Big Data in BioMedical Sciences

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Big Data for BioMedical Sciences

- EMBL-EBI: What we do and why?
- Challenges & Opportunities
- Infrastructure Requirements
- European Context
- The Future



EMBL-EBI

What we do and why?



The European Molecular Biology Laboratory

Heidelberg

Basic research Administration EMBO

EMBL staff: 1700 people >60 nationalities

Hamburg



Grenoble



Hinxton, Cambridge



Monterotondo, Rome





EMBL member states

Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom

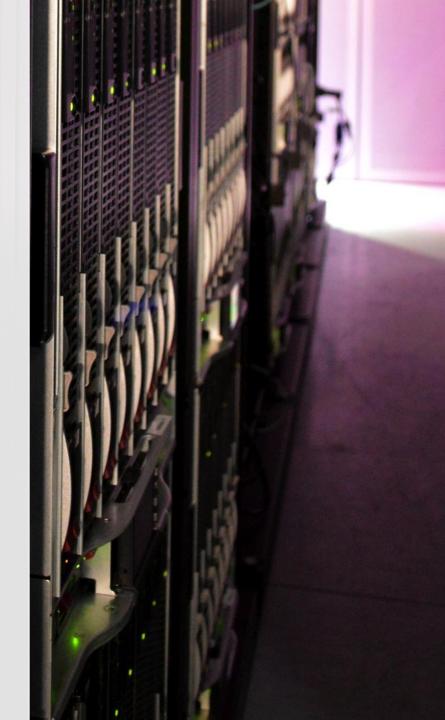
Associate member states: Argentina, Australia





EMBL-EBI MISSION

To provide freely available data and bioinformatics services to all facets of the scientific community in ways that promote scientific progress



European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI)

- International, non-profit research institute
- Europe's hub for biological data services and research
- 570 members of staff from 53 nations
- Funded primarily by member states and research bodies (EC, USA, UK, Wellcome Trust)



What is bioinformatics?

- The science of storing, retrieving and analysing large amounts of biological information
- An interdisciplinary science involving:
 - biologists
 - biochemists
 - computer scientists
 - mathematicians



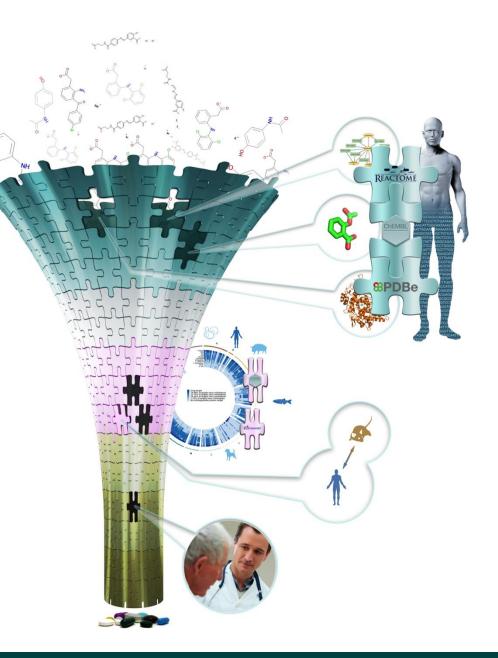


Challenges & Opportunities



Drug discovery

- From discovering a target to a drug reaching the market:
 12 years
- Bioinformatics shortens time to target discovery.
- EMBL-EBI services support all stages of drug discovery.





