{\text{eff}}$  lower limit from maximal DPS contribution in Z+prompt J/ $\Psi$  found to be 5.3mb (3.7) at 68% (95%) CL

( $N_{\text{DPS}} \uparrow, \sigma_{\text{eff}} \downarrow$ )



Limit from maximum event number in 1<sup>st</sup> bin

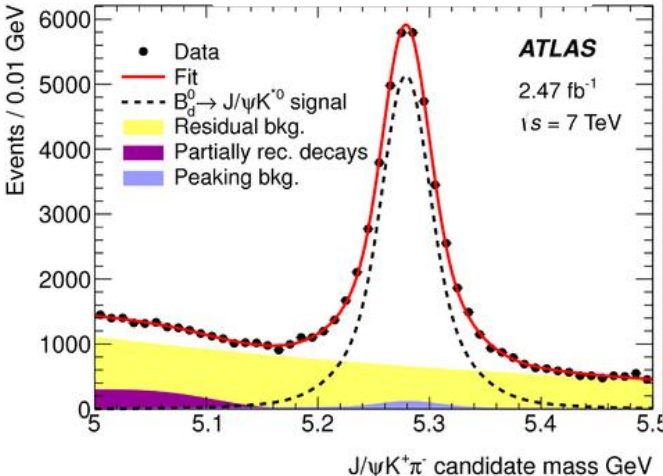
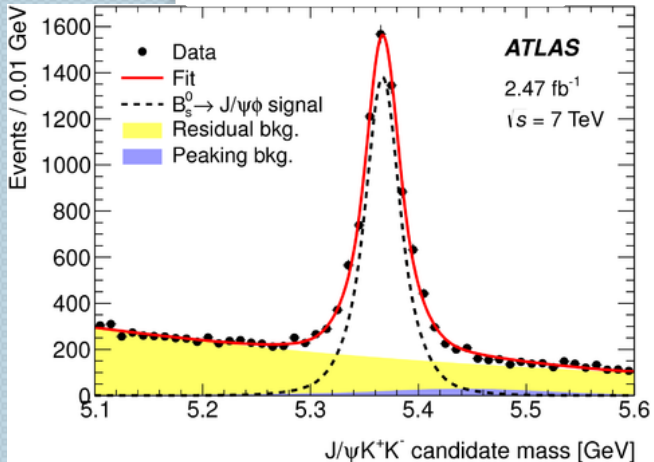
# Measurement of $b$ -quark fragmentation fractions $f_s/f_d$

Precise knowledge of  $f_s/f_d$  is essential for measurement of  $Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu)$  and sensitivity of searches for New Physics BSM

pp 7 TeV  
 $L = 2.47 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   
 $f_s/f_d \cdot$   
 $(Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi) / Br(B_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0})) =$   
 $0.199 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.010$   
 Stat. Sys.

