

ATLAS results on jet-related physics with V+jets

Kunihiro Nagano (KEK, Japan)
on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



LHCP 2015 Conference
2/September/2015, St. Petersburg, Russia

Motivation

- Studying jets with $V(W/Z \text{ bosons}) + \text{jets}$ events:
 - W/Z bosons decaying to leptons provide a clear experimental signature at a hadron collider, which can be used as a probe of the underlying collision processes at a large scale ($O(M_w, M_z)$)
 - Test of perturbative QCD (pQCD)
- High statistics of LHC data will allow a comprehensive exploration
 - on various QCD aspects, for instance
 - * Choice by scale, matrix element (ME) / parton shower (PS) matching, flavor schemes, etc.
 - at a large phase space, for instance
 - * Jet multiplicities > 5
 - * Jet p_T in TeV range
 - by comparing the precise data with a large variety of theory predictions which have been recently rapidly advanced, for instance
 - * NLO calculations up to $W+5$ partons
 - * NNLO for $W/Z + 1$ parton
 - * NLO MC matched to PS
 - * Resummation

See backup slides for a list of predictions/models shown in this talk

Contents of this talk

- Test of pQCD

- Z + jets cross sections (JHEP 07 (2013) 032)
- W + jets cross sections (Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:82)
- $\sigma(W+jets)/\sigma(Z+jets)$ cross sections (Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:3168)

- Inputs for Parton Distribution Functions (PDFs) fits, test of pQCD

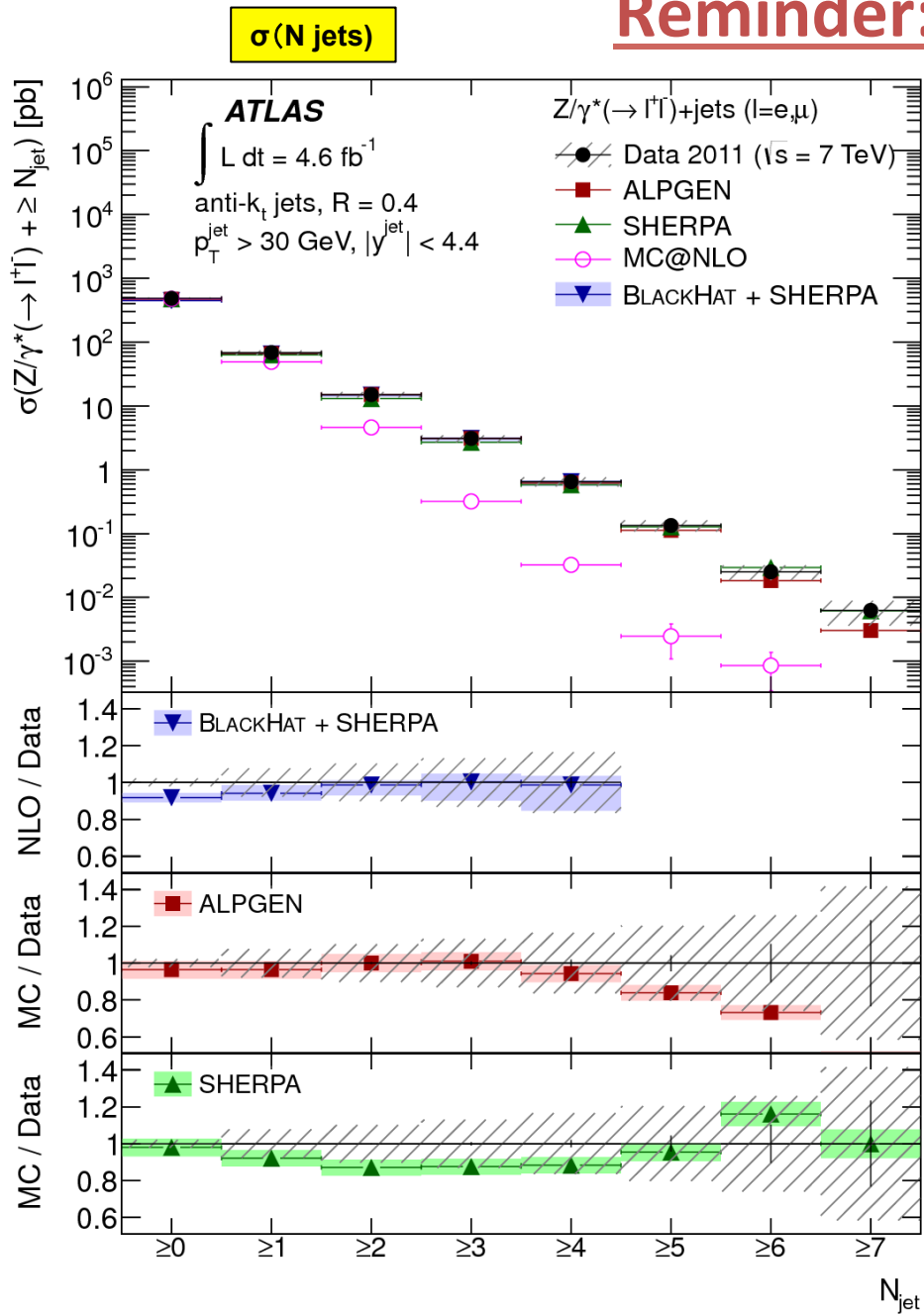
- W + c-jet, W + D/D* (JHEP05 (2014) 068)
 - s-quark PDF
- Z + b-jets cross sections (JHEP10 (2014) 141)
 - b-quark PDF, $g \rightarrow bb$ splitting

See backup slides

- Fresh results from 13 TeV pp collisions (“Run2”)

- Z + jets (ATLAS-CONF-2015-054) ← *NEW AT THIS CONFERENCE!*

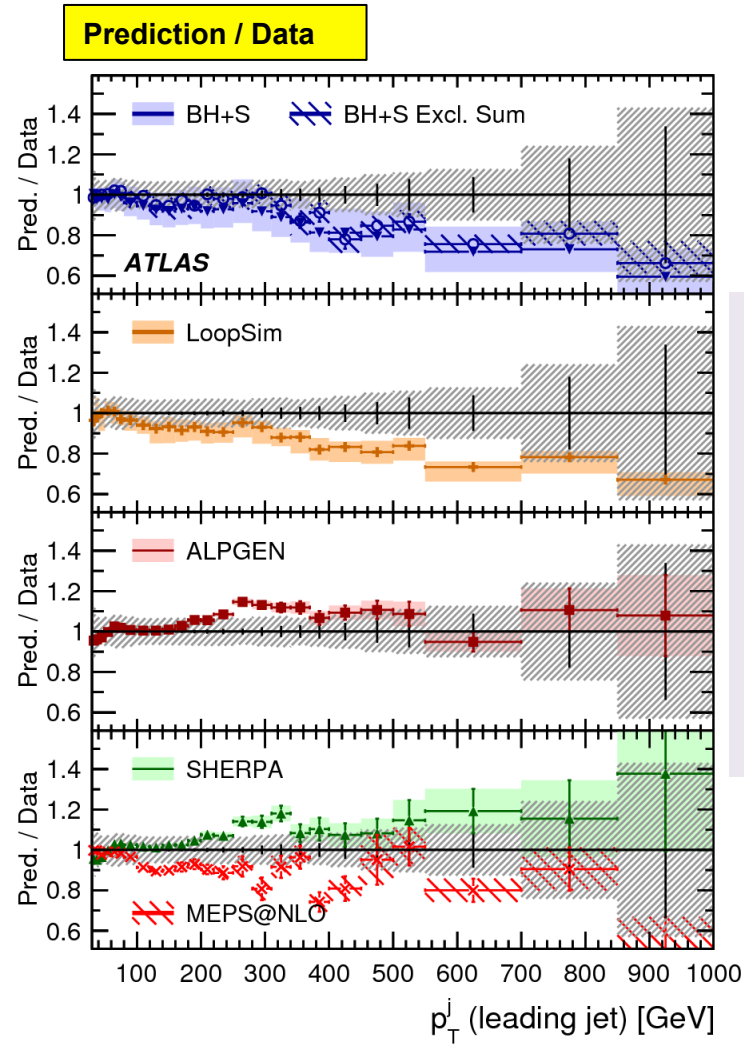
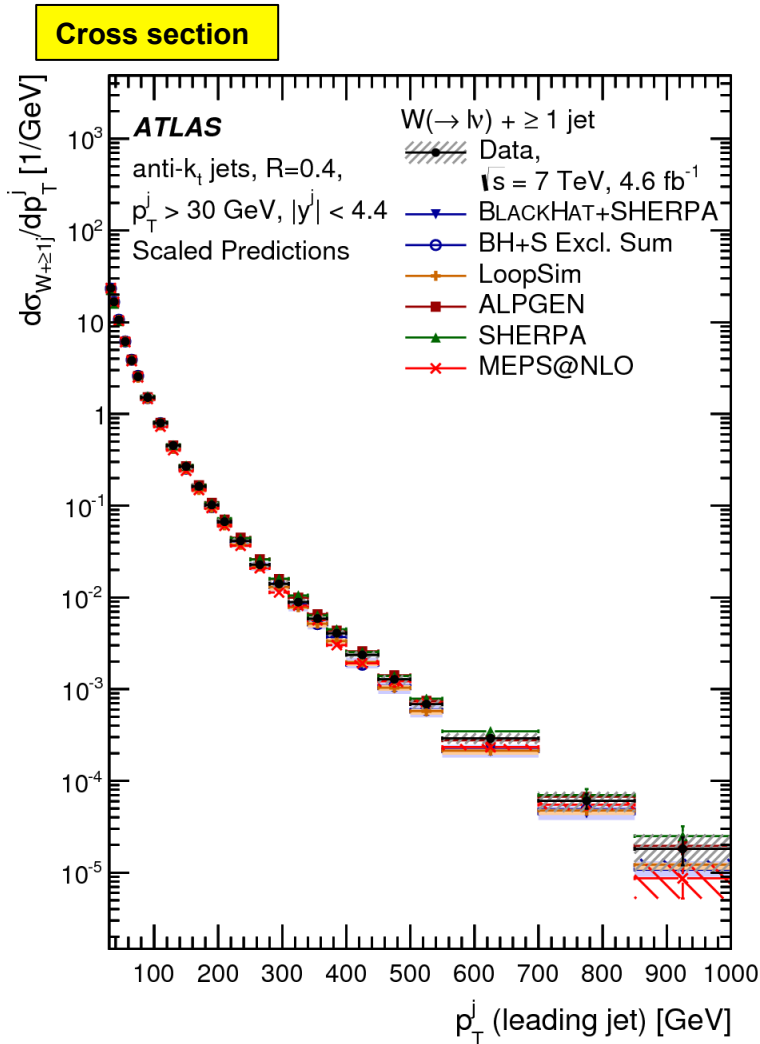
Reminder: Z+jets



- Multi-parton LO + PS
 - ALPGEN
 - SHERPA
- NLO ME + PS
 - MC@NLO
- Fixed-order calculation
 - Blackhat +SHERPA
 - * NLO (QCD one-loop ME) for V+up to 5 jets

Data have discriminating power among models/theories (MC@NLO fails to describe)