Interpreting human variation

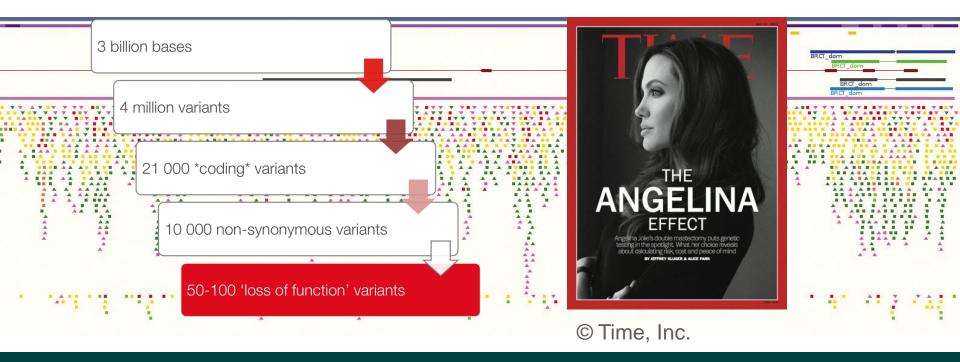
- How and why do we differ from one another?
- What causes susceptibility to disease?
- We explore individual genomes by comparing them with reference genomes.
- Combining that information with other types of data provides valuable insights into human variation.
- This is largely a data-driven process.



EMBL-EE

Making choices

- There are 3 billion base pairs in the human genome.
- Figuring out which regions are involved in disease
 and what they do is a major challenge.





Personalised Medicine

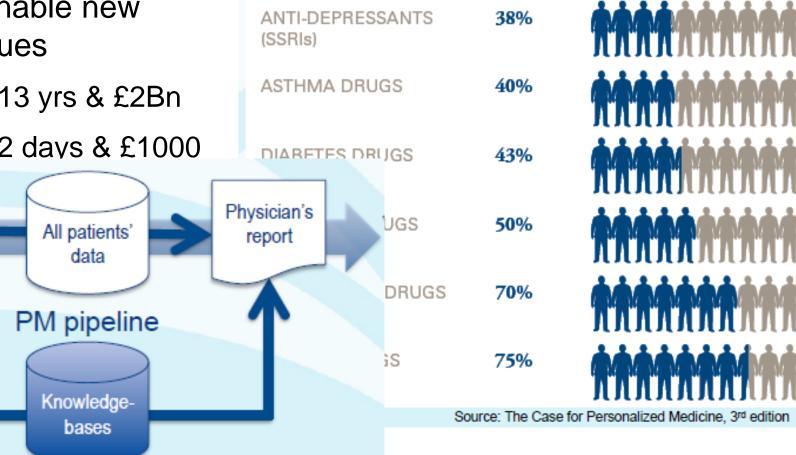
- Reduced sequencing costs enable new techniques
 - Past: 13 yrs & £2Bn
 - Now: 2 days & £1000

One

patient's

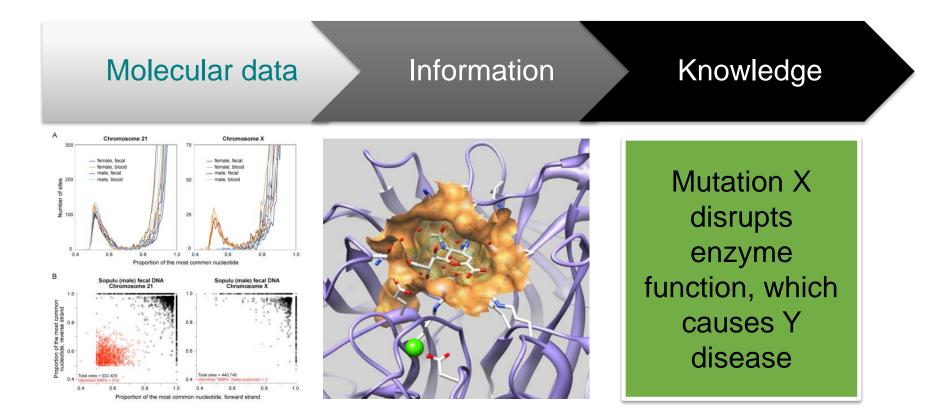
data

PERCENTAGE OF THE PATIENT POPULATION FOR WHICH A PARTICULAR DRUG IS INEFFECTIVE, ON AVERAGE





From Data to Knowledge in the Life Sciences





Answering these Challenges

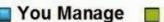
- Data Infrastructure
 - Distributed trans-national sources (\rightarrow 1000s+ sequencers)
 - Individually and collectively producing LOTS of data
 - Incredibly sensitive meta-data (i.e. your medical records)
- Data Consumption
 - Annotating data leads to information and knowledge
- Data Exploitation
 - Enable access beyond specialised researcher
 - Improve usability across broad user base