$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$

$B_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}$



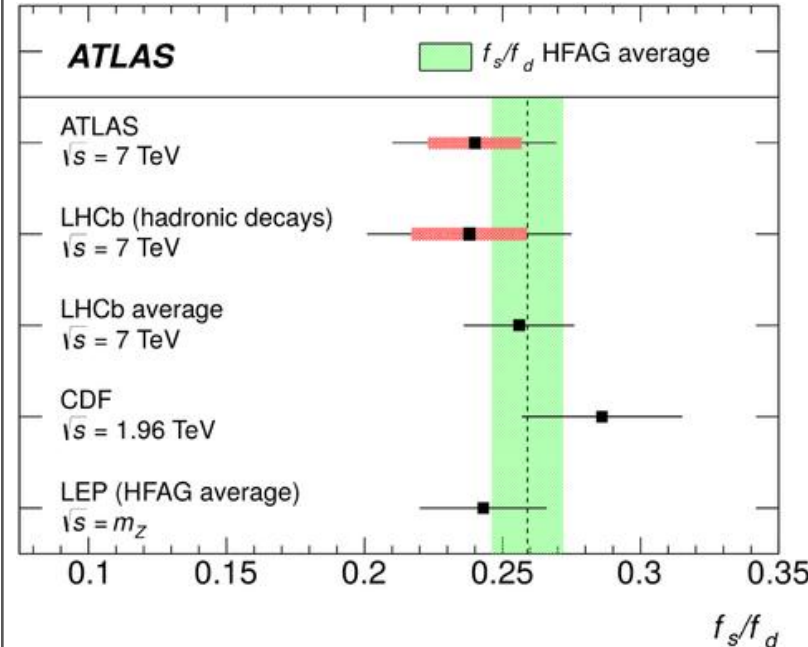
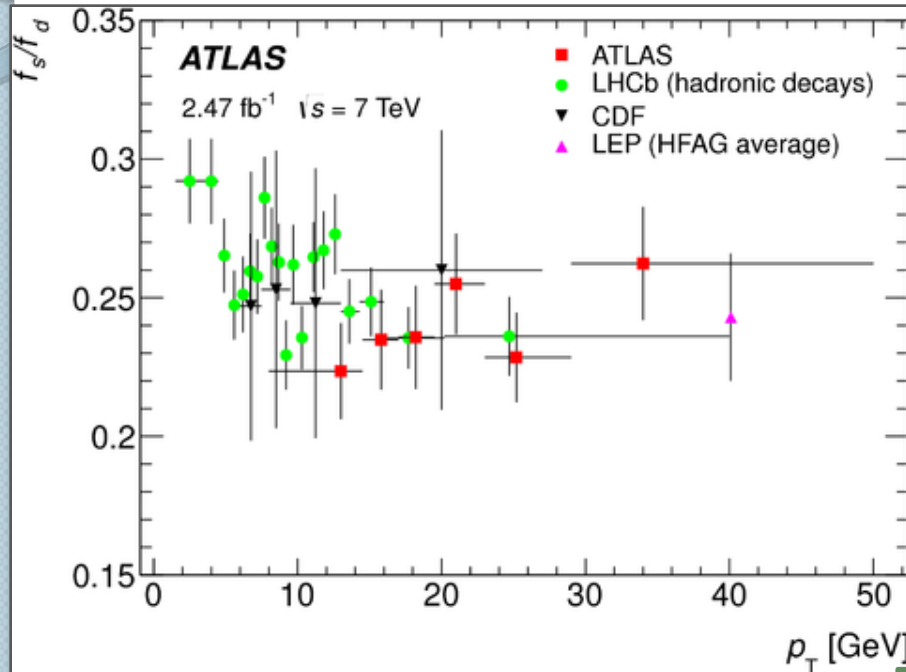
$N B_s^0$	$6640 \pm 100 \pm 220$
$N B_d^0$	$36290 \pm 320 \pm 650$

With Br ratio from X. Liu et al., PRD 89 (2014) 052007  
 $f_s/f_d = 0.240 \pm 0.004_{st} \pm 0.013_{sys} \pm 0.017_{th}$

# $b$ -quark fragmentation fractions $f_s/f_d$

$f_s/f_d$  in dependence on  $B$   $p_T$

$f_s/f_d$  in comparison with  
LEP data at  $\sqrt{s} \approx m_Z$



The ATLAS data show no  $f_s/f_d$  dependence on  $p_T$  nor on  $|y|$  within  $8 < p_T < 50$  GeV and  $|y| < 2.5$

ATLAS result agrees with the LEP average (arXiv:1412.7515), LHCb (JHEP04(2013)001) and CDF (pub. note 10795, 2012)