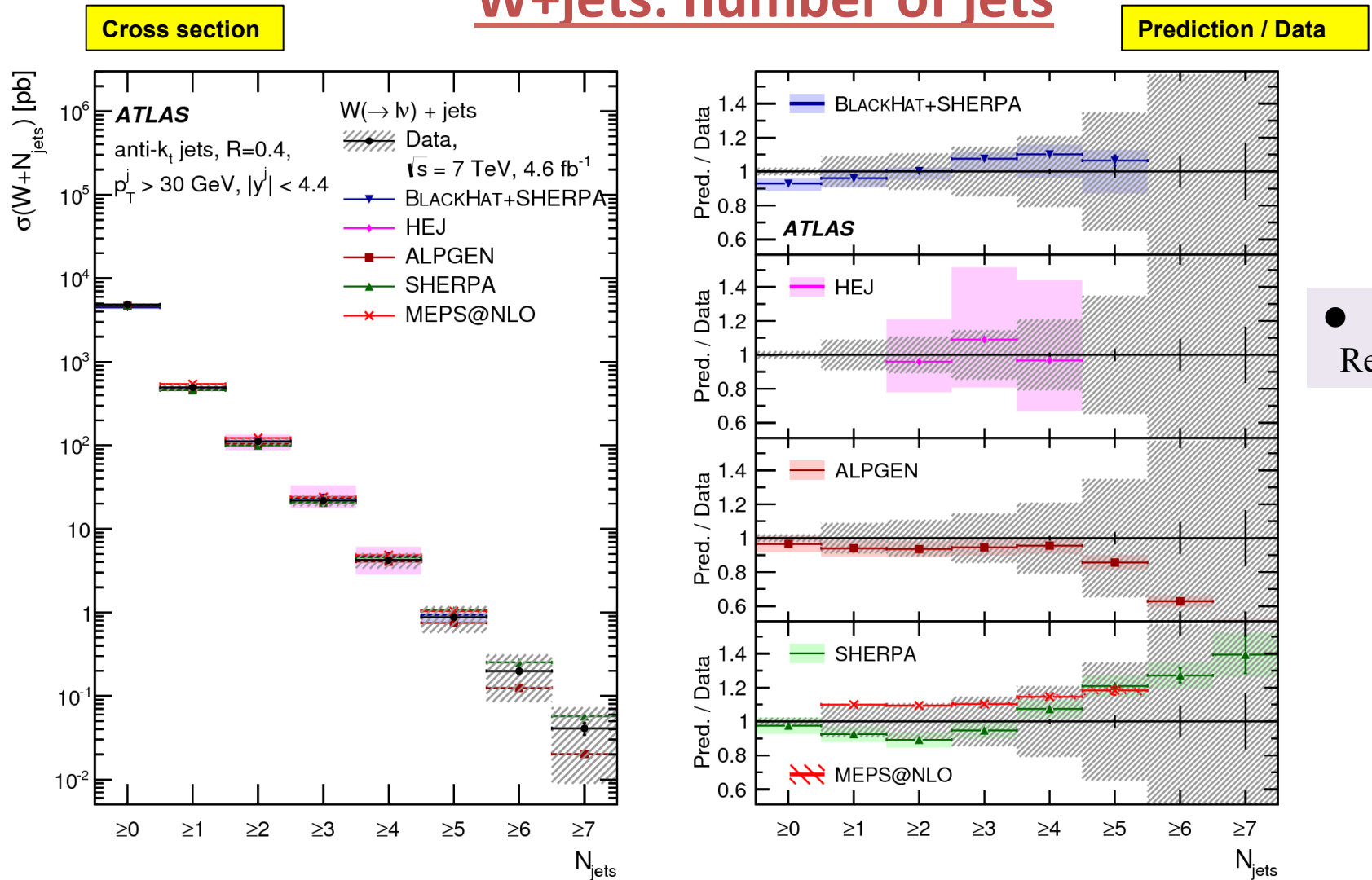
W+jets: p_T of leading jet



- LoopSim
 -- Approx. NNLO
- MEPS@NLO
 -- NLO for V+up to 2 partons merged to PS

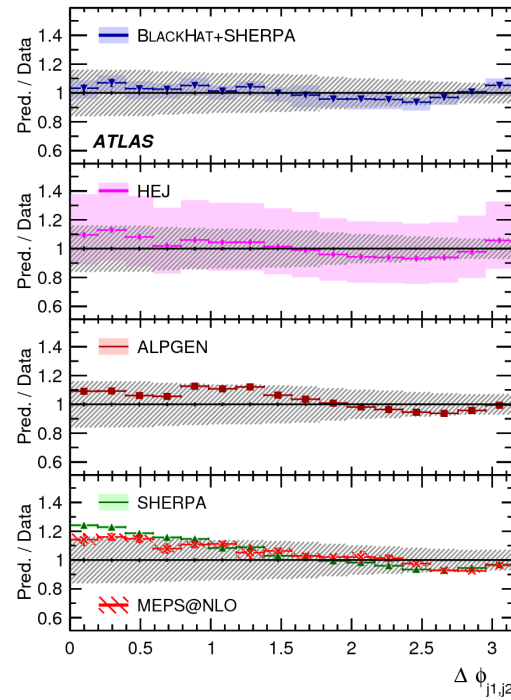
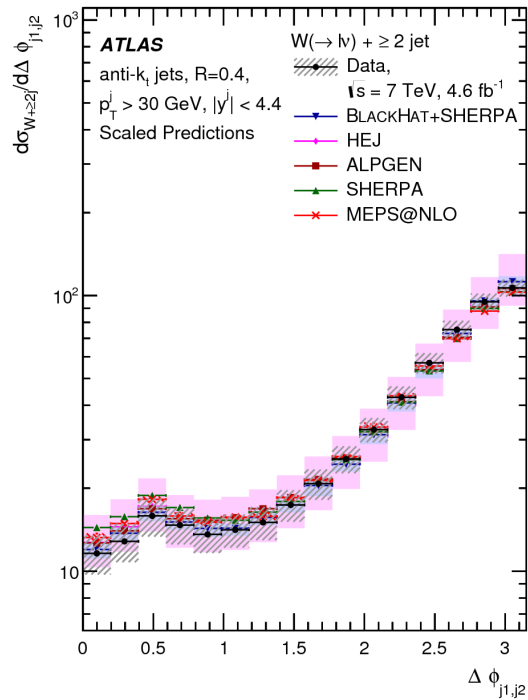
- Measured until leading jet $p_T \sim 1$ TeV
- Blackhat+SHERPA (“BH+S” in the figure) and LoopSim underestimate at high p_T where higher-order is expected to be significant.

W+jets: number of jets



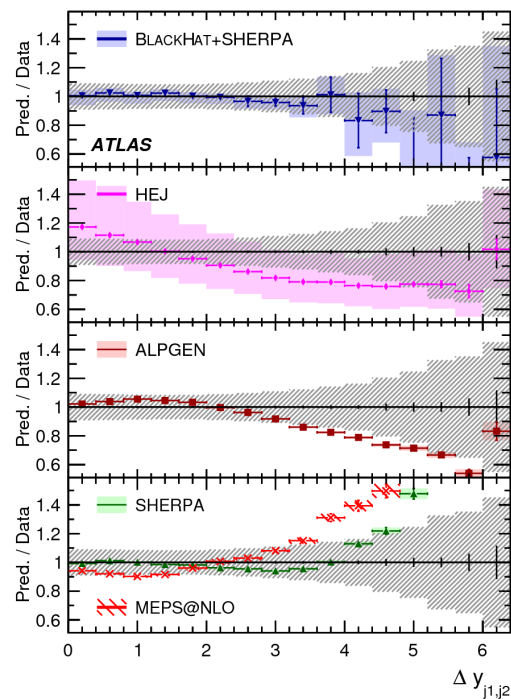
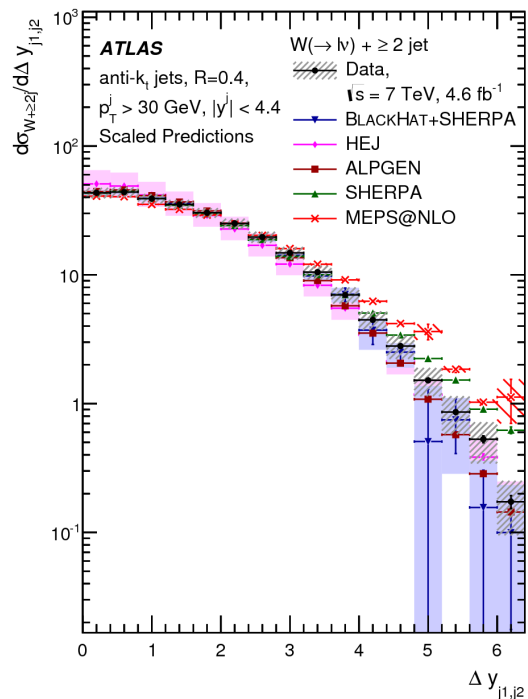
- Measured up to $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 7$
- ALPGEN and SHERPA show different trend at $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 5$, however within experimental uncertainty

W+jets: angular variables



$\Delta\phi(j1, j2)$

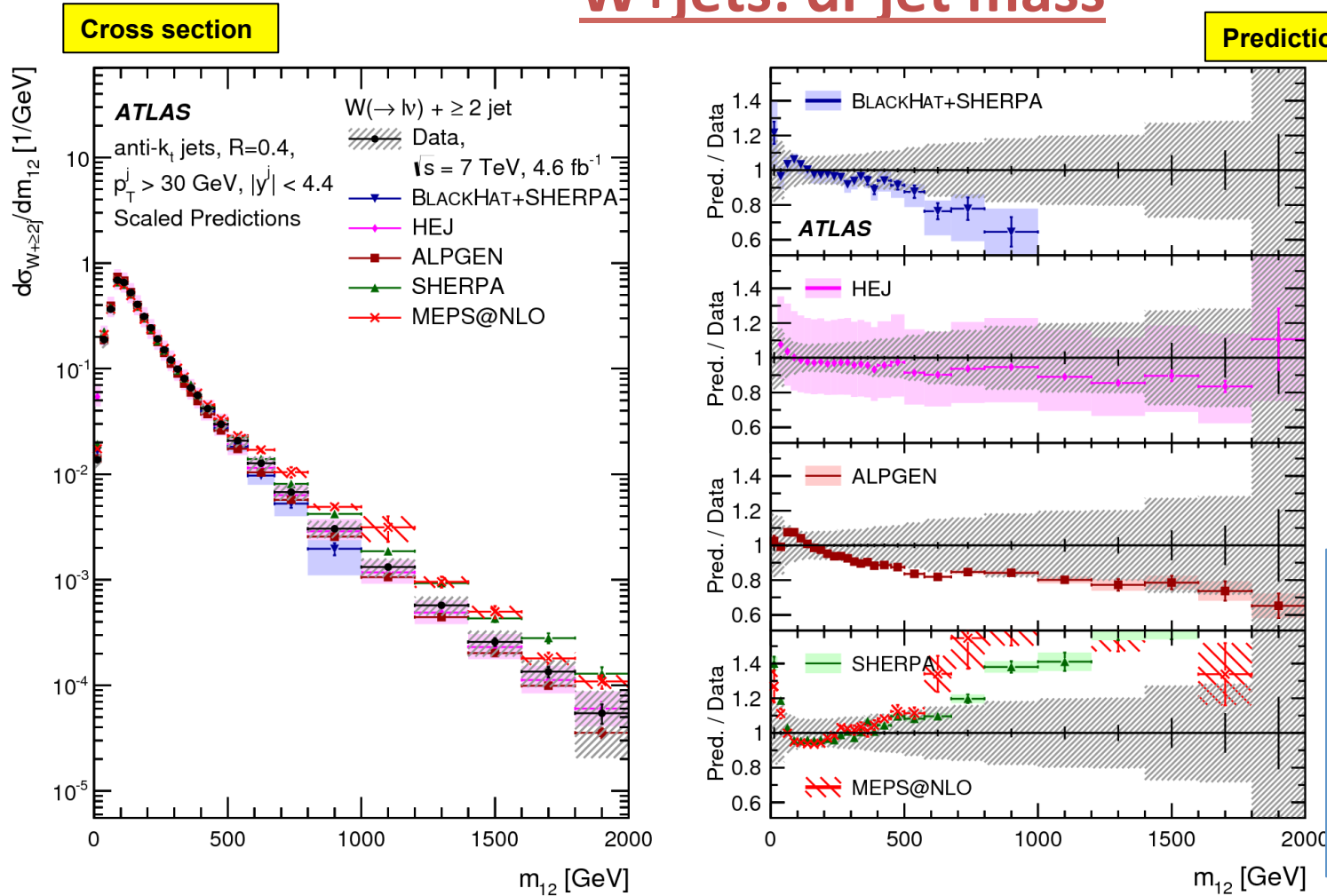
- Tests of hard radiation at large angles and ME/PS matching schemes



$\Delta y(j1, j2)$

- BlackHat+SHERPA describe data well
- ALPGEN underestimate for large $\Delta y(j1, j2)$
- SHERPA and MEPS@NLO overestimated for large $\Delta y(j1, j2)$

W+jets: di-jet mass

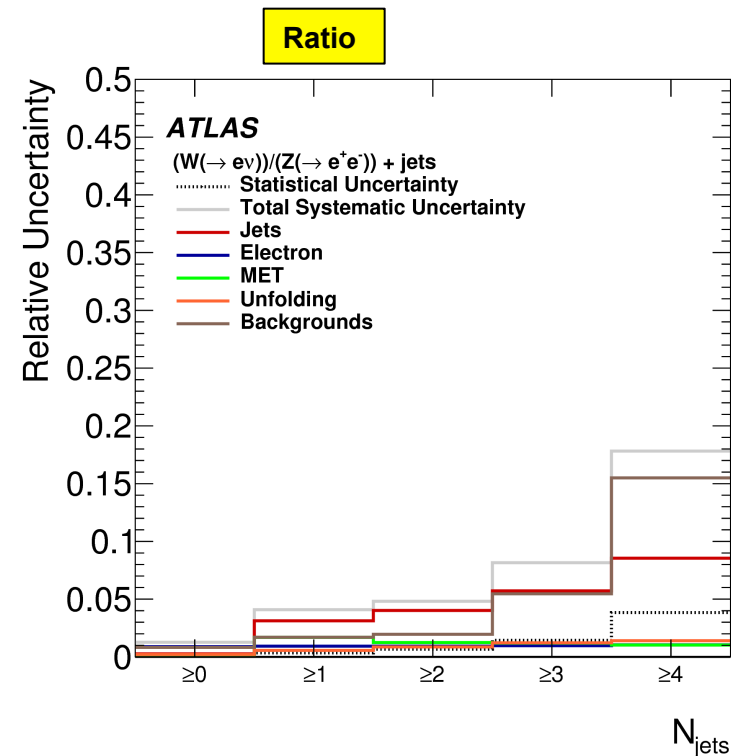
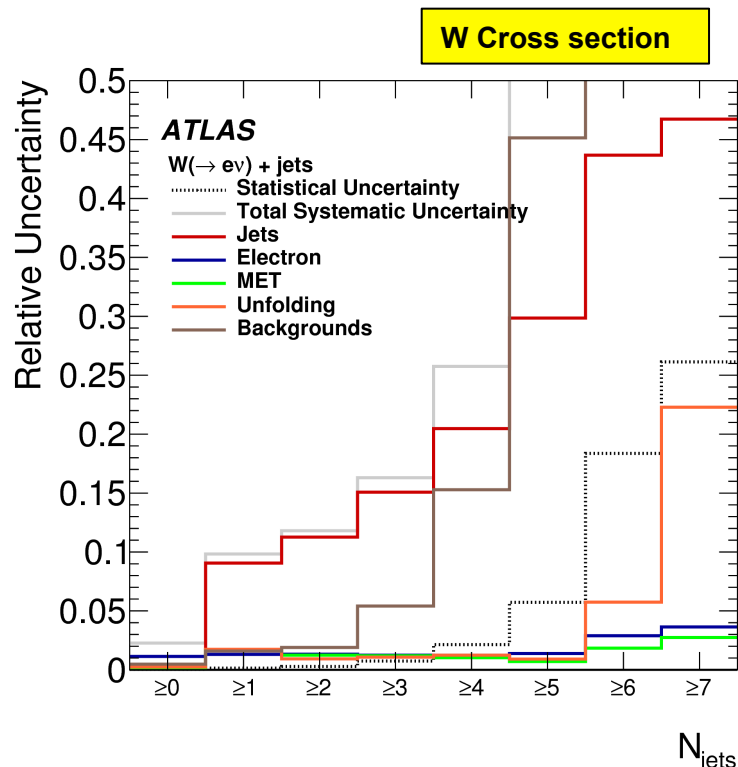


These data are being used in improving MC modeling (e.g. SHERPA v2.2, MEPS@NLO, etc)

- Measured until $m(j_1, j_2) \sim 2$ TeV
- BlackHat+SHERPA: shows indication of underestimation at large mass
- HEJ provides a good description
- SHERPA and MEPS@NLO fail to describe at large mass

$R_{\text{jets}} = \sigma(W+\text{jets})/\sigma(Z+\text{jets})$

- Probes kinematic differences of jet-system recoiling against W or Z
 - At low energies: different hadronic radiation pattern and PDF, given different momentum transfer
 - At high energies: difference expected to decrease
- More precise test of pQCD is possible, as some of experimental uncertainties and non-perturbative effects (e.g. hadronization, multi-parton interaction) are largely cancelled