Short Break



Pizza as a Service



🔄 You Manage 🗧 Vendor Manages



Infrastructure Requirements

Role of the Technical Services Cluster



Life science: many data types

A VIL ONS

Genes, genomes & Variation

Gene, protein & metabolite expression

Protein sequences, families & motifs of

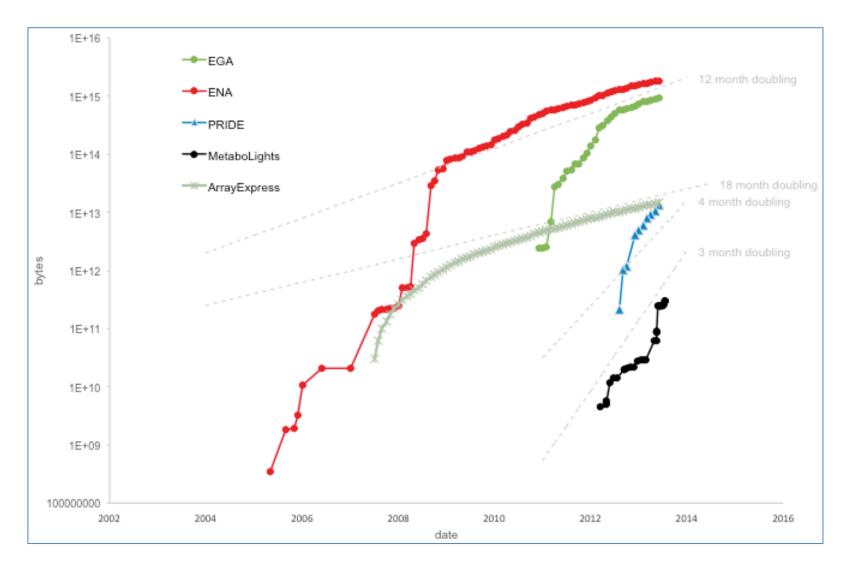
Macromolecular structures

Chemogenomics & metabolomics

Interactions, reactions & pathways

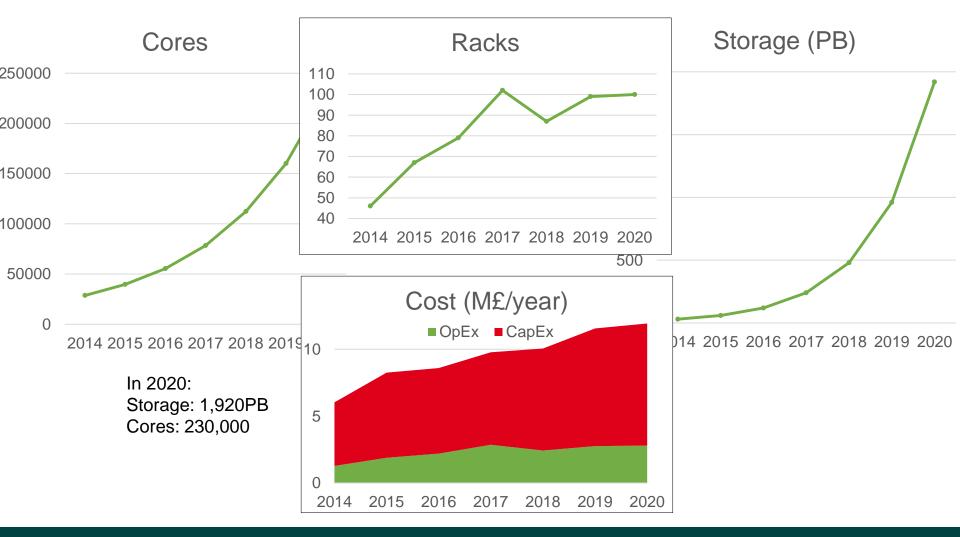
tools & resources

Data Growth: A Community Challenge