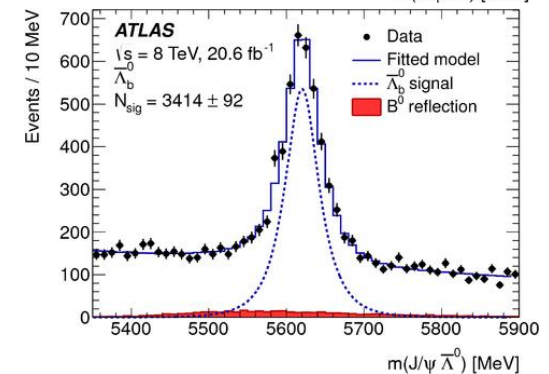
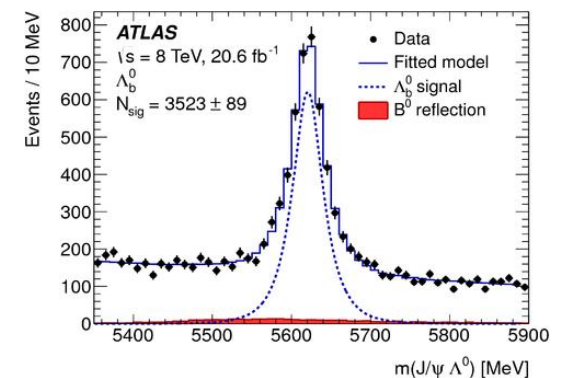
# Observation and branching fraction of $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0$ decay

pp 8 TeV with 20.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>

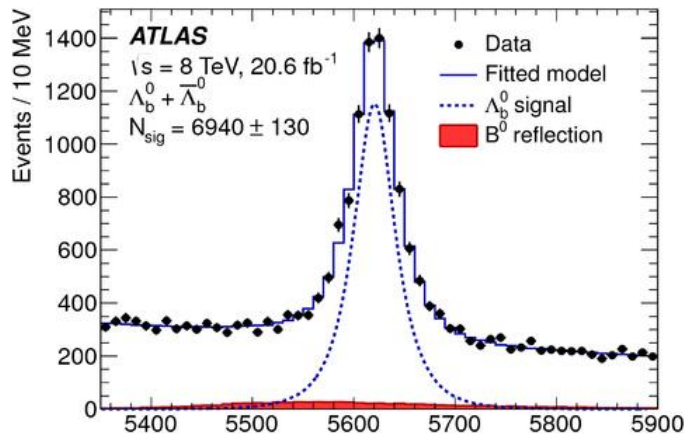
## Event selection:

- 3 dimuon triggers: both  $p_T > 4$  GeV; muon  $p_T > 4$  and  $p_T > 6$  GeV; both  $p_T > 6$  GeV and  $2.5 < m(\mu\mu) < 4.3$  GeV
- Two muons with inv. mass within 200 MeV of the  $J/\psi$  or  $\Psi$  mass, two additional tracks form  $\Lambda$  candidate with high- $p_T$  track assigned proton hypothesis;
- To control  $B^0$  reflection, dimuon mass refitted with dihadrons as  $K_s^0(\pi^+\pi^-)$ ;
- To suppress comb. and  $B^0$  bkg additional requirements used.

$m(J/\psi\Lambda)$  (top) and  $m(J/\psi\bar{\Lambda})$  distributions in selected events with B reflections:  
 $N(\Lambda) \approx N(\bar{\Lambda})$

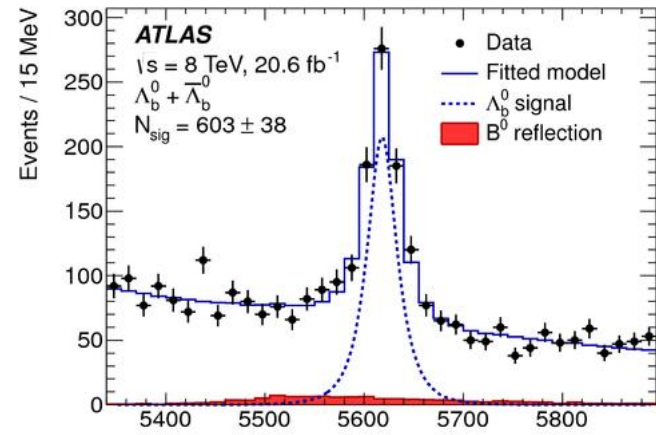


# Ratio $\Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0) / \Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\Lambda^0)$



Signals extraction:

$m(J/\psi\Lambda/\bar{\Lambda})$ , MeV



$m(\Psi(2S)\Lambda/\bar{\Lambda})$ , MeV

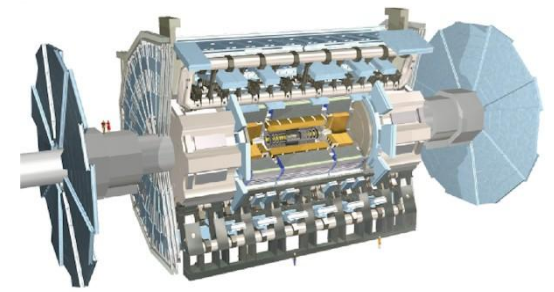
	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\Lambda^0$	$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0$	$B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K_S^0$
$N_{\text{sig}}$	$6940 \pm 130$	$854 \pm 84$	$603 \pm 38$	$124 \pm 28$
$m_{\text{sig}}$ [MeV]	$5620.4 \pm 0.4$	$5274.7 \pm 2.3$	$5618.2 \pm 1.2$	$5272.4 \pm 4.9$
$\sigma_{\text{sig}}$ [MeV]	$19.7 \pm 0.5$	$19.2 \pm 2.2$	$14.3 \pm 1.1$	$16.7 \pm 4.1$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0)}{\Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\Lambda^0)} = 0.501 \pm 0.033(\text{stat}) \pm 0.016(\text{syst}) \pm 0.011(\mathcal{B})$$

Ratio is lower than theoretical prediction  $0.8 \pm 0.1$   
from covariant quark model

(T. Gutsche et al., Phys. Rev. D 88 (2013) 114018)