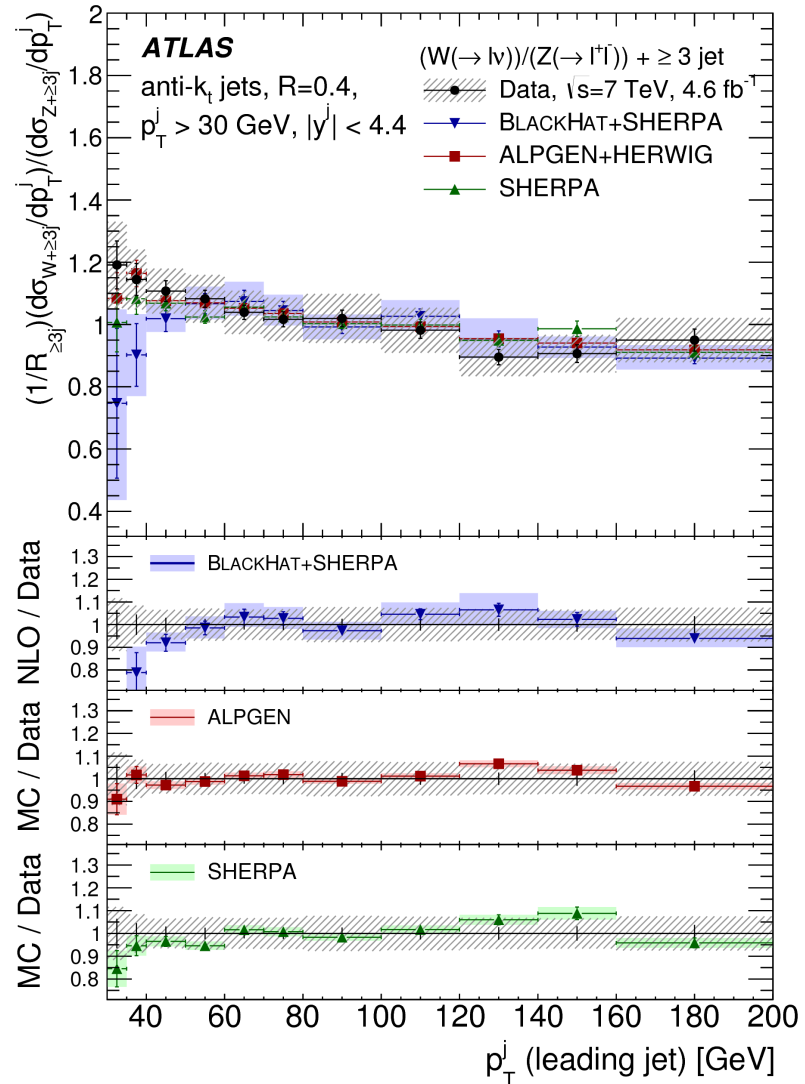
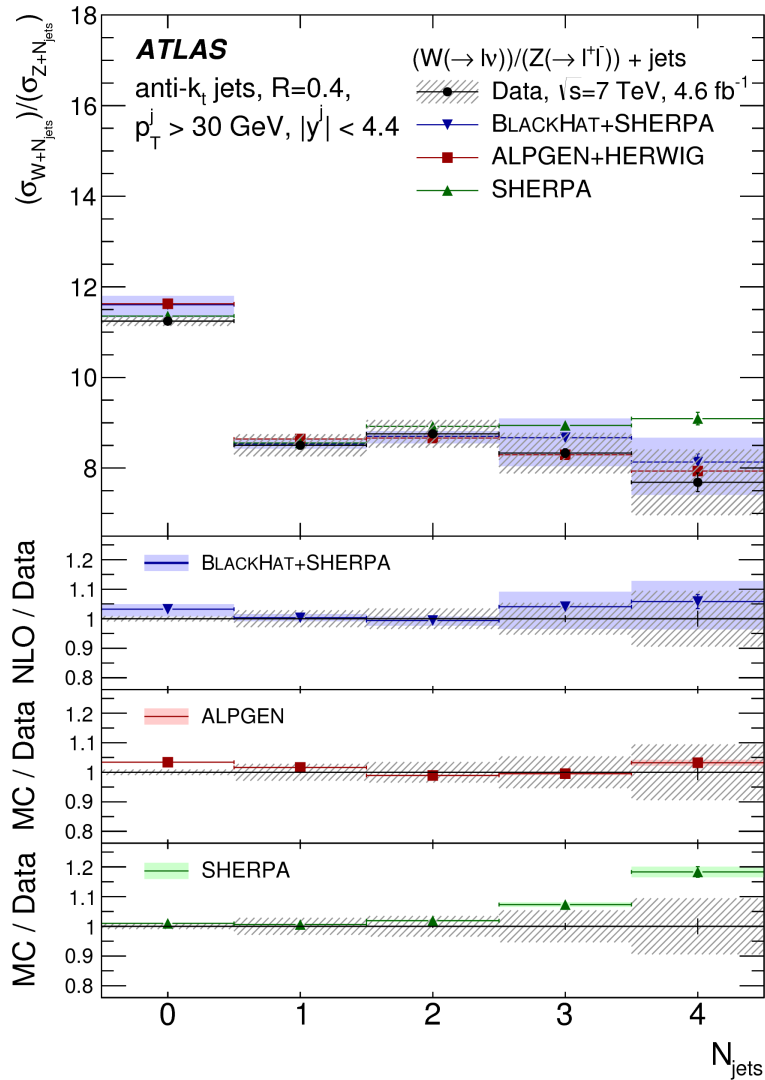


Note two figures have different x-axis range

Rjets: number of jets, leading jet p_T

N jets

Leading jet p_T (≥ 3 jets)

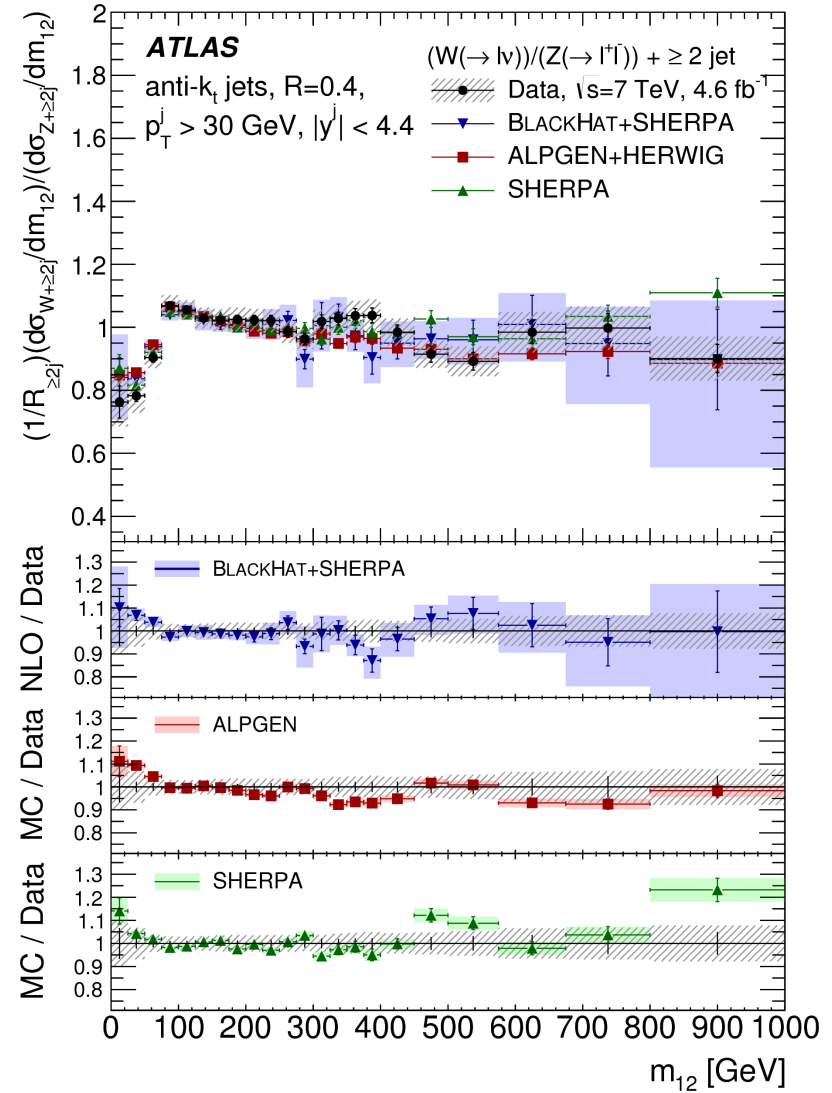
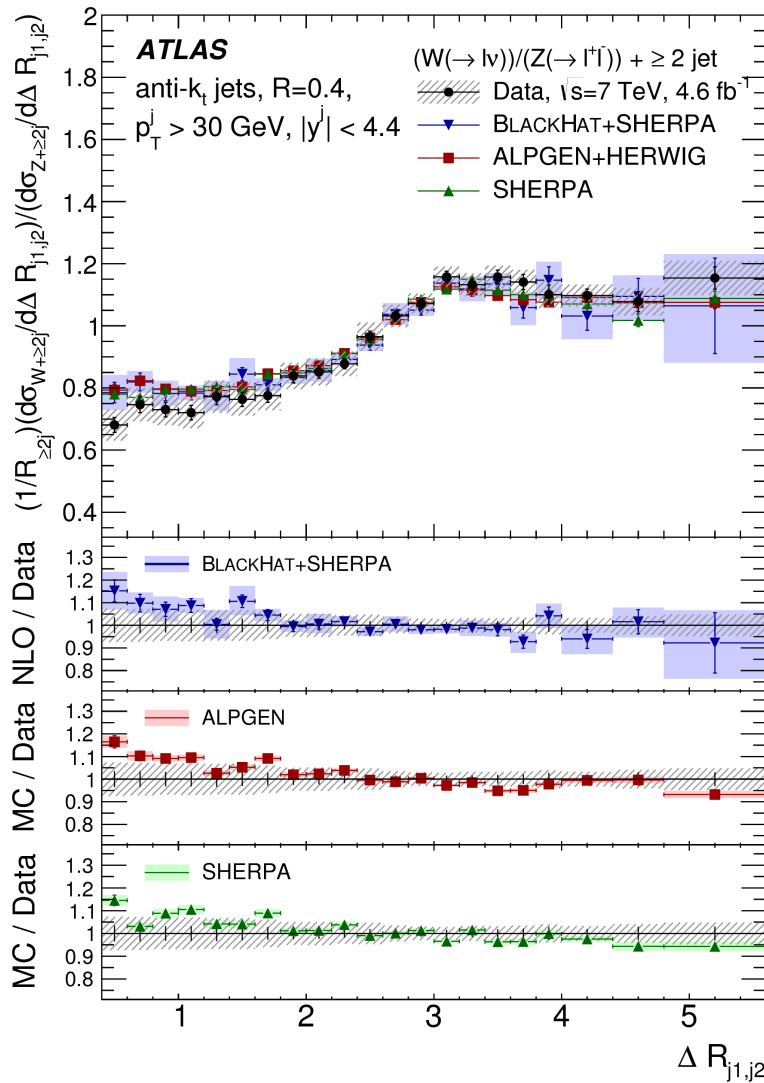


- SHERPA 1.5σ high for $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$ (where hard QCD rad. effect is tested)
- Different trend at low p_T (where rad. PS effect is major)