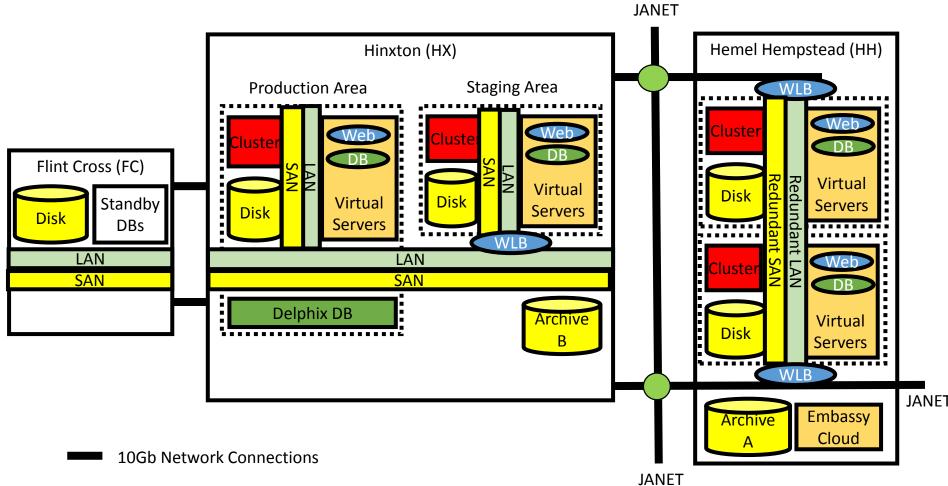




Challenges of Big Data Infrastructure 2015+





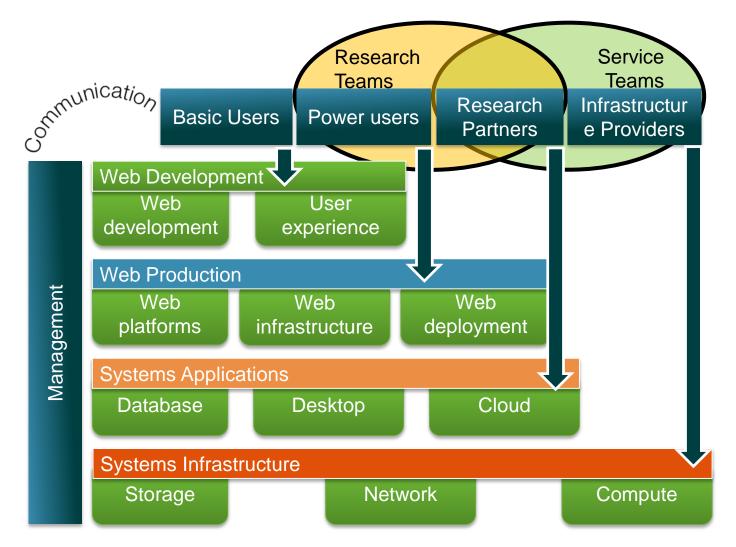


EBI Provides Services and Data Resources

- Data Resources
 - Public and Managed Access
 - Individual sequence or bulk download
- Services
 - Web & programmatic access for common tools
 - Run 'jobs' on EMBL-EBI hardware
- Volume and variety of genomic data expanding
 - EMBL-EBI data doubling every year replication is challenging
 - Infrastructure currently 50,000 CPUs & 55+PB