# Conclusions

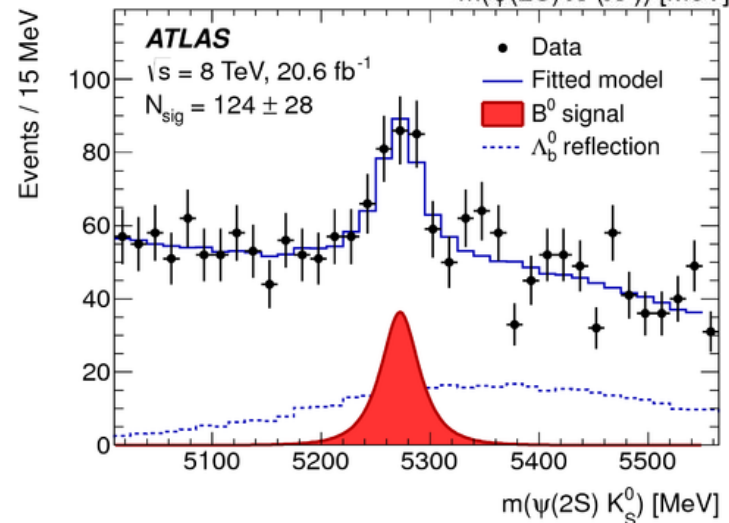
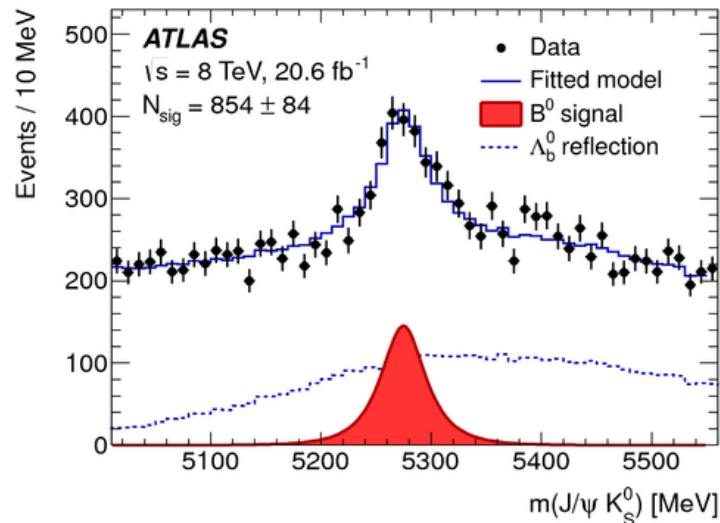
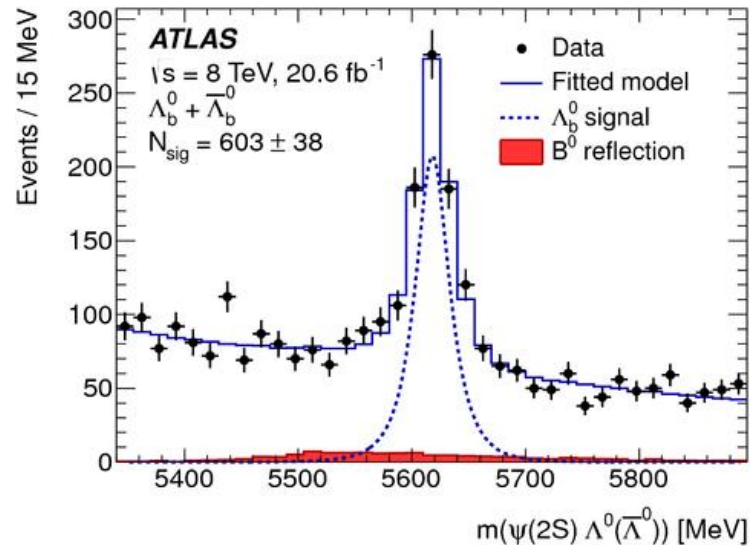
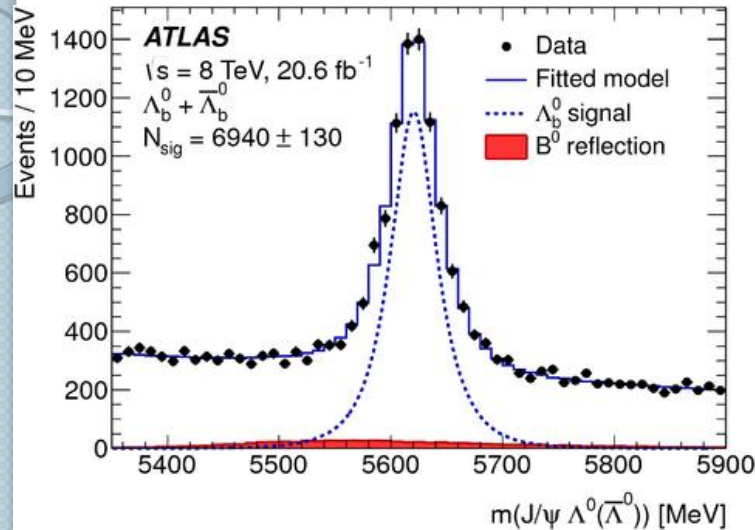


- The ATLAS detector starts operation in Run2 at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV successfully
- First Run2 HF measurements are presented
- New results for HF production and decay properties with Run I data are shown
- They continue list of results for B, Bs, Bc and  $\Lambda_b$  hadrons in wide  $p_T$  regions from the ATLAS detector presented in <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/BPhysPublicResults>
- New results will follow

# Back-up slides



# $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda^0$ and $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) \Lambda^0$ decays



B meson signals (bottom) used for reflection estimations in  $\Lambda_b^0$  decays (top)