Rjets: angular separation, di-jet mass

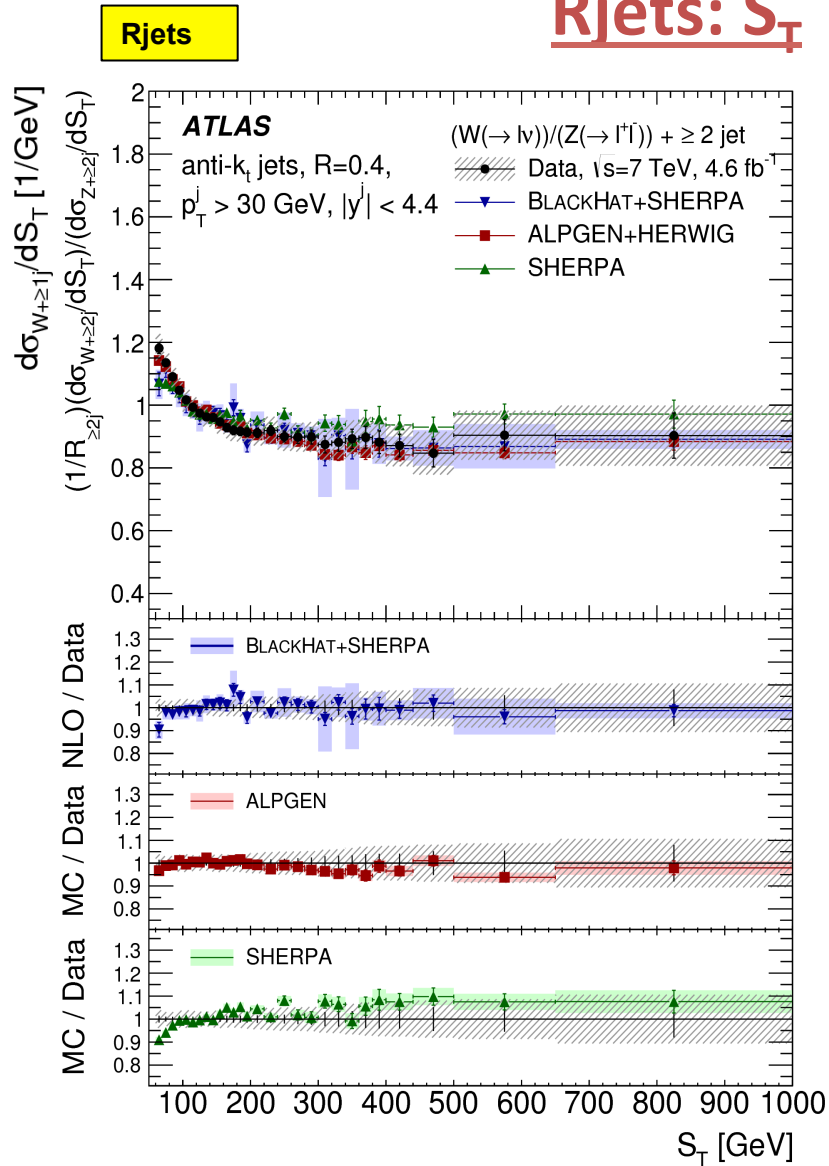
$\Delta R(j_1, j_2)$

$m(j_1, j_2)$

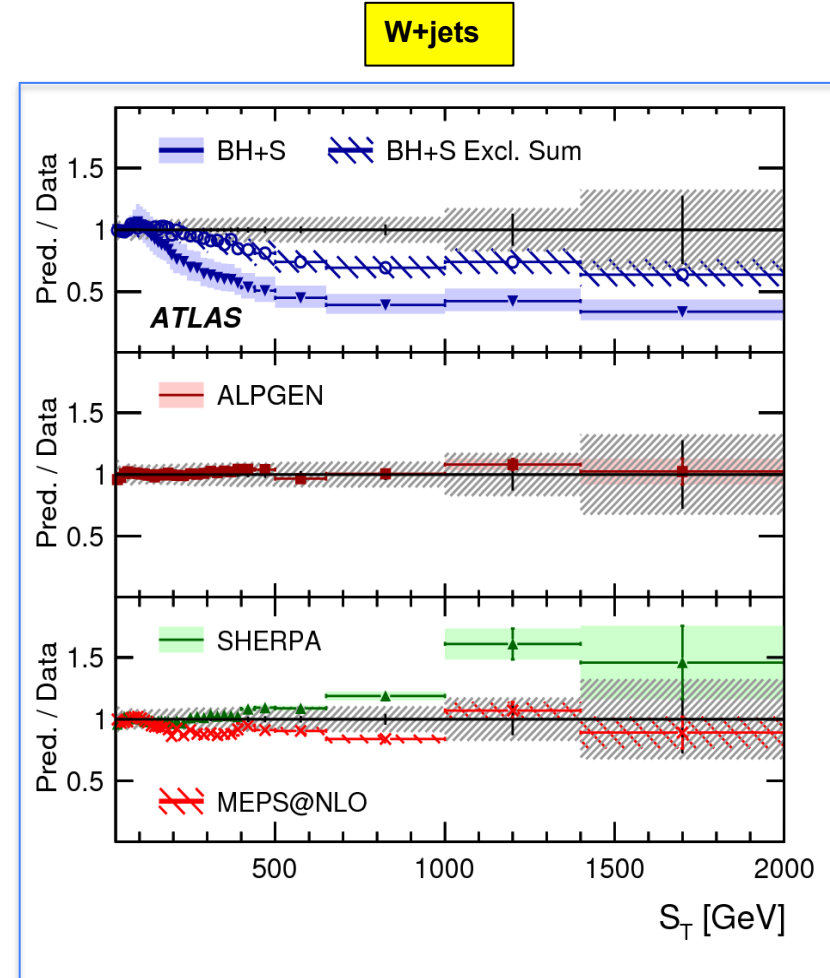


● Predicated shapes differ at low ΔR , mass, because non-pQCD effects that enhance soft QCD radiation do not fully cancel

Rjets: S_T



- S_T : scalar sum p_T of jets, often used in searches

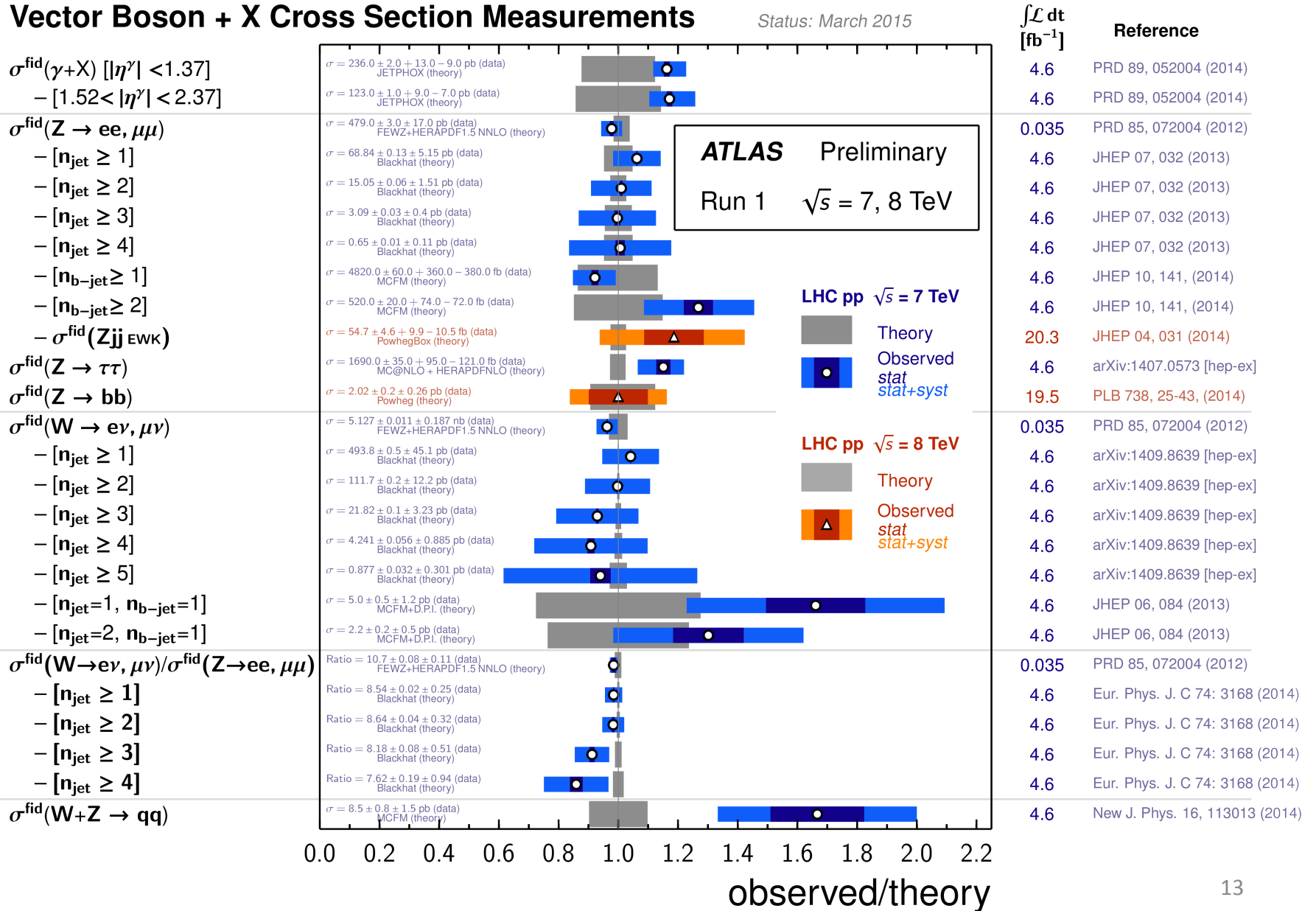


- BH+S does not reproduce W/Z+jet due to missing higher-orders, but does reproduce Rjets due to cancellation of higher-order effects

A summary plot of V+jets cross sections

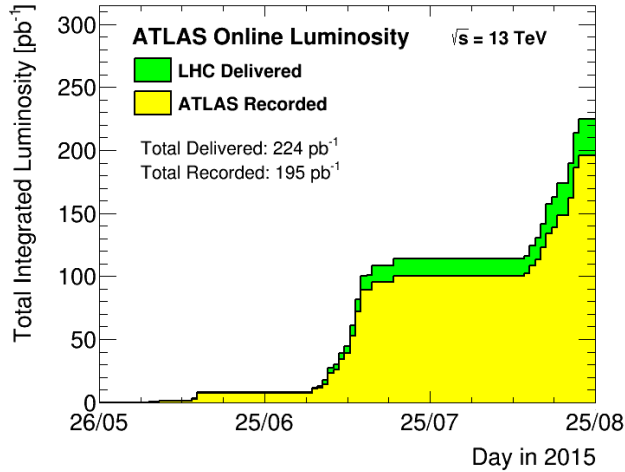
Vector Boson + X Cross Section Measurements

Status: March 2015

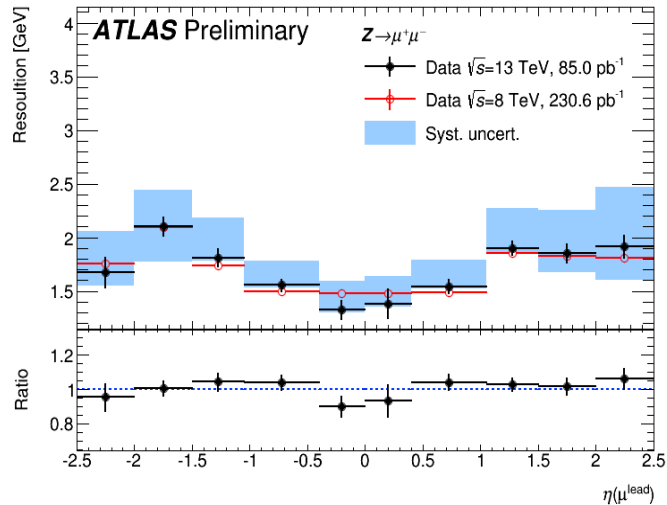


Run2 ongoing!

- LHC ramping up at 13 TeV, after a long shutdown!

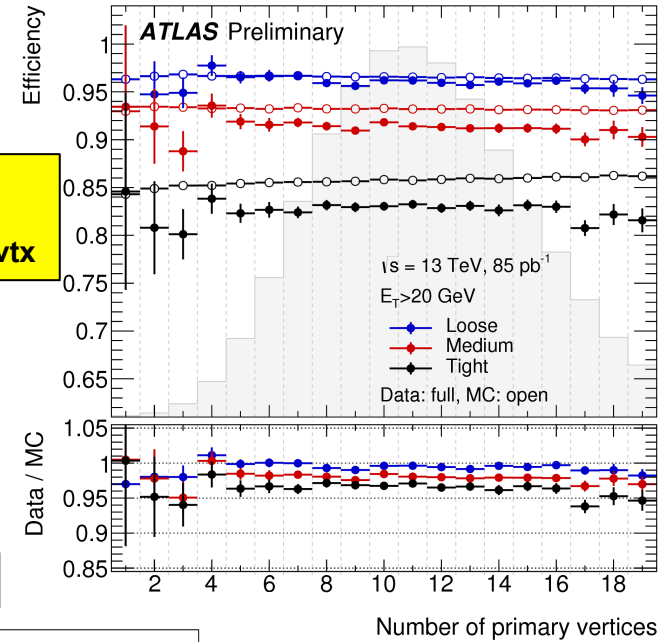


μ resolution

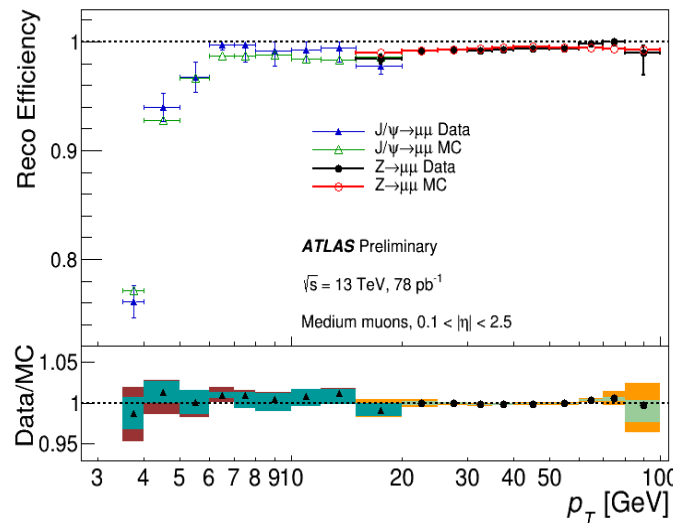


- Good performance of the ATLAS detector

Electron reconstruction efficiency wrt Nvtx



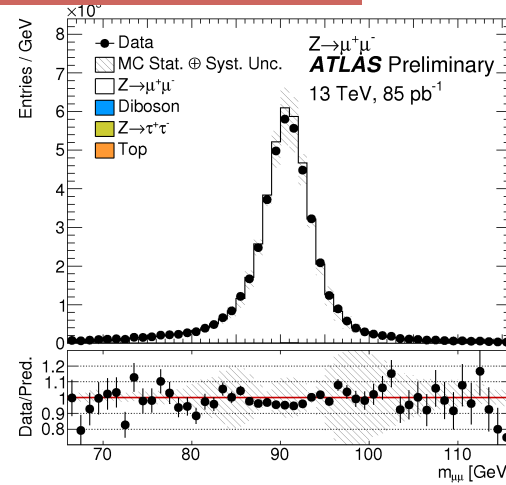
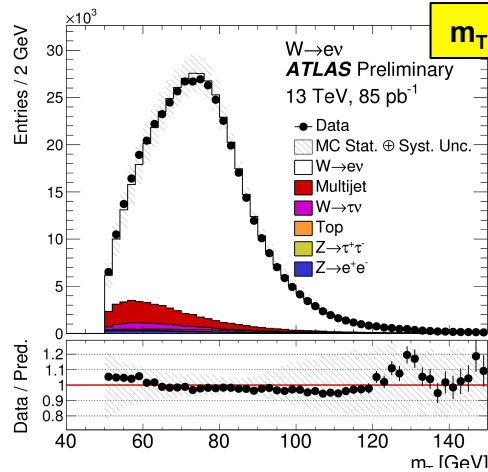
μ reconstruction efficiency



ATLAS has already started to produce physics results at 13 TeV!