Technical services





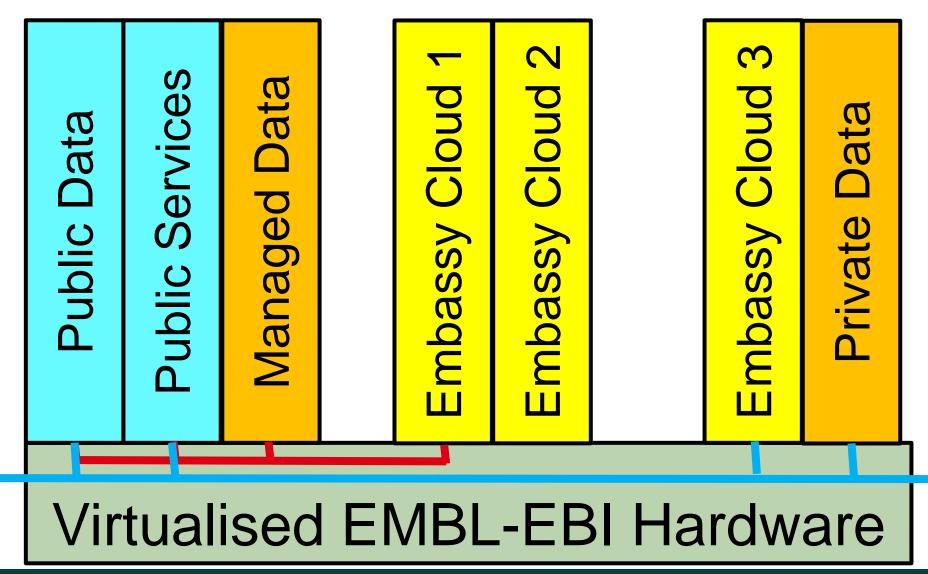
The Challenge Facing Services @ EMBL-EBI

- Need to support complex analysis scenarios
 - Access to both public and managed access data sets
 - Bespoke workflows and tools across a variety of domains
 - Issues with disk to memory bandwidth
 - Web and programmatic access to services (3M unique users)
- Hard for users to replicate data sets for local analysis
 - Use the 'cloud' to bring local analysis to EMBL-EBI data



Embassy Cloud Concept

PanCancer





Embassy Cloud

- Our partners work directly beside EMBL-EBI data.
 - High bandwidth
 - Low latency
 - Robust, secure environment.
- Not in competition with commercial cloud services.
- Other cloud initiatives:
 - ELIXIR-facing cloud support
 - HELIX Nebula.





Typical Uses

- Web Application Hosting
 - Limited need for resources & VMs
 - CTTV: Host intranet, databases, ...
- Data Staging
 - Undertake submission from local machine (following data staging) rather from remote location
 - BRAEMBL: Remote submission unreliable due to file upload
- Data Analysis
 - Large scale management and analysis of data
 - PanCancer: 1,000 cores, 2.5 TB RAM, 1.0 PB HDD



European Context



ELIXIR: a distributed data infrastructure

- EMBL-EBI is a major driver in ELIXIR, the pan-European research infrastructure for biological information.
- Central Hub at EMBL-EBI, with Nodes at centres of excellence throughout Europe.
- The goal of ELIXIR:
 - Build a sustainable European infrastructure for biological information
 - Support life science research and its translation to medicine, the environment, the bioindustries and society.



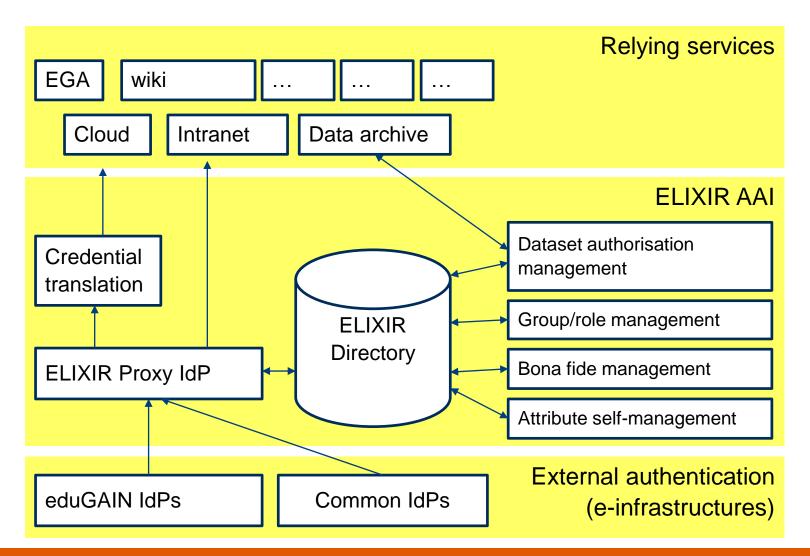
Building capacity in Europe

- ELIXIR: a sustainable infrastructure for biological information in Europe.
- Supporting life science research and its translation to
 - medicine
 - agriculture
 - the environment
 - the bioindustries
 - society.