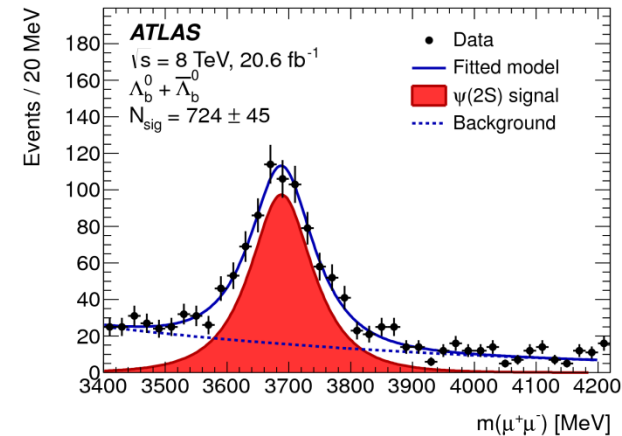
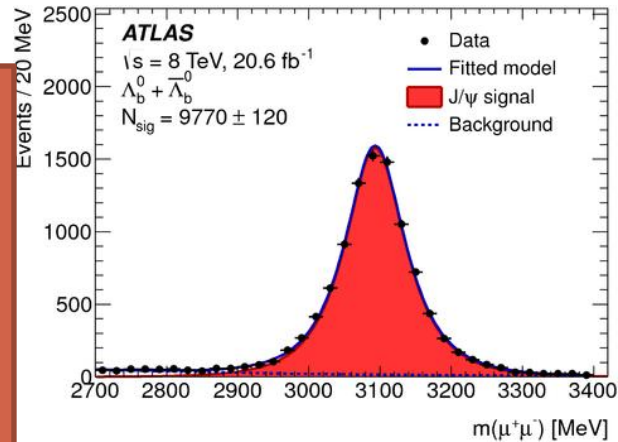
# $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\Psi \Lambda^0$ and $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) \Lambda^0$ decays

## J/ $\Psi$ and $\Psi(2S)$ signals in selected $\Lambda_b$ decays

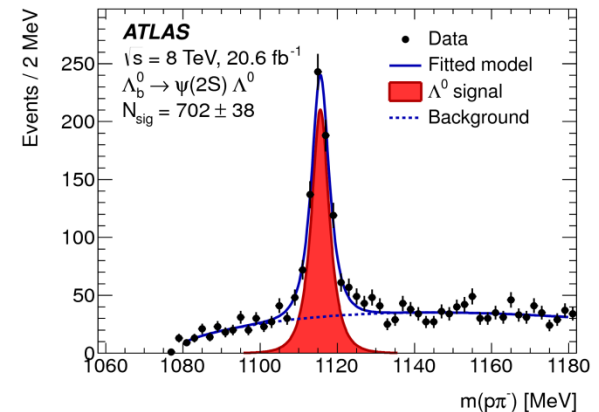
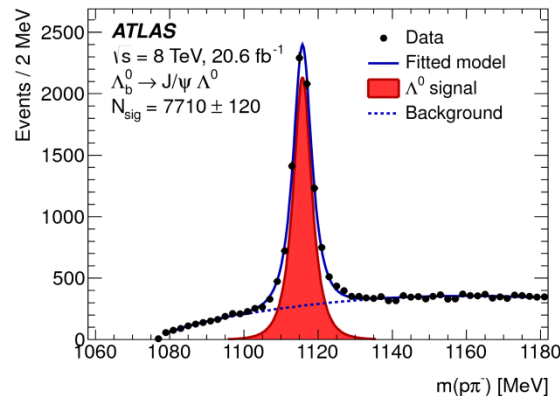
Additional bkg and B

suppression requirements:

- 1)  $\chi^2(\Lambda_b)/N_{\text{dof}} < 3$ ,  $N_{\text{dof}} = 6$ ;
- 2)  $L_{xy}(\Lambda) \cdot 10 \text{ mm}$ ;
- 3)  $p_T(\Lambda) > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$ ;
- 4)  $p_T(\pi^-) > 0.45 \text{ GeV}$ ;
- 5)  $\tau(\Lambda_b) > 0.35 \text{ ps}$
- 6)  $\text{Prob}(\Lambda_b) > \text{Prob}(B)$



## $\Lambda(\rho\pi^-)$ signals in selected $\Lambda_b$ decays



# Summary from presented results

- $J/\Psi$  non-prompt production fraction in pp collisions at 13 TeV is presented; no change from 7 to 13 TeV in contrary to change from the lower energies to 7 TeV is observed;
- First observation for associated  $J/\Psi$  and Z production in pp collisions at 8 TeV, some tension with theory expectations;
- Results for  $f_s/f_d$  agree with LEP and other experiments and show no dependence on  $B$ ,  $p_T$  and rapidity;
- Ratio  $\Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)\Lambda^0) / \Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\Psi\Lambda^0) < 0.8$   
( $\pm 0.1$ )<sub>th</sub> is measured.