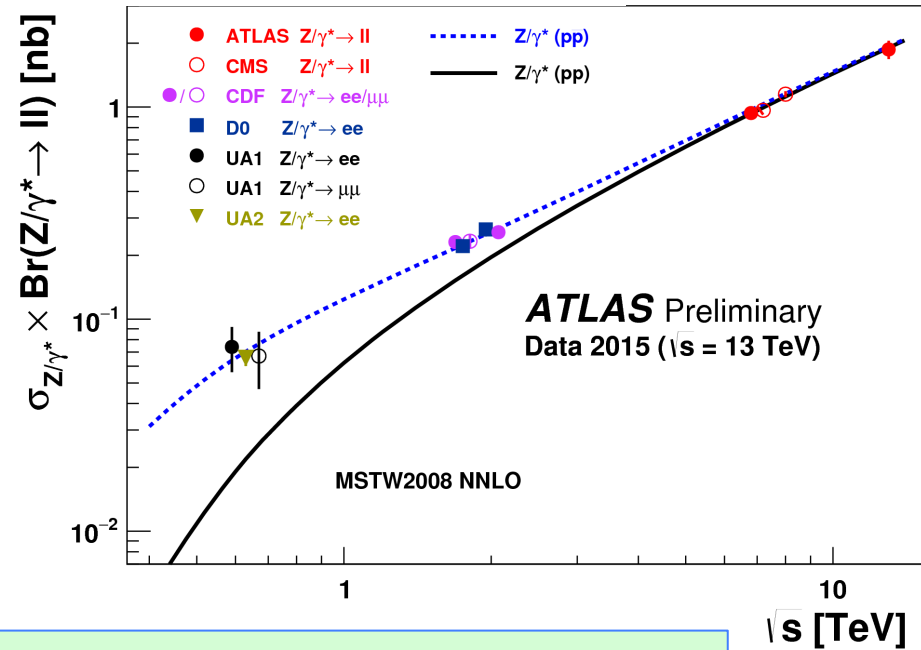
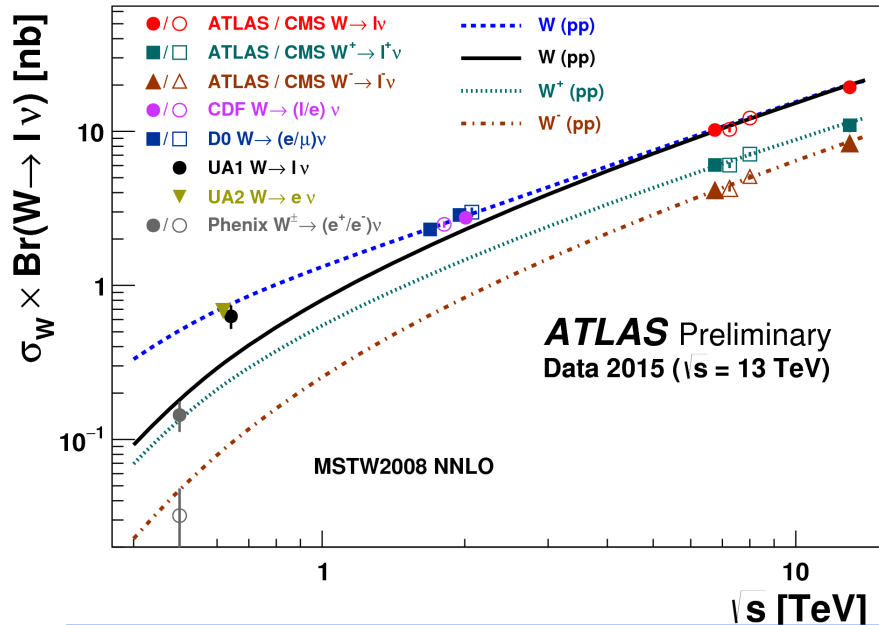
(inclusive) W/Z in pp @ 13 TeV

See J.Nielsen's talk (SM EM-1) for more detail



W cross section

Z cross section



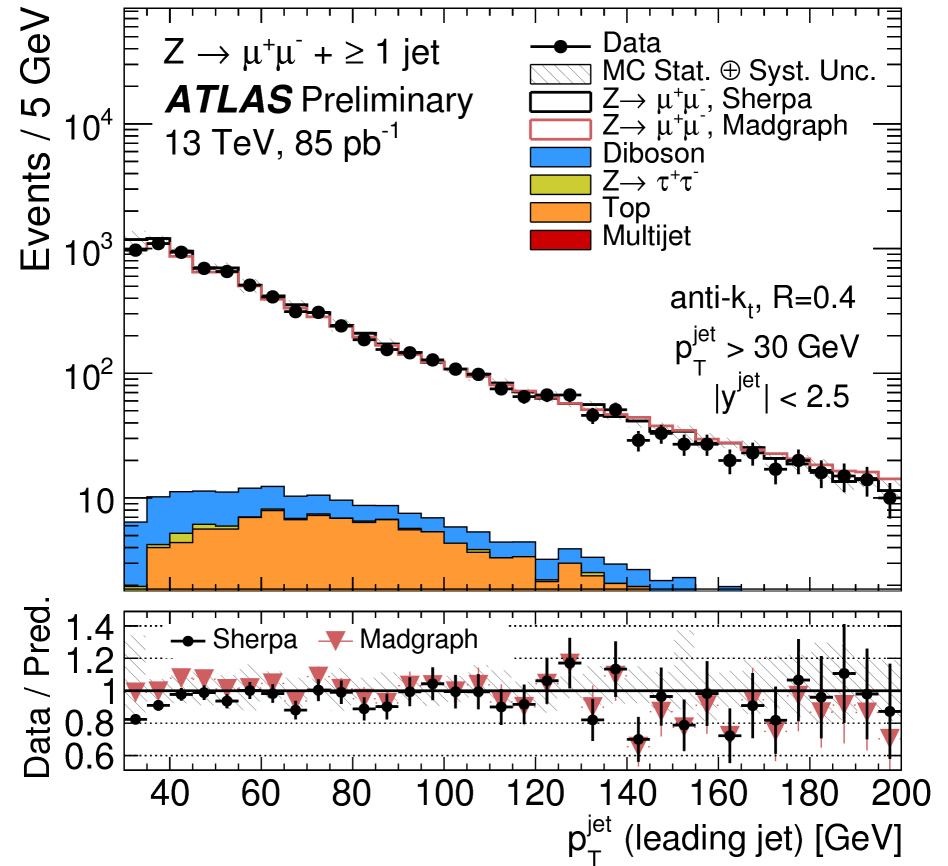
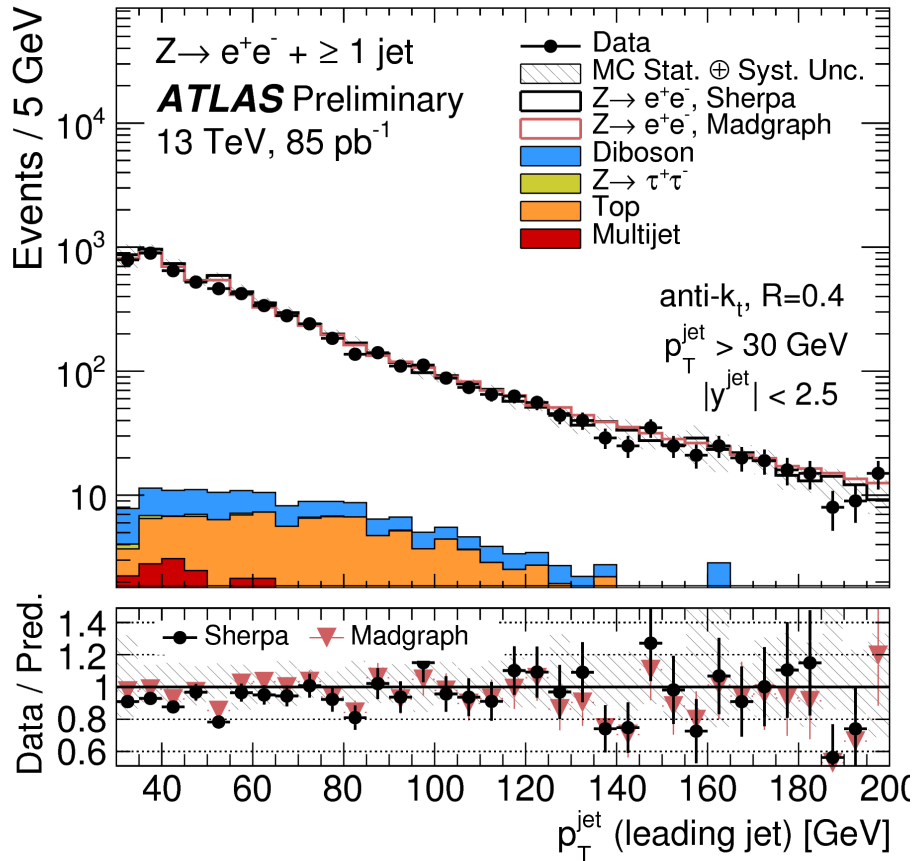
● Inclusive W/Z production cross sections at 13 TeV agree with theoretical calculations based on NNLO QCD \rightarrow Z+jets (next pages)

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: leading jet p_T

Z→ee

Anti-k_T, R=0.4
p_T^{jet} > 30 GeV, |y^{jet}| < 2.5

Z→μμ



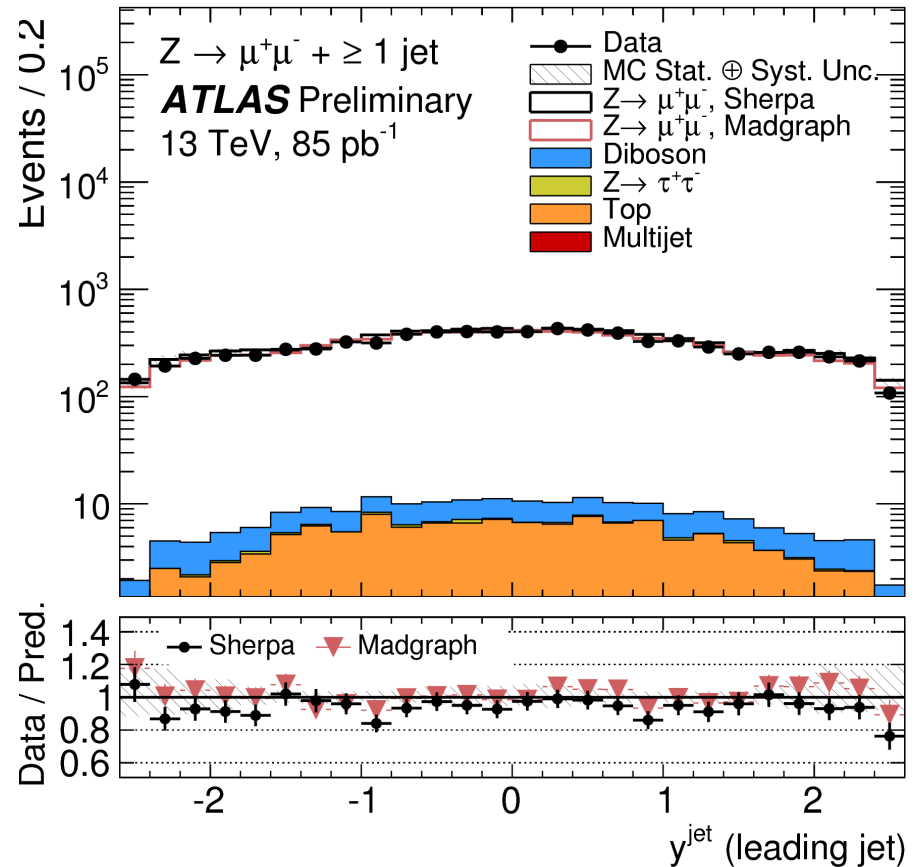
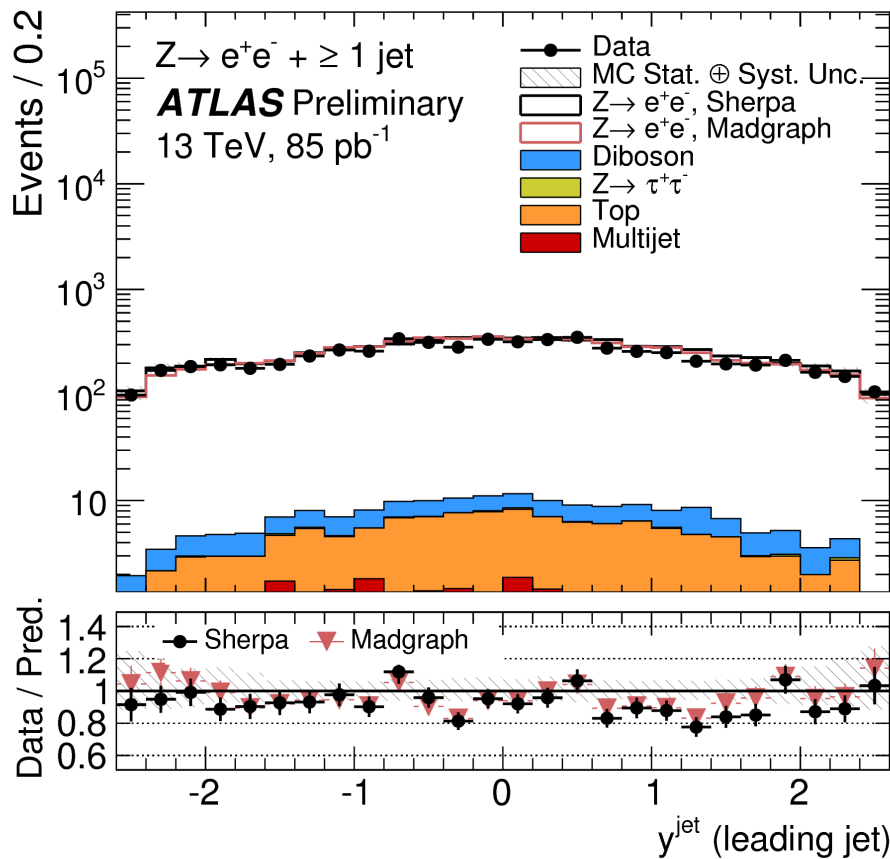
- SHEPA v2.1.1 (ME up to 2 ptn at NLO+up to 4 ptn at LO + PS)
- MadGraph5_aMC@NLO v2.2.2 (ME up to 4 ptn at LO + Pythia PS)