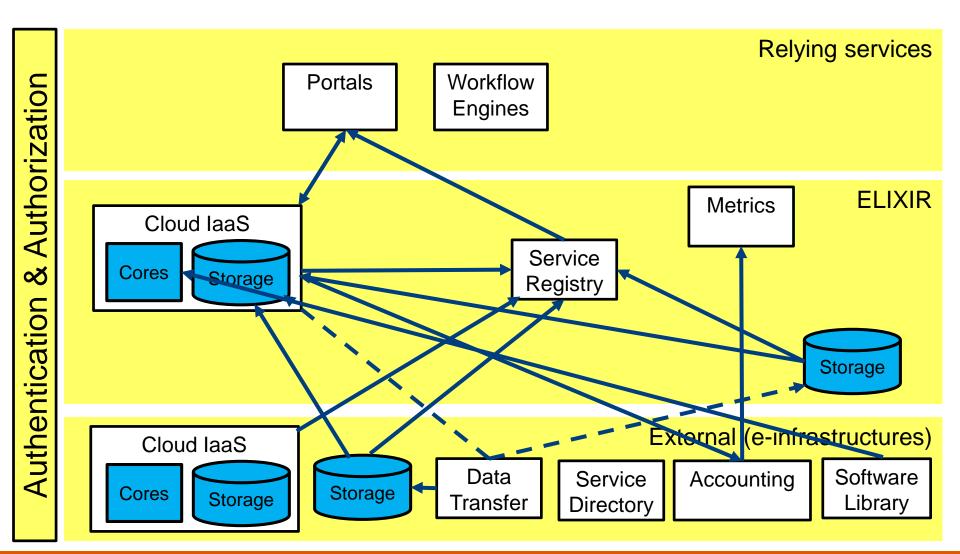


AAI Architecture





Cloud & Storage Architecture

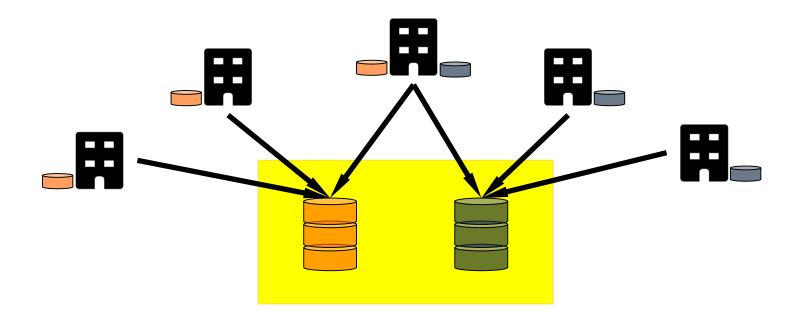


Initial Prioritisation and Grouping Analysis

- AAI
 - o: Federated ID, Other ID
 - 1: Elixir ID
 - 2: Credential Translation, Group/Attribute Mgmt, Endorsed Attributes
- Cloud Compute
 - 1: Cloud IaaS, HTC Cluster, Cloud Storage, Federated Cloud IaaS
 - 2: Infrastructure Service Registry & Directory, VM Library
 - 3: Operational Integration, Resource Accounting
- Data Transfer
 - 1:Network File Storage, File Transfer
 - 2: Data Set Replication, PID & Meta-data Registry



Centralization & specialization

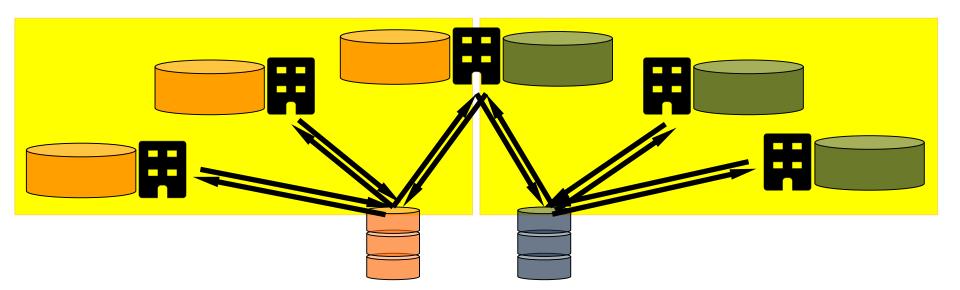


- Data is submitted to specialized centralized repositories.
- Current situation.





