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A detector for in-beam measurement of the ground state hyperfine splitting of antihydrogen

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Outline

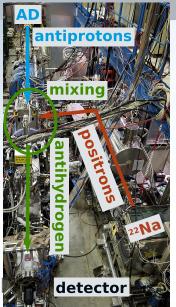
Introduction

Concept and Design

Summary and Outlook



Introduction



- Slow antiprotons from Antiproton Decelerator (AD)
 + Radio Frequency Quadrupole Decelerator (RFQD)
- Positrons from ²²Na source
- H is formed from p- and e+ within the CUSP trap (mixing)
- Neutral H

 Anti-Atoms can leave the trap
- Hs reach the detector for counting

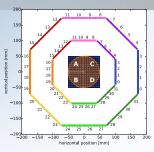


Detector requirements

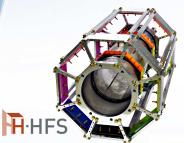
- high efficiency for annihilation detection
- good background suppression (1-2 orders of magnitude more background than signal)
- easily removable and installable
- beam diagnosis and spectroscopy
- low electronic noise pickup
- compact (limited space in experimental area)



Detector concept

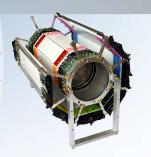


- central detector unit
 - single BGO disc (10cm diameter, 5mm thick)
 - 4 H8500 multi anode PMTs (4x8x8 channels)
 - readout: Clearpulse CP80057 VME module

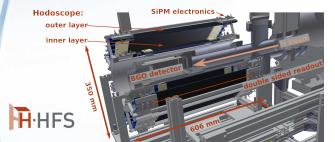


- 2 layered hodoscope
 - 1mm stainless steel pipe for support
 - colour coded removable panels
 - 32 scintillator bars per layer

Two layer hodoscope



- individual bars wrapped with aluminium foil
- outer wrapping: light tight white foil (3 layer composite material)
- SiPMs glued on both sides of each bar



Materials and Design

- scintillator material: EJ-200 (distributor: G-Tech)
- 32 inner bars: 300×30×5mm³
- ▶ 32 outer bars: 450×35×5mm³
- ▶ light guides reducing scintillator surface down to 10×5mm²
- plastic spacers for support and stability





Readout

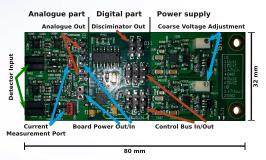
- ≥ 256 SiPMs: KETEK PM3350TS (3×3mm² active area, 50 x 50 µm² micropixel size)
- two SiPMs in serial connection per side of each bar
- novel readout electronics providing Intelligent Frontend Electronics for Silicon photo detectors (IFES)





IFES part 1/2

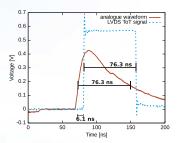
- differential SiPM readout, allowing 50cm cable length without disturbing the leading edge, with 10m signal still detectable
- differential, balanced analogue output
- LVDS discriminator output
- LVDS control bus (SPI, controlled via an Arduino), remote control of bias voltage (<90V) and discriminator threshold</p>





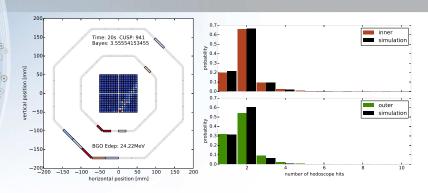
IFES part 2/2

- time over threshold discriminator output
- Differential amplifier with 2.2 GHz -3dB bandwidth, slew rate 13 kV/ μ s, noise: 2.7 nV/ $\sqrt{\rm Hz}$ (AD8351)
- ▶ Bias supply: boost converter LT3482
- ▶ 12 bit DAC for remote control (MAX5135)





Performance during beamtime 2015



- data in good agreement with Geant4 simulations
- ▶ timing performance not fully optimised ⇒ further optimisations at SMI

Summary

- ► A detector for antihydrogen annihilations was developed.
- Key features are: compact design, easily transportable, two layers, and two-sided readout for each scintillator.
- New all-in-one SiPM electronics including bias supply, time over threshold discriminator and analogue amplifier were developed.
- Detector data is consistent with Geant4 simulation.



Outlook



- detector refurbishment in process (light tightness)
- new improved IFES modules developed (16 channels per module, sturdier connectors)
- timing improvement by new wrapping. Preliminary timing <600 ps FWHM.</p>
- preparation for beamtime 2016 (April)



Thank you for your attention!