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: leading jet rapidity

Anti-k_T, R=0.4
 p_T > 30 GeV, |y| < 2.5

Z → ee

Z → μμ



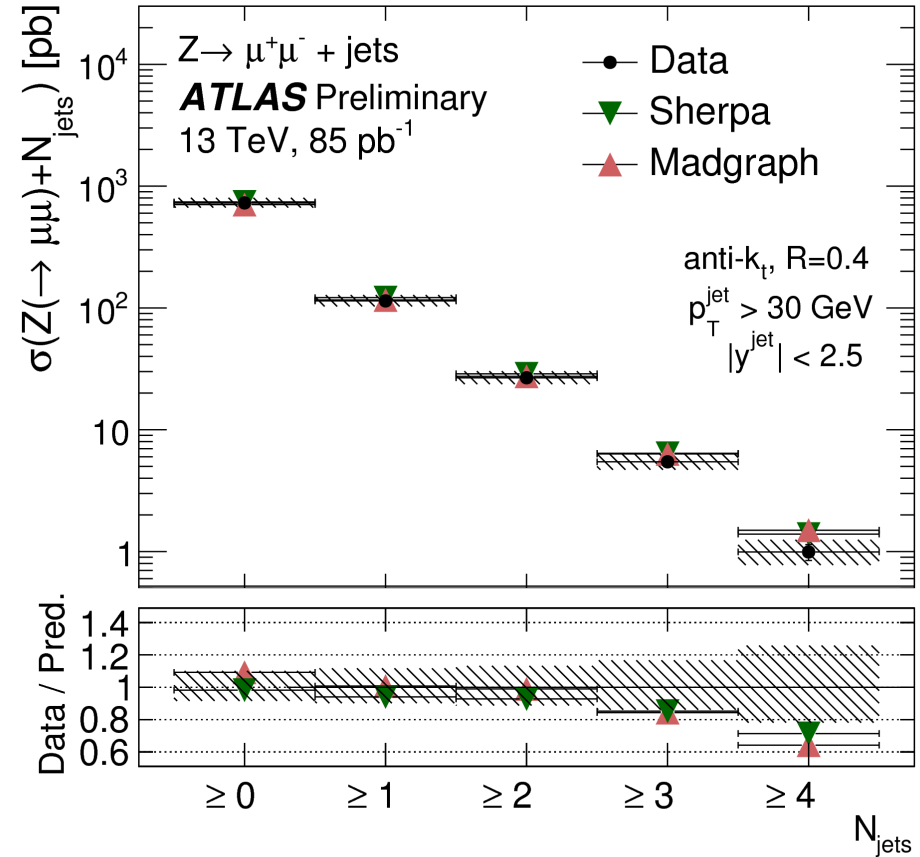
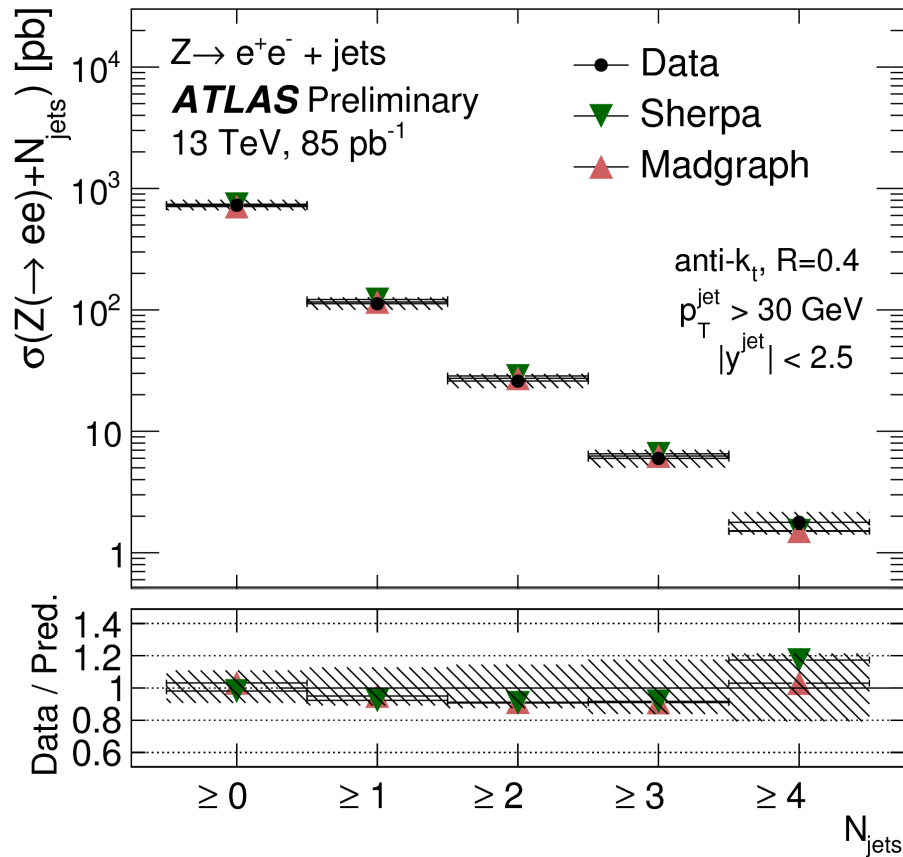
● Data and predictions (Sherpa, Madgraph) agree well within uncertainties

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: number of jets

Z→ee

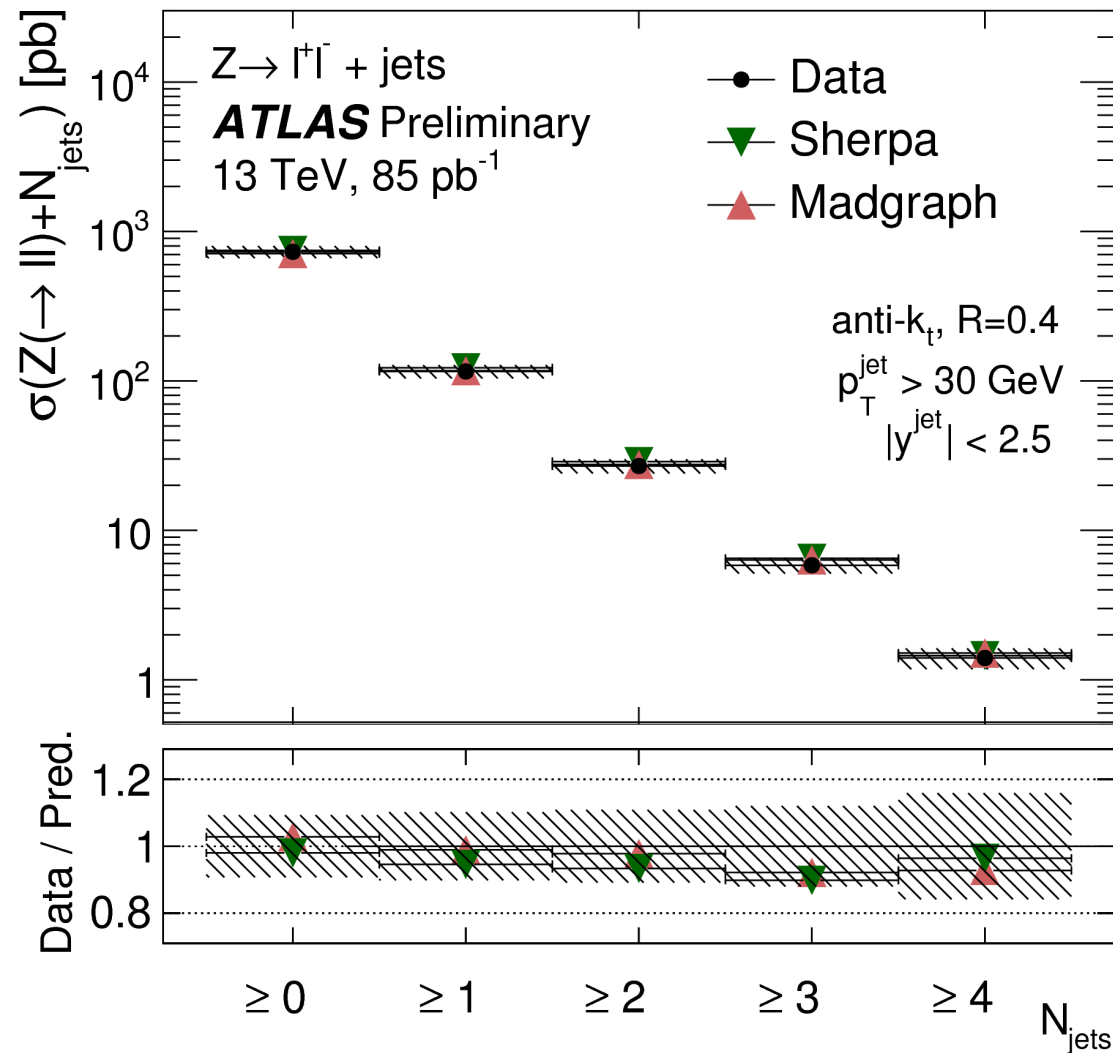
Anti-k_T, R=0.4
p_T^{jet} > 30 GeV, |y^{jet}| < 2.5

Z→μμ



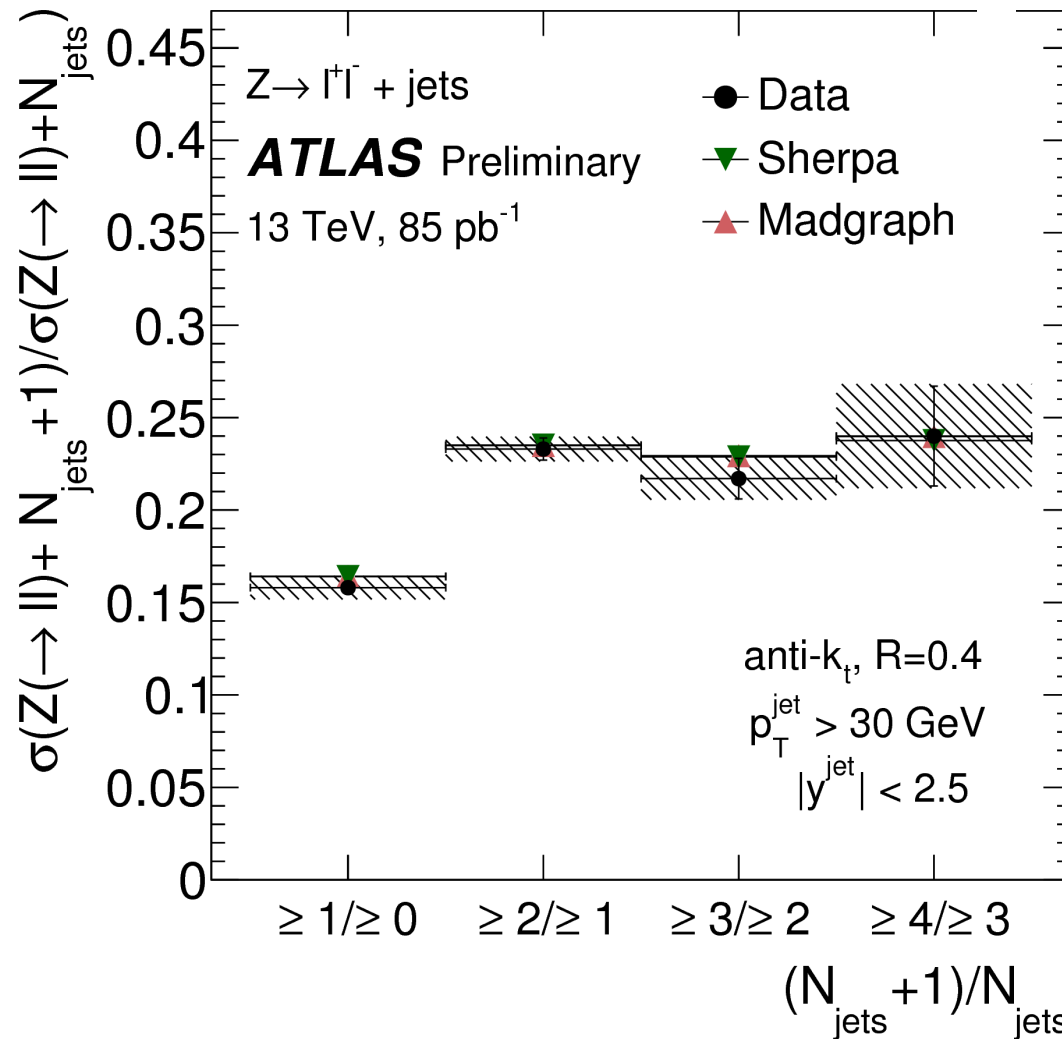
● Sherpa and Madgraph show reasonable agreement with the measured cross sections.

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: number of jets -cont'd-



- Sherpa and Madgraph show reasonable agreement with the measured cross sections.

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: (N_{jets}+1)/N_{jets}



See backup slides for electron and muon channels separately

- Sherpa and Madgraph show reasonable agreement with the measured cross sections.

Summary

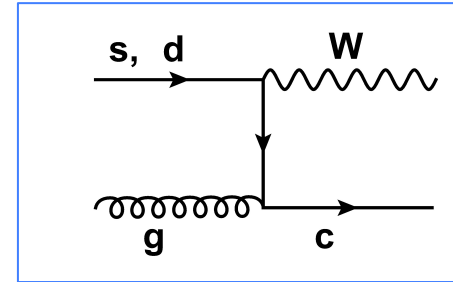
- ◆ QCD is one of fundamentals of the Standard Model, and understanding QCD is essential in particular at hadron colliders
- ◆ Like a pair of wheels, experiment and theory have rapidly advanced further understanding of QCD
 - More and more precise results from LHC
 - Theoretical developments
- ◆ V+jets provides unique probes on QCD, e.g. pQCD, PDFs
- ◆ Run1 measurements being finalized
- ◆ Run2 data is accumulating, and ATLAS has already starting to produce results; precision measurements in new kinematic regions.