Data production



- If data gets bigger, the **data might have to stay** where it is produced.
- We might have to provision data producers with **storage** and computation.
- Data might be pulled instead of pushed into centralized repositories.

Data centralization



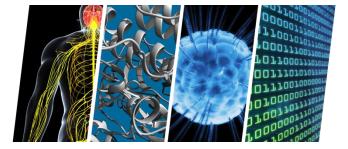


The Future



Centre for Therapeutic Target Validation

- Collaboration to pinpoint the processes in the human body that have a demonstrable effect on disease.
- Public-private initiative:
 - GSK: expertise in disease biology
 - EMBL-EBI: expertise in life science data integration and analysis
 - Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute: expertise in the role of genetics in disease.





Technical Services Cluster: IT as a Service

- 'Professionalising' our IT Services
 - Looking at lightweight FitSM portfolio
- Developing a Service Portfolio
 - Internal and External (Public & Private) Users
- Putting the Service Portfolio into a governance process
 - To manage and communicate change of the portfolio
- Contributing to the Elixir Research Infrastructure



External Infrastructure Activities

- EUDAT
 - Leverage CDI to strategically replicate large 'popular' data sets
- HelixNebula
 - Meet future needs through hybrid model
 - External hosted data centres with direct cloud access
- EGI: European Grid Infrastructure
 - Provides federated cloud & cluster resources
- CERN OpenLab
 - Identifying and building common IT services for science
- Cancer Research UK
 - Bringing islands of protected data together for cloud based analysis

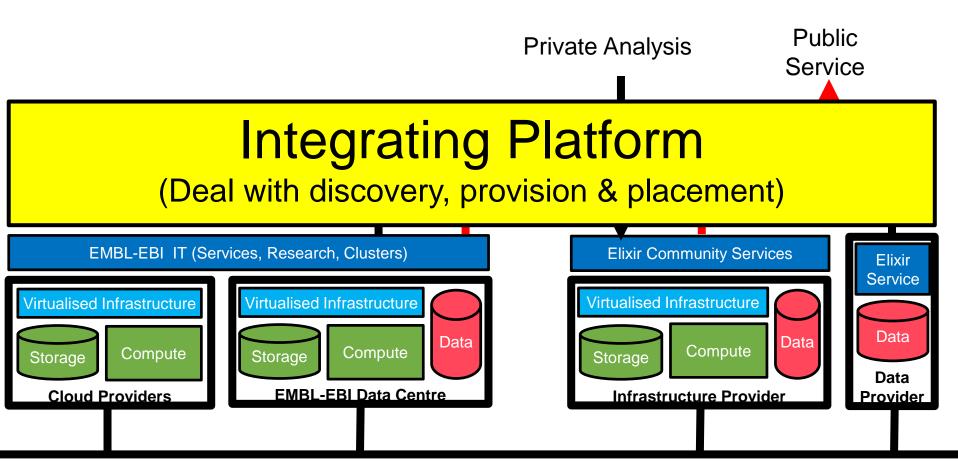


Other Cloud Activity at EMBL-EBI

- Use Amazon to provide geographical distribution
 - Direct link to globally replicate databases
- HelixNebula
 - Integration of commercial cloud providers with big research
- Benefit of additional security assurances
 - For use by pharmaceutical companies
 - For on-demand personalised medicine
- Explore using laaS to supplement/replace data centres
 - Put DC on cloud, scale out services (service + database), etc.



The Future



Geant Network



Thank you steven.newhouse@ebi.ac.uk