Backup Slides

QCD calculations and MC generators used in this talk

- Multi-parton LO + PS
 - ALPGEN
 - SHERPA
- NLO ME + PS
 - MC@NLO (NLO matching)
 - MEPS@NLO (multi-jet matching): NLO for V+up to 2 partons
- Fixed-order calculation
 - BlackHat + SHERPA: NLO for V+up to 5 jets
- Resummation
 - HEJ
- Approx. NNLO
 - LoopSim

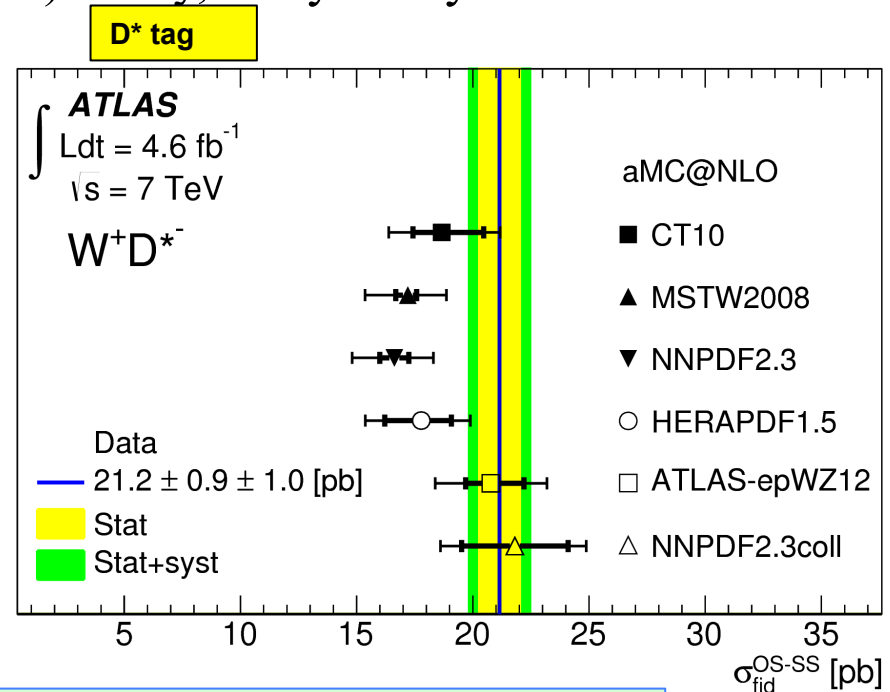
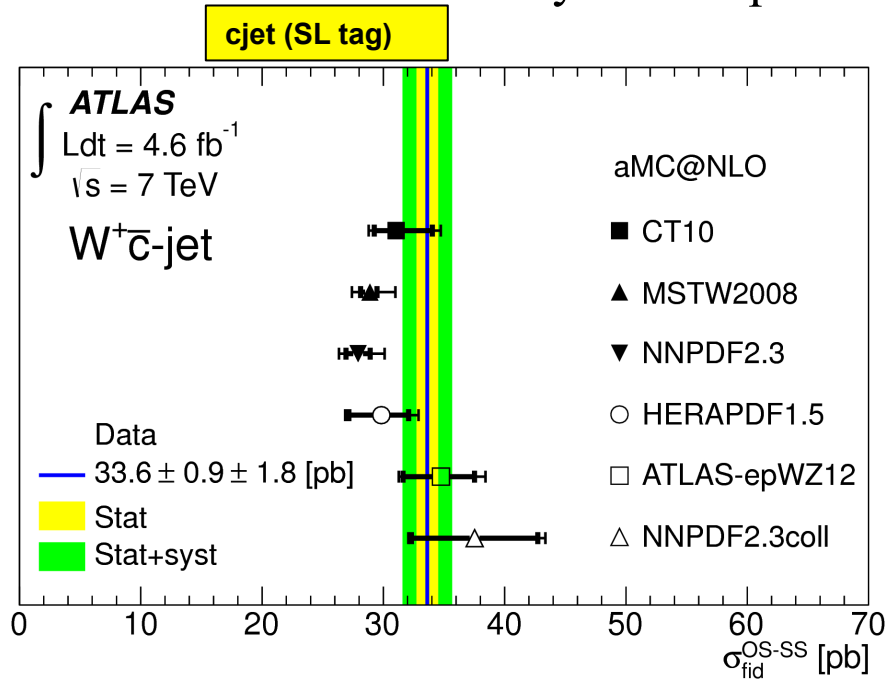
W+charm



$$g\bar{s} \rightarrow W^- c$$

$$gs \rightarrow W^+ \bar{c}$$

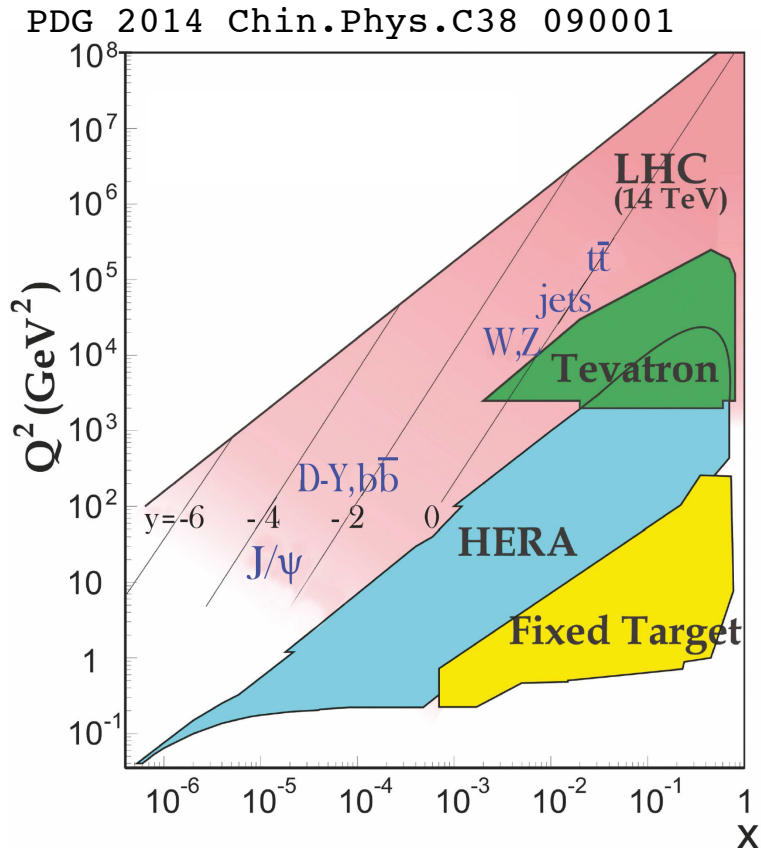
- Large sensitivity on s and \bar{s} content of the proton
- Charge correlation between W and c
 - Clean signal extraction by OS-SS
- Charge correlation between W and initial quark charge
 - Separate sensitivity to s and \bar{s}
- Charm is identified by semi-leptonic (SL) decay, or by decay to D-mesons



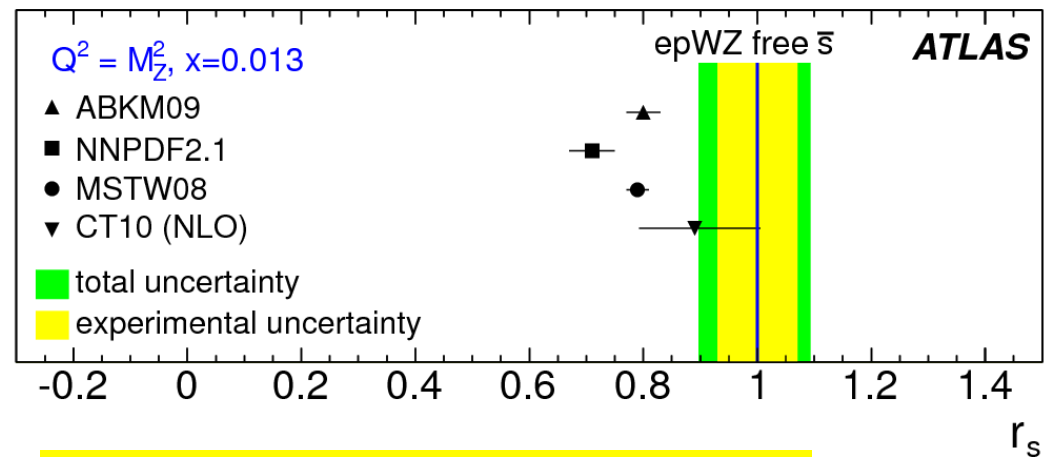
● Data precision is comparable to PDF variations
 → substantial impact to PDF determination

strange PDF

- Strange PDF has been determined by ν N DIS data at low Q^2 ($\sim 10 \text{ GeV}^2$) and large x (~ 0.1). However, interpretation of these data is sensitive to modeling of c-quark fragmentation and nuclear effects
 - Some analyses suggest suppression of s/d in the sea at all x values
 - while, some analyses suggest SU(3) symmetry restored as x decreases



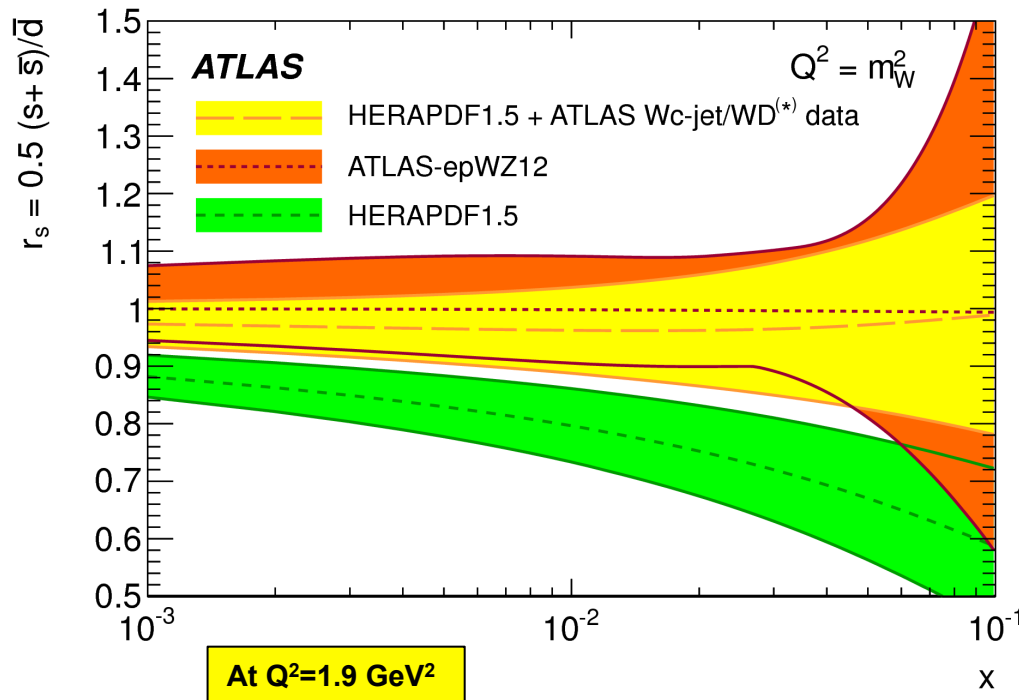
- A joint analysis of ATLAS inclusive W/Z and HERA DIS data indicates SU(3)-symmetric sea at $x \sim 0.01$ (PRL 109 (2012) 012001)



How W+charm (exclusive, direct sensitive) impacts? → Next slide

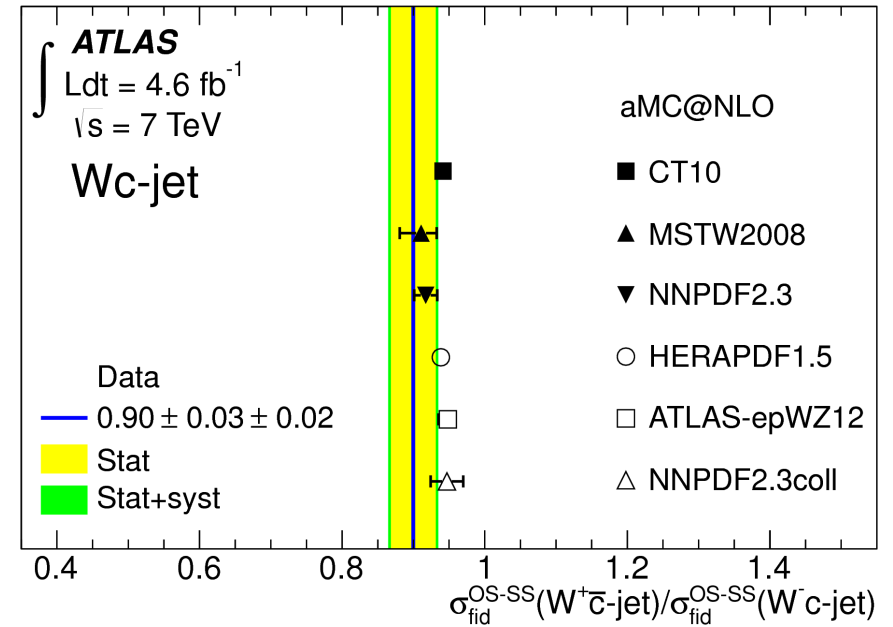
W+charm impacts to PDF

- $R_s = 0.5(s + \bar{s})/\bar{d}$ from a PDF fit by including W+charm data



$$r^s \equiv 0.5(s + \bar{s})/\bar{d} = f_s/(1 - f_s) = 0.96^{+0.16}_{-0.18} {}^{+0.21}_{-0.24}$$

- $R_c^\pm \equiv \sigma(W^+ + \bar{c})/\sigma(W^- + c)$

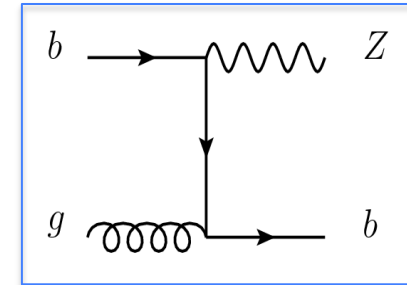


$$A_{s\bar{s}} = \frac{\langle s(x, Q^2) \rangle - \langle \bar{s}(x, Q^2) \rangle}{\langle s(x, Q^2) \rangle} \quad 2 \pm 3\%$$

- R_s value determined in this analysis is in agreement with the inclusive W/Z + HERA analysis, and supports SU(3) symmetric sea

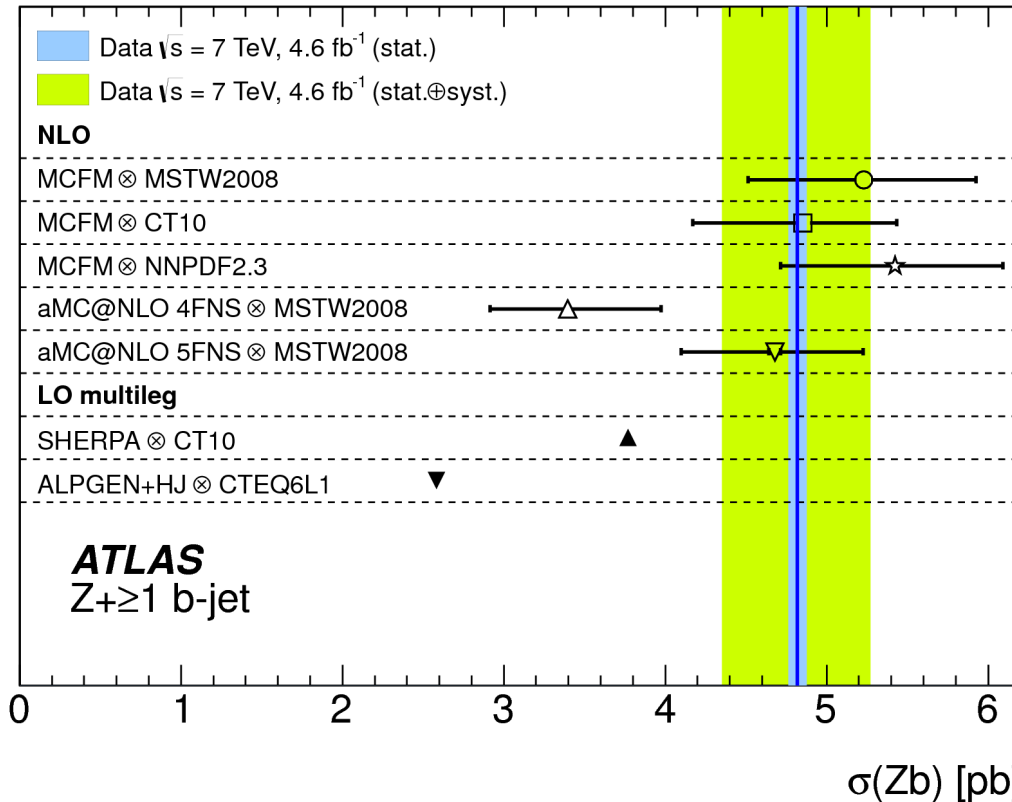
Z+b

- Interplay between b-PDF and gluon splitting, depending on flavor number schema (FNS) as well as b-mass treatment



b as initial state parton from DGLAP evolution **5FNS**

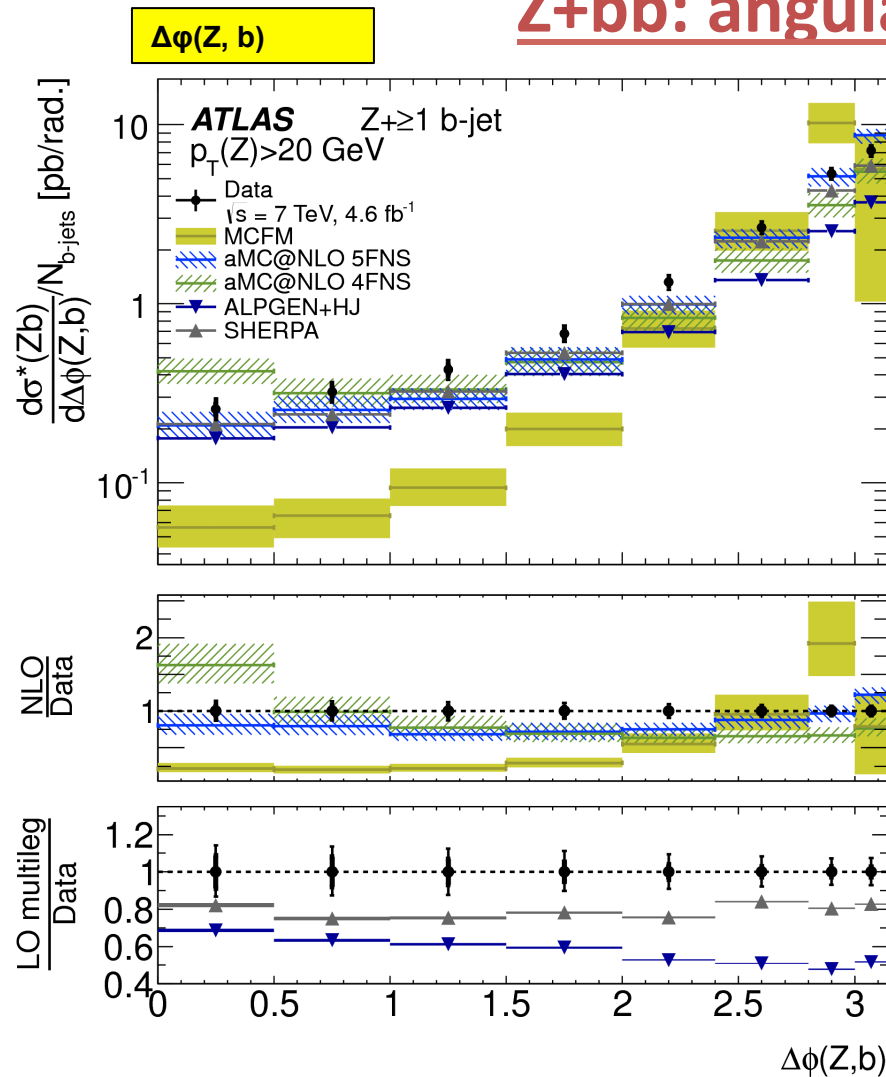
b from initial state gluon splitting to bb **4FNS**



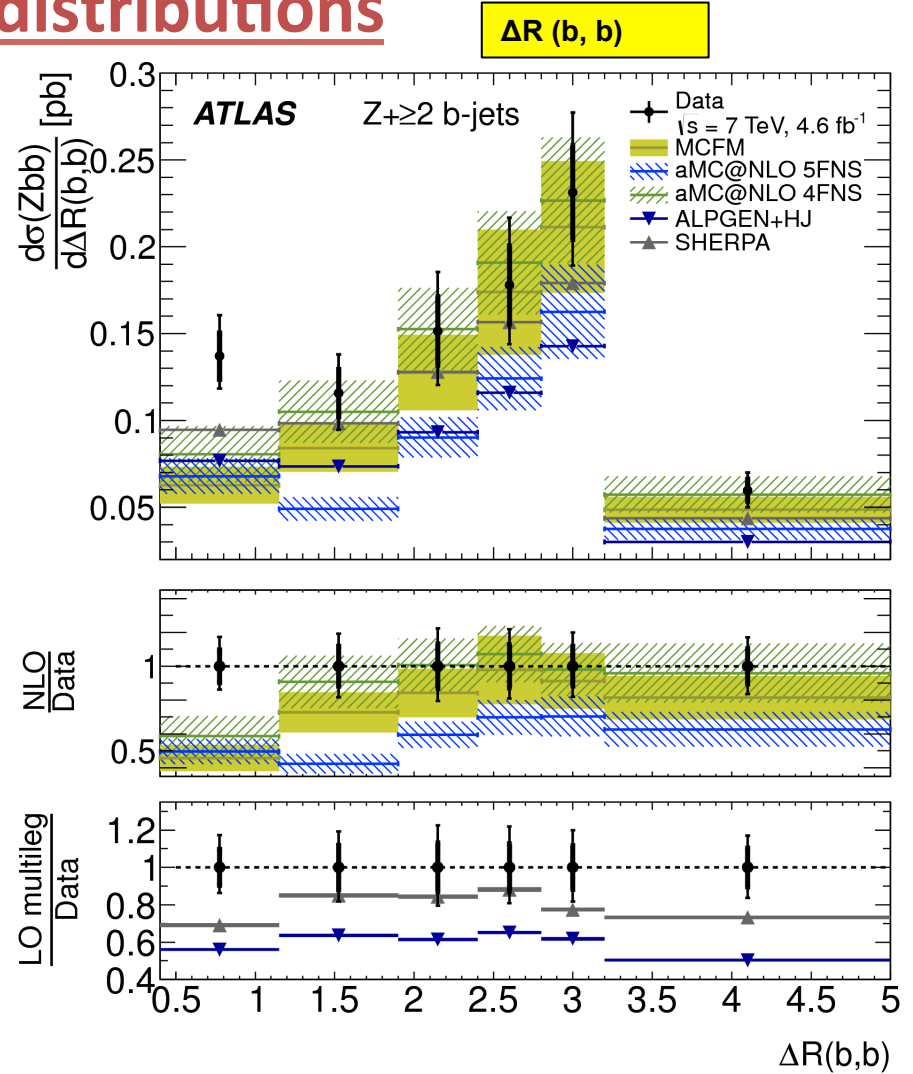
- MCFM
 - Fixed order NLO
 - 5FNS, massless-b
- aMC@NLO
 - NLO ME

- MCFM and aMC@NLO in agreement with data: differences from PDF sets $\sim 1 \sigma$ (exp) $< 1 \sigma$ (theory)
- Large theory errors dominated by scale uncertainties

Z+bb: angular distributions



- MCFM significant discrepancy
- aMC@NLO 4FNS some evidence of slope difference



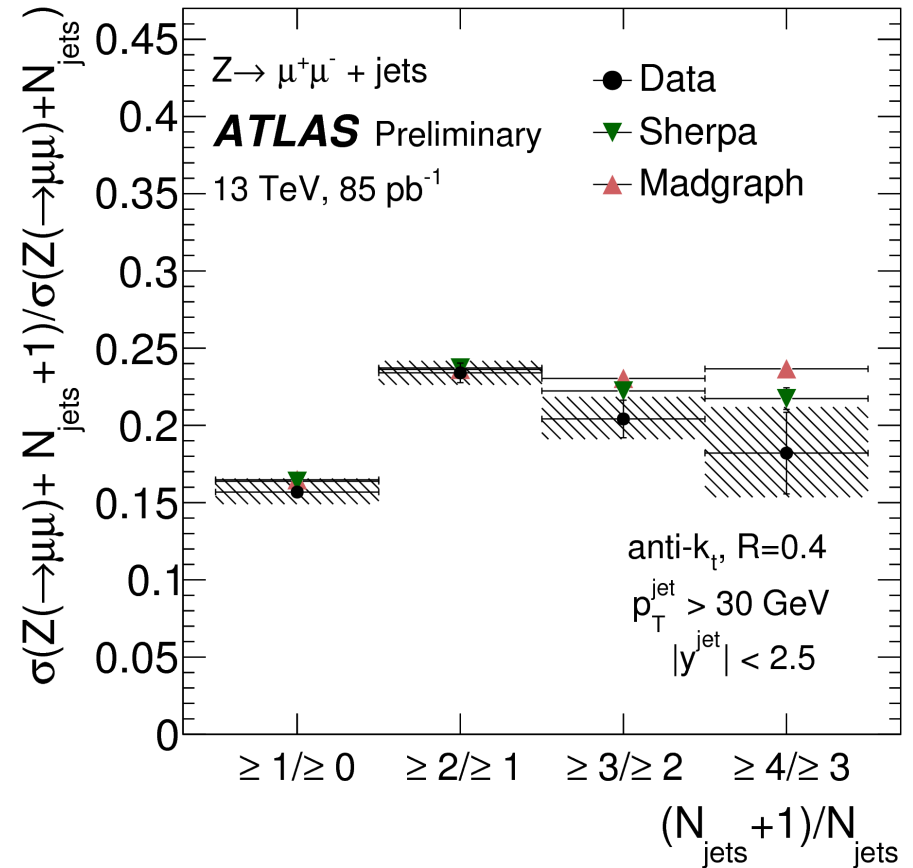
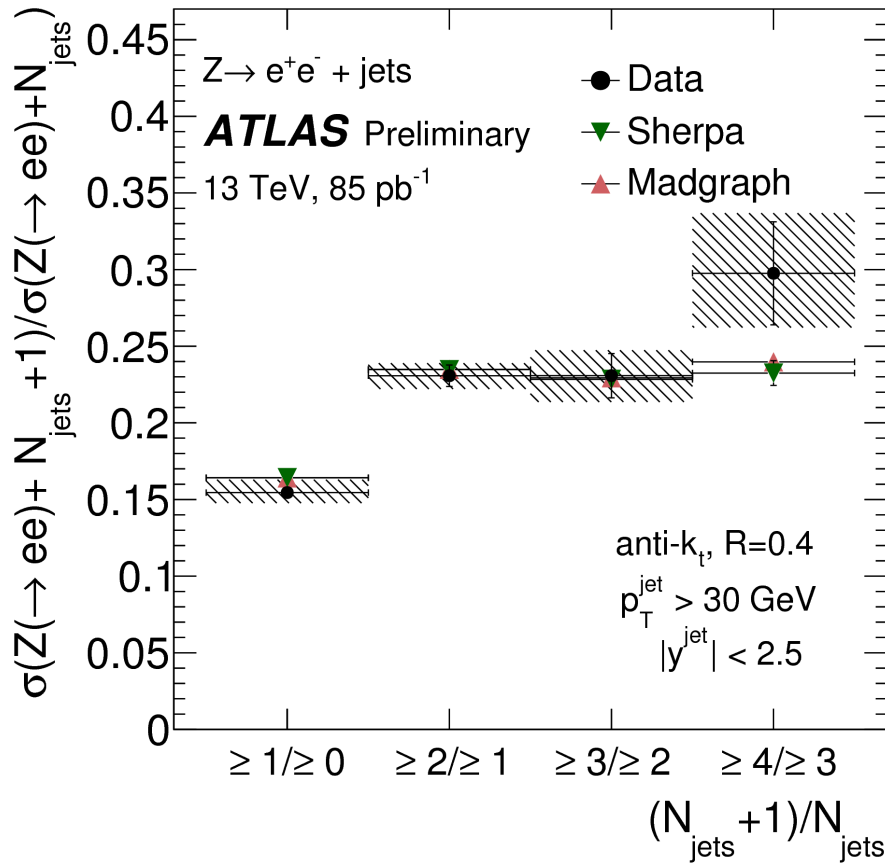
- Disagreements between predictions and data at low $\Delta R(b,b)$

Z+jets in pp @ 13 TeV: (N_{jet}+1)/N_{jet}

Z→ee

Anti-k_T, R=0.4
p_T^{jet} > 30 GeV, |y^{jet}| < 2.5

Z→μμ



● Sherpa and Madgraph show reasonable agreement with the measured cross sections.